

# Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Ltd.,

Regd. Office: 1493, Sathyamangalam Road, P.B. No. 2007, Ganapathy, Coimbatore - 641 006, India. Phone: 0422-2531022, 2531122, E-mail: mail@ramakrishnamills.com

August 18, 2022

M/s.BSE Ltd Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers Dalal Street Mumbai 400 001.

K.Attn: Mr.Abhijit Pai

AGM-Listing

Dear Sirs,

Sub: Submission of Annual Report – Regulation No.34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations

2015

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As required under Regulation No.34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, we are sending herewith the Annual Report of the Company for the year 2021-22.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

for Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Ltd.,

Encl: as above

Company Secretary.

GST: 33AACCS9188A1ZE | CIN: L17111TZ1946PLC000175



# 75th ANNUAL REPORT 2021-2022

SRI RAMAKRISHNA MILLS (COIMBATORE) LIMITED

COIMBATORE - 641 006

**Board of Directors** 

Sri.D.LAKSHMINARAYANASWAMY (DIN:00028118)

(Managing Director)

Smt.L.NAGASWARNA (DIN:00051610) Sri.RAVICHANDRAN DHAMODARAN (DIN:00054538) Sri.R.GURU CHANDRASEKAR (DIN:08421861) Sri.A.SURENDRAN (DIN:00765292)

(Till 07-09-2021)

Sri.P. MUTHUSWAMY (DIN:02651331) Sri. C. BAALASUBRAMANIYAM (DIN:00043863)

(From 12-11-2021)

Company Secretary

Sri.S.A. SUBRAMANIAN (Till 30.06.2021) Smt. M. SRIVIDYA (From 01.07.2021)

Chief Financial Officer Sri G. KRISHNAKUMAR

**Internal Auditor** 

Smt. SASIREKHA VENGATESH

Coimbatore.

Secretarial Auditor Sri. CS.V. PRASANNA

Coimbatore

**Auditors** 

M/s.CSK PRABHU & Co

Coimbatore

**Bankers** 

THE SOUTH INDIAN BANK LTD

Registered Office

No.1493, SATHYAMANGALAM ROAD

**GANAPATHY POST** 

COIMBATORE - 641 006

 $\begin{array}{lll} PHONE & : & 0422\text{-}2531022 \ / \ 2531122 \\ E-mail & : & mail@ramakrishnamills.com \end{array}$ 

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NAGARI (A.P)

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#### NOTICE OF THE 75th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that the 75th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the members of SRI RAMAKRISHNA MILLS (COIMBATORE) LIMITED will be held on Wednesday, the 14th day of September 2022 at 9.30 a.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at No.1493, Sathyamangalam Road, Ganapathy Post, Coimbatore - 641 006 to transact the following business

#### AGENDA

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS**

#### ITEM NO 1

To receive, consider and adopt the audited Standalone Financial Statements of the company for the year ended 31st March 2022 and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.

#### ITEM NO.2

To appoint a Director in the place of Sri.P.Muthusamy (DIN: 02651331) who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for reappointment.

#### **ITEM NO.3**

To Re-Appoint Auditors for second five years term.

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Sections 139, 141, 142 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and pursuant to the recommendations of the Audit Committee, M/s.CSK Prabhu & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Regn. No.002485S) be and are hereby re - appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the company for second five year term from the conclusion of the 75th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of the 80th Annual General Meeting at such remuneration including applicable taxes and out-of-pocket expenses, as may be mutually agreed between the Board of Directors of the Company and the Auditors"

# SPECIAL BUSINESS:

#### ITEM NO.4

#### SETTING BORROWING POWERS OF THE COMPANY

## To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Special Resolution :

The members are requested to consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 180(1)(c) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force, and the Articles of Association of the Company, consent of the Members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company (hereinafter referred to as "the Board" which term shall be deemed to include any Committee of the Board), to borrow any sum or sums of money from time to time at its discretion, for the purpose of the business of the Company, from any one or more Banks, Financial Institutions and other Persons, Firms, Bodies Corporate, notwithstanding that the monies to be borrowed together with the monies already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's Bankers in the ordinary course of business) may, at any time, exceed the aggregate of the paid-up share capital of the Company and its free reserves (that is to say reserves not set apart for any specific purpose), subject to such aggregate borrowings not exceeding the amount which is Rs. 100 crores (Rupees Hundred Crores only) over and above the aggregate of the paid-up share capital of the Company and its free reserves (that is to say reserves not set apart for any specific purpose) and that the Board be and is hereby empowered and authorised to arrange or fix the terms and conditions of all such monies to be borrowed from time to time as to interest, repayment, security or otherwise as it may, in its absolute discretion, think fit.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution, the Board be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may in its absolute discretion deem necessary, proper, or desirable and to settle any question, difficulty, doubt that may arise in respect of the borrowing(s) aforesaid and further to do all such acts, deeds and things and to execute all documents and writings as may be necessary, proper, desirable or expedient to give effect to this resolution.

#### ITEM NO.5

## To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution :

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 196, 197 and 198 read with Schedule-V and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and the Articles of Association of the Company, Sri.P.Muthuswamy (DIN: 02651331) be and is hereby re-appointed as Director – Operations for a period of three years with effect from 27.09.2022 with remuneration on the terms and conditions including as to remuneration set out in the draft agreement submitted to this meeting and initialed by Chairman of the meeting for the purpose of identification.

Salary per month: Rs.51,506/

He shall be eligible for payment of the following perquisites and benefits viz – Variable Dearness Allowance (VDA) along with other perquisites, benefits and incentives as applicable to other members and staff."

"RESOLVED FURTHER that the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorized to alter and vary the terms and conditions of appointment and/or remuneration subject to the sum not exceeding the limits specified under Sec.197 read out Schedule-V of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modifications or re-enactments thereof for the time being in force) and to take all such steps as may be required and desirable and comply with all the formalities as may be required so as to give effect to this resolution."

#### MINIMUM REMUNERATION

Notwithstanding anything hereinabove stated where in any financial year during the tenure of Sri.P.Muthuswamy, (DIN: 02651331), the company has no profits or the profits are inadequate, the above mentioned salary and perquisites of not exceeding the ceiling limits prescribed in Section-II of Part-II of Schedule-V of the Companies Act 2013 be paid to him as minimum remuneration.

His period of Office shall be liable to determination by retirement of directors by rotation.

By Order of the Board For Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Ltd

D. LAKSHMINARAYANASWAMY

Managing Director (DIN: 00028118)

Place: Coimbatore Date: 30.05.2022

#### NOTES:

- 1. (i) A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON A POLL, INSTEAD OF HIMSELF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. THE INSTRUMENT APPOINTING A PROXY OR PROXIES MUST BE DEPOSITED AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY NOT LATER THAN 48 HOURS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE MEETING.
  - (ii) A person can act as Proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty (50) and holding in the aggregate not more than ten percent of the total Share Capital of the Company. A member holding more than ten percent of the total share capital of the company carrying voting rights may appoint a single person as Proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder.
- 2. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 08.09.2022 to 14.09.2022 (both days inclusive).
- 3. As a measure of economy, copies of the Annual Report will not be distributed at the Annual General Meeting. Members are requested to bring their copies of the Annual Report for the meeting.
- 4. The Shareholders are requested to intimate, if shares are held in the same name or in the same order and names, but in more than one folio to enable the Company to consolidate the said folios into one folio.
- 5. Members desirous of making nomination in respect of their shareholding in the company as permitted under Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 are requested to submit the prescribed Form 2B for this purpose to the Company.
- 6. Members are requested to communicate their change of address, if any, quoting their folio numbers to the Registrars and Share Transfer Agents, M/s.SKDC Consultants Limited, "Surya", 35, Mayflower Avenue. Behind Senthil Nagar, Sowripalayam Road, Coimbatore 641 028. Similarly members holding shares in Demat form, shall intimate the change of address, if any, to their respective Depository Participants.
- 7. Electronic copy of the Notice of the 75th Annual General Meeting of the Company inter alia indicating the process and manner of e-voting along with Attendance Slip and Proxy Form is being sent to all the members whose email IDs are registered with the Company/Depository Participant(s) for communication purpose unless any member has requested for a hard copy of the same. For members who have not registered their email address, physical copies of the Notice of the 75th Annual General Meeting of the Company inter alia indicating the process and manner of e-voting alongwith the Attendance Slip and Proxy Form is being sent in the permitted mode.
- 8. Members who have still not registered their e-mail ID are required to register their e-mail addresses, in respect of shares held in electronic mode, with their Depository Participant and in respect of the shares held in physical mode, with the Company / Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company.
- 9. Members may also note that the Notice of the 75th Annual General Meeting and the Annual Report for the year 2021-22 will also be available on the Company's website www.ramakrishnamills.com for download. The physical copies of the aforesaid documents will also be available at the Company's Registered Office for inspection during normal business hours on working days. Even after registering for e-communication, members are entitled to receive such communication in physical form, upon making a request for the same, by post free of cost. For any communication, the shareholders may also send requests to the Company's email ID: mail@ramakrishnamills.com
- 10.According to SEBI's amendment to Regulation No.40 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, dt.05.07.2018, all the shares held in physical form should be mandatorily converted into Demat form on or before 05.12.2018. Provided that except in the case of transmission or transposition of securities, requests for effecting of transfer of securities shall not be processed unless the securities are held in the dematerialized form with a depository.
- 11. Shareholders who have not updated their Bank details and PAN are required to submit the same with DP (where the shares are held in demat form) and with the Company's Registrar & Share Transfer Agents (where the shares are held in physical form) as the case may be.

# **EXPLANATORY STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF SPECIAL BUSINESSES**

Pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act")

#### ITEM NO.4

The Company may, from time to time, raise finance from various Banks and/or Financial Institutions and/or any other lending institutions and/or Bodies Corporate and/or such other persons/individuals as may be considered fit, which, together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in ordinary course of business) may exceed the aggregate of the paid-up capital and free reserves of the Company. Hence it is proposed to increase the maximum borrowing limits to Rs.100 Crores for the Company.

Pursuant to Section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors cannot borrow more than the aggregate amount of the paid-up capital of the Company and its free reserves at any one time except with the consent of the members of the Company in a general meeting.

Hence, the Special Resolution at Item No.4 of the Notice is being proposed, since the same exceeds the limits provided under 180(1)(c) of the Act. The Directors recommend the Special Resolution as set out at Item No.4 of the accompanying Notice, for members' approval.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives is concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Special Resolution except to the extent of their Shareholding in the Company.

#### ITEM NO.5

Sri. P. Muthuswamy (DIN: 02651331) was appointed as the Director - Operations by the Members of the Company at the AGM held on 27-09-2019 to hold office for 3 years. During his tenure as Director, he played a key role in the Company's strategic financial matters including corporate strategy, business development. His term as a Director is expiring on 27-09-2022.

The Board of Directors of the Company, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and taking into account the need for providing advice, guidance and mentorship to the Company's management, approved the re- appointment of Sri.P.Muthuswamy (DIN: 02651331) as Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation, for a period of three (3) year with effect from 27-09-2022 subject to the approval of Shareholders.

Considering the enormous diversified experience of Sri.P.Muthuswamy (DIN: 02651331), the Board recommends the continuation of Sri.P.Muthuswamy as a Director for a further term of 3 years. Sri. P. Muthuswamy in the capacity of Director, will be entitled to remuneration as detailed below, subject to the overall limits prescribed under the provision of the Companies Act and SEBI Listing Regulations:-

Total Remuneration of Rs. 51,506 plus other allowances and perquisites (within the limits under the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations)

Sri. P. Muthuswamy is not disqualified from being re-appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act, nor debarred from holding the office of director by virtue of any SEBI order or any other such authority and has given his consent for the said re-appointment.

Sri. P. Muthuswamy neither holds the directorship nor membership of the Committees of the Board of Directors in any other listed company.

Sri. P. Muthuswamy does not hold by himself nor for any other person on a beneficial basis any shares in the company and is not related to any other Director and Key Managerial Personnel of the company.

Sri. P. Muthuswamy being the appointee, none of the directors or key managerial personnel of the company and their relatives is in any way concerned or interested financially or otherwise in the resolution pertaining to his appointment.



The Explanatory Statements together with the accompanying Notice may be regarded as disclosure under Regulation 36 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

The resolution is accordingly recommended for members' approval.

Copies of the draft letters of appointment in respect of the director setting out the terms and conditions of appointment are available for inspection by members at the Registered Office of the Company during business hours on any working day.

#### VOTING THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEANS

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Management and Administration Rules, 2014 as amended and Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, the company is pleased to provide members facility to exercise their votes for all the resolutions detailed in the Notice of the 75th Annual general Meeting scheduled to be held on **Wednesday**, **the 14th day of September 2022 at 9.30 a.m** by electronic means and the business may be transacted through e-voting. The company has engaged the services of CDSL as the authorized Agency to provide the e-voting facilities as per instructions below:-

The instructions for shareholders voting electronically are as under:

- i) The voting period begins on 11.09.2022 at 9.00 a.m. IST and ends on 13.09.2022 at 5.00 p.m. IST. During this period shareholders' of the company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date 07.09.2022 cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- iii) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com
- iv) Click on "Shareholders" tab
- v) Now enter your User ID:
  - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
  - b. For NSDL:8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID
  - c. Members holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- vi) Next enter the Image Verification Code as displayed and Click on Login.
- vii) If you are holding shares in Demat Form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- viii) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

	For Members holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form							
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)  • Members who have not updated their PAN with the Company Depository Participant are requested to use the first two letters of their name and the last 8 digits of the sequence number in the PAN field.							
	• In case the sequence number is less than 8 digits enter the applicable number of 0's before the number after the first two characters of the name in CAPITAL letters. E.g. If your name is Ramesh Kumar with sequence 1, then enter RA00000001 in the PAN field.							
Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login  • If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).							

- ix) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- x) Members holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, members holding shares in demat form will now reach "Password Creation" menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting on resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- xi) For Members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- xii) Click on the relevant EVSN-Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Ltd on which you choose to vote.
- xiii) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- xiv) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Notice.
- xv) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- xvi) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- xvii) You can also take out print of the voting done by you clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- xviii)If Demat account holder who has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and Image verification Code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- xix) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app m-Voting available for android based mobiles. The m-Voting app can be downloaded from Google Play Store. Apple and Windows phone users can download the app from the App store and the Windows Phone Store respectively. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while voting on your mobile.
- xx) Note for Non Individual Shareholders and Custodians
  - Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI, etc.,) and Custodian are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves as Comporates.
  - . A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be e-mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com
  - After receiving the login details, a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
  - The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
  - A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in
    the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- xxi) In case you have any queries or issue regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an e-mail to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com

#### Contact details for issues relating to e-voting

M/s. SKDC Consultants Ltd

"Surya", 35, Mayflower Avenue, Behind Senthil Nagar,

Sowripalayam Road, Coimbatore –  $641\ 028$ 

Phone: 0422-4958995, 2539835-836

Fax : 91-422-2539837 E-mail: info@skdcconsultants.com

The notice of the Annual General Meeting and this communication are also available on the website of the www.evotingindia.com

AS THE COMPANY HAS PROVIDED E-VOTING / VOTING IN TERMS OF Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, MEMBERS MAY PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE WILL BE ONLY ONE MODE OF VOTING. THE SCRUTINIZER WILL COLLATE THE VOTES DOWNLOADED FROM THE E-VOTING SYSTEM AND VOTES POLLED AT THE AGM THROUGH POLLING PAPER TO DECLARE THE FINAL RESULT FOR EACH OF THE RESOLUTIONS FORMING PART OF THE NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

#### Mrs. Sasirekha Vengatesh, Chartered Accountant, has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.

The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the General Meeting first count the votes cast at the meeting, thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company and make not later than three days of conclusion of the meeting a consolidated Scrutinzer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Managing Director.

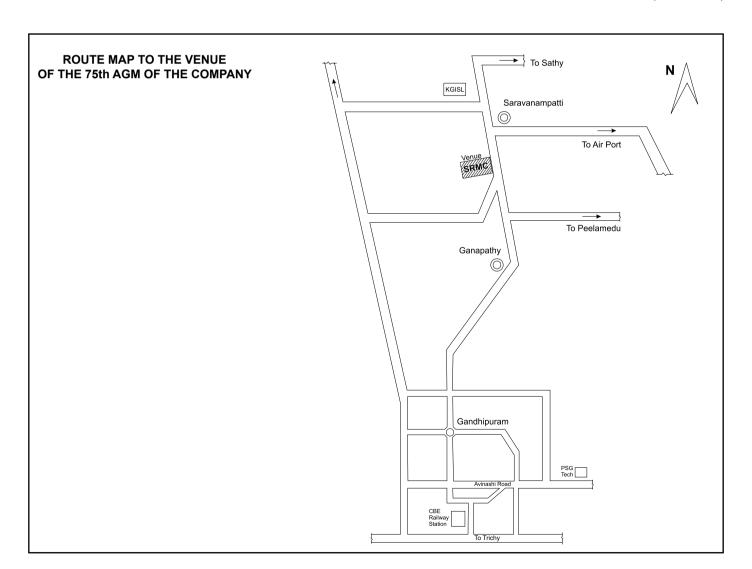
The result shall be declared after the AGM of the Company and after submission of the report by the scrutinizer. The results declared along with the scrutinizers report shall be available for inspection and also placed on the website of the Company after the conclusion of the AGM of the Company and communicated to the Stock Exchange(s) simultaneously.

By Order of the Board For Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited

# D. LAKSHMINARAYANASWAMY

Managing Director (DIN: 00028118)

Place: Coimbatore Date : 30.05.2022





#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

Dear Shareholders

Your Directors submit the following Report on the working of the Company for the year ended 31.03.2022.

After meeting all working expenses, interest, repairs to machinery and buildings, the working result of the company for the year 2021-22 is given below:

#### Financial results:

	Year E	Ended
	31.03.2022 Rs.in lakhs	31.03.2021 Rs.in lakhs
Profit before Interest and Depreciation	653.54	605.40
Less / Add : Interest	313.78	395.23
Depreciation	28.07	24.99
Profit before Exceptional items	311.69	185.18
Exceptional Items	-35.35	-5.48
Current Tax	-	15.98
Deferred Tax Credit	117.15	108.80
Surplus/(Deficit) after Exceptional Item	229.89	65.88

#### Performance:

The turnover of the company for the year 2021-22 had been Rs.4449.86 lakhs against Rs.2165.11 lakhs in the previous year. The above figure includes Rs.827.05 lakhs relating to Real Estate Income. After charging depreciation, interest and other overheads, the company recorded a profit of Rs.311.69 lakhs which had resulted into Net Profit of Rs.229.89 lakhs after the adjustment of Exceptional items – Rs.35.35 lakhs and Deferred Tax Credit aggregating to Rs.117.15 and the same has been carried to the Balance Sheet.

#### Future

The Industry had seen a big sigh of relief after last year's market, and the company also focused on efficiency leading to profitability. Also, at the same time there had been a 150% price hike in cotton from the previous year which has affected all downstream yarn users who have drastically cut production and thereby leading to large scale stopping of yarn production.

Spinning units across the country are not likely to get respite till the arrival of the new cotton season in October this year, as increased cotton prices will continue to stress working capital and liquidity of yarn spinners. The inflated prices of cotton may lead to lower capacity utilization of small sized spinners in first half year 2022-2023.

#### Real Estate Development

Despite pandemic exigencies, the sector has continued to show resilience and steady growth in 2022. Our project is expected to be completed by September 2022. Despite the gaps and challenges, with every passing year, the Indian real estate industry becomes increasingly robust. With a renewed interest in individual houses, we expect to sell the remaining villas within a year.

#### Management Discussion and Analysis

In terms of the provisions of Regulation 34(3) and Schedule-V of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, the Management Discussion and Analysis is set out in this report. It contains an analysis on the performance of the industry, the Company, Internal Control System and Risk management policy

#### **Board of Directors**

The composition of the Board of Directors of the Company is furnished in the Corporate Governance Report annexed to this Report.

Sri.Ravichandran Dhamodaran (DIN: 00054538), Sri.R.Guru Chandrasekar (DIN: 0008421861) are appointed as Independent Directors at the 72nd Annual General Meeting for a period of 5 years with effect from 27.09.2019. Sri. A. Surendran expired and his position as Independent director came to an end with effect from 07-09-2021. Sri.C.Baalasubramaniyam was appointed as an Independent Director at an EGM held on 10-12-2021. All the Independent Directors have affirmed that they satisfy the criteria laid down under Sec.149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulations 16(b) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015. Further, the Company's code of conduct suitably incorporates the duties of Independent Directors as laid down in the Act.

In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors of the Company fulfill the conditions specified in the Act and SEBI (LO & DR) Regulations 2015 and are independent of the Management.

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Govt. of India has launched the Independent Directors' databank and it has entrusted the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs with creating and operating such a data bank under the Notification No.GSR804(E), dt.22nd October 2019. All the existing Independent Directors are required to register themselves in the data bank. Accordingly, the Company's Independent Directors have got themselves registered in the data bank for 5 (five) years.

## Retirement by rotation:

Sri.P.Muthuswamy, (DIN: 02651331), who has been appointed as a Director retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company, as per the terms of his appointment. The place so vacated by him has to be filled up at the same meeting. The retiring Director is eligible for re-appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. Accordingly, a resolution to this effect is included in the Agenda for consideration of members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

# **Board Meetings:**

During the year four (4) Board Meetings were convened and held, the details of which are given in the Corporate Governance Report. The intervening period between two consecutive meetings was within the period prescribed under the Act.

# Meeting of Independent Directors:

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (Para-VII(1) of Schedule-IV, one separate meeting of independent directors without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors and Members of Management was held. During the year, all the independent directors were present at this meeting. In the said meeting, the independent directors assessed the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the management and the Board and expressed that the current flow of information and contents were adequate for the Board to effectively perform its duties.

#### **Board Evaluation**

The evaluation of all the Directors and the Board as a whole was conducted based on the criteria and framework adopted by the Board. The evaluation process has been framed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board. A questionnaire consisting of certain criteria is adopted for reviewing the functioning and effectiveness of the Board and for identifying possible areas for improvement. Each Board member is requested to evaluate the effectiveness of the Board dynamics and relationships, information flow, decision making of the Directors, relationship with Stakeholders. Company performance, company strategy and effectiveness of the whole Board and its various committees on a scale of one to five.

Necessary feed back is provided for improvement in the performance of the Directors and the functioning of the overall Board and the various committees.

#### Familiarisation Programme for Independent Directors:

In compliance with the requirements of Regulation 25(7) of the SEBI (LO & DR) Regulations 2015, the company has put in place a Familiarization Programme for the Independent Directors to familiarize them with the company their roles, rights, responsibilities in the company, nature of the industry in which the company operates, business models, Regulatory matters, etc.

Since the Independent Directors have been registered with the databank launched by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Govt of India, New Delhi, they will be able to acquire knowledge from diverse resources, develop distinct skills and assess their understanding on company operations, regulations and compliance.

#### **Key Managerial Personnel:**

Sri.D.Lakshminarayanaswamy (DIN:00028118), Managing Director, Smt.L.Nagaswarna, Wholetime Director (DIN:00051610), Sri.P. Muthuswamy, Director-Operations (DIN: 02651331), Sri.S.A.Subramanian as Company Secretary till 30.06.2021 and Smt.M.Srividya as Company Secretary from 01.07.2021 and Sri.G.Krishnakumar as Chief Financial Officer constitute Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

#### **Remuneration Policy:**

The policy on appointment, remuneration and evaluation criteria for Directors and Senior Management is as per the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board. The Company recognized that Compensation Policy is an important and strategic tool in the achievement of vision and goals of the company. It is in keeping with the performance of the individuals, internal equity, market trends and industry practices, legal requirements and appropriate governance standards.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee recommends the remuneration of Directors and Senior Management personnel which is approved by the Board of Directors, subject to the approval of shareholders, where necessary.

#### **Audit Committee:**

In terms of the provisions of Section 177 of the Act and Regulation 18 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, the Audit Committee of the Board was reconstituted to act in accordance with the terms of reference prescribed therein. Detailed disclosure on composition, terms of reference and meetings of the Audit Committee are furnished in the Corporate Governance Report.

#### **Statutory Auditors:**

M/s.C.S.K.Prabhu & Co, Chartered Accountants, Coimbatore were re - appointed as Statutory Auditors at the ensuing Annual General Meeting to hold such Office for a second term of five consecutive financial years from the conclusion of 75th Annual General Meeting to the conclusion of the 80th Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2027, pursuant to the provisions of Section 139, 141 and 142 of the Act, read with companies (Audit & Auditors) Rules 2014.

#### Cost Audit

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has vide Notification dated 31st December 2014 amended the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules 2014. Accordingly, the rules apply to the Companies which have turnover exceeding the prescribed limits. Since the Company's turnover is less than the prescribed limit, the company is exempt from maintenance of Cost Records and Audit thereof.

#### Secretarial Audit

Sri.V.Prasanna, Practising Company Secretary was appointed to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company from the Financial year 2021-22 to 2023-24 as required under Sec.204 of the Act, and Rules made thereunder. The Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year 2021-22 forms part of the Annual Report as annexure to the Board's Report.

#### Internal Auditor

The Company continues to engage Smt. Sasirekha Vengatesh, Chartered Accountants as Internal Auditors of the Company. The scope of work includes review of processes for safeguarding the assets of the company, review of operational efficiency, effectiveness of systems and processes and assessing the strength and weaknesses of internal control. Internal Auditors reports are placed before the Audit Committee on a regular basis for taking suitable action for improvement, wherever required.

#### **Directors' Responsibility Statement:**

As required under section 134 of the Act, it is stated

- a. that in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures.
- b. that the Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year (i.e) 31st March 2022 and of the profit of the company for that period.
- c. that the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- d. that the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a "going concern" basis.
- e. that the Directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- f. that the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

## **Related Party Transactions:**

All contracts / arrangements / transactions entered into by the company during the Financial Year with related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. During the year, the company had not entered into any contracts / arrangements / transactions with related parties which could be considered material in accordance with the policy of the company on materiality of related party transactions excepting the transactions with a Related Party in respect of which necessary approval from the Members were obtained at the EGM held on 10.12.2021 as the aggregate value of the transactions exceed the threshold monetary limits prescribed under the Act.

Statement giving details of the Contacts / arrangements / transactions with related parties is placed before the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors for their approval on quarterly basis.

# Corporate Social Responsibility:

The Company has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee in accordance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 comprising of three Directors including an Independent Director.

During the Financial Year 2021-22, the average profit for the last three years amounts to Rs.693.12 lakhs and the company was required to spend about Rs.13.86 lakhs. However, the company had spent Rs.13.90 lakhs in the projects mentioned in the Annexure-I to the Directors' Report.

#### Subsidiary and Associate Companies:

Doral Real Estates Private Ltd was a subsidiary of the company till 17-03-2022.

After 17-03-2022, the holdings in its subsidiary had been transferred to third parties. Consequently Doral Real Estate Private Ltd Ceased to be a subsidiary of the company. Hence the company is not required to consolidated the financial statements for the year ended 31.3.2022.



The company does not have any Associate Company.

#### **Fixed Deposits:**

The Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Section 73 of the Act, and the Rules framed thereunder.

#### Particulars of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Employees:

The information required pursuant to Sec.197 of the Act read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014 in respect of Directors, Key Management Personnel and employees of the Company are provided in the Annual Report.

#### Corporate Governance

A separate Report on Corporate Governance is attached to this report. A certificate from the Auditors of the company confirming compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under Regulation 27 and Part-E of Schedule-II of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, is attached to this report.

#### Other Disclosures

- a. Details of loans, guarantees and investments under the provisions of Sec. 186 of the Act are given as Annexure.
- b. The internal control systems and its adequacy are discussed in the Management Discussion and Analysis annexed to the Directors Report.
- c. There was no significant material order passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the going concern status of the company and its future operations.
- d. The details forming part of the extract of the Annual Return in Form MGT-9 is annexed to the Directors' Report.
- e. The Company has adopted the Whistle Blower Policy for Directors and Employees of the Company to report concerns about the unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct and ethics. The policy is provided pursuant to Reg. 22 and Reg.46(2)e of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015. It also provides for adequate safeguard against victimization of Directors / Employees who avail of the mechanism and also provide for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases. The policy is also disclosed in the Company's Website.
- f. The Company has adopted a code of conduct for the Board of Directors and Senior Management of the company and all of them have affirmed compliance of the
- g. The Company has in place an Anti Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. Necessary mechanism has been put across the company in this regard to cover all the women employees in the company.
- h. As contemplated under Regulation 17(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, certificate from MD/CEO Sri.D.Lakshminarayanaswamy & CFO Sri.G.Krishnakumar was placed before the Board of Directors at the meeting held on 30.05.2022.
- i. Pursuant to Sec.134(3)(1) of the Act, there was no significant material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company has taken place between the end of the financial year of the company and the date of Directors' Report.

## Energy Conservation, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange earnings & outgo:

The information on the above stipulated under Sec.134(3)(m) of the Act read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 is annexed herewith as Annexure-II.

#### General:

Our thanks are due to The South Indian Bank Ltd., for their support and assistance to meet our business needs.

The Directors appreciate the services rendered by the Officers, Staff and the employees of the Company.

We pray for the Grace of Almighty Sri Jaganatha Perumal for the prosperity of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited

D. LAKSHMINARAYANASWAMY Chairman

(DIN: 00028118)

Place : Coimbatore Date : 30.05.2022

#### ANNEXURE-I TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY POLICY

The Company has already constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Committee, and has aligned its CSR Policy in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act) read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 to make it compliant with the provisions of the Act and the Rules and to undertake the admissible CSR activities modified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs in Schedule-VII to the Act.

## ANNUAL REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY ACTIVITIES

As prescribed under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014.

1. A brief outline of the Company's CSR Policy, including overview of projects or programmes proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects or programmes:

The Company has adopted a CSR Policy within the broad scope laid down in Schedule-VII of the Act as Projects / Programmes / activities, excluding activities in its normal course of business. The CSR policy of the company is available on the website of the company.

2. The Composition of the CSR Committee:

Sri. D. Lakshminarayanaswamy

Smt. L. Nagaswarna

Sri. Ravichandran Dhamodaran

3. Average Net Profit of the Company for the last three Financial Years (2018-19, 2019-20 & 2020-21):

The average net profit of the company for the last three preceding financial years is Rs. 693.12 lakhs

4. Prescribed CSR expenditure (two percent of the Amount as in Item 3 above) to be spent in 2021-22: Rs. 13.86 lakhs

5. Details of CSR spent during the Financial Year 2021-22:

a) Total amount spent during the Financial Year 2021-22 : Rs. 13.90 lakhs

b) Amount unspent, if any : NII

c) Manner in which the amount spent during the Financial Year is detailed below :

S. No.	CSR Project or Activity identified	Sector in which the project is covered	Location Of the Project/ Programmes undertaken	Amount outlay (Rs.in lakhs)	Amount Spent on the projects or programmes 01.04.2020- 31.03.2021 (Rs.in lakhs)	Cumulative expenditure upto the re- porting period 01.04.2020- 31.03.2021 (Rs.in lakhs)	Amount spent directly or through implementing agency
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1.	Promoting Education by providing fees/books to needy children	Sec VII Clause-(i)	Nagari	1.00	1.00	1.00	Sri Ramakrishna Charitable Society
2.	Training to promote rural sports, nationally recognized sports	Sec-VII Clause-(vii)	Coimbatore	12.90	12.90	12.90	Sri Ramakrishna Cricket Trust

6. In case the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit of the last three financial years or any part thereof, the company shall provide the reasons for not spending the amount in its Board Report:

Not applicable

7. The CSR Committee of the company hereby confirms that the implementation and monitoring of CSR policy, is in compliance with CSR Objectives and policy of the company.

For and on behalf of the

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE OF SRI RAMAKRISHNA MILLS (COIMBATORE) LTD,

Place: Coimbatore CHAIRMAN
Date: 30.05.2022 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE



#### ANNEXURE-II TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

Particulars pursuant to provisions of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

#### A. Conservation of Energy:

- a) Energy Conservation measures taken: None
- Additional investments and proposals being implemented for reduction of consumption and consequent impact on cost of production:
   Proposed to replace the existing motors with energy efficient motors attached to various machinery.
- Impact of measures (a) and (b) for reduction of energy consumption and consequent impact on cost of production:
   The proposals implemented in the earlier years are closely monitored.
- d) Total energy consumption and energy consumption per unit of production as prescribed in Form-A.

	Year En	ded
	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
(A) Power and Fuel Consumption:		
1. Electricity:		
a) Purchased:		
Units (in lakhs)	69.11	43.64
Total amount (Rs.in lakhs)	467.16	311.70
Rate per Unit (Rs.)	6.76	7.14
b) Own Generation:		
i) Through Diesel Generator		
Units (in lakhs)		
Units per litre of Diesel Oil		
Cost/Unit (Rs.)	-	
ii) Through Steam turbine/Generator	NIL	NIL
2. Coal	Not used	Not used
3. Furnace Oil	Not used	Not used
4. Other/internal generation	NIL	NIL
(B) Consumption per unit of production: Electricity – Units per kg. of yarn	7.36	7.38

# B. Technology Absorption:

Efforts made in Technology absorption as per Form B:

The company used indigenous technology only. Being a member of South India Textile Research Association, the company is able to get the benefits of the latest technology available for textile industry

#### C. Foreign Exchange earnings and Outgo:

Activities relating to exports, initiatives taken to increase exports, development of new export market for products and services and export plans:

i. Total foreign exchange earned and used:

Earned : Export of yarn - in Foreign Exchange (FOB) : NIL
Used : Expenditure in Foreign Currency on account of travelling : NIL

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited

D. LAKSHMINARAYANASWAMY

Chairman (DIN : 00028118)

Date : 30.05.2022

Place: Coimbatore

#### ANNEXURE - III

# DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO SEC.197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5(1) OF CHAPTER XIII, COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT & REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES 2014

S.No.	Name / Designation	Remunera year e		% increase	Ratio of remuneration to Median remuneration	
3.110.		31.03.2022 Rs. in Lakhs	31.03.2021 Rs. in Lakhs	% increase		
1.	D.Lakshminarayanaswamy, Managing Director	44.40	44.54	(-) 0.31	41.11	
2.	L. Nagaswarna, Whole Time Director	29.34	28.38	3.38	26.28	
3.	P. Muthuswamy, Director-Operations	6.18	6.15	0.48	5.72	
4.	Median Remuneration	1.08	1.24	-		
5.	Total number of permanent Employees – Nos.	121	116	_	-	
6.	Average increase in remuneration is about 3%					

#### COMPARISON OF REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

S.No.	Name / Designation	Remunerati year ei	Increase or	
3.110.	rvaine / Designation	31.03.2022 Rs.	31.03.2021 Rs.	(Decrease )%
7.	S.A. Subramanian - Company Secretary (Till June 2021)	3.47 L	6.35 L	(50.00)
	M. Srividya - Company Secretary (From July 2021)	4.01 L	-	-
	G. Krishnakumar - CFO	6.24 L	5.40 L	15.55
8.	Performance of the Company:			
i)	Revenue (in M)	444.99	216.51	105.52
ii)	Profit / (Loss) (in M)	34.70	19.07	81.96
iii)	Market Capitalisation (in M)	219.60	124.57	76.80
iv)	P/E ratio	6.32	6.52	0.10 times
v)	Market quotation per share (Closing)	30.85	17.50	58.20

- 9. There is no exceptional circumstances for the increase in the Managerial remuneration
- 10. Against the Company's performance, the remunerations to Key Management Personnel are reasonable and market linked.
- 11. There is no variable component of remuneration availed by the Directors.
- 12. No employee received remuneration in excess of the highest paid Director.
- 13. Remuneration received by the employees is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.
- 14. No employee was in receipt of a remuneration of Rs.60.00 lakhs or more per annum if employed throughout the year or Rs.5.00 lakhs or more per month if employed for a part of the year.
- 15. No employee was in receipt of remuneration in the year which is in excess of that drawn by Managing Director or Whole Time Director and holding not less than two percent of the Equity Share Capital of the Company.

## ANNEXURE - IV - DIRECTORS REPORT

## Form No. MGT-9

(Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules 2014

# EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN as on the Financial Year ended on 31st March 2022

## I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS

i. CIN : L17111TZ1946PLC000175

ii. Registration Date : 06.09.1946

iii. Name of the Company : Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Ltd
v. Category / Sub-Category Of the Company : Textiles / Real Estate Development
v. Address of the Regd.Office and Contact details : 1493, Sathyamangalam Road
Ganapathy Post, Coimbatore – 641 006

Phone : 0422-2531022/2531122 e-mail : srmc@vsnl.com Website : www.ramakrishnamills.com

vi. Whether listed company : Yes

vii. Name, Address and contact Details of Registrar

and Transfer Agent, if any : M/s. SKDC

M/s. SKDC Consultants Ltd

"Surya", 35, Mayflower Avenue Behind Senthil Nagar, Sowripalayam Road

Coimbatore – 641 028

Phone: 0422-4958995, 2539835-836

Fax : 91-422-2539837 e-mail : info@skdcconsultants.com

## II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated :

S.No.	Name & Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the product / service	% to total turnover of the company
1.	Textile Spinning	1311	81.00%
2.	Real Estate Development	6810	19.00%

# III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

	S.No.	Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% of shares held	Applicable Section		
Γ	1.	Holding Company	NIL					
Γ	2.	Subsidiary Company	NIL					
Γ	3.	Associate Companies	NIL					



# IV. Categorywise Shareholding

Category of Shareholders	Shareholding at the beginning of the year 2021				Shareholding at the end of the year 2022				% of Change
Category of Shareholders	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
(A) Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group									
(1) Indian									
a) Individuals / Hindu Undivided Family	3845778	_	3845778	54.0264	3845778	_	3845778	54.0264	-
$b) \ Central \ Government / \ State \ Government(s)$	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-
c) Financial Institutions / Banks	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-
d) Any Other (Specify)									
Bodies Corporate	709955	-	709955	9.9736	709955	ı	709955	9.9736	-
Sub Total (A)(1)	4555733	_	4555733	64.0000	4555733	-	4555733	64.0000	-
(2) Foreign									
a) Individuals (Non-Resident Individuals / Foreign Individuals)	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Institutions	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
d) Foreign Portfolio Investor	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	-
Any Other (Specify)	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Sub Total (A)(2)	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	-
Total Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group $(A) = (A)(1) + (A)(2)$	4555733	_	4555733	'64.0000	4555733	-	4555733	'64.0000	-
(B) Public shareholding									
(1) Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds / UTI	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
b) Venture Capital Funds	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
c) Alternate Investment Funds	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
d) Foreign Venture Capital Investors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Foreign Portfolio Investor	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	-
f) Financial Institutions / Banks	100	-	100	0.004	100	_	100	0.004	0.000
Insurance Companies	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-
Provident Funds/ Pension Funds	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Any Other (Specify)	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	
Sub Total (B)(1)	100	0	100	0.0014	100	0	100	0.0014	0.0000
(2) Central Government/ State Government(s)/ President of India									
Sub-Total (B)(2)	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-
(3) Non-institutions									
a) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital up to Rs 1 lakh	538370	326307	864677	12.1472	604619	323170	927789	13.0338	0.8866
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 1 lakh.	809914	31791	841705	11.8245	819652	31791	851443	11.9613	0.1368
NBFCs registered with RBI	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Overseas Depositories(holding DRs) (balancing figure)	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-
Any Other (Specify)	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
Trusts	709639	_	709639	9.9692	619350	_	619350	8.7008	-1.2684
Hindu Undivided Family	27486	-	27486	0.3861	29690	-	29690	0.4171	0.0310
Non Resident Indians (Non Repat)	1150	-	1150	0.0162	1050	-	1050	0.0148	-0.0014

Total $(A)+(B)+(C)$	6744409	373921	7118330	100.0000	6747546	370784	7118330	100.0000	_
Employee Benefit Trust (under SEBI (Share based Employee Benefit) Regulations, 2014)	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	-
(C2) Shares Held By Employee Trust									
Custodian/DR Holder	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	-
(C1) Shares Underlying DRs									
c) Non Promoter - Non Public									
Total (A)+(B)	6744409	373921	7118330	100.0000	6747546	370784	7118330	100.0000	_
Total Public Shareholding(B)=(B)(1)+(B) (2)+(B)(3)	2188676	373921	2562597	36.0000	2191813	370784	2562597	36.0000	-
Sub Total (B)(3)	2188576	373921	2562497	35.9986	2191713	370784	2562497	35.9986	_
Bodies Corporate	50959	15823	66782	0.9382	64073	15823	79896	1.1224	0.1842
Clearing Member	3542	_	3542	0.0498	266	_	266	0.0037	-0.0461
Body Corp-Ltd Liability Partnership	-	-	-	-	5101	_	5101	0.0717	0.0717
Non Resident Indians (Repat)	45616	-	45616	0.6408	46012	_	46012	0.6464	0.0056
Other Directors / Relatives	1900	-	1900	0.0267	1900	-	1900	0.0267	_

# ii) Shareholding of Promoters

	Shareholding a	at the beginning	of the year 2021	Shareholdi	% of		
Shareholders' Name	No.of shares	% of total shares of the company	% of Shares pledged / encumbered to total shares	No.of shares	% of total shares of the company	% of Shares pledged / encumbered to total shares	Change during the year
LAKSHMINARAYANASWAMY.D.	1707526	23.9877	-	1707526	23.9877	_	-
NAGASWARNA. L	953570	13.3960	-	953570	13.3960	-	-
SUHASINI.L.	621276	8.7278	-	621276	8.7278	-	-
SWATHY. L	563406	7.9149	-	563406	7.9149	_	-
SWATHY PROCESSORS LIMITED	326942	4.5930	-	326942	4.5930	_	-
SUHASINI SPINNERS LIMITED	258563	3.6324	-	258563	3.6324	-	-
SRI RAMAKRISHNA YARN CARRIERS LIMITED	124450	1.7483	-	124450	1.7483	-	-
TOTAL	4555733	64.0000	-	4555733	64.0000	-	-

# iii) Shareholding pattern of top ten shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs)

S.No.	For each of top 10 shareholders	Shareholding at the beginning of the year 2021		Transactions during the year		Shareholding at the end of the year 2022		
5.140.		No.of shares	%	Date of Transaction	No.of shares	No.of shares	%	
1	STRESSED ASSETS STABILIZATION FUND	709639	9.9692			709639	9.9692	
	Transfer			02 Apr 2021	(1000)	708639	9.9551	
	Transfer			04 Jun 2021	(2000)	706639	9.9270	
	Transfer			11 Jun 2021	(246)	706393	9.9236	
	Transfer			30 Jun 2021	(2000)	704393	9.8955	
	Transfer			09 Jul 2021	(6025)	698368	9.8108	
	Transfer			16 Jul 2021	(6098)	692270	9.7252	
	Transfer			23 Jul 2021	(2000)	690270	9.6971	
	Transfer			30 Jul 2021	(4000)	686270	9.6409	
	Transfer			06 Aug 2021	(699)	685571	9.6311	
	Transfer			20 Aug 2021	(100)	685471	9.6297	
	Transfer			08 Oct 2021	(2000)	683471	9.6016	
	Transfer			15 Oct 2021	(3042)	680429	9.5588	
	Transfer			19 Nov 2021	(16808)	663621	9.3227	
	Transfer			26 Nov 2021	(1500)	662121	9.3016	
	Transfer			03 Dec 2021	(100)	662021	9.3002	
	Transfer			10 Dec 2021	(305)	661716	9.2959	



Trender		I	1		4 <b>=</b> 0004	(40000)		
Trensfer		Transfer			17 Dec 2021	(10000)	651716	9.1555
Transfer								
Trensfer		Transfer				· · ·		
Transfer		Transfer				· · · · · ·		8.9026
Tensfer		Transfer			21 Jan 2022			8.8464
Transfer		Transfer			28 Jan 2022	(368)	629350	8.8413
Transfer		Transfer			04 Feb 2022	(2000)	627350	8.8132
Transfer		Transfer			11 Feb 2022	(4000)	623350	8.7570
AT THE END OF THE YEAR  2 SRIKANTH C.  316450  4.4456  AT THE END OF THE YEAR  3 GOPISETTY RAVI CHANDRA  186995  2.627  Tensifer  3 GOPISETTY RAVI CHANDRA  186995  2.627  Tensifer  4 14. Jan 2022  1000  186995  2.626  Tensifer  4 14. Jan 2022  1000  186995  2.627  Tensifer  4 14. Jan 2022  1000  186995  2.626  Tensifer  4 14. Jan 2022  1000  186995  2.627  Tensifer  5 21. Jan 2022  1000  186995  2.626  Tensifer  6 21. Jan 2022  1000  186995  2.612  Tensifer  7 21. Jan 2022  1000  186995  2.612  Tensifer  8 38. Jan 2022  1000  186995  2.612  Tensifer  9 44 Feb 2022  1000  186295  2.588  Tensifer  10 4 Feb 2022  1000  186295  2.588  Tensifer  11 Feb 2022  1000  186295  2.588  Tensifer  12 Jan 2022  1000  186295  2.588  Tensifer  13 Feb 2022  1000  186295  2.588  Tensifer  14 Jan 2022  1000  186295  2.588  Tensifer  15 Feb 2022  1000  186295  2.588  Tensifer  16 Jan 2022  10 Jan 2022  2. Jan 2022  3. Jan		Transfer			04 Mar 2022	(2000)	621350	8.7289
SRIKANTH.C.   316450   4.4456   316450   4.4456   A THE END OF THE YEAR   316450   4.4456   A THE END OF THE YEAR   316450   4.4456   316450   4.4456   316450   4.4456   316450   4.4456   316450   4.4456   316450   4.4456   316450   316450   316450   4.4456   316450   31		Transfer			11 Mar 2022	(2000)	619350	8.7008
AT THE END OF THE YEAR 3 GOPSETTY RAVI CHANDRA 186995 2.62 Transfer Transfer 1 14 Jan 2022 (300) 186995 2.62 Transfer 1 24 Jan 2022 (500) 186995 2.63 Transfer 1 24 Jan 2022 (500) 186995 2.63 Transfer 1 24 Jan 2022 (500) 186995 2.64 Transfer 1 24 Jan 2022 (500) 186995 2.64 Transfer 1 24 Jan 2022 (100) 188995 2.62 Transfer 1 24 Jan 2022 (100) 188995 2.62 Transfer 1 24 Jan 2022 (100) 188995 2.64 Transfer 1 25 Jan 2022 (100) 18995 2.64 Transfer 1 25 Jan 2022 (100) 18995 2.64 Transfer 1 25 Jan 2022 (100) 18995 2.64 Transfer 1 11 Feb 2022 (100) 18995 2.58 Transfer 1 11 Feb 2022 (100) 18095 2.58 Transfer 1 18 Feb 2022 (100) 18095 2.58 Transfer 1 18 Feb 2022 (100) 18095 2.58 Transfer 1 18 Feb 2022 (100) 18095 2.59 Transfer 1		AT THE END OF THE YEAR					619350	8.7008
Tensfer	2	SRIKANTH. C .	316450	4.4456			316450	4.4456
Transfer		AT THE END OF THE YEAR					316450	4.4456
Transfer	3	GOPISETTY RAVI CHANDRA	186995	2.627			186995	2.627
Transfer		Transfer			07 Jan 2022	(100)	186895	2.6255
Transfer								2.6213
Transfer								
Transfer         04 Feb 2022         (1766)         184229         2.588           Transfer         11 Feb 2022         (1600)         188269         2.565           Transfer         25 Feb 2022         (200)         182429         2.565           Transfer         25 Feb 2022         (522)         181907         2.555           Transfer         04 Mar 2022         (1947)         179960         2.588           Transfer         11 Mar 2022         (1702)         178258         2.504           Transfer         18 Mar 2022         (357)         177001         2.499           Transfer         25 Mar 2022         (618)         177283         2.490           Transfer         31 Mar 2022         (217)         177066         2.487           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         177066         2.487           4 N M ETHRAJAN         0         0.0000         0         0         0.000           Transfer         04 Feb 2022         78998         78998         1.199           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         9         78998         1.199           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         9         45500         0.639           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         9         39478								
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Transfer         25 Mar 2022         (618)         177283         2.4900           Transfer         31 Mar 2022         (217)         177066         2.487           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000           Transfer         0.0000         0.0000         78998         78998         1.109           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         0.6392         78998         1.109           5 P THIPPANNA CHOWDARY         45500         0.6392         45500         0.6392           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         0.5446         39478         0.5546           G CHANSHYAM KALWANI         39478         0.5546         39478         0.5544           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         39127         0.5497         39127         0.5497           Transfer         11 Feb 2022         (1000)         38127         0.539           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         11 Feb 2022         (1000)         38127         0.549           Transfer         11 Feb 2022         (1000)         38127         0.549           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         11 Feb 2022         (1000)         38127         0.535           8 SUDHARSHINI VARADARAJA         29872         0.4196         29872         0.4196 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
Transfer         31 Mar 2022         (217)         177066         2.487           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         0.0000         177066         2.487           4 N M ETHIRAJAN         0.0000         0.0000         0.0000           Transfer         0.4 Feb 2022         78998         78998         1.109           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         78998         1.109         1.109           5 P THIPPANNA CHOWDARY         45500         0.6392         45500         0.639           6 GHANSHYAM KALWANI         39478         0.5546         39478         0.554           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         39478         0.5546         39478         0.554           7 HEMANG AGRAWAL         39127         0.5497         39127         0.5497           Transfer         11 Feb 2022         (1000)         38127         0.535           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         38127         0.535           8 SUDHARSHINI VARADARAJ         29872         0.4196         29872         0.4196           9 VARADARAJAN KRISHNAVENI         28360         0.3984         28360         0.3984           10 SUSILA. C.         19750         0.2775         19750         0.2775           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         19750								
AT THE END OF THE YEAR  4 N M ETHIRAJAN  5 O 0.0000  Transfer  6 O 4 Feb 2022  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  1.1090  78998  1.1090  78998  1.1090  78998  1.1090  78998  1.1090  78998  1.1090  78998  1.1090  78998  1.1090  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  1.1090  78998  1.1090  78948  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  1.1090  78948  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  78998  78998  78998  1.1090  78998  7898  78998  78998  78998  78998  78998  78998  78998  78998  78998								
4       N M ETHIRAJAN       0       0.0000       0       0       0.000         Transfer       04 Feb 2022       78998       78998       1.109         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       78998       1.109         5       P THIPPANNA CHOWDARY       45500       0.6392       45500       0.6392         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       45500       0.6392       45500       0.6392         6       GHANSHYAM KALWANI       39478       0.5546       39478       0.5546         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       39478       0.5546       39478       0.5546         7       HEMANG AGRAWAL       39127       0.5497       39127       0.5497         Transfer       11 Feb 2022       (1000)       38127       0.5356         8       SUDHARSHINI VARADARAJ       29872       0.4196       29872       0.4196         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       29872       0.4196       29872       0.4199         9       VARADARAJAN KRISHNAVENI       28360       0.3984       28360       0.3984         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       29600       0.2775       19750       0.2775         11       SUSILA C.       19750       0.2775       19750       0.2775					31 Mar 2022	(217)		
Transfer         04 Feb 2022         78998         78998         1.109           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         6         78998         1.109           5 P THIPPANNA CHOWDARY         45500         0.6392         45500         0.639           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         45500         0.6392         45500         0.639           6 GHANSHYAM KALWANI         39478         0.5546         39478         0.5544           7 HEMANG AGRAWAL         39127         0.5497         39127         0.549           7 HEMANG AGRAWAL         39127         0.5497         39127         0.549           1 Transfer         11 Feb 2022         (1000)         38127         0.535           8 SUDHARSHINI VARADARAJ         29872         0.4196         29872         0.4196           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         29872         0.4196         29872         0.4196           9 VARADARAJAN KRISHNAVENI         28360         0.3984         28360         0.3984           10 SUSILA. C.         19750         0.2775         19750         0.277           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         0.2775         19750         0.277           11 SUJANA BURRAMSETTY         20600         0.2894         20600         0.2894 <td>4</td> <td></td> <td>0</td> <td>0.0000</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	4		0	0.0000				
AT THE END OF THE YEAR 5 P THIPPANNA CHOWDARY . 45500 0.6392 45500 0.6392 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 6 GHANSHYAM KALWANI 39478 0.5546 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 7 HEMANG AGRAWAL 39127 0.5497 39127 0.5497 Transfer 11 Feb 2022 (1000) 38127 0.5356 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 38360 0.3984 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 38360 0.3986 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 38360 0.2775 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 38360 0.2896 Transfer 38360 0.2894 38360 0.2896 Transfer 38460 0.2894 38360 0.2896 Transfer 38560 0.2894 38600 0.2896 Transfer 38660 0.2894 38600 0.2896 Transfer 38660 0.2894 38600 0.2896 Transfer 38660 0.2896 38600 0.2896 Tran	4		0	0.0000	04.51.0000	<b>5</b> 0000	-	
5         P THIPPANNA CHOWDARY .         45500         0.6392         45500         0.6392           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         45500         0.6392         45500         0.6392           6         GHANSHYAM KALWANI         39478         0.5546         39478         0.5546           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         39478         0.5546         39478         0.5546           7         HEMANG AGRAWAL         39127         0.5497         39127         0.5497           Transfer         11 Feb 2022         (1000)         38127         0.536           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         38127         0.5356         38127         0.5356           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         29872         0.4196         29872         0.4196           9         VARADARAJAN KRISHNAVENI         28360         0.3984         28360         0.3984           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         28360         0.3984         28360         0.3984           10         SUSILA. C.         19750         0.2775         19750         0.2775           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         07 Jan 2022         (100)         20500         0.2894           11         SUJANA BURRAMSETTY         20600         0.2894         20600					04 Feb 2022	78998		
AT THE END OF THE YEAR								
6         GHANSHYAM KALWANI         39478         0.5546         39478         0.5544           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         39127         0.5497         39127         0.5497           7         HEMANG AGRAWAL         39127         0.5497         39127         0.5497           Transfer         11 Feb 2022         (1000)         38127         0.5356           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         38127         0.5356           8         SUDHARSHINI VARADARAJ         29872         0.4196         29872         0.4196           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         28360         0.3984         28360         0.3984           9         VARADARAJAN KRISHNAVENI         28360         0.3984         28360         0.3984           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         28360         0.3984         28360         0.3984           10         SUSILA C.         19750         0.2775         19750         0.2775           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         19750         0.2894         20600         0.2894           11         SUJANA BURRAMSETTY         20600         0.2894         20600         0.2894           Transfer         18 Feb 2022         (1300)         19200         0.2697           Transfer <td>5</td> <td></td> <td>45500</td> <td>0.6392</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	5		45500	0.6392				
AT THE END OF THE YEAR 7 HEMANG AGRAWAL 8 39127 0.5497 8 Transfer 8 SUDHARSHINI VARADARAJ 9 VARADARAJAN KRISHNAVENI 28360 0.3984 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 9 VARADARAJAN KRISHNAVENI 28360 0.3984 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 10 SUSILA. C. 11750 0.2775 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 11 SUJANA BURRAMSETTY 12 20600 0.2894 Transfer 13 SUJANA BURRAMSETTY 14 SUJANA BURRAMSETTY 15 Transfer 16 Transfer 17 Transfer 18 Feb 2022 (1300) 19200 0.2894 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 19 Transfer 10 Transfer 11 Mar 2022 (1150) 18050 0.2536 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 11 Transfer 12 E RANI 13 Transfer 14 Feb 2022 (79000) 0 0.0000 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 16 O 0.0000 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 17 Transfer 18 Feb 2022 (79000) 0 0.2894 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 18 Feb 2022 (79000) 0 0.0000 AT THE END OF THE YEAR 18 Feb 2022 (79000) 0 0 0.0000								
7         HEMANG AGRAWAL         39127         0.5497         39127         0.5497           Transfer         11 Feb 2022         (1000)         38127         0.5357           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         38127         0.5358           8         SUDHARSHINI VARADARAJ         29872         0.4196         29872         0.4196           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         29872         0.4196         29872         0.4196           9         VARADARAJAN KRISHNAVENI         28360         0.3984         28360         0.3986           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         28360         0.3984         28360         0.3986           10         SUSILA. C.         19750         0.2775         19750         0.2775           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         19750         0.2894         20600         0.2894           11         SUJANA BURRAMSETTY         20600         0.2894         20600         0.2894           Transfer         07 Jan 2022         (100)         20500         0.2896           Transfer         18 Feb 2022         (1300)         19200         0.2697           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         11 Mar 2022         (1150)         18050         0.2536           12         E RANI<	6		39478	0.5546				
Transfer         11 Feb 2022         (1000)         38127         0.5350           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         38127         0.5350           8 SUDHARSHINI VARADARAJ         29872         0.4196         29872         0.4190           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         29872         0.4190         29872         0.4190           9 VARADARAJAN KRISHNAVENI         28360         0.3984         28360         0.3984           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         28360         0.3984         28360         0.3984           10 SUSILA. C.         19750         0.2775         19750         0.2775           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         19750         0.2894         2000         0.2894           11 SUJANA BURRAMSETTY         20600         0.2894         2000         0.2894           Transfer         18 Feb 2022         (1300)         19200         0.2697           Transfer         11 Mar 2022         (1150)         18050         0.2530           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         11098         79000         1.1098           12 E RANI         79000         1.1098         79000         0.0000           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         04 Feb 2022         (79000)         0         0.0000								
AT THE END OF THE YEAR  8 SUDHARSHINI VARADARAJ  29872 0.4196  AT THE END OF THE YEAR  9 VARADARAJAN KRISHNAVENI  28360 0.3984  AT THE END OF THE YEAR  10 SUSILA. C.  AT THE END OF THE YEAR  11 SUJANA BURRAMSETTY  12 SUSILA SU	7		39127	0.5497				
8       SUDHARSHINI VARADARAJ       29872       0.4196       29872       0.4196         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       29872       0.4196         9       VARADARAJAN KRISHNAVENI       28360       0.3984       28360       0.3986         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       28360       0.3984       28360       0.3986         10       SUSILA. C.       19750       0.2775       19750       0.2775         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       19750       0.2894       20600       0.2894         11       SUJANA BURRAMSETTY       20600       0.2894       20600       0.2896         Transfer       07 Jan 2022       (100)       20500       0.2886         Transfer       18 Feb 2022       (1300)       19200       0.2699         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       11 Mar 2022       (1150)       18050       0.2536         12       E RANI       79000       1.1098       79000       1.1098         Transfer       04 Feb 2022       (79000)       0       0.0000         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       0       0       0.0000					11 Feb 2022	(1000)		
AT THE END OF THE YEAR 28360 0.3984 28360 0.2775 28360 0.2775 28360 0.2775 28360 0.2775 28360 0.2775 28360 0.2775 28360 0.2894 28360 0.								0.5356
9       VARADARAJAN KRISHNAVENI       28360       0.3984       28360       0.3984         10       SUSILA C .       19750       0.2775       19750       0.2775         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       19750       0.2775       20600       0.2894         11       SUJANA BURRAMSETTY       20600       0.2894       20600       0.2896         Transfer       07 Jan 2022       (100)       20500       0.2886         Transfer       18 Feb 2022       (1300)       19200       0.2696         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       11 Mar 2022       (1150)       18050       0.2536         12       E RANI       79000       1.1098       79000       1.1098         Transfer       04 Feb 2022       (79000)       0       0.0006         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       0       0.0006       0       0.0006	8		29872	0.4196				0.4196
AT THE END OF THE YEAR  10 SUSILA. C. 19750 0.2775  AT THE END OF THE YEAR  11 SUJANA BURRAMSETTY  12 20600 0.2894  Transfer  13 Feb 2022 (100) 20500 0.2896  Transfer  14 Feb 2022 (1300) 19200 0.2696  Transfer  AT THE END OF THE YEAR  15 Feb 2022 (150) 18050 0.2536  AT THE END OF THE YEAR  16 Feb 2022 (150) 18050 0.2536  AT THE END OF THE YEAR  17 Fansfer  18 Feb 2022 (150) 18050 0.2536  AT THE END OF THE YEAR  18 Feb 2022 (79000) 0 0.0006  AT THE END OF THE YEAR								0.4196
10       SUSILA. C.       19750       0.2775       19750       0.2775         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       19750       0.2775         11       SUJANA BURRAMSETTY       20600       0.2894       20600       0.2896         Transfer       07 Jan 2022       (100)       20500       0.2886         Transfer       18 Feb 2022       (1300)       19200       0.2697         Transfer       11 Mar 2022       (1150)       18050       0.2536         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       11098       79000       1.1098         Transfer       04 Feb 2022       (79000)       0       0.0000         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       0       0       0.0000	9		28360	0.3984				0.3984
AT THE END OF THE YEAR  11 SUJANA BURRAMSETTY  20600  0.2894  Transfer  07 Jan 2022  (100)  20500  0.2886  Transfer  18 Feb 2022  (1300)  19200  0.2697  Transfer  11 Mar 2022  (1150)  18050  0.2536  AT THE END OF THE YEAR  12 E RANI  79000  1.1098  Transfer  04 Feb 2022  (79000)  0 0.0006  AT THE END OF THE YEAR		AT THE END OF THE YEAR					28360	0.3984
11       SUJANA BURRAMSETTY       20600       0.2894       20600       0.2894         Transfer       07 Jan 2022       (100)       20500       0.2896         Transfer       18 Feb 2022       (1300)       19200       0.2697         Transfer       11 Mar 2022       (1150)       18050       0.2536         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       18050       0.2536         12       E RANI       79000       1.1098       79000       1.1098         Transfer       04 Feb 2022       (79000)       0       0.0000         AT THE END OF THE YEAR       0       0.0000	10		19750	0.2775			19750	0.2775
Transfer         07 Jan 2022         (100)         20500         0.2880           Transfer         18 Feb 2022         (1300)         19200         0.2690           Transfer         11 Mar 2022         (1150)         18050         0.2530           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         18050         0.2530         0.2530           12 E RANI         79000         1.1098         79000         1.1098           Transfer         04 Feb 2022         (79000)         0         0.0000           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         0         0.0000		AT THE END OF THE YEAR					19750	0.2775
Transfer         18 Feb 2022         (1300)         19200         0.2697           Transfer         11 Mar 2022         (1150)         18050         0.2536           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         18050         0.2536           12 E RANI         79000         1.1098         79000         1.1098           Transfer         04 Feb 2022         (79000)         0         0.0000           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         0         0.0000	11	SUJANA BURRAMSETTY	20600	0.2894			20600	0.2894
Transfer         11 Mar 2022         (1150)         18050         0.2536           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         18050         0.2536           12 E RANI         79000         1.1098         79000         1.1098           Transfer         04 Feb 2022         (79000)         0.0000           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         0 0.0000         0.0000		Transfer			07 Jan 2022	(100)	20500	0.2880
AT THE END OF THE YEAR 18050 0.2530  12 E RANI 79000 1.1098 79000 1.1098  Transfer 04 Feb 2022 (79000) 0 0.00000  AT THE END OF THE YEAR 0 0 0.00000		Transfer			18 Feb 2022	(1300)	19200	0.2697
12     E RANI     79000     1.1098     79000     1.1098       Transfer     04 Feb 2022     (79000)     0     0.0000       AT THE END OF THE YEAR     0     0.0000		Transfer			11 Mar 2022	(1150)	18050	0.2536
Transfer         04 Feb 2022         (79000)         0         0.0000           AT THE END OF THE YEAR         0         0.0000		AT THE END OF THE YEAR					18050	0.2536
AT THE END OF THE YEAR 0 0.0000	12	E RANI	79000	1.1098			79000	1.1098
		Transfer			04 Feb 2022	(79000)	0	0.0000
		AT THE END OF THE YEAR					0	0.0000

Note: 1. Paid up Share Capital of the Company (Face Value Rs. 10.00) at the end of the year is 7118330 Shares.

2. The details of holding has been clubbed based on PAN.

3. % of total Shares of the Company is based on the paid up Capital of the Company at the end of the Year.

# iv) Shareholding of Directors and KMP

			nt the beginning of ear 2021	Transactions of	luring the year	Cumulative Shareholding at the end of the year - 2022		
S.No.	NAME	No. of shares	% of Total Shares of the Company	Date of Transaction	No. of Shares	No.of shares	% of Total Shares of the Company	
1	LAKSHMINARAYANASWAMY.D.	1707526	23.9877			1707526	23.9877	
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					1707526	23.9877	
2	NAGASWARNA. L	953570	13.3960			953570	13.3960	
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					953570	13.3960	
3	SUHASINI.L.	621276	8.7278			621276	8.7278	
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					621276	8.7278	
4	SWATHY. L	563406	7.9149			563406	7.9149	
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					563406	7.9149	
5	SWATHY PROCESSORS LIMITED	326942	4.5930			326942	4.5930	
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					326942	4.5930	
6	SUHASINI SPINNERS LIMITED	258563	3.6324			258563	3.6324	
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					258563	3.6324	
7	SRI RAMAKRISHNA YARN CARRIERS LIMITED	124450	1.7483			124450	1.7483	
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					124450	1.7483	

Note: 1. Paid up Share Capital of the Company (Face Value Rs. 10.00) at the end of the year is 7118330 Shares. 2. The details of holding has been clubbed based on PAN.

3. % of total Shares of the Company is based on the paid up Capital of the Company at the end of the Year.

# V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

	Secured loans	Unsecured Loans	Total
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year			
i) Principal Amount	2820.31	558.54	3378.85
ii) Interest due but not paid	1.18	0.00	1.18
iii) Interest accrued but not due	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total (i+ii+iii)	2821.49	558.54	3380.03
Change in indebetedness during the financial year			
Addition	0.00	824.91	824.91
Reduction	759.72	54.05	813.77
Net change			
i) Principal Amount	2060.59	1329.40	3389.99
ii) Interest due but not paid	0.99	0.00	0.99
iii) Interest accrued but not due	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total (i+ii+iii)	2061.58	1329.40	3390.98



# VI. A. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

# (Rs.in Lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	D. Lakshminarayanaswamy	L. Nagaswarna
1.	GROSS SALARY:		
a)	Salary as per provisions contained in Sec.17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 VDA	44.40	25.50
b)	Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 :		
	Bonus	_	- 0.00
	PF	_	2.02
c)	Profits in lieu of salary under sec.17(3) of Income Tax Act, 1961 : Medical	-	1.82
2.	Stock option	_	-
3.	Sweat Equity	_	-
4.	Commission  - As % of profit  - Others - specify	-	-
5.	Others	_	-
	Total (A)	44.40	29.34

# **B. REMUNERATION TO OTHER DIRECTORS:**

S. No.	Particulars of Remuneration				Total
		Ravichandran Dhamodaran	R.Guru Chandrasekar	C. Baalasubra maniyam	Amount
3. a)	Independent Directors Fee for attending Board/Committee Meetings	Rs 27,000	Rs 39,000	Rs 6,000	Rs 72,000
b)	Commission	-			-
c)	Others, please specify	_			_
	Total (i)	27,000	39,000	6,000	72,000
4. i)	Other Non-Executive Directors Fee for attending Board/Committee Meetings	_			-
b)	Commission	_			-
c)	Others	_			-
	Total (ii)	-			-
	Total (B) = (i+II)	27,000	39,000	6,000	72,000
	Total Managerial Remuneration	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Overall ceiling as per the Act	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

# C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/ MANAGER / WTD

# (Rs.in Lakhs)

S.		Company	Company Secretary			
No.	Particulars of Remuneration	M.Srividya (from 1.7.2021)	S.A. Subramanian (upto 30.6.2021)	CFO		
1.	GROSS SALARY:					
a)	Salary as per provisions contained in Sec.17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 (Basic + VDA)	2.60	2.03	4.28		
b)	Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 :					
	HRA	0.97	0.77	0.86		
	TA	0.44	0.38	0.25		
	Bonus		0.29	0.30		
	PF			0.22		
c)	Profits in lieu of salary under sec.17(3) of Income Tax Act, 1961 : Medical			0.33		
2.	Stock option	-	-	-		
3.	Sweat Equity	-	-	-		
4.	Commission - As % of profit - Others - specify	-	-	-		
5.	Others	-	-	-		
	Total	4.01	3.47	6.24		

## VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of fees imposed	Authority	Appeal made, if any (give details)
A. COMPANY					
Penalty	-	<del>-</del>	_	-	_
Punishment	-	-	-	-	-
Compounding	-	-	-	-	-
B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty	-	-	-	-	-
Punishment	-	<del>-</del>	-	-	_
Compounding	-	-	-	-	-
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT					
Penalty	-	-	_	-	-
Punishment	-	-	-	-	-
Compounding	-	-	-	-	-

# ANNEXURE - VIII

Details of Loans, Guarantees and Investments under the provisions of Sec.186 of the Act

LOANS : Nil
GUARANTEES : Nil
INVESTMENTS : Nil

## FORM NO.AOC1

(Pursuant to Clause (h) of Sub-Section(3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014)

# $\underline{\textbf{S}} \textbf{tatement containing Salient Features of the Financial Statement of subsidiary company}$

PART-A: SUBSIDIARIES

# Information in respect of a subsidiary

1.	Serial No.
2.	Name of the Subsidiary
3.	Reporting period for the Subsidiary
4.	Reporting Currency
5.	Share Capital
6.	Reserves & Surplus
7.	Total Assets
8.	Total Liabilities
9.	Investments
10.	Turnover
11.	Profit before taxation
12.	Provision for taxation
13.	Profit after taxation
14.	Proposed Dividend
15.	% Shareholding

<sup>1.</sup> There is no subsidiary which is yet to commence operations, nor one which has been liquidated or sold during the year.



#### PART - B : ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

Statement pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

S.No.	Name of Associates / Joint Venture	
1.	Latest Audited Balance Sheet Date	
2.	Share of Associate / Joint Venture held by the Company on the year end	
3.	Amount of investment in Associates / Joint Venture	
4.	Description of how there is significant influence	NIL
5	Reason why the Associate / Joint Venture is not consolidated	
6	Networth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	
7.	Profit/(Loss) for the year	

#### FORM NO.AOC2 (Pursuant to Clause (h) of Sub-Section(3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014

Form for disclosure of particulars of Contracts / arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in Sub-Section(1) of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transactions under third proviso thereto.

## 1. DETAILS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS OR TRANSACTIONS NOT AT ARMS LENGTH BASIS:

S.No.	Particulars	
a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	
b)	Nature of contracts / arrangements / transactions	
c)	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions	No contract or arrangement or
d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value if any	transaction entered into by the company with related parties.
e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements / or transactions	company with related parties.
f)	Date(s) of approval by the Board	
g)	Amount paid as advance if any	
h)	Date on which the Special Resolution was passed in General Meeting as required under first proviso to Section 189.	

# 2. DETAILS OF MATERIAL CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS OR TRANSACTIONS AT ARMS' LENGTH BASIS

S. No.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Salient terms of the contract or arrangement or transactions including the value if any	Date of approval by the Board if any	Amount paid as advance if any
1)	Sri Ramakrishna Yarn Carriers Ltd	Leasing of property  Purchase of materials Interest	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Rs. 183000 Rs. 459405 Rs. 3573328		
2)	Swathy Processors Ld	Rendering of Services  Purchase of materials  Sale of materials	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Rs. 4805086 Rs. 120516687 Rs. 172876585	Prior approval of the Audit	
3)	Sri Jaganatha Ginning & Oil Mills	Leasing of property  Purchase of materials Interest	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Rs. 1719900 Rs. 54881476 Rs. 315808	Committee obtained and then reviewed periodically at the quarterly meetings	
4)	Suhasini Spinners Ltd	Purchase of materials  Interest	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Rs. 8606585 Rs. 32738		
5)	SNR Sons Charitable Trust	Leasing of property	01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Rs. 727680		

Note: The above mentioned contracts / arrangements / transactions are in the ordinary course of business and are not material transactions as per the criteria of materiality laid down in Regulation 2(1)(zc) & 23 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 as well as the Company's Policy on Materiality of Related Party Transactions

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited

D. LAKSHMINARAYANASWAMY Managing Director (DIN: 00028118)

Plate : Coimbatore Date : 30.05.2022

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## **Industry Structure and Development:**

The country's textile industry may see a revival in the next few quarters on the back of easing out of inventories in the US by the year end and a decline in cotton prices. Currently battling lower global demand in the wake of inflationary and supply chain headwinds, the textile majors in India say they expect better days in the next future.

An interesting development in India is the recently announced PLI scheme aimed at increasing India's global share at man - made and technical textiles. PLI scheme is a great booster in line with Governments vision to become prominent player in global Technical textile portfolio.

#### **Opportunities and Threats**

Increased cotton prices will put a stress on the working capital and liquidity of small-sized cotton yarn spinners in the first half of fiscal 2023. However, an operational recovery is expected by the second half of this fiscal, on the back of a likely correction in cotton prices with the arrival of the new cotton season in October 2022 wherein cotton production could be higher than in the current season, says a recent report.

With the assumption of elevated cotton prices in the near term, small and medium sized entities will continue to face the challenge.

Although the domestic cotton prices have started softening from end-May 2022, Ind-Ra says it expects the reduction to continue until the near term on the back of an improvement in the supply owing to:

A decrease in the volume of cotton exports

#### Outlook

Cotton and other raw material prices are still ruling high and a good next crop from October 2022 and lower bid prices might help in recovery.

While there are significant headwinds in the near term, companies remain positive on demand in the mid to long run, due to expansion in export opportunities on account of the Foreign Trade Agreements (FTA) signed by India with nations such as Australia and UAE.

A Crisil report said the second half of this fiscal should restore demand as freight and raw cotton costs moderate.

#### Risk & Concerns

There is a proliferation in cotton prices which cannotbe absorbed in finished goods prices. Preferenceis shifting from Cotton fibre to man-made fibresi.e. synthetic, polyester etc. This is putting pressure on margin.A detailed review of business risks and company's plans to mitigate them is considered by the Audit Committee and the Board. The Company has been taking steps to mitigate foreseeable business risks. Risk evaluation and its management is an ongoing and continuous process within the company and periodically updated to the Audit Committee and Board.

#### **Internal Controls**

The Company has adequate internal control system to monitor internal business process, financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws. The adequacy and effectiveness of the control system are being reviewed periodically to see that it conforms to the policies and procedures adopted by the company so as to meet the statutory requirements. The Audit Committee at its meetings regularly reviewed the significant observations of the compliance and other reports.

#### **Human Resources Management**

Necessary initiatives have been taken for improving the skills of the employees by providing outside training and deputing them to attend various programmes so as to enable them to update their knowledge. Being a Member of The Southern India Mills' Association, the Company avails the services of the Association with regard to development of its human resources.

Promotions are effected after carrying out evaluation of performance of the employees.

#### **Review by Audit Committee**

The Management Discussion and Analysis was placed before the Audit Committee and duly reviewed by the Committee.

#### **Financial Results**

SEBI has mandated under SEBI (LO & DR) Regulations 2015 amendment that the Annual Report for the year ended 31.03.2022 should contain the following ratios for the year and also for the previous year with explanation where the variation is more than 25%

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	Ratio for the Financial Year 2021-22	Ratio for the Financial Year 2020-21	Variance
Current Ratio (in Times)	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.27	1.48	-14%
Debt- Equity Ratio (in Times)	Total Long term Debt	Total Shareholder's funds	0.80	1.52	-47%
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in Times)	Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses + Interest & lease payments + Other non-cash adjustments	Debt service = Interest and lease payments + Principal repayments of Long Term debts	0.72	0.93	-23%
Return on Equity (ROE) (in Times)	Profit for the year	Average total equity capital	0.32	0.09	249%
Inventory Turnover Ratio (in Times)	Cost of Goods Sold	Average Inventory	0.98	0.44	122%
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio (in Times)	Net Credit sales	Average trade Receivables	3.75	1.20	213%
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio (in Times)	Net Credit Purchases	Average trade Payables	7.48	4.53	65%
Net Capital Turnover Ratio (in Times)	Revenue from operations (Net)	Average working capital (i.e. Total current assets less Total current liabilities)	3.34	1.31	154%
Net Profit Ratio (in %)	Profit for the year	Revenue from operations (Net)	5.22%	0.03	67%
Return on Capital Employed (in %)	Profit before Tax and Finance Costs	Capital employed = Net worth + Lease liabilities + Deferred tax liabilities	40.66%	32.64%	25%
Return on investment (in %)	Market Value (T1)- Market value T0)	Market Value (T0)	NA	NA	NA

<sup>\*</sup> Reason for Variance of more than 25% is provided below

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited D. LAKSHMINARAYANASWAMY

Managing Director (DIN: 00028118)

<sup>(</sup>a) Varaince on debt-equity ratio is due to increase in shareholder's other equity.

<sup>(</sup>b) Variance in Return on Equity is on account of increase in profits for the year in comparison with previous year.

<sup>(</sup>c) Variance in Inventory Turnover Ratio is on the account of increased turnover in comparison with previous year.

<sup>(</sup>d) Variance in Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio is on account of increase turnover in comparison with previous year.

<sup>(</sup>e) Variance in Trade Payables Turnover Ratio is on the account of increase in purchases commensurate with the increase in Turnover.

<sup>(</sup>f) Variance in Net Capital Turnover Ratio is on account of increase in Turnover.

<sup>(</sup>g) Variance in Net Profit Ratio is on the account of increase in Turnover.



# CEO / CFO CERTIFICATION (Pursuant to Regulation 17(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015

- A. We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31.03.2022 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
  - i) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading.
  - ii) These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.
- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- D. We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit Committee:
  - i) Significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year.
  - ii) Significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the Notes to the financial statements; and
  - iii) Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Place: Coimbatore Date: 30.05.2022 D. LAKSHMINARAYANASWAMY Managing Director / CEO (DIN: 00028118) G. KRISHNAKUMAR CFO

INFORMATION ON THE COMPANY'S WEBSITE INCLUDING COMPOSITION OF COMMITTEES, MAJOR POLICIES ADOPTED BY THE COMPANY IS GIVEN BELOW:

THE RELATIVE WEBLINK IS http://www.ramakrishnamills.com/investor-relations.html

S.No.	Name of the Policy	Brief Description
1.	Term of appointment of Independent Directors	The appointment letters issued to Independent Directors with terms and conditions of their appointment.
2.	Board Committees	Composition of various Committees of the Board
3.	Code of Conduct	The Code contains the conduct to be observed by the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel.
4.	Whistle Blower Policy	Whistle Blower Policy containing the vigil mechanism instituted by the company.
5.	Policy on Related Party Transactions	The policy specifying the main features relating to transactions with Related Parties
6.	Familiarisation Programme	The steps taken by the company for the familiarisation of the Companys' business to Independent Directors.
7.	Corporate Social Responsibility	Policy outlining the projects, programmes, activities to be undertaken, carrying out the companys' Social Responsibility.
8.	Financial Information : Notice of Meeting of Directors, Financial Results, Annual Report (complete) Annual Return Shareholding Pattern	Meeting where Financial Results are considered, Financial Results Annual Report containing – Directors' Report, Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit & Loss, Cashflow. Annual Return (complete) Shareholding Pattern
9.	the email address for grievance redressal and other relevant details;	mail@ramakrishnamills.com
10.	Corporate Governance compliance	
11.	separate audited financial statements of each subsidiary of the listed entity	separate audited financial statements of each subsidiary of the listed entity in respect of a relevant financial year, uploaded at least 21 days prior to the date of the annual general meeting which has been called to inter alia consider accounts of that financial year

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

#### 1) Company's Philosophy and Code of Governance

Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Ltd believes that good corporate governance is essential to achieve long term corporate goals and enhance stakeholder value on a sound basis.

#### 2) Board of Directors

The present strength of the Board of Directors of the Company is six – comprising of Sri.D.Lakshminarayanaswamy as the Managing Director, Sri.Ravichandran Dhamodaran, Sri.R.GuruChandrasekar, Sri.C. Baalasubramaniyam as the Independent Directors, Smt.L.Nagaswarna as Whole time Director and Sri.P. Muthuswamy as Director-Operations. The table below gives the particulars of attendance of each director at the Board Meetings held during the year ended 31.03.2022 and at the last AGM as also the number of directorships in other companies and memberships in other Board Committees.

Name of the Director (1)	DIN	Position (2)	No. of Board Meetings attended (3)	Attendance at last AGM (4)	No. of Director- ships in public limited companies including the company (5)	No. of Membership in Board Committee of other companies (6)	No. of shares held (7)
Sri D Lakshminarayanaswamy	00028118	Managing Director	4	Present	3	Nil	1707526
Smt L Nagaswarna	00051610	Wholetime Director	4	Present	3	Nil	953570
Sri.Ravichandran Dhamodaran	00054538	Independent	4	Present	1	Nil	-
Sri. R. Guru Chandrasekar	08421861	Independent	4	Present	1	Nil	1800
Sri. C. Balasubramaniyam	00043863	Independent	1	-	1	Nil	100
Sri. P. Muthuswamy	02651331	Director	4	Present	2	Nil	=

#### **Board Meetings**

From 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022, Four(4) Board meetings were held on the following dates: 29.06.2021, 13.08.2021, 12.11.2021 & 14.02.2022

#### a) Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The present Nomination and Remuneration Committee consists of the following members :-

Sri. Ravichandran Dhamodaran
 Chair person
 Sri. R. Guru Chandrasekar
 Member
 Sri. C. Balasubramaniyam
 Member

4. Sri. A. Surendran (Late) : Member (07.09.2021)

- i) To formulate and review the criteria that must be followed for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director.
- ii) To recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration for the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees and to ensure compliance with the remuneration policy set forth by the company.
- iii) To propose to the Board, the members that must form part of the Committee.
- iv) To report on the systems and on the amount of the annual remuneration of directors and senior management.

The Chairman of the Committee shall attend the Annual General Meeting of the Company to provide any clarification on matters relating to remuneration payable to the directors of the company.

This committee comprises entirely of independent directors and met as and when required.

The Committee met 1 (One) time on 11-10-2021.

Remunerationpaid to Non-Executive Directors for the year ended 31.03.2022.

Sl. No.	Director	Sitting Fees (Rs.)
1	Sri. Ravichandran Dhamodaran	27,000
2	Sri. R. Guru Chandrasekar	39,000
3	Sri. A. Surendran (Late)	NIL
3	Sri.C. Baalasubramaniyam	6,000

# b) Audit Committee

Audit Committee constituted as per Regulation 18 of SEBI (LO & DR) Regulations 2015 consists of the following Directors::

1. Sri. RavichandranDhamodaran : Chair person 2. Sri. R. Guru Chandrasekar : Member 3. Sri. D. Lakshminarayanaswamy : Member

The Company Secretary is the convenor

Chairman of the Committee

Members of the Committee shall elect a Chairman from amongst themselves.

Decision & voting powers :

All the decision of the committee shall be taken by vote of majority. Members of the committee shall be entitled to vote, in case of equality. The Chairman shall have one casting vote.

The Secretary, Internal Auditor and Chief Financial Officer of the company shall attend and participate at but shall not have the right to vote.

Tenure of the Committee :

The Audit Committee shall continue to be in function as a Committee of the Board until otherwise resolved by the Board.

Meetings:

The Committee shall meet at least four times in a year for reviewing the quarterly financial results.

· Functions & Power of the Committee :

The Committee shall have discussion with the auditors periodically about internal control system, the audit including the observations of the auditors and review of



financial statement before their submission to and discuss any related issues with the internal and statutory auditors and the management of the company.

#### · Responsibility of the Committee :

The Board may assign any matter of important nature relating to the accounts, finance, taxation, investigation from time to time and may require to submit a report to the Board on such matters from time to time.

The Committee would make recommendations to the Board on any matter relating to Financial Management of the Company including the Audit Report.

In general, the role of Audit Committee and review of information to be carried out by the Committee shall include the various activities detailed in Part C of Schedule-II of SEBI (Lo & DR) Regulations 2015.

The Chairman of the audit committee shall attend the annual general meeting of the company to clarify matters relating to audit

The minutes of the Audit Committee meetings were circulated to the Board where they were discussed and taken note of.

The Audit Committee met 4 (Four) times on 28.06.2021, 12.08.2021, 12.11.2021 & 11.02.2022.

The attendance during the year is as under:-

Sl. No.	Members	Meetings attended
1	Sri. Ravichandran Dhamodaran	4
2	Sri. Guru Chandrasekar	4
3	Sri. D. Lakshminarayanaswamy	4

#### c) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

Pursuant to the provisions of 178(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has constituted the above committee which consists of the following:

Sri.R. Guru Chandrasekar
 Chairperson
 Sri. C. Balasubramaniyam
 Member
 Sri. D. Lakshminarayanaswamy
 Member

iv. Sri Late A.Surendran - Member (07.09.2021)

The above Committee shall consider and resolve the grievances of shareholders and other stakeholders.

In addition, it is empowered to deal with all the matters connected with transfer of securities of the company, issue of duplicate / new Certificates and other matters related to Shareholders / Security holders.

M/s.SKDC Consultants Ltd, Coimbatore continue to act as Registrars & Transfer Agents providing Investors' servicing such as Share Registration and other related services under the supervision of this Committee.

The committee also monitors and reviews the performance and service standards of the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents of the company and provides continuous guidance to improve the service levels for investors.

There were four meetings of this Committee during the Financial Year ended 31.03.2022 – viz. on28.06.2021, 12.08.2021, 12.11.2021 & 11.02.2022 and all the members of the Committee attended the four meetings.

As on 31.03.2022, no complaint from shareholder / investor is pending.

#### Details of General Meetings

## a. Annual General Meetings:-

Information regarding last 3 years' Annual General Body meetings are given below:

Sl. No.	Venue	Day	Date	Time
1.	No.1493, Sathyamangalam Road, Ganapathy Post, Coimbatore - 641 006	Monday	13.09.2021	9.30 a.m.
2.	No.1493, Sathyamangalam Road, Ganapathy Post, Coimbatore - 641 006	Monday	28.09.2020	9.00 a.m.
3.	No.1493, Sathyamangalam Road, Ganapathy Post, Coimbatore - 641 006	Thursday	27.09.2019	9.00 a.m.

During 2021-22, the Company had not conducted any Postal Ballot to seek the approval of Members for any business

#### b. Extraordinary General Meeting:

On 10-12-2021, the company had convened an Extraordinary General Meeting of Members to get their consent for undertaking certain related party transactions with Sri Jaganatha Ginning & Oil Mills in the Group and to appoint Independent Director in the place of Late Sri.A. Surendran.

In compliance with the Sec 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules 2014 and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 and the Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, the Company provided remote e-voting facility to members to cast their votes for the resolutions as mentioned in the respective Notice of 74thAGM held on 13.09.2021 and the EGM held on 10.12.21 and had engaged Central Depository Services (India) Ltd, Mumbai in this regard. The company had appointed Smt. SasirekhaVengatesh (Practising Chartered Accountant) as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-voting and the poll process through ballot papers at the AGM and the EGM venue in fair and transparent manner. The results for the 74thAGM and the EGM were communicated to BSE and also hosted in the Company's website and also published in the newspapers.

#### 5. General Shareholder Information:

1	75 <sup>th</sup> AGM to be held on : Day Date Time Venue	Wednesday 14.09.2022 9.30 a.m. Regd.Office:No.1493, Sathyamangalam Road, Ganapathy Post, Coimbatore-641006
2	Date of Book Closure	From 08.09.2022 to 14.09.2022
3	Financial Calendar: Results announced Posting of Annual Reports Last date of Receipt of Proxy Forms Announcement of Quarterly Results	30.05.2022 Mid August 2022 12th September 2022 Mid August 2022 / November 2022 / February 2023 and May 2023
4	Listing on Stock Exchanges	Bombay Stock Exchange – Scrip Code No.521178 – ISIN No.INE306D01017

5	Registered Office & Administrative Office	1493, Sathyamangalam Road, Ganapathy Post, Coimbatore 641 006 Phone: 0422-2531022/1122, E-mail: mail@ramakrishnamills.com CIN: L17111721946PLC000175 The Company's Website www.ramakrishnamills.com containing financial information, share holding pattern and compliance with Corporate Governance, etc has been activated. The contents are periodically updated. The Company has created an ID as required by SEBI under its SCORES - the web based complaint redressal system - secretary@ramakrishnamills.com
6	Plant Location	Nagari (Andhra Pradesh)
7	Share Transfer System	Shares are in physical and demat form. Share Transfer documents received at the office of Registrar and Share Transfer Agent are processed and returned within a period of 15 days from the date of receipt after the shares are transferred and registered, if the documents being valid and complete in all respects. In order to expedite the process of share transfers, the Board has delegated the power of share transfer to the Registrar & Share Transfer Agents.
8	Share Transfer Agents' Address	M/s.S.K.D.C. Consultants Ltd., "Surya", 35, Mayflower Avenue, Behind Senthil Nagar, Sowripalayam Road, Coimbatore 641 028. Phone: 0422-4958995, 2539835-836 Fax: +91 422-2539837 Email: info@skdc-consultants.com

#### 6) Dematerialisation of Shares:

As on 31.03.2022, 6747546 shares representing 94.79% of total equity capital is held in dematerialised form with NSDL and CDSL whereby the shares are available for trading in the dematerialized form under both the Depositories. Company has taken action to inform members holding shares in physical to convert their holdings into dematerialized form as per the Circular dated 05.07.2018 issued by SEBI.

#### 7) Market Price Data

The High & Low prices during each month in the last financial year in BSE Ltd, Mumbai, are given below during 2021-22:

Month	В	SE
	High (Rs)	Low (Rs.)
April 2021	17.50	10.50
May "	15.04	10.75
June "	18.15	14.35
July "	19.75	14.95
August "	19.00	11.80
September "	13.44	11.25
October "	18.00	13.44
November "	23.40	15.15
December "	27.95	18.35
January 2022	38.75	27.00
February "	44.00	25.15
March "	34.65	27.00

# 8) Distribution of Shareholding as on $31^{\text{ST}}\,\text{March}\,2022$

Range (No.of shares)	No.of Shareholders	No.of shares	% to total shares
Upto 5000	2467	827232	11.62
5001 – 10000	26	192124	2.70
10001 – 20000	13	170040	2.39
20001 – 30000	3	82232	1.16
30001 – 40000	2	77605	1.09
40001 – 50000	2	88524	1.24
50001 – 100000	1	78998	1.11
100001 and above	13	5601575	78.69
Total	2527	7118330	100.00

# 9) Categories of Shareholding as on $31^{\text{st}}$ March 2022

Category	No.of shareholders	No.of shares	% to total shares
Promoters' Holding	7	4555733	64.00
Directors & Relatives	2	1900	0.03
Corporate Bodies	36	79896	1.12
Banks	1	100	0.00
Financial Institutions	1	619350	8.70
NRI	8	47062	0.66
Other Public	2432	1814289	25.49
Total	2487*	7118330	100.00

<sup>\*</sup> The details of shareholding has been clubbed based on PAN.

Shares under Lock in

Legal proceedings / disputes on share transfer against the company

Contact address for Shareholders / Analyst

: NIL. : NIL

: Company Secretary

Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Ltd

1493, Sathyamangalam Road, Ganapathy, Coimbatore – 641 006.

Phone No.: 0422-2531022, 2531122 E-mail : mail@ramakrishnamills.com



The Company currently does not have any Stock Option Scheme.

## 10) Information Pursuant to Schedule-VI of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015:

There are NIL unclaimed shares as per the certificate issued by Registrars and Share Transfer Agents of the company and as such the question of adhering to the procedure specified and furnishing the details required, pursuant to the Regulation 39(4) of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 does not arise.

#### 11) Nomination facility:

As provided in the Companies Act, 2013, nomination facility is available for the shares held in the company. The nomination form (Form 2B) will be provided to the members on request.

#### 12) Disclosures:

#### a. Disclosure of material transaction

During the financial year ended 31st March 2022 there was no material, financial or commercial transaction which had potential interest of the senior management personnel or which might have had potential conflict with the interests of the Company.

#### b. Related party transactions

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2022 there were no transactions of material nature, between the Promoters, Directors and Relatives and the Management that had potential conflict with the interest of the company. Details of related party transactions are given elsewhere in the Annual Report.

#### c. Information supplied to the Board

All information, as required under Regulation 17(7) and Part-A of Schedule-II of 5 (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, is made available to the Board. The Board is also regularly updated on statutory compliances, as are applicable to the Company.

#### d. Code of Conduct

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management personnel for prevention of Insider Trading based on SEBI (Insider Trading) Regulations 2015 and its amendments and disclosed in the Company's website. The Directors and Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed their adherence to the Code.

#### e. Whistle Blower Policy:

The company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy enabling any employee, if he/she so desires to have free access to meet Senior Level Management and report any matter of concern.

## f. Compliance by the Company

During previous year, the company paid penalty which was disclosed in previous year Annual report imposed by either SEBI or Stock Exchanges or any statutory authority for non-compliance of any matter related to the capital markets.

#### 13) Means of Communication:

The quarterly/annual results are published in the Newspapers as prescribed by Stock Exchange.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited

D. LAKSHMINARAYANASWAMY Managing Director (DIN: 00028118)

Place: Coimbatore Date : 30.05.2022

# Practicing Company Secretary's Certificate on Compliance of Conditions of Corporate Governance as per SEBI (LODR) Regulations 2015.

To the Members of SRI RAMAKRISHNA MILLS (COIMBATORE) LIMITED COIMBATORE

I have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited ("the Company") (CIN-L17111TZ1946PLC000175) for the financial year ended 31st March 2022 as stipulated under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. My examination was limited to a review of the procedures and implementations thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements)

Regulations 2015

It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company. In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanation given to me and based on the representations made by the Directors and Management, I certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 for the financial year ended 31st March 2022

I further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

FOR V PRASANNA AND ASSOCIATES

CS V PRASANNA Company Secretary in Practice Membership No.10535, COP: 15030 UDIN: F010535D000731167

Place : Coimbatore Date : 03.08.2022

## FORM NO. MR 3

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014]

The Members

Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited

CIN Number L17111TZ1946PLC000175

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by [M/s. Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited (CIN: L17111TZ1946PLC000175)], a listed public Company having its registered office at 1493, Sathyamangalam Road, Ganapathy, Coimbatore-641006. (hereinafter called the Company) Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

#### Auditor's Responsibility:

My responsibility is to express an opinion on the compliance of the applicable laws and maintenance of records based on audit. I have conducted the audit in accordance with the applicable Auditing standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India. The Auditing Standards requires that the Auditor shall comply with statutory and regulatory requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about compliance with applicable laws and maintenance of records.

Due to the inherent limitations of audit including internal, financial and operating controls, there is an unavoidable risk that some material misstatements or material non-compliances may not be detected, even though the audit is properly planned and performed in accordance with the Standards.

#### **Unmodified Opinion:**

Based on my verification of Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to me and the representations made by the Management, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March 2022 (Hereinafter called the 'Audit Period') complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records made available to me and maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March 2022 according to the provisions as applicable to the Company during the period, of:

- i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (SCRA) and the rules made there under;
- ii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
- iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investments, Overseas Direct Investments and External Commercial Borrowings (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period)
- 2. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (SEBI Act)
  - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
  - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - c. The Securities and Exchange Board India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client I have also examined compliance with the applicable of the following:
  - i. Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, with respect to conduct of Board and General Meetings.
  - ii. The Listing agreements entered into by the Company with Bombay Stock Exchange read with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations 2015.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards etc. mentioned above.

I further report that, during the Audit Period, there were no actions/ events in pursuant of the following Rules/Regulations requiring compliance thereof by the Company:

- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
- $b. \quad \text{The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits)} \quad \text{Regulations 2014}; \\$
- c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
- d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
   e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy back of Securities) Regulations, 1998;

I further report that based on the representations given by the Company, its officers and authorized representatives, there are no laws specifically applicable to the Company.

I further report that Based on the information provided and the representation made by the Company, In my opinion, adequate systems and processes exist in the Company to monitor and ensure Compliance with provisions of applicable general laws like labour laws and environmental laws.

I further report that the compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws, like direct and indirect tax laws, has not been reviewed in this Audit since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial auditor and other designated professionals.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, standards etc mentioned above.

# I further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

As per the minutes of the Board and Committee Meetings duly recorded and signed by the Chairman the decisions of the Board were unanimous and no dissenting views have been recorded

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with laws, rules, regulations and guidelines mentioned herein above.

I further report that the extraordinary general meeting held on 10th December 2021 and passed following resolutions in accordance with provisions of companies Act, 2013.

- a) Contract or arrangement involving purchase of any goods or material, buying of property of any kind and availing or rendering of any service with M/s. Sri Jaganatha Ginning and Oil Mills for the value of Rs. 20 Crores per annum.
- b) Sri. C. Balasubramaniyam (DIN 00043863) appointed as independent director of the company for the period of five years with effect from 10th December 2021.

I further report that during the audit period, there were no instances of:

- Public /Rights/Preferential Issue of Shares /Debentures/Sweat Equity
- Redemption / buy-back of securities
- Major decisions taken by the members in pursuance to section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013
- Merger / amalgamation / reconstruction, etc.
- Foreign technical collaborations

FOR V PRASANNA AND ASSOCIATES CS V PRASANNA Practicing Company Secretary

Membership No.10535, Certificate of Practice: 15030 UDIN: F010535D000731409

Place : Coimbatore Date : 03 08 2022



#### 'Annexure

The Members

Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
- 2. I have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain Reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on random test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in the secretarial records. I believe that the processes and Practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
- 3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, I have obtained the Management Representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and occurrence of events.
- 5. The Compliance of provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards are the responsibility of the management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on a random test basis.
- 6. This Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

FOR V PRASANNA AND ASSOCIATES
CS V PRASANNA
Practicing Company Secretary

Practicing Company Secretary
Membership No.10535, Certificate of Practice: 15030
UDIN: F010535D000731409

Place : Coimbatore Date : 03.08.2022

CERTIFICATE OF NON- DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS
(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para c Clause 10(i) of
the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To
The Members of
Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited
CIN L17111TZ1946PLC000175
No 1493, Sathyamangalam Road
Ganapathy Post, Coimbatore – 641006

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of M/s. Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited having CIN L17111TZ1946PLC000175 and having registered office at 1493, Sathyamangalam Road, Ganapathy Post, Coimbatore – 641006 (hereinafter referred to as 'the company'), produced before me by the company for the purpose of issuing this certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para C sub clause 10(i) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the company and its officers, I hereby certify that none of the directors on the Board of the company as stated below for the financial year ending on 31.03.2022 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other statutory authority.

Sl No	Name of Director	DIN	Date of Appointment in Company
1	Mr. D Lakshminarayanaswamy (Managing Director)	00028118	22/01/1981
2	Mrs. L Nagaswarna (Whole time Director)	00051610	14/08/2014
3	Mr. Ravichandran Damodharan	00054538	27/03/2019
4	Mr. Rajan Guru Chandrasekar	08421861	13/05/2019
5	Mr. Chinnaswamy Baalasubramaniyam	00043863	12/11/2021
6	Mr. Palaniswamy Naidu Muthusamy	02651331	13/08/2019

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment /continuity on the board is the responsibility of the management of the company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on my verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which management has conducted the affairs of the company.

FOR V PRASANNA AND ASSOCIATES CS V PRASANNA Company Secretary in Practice Membership No.10535, COP: 15030 UDIN: F010535D000731244

Place : Coimbatore Date : 03.08.2022

#### Independent Auditor's Report

#### To the Members of Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited

#### Report on the Ind-AS Standalone Financial Statements

## Opinion

- 1. We have audited the Financial Statements of Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022, the statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the Cash flow statement, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements for the year then ended, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Financial Statements").
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaidFinancial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31,2022, its profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity, and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidenceobtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Financial statements.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

4. We draw attention to Note No:48 to the Financial Statements which explains the impact of COVID19 on the Company's business operations and carrying values of assets and liabilities as on balance sheet date and upto the date of adoption of the financial statements. This assessment and the outcome of the pandemic is as made by the management and is highly dependent on the circumstances as they evolve in the subsequent periods. The impact, therefore, in future periods may be different from the estimates made as on the approval of these financial statements. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

5. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the financial year ended March 31,2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Ind AS financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying Ind AS financial statements.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

# How our audit addressed the key audit matter

## 5.1 Textile segment

The Textile segment continues to be incurring losses for the last several years and appear to be functioning below rated capacities with varying revenue modes year to year. The Borrowings and receipts of money to fund the textile segment also has a significant impact on the assets and Liabilities.

Considering the existence of material uncertainty, related to the conditions which cast significant doubt on the segment to continue as a segment to contribute to the profits of the company and also considering the fact that the assets and liabilities of the textile segment have significant impact on the overall business operations of the company and affect the going concern principles, this has been considered as a key audit matter.

 Our Judgement of Continuance of Textile segment is based on audit evidence and explanations and management's revival plan, and due to the availability of resources from other segments for modernisation and consequent profitability. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# 5.2 Disputed tax & other liabilities (Refer to the note No:3(O) &42 to the financial statements)

The Company is required to discharge direct and indirect tax obligations under various legislations, as may be applicable.

The tax authorities have raised certain tax demands on the Company in respect of the past periods. The Company has disputed such demands and has appealed againstthem at appropriate forums. As at March 31, 2022 the Company has an amount of 327.59 Lakhs pertaining to various pending tax litigations.

Ind AS 37 requires the Company to perform an assessment of the probability of economic outflow on account of such disputed tax matters and determine whether any particular obligation needs to be recorded as a provision in the books of account or to be disclosed as a contingent liability. Considering the significant degree of judgement applied by the management in making such assessments and the resultant impact on the financial statements, we have considered it to be a key audit matter.

In assessing the exposure of the Company for the tax litigations, we have performed the following procedures:

- Obtained an understanding of the process laid down by the management for performing their assessment taking into consideration past legal precedents, changes in laws and regulations, updates obtained from external tax / legal experts (as applicable)
- Assessed the processes and entity level controls established by the Company to ensure completeness of information with respect to tax litigations;
- Reading communications with relevant tax authorities including notices, demands, orders, etc., relevant to the pending litigations, as made available to us by the management;
- Testing the accuracy of disputed amounts from the underlying communications received from tax authorities and responses filed by the Company;
- Considered the submissions made to appellate authorities and updates obtained by the Company from external tax / legal experts (wherever applicable) which form the basis for management's assessment;
- Assessed the positions taken by the management in the light of the aforesaid information and based on the examination of the matters by our tax experts
- The grounds of dispute taken by Management were considered along with Legal and Factual matters to enable us to take a judgement. These matters continue to remain in the same status as in the previous year.



#### 5.3 Revenue Recognition (Refer note No: 2A &3(c) to the financial statements)

The company engages incontracts with customers where the revenue is recognised in accordance with Ind As 115 'Revenue from contracts with customers'.

Ind As 115 'Revenue from contracts with customers' involves making critical judgements in identifying the contract with the customer, identifying the separate performance obligations in the contract, determining the transaction price, allocating the transaction price to the separate performance obligations and recognizing revenue over the period of time / at a point in time depending upon how the entity satisfies its performance obligations.

Considering the significant degree of judgement applied by the management in making such estimates and the resultant impact on the financial statements, we have considered it to be a key audit matter

Our audit procedures include the following:

- Evaluated the design and implementation of controls for assessing compliance with relevant standards.
- Evaluated the appropriateness of the Company's revenue recognition accounting
  policies and assessing compliance with the policies in terms of theapplicable
  standards.
- Evaluated the technical estimates made by the management including the percentage of completion furnished and also evaluated the management's judgement of transfer of control over the assets to the extent of performance obligation executed

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

- 6. The Company's management and Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other informationcomprises the information (included in the Management Discussion and Analysis) in the Board's Report including Annexuresto Board's Report (Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance) and Shareholder's Information, but does notinclude the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.
- 7. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any formof assurance conclusion thereon.
- 8. In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified aboveand, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

- 9. The Company's management and Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended.
- 10. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of theInd AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 11. In preparing the Financial Statements, the management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 12. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

- 13. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of thesefinancial statements.
- 14. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintainprofessional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to thoserisks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis forour opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud ishigher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design auditprocedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
  - · Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness ofaccounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis ofaccounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
  - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent theunderlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 15. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, theplanned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 16. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with themall relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 17. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine thosematters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the currentperiod and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, inextremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated inour report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected tooutweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

18. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order, to the extent applicable.

- 19. (A) As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaidfinancial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31 March 2022and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are-disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B";
  - (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - a) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements, wherever applicable Refer Note No:42 to the Financial Statements.
    - b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
    - c) On the basis of the declarations made to us by the management, which is relied upon by us, we report that there has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company
    - d) i. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in item (xvi)(A) of Note No: 51, in the Financial Statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
      - ii. The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in item (xvi)(B) of Note No: 51, in the Financial Statements to the accounts, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Parties or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
      - iii. Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis-statement.
    - e) The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year. Hence reporting in respect of compliance with section 123 of the Companies Act, is not applicable
  - (C) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act:

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid/provided by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid/provided to directors is within the limits laid down under Section 197 of the Act.

For CSK PRABHU & CO Chartered Accountants Firm Regd No: 002485 S

CSK PRABHU Partner Membership number: 019811 UDIN: 22019811ALRNOB9345

Annexure - A to the Auditors' Report

Place: Coimbatore

Date: 30-05-2022

With reference to the Annexure - A referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022, we report that:

- (a) (i) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment. The company does not have any Investment properties.
  - (ii) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars of Intangible Assets, wherever applicable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Plant Property and Equipment by which they are verified annually. In accordance with this programme, all the Plant Property and Equipment were verified during the year and we are informed that no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, this frequency and periodicity of physical verificationis reasonable having regard to the size of the company and nature of its assets.
  - (c) On the basis of our examination of the records of the Company and such documents provided to us, the title deeds of all the immovable properties, disclosed in the Financial Statements, are held in the name of the company. In respect of immovable properties taken on lease, the lease agreements are in the name of the company.
  - (d) On the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment or intangible assets or both during the year.
  - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings that have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act,1988 and rules made thereunder. Refer Note No 51(viii) to the Financial Statements.
- ii. (a) According to information and explanations given to us by the management, physical verification of Inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management during the Year. We are informed that no material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
  - (b) The company has been sanctioned working capital term loan in excess of five Crore rupees, in aggregate during the year from banks or financial institutions on the basis of the security of current Assets of the company. Based on our examination of the records of the Company, the applicable quarterly returns or statements filed by the company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Company. Refer Note 51(ix) to the Financial Statements.
- iii. In respect of Parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'), the management has represented that as at March 31 2022, an amount of Rs.Nil(Previous Year Rs.43.81 Lakhs) remained as Advances due from a Subsidiary(Erstwhile a Partnership Firm in which the Company under report was



a Partner and which was converted as a Private Limited Company during the financial year 2017-18). SuchAdvance arose on account of revaluation of land in the books of Partnership Firm prior to the commencement of the Companies Act, 2013 and represents part of reportingCompany's share of surplus on account of such revaluation and credited to the Partner's Current Account by the Partnership Firm and does not partake the character of Loan or advance in the nature of loan. We have relied on such representation.

During the year the company has not provided loans or provided advances in the nature of loans or stood guarantee or provided security to companies, Firms, Limited liability partnership or other parties.

Therefore, further reporting under sub-clause a), b), c), d), e), f) of clause (iii) of para 3 of the order does not arise.

- iv. On the basis of examination of records of the company and taking into account the representations of the management as per (iii) above, in our opinion, in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security, provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act have been complied with, wherever applicable.
- v. According to information and explanations given and representations made to us, the Company has received Unsecured Loans/Advances from Directorsfor the purpose of the business of the company and has further complied with the requirement of obtaining a written declaration made to the Company by such Director/s at the time of giving the money, to the effect that the amount is not being given to the Company out of funds acquired by such Director/s by borrowing or accepting loans or deposits from others. Therefore, such Unsecured Loans received from Directors fall out of the purview of the Definition of "Deposit" under the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014, as amended. Further according to information and explanations given to us, the Company has also received inter corporate loans, secured loans from director & bank and other unsecuredAdvances, which are explained to fall out of the purview of the Definition of "Deposit" under the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014, as amended. On such basis and judgment, we report that the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and therefore further reporting under sub-clause (v) of para 3 of the order is not applicable.
- vi. According to information and explanations given to us and based on the declarations made to us, we report that the Central Government hasnot prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given tous and based on our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employee State Insurance, income-tax, sales tax, value added tax, duty of customs, excise, service tax, goods and service tax, cess and other material statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities during the year.
  - According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed material amounts payable in respect of provident fund, esi, income tax, sales tax, value added tax, duty of customs, excise service tax, goods and service tax, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable excepting for Tax deducted at source (Late Fees & Interest) under the Income Tax Act, 1961 amountingto Rs.37.90Lakhs relating to various financial years and further GST amountingto Rs.7.74 Lakhs relating to Financial year 2019-20. The management explained that such arrear Tax deducted at source (Interest & Late Fees) and GST has not been remitted upto the date of this report.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no material dues of income tax/sales tax/service tax/GST/duty of customs/duty of excise/value added tax/cess and other statutory dues, which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute. However, according to information and explanations given to us, the following dues of income tax, sales tax, duty of excise, service tax, GST and value added tax have not been deposited by the Company on account of disputes:

Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues (along with Interest etc., where applicable)	Amount [Rs.] (in lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending	
TNGST	Sales Tax	54.59	AY:1995-96	Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Chennai	
TNGST	Sales Tax	89.37	AY:1999-00	Representation Pending before	
TNGST	Sales Tax	61.66 #	AY:1998-99	Assessing authority on the direction by the High court of	
TNGST	Sales Tax, AST	121.97	AY:2000-01	Judicature at Chennai	
* Rs.30.83 Lakhs,	since paid		•	•	

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, we report that there are no transactions that are previously not recorded in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Accordingly, clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable.
- ix. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of declarations, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
  - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by themanagement, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained, wherever applicable.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and the procedures performed by us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been utilised for long-term purposes by the Company.
  - (e) On an overall examination of the Financial Statements of the Company, in our opinion, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures during the year.
  - (f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies. Hence, clause (3)(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.
- x. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer/further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit
  - (b) During the year and up to the date of this report, no report under section 143 (12) of the Act has been filed by secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
  - (c) According to information and explanations given to us and as represented to us by the management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year which are to be considered while determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.

- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, Clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards. (Refer Note No: 54 of the Ind As Financial Statements)
- xiv. (a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered all the internal audit reports issued to the Company for the period under audit.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvi. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.
  - (b) According to information and explanations given to us, we report that the company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (c) According to information and explanations given to us, we report that the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us during the course of audit, the Group does not have any CICs.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios; composition, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities; other information accompanying the Financial Statements; our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. (a) On the basis of information and explanations given to us by the Company, we report that in respect of other than ongoing projects, the company has no unspent amounts to be transferred to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act within a period of six months of the expiry of the financial year in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of section 135 of the said Act.
  - (b) On the basis of information and explanations given to us by the Company, we report that the company has no amounts remaining unspent under sub-section (5) of section 135 of the Companies Act, pursuant to any ongoing project, requiring to be transferred to special account in compliance with the provision of sub-section (6) of section 135 of the Act.
- xxi. According to information and explanations given to us, the company does not have any Subsidiary/Associate/Joint Venture as at the balance sheet date and therefore is not required to prepare and present consolidated Financial Statements pursuant to the provisions of any statute. Accordingly reporting under para 3 (xxi) of the order is not applicable.

For CSK PRABHU & CO Chartered Accountants Firm Regd No: 002485 S

CSK PRABHU Partner Membership Number: 019811 UDIN: 2019811ALRNOB9345

Place: Coimbatore Date: 30.05.2022

# Annexure - B to the Auditors' Report

## Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited ("the Company") as of 31 March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

(1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For CSK PRABHU & CO Chartered Accountants Firm Regd No: 002485 S

CSK PRABHU Partner Membership Number: 019811 UDIN: 22019811ALRNOB9345

Place: Coimbatore Date: 30 05 2022

PARTICULARS		Note No	As at 31.03.2022	(₹ in Lakhs) As a 31.03.2021
PARTICULARS		Note No	31.03.2022	31.03.202
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment		4	522.97	472.10
Capital work-in-progress			6.57	
Financial Assets		-		
Investments Loans		5	-	
Other Financial Assets		6	76.04	76.0
Deferred Tax Asset		7	76.04 241.55	353.7
Other non-current assets		8	280.10	10.5
Total non-current assets		O	1,127.23	912.4
			1,127.23	912.4
Current assets		•	. = =	0.000 5
Inventories		9	3,790.37	3,388.5
Contract Assets		10	833.56	1,480.6
Financial Assets		11	22.65	10.0
Trade Receivables		11	22.65	12.0
Cash and cash equivalents		12	3.02	3.6
Bank balances other than above		13	106.60	100.0
Other current assets		14	126.69	133.2
Total current assets			4,776.30	5,018.1
	TOTAL ASSETS		5,903.54	5,930.5
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
Equity share capital		15	711.83	711.8
Other equity		16	452.02	238.3
Total equity			1,163.85	950.1
Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings		17	461.37	844.8
Other Financial Non Current Liabilities		18	475.00	600.0
Other Non-Current Liabilities		19	-	
Provisions		20	41.25	141.7
	TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		977.61	1,586.5
Current liabilities			******	1,000.0
Financial liabilities				
Borrowings		21	2,928.63	2,534.0
Lease Liabilities		22	19.08	13.7
Trade payables		23	364.01	380.4
Other current liabilities		24	337.46	348.4
Short Term Provisions		25	112.88	117.1
Total current liabilities			3,762.07	3,393.8
Total Current nathlities	Total liabilities			
	Total liabilities		4,739.68	4,980.3
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		5,903.54	5,930.5

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

D. Lakshminarayanaswamy
Managing Director
(DIN: 00028118)

R. Guru Chandrasekar
Director
(DIN: 0008421861)

 M. Srividya
 G. Krishnakumar

 Company Secretary
 Chief Financial Officer

As per our report of even date attached For CSK PRABHU & CO

Chartered Accountants, Firm Regd. No. 002485S

(Sd.) **CSK Prabhu**Partner
M.No: 019811
UDIN:22019811ALRNOB9345

Sasirekha Vengatesh Chartered Accountant Internal Auditor M.No. 200464

Place : Coimbatore Date : 30.05.2022



<u>51</u>	ATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 20	022		(₹ in Lakhs)
PA	RTICULARS	Note No	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
cc	ONTINUING OPERATIONS			
A	Income			
	Revenue from operations	26	4,405.65	2,104.11
	Other income	27	44.22	60.99
	Total income		4,449.86	2,165.11
В	Expenses			
	Cost of materials consumed	28	<b>2,220.7</b> 9	530.33
	Cost of Purchase of Stock in Trade		467.71	554.89
	Changes in inventories of finished goods	29	<b>(297.42</b> )	(432.60)
	Power and Fuel Expenses		468.36	313.00
	Employee Benefits Expense	30	762.89	468.84
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	31	28.07	24.99
	Other Expenses	32	174.00	125.23
	Finance costs	33	313.78	395.23
	Total expenses		4,138.17	1,979.91
C	Profit before exceptional items and tax		311.69	185.18
	Exceptional items - Loss/(Profit) on Sale of Assets	34	(35.35)	(5.48)
D	Profit before tax from continuing operations		347.04	190.66
	Income tax expense	35		
	Current tax		-	15.98
	Deferred tax charge/ (credit)		(117.15)	(108.80)
	Profit for the year		229.89	65.88
Ε	Other comprehensive income			
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligations		(22.50)	(9.53)
	Loss on Fair Value of Investments		=	-
	Income tax relating to these items - (charge)/credit		6.26	2.40
	Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(16.24)	(7.12)
	Total comprehensive income for the year		213.65	58.76
	Earnings per share	36		
	Basic earnings per share		3.23	0.93
	Diluted earnings per share		3.23	0.93

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

D. Lakshminarayanaswamy
Managing Director
(DIN: 00028118)

M. Srividya
Company Secretary

R. Guru Chandrasekar
Director
(DIN: 0008421861)

G. Krishnakumar
Chief Financial Officer

Chartered Accountants, Firm Regd. No. 002485S (Sd.) **CSK Prabhu** 

As per our report of even date attached For CSK PRABHU & CO

(Sd.) **CSK Prabhu**Partner
M.No: 019811
UDIN:22019811ALRNOB9345

Sasirekha Vengatesh Chartered Accountant Internal Auditor

M.No. 200464

Place : Coimbatore Date : 30.05.2022

ASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2022		(₹ in Lakh
	Year ended	Year ende
Particulars	31.03.2022	31.03.202
Cash Flow From Operating Activities		
Profit before income tax	347.04	190.6
Adjustments for		
Depreciation and amortisation expense	28.07	24.9
(Profit)/ Loss on sale of fixed asset	(35.35)	
Interest received	(3.15)	(7.1
Lease Rent	(28.71)	(28.1
Finance costs	313.78	395.
	621.69	575.6
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/ decrease in loans	-	
(Increase)/ decrease in Other financial assets	(0.00)	0.:
(Increase)/ decrease in inventories	(401.84)	(690.9
(Increase)/ decrease in Contract Assets	647.09	527.
(Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables	(10.56)	(4.9
(Increase)/ decrease in Other assets	32.36	(69.0
Increase/ (decrease) in provisions and other liabilities	(257.32)	58.
Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables	(16.47)	168.
Cash generated from operations	614.94	565.
Less : Income taxes paid (net of refunds)	(22.22)	(7.6
Net cash from operating activities (A)	592.71	558.2
. Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Purchase of PPE (including changes in CWIP)	(366.71)	
Sale proceeds of PPE (including changes in CWIP)	43.39	6.0
(Purchase)/ disposal proceeds of Investments	0.98	
(Investments in)/ Maturity of fixed deposits with banks	-	
Lease Rent	28.71	28.
Interest income	3.15	7.
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	(290.48)	41.3
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings	(383.47)	(152.0
Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings	394.62	(66.1
Finance costs	(313.97)	(399.6
Net cash from/ (used in) financing activities (C)	(302.82)	(617.9
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(0.58)	(18.3
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	3.60	21.
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	3.02	3.0
otes:		
<ol> <li>The above cash flow statement has been prepared under indirect method prescribed in Ind AS 7 "Cash Flow Statements".</li> <li>Components of cash and cash equivalents</li> <li>Balances with banks</li> </ol>		
- in current accounts	2.71	3.3
- in Margin money deposit account		5
Cash on hand	0.30	0.:
	3.02	3.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

As per our report of even date attached For CSK PRABHU & CO

Chartered Accountants, Firm Regd. No. 002485S

Director (DIN: 0008421861)

R. Guru Chandrasekar

(Sd.) CSK Prabhu

M. Srividya G. Krishnakumar Company Secretary Chief Financial Officer

M.No: 019811 UDIN:22019811ALRNOB9345

Sasirekha Vengatesh

Chartered Accountant Internal Auditor M.No. 200464

Place : Coimbatore Date: 30.05.2022

Managing Director

(DIN: 00028118)

D. Lakshminarayanaswamy



## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH 2022

# A. Equity Share Capital (Issued, subscribed and fully paid up) (Refer Note 15)

(Rs. in Lakhs)

(1) Current reporting period (01-04-2021 TO 31-03-2022)

Particulars	31-03-2022	31-03-2021
	(Audited)	(Audited)
Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	711.83	711.83
Add/Less: Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	-	-
Restated Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	711.83	711.83
Add/Less: Changes in equity share capital during the current year	-	-
Balance at the end of the current reporting period	711.83	711.83

(Rs. in Lakhs)

(B) Other Equity (1) Current reporting period (01-04-2021 TO 31-03-2022) (Refer Note: 16)

				Reserves & Surplus	s & Surpir	rns m			II SIII SOI	Julei Com	Tricinal d	Items of Other Comprehensive Income			
Particulars	Share application money pending allotment	Equity component of compounts instruments	Seserve Reserve	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Other Reserves	Retained Earnings	Debt instruments through Other Com- prehensive Income	Equity Instruments through Other Com- prehensi ve Income	Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Revaluation Surplus	exchange differences not translating the foreign statements of foreign operation	espandal changes in Defined Benefit engistions	Money received sansarrants	lstoT
Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period 1st April 2021	'		1,928.32	1,081.07		-	(2,770.85)	'	'	'	'	•	(0.17)	1	238.36
Changes in accounting policy/prior period errors	•	'		-	-	-		-	_	-	'	-	1	•	'
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	1	'	1	1	'	1		'	'	'	,	'	'	'	'
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	'	,	'	'	1		229.89	'	'	'		'	(16.24)		213.65
Dividends	'	'		'	'	1		<u>'</u>	'	'	'		1		1
Transfer from Capital Reserve to retained earnings		,	(21.52)	'	'	'	21.52	<u> </u>	'	'	'		,	'	'
Balance as at 31st March 2022	-		1,906.80	1,081.07	•	1	(2,519.43)	-	•	-	-		(16.41)	-	452.02
(4) Trevious reporting period (01.04-2020)	7-00-1			Rosorue	Reserves & Sumulis	2			Items of (	Items of Other Comprehensive Income	nrehensi	omoonl or			
Particulars	Share application money pending allotment	Equity component of components instruments	Capital Reserve	muimsrA səirincə 2	General Reserve	Other Reserves	Retained Earnings	Debt instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	Equity Instruments through Other Compre-	Effective portion of Cash Flow Hedges	Revaluation Surplus	Exchange differences on translating the fi- nancial statements of a foreign operation	Acturial changes in Defined Benefit Obligations	Money received against share warrants	lstoT
Balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period 1st April 2020		'	1,928.32	1,081.07			(2,836.73)				'		6.95	1	179.61
Changes in accounting policy/prior period errors	'	'		1							1	•		-	•
Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	-	-	1	1	1	ı		-		-	-			1	
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	'	-	•		,		65.88	1	•	1		'	(7.12)		58.76
Dividends	'	•		,	,	,	-	,	-	'	1	•	1	1	ľ
Transfer to retained earnings	'	•	1	1	'	'	٠	٠	-	٠	'	•	•	-	'
Ralanco as at 21st March 9091	'	_	1.928.32	1.081.07	1	•	(2.770.85)	•			•	•	(0.17)		238.36

As per our report of even date attached For CSK PRABHU & CO Chartered Accountants, Firm Regd. No. 0024855

(Sd.) CSK Prabhu

M.No: 019811 UDIN:22019811ALRNOB9345

Sasirekha Vengatesh Chartered Accountant Internal Auditor M.No. 200464

**D. Lakshminarayanaswamy** Managing Director (DIN: 00028118)

R. Guru Chandrasekar Director (DIN: 0008421861)

**G. Krishnakumar** Chief Financial Officer

M. Srividya Company Secretary

Place: Coimbatore Date: 30.05.2022



#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1 Corporate Information

Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Limited CIN:L17111TZ1946PLC000175 is a Public Limited Company under the indian Companies Act of 2013 having registered office at 1493, Sathyamangalam Road, Ganapathy Post, Coimbatore - 641006. The Companies Equity shares are listed in Bombay Stock Exchange.

#### 2 Basis of preparation of financial statements

#### **Statement of Compliance**

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and amendments thereto.

Previous Year figures are regrouped and reclassified wherever considered necessary to confirm to current year classification.

#### Basis of preparation and presentation

For all periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP).

The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 are the fifth financial statements the Company has prepared in accordance with Ind AS with the date of transition as April 1, 2016.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

#### Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded to the nearest Lakhs (up to two decimals).

The financial statements are approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on May 30, 2022...

#### 2A Critical accounting estimates and management judgments

In application of the accounting policies, which are described in note 2, the management of the Company is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant.

Information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements used in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

#### Revenue Recognition

The Company's contracts with customers could include promises to transfer multiple products and services to a customer. The Company assesses the products / services promised in a contract/s and identifies distinct performance obligations in the contract. Identification of distinct performance obligation involves judgement to determine the deliverables and the ability of the customer to benefit independently from such deliverables. Judgement is also required to determine the transaction price for each of the contract and to ascribe the transaction price to each distinct performance obligation. The transaction price could be either a fixed amount of customer consideration or variable consideration. The transaction price is also adjusted for the effects of the time value of money if the contract includes a significant financing component. Any consideration payable to the customer is adjusted to the transaction price, unless it is a payment for a distinct product or service from the customer. The Company exercises judgement in determining whether the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time or over a period of time. The Company considers indicators such as how customer consumes benefits as services are rendered or who controls the asset as it is being created or existence of enforceable right to payment for performance to date and alternate use of such product or service, transfer of significant risks and rewards to the customer, acceptance of delivery by the customer, etc. Revenue for Real Estate contracts are recognised using percentage-of-completion method. The Company uses judgement to estimate amounts of the future cost-to-completion of the contracts on the basis of estimates furnished/agreed, which is used to determine the degree of the completion of the performance obligation.

#### Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

The residual values and estimated useful life of PPE is assessed by the technical team at each reporting date by taking into account the nature of asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating condition of the asset, past history of replacement and maintenance support. Under the previous GAAP (Indian GAAP), the property, plant and equipment were carried in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation. The company has elected to continue to measure the property, plant and equipment at their previous GAAP values. Hence, no fair valuation or retrospective application of Ind AS 16 is required.

#### Current tax

Calculations of income taxes for the current period are done based on applicable tax laws and management's judgement and decision, by evaluating positions taken in tax returns and interpretations of relevant provisions of law.

#### **Deferred Tax Assets**

Significant management judgement is exercised by reviewing the deferred tax assets at each reporting date to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be retained/ recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

#### Fair value

Management uses valuation techniques in measuring the fair value of financial instruments where active market quotes are not available. In applying the valuation techniques, management makes maximum use of market inputs and uses estimates and assumptions that are, as far as possible, consistent with observable data that market participants would use in pricing the instrument. Where applicable data is not observable, management uses its best estimate about the assumptions that market participants would make. These estimates may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

## Impairment of Trade Receivables

The impairment assessment for trade receivables are done based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The assumptions, selection of inputs for calculation of impairment are based on management judgement considering the past history, market conditions and forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting date.

## $Impairment\ of\ Non-financial\ assets\ (PPE)$

The impairment assessment of non-financial assets is determined based on estimation of value of recoverable amount of such assets. The assumptions used in computing the value of recoverable amount are based on management judgement considering the timing of future cash flows, discount rates and the risks specific to the asset.

## Defined Benefit Plans and Other long term employee benefits

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other long term employee benefits, and the present value of such obligation are determined by the independent actuarial valuer. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in future. Management believes that the assumptions used by the actuary in determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rates are reasonable. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long term nature, this obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd...)

#### Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities could not be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, management uses valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model, to determine its fair value. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is exercised in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility.

#### Lease

Ind-AS 116 requires an entity to assess whether a contract or arrangement contains a lease. In accordance with Ind-AS 116, this assessment should be carried out at the inception of the contract or arrangement. The determination of whether an agreement is, or contains, a "Right of use" is based on the substance of the agreement at the date of inception. Accounting of Right of Use is based on Ind-AS 116.

#### Provisions and contingencies

The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the reporting date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore vary from the figure estimated at end of each reporting period.

## 2B New Accounting standards/ Recent Accounting Developments

MCA notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022 which is effective from April 01, 2022. On March 24, 2021, MCA through anotification, amended Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 effective from April 01, 2021. Amendments relating to Division II whose financial statements are required to comply with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016, have been complied with.

#### 3 Significant Accounting Policies

#### a) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- i) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified 12 months as its operating cycle excepting for Real Estate Contracts, wherein the operating cycle is the time agreed in the respective contracts.

#### b) Fair value measuremen

The Company has applied the fair value measurement wherever necessitated at each reporting period.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- i) In the principal market for the asset or liability;
- ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and the best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level  $\,1:$  Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable; and
- $Level \ 3: Valuation \ techniques for which \ the \ lowest \ level \ input \ that \ is \ significant \ to \ the \ fair \ value \ measurement \ is \ unobservable.$

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Company has designated the respective team leads to determine the policies and procedures for both recurring and non - recurring fair value measurement. External valuers are involved, wherever necessary with the approval of Company's board of directors. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained.

For the purpose of fair value disclosure, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risk of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above. The component wise fair value measurement is disclosed in the relevant notes .

# c) Revenue Recognition

## Revenue from Sale of goods

Effective from 01-04-2018, Revenue is recognized as per Ind-AS 115, using the Five Step model that is applied to recognize revenue and which focusses on transfer of control of goods and services by an entity to its customers to recognize revenue. The Five Step model requires the following a) identify the contract with the customers b) identify the performance obligation in the contract c) Determine the transaction Price d) Allocate the Transaction price to the Performance Obligations e) Recognize Revenue when (or) as the entity satisfies its performance obligations.



Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment.

#### Revenue from Real Estate

Revenue from real estate development include land taken up under development by extending contract of licence to a developer by sharing the developed real estate with him. Performance obligation in respect of such real estate assets is to deliver land to developer/villas and apartments to customers. The customer simultaneously receives the benefits of such contract and further the company has no alternate use over such asset and has an enforceable right of payment over such asset. The Company has made careful judgement and satisifed that the Performance obligations in the Contract/s are satisfied over time. Therefore the revenue from the above is recognised over time to the extent the satisfaction of Performance obligation and its progress and consequent obtention of economic benefits and potential cash flows to the company. The revenue from that part of the Land licenced towards Developer's Share is contracted to be discharged by Developer by construction of superstructure in respect of land owner's share agreed. Therefore the total revenue for the transfer of land towards Developers share is the originally agreed cost of construction of the super structure belonging to the company as per customary business practice. The revenue from transfer of control during an year is recognised to the extent of land in respect of which substantial progress made in the performance obligation by the Developer eventhough the legal title may remain with the company. The contractual obligation of the Company and Developer are transacted at consideration originally agreed and discharged as above. Revenue in respect of the Villas belonging to the Company and contracted for sale is recognised on the basis of percentage of completion of performance obligation with the Customer. The Company recognizes the completed performance obligations and recognizes revenue taking into account the transaction price and therefore the remaining transaction price will represent the remaining performance obligations and recognizes revenue taking inc

Revenue from Sale of other Real Estate Assets are recognized on completion of bundled legal obligation attached therewith.

#### Commission Income

Commission Income is recognised when the services are rendered as per performance obligation under the terms of the agreement if any and when no significant uncertainty as to its determination or realisation exists.

#### Sale of scrap

Scrap sale is recognised at the fair value of consideration received or receivable upon transfer of control.

#### Interest Income

Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

#### Rental Income

Rental income from operating lease is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

## Contract Asset/Liability

If a customer pays consideration, or the Company has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (ie a receivable), before the company transfers a good or service to the customer, the company presents the contract as a contract liability (Customer Advances/Advance against Sales) when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). A contract liability is an entity's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the entity has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, the entity shall present the contract as a contract asset, excluding any amounts presented as a receivable. A contract asset is an entity's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the entity has transferred to a customer. An entity shall assess a contract asset for impairment in accordance with Ind AS 109.

## d) Property, plant and equipment

Deemed cost option for first time adopter of Ind AS

Under the previous GAAP (Indian GAAP), the property, plant and equipment were carried in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation. The company has elected to continue to measure the property, plant and equipment at their previous GAAP values.

#### Presentation

Property, plant and equipment and capital work in progress are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs of a qualifying asset, if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of tangible assets outstanding at each balance sheet date, are disclosed as capital advances under long term loans and advances and the cost of the tangible assets not ready for their intended use before such date, are disclosed as capital work in progress.

#### Component Cost

All material/ significant components have been identified for our plant and have been accounted separately. The useful life of such component are analysed independently and wherever components are having different useful life other than plant they are part of, useful life of components are considered for calculation of depreciation.

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of repairs and maintenance are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Machinery spares/ insurance spares that can be issued only in connection with an item of fixed assets and their issue is expected to be irregular are capitalised. Replacement of such spares is charged to revenue. Other spares are charged as revenue expenditure as and when consumed.

#### Derecognition

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

### e) Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

Depreciation is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of an asset over its useful life. The depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less 5% being its residual value. Depreciation is provided on straight line method (for Plant & Machinery and Electrical Machinery) and on written down value method (for all other Assets), over the useful lives as is specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd...)

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life based on Specified Useful Life in Schedule II (No of Years)
Building	60
Factory Building	30
Investment Property	60
Roads/Fences-Wells-Tube Wells	5
Plant & Machinery	15
Electrical installations and Equipments	15
Air Conditioner	10
Furniture & Office Equipments	10
Computer Hardware	1-3
Servers	6
Vehicles	8

Depreciation for PPE on additions is calculated on pro-rata basis from the date of such additions. For deletion/ disposals, the depreciation is calculated on pro-rata basis up to the date on which such assets have been discarded/ sold. Additions to fixed assets, costing 5000 each or less are fully depreciated retaining its residual value.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

#### f) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Costs are determined on weighted average/FIFO method as follows:

- (i) Raw materials, stores, spares and consumables, Waste: At purchase cost including other cost incurred in bringing materials/consumables to their present location and condition on Weighted Average Method. Spares are considered to have useful life of less than 12 months and hence classified under inventories. Stock of Stores and Packing materials, Spares (with less than 12 months useful lives) is valued on Weighted Average method.
- (ii) Work-in-process: At material cost, conversion costs and appropriate share of production overheads
- (iii) Finished goods: Under FIFO Method At material cost, conversion costs and an appropriate share of production overheads.
- (iv) Real Estate Inventories: Real Estate inventories consisting of Land are carried at Cost/Deemed Cost. In respect of Construction of Super Structures, the WIP is valued at Cost at agreed Cost of Construction."

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### g) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when an entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

#### Financial assets

## Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value. However, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset are also added to the cost of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified on the basis of their contractual cash flow characteristics and the entity's business model of managing them.

Financial assets are classified into the following categories:

- Financial instruments (other than equity instruments) at amortised cost
- Financial Instruments (other than equity instruments) at Fair value through Other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Other Financial Instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

## Financial instruments (other than equity instruments) at amortised cost

The Company classifies a financial instruments (other than equity instruments) at amortised cost, if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows; and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are Solely Payments of Principal and Interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss.

## Financial Instruments (other than equity instruments) at FVTOCI

The Company classifies a financial instrument (other than equity instrument) at FVTOCI, if both of the following criteria are met:

- a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

The financial instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Company recognizes finance income, impairment losses and reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss statement. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to profit and loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

#### Financial instruments (other than equity instruments) at FVTPL

The Company classifies all other financial instruments, which do not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, as at FVTPL. Financial instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.



#### **Equity investments**

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. Where the Company makes an irrevocable election of classifying the equity instruments at FVTOCI, it recognises all subsequent changes in the fair value in OCI, without any recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit and loss, even on sale of such investments.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

Financial assets are measured at FVTPL except for those financial assets whose contractual terms give rise to cash flows on specified dates that represents SPPI, are measured as detailed below depending on the business model::

Classification	Name of the financial asset
Amortised cost	Trade receivables, Loans given to employees and others, deposits, interest receivable, unbilled revenue and other advances recoverable in cash.
FVTOCI	Equity investments in companies other than subsidiaries and associates if an option exercised at the time of initial recognition.
FVTPL	Other investments in equity instruments, mutual funds, forward exchange contracts (to the extent not designated as a hedging instrument).

#### Derecognition

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement? and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance.
- b) Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured at FVTOCI
- c) Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 11 and Ind AS 115.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

- Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables; and
- All lease receivables resulting from transactions within the scope of Ind AS 116.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime Expected Credit Loss (ECL) at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12 months ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12 months ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, the Company considers all contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension, call and similar options) over the expected life of the financial instrument and Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECL allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss. This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the profit and loss. The balance sheet presentation of ECL for various financial instruments is described below:

- Financial assets measured as at amortised cost, contractual revenue receivables and lease receivables: ECL is presented as an allowance, which reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.
- Financial assets measured at FVTOCI: Since financial assets are already reflected at fair value, impairment allowance is not further reduced from its value. Rather, ECL amount is presented as 'accumulated impairment amount' in the OCI.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

For impairment purposes, significant financial assets are tested on individual basis at each reporting date. Other financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. Accordingly, the impairment testing is done on the following basis:

Name of the financial asset	Impairment Testing Methodology
Trade / Other Receivables	Expected Credit Loss model (ECL) is applied. The ECL over lifetime of the assets are estimated by using a provision matrix which is based on historical loss rates reflecting current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions which are grouped on the basis of similar credit characteristics such as nature of industry, customer segment, past due status and other factors that are relevant to estimate the expected cash loss from these assets
Other financial assets	When the credit risk has not increased significantly, 12 month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. When there is significant change in credit risk since initial recognition, the impairment is measured based on probability of default over the life time. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12 month ECL.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd...)

#### Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at FVTPL and as at amortised cost.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading, if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to profit and loss. However, the company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

Classification	Name of the financial liability
Amortised cost	Borrowings, Trade payables, Interest accrued, Unclaimed / Disputed dividends, Security deposits and other financial liabilities not for trading.
FVTPL	Foreign exchange Forward contracts being derivative contracts do not qualify for hedge accounting under Ind AS 109 and other financial liabilities held for trading.

#### Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss

#### Reclassification of financial assets

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

The following table shows various reclassification and how they are accounted for:

S.No	Original classification	Revised classification	Accounting treatment
1	Amortised cost	FVTPL	Fair value is measured at reclassification date. Difference between previous amortized cost and fair value is recognised in P&L.
2	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new gross carrying amount. EIR is calculated based on the new gross carrying amount.
3	Amortised cost	FVTOCI	Fair value is measured at reclassification date. Difference between previous amortised cost and fair value is recognised in OCI. No change in EIR due to reclassification.
4	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new amortised cost carrying amount. However, cumulative gain or loss in OCI is adjusted against fair value. Consequently, the asset is measured as if it had always been measured at amortised cost.
5	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new carrying amount. No other adjustment is required.
6	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Assets continue to be measured at fair value. Cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified to P&L at the reclassification date.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

## h) Foreign currency transactions and translations

#### Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Company at the functional currency spot rates at the date at which the transaction first qualifies for recognition. However, for practical reasons, the Company uses an average rate, if the average approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).



The Company enters into forward exchange contract wherever necessary to hedge its risk associated with Foreign currency fluctuations. The premium or discount arising at the inception of a forward exchange contract is amortized as expense or income over the life of the contract. In case of monetary items which are covered by forward exchange contract, the difference between the yearend rate and rate on the date of the contract is recognized as exchange difference. Any profit or loss arising on cancellation of a forward exchange contract is recognized as income or expense for that year.

#### i) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost include interest computed using Effective Interest Rate method, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, production of a qualifying asset are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. The Company determines the amount of borrowing cost eligible for capitalisation by applying capitalisation rate to the expenditure incurred on such cost. The capitalisation rate is determined based on the weighted average rate of borrowing cost applicable to the borrowings of the Company which are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically towards purchase of the qualifying asset. The amount of borrowing cost that the Company capitalises during the period does not exceed the amount of borrowing cost incurred during that period. All other borrowings costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### k) Taxes

#### Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income. The Company during the year 2019-20 has adopted the provisions of Sec.115BAA of the Income tax Act. Accordingly no Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) is applicable from FY:2019-20 onwards. Further no Current tax on the profits for FY:2019-20 is applicable considering the unabsorbed losses available to the company and income declared.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in respect of tax matters with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future tax liability, is recognised as an asset viz. MAT Credit Entitlement, to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal Income tax and it is highly probable that future economic benefits associated with it will flow to the Company during the specified period. The Company reviews the "MAT Credit Entitlement" at each Balance Sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of the same to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal Income tax during the specified period or when it can no longer carry forward the MAT Credit entitlement by provisions of law.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised. Where there is deferred tax assets arising from carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits, they are recognised to the extent of deferred tax liability.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

#### 1) Retirement and other employee benefits

## Short-term employee benefits

A liability is recognised for short-term employee benefit in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

## Defined contribution plans

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

## Defined benefit plans

The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan in India, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

## Other long term employee benefits

Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Company in respect of services provided by the employees up to the reporting date.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd...)

#### m) Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgment. The Company uses significant judgment in assessing the lease term and the applicable discount rate.

For arrangements entered into prior to 1 April 2016, the Company has determined whether the arrangement contain lease on the basis of facts and circumstances existing on the date of transition.

#### Company as a lessee

Effective April 1, 2019, the Company adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" in respect of lease contracts outstanding on April 1,2019 using modified retrospective method. The Company has made a detailed evaluation of all the Leases where it is a lessee, on an individual basis. Based on such evaluation, the Company has concluded that all the Lease Agreements entered into by the Company and where it is a lessee, are in the nature of short-term leases and hence in accordance with para 5 & 6 of Ind-AS 116, the Company has exercised the Right of use Asset recognition exemption option available in respect of short term leases and recognized the lease payments associated with those leases as an expense in the statement of profit and loss, on either a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis (if that basis is more representative of the pattern of the lessee's benefit). The Company recognizes a lease as a short term lease in accordance with Ind-AS 116, only if the Lease Arrangement (including any addendum thereto) has all of the following characteristics: a) It is for a period of 12 months or less b) it does not grant a renewal or extension option to the lessee c) It does not grant a purchase option to the lessee. A lease with the above characteristics is considered as a short-term lease even if there is a past practice of the lease being renewed upon expiry of the lease term for a further period of one year (with the mutual consent of both the lessor and the lessee). Consequently all the disclosure requirements in Ind-AS 116 in respect of such Leases, where the Company is a lessee, is not applicable.

#### Company as a lessor

Lease income from operating leases where the company is a lessor is recognised in income on a straightline basis over the lease term unless the receipts are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the expected inflationary cost increases. The respective leased assets are included in the balance sheet based on their nature and materiality.

#### n) Impairment of non financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

#### o) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent asset

#### Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are discounted, if the effect of the time value of money is material, using pre-tax rates that reflects the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, an increase in the provisions due to the passage of time is recognised as finance cost. These provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Necessary provision for doubtful debts, claims, etc., are made, if realisation of money is doubtful in the judgement of the management.

#### Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. Contingent liabilities are disclosed separately.

Show cause notices issued by various Government authorities are considered for evaluation of contingent liabilities only when converted into demand.

#### Contingent assets

Where an inflow of economic benefits is probable, the Company discloses a brief description of the nature of the contingent assets at the end of the reporting period, and, where practicable, an estimate of their financial effect.

Contingent assets are disclosed but not recognised in the financial statements.

#### p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances with original maturity of less than 3 months, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### g) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are presented using indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments.

Bank borrowings are generally considered to be financing activities. However, where bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand form an integral part of an entity's cash management, bank overdrafts are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of Cash flow statement.

#### r) Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic EPS and also weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for bonus shares, as appropriate..



# 4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(₹ in Lakhs)

					TANGIB	LE ASSETS	i			
Particulars	Land (Cost)	Build- ings (cost)	Plant and Machin- ery	Furniture and Fittings	Computer	Vehicles	Office Equipment	Library	Total	Intangibl Assets - Software
Cost as at March 31, 2019	3.23	162.30	480.08	0.20	1.11	20.10	0.49	-	667.51	19.0
Additions	-	-	67.39	-	-	-	-	-	67.39	
Disposals	-	(98.21)	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	(98.20)	
Cost as at March 31, 2020	3.23	64.09	547.48	0.20	1.11	20.10	0.49	-	636.70	19.0
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disposals	-	-	14.01	-	-	-	-	-	14.01	
Cost as at March 31, 2021	3.23	64.09	533.47	0.20	1.11	20.10	0.49	-	622.69	19.0
Additions	-	4.49	74.35	-	-	8.15	-	-	86.99	
Disposals	-	-	(4.70)	-	-	(18.02)	-	-	(22.72)	
Cost as at March 31, 2022	3.23	68.58	603.12	0.20	1.11	10.23	0.49	-	686.95	19.0
Depreciation/Amortisation										
As at March 31, 2019	-	29.69	83.16	-	0.33	14.20	-	-	127.37	19.0
Charge for the year	-	2.08	24.36	-	-	1.49	-		27.93	
Disposals	-	(21.71)	-	-	-	-	-		(21.70)	
As at March 31, 2020	-	10.05	107.52	-	0.33	15.68	-	-	133.60	19.0
Charge for the year	-	1.50	23.48	-	-	0.01	-	-	24.99	
Disposals	-	-	(8.00)	-	-	-	-	-	(8.00)	
As at March 31, 2021	-	11.55	123.00	-	0.33	15.69	-	-	150.59	19.0
Charge for the year	-	1.41	25.04	-	-	1.62	-	-	28.07	
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	(14.68)	-	-	(14.68)	
As at March 31, 2022	-	12.97	148.03	-	0.33	2.63	-		163.98	19.0
Net Block										
As at March 31, 2020	3.23	54.04	439.96	0.20	0.78	4.42	0.49	-	503.10	
As at March 31, 2021	3.23	52.54	410.47	0.20	0.78	4.41	0.49	-	472.10	
As at March 31, 2022	3.23	55.61	455.07	0.20	0.78	7.59	0.49	-	522.97	

	PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
,	NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS		
	Investment in Subsidiaries (Unquoted)		
	9800 Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid in	-	0.98
	Doral Real Estates Private Limited		
	Investment in equity shares (Unquoted) - FVOCI		
	2000 Equity shares (Prev year 2000 )of Rs.10 each fully paid in Sentra Yarns ltd	0.20	0.20
	10000 Equity shares (Prev year 10000 )of Rs.10 each fully paid in Cosco Ltd	1.00	1.00
	Investment in Government Securities - FVOCI		
	7 years National Savings Certificate	0.01	0.01
	6 years National Savings Certificate	0.63	0.63
	Indra Vikas Patra	0.01	0.01
	Less: Impairment in value of investments in Equity Shares & Govt Secs	(1.85)	(2.83)
	Total	-	-
	Total non-current investments		
	Aggregate amount of quoted investments	_	_
	Aggregate market value of quoted investments	_	_
	Aggregate cost of unquoted investments	1.85	2.83
	Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	1.85	2.83
	OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS (Unsecured considered good)		
	Security Deposits	76.04	76.04
	Total	76.04	76.04

TES FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd)		(₹ in Lakhs)
PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
DEFERRED TAX ASSET (Net)		
Deferred tax Asset (net)	241.55	353.76
MAT Credit Entitlement	_	-
Total	241.55	353.76
OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS (Unsecured, considered good)		
Advance recoverable in cash or in kind , or for value to be received	1.78	5.37
Adcance for Capital Expenditure	278.32	5.16
Due from Subsidiary Company	-	43.81
Less: Impairment Loss on Due from Subsidiary Company	<del>-</del>	(43.81)
Total	280.10	10.53
INVENTORIES		
Raw Materials	353.09	257.47
Work-in-progress	196.67	121.97
Finished products	96.42	95.65
Stock-in-trade- Land	1,812.37	1,834.29
Stores and spares	32.67	23.86
Waste	17.57	7.37
Stock-in Trade - Land under Development	76.65	87.81
Stock-in-Trade- Building under Development	1,204.92	960.10
Total	3,790.37	3,388.52
Contract Assets		
Other debts - unsecured, considered good		
-Real Estate Activity - Contract Asset - Land foregone under Joint Venture	2,574.47	2,574.47
-Real Estate Activity - Contract Liability - Building under Construction	(2,181.05)	(1,646.20)
-Real Estate Activity- Contract Asset - Villas Sold	440.14	552.38
Total	833.56	1,480.65
TRADE RECEIVABLES		
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment		
Unsecured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured, considered doubtful	21.09	27.13
Other debts -		
Unsecured, considered good	22.91	12.09
	44.00	39.22
Less: Expected Credit Loss	(21.35)	(27.13)
Total Trade Receivable ageing Schedule as at March 31, 2022	22.65	12.09

	Outstanding fo		riods from du I from the dat			o due date
	Less than 6 Months	6 months - 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	22.65	-	-	-	-	22.65
Undisputed Trade Receivables — which have significant increase in credit risk	0.26	-	-	-	-	0.26
Undisputed Trade Receivables — credit impaired		0.10	-	-	20.99	21.09
Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unbilled Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment Loss Allowance	0.26	0.10	-	-	20.99	21.35



12

13

14

15

71,18,330 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each

(₹ in Lakhs)

 PARTICULARS
 As at 31.03.2022
 As at 31.03.2021

# Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule as at 31-03-2021

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment/where no due d is specified from the date of the transaction					o due date
	Less than 6 Months	6 months - 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	12.09	-	-	-	-	12.09
Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	0.88	_	0.06	26.20	27.13
Disputed Trade Receivables—considered good	_	_		_	_	_
Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	_	_	_	_	_	_
Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired						
Unbilled Revenue	_	_	_	_	-	
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06	06.00	07.10
Impairment Loss Allowance	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.06	26.20	27.13
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash- on- Hand				0	.30	0.23
Balances with Banks						
(i) In Current Accounts					.10	0.79
(ii) In Cash Credit Account				2	62	2.58
(iii) In Margin Money Deposit Account					-	
(iv)Demand deposits with a maturity of more then $3$ months but less than $12$	months				-	
(v) Unpaid dividend account						
Total				3	<u> </u>	3.60
OTHER BANK BALANCES						
In Fixed Deposits(Security Deposits)					-	
In Margin money with Banks					-	
In Earmarked Accounts (i) Unpaid Dividend Account					-	
(ii) Unpaid Interest Account					-	
* lien marked against outstanding letters of credit					<u> </u>	
non manea agamer oatetanang terteto or eroat						
OTHER CURRENT ASSETS						
Income and claims receivable				3	3.06	
Interest accrued on Deposits						
Advance recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received					.56 .02	55.91 5.27
Prepaid expenses Balance with government authorities					3.51	30.83
Lease Rent Receivable					.69	20.61
TDS Refund Receivable				42	2.84	20.62
Total				126	.69	133.25
CAPITAL						
Authorised Share Capital						
(i) 1,00,00,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each				1,000	.00	1,000.00
(ii) Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs.100/- each				500	.00	500.00
				1,500	0.00	1,500.00
Issued Share Capital						
71,19,421 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each				711		711.94
Subscribed and fully paid up share capital				711	.94	711.94

Total

711.83

711.83

711.83 711.83

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd....)

(₹ in Lakhs)

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
Notes:		
(a) Reconciliation of number of equity shares subscribed		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	71,18,330	71,18,330
Add: Issued during the year	<del>_</del>	
Balance at the end of the year	71,18,330	71,18,330

## (b) Shares issued for consideration other than cash

There are no shares allotted as fully paid without payments being received in cash, bonus shares or shares bought back.

### (c) Shareholders holding more than 5% of the total share capital

Name of the share holder	March 31	March 31, 2022		, 2021
	No of shares	% of holding	No of shares	% of holding
Sri. D. Lakshminarayanaswamy	14,75,026	20.72%	14,75,026	20.72%
Smt. L. Nagaswarna	9,53,570	13.40%	9,53,570	13.40%
Smt. L. Suhasini	6,21,276	8.73%	6,21,276	8.73%
Smt. L. Swathy	5,63,406	7.91%	5,63,406	7.91%
Stressed Assets Stabilisation Fund	6,19,350	8.70%	7,09,639	9.97%
Sri. D. Lakshminarayanaswamy jointly with L.Suhasini & L.Swathy	2,32,500	3.27%	2,32,500	3.27%

#### (d) Rights, preferences and restrictions in respect of equity shares issued by the Company

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each Share holder is eligible for one vote per share. In the event of liquidation the equity share holders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion of their share holding.

## (e) Shares held by promoters at at 31-03-2022

Promoter Name	No of Shares	% of Total Shares	% change during the Year
Sri. D. Lakshminarayanaswamy	1,475,026	20.72%	-
Smt. L. Nagaswarna	953,570	13.40%	-
Smt. L. Suhasini	621,276	8.73%	-
Smt. L. Swathy	563,406	7.91%	-
Swathy Processors Limited	326,942	4.59%	-
Suhasini Spinners Limited	258,563	3.63%	-
Sri Ramakrishna Yarn Carriers Limited	124,450	1.75%	-
Sri. D. Lakshminarayanaswamy jointly with L.Suhasini & L.Swathy	232,500	3.27%	-

## Shares held by promoters at at 31-03-2021

Promoter Name	No of Shares	% of Total Shares	% change during the Year
Sri. D. Lakshminarayanaswamy	1,475,026	20.72%	3.27%
Smt. L. Nagaswarna	953,570	13.40%	0.03%
Smt. L. Suhasini	621,276	8.73%	-
Smt. L. Swathy	563,406	7.91%	-
Swathy Processors Limited	326,942	4.59%	-
Suhasini Spinners Limited	258,563	3.63%	-
Sri Ramakrishna Yarn Carriers Limited	124,450	1.75%	-
Sri. D. Lakshminarayanaswamy jointly with L.Suhasini & L.Swathy	232,500	3.27%	3.27%



(₹ in Lakhs)

110 09

265 24

PARTICULARS	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
6 OTHER EQUITY		
General reserve	-	-
Capital Reserve	1,906.80	1,928.32
Securities Premium Account	1,081.07	1,081.07
Other comprehensive income	(16.41)	(0.17)
Retained earnings	(2,519.44)	(2,770.85)
Total	452.02	238.37
a) General reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-
Additions during the year	-	-
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	-	-
b) Capital Reserve		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,928.32	1,928.32
Transfer to Retained Earnings	(21.52)	-
Balance at the end of the year	1,906.80	1,928.32
c) Securities Premium Account		
Balance at the beginning and end of the year	1,081.07	1,081.07
d) Other comprehensive income		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(0.17)	6.95
Additions during the year	(16.24)	(7.12)
Balance at the end of the year	(16.41)	(0.17)
e) Retained earnings		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(2,770.85)	(2,836.73)
Net profit for the period	229.89	65.88
Transfer from Capital Reserve	21.52	-
Prior Year adjustments	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	(2,519.44)	(2,770.85)
Comital Pagama represents are queta unich pre not distributable as Dividend		

a) Capital Reserve represents amounts which are not distributable as Dividend.

## 17 LONG TERM BORROWINGS

(a)	Secured	
	Evon Pauls Town	

	From Banks-Term Loans		110.83	203.34
	From Director		350.53	579.50
	Total		461.37	844.84
Te	erms of loan and security details			
i)	Term Loan - South Indian Bank		Limits	Limits
	Term Loan - South Indian Bank (Mortgage Term Loan)		250.00	250.00
		Tenor	36 months	36 months
		Interest	MCLR +2% spread	MCLR $+2\%$ spread
	ECLGS Scheme Term Loan - South Indian Bank		171.00	171.00
		Tenor	4 years including	4 years including
			12 months	12 months
			moratorium	moratorium
		Interest	9.00%	9.00%

ii) Term Loan from The South Indian Bank and Loan from Director are commonly secured by equitable mortgage of 4.135 acres of vacant land with Building situated at Ganapathy, Coimbatore with the Bank being the First Charge Holder and the Director (Managing Director) being the Second Charge Holder.

b) Securities Premium Reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares, buyback of its own shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

c) Other Comprehensive income represents cummulative gains or losses arsing on acturial valutaion of Defined Benefit Obligation net of tax impact thereon.

iii) Term Loan from The South Indian Bank is secured by personal guarantee of the Managing director and the Whole-time Director and their relative. ECLGS Term Loan from The South Indian Bank is secured by personal guarantee of the Managing Director and Whole-Time Director

iv) There are no continuing defaults in respect of any loans to report.

OTE	S TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd)			(₹ in Lak
PA	ARTICULARS		As at 31.03.2022	As a 31.03.202
8 O	THER FINANCIAL NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Re	fundable Performance Guarantee Deposit		475.00	600.00
	Total		475.00	600.00
9 0	THER NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Ad	lvance Towards Real Estate		<u>-</u>	
	Total		-	
	ROVISIONS (NON -CURRENT)			
	ovision for gratuity			
	anagerial personnel		-	141.5
Ot	hers		41.25	141.7
	Total		41.25	141.70
1 C	URRENT LIABILITIES - FINANCIAL LIABILITIES: BORROWING	GS		
a)	Secured			
	Loans repayable on Demand		-	
	From banks			
	Cash credit facility		182.42	
	Overdraft facility		256.84	495.7
	Letter of credit		-	
	Buyers Credit Facility		-	
	Loan against fixed deposits  Loans from director		1,016.33	1,361.8
	Current maturities of term loans - Secured		1,010.33	1,301.6
			143.04	117.5
<b>b</b> )				
	Loans from financial institutions		-	
	Loans from related parties  Loans from director		246.42	227.7
	Inter Corporate Loans		1,082.98	330.8
	Others		-	000.0
	Total		2,928.63	2,534.0
Te	rms of loan and security details			
i)	Overdraft Ioan - South Indian Bank		Limits	Limit
-,	Overdraft loan - South Indian Bank		300.00	300.0
		Tenor	On Demand	On Deman
		Interest	MCLR +1.30% spread MCL	R +1.55% sprea
	Cash Credit		310.00	
	<b></b>	Tenor	on Demand	
		Interest	MCLR +1.30% spread	

ii) Overdraft loan from The South Indian Bank is secured by stock of raw materials, Stock in process, Finished Goods, Packing Materials & other current assets of the Company.

## 22 LEASE LIABILITIES

ZZ	LEASE LIABILITIES		
	Rent Payable	13.58	8.24
	Rental Security Deposit	5.50	5.50
	Total	19.08	13.74
23	TRADE PAYABLES		
	Due to Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises**	-	-
	Others	364.01	380.48
	Total	364.01	380.48

<sup>\*\*</sup> Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the management represents the principal amount payable to these enterprises. There are no interest due and outstanding as at the reporting date. Please refer note 49.

iii) Cash Credit facility from The South Indian Bank is secured by Entire current Assets of the Company (Both present and future).

iv) Further all Loans from The South Indian Bank and the loan from Director are commonly secured by equitable mortgage of 4.135 acres of vacant land with Building situated at Ganapathy, Coimbatore with the Bank being the First Charge Holder and the Director (Managing Director) being the Second Charge Holder.

v) The Managing director and Whole-Time Director along with their relatives are guarantors in respect of the bank loan facilities with The South Indian Bank.

vi) There are no continuing defaults in respect of any loans to report.



# Trade Payable ageing Schedule as at March 31, 2022

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
Others	174.91	176.75	1.07	11.29	364.01	
Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	
Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	
Unbilled dues	-	-	-	-	-	

# Trade Payable ageing Schedule as at March 31, 2021

		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
MSME	-	-	-	-	-		
Others	237.07	0.82	1.72	140.86	380.48		
Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-		
Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-		
Unbilled dues	-	-	-	-	-		

			(₹ in Lakhs)
Pa	articulars	As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2021
24 O	THER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Int	sterest accrued and due on borrowings	0.99	1.18
Ac	dvance towards Real Estate Land & other Assets	-	24.45
Ac	dvance against Sales	0.38	3.09
Lia	iabilities for Expenses	310.68	287.66
Sta	tatutory Dues & Others Payable	25.41	32.05
	Total	337.46	348.43
25 PI	ROVISIONS (CURRENT)		
Pr	rovision for Gratuity - Managerial Personnel	81.68	80.36
Pr	rovision for Gratuity - Others	31.20	36.81
	Total	112.88	117.17

		(₹ in Lakhs
Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ende 31.03.202
6 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
Sale of Products		
Yarn	3,381.13	735.9
Cotton	9.10	4.3
Waste	188.36	50.6
	3,578.59	790.9
Other Operating Revenue		925 4
Conversion Receipts Real Estate Income - Sale of Land (Developer Portion Control Lost)	<del>-</del>	235.6
Real Estate Income - Sale of Villas	- 822.35	1,077.5
Real Estate Income - Sale of Land	4.70	1,077.0
Total	4,405.65	2,104.1
OTHER INCOME		2,104.1
Interest receipts	3.15	7.3
Miscellaneous income	0.28	0.0
Sundry Credits Forfeited (Non-Related Parties)	5.41	25.0
Profit on sale of Assets (Net)	_	
Lease Rent	28.71	28.
Discount Receipts	6.67	
Share of profit/(Loss) from Partnership Firm	-	
Total	44.22	60.9
COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED		
Opening inventory of raw materials	257.47	0.
Add : Purchases	2,316.41	787.
Less : Closing inventory of raw materials	353.09	257.
Total	2,220.79	530.
CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF WORK-IN-PROGRESS AND FINISHED GOODS		
Opening Balance		
Finished goods -Yarn	95.65	8.2
Work-in-progress	121.97	_
Waste	7.37	3
Stock-in Trade - Land Stock-in Trade - Land under Development	1,834.29 87.81	1,834. 104.
Stock-in Trade - Land under Development  Stock-in Trade - Developer's Share where Control not transferred	87.81	104.
Stock-in-trade- Building under Development	- 960.10	724.
otosh in tidde Ballaing ander Bevelopment	3,107.19	2,674.
Clasing Palance	3,107.19	2,074.
Closing Balance Finished goods - Yarn	96.42	95.
	196.67	121.
Work-in-progress	17.57	7.
Work-in-progress Waste	1,812.37	1,834.
Work-in-progress Waste Stock-in Trade - Land		87.
Waste	76.65	
Waste Stock-in Trade - Land	76.65 -	
Waste Stock-in Trade - Land Stock-in Trade - Land under Development		960.
Waste Stock-in Trade - Land Stock-in Trade - Land under Development Stock-in Trade - Developer's Share where Control not transferred	-	
Waste Stock-in Trade - Land Stock-in Trade - Land under Development Stock-in Trade - Developer's Share where Control not transferred Stock-in-trade- Building under Development	1,204.92 3,404.61	3,107.
Waste Stock-in Trade - Land Stock-in Trade - Land under Development Stock-in Trade - Developer's Share where Control not transferred Stock-in-trade- Building under Development  Total changes in inventories	1,204.92	3,107.
Waste Stock-in Trade - Land Stock-in Trade - Land under Development Stock-in Trade - Developer's Share where Control not transferred Stock-in-trade- Building under Development  Total changes in inventories  EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE	1,204.92 3,404.61	3,107.
Waste Stock-in Trade - Land Stock-in Trade - Land under Development Stock-in Trade - Developer's Share where Control not transferred Stock-in-trade- Building under Development  Total changes in inventories	1,204.92 3,404.61 (297.42)	3,107. (432.5
Waste Stock-in Trade - Land Stock-in Trade - Land under Development Stock-in Trade - Developer's Share where Control not transferred Stock-in-trade- Building under Development  Total changes in inventories  EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE Salaries and wages	1,204.92 3,404.61 (297.42)	3,107. (432.5 327. 43.
Waste Stock-in Trade - Land Stock-in Trade - Land under Development Stock-in Trade - Developer's Share where Control not transferred Stock-in-trade- Building under Development  Total changes in inventories  EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE Salaries and wages Contribution to provident and other funds	1,204.92 3,404.61 (297.42) 608.08 41.78	3,107. (432.5 327. 43. 24.
Waste Stock-in Trade - Land Stock-in Trade - Land under Development Stock-in Trade - Developer's Share where Control not transferred Stock-in-trade- Building under Development  Total changes in inventories  EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE Salaries and wages Contribution to provident and other funds Staff welfare expenses	1,204.92 3,404.61 (297.42) 608.08 41.78 39.30	3,107. (432.5 327. 43. 24. 72.
Waste Stock-in Trade - Land Stock-in Trade - Land under Development Stock-in Trade - Developer's Share where Control not transferred Stock-in-trade- Building under Development  Total changes in inventories  EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE Salaries and wages Contribution to provident and other funds Staff welfare expenses Managerial Remuneration (including benefits)	1,204.92 3,404.61 (297.42) 608.08 41.78 39.30 73.74	3,107. (432.5 327. 43. 24. 72.
Waste Stock-in Trade - Land Stock-in Trade - Land under Development Stock-in Trade - Developer's Share where Control not transferred Stock-in-trade- Building under Development  Total changes in inventories  EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE Salaries and wages Contribution to provident and other funds Staff welfare expenses Managerial Remuneration (including benefits)  Total  DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,204.92 3,404.61 (297.42) 608.08 41.78 39.30 73.74	960. 3,107. (432.5 327. 43. 24. 72. 468.
Waste Stock-in Trade - Land Stock-in Trade - Land under Development Stock-in Trade - Developer's Share where Control not transferred Stock-in-trade- Building under Development  Total changes in inventories  EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE Salaries and wages Contribution to provident and other funds Staff welfare expenses Managerial Remuneration (including benefits)  Total  DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSE	1,204.92 3,404.61 (297.42) 608.08 41.78 39.30 73.74 762.89	3,107. (432.5 327. 43. 24. 72. 468.



#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd....) (₹ in Lakhs) Year ended Year ended **Particulars** 31.03.2022 31.03.2021 32 OTHER EXPENSES Consumption of stores and spare parts 57.98 22.46 Bank charges 5.97 6.19 Repairs and maintenance of 10.00 2.30 Buildings 30.55 11.55 Machinery Other Assets 24.78 8.55 5.51 5 76 Lease Rent Printing and Stationery 1 88 1.96 3.12 3.12 Postage, Telegram and Telephones 18.81 Travelling and maintenance of vehicles 29.93 5.37 4.11 Insurance 6.86 Advertisement, Subscription and Periodicals 5.52 Rates and taxes, excluding, taxes on income 2.33 1.26 Filing Fees 0.32 1.28 Directors' sitting Fees 0.72 0.90 Auditors' Remuneration (refer note below) 5.10 4.50 0.80 Yarn Sales Expenses other than brokerage 2.16 2.22 Legal and Professional charges 3.47 0.05 Donations Expected Credit Loss (5.79)(1.07)Impairment Loss on Investments and Advances (44.79)15.71 15.11 Miscellaneous expenses Corporate Social Responsibility 13.90 8.75 Total 174.00 125.23 **Auditors' Remuneration** 3.40 3.40 For Statutory audit For Taxation Matters 1.70 1.10 For Other Matters 5.10 4.50 33 FINANCE COST Interest Expenses On Loans from banks & others 313.78 395.23 395.23 Total 313.78 34 EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS Loss/(Profit) on Sale of Assets (5.48)(35.35)Total (5.48)(35.35)35 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (a) Income tax expense **Current tax** Current tax on profits for the year/Others 15.98 Total current tax expense 15.98 Deferred tax Deferred tax adjustments 117.15 108.80 117.15 108.80 Total deferred tax expense/(benefit) 117.15 124.78 Income tax expense The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows: Profit before tax from continuing operations 347.04 190.66 Income tax expense calculated at $25.168\% \ (2020\mbox{-}21:25.168\%)$ 47.99 87.34 Tax effect of profits during the year not chargeable to tax (87.34)(47.99)15.98 Tax effect of others Deferred tax Adjustments 117.15 108.80 117.15 124.78 Income tax expense Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income Deferred tax Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation

Total income tax recognised in other comprehensive income

(6.26)

(6.26)

(2.40)(2.40)

S TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd)				(₹ in Lakhs)
Movement of deferred tax expense during the year ended	March 31, 2022			
Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in Other comprehensive income	Closing balance
Property, plant, and equipment	(107.83)	8.72	-	(99.11)
Expenses allowable on payment basis	86.12	(41.49)	6.26	50.89
Other temporary differences	375.47	(84.38)	<u>-</u>	289.77
	353.76	(117.15)	6.26	241.55
MAT Credit entitlement				
Total	353.76	(117.15)	6.26	241.55
Movement of deferred tax expense during the year ended	March 31, 2021			
Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in Other comprehensive income	Closing balance
Property, plant, and equipment	(110.11)	2.27	-	(107.83)
Expenses allowable on payment basis	69.59	14.13	2.40	86.12
Other temporary differences	500.66	(125.19)		375.47
	460.15	(108.79)	2.40	353.76
MAT Credit entitlement				
Total	460.15	(108.79)	2.40	353.76
			200.00	65.88
				71,18,330
			3.23	0.93
uted earnings per share (Rs)			3.23	0.93
ARNINGS IN FOREIGN CURRENCY				
B value of exports			-	-
			-	-
_			_	
			_	_
ALUE OF IMPORTS (ON C.I.F BASIS)				
			-	-
pital goods and Spares			-	_
lue of imported and indigenous Raw materials, Packing ma			-	_
	Property, plant, and equipment Expenses allowable on payment basis Other temporary differences  MAT Credit entitlement  Total  Movement of deferred tax expense during the year ended Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:  Property, plant, and equipment Expenses allowable on payment basis Other temporary differences  MAT Credit entitlement  Total  ARNINGS PER SHARE Dit/ (Loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company eighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding sic earnings per share (Rs) lutted earnings per share (Rs) ARNINGS IN FOREIGN CURRENCY DB value of exports  APPENDITURE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY aveiling hers  ALUE OF IMPORTS (ON C.I.F BASIS) Insumables and Stores pital goods and Spares	Movement of deferred tax expense during the year ended March 31, 2022  Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:  Opening balance  Property, plant, and equipment (107.83)  Expenses allowable on payment basis (86.12) Other temporary differences (375.47)  MAT Credit entitlement (170.11)  Total (180.11)  Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to: (180.11)  Property, plant, and equipment (110.11)  Expenses allowable on payment basis (99.59) Other temporary differences (500.66)  MAT Credit entitlement (180.15)  MAT Credit entitlement (180.15)  MAT Credit entitlement (180.15)  MRININGS PER SHARE (180.15)  Opening balance (180.15)  MRININGS PER SHARE (180.15)  MRININGS IN FOREIGN CURRENCY  AND Value of exports  CPENDITURE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY  AND Value of exports  CPENDITURE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY  AND STATES (180.15)  Design and Stores (180.15)  Design and Spares (180.15)  Design and Spares	Movement of deferred tax expense during the year ended March 31, 2022  Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:  Property, plant, and equipment Expenses allowable on payment basis Other temporary differences Other tem	Novement of deferred tax expense during the year ended March 31, 2022   Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:

#### 40 Value of imported and indigenous Raw materials, Packing materials consumed and Consumable Spares during the financial year and the percentage of each to the total consumption

Particulars	For the year ende	For the year ended March 31, 2022		ed March 31, 2021
	Value	Percentage (%)	Value	Percentage (%)
Raw materials				
Imported	-	-	-	-
Indigenous	2,220.79	100.00	530.33	100.00
	2,220.79	100.00	530.33	100.00
Stores, Spares & Components:				
Imported	-	-	-	-
Indigenous	57.98	100.00	22.46	100.00
	57.98	100.00	22.46	100.00

41.	Disclosures rea	uired by the	e Micro. Sma	ll and Medium	Enterprises D	evelonment (	(MSMED) Act.	2006 are	as under
Ŧ1.	Disciosures req	uneu by mi	e Micio, Jilia	ii aiiu Meululli	Linterprises D	evelopilielit (	(MOMED) ACI,	Lovo are	as unuer

(e) Total interest accrued during the year and remaining unpaid

- (a) The principal amount remaining unpaid at the end of the year

  (b) The delayed payments of principal amount paid beyond the appointed date during the year

  -
- (c) Interest actually paid under Section 16 of MSMED Act
- (d) Normal Interest due and payable during the year, for all the delayed payments, as per the agreed terms
- \*This information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.



## 42. Commitments and contingent liability (to the extend not provided for)

Contingent Liability

(a) The following Sales Tax demands are being contested before Hon'ble Madras High Court and no provision is made in the accounts as these are disputed. in Lakhs)

Asst. Year	Nature of Dispute	Disputed	l Demand
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
1995-96	TNGST Demand - Departmental appeal	54.59	54.59
1998-99	TNGST Demand - Pre-assessment Notice	61.66	61.66
	(Rs.30.83 lacs since paid as per Madras High Court Interim Order)		
1999-00	TNGST Pre-assessment Notice	89.37	89.37
2000-01	TNGST Pre-assessment Notice	121.97	121.97

(b) Claims against the Company, not acknowledged as Debts

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Disputed Third party Claims relating to Interest Liability & others	-	30.17

## (c) Commitments and others

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Estimated amount of unexecuted capital contracts	_	_

## 43. Operating Segments

The Company's main business is "Textile" and "Real Estate" as per reportable segment thresholds given in Ind-AS 108 "Operating Segments".

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Segment Revenue		
a) Textile	3,578.59	1,026.60
b) Real Estate Income	827.05	1,077.51
Revenue from Operations (net)	4,405.65	2,104.11
Segment Results		
Profit/(Loss) before tax and Finance Cost		
a) Textile	82.88	(156.66)
b) Real Estate	555.45	733.03
Total	638.32	576.37
Less: Finance Cost	(313.78)	(395.23)
Profit from Continuing Operations	324.54	181.14
Profit from DisContinuing Operations	-	-
Profit before Tax	324.54	181.14
Segment Assets		
a) Textile	1,731.76	1,210.55
b) Real Estate	4,171.78	4,719.99
c) Other unallocable Corporate Assets	-	=
Total Assets	5,903.54	5,930.54
Segment Liabilities		
a) Textile	4,264.68	4,355.91
b) Real Estate	475.00	624.45
c) Other unallocable Corporate Liabilities	-	-
Total Liabilities	4,739.68	4,980.36
Capital employed (Segment Assets-Segment Liabilities)		
a) Textile	(2,532.92)	(3,145.36)
b) Real Estate	3,696.78	4,095.54
Total Capital employed in Segments	1,163.86	950.19
Unallocated Corporate Assets less: Corporate Liabilities	-	-
Total Capital Employed	1,163.86	950.19

# Information relating to geographical areas

## (a) Revenue from external customers

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
India	4,405.65	2,104.11
Other Countries	-	-
Total	4,405.65	2,104.11

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd....)

## b) Non current assets held outside India

The manufacturing facilities of the Company is situated in India and no non-current assets are held outside India

#### c) Information about major customers

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Number of external customers each contributing more than 10% of total revenue	2	4
Total revenue from the above customers	2,318.98	1,052.25
Total	2,318.98	1,052.25

#### d) Disclosure of Contract Assets/Contract Liabilities

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Opening Contract Assets	3,126.85	3,111.81
Additions	-112.24	15.04
Closing Contract Assets	3,014.61	3,126.85
Opening Contract Liabilities	(1,646.20)	(1,103.61)
Additions	(534.85)	(542.59)
Closing Contract Liabilities	(2,181.05)	(1,646.20)
Net Contract Asset/Liabilities	833.56	1,480.65

#### e) Revenue recognised from performance obligations satisfied in previous periods

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Revenue recognised from performance obligations satisfied in previous periods	-	_
Total	_	_

#### 44 Lease

## Transition to Ind AS 116

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2019 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, has notified Ind AS 116 Leases which replaces the existing lease standard, Ind AS 17 leases, and other interpretations. Ind AS 116 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both lessees and lessors. It introduces a single, on-balance sheet lease accounting model for lessees. Effective April 1, 2019, the Company adopted Ind AS 116 "Leases" in respect of lease contracts outstanding on April 01,2019 using modified retrospective method and has opted to measure Right-of-use asset wherever applicable at an amount equal to present value of lease liability outstanding on the date of initial application adjusted for any outstanding lease payment related to that lease recognised before that date. Accordingly, Company has not restated comparative information wherever applicable.

#### Company as a lessee

#### a. Operating leases

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 to leases which are expiring within 12 months and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value or short term in nature, on a lease-by-lease basis.

#### b. Finance Lease

Before introduction of Ind AS 116, leases under which company assumed substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Such assets are classified at fair value or present value of minimum lease payments at the inception of the lease, whichever is lower. After introduction of Ind AS 116, there is no change in the accounting treatment of such leases previously considered as Finance leases. The Company didnot have any such Financial Leases to report.

## **Operating Lease Expenses**

Rental expense recorded for short-term leases was Rs.5.76 Lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2022.

The Company did not have any other operating Lease Expenditure other than Rental Expense recorded as short-term leases. Therefore disclosures relating to the Right of use Asset, Amount of Amortization of such Right of use Asset, Discount Rate used for calculation of Present value of Minimum Lease Payment, Classification of current and non-current financial liability on such Operating Leases where the Company is a lessee is not applicable.

Future Minimum lease rent to be paid:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	
Not later than 1 year	-	-
Later than 1 year but not more than 5 years	-	-
More than 5 years	-	-
Total	-	-

The following is the aggregate breakup of Right of Use Assets recognized during the year ended March, 31,2022:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
Right of Use Asset		
Opening Balance	-	-
Additions during the year	-	-
Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	-	-
Balance as at Year End	-	-



The following is the aggregate movement in lease liabilities during the year ended March 31, 2022:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	
Lease Liabilities		
Opening Balance	-	-
Additions during the year	•	-
Finance cost accrued during the period	•	-
Payment of lease liabilities	-	-
Balance as at Year End	-	-

#### Company as a lessor

The Company is not required to make any adjustments on transition to Ind AS 116 for leases in which it acts as a lessor.

### **Operating Lease Income**

The Lease Agreement provides for an option to mutually renew the lease period for a further period as agreed between the lessor and lessee

Future Minimum lease rent to be received:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	
Not later than 1 year	-	-
Later than 1 year but not more than 5 years	-	-
More than 5 years	-	-
Total	-	-

### 45. Government Grants

The details of Government Grants received by the Company are as follows:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021	
Subsidies			
Duty Drawback on exports	NIL		
Interest subvention on export finance			
Duty rebate under EPCG scheme	]	NIL	
DEPB and Import license entitlements			
Total			

# 46 List of Trade Payable Parties - who have been identified by the Management to cover under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022	Year ended March 31, 2021
NIL	NIL	NIL

- 47 The Balances of Receivables and Payables are adopted as appearing in the Books of Account and are subject to confirmation.
- 48 The Company has made assessment of the impact of COVID 19 on its business operations and carrying values of assets and liabilities as on the Balance Sheet date and upto the date of adoption of this financial statement and concluded that there could be no significant impact specific to the company's business operations other than the general impact faced by the business at large and the general ecomomic slowdown.
- 49 The company has not given any loan/ guarantees/ standby letter of credit to subsidiaries during the year ended 31st March 2022 and 31st March 2021.
- 50 There were no share based payments requiring disclosure.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd....)

### 51. Additional Regulatory Information

- i) Title deeds of Immovable Properties are held in name of the Company
- i) The company does not hold any investment property. Hence the requirement of disclosure on revaluation of investment property does not arise.
- iii) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right-of-Use Assets),
- iv) The company does not hold any Intangible Assets during the year. Hence the requirement of disclosure on revaluation does not arise.
- v) The company has not granted any loans and Advance in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person that are repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.
- vi) Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP)
  - (a) For Capital-work-in progress, following ageing schedule shall be given: CWIP aging schedule

CWIP	Amount in CWIP for a period of			T-4-1	
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Project in progress	6.57	0	0	0	6.57
Projects temporarily suspended	0	0	0	0	0

Note: There are no capital-work-in progress, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan,

- vii) The company does not have any Intangible assets under development. Hence aging schedule in respect thereof is not applicable
- viii) There are no proceeding initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Hence the disclosure mandated in respect thereof are not applicable
- ix) The Quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with banks or financial institutions Where the company has borrowings on the basis of security of current assets are in agreement with the books of accounts;;
- x) The Company is not declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or Financial Institution or other lender.
- xi) Relationship with Struck off Companies
  - On the basis of examination made by the company, the company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- xii) There are no charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond Statutory Period.
- xiii) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of Section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017. Therefore disclosures to be made in respect of non-compliance thereof is not applicable.
- xiv) Financial Ratios:

Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	Ratio for the Financial Year 2021-22	Ratio for the Financial Year 2020-21	Variance
Current Ratio (in Times)	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.27	1.48	-14%
Debt- Equity Ratio (in Times)	Total Long term Debt	Total Shareholder's funds	0.80	1.52	-47%
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in Times)	Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses + Interest & lease payments + Other non-cash adjustments	Debt service = Interest and lease payments + Principal repayments of Long Term debts	0.72	0.93	-23%
Return on Equity (ROE) (in Times)	Profit for the year	Average total equity capital	0.32	0.09	249%
Inventory Turnover Ratio (in Times)	Cost of Goods Sold	Average Inventory	0.98	0.44	122%
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio (in Times)	Net Credit sales	Average trade Receivables	3.75	1.20	213%
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio (in Times)	Net Credit Purchases	Average trade Payables	7.48	4.53	65%
Net Capital Turnover Ratio (in Times)	Revenue from operations (Net)	Average working capital (i.e. Total current assets less Total current liabilities)	3.34	1.31	154%
Net Profit Ratio (in %)	Profit for the year	Revenue from operations (Net)	5.22%	0.03	67%
Return on Capital Employed (in %)	Profit before Tax and Finance Costs	Capital employed = Net worth + Lease liabilities + Deferred tax liabilities	40.66%	32.64%	25%
Return on investment (in %)	Market Value (T1)- Market value T0)	Market Value (T0)	NA	NA	NA

<sup>\*</sup> Reason for Variance of more than 25% is provided below

- (a) Varaince on debt-equity ratio is due to increase in shareholder's other equity.
- (b) Variance in Return on Equity is on account of increase in profits for the year in comparison with previous year.
- (c) Variance in Inventory Turnover Ratio is on the account of increased turnover in comparison with previous year.
- (d) Variance in Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio is on account of increase turnover in comparison with previous year.
- (e) Variance in Trade Payables Turnover Ratio is on the account of increase in purchases commensurate with the increase in Turnover.
- (f) Variance in Net Capital Turnover Ratio is on account of increase in Turnover.
- (g) Variance in Net Profit Ratio is on the account of increase in Turnover.



xv) Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements

There are no schemes approved by competent Authority in terms of section 230 to 237 of the companies Act, 2013

- xvi) Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium
  - (A) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall:
  - i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - (B) The company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall:
  - i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,

#### 52. Disclosures in respect of Statement of Profit and Loss

#### 1. Undisclosed Income

Period/Year ended	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Details of any transactions not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961), unless there is immunity for disclosure under any scheme. Also, state whether the previously unrecorded income and related assets have been properly recorded in the books of account during the year.	Nil	Nil

### 2. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Period/Year ended	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	13.86	8.6
Amount of expenditure incurred	13.9	8.75
Shortfall at the end of the year	Nil	Nil
Total of previous years shortfall	Nil	Nil
Reason for shortfall	NA	NA
Nature of CSR activities		
1. Education	1.00	3.75
2. Health Care		
3. Others	12.90	5.0
Details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled by the company in relation to CSR expendence	liture as per relevant Indiar	Accounting Standard
Sri Ramakrishna Cricket Trust	12.90	3.75
Sri Ramakrishna Charitable Society	1.00	5.00
Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year shall be shown separately.	Nil	Nil

## 3. Details of Crypto Currency/Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in any Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the year. (Prev Year: Nil)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd....)

#### 53 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Capital management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Company will be able to continue as going concern, while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual operating plans and long-term product and other strategic investment plans. The funding requirements are met through equity, long-term borrowings and other short-term borrowings.

For the purposes of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders.

Gearing Ratio:	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Debt	936.37	1,444.83
Less: Cash and bank balances	3.02	3.60
Net debt	933.35	1,441.23
Total equity	1,163.85	950.18
Net debt to equity ratio (%)	80.19%	151.68%
Categories of Financial Instruments		
Financial assets	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
a Measured at amortised cost		
Loans Given	-	-
Other non-current financial assets	76.04	76.04
Trade receivables	22.65	12.09
Cash and cash equivalents	3.02	3.60
Bank balances other than above	-	-
Other financial assets	-	=
b. Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Investments	-	-
Financial liabilities		
a. Measured at amortised cost		
Borrowings (long term)	461.37	844.83
Borrowings (short term)	2,928.63	2,534.01
Trade payables	364.01	380.48
Other Financial non Current liabilities	475.00	600.00
Lease Liabilities	19.08	13.74
b. Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)		
Derivative instruments	-	-

## Financial risk management objectives

The treasury function provides services to the business, co-ordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations through internal risk reports which analyse exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

### Market risk

Market risk is the risk of any loss in future earnings, in realizable fair values or in future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in interest rates. The Company actively manages its interest rate exposures through its finance division, wherever required, to mitigate the risks from such exposures.

## Foreign currency risk management

The Company's Transactions are exposed to negligible Foreign Currency Risk, which is effectively managed by its Finance Division in an optimum manner.

## Disclosure of hedged and unhedged foreign currency exposure

The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:.

## Disclosure of hedged and unhedged foreign currency exposure

The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

## As on March 31, 2022

Currency		Liabilities			Assets		Net overall exposure
	Gross exposure	Exposure hedged using derivatives	Net liability exposure on the currency	Gross exposure	Exposure hedged using derivatives	Net liability exposure on the currency	on the currency - net assets / (net liabilities)
USD							
EUR				Nil			
in INR							



#### As on March 31, 2021

Currency	Liabilities			Assets			Net overall exposure
	Gross exposure	Exposure hedged using derivatives	Net liability exposure on the currency	Gross exposure	Exposure hedged using derivatives	Net liability exposure on the currency	on the currency - net assets / (net liabilities)
USD							
EUR				Nil			
in INR							

#### Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is not applicable as the Company is not exposed to any Direct Foreign Exchange Risk and hence not reported.

#### Interest rate risk management

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk because it borrow funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. The risk is managed by the Company by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings.

#### Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for both derivatives and non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 25 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

The 25 basis point interest rate changes will impact the profitability by INR 8.47 Lakhs for the year (Previous INR 8.98 Lakhs)

#### Credit risk management

Credit risk arises when a customer or counterparty does not meet its obligations under a customer contract or financial instrument, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities primarily trade receivables.

#### Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure is the total of the carrying amount of balances with banks, short term deposits with banks, trade/contract receivables, margin money and other financial assets excluding equity investments.

#### (a) Trade Receivables

In respect of Trade/Contract receivables, the Company has credit evaluation policy for each customer and, based on the evaluation, credit limit of each customer is defined. Wherever possible and as per customary business practice, if the Company assesses the credit risk as high, the exposure is backed by either bank, guarantee/letter of credit or security deposits.

As per simplified approach, wherever applicable, the Company makes provision of expected credit losses on trade/contract receivables using a provision matrix to mitigate the risk of default in payments and makes appropriate provision at each reporting date wherever outstanding is for longer period and involves higher risk.

### (b) Investments, Derivative Instruments, Cash and Cash Equivalents and Bank deposits

Credit Risk on cash and cash equivalents, deposits with the banks/financial institutions is generally low as the said deposits have been made with the banks/financial institutions, who have been assigned high credit rating by international and domestic rating agencies.

### Offsetting related disclosures

Offsetting of cash and cash equivalents to borrowings as per the consortium agreement is available only to the bank in the event of a default. Company does not have the right to offset in case of the counter party's bankruptcy, therefore, these disclosures are not required.

## Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company cannot meet its financial obligations. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements. The Company invests its surplus funds in bank fixed deposit and mutual funds, which carry minimal mark to market risks. The Company also constantly monitors funding options available in the debt and capital markets with a view to maintaining financial flexibility.

#### Liquidity tables

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay.

March 31, 2022	Due in 1st year	Due in 2nd to 5th year	Due after 5th year	Carrying amount
Trade payables and other current liabilities	719.57	-	-	719.57
Borrowings (including interest accrued thereon upto the reporting date)	2,929.62	936.37	-	3,865.98
	3,649.19	936.37	-	4,585.55

March 31, 2021	Due in 1st year	Due in 2nd to 5th year	Due after 5th year	Carrying amount
Trade payables and other current liabilities	735.97	-	-	735.97
Borrowings (including interest accrued thereon upto the reporting date)	2,540.69	1,444.83	-	3,985.52
	2,916.78	1,444.83	-	4,721.49

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd....)

March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required):

Nil Nil

### **54 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE**

a) List of parties having significant influence

Holding company The Company does not have any holding company

Subsidiary Companies Doral Real Estates Private Limited (DORAL) - Part of the year

Companies in which Directors are Interested / Sri Jaganatha Textiles Limited (SJTL)

have significant influence Swathy Processors Ltd (SPL)

Suhasini Spinners Ltd (SSL)

Sri Ramakrishna Yarn Carriers Ltd (SRYC)

Spinwell Machinery Sales And Services Private Limited (SMSSPL)

Partnership Firms in which Directors are Partners Sri Jaganatha Ginning & Oil Mills (JGOM)

Sri Jaganatha Agencies (SJA)

Key management personnel Sri D Lakshminarayanaswamy Managing Director

Smt L Nagaswarna Wholetime Director

Sri. S A Subramanian Company Secretary (upto June 2021)
Smt. M. Srividya Company Secretary (From July 2021)

Sri. G Krishnakumar Chief Financial Officer

Other Directors Sri Rajan Guru Chandrasekar

Sri Ravichandran Dhamodaran Sri Alagappa Raja .Surendran

Sri P Muthusamy

Relatives of Directors Smt L Swathy

Smt L Suhasini

Other Related Parties SNR Sons Charitable Trust (SNR)
(Entity in which KMP have significant influence) Sri Ramakrishna Cricket Trust (SRCT)

Sri Ramakrishna Charitable Society (SRCS)

## b) Transactions during the year

S.No.	Nature of transactions	Amo	ount
1	Managerial Remuneration	2021-22	2020-21
	D. Lakshminarayanaswamy	44.40	44.54
	Smt. L. Nagaswarna	29.34	28.38
2	Remuneration		
	Smt. M. Srividya (Company Secretary from July'21)	4.01	-
	Sri. S A Subramaniam (Company secretary till June'21)	3.18	6.35
	Sri. G Krishnakumar (CFO)	6.24	5.41
	Sri. P Muthusamy (Director)	6.18	6.15
3	Lease Rent Received:		
	SRYC	1.83	1.83
	JGOM	19.60	18.78
	SNR	8.59	7.51
4	Purchases (including GST)		
	SRYC	4.80	2.64
	SMSSPL	4.15	-
	SPL	1,212.77	231.88
	JGOM	548.81	-
	SSL	86.07	-
5	Loan Received /Other Credits:		
	D. Lakshminarayanaswamy	263.49	641.73
	L. Nagaswarna	15.20	31.00
	SRYC	-	2.04
	SPL	961.20	150.40
	Sri.Alagappa Raja .Surendran	1.24	10.00



6	Loan repaid / Other Debits:		
	D. Lakshminarayanaswamy	1,002.32	820.39
	L. Nagaswarna	7.68	35.50
	SRYC	54.06	210.16
	SJTL	-	7.74
	SPL	2.91	228.01
	Sri. Alagappa Raja .Surendran	1.24	-
7	Interest on Loan		
	D. Lakshminarayanaswamy	161.78	203.54
	L. Nagaswarna	21.18	17.60
	SRYC	35.73	70.59
	JGOM	4.08	-
	Sri.Alagappa Raja .Surendran	1.24	
8	Other Interest expenses		
	SPL	48.05	-
	SSL	0.33	-
9	Sitting Fees (inclusive ot TA reimbursement)		
	Ravichandran Dhamodaran	0.27	0.36
	Rajan Guru Chandrasekar	0.39	0.45
	C Balasubramaniam	0.06	-
	Sri.Alagappa Raja .Surendran	-	0.09
10	Rent paid		
	L.Swathy	5.76	5.51
11	CSR Contribution		
	SRCT	12.90	5.00
	SRCS	1.00	3.75
12	Sales (Excluding GST)		
	SPL (Yarn sales)	1,652.46	-
	SNR (sale of Motor Vehicle)	4.72	

# c) Outstanding Balances as at the end of the year

S.No.	Nature of transactions	Amou	ınt
		2021-22	2020-21
1	Outstanding Balance (Payable) / Receivable		
	SPL	(961.29)	(232.62)
	SSL	(86.36)	-
	SRYC	(311.37)	330.02
	D. Lakshminarayanaswamy	(1,376.78)	(1,953.83)
	Sri.Alagappa Raja .Surendran	(10.00)	(10.00)
	L. Nagaswarna	(246.42)	(217.72)
	L.Swathy	(16.38)	(11.03)
	JGOM	(58.89)	18.78
	SMSSPL	(0.12)	-
	SNR	(4.85)	(5.50)

The Related Party transactions above are Arms length transaction between two related parties in the ordinary course of business that is concluded as if they are unrelated so that there is no conflict of Interest.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Contd....)

### 55 RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

## Defined contribution plans

In accordance with Indian law, eligible employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits in respect of provident fund, a defined contribution plan, in which both employees and the Company make monthly contributions at a specified percentage of the covered employees' salary. The contributions, as specified under the law, are made to the Provident Fund to EPF, EDLI, EPS.

The total expense recognised in profit or loss of Rs.19.33 Lakhs (for the year ended March 31, 2021: Rs.15.53 Lakhs) represents contribution paid to these plans by the Company at rates specified in the rules of the plan.

#### Defined benefit plans

### (a) Gratuity

Gratuity is payable as per Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. In terms of the same, gratuity is computed by multiplying last drawn salary (basic salary including dearness Allowance if any) by completed years of continuous service with part thereof in excess of six months and again by 15/26. The Act provides for a vesting period of 5 years for withdrawal and retirement and a monetary ceiling on gratuity payable to an employee on separation, as may be prescribed under the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, from time to time. However, in cases where an enterprise has more favourable terms in this regard the same has been adopted.

These plans typically expose the Company to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest rate risk and salary risk.

Investment risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to the market yields on government bonds denominated in Indian Rupees. If the actual return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit.
Interest risk	A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability. However, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.
Longevity risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
Salary risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

#### The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Discount Rate	7.15% p.a.	6.25% p.a.
Rate of increase in compensation level	2.00% p.a.	2.00% p.a.
Rate of Return on Plan Assets	Nil	Nil
Attrition / Withdrawal rate	3.00%	3.00%
Mortality rate	100% of IALM 2012-14	100% of IALM 2012-14

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

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## $Amounts\ recognised\ in\ total\ comprehensive\ income\ in\ respect\ of\ these\ defined\ benefit\ plans\ are\ as\ follows:$

	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Current service cost	6.27	8.34
Past Service Cost	-	-
Net interest expense	16.17	16.50
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense)	-	-
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in profit or loss	22.44	24.84
Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for the Year		
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability comprising:		
Actuarial (gains)/losses recognised during the period	22.50	9.54
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in other comprehensive income	22.50	9.54
Total	44.94	34.38
The current service cost and the net interest expense for the year are included in the 'employee benefits expense'		
in profit or loss and the remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability		
is included in other comprehensive income.		
The amount included in the balance sheet arising from the Company's obligation in respect of		
its defined benefit plans is as follows:		
Present value of defined benefit obligation	154.13	258.87
Fair value of plan assets	-	-
Net liability/ (asset) arising from defined benefit obligation	154.13	258.87
Funded		-
Unfunded	154.13	258.87
Total	154.13	258.87

The above provisions are reflected under 'Provision for employee benefits' [Refer note 19 & 24].



Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation in the current year were as follows: 258.87 Opening defined benefit obligation 255.95 Past Service Cost Current service cost 6.27 8.34 16.17 16.50 Interest cost 22.50 Actuarial (gains)/losses 9.54 Benefits paid (149.69)(31.46)154.13 258.87 Closing defined benefit obligation Movements in the fair value of the plan assets in the current year were as follows: Opening fair value of plan assets Return on plan assets Contributions Benefits paid Closing fair value of plan assets

#### Sensitivity analysis

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The results of sensitivity analysis is given below:

Particulars	31.3.2022	31.3.2021
Defined benefit obligation (Base)	154.13	258.87

Particulars	31.3.2022		31.3.2021	
	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase
Discount rate ( - / + 1%)	158.07	150.48	268.2	250.27
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	2.60%	-2.40%	3.60%	-3.30%
Salary Growth Rate ( - / +1%)	150.43	158.07	250	268.34
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	-2.40%	2.60%	-3.40%	3.70%
Attrition Rate ( - / + 50% of attrition rates)	153.05	155.08	256.52	253.11
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	-0.70%	0.60%	-0.90%	0.80%
Mortality Rate ( - / + 10% of mortality rates)	154.09	154.16	258.8	258.94
(% change compared to base due to sensitivity)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

## Asset Liability matching Strategies & Funding Policy

The Gratuity scheme is managed on unfunded basis

The Company's best estimate of contribution during the Year is Nil (Prev year Nil) since the Gratuity Liability is managed on unfunded basis.

## **Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation**

	31.3.2022	31.3.2021
Weighted average duration (based on discounted cashflows)	2 Years	3 Years
Expected cash flows over next (valued on undiscounted basis)	INR	INR
1 year	112.88	117.17
2 to 5 years	22.87	100.11
6 to 10 years	26.08	64.55
more than 10 years	21.96	44.59

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

D. Lakshminarayanaswamy R. Guru Chandrasekar

Managing Director Director

(DIN: 00028118) (DIN: 0008421861)

M. Srividya G. Krishnakumar Company Secretary Chief Financial Officer As per our report of even date attached For CSK PRABHU & CO

Chartered Accountants, Firm Regd. No. 002485S

(Sd.) **CSK Prabhu**Partner
M.No: 019811
UDIN:22019811ALRNOB9345

Sasirekha Vengatesh

Chartered Accountant Internal Auditor M.No. 200464

Place : Coimbatore Date : 30.05.2022

Regd.Office: 1493, Sathyamangalam Road, Ganapathy Post, Coimbatore-641 006

CIN: L17111TZ1946PLC000175

	f the Member(s):				
J	ed Address :				
e-mail II Folio No	o. / Client ID :				
DP ID	:				
I/We bei	ng the Member(s) holding	Shares of Sri Ramakrishna Mills (Coimbatore) Ltd hereby app	point :		
1)		 ofh	naving e-mail id		or jointly him/her
2)		of	naving e-mail id		or jointly him/her
		h			
		below as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and			
		otember 2022 at the Registered Office of the Company and at any ac			
CN		D. Le		Opti	ional*
S.No.		Resolution		For	Against
1.	ORDINARY BUSINESS Adopting of Financial State	enents for the Financial Year ended on 31st March 2022			
2.	Re-appointment of Sri.P.Mu	huswamy (DIN:02651331 ) who retires by rotation and being eligibl	e offers himself for re-appointment		
3.	Re-appointment of Auditors				
4.	SPECIAL RESOLUTION	:			
	Setting Borrowing powers of				
5.	ORDINARY RESOLUTION	<b>DN:</b> Muthuswamy (DIN : 02651331) as Director — Operations			
of the 2) A pro 3) A per rights as a r 4) Appo 5) In cas 6) ** Th	e meeting.  Ixy need not be a member of son can act as a proxy on beh. A member holding more that oroxy for any other person or inting a proxy does not preve se of joint holders, the signature is is only optional. Please put	alf of members not exceeding fifty and holding in the aggregate not $ m r$ n $10\%$ of the total share capital of the company carrying voting righ	nore than 10% of the total Share Cap nts may appoint a single person as a p lers should be stated.	ital of the comporoxy and such p	any carrying voting person shall not act
		SRI RAMAKRISHNA MILLS (COIMBAT Regd.Office: 1493, Sathyamangalam Road, Ga Coimbatore-641 006 CIN: L17111TZ1946PLC000175 ATTENDANCE SLIP ( Particulars to be completed by Member)	CORE) LTD anapathy Post,		
Name o	f the Member	:			
			BLOCK LETTERS)		
Member	Folio Number / ID No.	:			
Name o	f Proxy	:			
No. of S	hares held	:			
	record my presence at the 75 Inesday, the 14th September 2	h Annual General Meeting of the Company at Registered Office at			mbatore - 641 006

- $1. \ The \ meeting \ is \ for \ Members \ of \ the \ Company \ only. \ Members \ are \ requested \ not \ to \ bring \ non \ members \ or \ children.$
- 2. The Company will accept only the attendance slip of person personally attending the meeting as a Member or a valid proxy duly registered with the company.

Signature of the Member / Proxy

3. Please read carefully the instructions given in the Notice of 75th Annual General Meeting under the heading "voting through electronic means".

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