

25<sup>th</sup> March, 2022

To,

National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai 400 051. Script code: HPAL To, **BSE Limited** Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai 400 001. **Script code: 543433** 

#### Sub: Outcome of Board Meeting.

Dear Sir / Madam,

Pursuant to Regulation 30 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 we hereby inform you that the Board of Directors at its meeting held today i.e. on March 25, 2022, *inter-alia* decided, approved, and adopted the following:

- to seek the consent of the members of the Company by way of Ordinary Resolution through the Postal Ballot process for appointment of Ms. Nidhi Haresh Motwani (DIN: 06655834) as an Executive Director of the Company; and
- amended Related Party Transaction Policy pursuant to Sixth Amendment to the SEBI LODR Regulations dated 9<sup>th</sup> November, 2021 and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2021/662 dated 22<sup>nd</sup> November 2021, the amended policy is enclosed.

Kindly take the above information on record.

Thank you,

Yours Faithfully,

For HP Adhesives Limited





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# **HP ADHESIVES LIMITED**

## POLICY ON DEALING WITH RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Modified w.r.t. the Sixth Amendment to the SEBI LODR Regulations dated 9th November, 2021 and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2021/662 dated 22nd November 2021 – The amendments appearing in [] shall be effective from April 1, 2022 unless otherwise specified)

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## 1. Preamble

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of HP Adhesives Limited (the "Company"), has adopted the following policy and procedures with regard to Related Party Transactions as defined below. The Audit Committee will review and may amend this policy from time to time.

This policy is to regulate transactions between the Company and its Related Parties based on the laws and regulations applicable on the Company.

2. Purpose

This policy is framed as per the requirements of Regulation 23 of Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 [including any modification(s) / amendment(s) / reenactment(s) thereof] ("**SEBILODR**") and in terms of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and is intended to ensure proper approval, disclosure and reporting requirements of transactions between the Company and its Related Parties.

## 3. Definitions

"Act" shall mean the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder, including any modifications, clarifications, circulars or re-enactment thereof.

"Arm's length transaction" means a transaction between two related parties that is conducted as if they were unrelated, so that there is no conflict of interest. For determination of Arm's Length basis, guidance may be taken from provisions of Transfer Pricing under Income Tax Act, 1961.

**"Audit Committee or Committee"** means "Audit Committee" constituted by the Board of Directors of the Company under provisions of SEBI LODR and Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time.

"Associate Company" means any other Company, in which the Company has a significant influence, but which is not a Subsidiary Company of the Company having such influence and includes a joint venture company.

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Explanation - For the purpose of this clause

"significant influence" means control of at least twenty percent of total share capital, or business decisions under an agreement.

**"Board of Directors" or "Board"** means the Board of Directors of the Company, as constituted from time to time.

"**Control**" shall have the same meaning as defined in SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011.

**"Material Related Party Transaction"** in terms of SEBI LODR means a transaction to be entered into with a Related Party, individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year:

- (i) In case of transactions involving payments made with respect to brand usage or royalty, if it exceeds 5% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Company as per its last audited financial statements;
- (ii) In case of any other transaction(s), if the amount [exceeds Rs. 1,000 crores or] 10% (ten percent) of the annual consolidated turnover of the Company as per its last audited financial statements, [whichever is lower].

["Material Modification" in terms of SEBI LODR means any modification(s) in the pricing, quantity or overall transaction value having a variance of 20% (twenty percent) or more, in the relevant previously approved related party transaction.]

"Policy" means Related Party Transaction Policy.

**"Related Party"** means related party as defined under Section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder or under the applicable accounting standards:

[The following shall also be treated as the Related Party -

a. all persons or entities forming part of promoter or promoter group irrespective of their shareholding;

- b. any person/entity holding equity shares in the listed entity, as below, either directly or on a beneficial interest basis at any time during the immediately preceding financial year:
  i. to the extent of 20 % or more
  - ii. to the extent of 10% or more w.e.f. April 1, 2023].

**"Related Party Transaction or transaction ("RPT)"** means transaction in the nature of contract involving transfer of resources, services or obligations between the Company and the Related Party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Explanation – A "transaction" with a Related Party shall be construed to include single or a group of transactions in a contract.

[The RPT shall include transactions between -

- a. the Company or any of its subsidiaries on one hand and a related party of the Company or any of its subsidiaries on the other hand;
- b. the Company or any of its subsidiaries on one hand, and any other person or entity on the other hand, the purpose and effect of which is to benefit a related party of the Company or any of its subsidiaries w.e.f. April 1, 2023.]

## 4. Policy and Procedure

# Policy

All Related Party Transactions [where the Company is a party to such transactions], must be reported to the Audit Committee and referred for approval by the Committee in accordance with this policy.

# Procedures

# A. Identification of Related Party Transactions

Every director shall at the beginning of the financial year provide information by way of written notice to the company regarding his concern or interest in the entity with specific concern to parties which may be considered as related party with respect to the Company and shall also provide the list of relatives which are regarded as related party as per this policy. Directors are also required to provide the information regarding their engagement with other entity during the financial year which may be regarded as related party according to this policy.

The Company will identify potential transactions with Related Parties based on written notices of concern or interests received from its Directors / Key Managerial Personnel as well as based on the list of related parties of the Subsidiary Companies, in the manner prescribed in the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules thereunder and SEBI LODR as amended from time to time.

# **B.** Review and approval of Related Party Transaction

# » Audit Committee

- Every Related Party Transaction [and subsequent Material Modifications] shall be subject to the prior approval of the Audit Committee.
   [Members of the audit committee, who are independent directors, shall only approve related party transactions].
- The Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for Related Party Transactions proposed to be entered into by the Company subject to compliance of the conditions contained in the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI LODR as amended from time to time.
- [The audit committee shall also review the status of long-term (more than one year) or recurring RPTs on an annual basis.]
- [Prior approval of the Audit committee shall be required for
  - a. All RPTs and subsequent Material Modifications;
  - b. RPTs where Company's subsidiary is a party but Company is not a party, if the value of such transaction, whether entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year exceeds 10% of the consolidated turnover of the Company, as per the last audited financial statements of the Company;
  - c. with effect from April 1, 2023, a related party transaction to which the Company's subsidiary is a party but the Company is not a party, if the value

of such transaction whether entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds ten percent of the annual standalone turnover, as per the last audited financial statements of suchsubsidiary.

Provided that prior approval of the audit committee of the Company shallnot be required for RPTs where a listed subsidiary of the Company is a party but the Company is not a party, if regulation 23 and 15 (2) of SEBI LODR are applicable to such listed subsidiary.]

The Committee shall also satisfy itself the need for such omnibus approval and that such approval is in the interest of the Company.

If any additional Related Party Transaction is to be entered by the Company post omnibus approval granted by the Audit Committee, then the Company shall present such transaction before the Audit Committee in its next meeting for its prior approval.

- The Audit Committee shall also review the statement of significant related party transactions submitted by management as per its terms of reference.
- Any member of the Committee who has a potential interest in any Related Party Transaction shall abstain from discussion and voting on the approval of the Related Party Transaction.
- To review a Related Party Transaction, the Committee shall be provided with the necessary information [(as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and/or the SEBI Listing Regulations, from time to time)], to the extent relevant, with respect to actual or potential Related Party Transactions.

The Audit Committee shall recommend the Related Party Transactions for approval of Board of Directors / Shareholders as per terms of this policy.

# » Approval of the Board and the Shareholders

• All Related Party Transactions which are not in the ordinary course of business or not at the arm's length price shall require prior approval of the Board of Directors of the Company. Where any director is interested in any

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Related Party Transaction, such director will abstain from discussion and voting on the subject matter of the resolution relating to such Transaction.

Further, all related party transactions [which are not in the ordinary course of business or not at the arm's length price <u>and</u> are] exceeding threshold limits prescribed in the Act **as per Annexure 1** shall also require prior approval of shareholders of the Company by way of Ordinary Resolution and [all entities falling under the definition of Related Parties shall not vote to approve the relevant transaction, irrespective of whether the entity is a party to the particular transaction or not.]

[Further, the information as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and/or the SEBI Listing Regulations, from time to time shall be provided in the Notice to the shareholders for consideration of RPTs.]

• All the Material Related Party Transactions [and subsequent Material Modifications] shall require [prior] approval of the Board and shareholders through Ordinary Resolution and [no Related Party shall vote to approve such resolutions whether the entity is a related party to the particular transaction ornot.]

[Provided that prior approval of shareholders of the Company shall not be required for RPTs where listed subsidiary is a party but the Company is not a party, if regulation 23 and 15 (2) of SEBI LODR are applicable to such listed subsidiary.]

Provided that the aforesaid requirements shall not apply in respect of a resolution plan approved under section 31 of the Insolvency Code, subject to the event being disclosed to the recognized stock exchanges within one day of the resolution plan being approved.

Provided that the Material Related Transactions entered into by the Company with its wholly owned subsidiary(ies) whose accounts are consolidated with the company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval shall not require approval of the shareholders.

[Provided that the provisions pertaining to -

• Prior approval of the Audit Committee for all RPTs;

- Omnibus approval for RPTs; and
- Prior approval of shareholders for Material Related Party Transactions and subsequent Material Modifications

shall not be applicable when the transactions are entered into between two wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, whose accounts are consolidated with the Company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval.]

## 5. Transactions which do not require approval

Any transaction in which the Related Party's interest arises solely from ownership of securities issued by the Company and all holders of such securities receive the same benefits pro rata as the Related Party [including following

- the issue of specified securities on a preferential basis, subject to compliance of the requirements under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- the following corporate actions by the Company which are uniformly applicable/offered to all shareholders in proportion to their shareholding:
   i. payment of dividend;

ii.subdivision or consolidation of securities;

- iii. issuance of securities by way of a rights issue or a bonus issue; and
- iv. buy-back of securities.]

# 6. Related Party Transactions not approved under this Policy

If a Related Party Transaction is entered into by the Company without being approved under this Policy, the same shall be reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall evaluate the transaction and may decide such action as it may consider appropriate including ratification, revision or termination of the Related Party Transaction. The Audit Committee may examine the facts and circumstances of the case and take any such action it deems appropriate.

## 7. Disclosures

- Every Related Party Transaction with proper justification shall be disclosed in the Directors Report.
- [Material RPTs shall be provided in the notice to shareholders].
- Details of all material transactions with related parties shall be disclosed quarterly along with the compliance report on corporate governance.
- The Company shall submit [enhanced disclosure of information related to RPTs to be provided to the stock exchanges every six months in the format specified by the SEBI with the following timelines:
  - i. within 15 days from the date of publication of financials;
  - ii. simultaneously with the financials w.e.f. April 1, 2023]. and also publish the same on its website.
- The Company shall disclose policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions on its website and also in the Annual Report.

This Policy will be communicated to all operational employees and other concerned persons of the Company.

## 8. Policy Review

This policy is framed based on the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and rules thereunder and the requirements of the SEBI LODR.

In case of any subsequent changes in the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI LODR or any other regulations ("the Regulations") which makes any of the provisions in the policy inconsistent with the Regulations, the provisions of the Regulations would prevail over the Policy and the provisions in the policy would be modified in due course to make it consistent with the Regulations.

The Policy shall be reviewed by the Audit Committee as and when any changes are to be incorporated in the policy due to change in the Regulations or as may be felt appropriate by the Committee. Any changes or modification on the Policy as recommended by the Committee would be presented for approval of the Board of Directors. Provided that this policy shall be reviewed by the board of directors at least once every three years and updated accordingly.

[This Policy is lastly amended as per the recommendations of the Audit Committee meeting held on \_\_\_\_ March, 2022 and approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on \_\_\_ March, 2022.]

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## ANNEXURE 1

Transactions that, require prior approval of Shareholders of the Company, as prescribed under rule 15(3) of the Companies (Meeting of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014, includes the transactions/contracts/ arrangements as follows :

As contracts or arrangements with respect to clauses (a) to (e) of sub-section (1) of Section 188, with criteria as mentioned below –

- Sale, purchase or supply of any goods or material, directly or through appointment of agent, amounting to ten percent or more of the turnover of the company, as mentioned in clause (a) and clause (e) respectively of subsection (1) of section 188;
- Selling or otherwise disposing of or buying property of any kind, directly or through appointment of agent, amounting to ten percent or more of net worth of the company, as mentioned in clause (b) and clause (e) respectively of subsection (1) of section 188;
- Leasing of property any kind amounting to ten per cent or more of the turnover of the company, as mentioned in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 188;
- Availing or rendering of any services, directly or through appointment of agent, amounting to ten percent or more of the turnover of the company as mentioned in clause (d) and clause (e) respectively of sub-section (1) of section 188:

These limits shall however, apply for transaction or transactions to be entered into either individually or taken together with the previous transactions during afinancial year.

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