

# SJ Corporation Ltd.

Office No. 336, Laxmi Enclave, Gajera School Road, Katargam, Surat - 395 004, Gujarat, India.

40TH ANNUAL REPORT 2020-2021

# **BOARD OF DIRECTOR & KMP**

RAJIV N. SHAH CHAIRMAN

**DEEPAK B. UPADHYAY** MANAGING DIRECTOR

SAVJI D. PATEL DIRECTOR
TEJAS V. ADROJA DIRECTOR
USHA S. PATEL DIRECTOR

ASHISH D. SATANI CFO

**DEEPA A. DHAMECHA**COMPANY SECRETARY

#### **AUDITORS**

#### SDBA & Co.

Chartered Accountants, 601, A Wing, Aurus Chamber, S.S. Amrutwar Marg, Behind Mahindra Towers, Worli, Mumbai - 400 013.

# **BANKERS**

## Bank of India

Bullion Exchange Branch, Sheikh Menon Street, Zaveri Bazar, Mumbai - 400002.

# **HDFC Bank Ltd**

Shop 1-4,Monica Arcade,Subhash Lane Off Daftary Road,Malad (East), Mumbai-400097

# **Registered Office**

Office No. 336, Laxmi Enclave, Gajera School Road, Katargam, Surat - 395 004, Gujarat, India. Tel.: 9904042992

# **Corporate Office**

201, "Shyam Bungalow", Plot No.199/200, Pushpa Colony, Fatimadevi School Lane, Manchubhai Road, Malad (East), Mumbai - 400097.

TeleFax: 022-28449521
E-mail ID: sjcorporation9@yahoo.com
Website: www.sjcorp.in

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED \_

#### NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the 40th Annual General Meeting of the Members of SJ Corporation Limited will be held on Tuesday, August 31, 2021 at 10:30 AM (IST), through Video Conference ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following business:

The proceedings of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") shall be deemed to be conducted at the Registered Office of the Company situated at Office No.336, Laxmi Enclave, Gajera School Road, Katargam, Surat-395004 which shall be the deemed venue of the AGM.

# **Ordinary Business:**

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the standalone financial statements of the Company which includes the Audited Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss for the financial year ended as on that date and the Cash Flow Statement together with reports of the Board of Directors and the Statutory Auditors thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. SAVJIBHAI DUNGARSHIBHAI PATEL (DIN: 01671461), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offered himself for re-appointment.
- 3. To re-appoint the Statutory Auditors and fix their remuneration and in this regard, to consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 139, 141, 142 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder, as amended from time to time, M/s. SDBA & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration no. 142004W) be and are hereby reappointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office for second term of five consecutive years from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the 45th Annual General Meeting of the Company and the Board of Directors are hereby authorized to fix the remuneration payable to them as set out in the explanatory statement annexed to the Notice convening this 40th Annual General Meeting of the Company."

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Deepak Upadhyay Managing Director [DIN: 02270389]

Place: Mumbai Date: 30/07/2021 Registered Office:

Office No. 336, Laxmi Enclave, Gajera School Road, Katargam, Surat - 395 004, Gujarat, India.

## NOTES:

- 1. In view of the massive outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, social distancing is a norm to be followed and pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs followed by Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and Circular No. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021 and all other relevant circulars issued from time to time, physical attendance of the Members to the EGM/ AGM venue is not required and general meeting be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM.
- 2. SINCE THE AGM IS BEING PURSUANT TO THE CIRCULARS THORUGH VC/OAVM, PHYSICAL ATTENDANCE OF MEMBERS HAS BEEN DISPENSED WITH. ACCOURDINGLY, THE FACILITY FOR APPOINTMENT OF PROXIES BY THE MEMBERS WILL NOT BE AVAILABLE FOR THE AGM AND HENCE, THE PROXY FORM AND ATTENDANCE SLIP ARE NOT ANNEXED TO THIS NOTICE.
- 3. Pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for themembers is not available for this EGM/AGM. However, the Body Corporates are entitled to appoint authorised representatives to attend the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM andparticipate thereat and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 4. The Members can join the EGM/AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and afterthe scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedurementioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM willbe made available for 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will notinclude large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the EGM/AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 5. The attendance of the Members attending the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM will be countedfor the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act,2013.
- 6. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended)and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations2015 (as amended), and the Circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-Voting to itsMembers in respect of the business to be transacted at the EGM/AGM. For this purpose,the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorizedagency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-Voting system aswell as venue voting on the date of the EGM/AGM will be provided by NSDL.
- 7. Since the AGM being held through VC/OAVM, the Route Map is not attached to this Notice.
- 8. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April13, 2020, the Notice calling the EGM/AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.sjcorp.in. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and the EGM/AGM Notice is also available on the website of NSDL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) i.e.www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- Members who are entitled to participate in this AGM can attend the same and view the proceedings through live web-cast facility by accessing the e-voting website of NSDL at https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/using secure login credentials.
- 10. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular, Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2020-21 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2020-21 will also be available on the Company's website www.sjcorp.in, and website of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited is www.bseindia.com. For any communication, the Members may also send a request to the Company's investor email id: sjcorporation9@yahoo.com. The Company will not be dispatching physical copies of the Annual Report for the Financial Year 2020-2021 and the Notice of AGM to any Member.
- 11. Members may also note that the Notice of the 40th AGM and the Annual Report 2020-21 will be available on the Company's website, www.sjcorp.in.

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- 12. Regulation 36 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 directs listed companies to send soft copies of the annual report to those shareholders who have registered their e-mail addresses. Sections 101 and 136 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 permit prescribed companies to send a notice and financial statements through electronic mode. In view of the same, shareholders are requested to update their e-mail IDs with their Depository Participants where shares are held in dematerialized mode and where the shares are held in physical form to update the same in the records of the Company in order to facilitate electronic servicing of annual reports and other documents.
- 13. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Tuesday, August 24, 2021 to Tuesday, August 31, 2021 (both days inclusive).
- 14. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of Companies Act, 2013 and relevant documents referred to in this Notice of AGM and Explanatory Statement, will be available electronically for inspection by the Members during the AGM. All documents referred to in the Notice will also be available for electronic inspection without any fee by the Members from the date of circulation of this Notice up to the date of AGM, i.e. 31st August, 2021. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to Company's investor email id: sjcorporation9@yahoo.com.
- 15. Additional information, pursuant to Regulation 36 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, in respect of the directors seeking appointment/re-appointment at the AGM, is furnished as annexure to the Notice. The directors have furnished consent / declaration for their appointment / re-appointment as required under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under.
- 16. The Company is providing facility for voting by electronic means (e-voting) through an electronic voting system which will include remote e-voting as prescribed by the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 as presently in force and the business set out in the Notice will be transacted through such voting.
- 17. The voting rights of the Members shall be in proportion to their share in the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut off date i.e. August 23, 2021.
- 18. The Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") has mandated the submission of Income Tax Permanent Account Number ("PAN") by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company or its Registrar and Share Transfer Agents.
- 19. In order to exercise strict control over the transfer documents, members are requested to send the transfer documents/ correspondence, if any, directly to The Company's Registrar and Transfer Agents
- 20. EGM/AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions ofthe Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 2/2021 dated January 13, 2021.

## LINK INTIME INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED

C-101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai-400083. Tel: +91 22 49186000, Fax: +91 22 49186060 E-Mail: evoting@linkintime.co.in

# THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING GENERAL MEETING ARE ASUNDER:-

The remote e-voting period begins on Saturday, August 28, 2021 at 09:00 A.M. and ends on Monday, August 30, 2021 at 05:00 P.M. The remote e-votingmodule shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / Beneficial Owners as on the record date (cutoff date) i.e. Monday, August 23, 2021, may cast their vote electronically. The voting right of shareholders shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, being Monday, August 23, 2021.

# How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of "Two Steps" which are mentioned below:

#### Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

# A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method	
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section, this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.	
	<ol> <li>If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</li> </ol>	
	3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.	
	4. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App "NSDL Speede" facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.	

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Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	<ol> <li>Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest arehttps:// web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/loginor www.cdslindia.com and click on New System Myeasi.</li> </ol>		
	2. After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL. Click on NSDL to cast your vote.		
	3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration		
	4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. NSDLwhere the e-Voting is in progress.		
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting		

**Important note:** Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at <b>evoting@nsdl.co.in</b> or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022-23058738 or 022-23058542-43

B) Login Method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

## How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

the meeting.

- 1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
- 2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section.
- 3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.
  - Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at https://eservices.nsdl.com/with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.

4. Your User ID details are given below:

	Total Good 12 detaile are given soletti.			
Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical		Your User ID is:		
a)	For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12****** then your user ID is IN300***12******.		
b)	For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID  For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12************************************		
c)	For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company		
		For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***		

- 5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
  - a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can user your existing password to login and cast your vote
  - b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
  - c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
    - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
    - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.
- 6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
  - a) Click on "Forgot User Details/Password?" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
  - b) **Physical User Reset Password?**" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
  - c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
  - d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
- 7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
- 8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
- 9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

# Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

# How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and General Meeting is in active status.

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- Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on "VC/OAVM" link placed under "Join General Meeting".
- 3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
- 4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
- 5. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
- 6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

#### General Guidelines for shareholders

- Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to cskprashant007@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in.
- 2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "Forgot User Details/Password?" or "Physical User Reset Password?" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- 3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of **www.evoting.nsdl.com** or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 or send a request to Ms. Sonisingh at **evoting@nsdl.co.in**

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

- 1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to sicorporation9@yahoo.com.
- 2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to sjcorporation9@yahoo.com. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e.Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.
- 3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to **evoting@nsdl.co.in** for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
- 4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

# THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THEEGM/AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

- 1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the EGM/AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above forremote e-voting.
- 2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the EGM/AGM throughVC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible tovote through e-Voting system in the EGM/AGM.
- 3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the EGM/AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the EGM/AGM.
- 4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the EGM/AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE EGM/AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the EGM/AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM link" placed under "Join General meeting" menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join General Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
- 2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
- 3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at **sjcorporation9@yahoo.com**. The same will be replied by the company suitably.
- 6. In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended by the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 and Regulation 44 SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company is pleased to provide members facility to exercise their right to vote on resolutions proposed to be considered at its Annual General Meeting (AGM) by electronic means and the business may be transacted through e-Voting Services. The facility of casting the votes by the members using an electronic voting system ("remote e-voting") will be provided by National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL).
- The members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also attend the AGM through VC or OAVM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
- 8. Members of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of 23rd August, 2021, may cast their vote by remote e-voting. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the member, the member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.
- 9. The voting rights of members shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date of Monday, 23rd August, 2021.
- 10. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and become member of the Company after dispatch of the notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e. Monday, 23rd August, 2021, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or RTA i.e. evoting@linkintime.co.in.
  - However, if you are already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting then you can use your existing user ID and password for casting your vote. If you forgot your password, you can reset your password by using "Forgot User Details/ Password" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com or contact NSDL at the following toll free no.: 1800-222-990.
- 11. A member may participate in the AGM even after exercising his right to vote through remote e-voting but shall not be allowed to vote again at the AGM.
- 12. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting.
- 13. The Company has appointed M/s. K. Prashant & Co., Company Secretaries Mr. Prashant V. Kathiriya, Proprietor (C.P. No. 19094), Practicing Company Secretary, as 'Scrutinizer', to scrutinize the remote e-voting process including e-voting held at the AGM in a fair and transparent manner.
- 14. The Chairman shall, at the AGM, at the end of discussion on the resolutions on which voting is to be held, allow voting with the assistance of scrutinizer, by use of "remote e-voting" for all those members who are present at the AGM but have not cast their votes by availing the remote e-voting facility.

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED \_

- 15. The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of voting at the general meeting, will first count the votes cast at the meeting and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in the presence of at least two witnesses, not in the employment of the Company and shall make, not later than three days of the conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favor or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith.
- 16. The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company www.sjcorp.in and on the website of NSDL immediately after the declaration of result by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing. The results shall also be immediately forwarded to the BSE Limited, Mumbai.

#### **Annexure to Notice**

# Details of Directors seeking appointment / re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting

[In pursuance of Clause 36 (3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015]

Name of Director	Age	Nature of expertise	Qualification	Disclosure of relationships between directors inter-se	Membership in the committees of other public Companies	Shareholding of Directors
Mr. SAVJIBHAI DUNGARSHIBHAI PATEL	65	Management and Market	B. Tech	Husband of Usha Patel	Nil	31,24,000

# **BOARDS' REPORT**

## To,

The Members,

## SJ Corporation Limited

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting their 40th Annual Report on the Standalone Audited Statement of Accounts of SJ Corporation Limited ("The Company") for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2021.

#### **Financial Results:**

The summarized financial performance of the Company for the FY 2020-21 and 2019-20 are given below:

[Rs. in Lakhs]

Particulars	Standalone	
	2020-21	2019-20
Revenue from operations	372.87	871.86
Other Income	7.71	4.47
Total Revenue	380.58	876.33
Total Expenses	402.79	875.22
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax	(21.91)	1.11
Exceptional Items	-	-
Net Profit Before Tax	(21.91)	1.11
Provision for Tax		
- Current Tax	-	-0.22
- Deferred Tax (Liability)/Assets	5.16	0.58
- Excess/(short) provision for earlier years	-	-
Net Profit After Tax	(16.75)	1.47
Profit/(Loss) from Discontinued operations	-	-
Tax Expense of Discontinued operations	-	-
Profit/(Loss) from Discontinued operations (after tax)	-	-
Profit/(Loss) for the period	(16.75)	1.47
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
- Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	8.85	(15.61)
- Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	0.05
Total Comprehensive income for the period (Comprising Profit (Loss) and		
Other Comprehensive Income for the period)	(7.90)	(14.09)
Earnings per equity share (for continuing operation):		
- Basic	(0.20)	0.02
- Diluted	(0.20)	0.02

## **Review of Operations**

During the year under review, the Company has posted total revenue of Rs. 372.87 lakhs as against Rs.871.86 lakhs for the corresponding previous year. Further, the Company made loss of Rs. 16.75 lakhs (before comprehensive income) as against profit of Rs. 1.47 lakhs for the corresponding previous year.

# State of Affairs and Future Outlook

Company is engaged in business of Gems and Jewellery and business of Real Estate and Development of Property during the year under review. Company has Ongoing its Land Development project at Block No. 89, Jafrabad, Ta. Olpad,

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED.

Dist. Surat.

The operations of the Company were majorly affected due to the COVID-19 pandemic during the FY 2020-21 resulting in a fall in the operating revenue for the continuing operations.

The management of the Company is making its sincere efforts to increase the volume of business in their best efficient manner.

#### Dividend

Your Directors do not recommend any dividend for the year under review.

#### **Transfer to Reserves**

No amount has been transferred to reserve.

#### **Management Discussion and Analysis**

The Management Discussion and Analysis as required in terms of the Listing Regulations is annexed to the report as **Annexure I** and is incorporated herein by reference and forms an integral part of this report.

#### **Directors and Key Managerial Personnel**

In accordance with section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and in terms of Articles of Association of the Company Mr. SAVJIBHAI DUNGARSHIBHAI PATEL (DIN: 01671461), Non-Executive Director of the Company, retires by rotation and being eligible; offers himself for re-appointment at the forthcoming 40th Annual General Meeting. The Board recommends the said reappointment for shareholders' approval.

All the directors of the Company have confirmed that they satisfy the fit and proper criteria as prescribed under the applicable regulations and that they are not disqualified from being appointed as directors in terms of Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Further, Pursuant to Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company are:

Sr.No.	Name of KMP	Designation
1.	Mr. Deepak Upadhyay Managing Director	
2.	Mr. Deepa Dhamecha Company Secretary and Compliance Officer	
3.	Mr. Ashish Satani	Chief Financial Officer

#### **Board Meetings**

Dates for Board Meetings are well decided in advance and communicated to the Board and the intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Agreement. The information as required under Regulation 17(7) read with Schedule II Part A of the LODR is made available to the Board. The agenda and explanatory notes are sent to the Board in advance. The Board periodically reviews compliance reports of all laws applicable to the Company. The Board meets at least once a quarter to review the quarterly financial results and other items on the agenda and also on the occasion of the Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of the Shareholders. Additional meetings are held, when necessary.

Further, Committees of the Board usually meet on the same day of formal Board Meeting, or whenever the need arises for transacting business. The recommendations of the Committees are placed before the Board for necessary approval and noting.

During the year 04 (Four) Board Meetings were held during the year ended 31st March, 2021, and the dates are 29th June, 2020, 13th August, 2020, 5th November, 2020 and 5th February, 2021. The gap between any two Board meetings during this period did not exceed one hundred and twenty days.

Attendance details of Directors for the year ended March 31, 2021 are given below:

Name of the Directors	Category	No. of Board Meetings attended
Mr. Deepak Bhikhalal Upadhyay	Managing Director	4
Mr. Savjibhai Doongarshibhai Patel	Non-Executive Director	4
Mrs. Usha Savjibhai Patel	Non-Executive Director	4
Mr. Tejas Adroja	Independent Director	1
Mr. Rajiv Navinchandra Shah	Independent Director	4

### **Discussions with Independent Directors**

The Board's policy is to regularly have separate meetings with Independent Directors, to update them on all business related issues, new initiatives and changes in the industry specific market scenario. At such meetings, the Executive Directors and other Members of the Management make presentations on relevant issues.

#### **Board Evaluation**

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Agreement/ SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Board has carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Committees. The Directors expressed satisfaction with the evaluation process.

#### **Composition of Audit Committee**

Your Company has formed an Audit Committee as per the Companies Act, 2013 and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. All members of the Audit Committee possess strong knowledge of accounting and financial management.

During the year 04 (Four) Board Meetings were held during the year ended 31st March, 2021, and the dates are 29th June, 2020, 13th August, 2020, 5th November, 2020 and 5th February, 2021.

Details of the composition of the Committee and attendance during the year are as under:

Sr.No.	Name of Directors	Designation	No. of Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Rajiv Shah	Chairman, Independent Director	04
2.	Mr. Tejas Adroja	Member, Independent Director	01
3.	Mr. Savji Patel	Member, Non-Executive Director	04

The primary objective of the Audit Committee is to monitor and provide an effective supervision of the Management's financial reporting process, to ensure accurate and timely disclosures, with the highest levels of transparency, integrity and quality of financial reporting. The Committee oversees the work carried out in the financial reporting process by the Management, the statutory auditor and notes the processes and safeguards employed by each of them.

Further, the Audit Committee is also functional as per the provision of Section 177 of Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder and as per Regulation 18 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

## **Composition of Nomination & Remuneration Committee**

Your Company has formed a Nomination & Remuneration Committee to lay down norms for determination of remuneration of the executive as well as non-executive directors and executives at all levels of the Company. The Nomination & Remuneration committee has been assigned to approve and settle the remuneration package with optimum blending of monetary and non-monetary outlay.

During the year 04 (Four) Board Meetings were held during the year ended 31st March, 2021, and the dates are 29th June, 2020, 13th August, 2020, 5th November, 2020 and 5th February, 2021.

Details of the composition of the Committee and attendance during the year are as under:

Sr.No.	Name of Directors	Designation	No. of Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Rajiv Shah	Chairman, Independent Director	04
2.	Mr. Tejas Adroja	Member, Independent Director	01
3.	Mr. Savji Patel	Member, Non-Executive Director	04

## **Nomination and Remuneration Policy**

The Board of Directors has framed a policy which lays down a framework in relation to remuneration of Directors. This policy also lays down criteria for selection and appointment of Board Members. The Board of Directors is authorized to decide Remuneration to Executive Directors. The Remuneration structure comprises of Salary and Perquisites. Salary is paid to Executive Directors within the Salary grade approved by the Members. The Nomination &Remuneration committee has been assigned to approve and settle theremuneration package with optimum blending of monetary and non-monetary outlay.

In terms of requirements prescribed under Section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Nomination and Remuneration Policy inter-alia providing the terms for appointment and payment of remuneration to Directors and Key Managerial Personnel.

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED \_

During the year, there have been no changes to the Policy. The same is annexed to this report as Annexure II and is available on our website www.sjcorp.in.

Details of remuneration paid to Directors and Key Managerial Personnel are as under:

Sr.No.	Name of Directors and KMP	Designation	Remuneration per annum (Rs. in Lakhs)
1	Mr. Deepak Upadhyay	Managing Director	3.60/-
2	Mr. Ashish Satani	Chief Financial Officer	2.88/-
3	Ms. Deepa Dhamecha	Company Secretary	1.68/-

#### Composition of Stakeholders Relationship Committee

Your Board has constituted a Stakeholders Relationship Committee to specifically look into the mechanism of redressal of grievances of shareholders etc. The Committee reviews Shareholder's / Investor's complaints like non-receipt of Annual Report, physical transfer/ transmission/transposition, split/ consolidation of share certificates, issue of duplicate share certificates, etc. This Committee is also empowered to consider and resolve the grievance of other stakeholders of the Company including security holders.

The Company has not received any complaints from the investors during the financial year under review.

During the year 04 (Four) Meetings were held during the year ended 31st March, 2021, and the dates are 29th June, 2020, 13th August, 2020, 5th November, 2020 and 5th February, 2021.

Details of the composition of the Committee and attendance during the year are as under:

Sr.No.	Name of Directors	Designation	No. of Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Rajiv Shah	Chairman, Independent Director	04
2.	Mr. Tejas Adroja	Member, Independent Director	01
3.	Mr. Savji Patel	Member, Non-Executive Director	04

## **Directors' Responsibility Statement**

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(c) & 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors of the Company hereby confirm that:

- (a) In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) The directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- (c) The directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) The directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- (e) The directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- (f) The directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

#### Particulars of Employees and Related Disclosures

The information required pursuant to Section 197 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016 in respect of employees of the Company is enclosed as Annexure III and forms an integral part of this report.

Further, as per the provisions specified in Chapter XIII of Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016, none of the employees of the Company are in receipt of remuneration exceeding Rs. 1,02,00,000/- per annum, if employed for whole of the year or Rs. 8,50,000/- per month if employed for part of the year.

Further, the names of top ten employees in terms of remuneration drawn are disclosed in Annexure IV and form an integral part of this report.

#### **Extract of Annual Return:**

The details forming part of the Extract of the Annual Return in Form MGT-9, as required under Section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013 is included in this Report as Annexure V and forms an integral part of this report.

#### **Details of Subsidiary/Joint Ventures/Associate Companies**

The Company does not have any subsidiary / Associate company and has not entered into joint venture with any other company.

#### Statutory Auditors and Auditors' Report

At the 35th Annual General Meeting held on 24th September, 2016, M/s. SDBA & Co., Chartered Accountants, were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office till the conclusion of the 40th Annual General Meeting to be held in financial year 2021.

Further, members of the Company at the 39th Annual General Meeting ('AGM') held on September 26, 2020; ratify the appointment of M/s. SDBA & Co., Chartered Accountants, as the statutory auditors of the Company for financial year 2020-21.

As required under Section 139 and 141 of Companies Act, 2013, the Company has obtained a written consent from the statutory auditor to their continuous appointment and a certificate from them to the extent that their existing appointment is in accordance with the conditions prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder.

The Board of Directors based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee have recommended reappointment of M/s. SDBA & Co., Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration No.142004W) as Statutory Auditors of the Company, for second term of five (5) consecutive years from the conclusion of this AGM till the conclusion of 45th AGM of the Company.

Accordingly, in view of the provisions of the Act, the Members are requested to approve the proposal for re-appointment of M/s. SDBA & Co., Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration No.142004W), to hold office as Statutory Auditors until the conclusion of 45th AGM of the Company. The Resolution seeking reappointment and remuneration payable to Statutory Auditors has been included in the Notice of the ensuing AGM.

Auditors Report as issued by M/s. SDBA & Co., Chartered Accountants, Auditors of the Company is self-explanatory and need not call for any explanation by your Board.

#### Secretarial Audit

In terms of Section 204 of the Act and Rules made there under, M/s. K. Prashant & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries, have been appointed Secretarial Auditors of the Company. The Secretarial Audit Report is enclosed as **Annexure VI** to this report.

#### **Internal Audit & Controls**

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to the financial statement. The Audit Committee of the Board periodically reviews the internal control systems with the management, and Statutory Auditors.

Further, M/s. JD Pawar & Associates, Chartered Accountants, FRN: 141721W was appointed as Internal Auditor of the Company.

## **Employees' Stock Option Plan**

The Company has not provided stock options to any employee.

#### Vigil Mechanism

In pursuant to the provisions of section 177(9) & (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, a Vigil Mechanism for directors and employees to report genuine concerns has been established. The Vigil Mechanism Policy has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.sjcorp.in. The employees of the Company are made aware of the said policy at the time of joining the Company.

#### **Risk Management Policy**

The Company has laid down the procedure to inform the Board about the risk assessment and minimization procedures. These procedures are reviewed by the Board annually to ensure that there is timely identification and assessment of risks, measures to mitigate them, and mechanisms for their proper and timely monitoring and reporting.

The Company does not fall under the ambit of top 100 listed entities, determined on the basis of market capitalization as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year. Hence, compliance under Regulation 21 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 is not applicable.

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED.

#### **Corporate Governance Report**

The provisions of the Corporate Governance is not applicable to the Company pursuant to regulation 15(2)(a) of Securities And Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations And Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

#### **Deposits**

The Company has neither accepted nor renewed any fixed deposits during the year under review under Section 76 of the Companies Act, 2013. There are no unclaimed deposits, unclaimed / unpaid interest, refunds due to the deposit holders or to be deposited to the Investor Education and Protection Fund as on March 31, 2021.

#### **Loans & Guarantees**

During the year under review, the Company has not provided any loan, guarantee, security or made any investment covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, to any person or other body corporate.

#### Insurance

The properties/assets of the Company are adequately insured.

# **Related Party Transactions**

As no related party transaction was entered into by the Company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons pursuant the provisions of Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 during the financial year 2019-20 the particulars as required in form AOC-2 have not been furnished.

#### Conservation of Energy, Research and Development, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange

The details of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo are as follows:

#### (a) Conservation of Energy:

Even though its operations are not energy-intensive, significant measures are taken to reduce energy consumption by using energy-efficient equipment. The Company regularly reviews power consumption patterns across all locations and implement requisite improvements/changes in the process in order to optimize energy/ power consumption and thereby achieve cost savings. Energy costs comprise a very small part of the Company's total cost of operations. However, as a part of the Company's conservation of energy programme, the management has appealed to all the employees/workers to conserve energy.

# (b) Absorption of Technology:

#### I. The efforts made towards technology absorption:

The Company values innovation and applies it to every facet of its business. This drives development of distinctive new products, ever improving quality standards and more efficient processes.

The Company has augmented its revenues and per unit price realization by deploying innovative marketing strategies and offering exciting new products. The depth of designing capabilities was the core to our success over the years.

The Company uses the service of in-house designers as well as those of free-lancers in developing product designs as per the emerging market trends. The Company uses innovation in design as well as in technology to develop new products.

#### II. Benefits derived as a result of the above efforts:

As a result of the above, the following benefits have been achieved:

- a) Better efficiency in operations,
- Reduced dependence on external sources for technology for developing new products and upgrading existing products,
- c) Expansion of product range and cost reduction,
- d) Greater precision,
- e) Retention of existing customers and expansion of customer base,
- f) Lower inventory stocks resulting in low carrying costs.
- III. The Company has not imported any technology during the year under review;
- IV. The Company has not expended any expenditure towards Research and Development during the year under review.

# (c) Foreign Exchange Earnings and Out go:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	F.Y 2020-2021	F.Y 2019-2020
C.I.F. Value of Imports	NIL	NIL
Foreign travelling expenses	NIL	NIL
F.O.B. Value of Exports	NIL	NIL

#### Transfer of Amounts to Investor Education and Protection Fund

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with The Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules,2016,as amended, ('Rules'), the dividends, unclaimed for a consecutive period of seven years from the date of transfer to the Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company are liable to be transferred to IEPF. Further, the shares (excluding the disputed cases having specific orders of the Court, Tribunal or any Statutory Authority restraining such transfer) pertaining to which dividend remains unclaimed for a period of continuous seven years from the date of transfer of the dividend to the unpaid dividend account are also mandatorily required to be transferred to the IEPF established by the Central Government. Accordingly, the Company has transferred eligible Shares to IEPF Demat Account maintained by the IEPF authority within statutory timelines.

The Company has sent individual communication to the concerned shareholders at their registered address, whose dividend remained unclaimed and whose shares were liable to be transferred to the IEPF by August 29, 2020. The communication was also published in national English and local Marathi newspapers.

Any person whose unclaimed dividend and shares pertaining thereto, matured deposits, matured debentures, application money due for refund, or interest thereon, sale proceeds of fractional shares, redemption proceeds of preference shares, amongst others has been transferred to the IEPF Fund can claim their due amount from the IEPF Authority by making an electronic application in e-form IEPF-5. Upon submitting a duly completed form, Shareholders are required to take a print of the same and send physical copy duly signed along with requisite documents as specified in the form to the attention of the Nodal Officer, at the Registered Office of the Company. The e-form can be downloaded from the website of Ministry of Corporate Affairs www.iepf.gov.in.

Dates of declaration of dividends since 2013-14 and the corresponding dates when unclaimed dividends are due to be transferred to the Central Government are given in the below table.

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Financial Year Ended	Date of declaration of Dividend	Amount Remaining unclaimed/Unpaid as on 31.03.2021 (Rs.)	Last date for claiming unpaid dividend amount (before)	Last date for transfer to IEPF
31.03.2014	25.09.2014	0.03	01.11.2021	01.12.2021
31.03.2015	26.09.2015	0.08	02.11.2022	02.12.2022
31.03.2016	24.09.2016	0.03	31.10.2023	31.11.2023

Shareholders are requested to get in touch with the RTA for encashing the unclaimed dividend/interest/ principal amount, if any, standing to the credit of their account.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

The Company does not meet the criteria of Section 135 of Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 so there is no requirement to constitute Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and frame a policy thereof.

#### Cost Audit

As per the Cost Audit Orders and in terms of the provisions of Section 148 and all other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, Cost Audit is not applicable to our Company.

# Obligation of Company under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment at workplace (Prevention, prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary,

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED \_

trainees) are covered under this policy. During the year ended 31st March 2021, Company has not received any complaint of harassment.

#### Listing with Stock Exchange

The shares of the Company are listed on BSE only.

#### Secretarial Standards

The Company has in place proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of the applicable secretarial standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India and such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

#### Significant and Material Orders passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals

There are no significant and material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts / Tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

#### Material Changes and Commitments Affecting the Financial Position of The Company:

There have been no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report, except as mentioned in the report earlier.

# IMPACT OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC AND MITIGATION MEASURES IMPLEMENTED

The COVID-19 pandemic has created a significant disruption in the normal functioning of businesses due to social distancing norms and lockdowns in place to prevent the spread of the disease. The Company focused on capability development, resources including communication to enable its staff, customers and dealers to align their mindset and methods to the new normal. There were changes or upgrades in the systems used by the Company to meet the new requirements. The office based employees sustained the practice of remote working/working from home with the help of adequate digital and other assistance and those working from factory/site and other locations ensured undertaking utmost care and precaution at all times

The company strictly follows all precautions and guidelines prescribed by the Government particularly towards adhering to safety measures in respect of its employees.

# Acknowledgement

Your Directors take this opportunity to express their deep and sincere gratitude to the Clients, Customers and Shareholders of the Company for their trust and patronage, as well as to the Bankers, Securities and Exchange Board of India, Bombay Stock Exchange, Government of India and other Regulatory Authorities for their continued co-operation, support and guidance.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Rajiv Shah Chairman [DIN:01765200]

Place: Mumbai Date: 30/07/2021

# Annexure - I Management Discussion and Analysis

#### (I) INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENT: GEMS & JEWELLERY BUSINESS:

The Gems & Jewellery ("G & J") sector is one of the very important sectors of the Indian economy with a significant share of the Gross Domestic Product ("GDP"). One of the fastest growing sectors, it is extremely export oriented and labor intensive. The Indian jewellery industry has been evolving over the past few years. Traditionally a gold dominated industry, it is now showing a greater acceptance towards diamond and other precious stones jewellery as well. The new age consumers, who are well travelled, prefer frequenting the modern retail formats like malls and departmental stores. A relatively higher affinity towards branded products coupled with higher disposable incomes and a preference for trusted fine quality products are also significant contributors to the growth of the branded jewellery segment. The branded retail jewellery market is growing at a robust rate and going forward, many domestic and international brands would capture substantial market size given number of factors like increased urbanizations and changing demographics. As a matter of on- going practice, the masses still prefer to purchase jewellery from their tried and trusted jewellers but the constant exercise of 'branding' through advertising and other sales promotional activities has ensured steady inflow of new customers in this segment of organised retailing. India's small and independent jewellers are starting to organize themselves and expand in size to share a common brand identity and marketing strategy.

Jewellery consumption in India has been traditionally driven by the strong cultural affinity for gold, with it being the preferred form of jewellery worn. Gold jewellery is an integral part of weddings in India, and is considered as a necessity, with wedding related demand accounting for substantial portion of overall jewellery demand, especially in the South. Jewellery demand has also been supported by the increasing appetite for gold jewellery from rural and non-urban markets. Gold has also served as a means of savings especially for the rural sector, owing to the lack of any major alternative investment options supported by its anti-inflationary characteristics. However, in the past few years the demand for diamond jewellery has also been showing an increasing trend, especially in the Metros and Tier-I cities.

#### **REAL ESTATE BUSINESS:**

In the Union Budget for fiscal year 2021-22, the Finance Minister of India laid down the foundation for increasing consumption while ensuring that the government's investment is deployed to build infrastructure leading to a USD 5 trillion economy by Fiscal 2024-25. Further, the Government of India announced a series of measures for supporting all sections of society with a view to cushioning the impact and threats posed by the COVID-19 pandemic. Real Estate, being the largest employment generator after agriculture, has seen a lot of structural reforms over the last decade. The government has been responding positively to the concerns and demands of the industry. This is evident in the relief measures announced which include those for the sector as well. These have facilitated organized players in the listed space to consolidate and improve their performance parameters in the years to come. The challenges faced by the real estate sector during these troubled times have been efficiently handled by industry leaders in an appropriate and timely manner. The way forward for the industry is aligning its activities to a changing environment. Use of technology, optimum utilization of available digital tools and platforms and innovation and designing of custom made tools should cater to the changing needs and challenges thrown up by the unforeseen circumstances like what we are witnessing today

# (II) OPPORTUNITIESANDTHREATS:

Some of the opportunities for the retail jewellery industry are as follows: (a) Growing consciousness amongst customers for branded jewellery. (b) Limited penetration of organized jewellery in the country. (c) Increase in purchasing power of the customers in the Tier I & II locations. (d) Increasing demand for diamond jewellery, which is a high margin product as compared to the gold jewellery. (e) Favorable demographics leading to increasing demand for jewellery in the country. Some of the key challenges facing the retail jewellery industry are as follows:

(a) Adapting to fast changing consumer preferences and buying patterns. (b) Volatility in the market prices of gold and diamonds. (c) Limited availability of high end retail space.

As of for Real Estate business of the Company, our vision is to achieve leadership position in the state of Gujarat and explore the opportunities out of India. We committed to building long term relationships based on performance and value, as well as client satisfaction. To be one of the premier infrastructure company in Gujarat, executing various vertical of development activities.

## (III) CAUTIONARYSTATEMENT:

Statement in this Management's Discussion and Analysis detailing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates, expectations or predictions are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company's operations include global and Indian demand-supply conditions, finished goods prices, feedstock availability and prices, cyclical demand and pricing in the Company's principal markets, changes in Government regulations, tax regimes, economic developments within India and the countries within which the Company conducts business and other factors such as litigation and labor negotiations.

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# **Annexure - II Nomination and Remuneration Policy**

#### **CONSTITUTION OF COMMITTEE**

The Board of Directors of the Company ("the Board") constituted the committee to be known as the Nomination and Remuneration Committee consisting of three or more non-executive directors out of which not less than one-half are independent directors. The Chairman of the Committee is an Independent Director. However, the chairperson of the company (whether executive or nonexecutive) may be appointed as a member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee but shall not chair such Committee."

#### **OBJECTIVE**

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee and this Policy shall be in compliance with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 read along with the applicable rules thereto and Clause 49 under the Listing Agreement. The objective of this policy is to lay down a framework in relation to remuneration of directors, KMP, senior management personnel and other employees.

#### The Key Objectives of the Committee would be:

- To guide the Board in relation to appointment and removal of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management.
- To formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration of Directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.
- To formulation of criteria for evaluation of Independent Director and the Board.
- To evaluate the performance of the members of the Board and provide necessary report to the Board for further evaluation of the Board.
- To recommend to the Board on Remuneration payable to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management.
- To provide to Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management reward linked directly to their effort, performance, dedication and achievement relating to the Company's operations.
- To retain, motivate and promote talent and to ensure long term sustainability of talented managerial persons and create competitive advantage.
- To develop a succession plan for the Board and to regularly review the plan.
- To assist the Board in fulfilling responsibilities.
- To Implement and monitor policies and processes regarding principles of corporate governance.

#### **APPLICABILITY**

- Directors (Executive and Non-Executive)
- Key Managerial Personnel
- Senior Management Personnel

#### **DEFINITIONS:**

"Act" shall mean the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under, including the modifications, amendments, clarifications, circulars or re-enactment thereof.

"Board" means Board of Directors of the Company.

"Committee" means Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company as constituted or reconstituted by the Board.

"Company" means SJ Corporation Limited. "Directors" mean Directors of the Company.

"Independent Director" means a Director referred to in Section 149 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

"Key Managerial Personnel" means key managerial personnel as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and includes-

- Managing Director, or Executive Director or manager and in their absence, a whole- time director; (includes Executive Chairman)
- Company Secretary;
- Chief Financial Officer; and
- Such other officer as may be prescribed.
- "Policy" or "This policy" means Nomination and Remuneration Policy.
- "Remuneration" means any money or its equivalent given or passed to any person for services rendered by him and includes perquisites as defined under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- "Senior Management" Senior Management means personnel of the company who are members of its core management team excluding the Board of Directors. This would also include all members of management one level below the executive directors including all functional heads.

Unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions used in this policy and not defined herein but defined in the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Agreement as may be amended from time to time shall have the meaning respectively assigned to them therein.

#### **ROLE AND POWER OF THE COMMITTEE:-**

Matters to be dealt with, perused and recommended to the Board by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

#### The Committee shall:

- Formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director.
- Identify persons who are qualified to become Director and persons who may be appointed In Key Managerial and Senior Management positions in accordance with the criteria laid down in this policy.
- Recommend to the Board, appointment and removal of Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel.

## Policy for appointment and removal of Director, KMP and Senior Management

#### (i) Appointment criteria and qualifications

- a. The Committee shall identify and ascertain the integrity, qualification, expertise and experience of the person for appointment as Director, KMP or at Senior Management level and recommend to the Board his / her appointment.
- b. A person should possess adequate qualification, expertise and experience for the position he / she is considered for appointment. The Committee has discretion to decide whether qualification, expertise and experience possessed by a person insufficient/satisfactory for the concerned position.
- c. The Company shall not appoint or continue the employment of any person as Whole-time Director who has attained the age of seventy years. Provided that the term of the person holding this position may be extended beyond the age of seventy years with the approval of shareholders by passing a special resolution based on the explanatory statement annexed to the notice for such motion indicating the justification for extension of appointment beyond seventy years.

#### (ii) Term /Tenure

# a. Managing Director/Whole-time Director:

- The Company shall appoint or re-appoint any person as its Executive Chairman, Managing Director or Executive Director for a term not exceeding five years at a time. No re-appointment shall be made earlier than one year before the expiry of term.

#### b. Independent Director:

- An Independent Director shall hold office for a term up to five consecutive years on the Board of the Company and will be eligible for re-appointment on passing of a special resolution by the Company and disclosure of such appointment in the Board's report.
- No Independent Director shall hold office for more than two consecutive terms, but such Independent Director shall be eligible for appointment after expiry of three years of ceasing to become an Independent Director. Provided that an Independent Director shall not, during the said period of three years, be appointed in or be associated with the Company in any other capacity, either directly or indirectly. However, if a person who has already served as an Independent Director for 5 years or more in the Company as on October 1, 2014 or such other date as may be determined by the Committee as per regulatory requirement; he/she shall be eligible for appointment for one more term of 5 years only.

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED \_

- At the time of appointment of Independent Director it should be ensured that number of Boards on which such Independent Director serves is restricted to seven listed companies as an Independent Director and three listed companies as an Independent Director in case such person is serving as a Whole-time Director of a listed company or such other number as may be prescribed under the Act.

#### c. Evaluation

- The Committee shall carry out evaluation of performance of every Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel at regular interval(yearly).

#### d. Removal

- Due to reasons for any disqualification mentioned in the Act or under any other applicable Act, rules and regulations thereunder, the Committee may recommend, to the Board with reasons recorded in writing, removal of a Director, KMP or Senior Management Personnel subject to the provisions and compliance of the said Act, rules and regulations.

#### e. Retirement

- The Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel shall retire as per the applicable provisions of the Act and the prevailing policy of the Company. The Board will have the discretion to retain the Director, KMP, Senior Management Personnel in the same position/ remuneration or otherwise even after attaining the retirement age, for the benefit of the Company.

# Policy relating to the Remuneration for the Whole-time Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel (i) General:

- The remuneration / compensation / commission etc. to the Whole-time Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel will be determined by the Committee and recommended to the Board for approval. The remuneration/compensation / commission etc. shall be subject to the prior/post approval of the share holders of the Company and Central Government ,wherever required;
- The remuneration and commission to be paid to the Whole-time Director shall be in accordance with the percentage / slabs / conditions laid down in the Articles of Association of the Company and as per the provisions of the Act;
- Increments to the existing remuneration/compensation structure may be recommended by the Committee to the Board which should be within the slabs approved by the Shareholders in the case of Whole-time Director;
- Where any insurance is taken by the Company on behalf of its Whole-time Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, the Company Secretary and any other employees for indemnifying them against any liability, the premium paid on such insurance shall not be treated as part of the remuneration payable to any such personnel. Provided that if such person is proved to be guilty, the premium paid on such insurance shall be treated as part of the remuneration.

## (ii) Remuneration to Whole-time/Executive/Managing Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel:

#### Fixed pay:

The Whole-time Director/ KMP and Senior Management Personnel shall be eligible for a monthly remuneration as may be approved by the Board on the recommendation of the Committee. The breakup of the pay scale and quantum of perquisites including, employer's contribution to P.F, pension scheme, medical expenses, club fees etc. shall be decided and approved by the Board/ the Person authorized by the Board on the recommendation of the Committee and approved by the shareholders and Central Government, wherever required.

#### - Minimum Remuneration:

If, in any financial year, the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company shall pay remuneration to its Whole-time Director in accordance with the provisions of Schedule V of the Act and if it is not able to comply with such provisions, with the previous approval of the Central Government.

# Provisions for excess remuneration:

If any Whole-time Director draws or receives, directly or indirectly by way of remuneration any such sums in excess of the limits prescribed under the Act or without the prior sanction of the Central Government, where required, he / she shall refund such sums to the Company and until such sum is refunded, hold it in trust for the Company. The Company shall not waive recovery of such sum refundable to it unless permitted by the Central Government.

#### (iii) Remuneration to Non- Executive / Independent Director:

#### - Remuneration / Commission:

The remuneration / commission shall be fixed as per the slabs and conditions mentioned in the Articles of Association of the Company and the Act.

#### - Sitting Fees

The Non-Executive/Independent Director may receive remuneration by way of fees for attending meetings of Board or Committee thereof. Provided that the amount of such fees shall not exceed Rs. One Lac per meeting of the Board or Committee or such amount as may be prescribed by the Central Government from time to time.

#### - Commission:

Commission may be paid within the monetary limit approved by shareholders, subject to the limit not exceeding 1% of the profits of the Company computed as per the applicable provisions of the Act.

#### - Stock Options:

An Independent Director shall not be entitled to any stock option of the Company.

#### **MEMBERSHIP:-**

- The Committee shall consist of a minimum 3 non-executive directors, majority of them being independent.
- Minimum two (2) members shall constitute a quorum for the Committee meeting.
- Membership of the Committee shall be disclosed in the Annual Report.
- Term of the Committee shall be continued unless terminated by the Board of Directors.

#### **CHAIRMAN:-**

- Chairman of the Committee shall be an Independent Director;
- Chairperson of the Company may be appointed as a member of the Committee but shall not be a Chairman of the Committee:
- In the absence of the Chairman, the members of the Committee present at the meeting shall choose one amongst them to act as Chairman;
- Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee meeting could be present at the Annual General Meeting or may nominate some other member to answer the share holders' queries.

#### FREQUENCY OF MEETINGS

The meeting of the Committee shall be held at such regular intervals as may be required.

#### **COMMITTEE MEMBERS' INTERESTS**

A member of the Committee is not entitled to be present when his or her own remuneration is discussed at a meeting or when his or her performance is being evaluated.

The Committee may invite such executives, as it considers appropriate, to be present at the meetings of the Committee.

#### **SECRETARY**

The Company Secretary of the Company shall act as Secretary of the Committee.

#### **VOTING**

- Matters arising for determination at Committee meetings shall be decided by a majority of votes of Members present and voting and any such decision shall for all purposes be deemed a decision of the Committee.
- In the case of equality of votes, the Chairman of the meeting will have a casting vote.

## **MINUTES OF COMMITTEE MEETING**

 Proceedings of all meetings must be minuted and signed by the Chairman of the Committee at the subsequent meeting. Minutes of the Committee meetings will be tabled at the subsequent Board and Committee meeting.

#### **IMPLEMENTATION**

- The Committee may issue guidelines, procedures, formats, reporting mechanism and manuals in supplement and for better implementation of this policy as considered appropriate.
- The Committee may Delegate any of its powers to one or more of its members.

# **AMENDMENTS TO THE POLICY**

- The Board of Directors on its own and / or as per the recommendations of Nomination and Remuneration Committee can amend this Policy, as and when deemed fit.

#### **AMENDMENTS IN THE LAW**

- Any subsequent amendment/modification in the listing agreement and/or other applicable laws in this regard shall automatically apply to this Policy.

#### Annexure - III

# **Particulars of Remuneration Policy**

[Information required under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016]

- i. The Ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2020-21;and
- ii. The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Managing Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of the Company in the financial year 2020-21.

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Name & Designation		*Remuneration of each Director & KMP for Financial Year 2020-21 (Rs.)	%increase/decrease in remuneration in the Financial Year 2020-21 employees	Ratio of remuneration of each Directors to median remuneration of	
Α.	Directors Mr. Deepak Upadhyay (MD)	3.60/-	Nil	1:1.01	
B.	Key Managerial Personnel Mr. Ashish Satani (CFO)	2.88/-	Nil	1:0.80	
	Ms. Deepa Dhamecha (CS)	1.68/-	Nil	1:2.14	

Legends: MD - Managing Director, CFO - Chief Financial Officer; CS - Company Secretary.

#### **Notes**

- 1. Median remuneration of all the employees of the Company for the financial year 2020-21 is Rs.3,56,250/-.
- iii. The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year 2020-21

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	Financial Year 2020-21 (Rs.)	Financial Year 2019-20 (Rs.)	Increase (%)
Median remuneration of all employees	3.56	2.88	23.61

Note: The calculation of % increase in the median remuneration has been done based on comparable employees.

iv. The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company.

There were 8 permanent employees on the rolls of Company as on March 31, 2021.

v. Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration.

Average percentile increase in the salaries of employee other than the MD in the Financial Year 2020-21 was nil and there is nil increase in the salary of the MD.

The salaries of employees was in line with the market projection, the performance of the Company in the financial year 2020-21, the individual performance of the employees, the criticality of the roles they play and skills set they possess.

vi. Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company

Pursuant to Rule 5(1)(xii) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, it is affirmed that the remuneration paid to the Directors, KMPs, Senior Management and other employees of the Company is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Rajiv Shah Chairman [DIN:01765200]

Place: Mumbai Date: 30/07/2021

# **Annexure - IV**

Information required under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2)(a) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Amendment Rules, 2016

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Names of employees	Designation/ Nature of Duties	Remuneration Received [Rs.] p.a.	Qualification	Experience in years	Age in years	Date of commencement of employment	Last employment held	%of share- holding
Deepak Upadhyay	Managing Director	3.60	H.S.C	35	61	23-07-2008	NIL	NII
Vipul Vaghasiya	Sr.Finance & Account Executive	5.40	M.B.A	10	34	17-10-2011	Nil	NII
Ashish	C F O Satani	2.88	B.Com.	7	26	12-07-2015	S.V.Marathe & Associates	NII
Deepa Dhamecha	CS & Compliance Officer	1.68	CS	2	31	25-05-2019	NIL	NIL

None of the above employees are related to the Directors of the Company.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Place : Mumbai Rajiv Shah
Date : 30/07/2021 Chairman

[DIN: 01765200]

# Annexure - V FORM NO. MGT 9 "EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN"

# As on financial year ended 31-03-2021

[Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies act, 2013 read with [The Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014] FORM NO. MGT-9

# A. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

CIN	L51900GJ1981PLC103450
Registration Date	15.09.1981
Name of the Company	SJ Corporation Ltd.
Category / Sub-Category of the Company	Company Limited by Shares by Indian Non Government Company
Address of the Registered office and contact details:	Office No:336, Laxmi Enclave, Gajera School Road, Katargam, Surat - 395004.
Whether listed company	Yes
Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	LINK INTIME INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED C-101,247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai-400083. Tel: +91 22 49186000 Fax: +91 22 49186060 Mobile: +91 7506054546 E-Mail: evoting@linkintime.co.in / ashok.sherugar@linkintime.co.in Website: www. linkintime.co.in

# B. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY:

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

Sr. No.	Name and descriptions of main products/ services	NIC Code of the product/ Service	% to Total turnover of the company	
a.	Jewellery Studded with Gems	7113	94.85	

# C. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

Sr. No.	Name and address of the company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% of shares held
-	-	-	-	-

# D. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN:

# Category-wise Share Holding:

Category of Shareholders	Sha		at the begii ear - 2020	ning	Shareholding at the End of the year - 2021				% Change
	Demat	Physi- cal	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physi- cal	Total	%of Total shares	during the year
(A) Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group									
[1] Indian									
(a) Individuals/Hindu Undivided Family	5920000	0	5920000	70.8558	5920000	0	5920000	70.8558	0.0000
(b) Central Government / State Government(s)	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(c) Financial Institutions / Banks	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(d) Any Other (Specify)									
Sub Total (A)(1)	5920000	0	5920000	70.8558	5920000	0	5920000	70.8558	0.0000
[2] Foreign									
(a) Individuals (Non-Resident Individuals / Foreign Individuals)	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(b) Government	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(c) Institutions	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(d) Foreign Portfolio Investor	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(e) Any Other (Specify)									
Sub Total (A)(2)	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
Total Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group(A)=(A)(1)+(A)(2)	5920000	0	5920000	70.8558	5920000	0	5920000	70.8558	0.0000
(B) Public Shareholding									
[1] Institutions									
(a) Mutual Funds / UTI	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(b) Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(c) Alternate Investment Funds	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
d) Foreign Venture Capital Investors	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(e) Foreign Portfolio Investor	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(f) Financial Institutions/Banks	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(g) Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(h) Provident Funds / Pension Funds	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(i) Any Other (Specify)									
Sub Total (B)(1)	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
[2] Central Government/State Government(s)/President of India									
Sub Total (B)(2)	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000

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# i) Category-wise Share Holding: (Contd.....)

Category of Shareholders	Sha		at the begi ear - 2020	ning	Sh	areholding of the yea		d	% Change
Charenolacis	Demat	Physi- cal	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physi- cal	Total	%of Total shares	during the year
[3] Non-Institutions									
(a) Individuals									
(i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs.1 lakh.	863183	0	863183	10.3313	863957	0	863957	10.3406	0.0093
(ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs. 1 lakh	1541780	0	1541780	18.4534	1541780	0	1541780	18.4534	0.0000
(b) NBFCs registered with RBI	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(d) Overseas Depositories(holding DRs) (balancing figure)	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(c) Any Other (Specify)									
IEPF 3661	0	3661	0.0438	3766	0	3766	0.0451	0.0013	
Hindu Undivided Family	10626	0	10626	0.1272	10525	0	10525	0.1260	-0.0012
Non Resident Indians (Non Repat)	80	0	80	0.0010	76	0	76	0.0009	-0.0001
Non Resident Indians (Repat)	1205	0	1205	0.0144	1522	0	1522	0.0182	0.0038
Bodies Corporate	14465	0	14465	0.1731	13374	0	13374	0.1601	-0.0130
Sub Total (B)(3)	2435000	0	2435000	29.1442	2435000	0	2435000	29.1442	0.0000
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)+(B)(3)	2435000	0	2435000	29.1442	2435000	0	2435000	29.1442	0.0000
Total (A)+(B) 8355000	0	8355000	100.0000	8355000	0	8355000	100.0000	0.0000	
(C) Non Promoter - Non Public									
(C1) Shares Underlying DRs									
[1] Custodian/DR Holder	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
(C2) Shares Held By Employee Trust									
[2] Employee Benefit Trust (under SEBI (Share based Employee Benefit) Regulations, 2014)	0	0	0	0.0000	0	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
Total (A)+(B)+(C)	8355000	0	8355000	100.0000	8355000	0	8355000	100.0000	

# (ii) Shareholding of Promoters:

Sr. No.	Shareholder's Name		Shareholding at the eginning of the year 2020			Shareholding at the end of the year 2021				
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged/ encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged/ encumbered to total shares	in share holding during the year		
1	SAVJI D PATEL	3124000	37.3908	0	3124000	37.3908	0			
2	USHA S PATEL	2796000	33.465	0	2796000	33.465	0			
	Total	5920000	70.8558	0	5920000	70.8558	0			

# (iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

S. N.		Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Share- holding during the yea	
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
-	-	-	-	-	-

# (iv) Shareholding pattern of top ten Shareholders :

S. N.	Name & Type of Transaction	beginni	Shareholding at the beginning of the year - 2020		Transactions during the year		ative ng at the year-2021
		No. of shares held	% of total shares of the Company	Date of Transaction	No. of Shares	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company
1	DHARMISHTA RAMESHBHAI PATEL AT THE END OF THE YEAR	396200	4.7421			396200 396200	4.7421 4.7421
2	RESHMAR PATEL AT THE END OF THE YEAR	394000	4.7157			394000 394000	4.7157 4.7157
3	Ramesh dhanjibhai patel at the end of the year	391580	4.6868			391580 391580	4.6868 4.6868
4	Vasantben Lalji Chanchpara At the end of the Year	124000	1.4841			124000 124000	1.4841 1.4841
5	PRITESH LALJIBHAI CHANCHPARA AT THE END OF THE YEAR	120000	1.4363			120000 120000	1.4363 1.4363
6	Laljibhai Chanchpara at the end of the Year	116000	1.3884			116000 116000	1.3884 1.3884
7	Shantibhai manjibhai Chanchpara at the end of the Year	82248	0.9844			82248 82248	0.9844 0.9844
8	BHARAT H GABANI AT THE END OF THE YEAR	62000	0.7421			62000 62000	0.7421 0.7421
9	Kalyanbhai jivrajbhai jivani at the end of the Year	35000	0.4189			35000 35000	0.4189 0.4189
10	UMESH H PATEL AT THE END OF THE YEAR	32000	0.3830			32000 32000	0.3830 0.3830

Notes: 1. Paid up Share Capital of the Company (Face Value Rs. 1.00) at the end of the year is 8355000 Shares.

<sup>2.</sup> The details of holding has been clubbed based on PAN.

<sup>3. %</sup> of total Shares of the Company is based on the paid up Capital of the Company at the end of the Year.

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# (v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

S. N.	Name	No. of shares at the beginning/ end of the year	% of total shares of the Company	Date	Increase / Decrease in Share- holding	Reason	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company
1	Savji D Patel	3124000	37.391	0	3124000	37.391	0	0
2	Usha Patel	2796000	33.465	0	2796000	33.465	0	0

# (vi) INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment.

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Secured Loans exclu- ding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebted- ness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	-	-	-	-
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	-	-	-
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
Addition	-	-	-	-
Reduction	-	-	-	-
Net Change	-	-	-	-
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	-	-	-	-
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	-	-	-

# (vii) REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

# A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/Manager Mr. Deepak Upadhyay	Total Amount
1.	Gross Salary	3.60	3.60
	a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	-	
	b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income Tax Act, 1961	-	
	c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income Tax Act, 1961	<u>-</u>	
2.	Stock Option	-	
3.	Sweat Equity	-	
4.	Commission		
	- as % of profit		
	- Others, specify	-	
5.	Others, please specify	-	
	Total (A)	3.60	3.60

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# (vii) Remuneration of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel: (Contd.....)

# B. Remuneration to Other Directors:

Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors Manager	Total Amount
Independent Directors		
<ul> <li>Fee for attending board / committee meetings</li> <li>Commission</li> <li>Others, please specify</li> </ul>		
Total (1)		
Other Non-Executive Directors  • Fee for atten ding board / committee meetings  • Commission  • Others, please specify		
Total (2) Total (B)=(1+2)		
Total Managerial Remuneration		
Overall Celling as per Act		

# C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD / Manager / WTD (Rs. in Lakhs)

Sr.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key	Managerial F	Personnel	Total	
No.		CEO	Company Secretary	CFO	Amount	
1	Gross salary					
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	-	1.68	2.88	4.56	
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-	
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	_	-	-	-	
2	Stock Option	-	-	-	-	
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-	
4	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify	-	-	-	-	
	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-	
	Total	-	1.68	2.88	4.56	

SI	<b>CORPOR</b>	ATION	LIMITED
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Date: 31/03/2021

# (vii) PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the companies Act	Brief description	Details of Penalty/ Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD/NCLT/ Court]	Appeal made If any (give details)
A. COMPANY					
Penalty					
Punishment					
Compounding					
B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty					
Punishment			ANIL		
Compounding					
C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT					
Penalty					
Punishment					
Compounding					

For and on behalf of the board of directors SJ Corporation Limited

Rajiv Shah Chairman DIN: 01765200 Deepak Upadhyay Managing Director DIN: 02270389

# ANNEXURE - VI SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

For the financial year ended March 31, 2021

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To The Members SJ CORPORATION LIMITED Office No. 311, Laxmi Enclave, Gajera School Road, Katargam, Surat-395004.

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by SJ Corporation Limited (hereinafter called the Company). The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the Financial Year ended on 31st March 2021 ('Audit Period') complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and subject to the observations mentioned in this report, the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March 2021 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder subject to certain observation(s);
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings (to the extent as may be applicable to the Company);
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009 (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Guidelines, 2014 (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 (Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009;(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period); and
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998;(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED \_

- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- (vi) I have relied on the Management Representation made by the Managing Director for systems and mechanism formed by the Company to ensure the compliances under other applicable acts, laws, regulations. Other laws applicable specifically to the Company, namely:
  - (a) Special Economic Zones Act, 2005 read with Special Economic Zone Rules, 2006.
  - (b) Real Estate (Regulation & Development) Act, 2016;
  - (c) Transfer of Property Act, 1882;
  - (d) Indian Stamp Act, 1899;
  - (e) Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (a) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India
- (b) The Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with the Stock Exchanges viz BSE Ltd (BSE) along with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as applicable for respective periods.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

#### I further report that:

- The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive
  Directors and Independent Directors. The changes that took place in the composition of the Board of Directors were
  in proper compliance during the period under review.
- Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.
- All the decisions at the Board Meetings and the Committee Meetings were carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the Board of Directors and minutes of the Committee Meetings as the case may be.

#### I further report that:

- There are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period there were no specific events/actions having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, guidelines and standards.

Place : Surat Date : 28.06.2021 For, K. PRASHANT & CO. Company Secretaries

Prashant V. Kathiriya Proprietor M. No.: 36482 CP. No.: 1909

Peer Review No.: 1207/2021

UDIN: A036482C000524365

## ANNEXURE TO THE SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

To The Members SJ CORPORATION LIMITED Office No. 311, Laxmi Enclave, Gajera School Road, Katargam, Surat-395004

I state that my said report of the even date has to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of Secretarial/ Statutory Records is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these records based on the audit.
- 2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial Records.
- 3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happenings of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standard is the responsibility of management. My examination is limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. Wherever required, I have obtained the management's representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 7. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place : Surat For, K. PRASHANT & CO.
Date : 28.06.2021 Company Secretaries

Prashant V. Kathiriya Proprietor M. No.: 36482

CP. No.: 1909 Peer Review No.: 1207/2021

UDIN: A036482C000524365

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of SJ Corporation Limited

#### **Opinion**

- 1. We have audited the standalone financial statements of **SJ CORPORATION LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March, 2021, the statement of Profit and Loss, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- 2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified in Section 133 of the Act, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, its loss, cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

4. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

# Assessment of recoverability (net) including MAT Credit Entitlement of deferred tax assets

(Refer note no. 6 of the financial statement)

- The company has net deferred tax assets of Rs.21.38 Lacs which dose not include MAT Credit Entitlement of Rs.45.66 Lacs as the realisation of MAT credit entitlement depends on generation of future taxable profits and the rate at which those profit will be taxed.
- We consider this key audit matter as significant judgement required by the management of the company to recognised the recoverability of Mat Credit Entitlement which is based on managements future business plans for the next 5 years.

#### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matters

Our audit procedures included:

- Understanding and evaluating the design and testing the operating effectiveness of key controls over recognition and review of deferred tax assets (net) and MAT Credit Entitlement;
- Considering whether MAT Credit Entitlement is legally available for the forecasted recoupment period;
- Assessing the reasonableness of the assumptions of the business plans considered by the management;
- Based on the above procedures, we did not identify any significant differences between our expectations and the management's assessment.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, (changes in equity) and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance

with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

- 6. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 7. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

- 8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
- As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - a. identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
  - b. obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
  - c. evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
  - d. conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
  - e. evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 11. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 12. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are, therefore, the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED \_

matters or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest of such communication.

#### **Other Matters**

13. The attention is drawn to Note No. 25.6 to the Notes to accounts which specifically describes the uncertainties and the impact of the Covid19 pandemic on the operations, goint concern status and recoverability of the assets of the company. The management has assessed the impact of the lockdown and related restrictions imposed by the governmental authorities to control pandemic and came to the conclusion that there is no material impact on the company's financial and operational health.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 14. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 15. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - (c) The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
  - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
  - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements:
    - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
    - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For **SDBA & Co.** Chartered Accountants (FRN: 142004W)

(SANJEEV A. MEHTA)

Partner

M. No: 41287 UDIN: 21041287AAAADJ7714

Mumbai June 21, 2021

# Annexure 'A' to the Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 14 of the Independent Auditors Report of even date to the members of SJ Corporation Limited on the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2021:

- a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - b. All the assets have not been physically verified by the management during the year but there is a regular programmed of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - c. The title deeds of immovable proerties, as disclosed in the Note 2 on fixed assets to the financial statements, are held in the name of the company.
- ii. a. The inventory has been physically verified during the year by the management on monthly basis. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
  - b. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of the inventory as compared to books records which has been properly dealt with in the books of account were not material.
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability partnerships or other parties covered in the Register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (iii) (a) to (C) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and I86 of the Companies Act, 2013 In respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- v. The Company has not accept any deposit from the public within the meaning of section 73,74,75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- vi. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the Rule made by the Central Government for maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we are not required to carry out and have not carried out a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii. a. According to the information and explanation given to us and the records of the company examined by us, in our opinion, the company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, Value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities, though there has been a slight delay in few cases.
  - b. As per records of the company and in accordance with the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of sales tax, income tax, custom duty, goods and service tax, excise duty and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. According to the records of the company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of dues to banks. The Company has not taken any loan either from financial institutions or from the government and has not issued any debentures.
- ix. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments and term Loans. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- x. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act;

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED \_

- xii. In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence, reporting under clause 4 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xv. Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. In our opinion, the company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions of clause 3 (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

For **SDBA & Co.** Chartered Accountants (FRN: 142004W)

(SANJEEV A. MEHTA)

Partner

M. No: 41287

UDIN: 21041287AAAADJ7714

Mumbai June 21, 2021

## Annexure 'B' to the Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 15(f) of the independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of SJ corporation Limited on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021.

#### Report on the Internal Financial controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

1. We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SJ Corporation Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditors' Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements

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and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

- 4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

6. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

8. In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on "the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India".

For **SDBA & Co.** Chartered Accountants (FRN: 142004W)

(SANJEEV A. MEHTA)

Partner

M. No : 41287

UDIN: 21041287AAAADJ7714

Mumbai June 21, 2021

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021				
Particulars	Notes	Notes As at 31.03.2021		
I. ASSETS:				
1. NON-CURRENT ASSETS				
Property, Plant and Equipment     Capital Work in Progress	2	9.48	12.99	
b. Capital Work in Progress     c. Investment in Property	3	70.46	70.46	
d. Goodwill		-	-	
other Intangible assets     Intangible assets under development		-	-	
g. Biological assets other than bearer plants		-	-	
h. Financial Assets i. Investments	4	45.41	23.76	
ii. Trade Receivable	•	-	-	
iii. Loans iv. Others	5	2.34	- 2.34	
f. Deferred Tax Assets	6	21.38	16.22	
e. Other Non-Current Assets				
2. CURRENT ASSETS		149.07	125.77	
a. Inventories	7	404.76	254.98	
b. Financial Assets				
i. Investments ii. Trade Receivable	8	153.76	291.80	
iii. Cash & Cash equivalents	9	61.85	156.76	
iv. Bank Balance other than (iii) above v. Loans	10 11	0.14 50.00	0.15	
vi. Others	12	3.17	0.46	
c. Current Tax Assets (Net)	13 14	6.89	6.63	
d. Other Current Assets	14	1.29 <b>681.86</b>	6.44 717.22	
TOTAL ASSETS		830.93	842.99	
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES:			042.00	
EQUITY:				
a. Equity Share Capital     b. Other equity	15 16	83.55 743.41	83.55 751.30	
b. Other equity	10	826.96	834.85	
LIABILITIES				
Non Current Liabilities     a. Financial Liabilities				
i. Borrowings		=	-	
ii. Trade Payables iii. Other Financial liabilities		-	- -	
b. Provisions		-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)     Other non-current liabilities		=	=	
d. Other non-current liabilities		<del></del>	<del></del>	
Current Liabilities				
a. Financial Liabilities i. Borrowing		_	_	
ii. Trade Payables	17			
Total Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		_	_	
Total Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises				
micro enterprises and small enterprises iii. Other Financial liabilities	18	3.40	5.41 2.36	
b. Other Current Liabilities	19	0.57	0.37	
c. Provision		-	-	
d. Current tax liabilitites (Net)		3.97	8.14	
		3.97	8.14	
TOTAL		830.93	842.99	
Significant Accounting Policies	1		0.2.00	
In terms of our report of even date.	For & on behalf of	Board of Director	r'S	
For SDBA & Co.	DEEPAK UPADHYA		SAVJI D. PATEL	
Chartered Accountants (FRN: 142004W)	MANAGING DIREC DIN: 02270389	IOR	DIRECTOR DIN: 01671461	
(SANJEEV A. MEHTA)	DIN . 0221 0303		D.14 . 010/ 1401	
Partner M. No. : 44297	DEEPA A. DHAME		ASHISH SATANI	
M. No : 41287 Mumbai	COMPANY SECRE  Mumbai	IAKT	CFO	

Statement of Profit and Loss for the period ended 31st March, 2021 (Rs. in Lakhs)

	Statement of Front and Loss to			(Rs. in Lakhs)
Part	iculars	Notes	For the Year ended 31 March, 2021	For the Year ended 31 March, 2020
l.	Revenue from operations	20	372.87	871.86
II.	Other Income	21	7.71	4.47
III.	Total Revenue (I + II)		380.58	876.33
IV.	EXPENSES			
	Cost of Materials Consumed Purchases of Stock-in-trade		28.00 405.72	929.59
	Changes in inventories of finished goods,		405.72	929.59
	Stock-in-trade and Work-in-progress	22	(109.69)	(92.64)
	Employee Benefit Expense	23	30.99	17.02
	Finance Cost  Penrociation and amortization expanse	2	4.37	6.63
	Depreciation and amortization expense Other Expenses	24	43.10	14.62
	Total Expenses (IV)	<del>-</del> ·	402.49	875.22
.,	. , ,	. /111 . 15.0		
V. VI.	Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax Exceptional Items	(III - IV)	(21.91)	1.11
VII.	Profit/(Loss) before tax (V - VI)		(21.91)	1.11
VIII.	<u>Tax Expense</u> :		, ,	
	Current Tax		-	(0.22)
	2. Deferred Tax (liability)/ Assets		5.16	0.58
IX.	Profit/(Loss) for the period from continuing of	perations (VII - VIII)	(16.75)	1.47
Χ.	Profit/(Loss) from Discontinued operations		-	-
XI.	Tax Expense of Discontinued operations	ton tow) (V VI)	-	-
XII. XIII.	Profit/(Loss) from Discontinued operations (aft	ter tax) (X-XI)	(16.75)	- 1.47
XIV.	Profit/(Loss) for the period (IX + XII) Other Comprehensive Income		(10.73)	1.47
/ (I V .	A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit	or loss	8.85	(15.61)
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not b		0.00	(10.01)
	to profit or loss		-	0.05
	B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or lo		-	-
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will be re			-
XV	Total Comprehensive income for the period ()			(4.4.00)
XVI	Profit (Loss) and Other Comprehensive Incom Earnings per equity share (for continuing ope	- ,	(7.90)	(14.09)
ΛVI	1. Basic	ration).	(0.20)	0.02
	2. Diluted		(0.20)	0.02
XVII.	Earning per equity share ( for discontinued o	peration):	(0.20)	0.02
,	1. Basic		-	-
	2. Diluted		-	-
XVIII	. Earnings per equity share ( for discontinued &	& continuing operation	ons)	
	1. Basic		(0.20)	0.02
	2. Diluted		(0.20)	0.02
Sign	ificant Accounting Policies	1		
In te	rms of our report of even date.	For & on behal	f of Board of Direct	tors
	SDBA & Co.	DEEPAK UPADI		SAVJI D. PATEL
	tered Accountants	MANAGING DIR		DIRECTOR
•	N : 142004W) NJEEV A. MEHTA)	DIN: 02270389	,	DIN: 01671461
Parti		DEEPA A. DHAN	/IECHA	ASHISH SATANI
	lo : 41287	COMPANY SEC	RETARY	CFO
Mun	nbai - 21 - 2021	Mumbai		

June 21, 2021

June 21, 2021

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED \_\_\_\_\_

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2021				
Partic	ulars	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020	
A. CA	ASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Ne	et Profit/(Loss) Before tax	(21.91)	1.11	
	justments for	, ,		
	Gain/loss on investment	(1.64)	(2.38)	
	Interest income	(5.48)	(1.79)	
	Dividend on long term Investment	(0.59)	(0.25)	
	Depreciation	4.37	6.63	
OF	PERATING PROFIT BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES :	(25.25)	3.32	
Ad	justments for Working Capital Changes			
	Inventories	(149.78)	(191.17)	
	Trade receivables	138.03	52.86	
	Other receivables	2.44	0.23	
	Trade Payables	(5.41)	5.41	
	Other payable	1.25	(0.18)	
CA	ASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	(38.72)	(129.53)	
Inc	come Tax Paid	(0.26)	(2.11)	
Ca	sh Utilised in Operations (A)	(38.98)	(131.64)	
B. CA	ASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Pu	rchase of Tangible Assets	(0.86)	-	
Div	vidend on Investment	0.59	0.25	
Inte	erest income	5.48	1.79	
	le of non current investments	7.71	29.62	
	rchase of non current investment	(18.85)	(6.80)	
Lo	an & Advances	(50.00)		
Ca	sh Generated from Investing Activities (B)	(55.93)	24.86	
C. CA	ASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Div	vidend Paid	-	-	
Ca	sh Generated from Financing Activities (C)	-	-	
NE	T INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A+B+C)	(94.91)	(106.78)	
Ca	sh & cash equivalents at beginning of the year	156.76	263.54	
Ca	ish & cash equivalents at end of the year ( Ref. Note 9)	61.85	156.76	

For & on behalf of Board of Directors In terms of our report of even date.

For SDBA & Co. Chartered Accountants (FRN: 142004W) (SANJEEV A. MEHTA)

Partner M. No: 41287 Mumbai June 21, 2021

DEEPAK UPADHYAY MANAGING DIRECTOR DIN: 02270389

DEEPA A. DHAMECHA **COMPANY SECRETARY** 

June 21, 2021

Mumbai

**ASHISH SATANI CFO** 

SAVJI D. PATEL

DIN: 01671461

DIRECTOR

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Amount
-------------	--------

# **CHANGES IN EQUITY:**

# A. Equity Share Capital:

As on 31st March, 2019	83.55
Changes in Equity Share Capital	-
As on 31st March, 2020	83.55
Changes in Equity Share Capital	-
As on 31st March, 2021	83.55

# B. Other Equity:

Particulars	Reserves a	nd Surplus	OCI	Total	
	Share Premium Reserve	Retained earnings	Equity Instruments through OCI	other equity	
Balance as at March 31, 2019	376.30	443.81	(54.72)	765.39	
Profit for the year	-	1.47	-	1.47	
Other comprehesive income for the year, net of tax	-	1.73	(17.29)	(15.56)	
Balance as at March 31, 2020	376.30	447.01	(72.01)	751.30	
Profit for the year	-	(16.74)	-	(16.74)	
Other comprehesive income for the year, net of tax	-	(11.59)	20.44	8.85	
Balance as at March 31, 2021	376.30	418.68	(51.57)	743.41	

#### A. Company Overview

SJ Corporation Limited is a public company having Corporate Identity Number L51900GJ1981PLC103450. It is incorporated in India and its shares are listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd. The company is engaged in manufacturing of diamond studded jewellery & trading of polished diamonds and real estate development. The registered office of the company is at Office No. 311, Laxmi Enclave, Gajera School Road, Katargam Surat Gujarat - 395 004.

#### **NOTE '1': SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICES**

#### 1.1. Basis of preparation and presentation

- (i) The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') read with of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other relevant provisions of the Act.
- (ii) The Financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except certain financial assets & liabilities which are measured at fair value:
- (iii) All the assets and liabilites have been classified as current or non-current as per the company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (iv) All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

#### 1.2. Use of Estimates & Judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions, that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, expenses etc. at the date of these financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the years presented. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed at each balance sheet date. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods affected.

#### 1.3. Property, Plant and Equipment

- (i) Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets.
- (ii) Capital work-in-progress includes expenditure during construcion period incurred on projects under implementation treated as pre-operative expenses pending allocation to the assets. These expenses are apportioned to the respective fixed assets on their completion/ commencement of commercial production.
- (iii) Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided based on useful life of the assets prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 on written down value method.
- (iv) When an assets is scrapped or otherwise disposed off, the cost and related depreciation are removed from the books of account and resultant profit or loss, if any, is reflected in statement of Profit and Loss.
- (v) The Residual Value, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at the end of each financial year and ajusted prospectively, if appropriate.

#### **Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment. Intangible assets are amortized over their respective individual estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis, from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful life of an identifiable intangible asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factor, and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset. Amortization methods and useful lives are reviewed periodically including at each financial year end.

#### 1.4. Impairment of Non-financial Assets

The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a non-financial asset or a group of non-financial assets are impaired. If any such indication exists, the company estimates the amount of impairment loss. For the purpose of assessing impairment, the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets is considered as a cash generating unit. If any such indication exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the individual asset/cash generating unit is made.

An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and recoverable amount. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the Company considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

#### 1.5. Investment property

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not used by the Company, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs less depreciation and impairment if any.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Company and the revenue can be measured reliably.

# Sale of goods:

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been transferred to the buyer either at the time of dispatch or delivery or when the risk of loss transfers. Export sales are generally recognized based on the shipped on board date as per bill of lading, which is when substantial risks and rewards of ownership are passed to the customers.

Revenue from sale of goods is net of taxes and recovery of charges collected from customers like transport, packing etc. Sales returns are recognised when appropriate. Revenue is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable and is net of price discounts, allowance for volume rebates and similar items.

Claims/Refunds not ascertainable with reasonable certainty are accounted for, on final settlement and are recognized as revenue on certainty of receipt on prudent basis.

#### 1.6. Rendering of services:

Revenue from sale of services are recognized when the services are rendered.

#### Other Income

Dividend income on investments is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Interest income is recognized on a time proportionate basis taking into account the amounts invested and the rate of interest on prudent basis.

#### 1.7. Cash & cash equivalents

Cash and Cash equivalents include cash and Cheque in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash & which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value where original maturity is three months or less.

#### 1.8. Inventory

Inventories are stated 'at the lower of cost or net realisable value'. Cost of inventories comprise of cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs including manufacturing overheads net of recoverable tax incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Due allowance is estimated and made for defective and obsolete items, wherever necessary.

# 1.9. Foreign exchange transaction and translation

The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is Company's functional and presentation currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are recognised at the prevailing exchange rates on the transaction dates. Realised gains and losses on settlement of foreign currency transactions are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent of exchange differences which are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets, are capitalized as cost of assets.

Monetary foreign currency assets and liabilities at the year-end are translated at the year-end exchange rates and the resultant exchange differences are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 1.10. Government Grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with.

Government grants related to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis in the statement of profit and loss over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs which they are intended to compensate. Such grants are deducted in reporting the related expense. When the grant relates to an asset, it is recognized as income over the expected useful life of the asset.

In case a non-monetary asset is given free of cost, it is recognised at a fair value. When loans or similar assistance are provided by government or related institutions, with an interest rate below the current applicable market rate, the effect of this favorable interest is recognized as government grant. The loan or assistance is initially recognized and measured at fair value and the government grant is measured as the difference between the initial carrying value of the loan and the proceeds received.

#### 1.11 Financial Instruments

#### (i) Financial Assets

#### Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial assets are recognised when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial assets, other than trade receivables, are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through statement of profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through statement of profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Subsequent measurement

Financial assets, other than equity instruments, are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI) or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

#### Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Investment in financial asset other than equity instrument, not measured at either amortised cost or FVTOCI is measured at FVTPL. Such financial assets are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value, including interest income and dividend income if any, recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### **Equity Instruments:**

All investment in equity instrument classified under finanacial assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are measured at FVTPL.

For all other equity instruments, on initial recognition, irrevocably elect to measure the same either at FVOCI or FVTPL. The Compnay makes such election on an instument-by-instrument basis.

#### Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) model, for evaluating impairment of financial asets other than those measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- The 12 month expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instruments).

#### (ii) Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value net of transaction costs for all financial liabilities not carried at fair value through profit or loss.

The Company's financial liabilities includes trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts and derivative instruments.

#### Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are subsequently measured using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### **Loans & Borrowings**

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit & loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through EIR amortization process.

#### **Financial Guarantee Contracts**

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are those contracts that requires a payment to be made or to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtors fails to make payment when due in accordance with the term of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognized initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee.

Subsequently the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 and the amount recognized less cumulative adjustments.

#### (iii) Derivative financial instruments and Hedge Accounting

The Company uses various derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps, currency swaps, forwards & options and commodity contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in interest rates, exchange rates and commodity prices. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are also subsequently measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to Statement of Profit and Loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges which is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income and later to Statement of Profit and Loss when the hedged item affects profit or loss or treated as basis adjustment if a hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial assets or non-financial liability.

#### For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedges are classified as:

#### Cashflow hedge

The Company designates derivative contracts or non derivative financial assets / liabilities as hedging instruments to mitigate the risk of movement in interest rates and foreign exchange rates for foreign exchange exposure on

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED.

highly probable future cash flows attributable to a recognised asset or liability or forecast cash transactions. When a derivative is designated as a cash flow hedging instrument, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognized in the cash flow hedging reserve being part of other comprehensive income. Any ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. If the hedging relationship no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, then hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively. If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognized in cash flow hedging reserve till the period the hedge was effective remains in cash flow hedging reserve until the underlying transaction occurs. The cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in the cash flow hedging reserve is transferred to the Statement of Profit and Loss upon the occurrence of the underlying transaction. If the forecasted transaction is no longer expected to occur, then the amount accumulated in cash flow hedging reserve is reclassified in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### Fair value hedge

The Company designates derivative contracts or non derivative financial assets / liabilities as hedging instruments to mitigate the risk of change in fair value of hedged item due to movement in interest rates, foreign exchange rates and commodity prices.

Changes in the fair value of hedging instruments and hedged items that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the Statement of Profit and Loss. If the hedging relationship no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is used is amortised to Statement of Profit and Loss over the period of maturity

#### (iv) Derecognition of financial instruments

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### 1.12 Leases

#### Company as a lessee

The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Lease liability is measured by discounting the lease payments using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to statement of profit and loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The ROU assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payment made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct cost less any lease incentives and restoration cost. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and inpaired losses, if any. ROU assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the asset's useful life or the lease whichever is shorter. Impairment of ROU assets is in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for impairment of tangible and intangible assets.

#### Company as a lessor

Lease income from operating leases where the Company is a lessor is recognised in the statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### 1.13. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT:

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability
- The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

#### 1.14 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### Short term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

#### Post-employment benefits

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company pays specified contributions to a separate entity. The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Provident Fund, Superannuation Fund and Pension Scheme. The Company's contribution is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

#### Defined benefit Plans

The Company pays gratuity to the employees whoever has completed five years of service with the Company at the time of resignation/superannuation. The gratuity is paid @15 days salary for every completed year of service as per the Payment of Gratuity Act 1972.

At present the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provision Act, 1952 and Gratuity Act, 1972 are not applicable to the company

#### **Empolyee Separation Costs**

Compensation to employees who have opted for retirement under the voluntary retirement scheme of the Company is payable in the year of exercise of option by the employee. The Company recognises the employee separation cost when the scheme is announced and the Company is demonstrably committed to it.

#### SI CORPORATION LIMITED \_

#### 1.15 TAXES ON INCOME

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent it relates to items directly recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income.

#### - Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance sheet date.

#### Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

#### 1.16 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs include intetest expenses as per effective interest rate and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.

Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period for which they are incurred.

#### 1.17 Provisions and Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions represent liabilities for which the amount or timing is uncertain. Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive), as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources, that can be reliably estimated, will be required to settle such an obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Unwinding of the discount is recognized in profit or loss as a finance cost. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

Contingent assets are not recognised but disclosed in the financial statements when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### 1.18 Earning Per Share

The basic earning per share (EPS) is computed by dividing the net profit after tax available to equity share holdong for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the current year.

The diluted EPS is calculated on the same basis as basic EPS, after adjusting for the effects of potential dilutive equity shares unless impact is anti-dilutive.

Note '2': PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Furniture & Fixture	Office	Motor Equipment	Computer Cycle	Motor	Total Car
Gross Carrying amount						
Historical cost as at 1st April,2019	-	3.29	1.22	2.01	21.32	27.84
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassification as held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	-	3.29	1.22	2.01	21.32	27.84
Additions	0.56	0.30	-	-	-	0.86
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassification as held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	0.56	3.59	1.22	2.01	21.32	28.70
Accumulated Depreciation						
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	-	0.62	0.94	1.44	5.22	8.22
Additions	-	1.20	0.08	0.33	5.02	6.63
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassification as held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	-	1.82	1.02	1.77	10.24	14.85
Additions	0.01	0.73	0.05	0.12	3.46	4.37
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassification as held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	0.01	2.55	1.07	1.89	13.70	19.22
Net Carrying Amount						
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	-	1.47	0.20	0.24	11.08	12.99
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	0.55	1.04	0.15	0.12	7.62	9.48

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED \_\_\_\_\_

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2021	(Rs. in Lakhs)
Particulars	Amount
Note '3': INVESTMENT PROPERTIES:	
Gross Carrying amounts	
Cost as at 1st April, 2019	70.46
Additions	-
Disposals	
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	70.46
Additions	-
Disposals	
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	70.46
Accumulated Depreciation	
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	
Additions	-
Disposals	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	
Additions	
Disposals	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	-
Net Carrying amount	
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	70.46
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	70.46
Fair Value	
As at 31-03-2020	159.78
As at 31-03-2021	159.78

Note '4': NON - CURRENT INVESTMENTS

Name of the Company	Face Value	Paid-up Value	No. of Shares	As at 31.03.2021 Rs.	No. of Shares	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.
Investment measured at Fair value through						
Other Comprehensive Income						
In Equity Shares - Quoted						
Enginers India Ltd.	5	5	13,200	10.17	-	-
Flawless Diamond Ltd.	1	1	23,062	-	23,062	-
Gujarat Industries Power Co. Ltd.	10	10	10,000	7.57	-	-
Jaypee Infratech Ltd.	10	10	27,000	0.42	-	-
Man Industries Ltd.	5	5	-	-	10,000	4.09
Omnitech Infosolution Ltd.	10	10	250	-	250	-
Reliance Communication Ltd.	5	5	100,000	1.67	100,000	0.66
Reliance Home Finance Ltd.	10	10	-	-	20,000	0.15
Shri Laxmi Cotsyn Ltd.	10	10	1,000	-	1,000	-
Signet Industries Ltd.	10	10	21,000	6.34	21,000	3.38
The New India Insurance Ltd.	5	5	5,000	7.72	5,000	5.61
Timbor Home Ltd.	10	10	10,000		10,000	
				33.89		13.89
Investment measured at Fair value throught Profit	<u>&amp; Loss</u>					
Investment in Government security						
Soverign Gold Bonds Tranche IV			250	11.52	250	9.87
				45.41		23.76
Aggregate amount of Quoted Investments				93.26	'	93.71
Market Value of Quoted Investments				45.41		23.76
Category-wise Non current Investment						
Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through						
Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)				33.89		13.89
Financial Assets measured at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)				11.52		9.87
Total Non Current Investment				45.41		23.76

# SJ CORPORATION LIMITED \_\_\_\_\_

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MARCH	l, 2021	(Rs. in Lakhs
Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As At 31.03.2020
Note '5': NON CURRENT ASSETS - OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Deposits	2.34	2.34
	2.34	2.34
Note '6': DEFERRED TAX ASSETS		
At the start of the year	16.22	15.59
Deferred tax for current year	5.16	0.63
At the end of the year	21.38	16.22
Components of Deferred Tax (Liabilities) / Assets :		
Deferred Tax (Liabilities) / Assets in relation to:		
Property, Plant & Equipment	2.95	2.80
Carried Forward Loss	18.43	13.42
	21.38	16.22
Note '7': INVENTORY		
(As valued and certified by management)	400.00	
Raw Material Work-in-Process	138.62 257.36	98.53 156.45
Finished Goods	-	-
Stock-in-trade	8.78	
	404.76	254.98
Note '8': TRADE RECEIVABLE		
Trade receivables	153.76	291.80
	153.76	291.80
Current portion	153.76	291.80
Non-current portion	-	-
Break-up of security details Secured, considered good	-	_
Unsecured, considered good	153.76	291.80
Doubtful		
Note '9' : CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS - CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS	153.76	291.80
Cash & Cash equivalents		
Balance with Bank in current accounts	55.88	24.58
Deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months Cash in Hand	- 5.97	125.00
Casii iii Fianu		7.18
	61.85	156.76
NOTE '10' : CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS - OTHER BANK BALANCES		
Unclaimed dividend - Earmarked balance with bank	0.14	0.15
	0.14	0.15
NOTE '11' : CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS - LOANS		
Venus Exports	50.00	-
	50.00	

8,355,000

8,355,000

FOR	THE	PFRIOD	<b>FNDFD</b>	31ST	MARCH,	2021
		1 -11100		0101		<b></b>

(Rs. in Lakhs)

8,355,000

8,355,000

Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As At 31.03.2020
Note '12' : CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS - OTHER FINANCIAL ASS	SETS	
(Unsecured and considered good)		
Interest receivable	2.24	0.09
Other Advances	0.45	0.16
Dividend receivables	0.48	0.21
	3.17	0.46
Note '13' : CURRENT TAX ASSETS		
Income Tax (Net of provision)	6.89	6.63
	6.89	6.63
Note '14' : OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
(Unsecured and considered good)		
Prepaid Expenses	0.55	0.64
Balance with revenue authorities	0.74	5.80
	1.29	6.44
Note '15': SHARE CAPITAL		
<u>Authorised</u> 50000000 (Previous Year : 50000000) Equity shares of Re.1 each	500.00	500.00
30000000 (Frevious Teal : 30000000) Equity shares of Ne.1 each		
Issued, Subscribed and fully paid up shares	500.00	500.00
83,55,000 (Previous Year : 83,55,000) Equity shares of Re.1 each	83.55	83.55
TOTAL	83.55	83.55
<u>Notes</u>		
(a) Reconciliation of the Equity Shares outstanding at the begin and at the end of the year:	<u>ning</u>	
Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As at 31.03.2020
1 di tiodidi o	No. of Shares	No. of Shares

# Outstanding at the end of the year (b) Equity Shareholder holding more than 5% equity shares along with number of equity shares is given below:

Name of the Shareholder	31st Marc	h, 2021	31st March, 2020		
	No.of Shares	%	No.of Shares	%	
Shri Savji D Patel	3,124,000	37.39	3,124,000.00	37.39	
Smt. Usha D Patel	2,796,000	33.47	2,796,000.00	33.47	

#### (c) Terms/rights attached to equity shares :

At the beginning of the period Issued during the period

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Re.1/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

**Share** 

Retained

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Other

Total

# Note '16': OTHER EQUITY

**Particulars** 

Particulars	premium	earnings	Compreh- ensive Income	iotai
Balance as at 31st March, 2019	376.30	443.81	(54.72)	765.39
Profit/(Loss) for the year	_	1.47	-	1.47
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	1.73	(17.29)	(15.56)
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	376.30	447.01	(72.01)	751.30
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	(16.74)	-	(16.74)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	(11.59)	20.44	8.85
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	376.30	418.68	(51.57)	743.41
Particulars		31.03.	As at 2021	As At 31.03.2020
NOTE '17': TRADE PAYABLES				
Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises			-	-
Others			<u>-</u>	5.41
			<u>-</u>	5.41
Note 18 : CURRENT LIABILITIES - OTHER FINANCIAL	LIABILITIES			
Advance from Customer			1.04	-
Other Payable			2.36	2.36
			3.40	2.36
Note '19': OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Statutory dues payable			0.43	0.22
Unclaimed dividend			0.14	0.15
			0.57	0.37
Note '20': REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS				
Sale of products				
Diamond studded Jewellery & Diamonds			53.65	871.86
Constructed property & Plot			19.22	
		37	72.87	871.86
Note '21': OTHER INCOME				
Dividend on Long Term Investments			0.59	0.25
Fair Valuation of investement through Profit & Loss			1.64	2.38
Profit on Future & Options Interest			5.48	0.05 1.79
HIGIGST				
			7.71	4.47

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FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31ST MA	RCH, 2021	(Rs. in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31.03.2021	As At 31.03.2020
NOTE '22' : CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS.		
WORK-IN-PROGRESS AND STOCK-IN-TRADE		
Opening Stock		
Finished Goods/stock-in-trade	-	63.81
Work-in-progress	156.45	-
	156.45	63.81
Closing Stock		
Finished Goods/stock-in-trade	8.78	-
Work-in-progress	257.36	156.45
	266.14	156.45
	(109.69)	(92.64)
	(103.03)	(32.04)
Note '23': EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE		
Salary, Wages and Bonus	30.99	17.02
	30.99	17.02
Note '24' : OTHER EXPENSE		
Advertisement Expenses	0.68	0.50
Auditor's Remuneration	1.00	1.00
Job Work - Jewellery making	4.05	-
Job Work - Construction	13.46	-
Legal & Professional Expenses	2.27	1.33
Listing & Processing Fees	3.00	3.00
Miscellaneous Expenses	8.33	3.06
Motor Car Expenses	1.73	-
Power & Fuel	0.84	1.21
Rent, Rates & Taxes (excluding taxes on income)	7.36 0.38	4.20 0.32
Telephone Expenses		
	43.10	14.62
24.1 : AUDITORS' REMUNERATION		
Audit Fee	0.90	0.90
Tax Audit Fee	0.10	0.10
Tax / taal / Too		
	1.00	1.00
NOTE '25' NOTES TO ACCOUNTS		
25.1 EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)		
Net Profit after tax as per statement of Profit and Loss attributable to equity shareholders	(16.74)	1.47
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	8,355,000	8,355,000
Face Value per equity share (Rs.)	1	1
Basic Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	(0.20)	0.02
Diluted Earinings per Share (Rs.)	(0.20)	0.02
= Editimigo por Oridio (1.01)	(0.20)	0.02

SJ CORPORATION LIMITED \_\_\_\_\_

	FOR THE	PERIOD	<b>ENDED</b>	31ST	MARCH.	2021
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Particulars		As at 31.03.2021	As At 31.03.2020
NOTE '25' NO	ES TO ACCOUNTS (Contd)		
25.2 INCOME T	AX RECONCILIATION		
Profit befo	re tax	(21.90)	1.11
Applicable	Tax Rate	26.00%	26.00%
Computed	Tax Expenses	(5.69)	0.29
Tax Effect	<u>of :</u>		
Income ex	empted from Income tax	-	(0.07)
Expenses	disallowed	0.16	0.62
Other		5.53	(0.62)
Current Ta	ax Provision (A)	(0.00)	0.22
Incrementa	al Deferred tax Liability/(Asset) on account of PPE	0.15	(0.58)
Other	, ,	(5.01)	-
Deferred <sup>1</sup>	Tax Provision (B)	(4.86)	(0.58)
Tax Exper	ses Recognised in Statement of Profit & Loss (A+B)	(4.86)	(0.36)
Effective T	ax Rate	0.00%	0.00%
25.3 RELATED	PARTIES DISCLOSURES		
i. ii. iii. iv. v.	Management personnel & their relatives:  Mr. Deepak Upadhyay  Mr. Savji D. Patel  Mrs. Usha S. Patel, wife of Mr. Savji D. Patel  Mr. Roopesh Agrawal  Mr. Ashish Satani  Ms. Deepa Dhamecha		
b) Trans	actions during the year with related parties :		
i.	Rent paid	3.00	3.00
ii.	Payment to Key Managerial personnel/Relative	8.21	7.96
	osure in Respect of Major Related Party Transactions g the year :		
	Rent paid Mrs. Usha S. Patel	3.00	3.00
	Payment to Key Managerial personnel/Relative		
	Mr. Deepak Upadhyay	3.63	3.60
	Mr. Roopesh Agrawal	-	0.08
	Mr. Ashish Satani	2.91	2.88
	Ms. Deepa Dhamecha	1.68	1.40

#### NOTE '25' NOTES TO ACCOUNTS (Contd.....)

**25.4** In the opinion of the management and to the best of their knowledge, the current assets, loans & advances are approximately of the value stated, if realised in the ordinary course of business, unless otherwise stated.

#### 25.5 Segment Information

The Company has identified business segments in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 108 "Operating Segment" notified under section 133 of Companies Act 2013, read together with relevant rules issued thereunder. Accordingly, the Company has identified two business segments i.e. Diamond studded jewellery and Polished diamods & Real Estate and development of property.

- (i) Revenue and Expenses have been identified to a segment on the basis of relationship to operating activities of the segment. Revenue and Expenses which relate to enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to a segment on reasonable basis have been disclosed as "Unallocable"
- (ii) Segment Assets and Segment Liabilities represent Assets and Liabilities in respective segments. Investments, tax related assets and other assets and liabilities that cannot be allocated to a segment on reasonable basis have been disclosed as "Unallocable".

(a) Segment Revenue		
Diamond studded Jewellery & Diamonds	353.65	871.86
Real Estate & development of propery	19.22	-
	372.87	871.86
(b) Segment Result before Interest & Tax		
Diamond studded Jewellery & Diamonds	7.40	12.50
Real Estate & development of propery	(2.40)	(0.84)
	5.00	11.66
Less: Finance cost	-	-
Add: Unallocated income net of expenses	(26.91)	(10.55)
Profit before Tax	(21.91)	1.11
Less: Income Tax	-	(0.22)
Less: Deferred Tax	5.16	0.58
Profit After Tax	(16.75)	1.47
(c) Other Information Segment assets		
Diamond studded Jewellery & Diamonds	301.16	397.70
Real Estate & development of propery	257.36	158.54
Unallocated	272.41	286.75
	830.93	842.99
Segment liabilities		
Diamond studded Jewellery & Diamonds	0.10	-
Real Estate & development of propery	1.15	5.41
Unallocated	2.72	2.73
	3.97	8.14

#### NOTE '25' NOTES TO ACCOUNTS (Contd.....)

25.6 In view of lockdown announced by the Central Government due to Covid19, the real estate development work at Surat and setting up of jewellery manufacturing at Mumbai has come to a standstill. However, with the relaxation in the lockdown conditions, the work relating to real estate development at Surat has restarted at a very small scale after adhering to social distancing and other prescribed restrictions. However, the commencement of jewellery manufacturing operations at Mumbai are yet to start, though the company has bought gold, preceious and semi preceious stones etc. This has resulted in adversely affecting the operations & profitability of the company for the current period.

The company has assessed the impact of the lockdown and consequent economic slowdown on business operations, revenues, cash flows and its ability to repay its liabilities and is confident that the company has adequate stocks of raw material, stores and finished goods to sustain any disruption in supply chain and revenue streams & liquidity to repay its liabilities.

The company is hopeful and confident that the current unfortunate events due to Covid19 pandemic resulting in lockdown and consequent stoppage and slowdown of economic activities has not and will not affect the recoverability of the company's assets, ongoing pertinence of its business, valuation & realisation of its inventory & debtors and its ability to repay liabilities. The company's ongoing business operations are not going to be affected on a long term basis. The management has taken steps to mitigate any impact which might have been on the company's business and its liquidity position.

The company has exercised due care in determining its significant accounting judgment and estimates while preparing its financial statements including internal controls over financial reporting. As per the current assessment made by the company, there is no material impact on the carrying values of inventory, trade receivables, other financial monetary & non-monetary assets as on the reporting date. However, the final impact may differ from the current estimates made as at the date of approval of financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2021 considering the prevailing uncertainties.

#### 25.7 FAIR VALUATION MEASUREMENT HIERARCHY:

Particulars	As at	As at 31st March, 2021			As at 31st March, 2020		
	Carrying amount	Level of Input used in		Carrying amount	Level of Input used in		
		Level 1	Level 2		Level 1	Level 2	
Financial Assets							
At Amortised cost							
Trade Receivable	153.76	-	-	291.80	-	-	
Cash & Bank Balance	61.85	-	-	156.76	-	-	
Bank Balance other than above	0.14	-	0	0.15	-	-	
Other Financial Assets	3.17	-	-	0.46	-	-	
At FVTPL							
Investments	11.52	11.52	-	9.87	9.87	-	
AT FVTOCI							
Investments	33.89	33.89	-	13.89	13.89	-	
Financial Liabilities							
At Amortised cost							
Trade Payable	-	-	-	5.41	-	-	
Other Financial Liabilities	3.40	_	_	2.36	_	_	

#### NOTE '25' NOTES TO ACCOUNTS (Contd.....)

The financial instruments are categorized into two levels based on the inputs used to arrive at fair value measurements as described below:

Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; and

**Level 2:** Inputs other than the quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly or indirectly.

#### **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that suitable sources of funding for the company's business activities may not be available. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due, so that the company is not forced to obtain funds at higher rates. The Company monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's cash flow position and ensure that the Company is able to meet its financial obligation at all times including contingencies.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due causing financial loss to the company. It arises from cash and cash equivalents, financial instruments and principally from credit exposures to customers relating to outstanding receivables. The Company deals with highly rated counter parties.

25.8 The Previous year's fighres have been re-grouped/ re-classified wherever required to confom to current year's classification.

#### SIGNATURES TO NOTES '1' TO '25'

In terms of our report of even date.

For SDBA & Co. Chartered Accountants (FRN: 142004W) (SANJEEV A. MEHTA)

Partner

M. No: 41287

Mumbai

June 21, 2021

For & on behalf of Board of Directors

DEEPAK UPADHYAY MANAGING DIRECTOR DIN: 02270389

SEEDA A DUAMEOUA

DEEPA A. DHAMECHA COMPANY SECRETARY

Mumbai June 21, 2021 board of Directors

SAVJI D. PATEL DIRECTOR DIN: 01671461

**ASHISH SATANI** 

#### **COMMUNICATION REGISTRATION FORM**

#### To,

#### LINK INTIME INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED

C-101,247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai-400083.

Tel: +91 22 49186000 Fax: +91 22 49186060

Email: evoting@linkintime.co.in

Dear Sir/Madam,

#### Re: Green Initiative in Corporate Governance

, ,	<b>DRATION LIMITED</b> agree to receive all communication from the Company in electronic pelow mentioned e-mail ID in your records for sending communication through e-mail.
Folio No.	:
DP ID	<u></u>
Client ID	<u></u>
Name of 1st Registered Holder	<u></u>
Name of Joint Holder(s)	·
Registered Address	·
E-mail ID (to be registered)	·
_	
Date:	Signature:
	(First Holder)

#### **Important Notes:**

- 1. On registration, all the communication will be sent to the e-mail ID registered in the folio/DP ID & Client ID.
- 2. The form is also available on the website of the company www.sjcorp.in
- 3. Shareholders are requested to keep Company informed as and when there is any change in the e-mail address. Unless the email ID given above is changed by you by sending another communication in writing, the Company will continue to send the notices/documents to you on the above mentioned e-mail ID.
- 4. Shareholders are requested to send an e-mail to **sjcorpgogreen@sharexindia.in** or send a letter at: **LINK INTIME INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED**

C-101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli West, Mumbai - 400083.

Tel: 022-49186000, FAX: 022-49186060

THIS PACE KEPT INTENTIONALLY BILANK



# SJ Corporation Ltd.

Regd. Office: Office No. 336, Laxmi Enclave, Gajera School Road, Katargam, Surat-395 004, Gujarat, India.