

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED
L70100MH1991PLC243430



30th
ANNUAL REPORT
2020-21

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Corporate Information -**Board of Directors**

Mr. Suresh Bafna	: Chairman cum Managing Director
Mrs. Darshika Shah	: Managing Director (Resigned w.e.f 31 st March, 2021)
Ms. Anita Jain	: Additional Director (Appointed w.e.f. 01 st April, 2021 and Resigned w.e.f. 29 th June, 2021)
Mr. Shreyansh Bavishi	: Additional Director (Appointed w.e.f. 03 rd September, 2021)
Mr. SumeethKumar Haran	: Independent Director
Ms. Prapti Shah	: Additional Director (Appointed w.e.f 29 th June, 2021)
Ms. Renukka Marwah	: Independent Director (Resigned w.e.f 31 st March, 2021)
Ms. Kanchan Kaku	: Company Secretary & Compliance Officer (Resigned w.e.f 31 st March, 2021)
Mr. Milinath Gavas	: Chief Financial Officer (Resigned w.e.f 31 st March, 2021)

Additional Information –

ISIN INE808C01014

Registered Office 901-902, Atlanta Center,
Opp. Udyog Bhavan,
Sonawala Lane, Goregaon (E),
Mumbai: 400063

Statutory Auditors **M/s. Parekh Shah & Lodha**
Chartered Accountants
BKC Centre, 31-E, Laxmi Industrial Estate,
New Link Road, Andheri (W),
Mumbai – 400053
Tel No.- 022-30706021/44
Email: pslca1988@gmail.com

Secretarial Auditor **VKM & ASSOCIATES**
116, Trinity Bldg, 1st Floor, 227,
Dr. C H Street, Behind Parsi Dairy,
Marine Lines (E), Mumbai-400002.
Tel:22077267
Email: vkmassociates@yahoo.com

Registrar & Transfer Agent **Skyline Financial Services Private Limited**
A/505 Dattani Plaza, Andheri Kurla Road,
Safeed Pool, Andheri (East),
Mumbai - 400072
Tel: 022-49721245, 022-28511022
Email: pravin.cm@skylinerta.com

Bankers HDFC Bank Limited

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the **30th Annual General Meeting** of the Company will be held at the Registered office of the Company at 901-902, Atlanta Center, Opp. Udyog Bhavan, Sonawala Lane, Goregaon (E), Mumbai : 400063 on **Thursday, 30th day of September, 2021 at 12:00 p.m.** for transacting the following businesses: -

Ordinary Business:

1. **To consider and adopt the Standalone and Consolidated Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021 along with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditor's thereon.**
2. **To Appoint a director in place of Mr. Suresh Bafna (DIN: 01569163) who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.**

Special Business:

3. **Appointment of Mr. Suresh Bafna (DIN: 01569163) as Managing Director of the Company** and in this regard to consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Special Resolution**:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 198 and 203 and Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, (including any statutory modifications or re-enactment thereof) and provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Suresh Bafna, holding DIN 01569163, be and is hereby appointed as Managing Director on the Board of the Company with effect from 01st April, 2021 and he shall be designated as a Managing Director and shall hold office for a period of 5 years from the date of his appointment till 31st March, 2026 on the terms and conditions contained in the Agreement executed by and between Mr. Suresh Bafna and whose office shall be liable to retire by rotation.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board (which term shall be deemed to include any Committee of the Board constituted to exercise its powers, including the powers conferred by this Resolution) can alter and vary terms and conditions of the said appointment, within the permissible statutory provisions, in such manner as may be agreed to between the Board and Mr. Bafna.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary to give effect to above resolution including filing of necessary forms with Registrar of Companies and to issue appointment letter for and on behalf of the Company.”

4. **Appointment of Ms. Prapti Shah (DIN: 09216502) as a Non-Executive Independent Director** and in this regard to consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications, the following Resolution as an Ordinary resolution:

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of sections 149, 150, 152 and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) read with Schedule IV to the Act and Regulation 16(1) (b) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“Listing Regulations”), Ms. Prapti Shah (DIN: 09216502), was appointed as an additional director (Independent Non-Executive Director) w.e.f. 29th June, 2021 in terms of section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013, and who has submitted a declaration that she meets the criteria for independence as provided in the Act and Listing Regulations, who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting in terms of Section 160(1) of the Act be and is hereby appointed as a Non-Executive Independent director of the Company to hold office for a term of five consecutive years with effect from 29th June, 2021 to 28th June, 2026 on terms and conditions as set out in Explanatory Statement and whose office shall not be liable to retire by rotation.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary to give effect to above resolution including filing of necessary forms with Registrar of Companies and to issue appointment letter for and on behalf of the Company.”

5. **Appointment of Mr. Shreyansh Bavishi (DIN: 06408477) as an Non-Executive Non-Independent Director** and in this regard to consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modifications, the following Resolution as an Ordinary resolution:

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of sections 150,152 and the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) read with Schedule IV to the Act, Mr. Shreyansh Bavishi (DIN: 06408477), who was appointed as a Additional Non- Executive Non-Independent Director of the Company with effect from 02nd September, 2021, who holds office up to the date of this Annual General Meeting in terms of Section 160(1) of the Act and who is eligible for appointment and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing under Section 160 (1) of the Act proposing his candidature for the office of Director of the Company, be and is hereby appointed as Non-Executive Non-Independent Director of the Company, and is liable to retire by rotation.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and are hereby severally authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary to give effect to above resolution including filing of necessary forms with Registrar of Companies and to issue appointment letter for and on behalf of the Company.”

Place: Mumbai

Date: 06th September, 2021

**By Order of the Board of
Directors For Unistar
Multimedia Limited**

S

d/-

Suresh

Bafna

Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 01569163

NOTES:-

1. The Annual General Meeting will be held at the said venue by strictly adhering to the Social Distancing Norms and other Safety Protocols including face masks, hand sanitization, Infrared Thermometer etc. as per the latest guidelines/advisories/SOP's issued by the Ministry of Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of India and the State Govt. amid COVID-19 Pandemic
2. Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, which sets out details relating to Special Business at the meeting, is annexed hereto and details required as per under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI) is annexed as **“Annexure A”**.
3. As required under SS-2 issued by ICSI, a route map, including a prominent landmark, showing directions to reach the AGM venue is annexed to Annual Report and forms part of this Notice.
4. **A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING ('AGM') IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY OR PROXIES TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON HIS / HER BEHALF ONLY ON A POLL. A PROXY**

NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. THE INSTRUMENT OF PROXY, IN ORDER TO BE EFFECTIVE, MUST BE RECEIVED BY THE

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

COMPANY NOT LESS THAN 48 HOURS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE AGM. A PERSON CAN ACT AS A PROXY ON BEHALF OF THE MEMBERS NOT EXCEEDING FIFTY AND HOLDING IN AGGREGATE NOT MORE THAN 10% OF THE TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY CARRYING VOTING RIGHTS. IN CASE A PROXY IS PROPOSED TO BE APPOINTED BY A MEMBER HOLDING MORE THAN 10% OF THE TOTAL SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY CARRYING VOTING RIGHTS, THEN SUCH PROXY SHALL NOT ACT AS A PROXY FOR ANY OTHER PERSON OR MEMBERS.

5. An instrument appointing proxy is valid only if it is properly stamped as per the applicable law. Blank or incomplete, unstamped or inadequately stamped, undated proxies or proxies upon which the stamp not been cancelled, will be considered as invalid. If the Company receives multiple proxies for the same holdings of a Member, the proxy which is dated last will be considered as valid. If such multiple proxies are not dated or they bear the same date without specific mention of time, all such proxies shall be considered as invalid.
6. The proxy-holder shall prove his identity at the time of attending the Meeting.
7. Corporate Members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the Meeting are requested to send a duly certified copy of the Board Resolution in terms of Section 113 of the Act, together with their specimen signatures authorizing their representative(s) to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting to the Company.
8. Only bonafide members of the Company whose names appear on the Register of Members/Proxy holders, in possession of valid attendance slips duly filled and signed will be permitted to attend the meeting. The Company reserves its right to take all steps as may be deemed necessary to restrict non-members from attending the meeting.
9. In order to enable us to register your attendance at the venue of the Annual General Meeting, we request you to bring your folio number/demat account number/DP ID-Client ID to enable us to give you a duly filled attendance slip for your signature and participation at the meeting.
10. In case of joint holders attending the meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.
11. Pursuant to Section 91 of the Act, the Register of Members and Share Transfer books will remain closed from Thursday, 23rd day of September, 2021 to Thursday, 30th day of September, 2021 (both days inclusive).
12. In case of any queries regarding the Annual Report, members may write to unistarmultimedia@yahoo.com to receive an email response. Members desiring any information relating to the financial statements at the meeting are requested to email to us at least 10 (Ten) days before the meeting to enable us to keep the information ready.
13. Members are requested to forward all Share Transfers and other communications/ correspondence to the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent (RTA) and are further requested to always quote their Folio Number in all correspondences with the Company.
14. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to notify immediately any change in their address or bank mandates to the Registrar & Share Transfer Agents quoting their Folio Number and Bank Account Details along with self-attested documentary proofs. Members holding shares in the dematerialized form may update such details with their respective Depository Participants.
15. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in the securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are therefore requested to submit their respective PAN details to their respective Depository Participant with whom they have their demat account(s). Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent of the Company - M/s. Skyline Financial Services Private Limited.
16. Members are requested to bring their Original photo ID (like PAN Card, Aadhar Card, Voter Identity Card, etc, having photo identity) while attending the meeting.

17. Non Resident Indian members are requested to inform the Company's RTA, immediately of any change in their residential status on return to India for permanent settlement, their bank account maintained in India with complete name, branch, account type, account number and address of the bank with pin code, IFSC and MICR Code, as applicable, if such details were not furnished earlier.
18. The Notice of 30th Annual General Meeting and instructions for e-voting along with Assent / Dissent Form, Attendance Slip and Proxy Form are being sent by electronic mode to all members whose email address are registered with the Company/Depository Participant(s).
19. To facilitate other shareholders whose email id are not registered, to receive this notice electronically and cast their vote electronically, special arrangement has been made with its Registrar & Share Transfer Agent for registration of email addresses in terms of the General Circular No. 14/2020 dated 08th April, 2020, 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020, dated 15/06/2021, NO.33/2020 dated 28/09/2020, 39/2020 dated 31/12/2020, 10/2021 dated 23rd June, 2021 respectively. The process for registration of email addresses is as under:

Pursuant to the aforesaid Circular issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, shareholders who have not registered their email address may temporarily get their email address registered with the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, M/s. Skyline Financial Services Private Limited, by clicking the link: <http://www.skylinerta.com/EmailReg.php>. Post successful registration of the email, the shareholder would get soft copy of the notice and the procedure for e-voting along with the User ID and Password to enable e-voting at the ensuing AGM. In case of any queries, shareholder may write to admin@skylinerta.com.

20. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.unistarmulti.com. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and the same is also available on the website of NSDL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) i.e. www.evoting.nsdl.com.
21. The facility for voting shall be made available at the venue of the Annual General Meeting and the members attending the meeting who have not already cast their vote by remote e-voting shall be able to exercise their right to vote at the Annual General Meeting. The members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the Annual General Meeting may also attend the Annual General Meeting but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
22. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 72 of the Act read with the Rules made there under, Members holding shares in single name may avail the facility of nomination in respect of shares held by them. Members holding shares in physical form may avail this facility by sending a nomination in the prescribed Form No. SH-13 duly filled to the Registrar and Transfer Agents, M/s. Skyline Financial Services Private Limited. Members holding shares in electronic form may contact their respective Depository Participant(s) for availing this facility.
23. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA), Government of India, through its Circular No's 17/2011 and 18/2011 dated April 21, 2011 and April 29, 2011 respectively has allowed Companies to send official documents to their shareholders electronically as part of its Green Initiatives in Corporate Governance.
24. We request you to send a email on unistarmultimedia@yahoo.com to ensure that the annual report and other documents reach you on your preferred e-mail.
25. **With the aim of curbing fraud and manipulation risk in physical transfer of securities, SEBI has notified the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Fourth Amendment) Regulations, 2018 on June 8, 2018 to permit transfer of listed securities only in the dematerialized form with a depository. In view of the above and the inherent benefits of holding shares in electronic form, we urge the shareholders holding shares in physical form to opt for dematerialization.**

26. E-Voting process:

Pursuant to provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the Company is pleased to offer e-voting facility to its members to cast their votes electronically on all resolutions set forth in the Notice convening the 30th Annual General Meeting to be held on Thursday, 30th September, 2021. The Company has engaged the services of National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) to provide the e-voting facility.

The facility for voting, either through ballot / polling paper shall also be made available at the venue of the 30thAGM. The members who have already cast their vote through remote e-voting may attend the meeting but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again in the AGM.

The Company has appointed M/s. VKM & Associates, Company Secretaries, Mumbai as the Scrutinizer for conducting the remote e-voting and the voting process at the AGM in a fair and transparent manner. E-voting is optional. In terms of requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 and the relevant Rules, the Company has fixed Thursday, 23rd September, 2021 as the 'Cut-off Date'. The remote e-voting /voting rights of the shareholders/ beneficial owners shall be reckoned on the equity shares held by them as on the Cut-off Date i.e. Wednesday, 23rd September, 2020, only. The e-voting facility is available at the link www.evoting.nsdl.com

PROCEDURE/ INSTRUCTIONS FOR E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:

How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of “Two Steps” which are mentioned below:


Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under ‘IDeAS’ section , this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period. 2. If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select “Register Online for IDeAS Portal” or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp 3. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under

	<p>'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.</p> <p>4. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App "NSDL Speede" facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.</p> <div data-bbox="771 514 1274 808" style="text-align: center;"> <p>NSDL Mobile App is available on</p>  </div>
<p>Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/loginor www.cdslindia.com and click on New System Myeasi. After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL. Click on NSDL to cast your vote. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. NSDL where the e-Voting is in progress.
<p>Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants</p>	<p>You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period</p>

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at [abovementioned website](https://web.cdslindia.com).

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022-23058738 or 022-23058542-43

B) Login Method for e-Voting shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section.
3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.
Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <https://eservices.nsdl.com/> with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.
4. Your User ID details are given below :

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID Forexample if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.
b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12***** then your user ID is 12*****
c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***

5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
 - a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.
 - b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
 - c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
 - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your 'User ID' and your 'initial password'.
 - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in **process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.**
6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the "Initial password" or have forgotten your password:
 - a) Click on "**Forgot User Details/Password?**" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - b) **Physical User Reset Password?** (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
 - d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to "Terms and Conditions" by selecting on the check box.
8. Now, you will have to click on "Login" button.
9. After you click on the "Login" button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system?

1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies "EVEN" in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle
2. Select "EVEN" of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
3. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
4. Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
5. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
6. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

General Guidelines for shareholders

1. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to vkmassociates@yahoo.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in.
2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "[Forgot User Details/Password?](#)" or "[Physical User Reset Password?](#)" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 or send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories/ company for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to unistarmultimedia@yahoo.com.
2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to unistarmultimedia@yahoo.com. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at **step 1 (A)** i.e. **Login method for e-Voting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.**
3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility

C. General Instructions:

- i. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to vkmassociates@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in.
- ii. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the "[Forgot User Details/Password?](#)" or "[Physical User Reset Password?](#)" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- iii. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.:

1800-222-990 or send a request to (Name of NSDL Official) at evoting@nsdl.co.in

- iv. The e-voting period commences on Sunday, 26th September, 2021 (09:00 a.m. IST) and ends on Wednesday, 29th September, 2021 (05:00 p.m. IST). During this period, Members holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on Thursday, 23rd September, 2021 i.e. cut-off date, may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the Member, he / she shall not be allowed to change it subsequently or cast vote again.
- v. The voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to their shares in the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting, as well as voting at the Meeting through poll paper.
- vi. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in. However, if he/she is already registered with NSDL for remote-voting then he/she can use his/her existing User ID and password for casting vote. If you forget your password, you can reset your password by using "Forgot User Details / Password" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- vii. M/s. VKM & Associates, Company Secretaries, Mumbai has been appointed for as the Scrutinizer for providing facility to the members of the Company to scrutinize the voting through polling paper and remote e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- viii. The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the AGM, count the votes cast at the Meeting, thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company and make, not later than two working days of conclusion of the Meeting, a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing who shall countersign the same.
- ix. The result declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website www.unistarmulti.com and on the website of NSDL www.evoting.nsdl.com. The Company shall simultaneously forward the results to BSE Limited, where the shares of the Company are listed.

**By Order of the Board of Directors
For Unistar Multimedia Limited**

**Place: Mumbai
Date: 06th September, 2021**

**Sd/-
Suresh Bafna
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 01569163**

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 IN RESPECT OF THE SPECIAL BUSINESS SET OUT IN THE NOTICE CONVENING THE 30th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

Item No. 3:

The Board of Directors of Company in the meeting held on 01st April, 2021 had approved the resignation of the former Managing Director, Mrs. Darshika Shah and thereafter, in the same meeting, on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, accorded their consent for the appointment of Mr. Suresh Bafna as Managing Director.

Mr. Suresh Bafna, has earned his Graduation (B.Com) and F.C.A. He possesses vast knowledge and rich experience Financial & Taxation matters & Capital Market activities

He is also appointed as Director in the three other Companies such as Clio Infotech Limited, Sur-man Investment Limited, Simandhar Securities Pvt. Ltd. He is also the member of the respective Committees in the Company.

The terms & conditions of his appointment are as follows: -

- a) Remuneration: Nil
- b) Period of Appointment: 01st April, 2021 to 31st March, 2026.
- c) The appointment may be terminated by either party by giving one months' notice in writing on such termination or as may be mutually agreed between the parties.
- d) He shall perform such duties as shall from time to time be entrusted upon her by the Board of Directors in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Regulations with the Stock Exchange.

As per provisions of Sections 196 & 197 read with Schedule V and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under, the appointment and remuneration payable to Mr. Suresh Bafna as Managing Director needs to be approved by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting. Details as per Regulation 36(3) of SEBI(LODR) Regulations, 2015 is annexed herewith as Annexure-A.

Except, Mr. Mr. Suresh Bafna, none of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of your Company or relatives of Directors/Key Managerial Personnel are concerned or interested in the said resolution.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution as set out at item no. 3 of the Notice for your approval.

Item No. 4:

The Board of Directors appointed Ms. Prapti Shah (DIN: 09216502) as an Additional Director of the Company with effect from 29th June, 2021 on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in accordance with the provisions of Section 149, 161 of the Companies Act, 2013. As per the provisions of Section 161(1) of the Act, she holds office of Additional Director only up to the date of this Annual General Meeting of the Company and is eligible for appointment as Director. The Company has received a notice under Section 160(1) of the Act proposing her candidature for the office of Director of the Company. Ms. Prapti Shah is not disqualified from being appointed as an Non- Executive Independent Director in terms of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013 and has also given a declaration that she meets with the criteria of independence as prescribed both under sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and under Regulation 16(1)(b) and 25 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

Brief resume of Ms. Prapti Shah, nature of her expertise in specific functional areas and name of the companies in which she holds directorships and memberships / chairmanships of Board Committees, shareholding and relationships between directors inter-se as stipulated under SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 are provided in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Annual Report and annexed herewith as Annexure-A.

The Board recommends the passing of the Ordinary Resolution as set out at item no. 04 of the accompanying notice for members approval.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives, except Ms. Prapti Shah, are concerned or interested in passing of the abovesaid resolution.

Item No. 5:

The Board of Directors appointed Mr. Shreyansh Bavishi (DIN: 06408477) as an Additional Director of the Company with effect from 02nd September, 2021 on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in accordance with the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013. As per the provisions of Section 161(1) of the Act, he holds office of Additional Director only up to the date of this Annual General Meeting of the Company and is eligible for appointment as Director. The Company has received a notice under Section 160(1) of the Act proposing his candidature for the office of Director of the Company. Mr. Shreyansh Bavishi is not disqualified from being appointed as a Non- Executive Non-Independent Director in terms of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Brief resume of Mr. Shreyansh Bavishi, nature of his expertise in specific functional areas and name of the companies in which he holds directorships and memberships / chairmanships of Board Committees, shareholding and relationships between directors inter-se as stipulated under SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 are provided in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Annual Report and annexed herewith as Annexure-A.

The Board recommends the passing of the Ordinary Resolution as set out at item no. 05 of the accompanying notice for members approval.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives, except Mr. Shreyansh Bavishi, are concerned or interested in passing of the abovesaid resolution.

ANNEXURE –A

Additional Information on directors recommended for appointment/re-appointment as required under Regulation 36 (3) of the SEBI (Listing and Obligation Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 at ensuing Annual General Meeting is as follows:

Name of the Director	Mr. Suresh Bafna	Ms. Prapti Shah	Mr. Shreyansh Bavishi
DIN	01569163	09216502	06408477
Date of Birth	01-01-1960	26-11-1989	30-12-1973
Nationality	Indian	Indian	Indian
Date of Appointment	20-10-2000	29-06-2021	03-09-2021
Designation	Managing Director	Independent Director	Non-Executive Non-Independent Director
Specialized/ Expertise	Rich experience in Financial & Taxation matters & CapitalMarket activities.	Rich experience in Business Administration.	Rich experience in Finance and Accounts
Qualifications	B.Com, F.C.A	Ph.D. in Environmental Science	Post-Graduate
Number of meeting attended of board in last financial year (20-21)	9	1	Nil
Remuneration last drawn	Nil	Nil	Nil
Remuneration/Sitting Fees Proposed to be paid	Nil	As per existing approved terms and conditions	As per existing approved terms and conditions
Terms and Condition of appointment/ re- appointment	As per Letter of Appointment	Terms & Condition for appointment are as agreed between Ms. Prapti Shah and Board of Directors of the Company.	Terms & Condition for appointment are as agreed between Mr. Shreyansh Bavishi and Board of Directors of the Company.
List of directorships held in various other Companies.	1.Clio Infotech Limited 2.Sur-man Investment Limited 3.Simandhar Securities Pvt. Ltd.	Nil	Nil
Chairmanship/Membership of other Committees as at 31/03/21.	4	2	Nil
No. of Shares held in Company as on 31/03/21.	942800	Nil	Nil
Relationship with existing Directors of the Company	None	None	None

**By Order of the Board
For Unistar Multimedia Limited**

**Sd/-
Suresh Bafna
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 01569163**

**Date: 06th September, 2021
Place: Mumbai**

DIRECTORS' REPORT

For the Financial Year Ended on 31st March, 2021

Dear Shareholders,

Your Directors have great pleasure in presenting the 30th Directors' Report together with the Audited Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021 and Profit & Loss Account for the year ended on that date.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The Company's performance during the year ended 31st March, 2021 as compared to the previous financial year, is summarized below:

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Standalone Year ended		Consolidated Year ended	
	31 st March, 2021	31 st March, 2020	31 st March, 2021	31 st March, 2020
Revenue & other Income	1,313,301	1,290,621	1,313,301	1,290,621
Total Expenses	1,396,538	1,699,936	1,396,538	1,699,936
Profit before Tax	(341,911,437)	(409,315)	(341,905,182)	(394,839)
<u>Tax Expenses:</u>				
Current Tax/ Deferred tax	6,357	820	6,357	820
Net profit for the year	(341,917,794)	(410,135)	(341,911,437)	(409,315)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	--	--	--	--
Total comprehensive income for the year	(339,385,172)	(1,427,890)	(339,378,917)	(1,413,413)
<u>Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to:</u>				
Minority Interest	--	--	--	--
Share of Profit/(Loss) from Associates	--	--	6255	14,477
<u>EPS:</u>				
- Basic	(33.94)	(0.14)	(33.94)	(0.14)
- Diluted	(33.94)	(0.14)	(33.94)	(0.14)

PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW:

The total income of the Company for the year under review was Rs. 1,313,301/-(previous year Rs. 1,290,621). During the year the Company has a net loss of Rs. 341,917,794/- as compared to net loss of 410,135/- in previous year.

IMPACT OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC:

The COVID-19 Pandemic had an impact on nearly all aspects of our lives, and the film industry is no exception. Pandemic induced lockdown along with ongoing restrictions on mobility and social distancing has had an adverse impact on traditional media. The business and operations of the Company have being impacted which lead to huge loss. The COVID-19 pandemic is not likely to go away anytime soon, and has forced most people to make dramatic, long-term changes to their lives, health, financial and social systems. As the situation continues, the same is expected in the Financial Year 2021-22.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES:

The Company has not transferred any amount to the General Reserve.

SHARE CAPITAL:

There was no change in Share Capital of the Company during the Financial Year 2020-2021 and Company Share Capital as on 31.03.2021 stood at Rs. 100,007,000/-.

DIVIDEND:

In view of loss occurred, your Directors do not recommend dividend for the year under review.

PUBLIC DEPOSITS:

During the year under review, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of Section 73 and 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

STATE OF AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY:

The main business activity of the company is of Films production, T.V. Serials, Music Video and Distribution. The company runs through persons having relevant experience and expertise in the concerned area of operations of the company with motive to take the company at a new stage from where it currently stands.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

As on 31st March, 2021, the Board comprised of 02 (Two) Executive Directors- Mr. Suresh Bafna- Director and Mrs. Darshika Shah- Managing Director and 02 (Two) Non-Executive Independent Director's. Based on the confirmations/disclosures received from the Directors under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act 2013 and Regulation 16(1)(b) and 25 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and on evaluation of the relationships disclosed, the following Non-Executive Directors are considered as Independent Directors:

- a) Mr. SumeethKumar Haran
- b) Ms. Renukka Marwah

MEETINGS OF THE BOARD:

The Board met 07 (Seven) times during the financial year 2020-2021. The details of number of meetings of the Board held during the financial year 2020-21 are provided in Corporate Governance Report which forms an integral part of this Report. The gap between any two meetings never exceeded 120 days (except during relaxation granted by Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India).

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD:

There are currently three Committees of the Board, as follows:

1. Audit Committee
2. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee
3. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Details of all the Committees along with their charters, composition and meetings held during the year, are provided in the Report on Corporate Governance and forms part of this Annual Report.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL AND THE CHANGES THEREOF:

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014 and Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Suresh Bafna (DIN: 01569163) Director, retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment.

The following changes have occurred in the Board/ KMP's of the Company:

1. Mr. Suresh Bafna was Appointed as Managing Director with effect from 01st April, 2021 for a term of 5 (five) years with effect from 01st April, 2021.
2. Ms. Anita Jain was appointed as Additional Director- Executive Director with effect from 01st April, 2021 and resigned with effect from 29th June, 2021;
3. Ms. Prapti Shah was appointed as Additional Director – Non-Executive Independent Director with effect from 29th June, 2021
4. Mr. Shreyansh Bavishi was appointed as Additional Director- Non-Executive Non-Independent Director with effect from 02nd September, 2021
5. Mrs. Darshika Shah resigned from the post of Managing Director with effect from 31st March, 2021;
6. Ms. Renukka Marwah, Non-executive Independent Director has resigned from the Company with effect from 31st March, 2021 due to her pre occupation;
7. Ms. Kanchan Kaku resigned as Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company with effect from 31st March, 2021;

The Company has formulated code of conduct on appointment of directors and senior management. This code of conduct can be accessed on the website of the Company at the link <http://unistarmulti.com/images/Miscellaneous%20Docs/PDF/code%20of%20conduct%20for%20directors%20and%20senior%20management.pdf>

Additional Information on directors recommended for appointment/re-appointment as required under Regulation 36 (3) of the SEBI (Listing and Obligation Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 at ensuing Annual General Meeting are given in the Notice convening 30th Annual General Meeting.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

As required under Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 and according to the information and explanations received by the Board, your Directors state that:

- a. in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- b. the directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the company for that period;
- c. the directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. the directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- e. the directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and

- f. the directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The Company has received necessary declaration from all the Independent Directors of the Company under sub-section (7) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(1)(b) and 25 of the SEBI (Listing and Obligation Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

ANNUAL PERFORMANCE EVALUATION BY THE BOARD:

SEBI (Listing and Obligation Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, mandates that the Board shall monitor and review the Board evaluation framework. The framework includes the evaluation of directors on various parameters such as:

- i. Board dynamics and relationships
- ii. Information flows
- iii. Decision-making
- iv. Relationship with stakeholders
- v. Company performance and strategy
- vi. Tracking Board and committee's effectiveness
- vii. Peer evaluation

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 a formal annual evaluation needs to be made by the Board of its own performance and that of its committees and individual directors. Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 states that the performance evaluation of the independent directors shall be done by the entire Board of Directors, excluding the director being evaluated. The Board works with the nomination and remuneration committee to lay down the evaluation criteria.

The Board has carried out an evaluation of its own performance, the directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Audit Committee, Nomination & Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committees of the Company. The Board has devised questionnaire to evaluate the performances of each of Executive, Non-executive Independent Directors. Such questions are prepared considering the business of the Company and the expectations that the Board have from each of the Directors. The evaluation framework for assessing the performance of Directors comprises of the following key areas:

- i. Attendance of Board Meetings and Board Committee Meetings;
- ii. Quality of contribution to Board deliberations;
- iii. Strategic perspectives or inputs regarding future growth of Company and its performance;
- iv. Providing perspectives and feedback going beyond information provided by the management.
- v. Ability to contribute to and monitor our corporate governance practices

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN:

An extract of Annual Return in **Form MGT 9** is available on the website of the Company viz. <http://www.unistarmulti.com/investor-relations.htm>

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS:

Pursuant to Section 186 of Companies Act, 2013 and Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, disclosure on particulars relating to loans, advances, guarantees and investments are provided as part of the financial statements.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES:

All Related Party Transactions entered during the year were in Ordinary Course of the Business and on Arm's Length basis. No Material Related Party Transactions, entered during the year by your Company as per Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 which require approval of the member. Accordingly, the disclosure of Related Party Transactions as required under Section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form AOC-2 is not applicable. Further disclosure of transactions with related parties is set out as part of the financial statements.

The Policy on materiality of related party transactions and also on dealing with related party transactions as approved by the Board may be accessed on the website of the Company at the link <http://unistarmulti.com/images/Policies/PDF/related%20party%20transaction%20policy.pdf>

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR):

During the financial year under review, the provisions related to CSR were not applicable to the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

Corporate Governance is about maximizing shareholders value legally, ethically and sustainability. At Unistar Multimedia Limited, the goal of Corporate Governance is to ensure fairness for every stakeholder. We believe Corporate Governance is critical to enhance and retain investor trust. Our Board exercises its judiciary responsibilities in the widest sense of the term. We also endeavour to enhance long-term shareholder value and respect minority rights in all our business decisions. As per regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a separate section on corporate governance practices followed by your Company, together with a certificate on compliance with corporate governance norms under the Listing Regulations and forms part of this Annual Report as **Annexure -I**.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT:

In terms of Regulation 34(2)(e) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 the Management Discussion and Analysis Report, which gives a detailed account of state of affairs of the Company's operations forms part of this Annual Report as **Annexure -II**.

STOCK EXCHANGE:

The Equity Shares of the Company are listed at BSE Limited. The Company has paid the Annual listing fees for the year 2020-2021 to the said Stock Exchange.

PARTICULARS OF REMUNERATION:

Pursuant to Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial personnel) Rules, 2014, details of the ratio of remuneration of each Director to the median employee's remuneration are appended to this report as **Annexure- III**.

During the year under review, no employee was in receipt of remuneration exceeding the limits as prescribed under provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

VIGIL MECHANISM/ WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY:

Your Company has adopted a Vigil mechanism / Whistle blower Policy to deal with instance of fraud and mismanagement, if any. The Company had established a mechanism for directors and employees to report concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud, or violation of our Code of Conduct and Ethics. The mechanism also provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of directors and employees who avail of

the mechanism and also provide for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee in the exceptional cases. The details of the Vigil mechanism Policy is explained in the report of Corporate Governance and also posted on the website of the Company. We affirm that during the financial year 2020-2021, no employee or director was denied access to the Audit Committee. Below is the link of Whistle Blower Policy uploaded on website: <http://unistarmulti.com/images/Policies/PDF/whistle%20blower%20policy.pdf>

REMUNERATION POLICY:

Pursuant to provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing and Obligation Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 and on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board has adopted a Policy on criteria for appointment of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, Senior Management and their remuneration. The salient features of the Remuneration Policy are stated in the Report on Corporate Governance which forms part of this Annual Report.

INFORMATION UNDER THE SEXUAL HARRASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

Your Company is committed to provide a safe, healthy and congenial atmosphere irrespective of cast, creed or social class of the employee. Your Company affirms that during the financial year under review, there were no complaints reported under the Sexual Harassment of Woman at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. The following is the disclosure:

Sr.No.	Particulars	No. of Complaints
a.	Number of complaints filed during the financial year	Nil
b.	Number of complaints disposed of during the financial year	Nil
c.	Number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year	Nil

RISKS AND AREAS OF CONCERN:

Your Company has laid down a well-defined Risk Management Policy to identify the risk, analyse and to undertake risk mitigation actions. The Board of Directors regularly undertakes the detailed exercise for identification and steps to control them through a well-defined procedure.

STATUTORY AUDITORS:

During the year under Review, to fill up the vacancy arised due to non-approval of Ordinary Resolution by Shareholders at the last AGM for appointment of M/s. S. K. Maharugade & Co., the Shareholders at the Extra-Ordinary meeting held on Tuesday, 03rd Novemberber, 2020 have appointed M/s. Parekh Shah & Lodha, Chartered Accountants, FRN.: 107487W as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of Five years from the conclusion of this Extra-Ordinary General Meeting until the conclusion of the 34th Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Vide notification dated May 7, 2018 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the requirement of seeking ratification of appointment of statutory auditors by members at each AGM has been done away with.

The Auditor's Report for the year ended 31st March, 2021 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark. Pursuant to provisions of Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Statutory Auditors have not reported any incident of fraud to the Audit Committee during the year under review. The Auditor's Report is enclosed with Financial Statements in this Annual Report.

INTERNAL AUDITOR:

The Company has appointed M/s. Kriplani Milani & Co, Chartered Accountants (FRN.: 130461W) as its Internal Auditor. The Internal Auditor has given his reports on quarterly basis to the Audit Committee. Due to personal reasons, M/s. Kriplani Milani & Co, Chartered Accountants resigned with effect from 05th February, 2021

M/s. Dhruvaprakash & Co., Chartered Accountants (FRN:) appointed with effect from 13th February, 2021 to conduct the Internal Audit for the 4th Quarter of F.Y. 2020-21.

Based on the report of internal audit, management undertakes corrective action in the respective areas and strengthens the levels of Internal Financial and other operational controls.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, has appointed M/s. VKM & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, to conduct Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Report of the Secretarial Audit in Form MR-3 for the financial year ended March 31, 2021 is enclosed as **Annexure- IV** to this Report. There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks made by the Secretarial Auditor in his report.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL AND THEIR ADEQUACY:

The Board of your Company has laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and operating effectively. Your Company has adopted policies and procedures for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial disclosures.

SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:

The Company has a Associate Company details of which are enclosed as **Annexure- IV**.

PARTICULARS OF CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (accounts) rules, 2014, details regarding the Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo for the year under review are as follows:

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY:

- a. Steps taken or impact on conservation of energy - The Operations of the Company do not consume energy intensively. However, the Company continues to implement prudent practices for saving electricity and other energy resources in day-to-day activities.
- b. Steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy - Though the activities undertaken by the Company are not energy intensive, the Company shall explore alternative sources of energy, as and when the necessity arises.
- c. The capital investment on energy conservation equipment – Nil

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:

- a. The efforts made towards technology absorption - The Company continues to take prudential measures in respect of technology absorption, adaptation and take innovative steps to use the scarce resources effectively.
- b. The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution- Not Applicable
- c. In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year) - Not Applicable

d. The expenditure incurred on Research and Development - Not Applicable

The Particulars of Foreign Exchange and Outgo for the year under review are as follows:

Particulars	Year ended 31st March, 2021	Year ended 31st March, 2020
Foreign exchange earning	Nil	Nil
Foreign exchange Outgo	Nil	Nil

CHANGES IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY:

There is no change in the nature of business carried on by the Company.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY:

There have been no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the Company which occurred between the end of the financial year to which the financial statements relate and the date of this report.

DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE:

There was no significant or material order passed by any regulator or court or tribunal, which impacts the going concern status of the Company or will have bearing on company's operations in future.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

Your Directors wish to place on record their gratitude and deep appreciation for the continued support and co-operation received by the Company from the shareholders, company's clients, suppliers, bankers and employees and look forward for their continued support in the future as well.

For Unistar Multimedia Limited

Sd/-

Suresh Bafna

Chairman cum Managing Director

DIN: 01569163

Place: Mumbai

Date : 06th September, 2021

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**1. Company's philosophy on the code of corporate governance**

The Company's philosophy of Corporate Governance emphasizes on maintaining the highest level of accountability, transparency in all its dealings, timely disclosures and dissemination of price sensitive information and matters of interests to its stakeholders, ensuring absolute compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and conducting business ethically.

The Company believes that Corporate Governance is about conducting business in accordance with the applicable laws, rules and regulations while striking a balance between economic and social goals. The Company has a strong legacy of fair, transparent and ethical governance practices. The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its employees including the Managing Director and the Executive Directors.

The Company is in compliance with the requirements of Regulation 17 to 27 read with Schedule V and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as applicable, with regard to corporate governance.

2. Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of the Company consists of directors having rich knowledge and experience in the industry and related sectors for providing strategic guidance and direction to the Company.

- i. The Board of Directors of the Company has optimum combination of Executive and Non-Executive/Independent Directors. As on 31st March, 2021, the Board of Directors comprised of 4 (Four) directors out of which 2 (Two) were Non-Executive Directors and 2 (Two) Executive Directors. Moreover, 2 (Two) are Non-Executive/Independent Directors. The Chairman of the Board is Executive.
- ii. The composition of the Board is in conformity with Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations read with Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- iii. None of the Directors on the Board holds directorships in more than ten public companies. None of the Independent Directors serves as an independent director on more than seven listed entities. Necessary disclosures regarding Committee positions in other public companies as on March 31, 2020 have been made by the Directors. None of the Directors is related to each other.
- iv. Independent Directors are non-executive directors as defined under Regulation 16(1)(b) and 25 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 read with Section 149(6) of the Act. The maximum tenure of independent directors is in compliance with the Act. All the Independent Directors have confirmed that they meet the criteria as mentioned under Regulation 16(1)(b) and 25 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 read with Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and are independent of the management.
- v. The names and categories of the Directors on the Board, their attendance at Board Meetings held during the year and the number of Directorships and Committee Chairmanships / Memberships held by them in other public companies as on March 31, 2020 are given herein below. Other directorships do not include directorships of foreign companies and companies under Section 8 of the Act. Chairmanships / Memberships of Board Committees shall only include Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee.

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- vi. During the financial year 2020-2021, 7 (Seven) meetings of Board of Directors were held on viz. 29th June, 2020, 13th August, 2020, 24th August, 2020, 05th September, 2020, 10th October, 2020, 12th November, 2020, 13th February, 2021.

The details of composition of the Board of Directors, their attendance at each Board meeting held during the financial year 2020-2021 and at the last Annual General Meeting, their directorships in other companies and positions in various Committees are as follows:

Name of the Director	Category	No. of Board Meetings Held	No. of Board Meetings Attended	Whether attended last AGM	As on 31 st March, 2021 (Excluding position in the Company)			Directorship in other listed entity (Category of Directorship)
					No. of Director Ships	Committee		
						Chairman ship(s)	Member ship(s)	
Suresh Bafna	C/P /ED	7	7	Yes	3	0	2	Clio Infotech Limited (MD)
Darshika Shah [^]	MD	7	7	Yes	0	0	0	NIL
Renukka Marwah [#]	I/NE D	7	7	No	1	0	2	Clio Infotech Limited (I/NED)
Sumeeth Kumar Haran	I/NE D	7	7	Yes	2	0	0	NIL
Prapti Shah [*]	I/NE D	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	NIL
Mr. Shreyansh Bavishi ^{**}	NI/NE D	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	NIL

[^]Ms. Darshika Shah has resigned as Managing Director with effect from 31st March, 2021 and Mr. Suresh Bafna was appointed on her place from 01st April, 2021.

[#]Ms. Renukka Marwah has been resigned as Non-Executive Independent Director with effect from 31st March, 2021

^{*} Ms. Prapti Shah has been appointed as Additional Director Non-Executive Independent Director with effect from 01st April, 2021

^{**} Mr. Shreyansh Bavishi was appointed as Additional Director- Non-Executive Non-Independent Director with effect from 02nd September, 2021

Note: Ms. Anita Jain was appointed as Additional Director (Executive Director) with effect from 01st April, 2021 and resigned with effect from 29th June, 2021

Notes:

1. C – Chairman, P – Promoter, I – Independent Director, NI- Non- Independent, MD- Managing Director, WTD- Whole time Director, NED – Non Executive Director, ED – Executive Director.
2. Chairmanships / Memberships of Board Committees shall only include Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee.

3. The directorship held by directors as mentioned above do not include Directorship in foreign companies and companies registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013.
4. The Chairman of the Company and Managing Director/ Executive Director, drafts of the Agenda for each Board meeting along with explanatory notes and distributes these in advance to the Directors. The Company has well defined process for placing vital and sufficient information before the Board. Any matter requiring discussion or decision or approval of the Board or Committee, is communicated to the Company Secretary well in advance so that the same could be included in the Agenda for the respective meetings. The Board meets at least once in a quarter and maximum time gap between two meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days.
 - i. During the year, a separate meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company was held on 13th February, 2021 to review the performance of Non-Executive Independent Directors (including the Chairman) and the Board as whole and the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company management and the Board. The terms and conditions of appointment of the Independent Directors are disclosed on the website of the Company.
 - ii. The Board periodically reviews the compliance reports of all laws applicable to the Company, prepared by the Company.
 - iii. The Company undertakes necessary induction programme for new Directors and ongoing training for existing Directors. The new directors are briefed about the Company processes and to familiarize them with the business activities of the Company. The management provides such information and training either at the meeting of Board of Directors or otherwise.

The induction process is designed to:

- build an understanding of the Company processes and
- fully equip Directors to perform their role on the Board effectively

Upon appointment, Directors receive a Letter of Appointment setting out in detail, the terms of appointment, duties, responsibilities and expected time commitments and the same is also being placed on the website of the Company for the convenience of the Independent Directors.

The details of familiarization programme of the Independent Directors are available on the Company's website <http://unistarmulti.com/images/Miscellaneous%20Docs/PDF/familirization%20program%20for%20independent%20directors.pdf>

- iv. During the year 2020-2021, information as mentioned in Schedule II Part A of the SEBI Listing Regulations, has been placed before the Board for its consideration.
- v. Details of equity shares of the Company held by the Directors as on 31st March, 2021 are given below:

Name	Category	Number of equity shares
Suresh Bafna	Non-Independent, Executive	942800

5. Key Board qualifications, expertise and attributes

The Company's Board comprises qualified members who bring in the required skills, competence and expertise that allow them to make effective contributions to the Board and its committees. The Board members are committed to ensure that the Company's Board is in compliance with the highest standards of corporate governance.

The list of core skills/expertise/competencies identified by the Board in the context of the business of the Company and which are available with the Board are as under:

1. General Management and Business Operations
2. Leadership
3. Senior Management Expertise
4. Public Policy/Governmental Regulations
5. Accounting/Finance/Legal
6. Risk Management
7. Human Resources Management
8. Corporate Governance
9. Business Development

Director	Area of Expertise								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Mr. Suresh Bafna	√	√	√	√	√	√	-	√	√
Mrs. Darshika	√	√	√	-	-	√	√	√	√
Mr. Sumeethkumar Haran	-	√	√	√	√	√	-	√	√
Ms. Renukka Marwah	-	√	√	-	√	-	√	√	-

3. Committees of the Board

The Board of Directors of the Company has constituted the following Committees:

- (i) Audit Committee
- (ii) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee
- (iii) Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Audit Committee

- a) The audit committee of the Company is constituted in line with the provisions of Regulation 18 of SEBI Listing Regulations, read with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- b) The purpose of the Audit Committee is to ensure the objectivity, credibility and correctness of the Company's financial reporting and disclosure processes, internal controls, risk management policies and processes, tax policies, compliance and legal requirements and other associated matters.

Terms of reference

- a) Overseeing the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible.
- b) Recommending to the Board, the appointment, re-appointment and, if required, the replacement or removal of the statutory auditor and the fixation of audit fees.
- c) Approval of payment to the statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors.
- d) Appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of internal auditor.
- e) Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference, but not restricted to:
 - a. Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement' to be included in our Board's report in terms of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - b. Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - c. Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - d. Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;

- e. Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to the financial statements;
 - f. Disclosure of any related party transactions;
 - g. Qualifications in the draft audit report.
- Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
 - Reviewing the statement of uses/ application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate Recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
 - Reviewing and monitoring the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, and adequacy of the internal control systems.
 - Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the Internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure, coverage and frequency of internal audit
 - Reviewing management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
 - Discussing with internal auditors on any significant findings and follow up thereon.
 - Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board.
 - Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.
 - To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors.
 - To review the functioning of the 'whistleblower' mechanism, when the same is adopted by our Company and is existing.
 - Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e., the whole-time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience & background, etc. of the candidate.
 - Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee and to carry out any other function statutorily required to be carried out by the Audit Committee as per applicable laws;
 - reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision.
 - The Audit Committee shall mandatorily review the following information:
 - ❖ Management discussion and analysis of financial information and results of operations;
 - ❖ Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the Audit Committee), submitted by the management;
 - ❖ Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
 - ❖ Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
 - ❖ The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the Audit Committee.
 - Terms of reference, power, quorum and other matters in relation to the Audit Committee will be as per Regulation 18 of SEBI Listing Regulations.
- d) The quorum of the Committee is two independent members present or one third of the total members of the Committee, whichever is higher. As on 31st March, 2021; the Audit Committee consists of 2(Two) Non-Executive/Independent Directors and 1(One) Executive Director.

- e) During the financial year 2020-21, the members of Audit Committee met 6 (Six) times on 29th June, 2020, 13th August, 2020, 26th August, 2020, 10th October, 2020, 12th November, 2020, 13th February, 2021. The Composition and attendance of the members of the Audit Committee during the financial year 2020-21 was as follows:

Name	Designation	Number of Meetings Held	Meetings Attended
Mr. SumeethKumar Haran	Chairman	6	6
Mr. Suresh Bafna	Member	6	6
Ms. Renukka Marwah*	Member	6	6
Ms. Prapti Shah**	Member	6	NA

* Ms. Renukka Marwah has resigned as member of the Committee with effect from 31st March, 2021

** Ms. Prapti Shah has been appointed as member of the Committee with effect from 29th June, 2021

- a) The audit committee invites such of the executives, as it considers appropriate (particularly the head of the finance function), representatives of the statutory auditors and representatives of the internal auditors to be present at its meetings.
- b) The previous Annual General Meeting (“AGM”) of the Company was held on 30th September, 2020 and was attended by Mr. Sumeeth Kumar Haran, Chairman of the Audit Committee.

Nomination & Remuneration Committee:

- a) The nomination and remuneration committee of the Company is constituted in line with the provisions of Regulation 19 of SEBI Listing Regulations, read with Section 178 of the Act.

b) Terms of reference

The broad terms of reference of the nomination and remuneration committee are as under:

- Recommend to the Board the setup and composition of the Board and its committees, including the “formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director.” The committee will consider periodically reviewing the composition of the Board with the objective of achieving an optimum balance of size, skills, independence, knowledge, age, gender and experience.
- Recommend to the Board the appointment or reappointment of directors.
- Devise a policy on Board diversity.
- Recommend to the Board appointment of Key Managerial Personnel (“KMP” as defined by the Act) and executive team members of the Company (as defined by this Committee).
- Carry out evaluation of every director’s performance and support the Board and Independent Directors in evaluation of the performance of the Board, its committees and individual directors. This shall include “Formulation of criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board”. Additionally the Committee may also oversee the performance review process of the KMP and executive team of the Company.
- Recommend to the Board the Remuneration Policy for directors, executive team or Key Managerial Personnel as well as the rest of the employees.
- On an annual basis, recommend to the Board the remuneration payable to the directors and oversee the remuneration to executive team or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

- Oversee familiarisation programmes for directors.
 - Oversee the Human Resource philosophy, Human Resource and People strategy and Human Resource practices including those for leadership development, rewards and recognition, talent management and succession planning (specifically for the Board, Key Managerial Personnel and executive team).
 - Performing such other duties and responsibilities as may be consistent with the provisions of the committee charter.
- c) During the financial year 2020-2021, the members of Nomination and Remuneration Committee met 1 (one) time on 13th February, 2021.
- d) **The composition and attendance of the members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee during the financial year 2020-2021 was as follows:**

Name	Designation	Number of Meetings Held	Meetings Attended
Mr. SumeethKumar Haran	Chairman	1	1
Mr. Suresh Bafna	Member	1	1
Ms. Renukka Marwah*	Member	1	1
Ms. Prapti Shah**	Member	1	NA

* Ms. Renukka Marwah has resigned as member of the Committee with effect from 31st March, 2021

** Ms. Prapti Shah has been appointed as member of the Committee with effect from 29th June, 2021

- e) **Performance Evaluation Criteria for Independent Directors:**
The performance evaluation criteria for independent directors are determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. An indicative list of factors on which evaluation was carried out includes participation and contribution by a director, commitment, effective deployment of knowledge and expertise, integrity and maintenance of confidentiality and independence of behaviour and judgment.

Details of remuneration/sitting fees paid to the Directors: NIL

Stakeholder Relationship (Investor Grievance) Committee:

- a) The stakeholders' relationship committee is constituted in line with the provisions of Regulation 20 of SEBI Listing Regulations and the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- b) **Terms of Reference**
- Efficient transfer of shares; including review of cases for refusal of transfer / transmission of shares and debentures;
 - Redressal of shareholders and investor complaints in relation to transfer of shares, allotment of shares, non-receipts of the refund orders, right entitlement, non-receipt of Annual Reports and other entitlements, non-receipt of declared dividends general meetings, etc;
 - Reviewing measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
 - Monitoring transfers, transmissions, dematerialization, re-materialization, splitting and consolidation of shares and other securities issued by our Company, including review of cases for refusal of transfer/ transmission of shares;
 - Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
 - Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company

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- Issue of duplicate / split / consolidated sharecertificates;
 - Allotment and listing of shares;
 - Review of cases for refusal of transfer / transmission of shares and debentures;
 - Reference to statutory and regulatory authorities regarding investor grievances;
 - Ensure proper and timely attendance and redressal of investor queries and grievances.
 - To do all such acts, things or deeds as may be necessary or incidental to the exercise of all the above powers.
- c) During the financial year 2020-2021, the members of Stakeholders' Relationship Committee met 1 (one) time on 13th February, 2021.
- d) **The Composition and attendance of the members of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee during the financial year 2020-2021 was as follows:**

Name	Designation	Number of Meetings Held	Meetings Attended
Mr. SumeethKumar Haran	Chairman	1	1
Mr. Suresh Bafna	Member	1	1
Mr. Devendra Sanghavi*	Member	1	1
Ms. Renukka Marwah**	Member	1	NA

*Mr. Devendra Sanghavi has resigned as member of the Committee with effect from 26th February, 2020

**Ms. Renukka Marwah has been appointed as member of the Committee with effect from 26th February, 2020

- e) Mr.SumeethKumar Haran being the Non-executive Director is heading the Committee as on 31st March, 2021.
- f) **Name, Designation and Address of Compliance Officer**

Mr. Suresh Bafna
 Compliance Officer
Unistar Multimedia Limited
 901-902, Atlanta Centre, Sonawala Lane,
 Opp. Udyog Bhavan, Goregaon (E), Mumbai-
 400063.
 Telephone: 022-4321 1800
 Email: unistarmultimedia@yahoo.com Website:
 www.unistarmulti.com

- g) **Status of complaints received, resolved and pending as on 31st March, 2021:**

Opening at the beginning of the year	Received during the year	Resolved during the year	Pending at the end of the year
NIL	3	3	NIL

4. General Body Meetings

a. The details of previous Annual General Meetings held are as follows:

Year	AGM	Date of AGM	Time	Venue
2019-20	29 th	30 th Sept, 2020	12:30 P.M.	901-902, 9 th Floor, Atlanta Centre, Opp. Udhyog Bhavan, Sonawala Road, Goregaon (E) – 400063.
2018-19	28 th	30 th Sept, 2019	05:00 P.M.	901-902, 9 th Floor, Atlanta Centre, Opp. Udhyog Bhavan, Sonawala Road, Goregaon (E) – 400063.
2017-18	27 th	28 th Sept, 2018	05:00 P.M.	901-902, 9 th Floor, Atlanta Centre, Opp. Udhyog Bhavan, Sonawala Road, Goregaon (E) – 400063.

b. Details of Special Resolution passed in the last three Annual General Meetings:

Date of AGM	Purpose of Resolution
30 th September, 2020	1. Re-appointment of Mrs. Darshika Shah (DIN: 07143261) as Managing Director
30 th September, 2019	1. Re-appointment of Mr. Devendrasanghvi (DIN: 02251590) as an Independent Director 2. Re-appointment of Mr. Sumeeth Kumar Haran (DIN: 02704617) as an Independent Director
28 th September, 2018	Nil

No special resolution was proposed to be passed through postal ballot during the financial year 2020-21. Further, no Special Resolution is proposed to be passed through Postal Ballot as on the date of this report.

5. Means of Communication

- The quarterly, half-yearly and annual results of the Company are forwarded to BSE Limited where the shares of the Company are listed and published in "Business Standard" (English) and Mumbai "Lakshadeep" (Marathi). The results are also displayed on the Company's website at www.unistarmulti.com.
- The Management Discussion and Analysis Report for the year ended 31st March, 2021 is part of Annual Report and annexed separately.
- The Company has not made any presentations/press release to Institutional Investors or to the Analysts during the year under review.

6. General Shareholder Information

a. Annual General Meeting for Financial year 2020-2021:

Date	30 th September, 2021
Day	Thursday
Time	12:00 p.m.
Venue	901-902, 9 th Floor, Atlanta Centre, Opp. Udhyog Bhavan, Sonawala Road, Goregaon (E) – 400063.

b. Financial Calendar:

Financial Year: 1st April to 31st March

AGM in: September

Financial Calendar (Provisional for 2021-2022):

Subject Matter	Tentative Dates of the Board Meeting
First Quarter Results	On 14 th August, 2021
Second Quarter Results	By 14 th November, 2021.
Third Quarter Results	By 14 th February, 2022.
Fourth Quarter/ Yearly Results	By 30 th May, 2022.(Audited Results)

c. **Date of Book Closure/Record Date:** 23rd day of September, 2021 to 30th day of September, 2021.

d. **Listing on Stock Exchange:** The Equity Shares of the Company are listed on the BSE Limited. Listing Fees as applicable have been paid

e. **Stock Code & ISIN:**
 Stock Code: 532035,
 Demat ISIN Number in NSDL & CDSL: INE808C01014

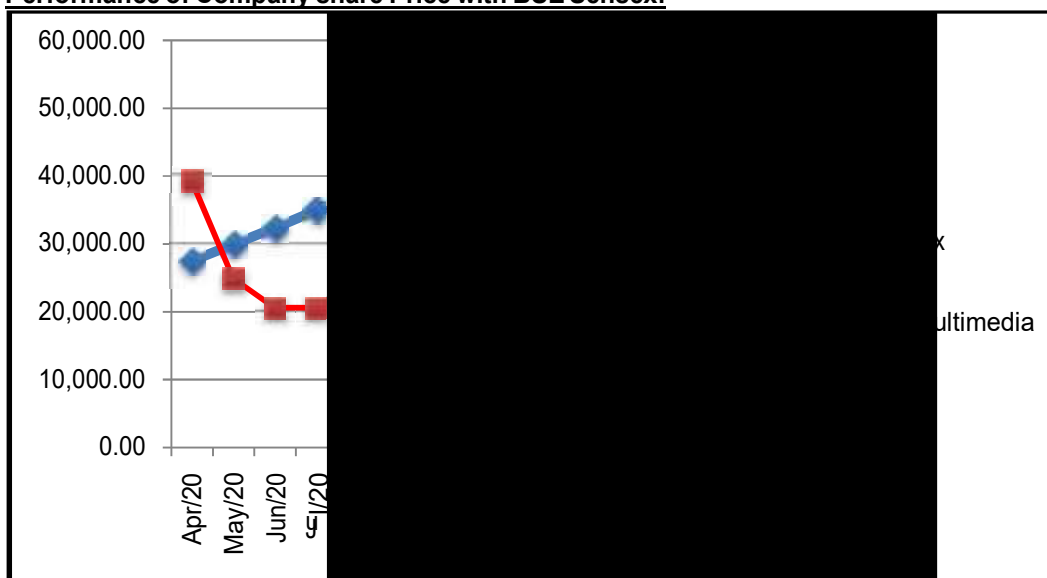
f. **Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Company:**L70100MH1991PLC243430

g. **Market Price Data:**

High & Low price of the Equity Shares of the Company at BSE Ltd. during each month for the year 2020-21 as compared to BSE SENSEX points are as follows:

Month	Price on BSE (RS.)*		BSE Sensex (Points)*	
	High	Low	High	Low
Apr-20	3.60	2.29	33,887.25	27,500.79
May-20	2.29	1.45	32,845.48	29,968.45
Jun-20	1.38	1.20	35,706.55	32,348.10
Jul-20	1.58	1.20	38,617.03	34,927.20
Aug-20	1.65	1.00	40,010.17	36,911.23
Sep-20	0.82	0.86	39,359.51	36,495.98
Oct-20	0.86	0.78	41,048.05	38,410.20
Nov-20	0.94	0.82	44,825.37	39,334.92
Dec-20	1.71	0.94	47,896.97	44,118.10
Jan-21	2.78	1.79	50,184.01	46,160.46
Feb-21	4.66	2.77	52,516.76	46,433.65
Mar-21	5.15	3.10	51,821.84	48,236.35

*Source: www.bseindia.com

h. **Performance of Company share Price with BSE Sensex:**

*Source: www.bseindia.com

i. **Registrar & Transfer Agent:****Skyline Financial Services Private Limited**

A/505 Dattani Plaza, AK

Road, Safeed Pool,

Andheri (East), Mumbai

– 400072

Tel: 022-49721245/022-28511022

Email: admin@skylinerta.com

j. **Share Transfer System:**

All shares sent or transferred in physical form are registered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agents within 15 days of the lodgement, if documents are found in order. Shares under objection are returned within two weeks. All requests for dematerialization of shares processed and the confirmation are given to the respective depositories i.e. National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) within 21 days.

SHAREHOLDING PATTERN AS ON 31.03.2021:

Categories	No of Shareholders	No. of Shares	% of shareholding
Promoters	3	1944227	19.44
Foreign Portfolio Investors	0	0	0.00
Financial Institution/Banks	0	0	0.00
FIs	0	0	0.00
Non- Resident Indians	2	4749	0.05
Bodies Corporate	58	462361	4.62
NBFCs Registered with RBI	0	0	0.00
Clearing Members/House	4	1271	0.01
Resident Indian HUF	42	359666	3.59
Indian Public	1894	7228226	72.27
Total	2004	10000700	100.00

I. Distribution of Shareholding as on 31.03.2021

Slab of Shares Holding	Number of Share Holders	% to total number of holders	Shareholding	% to total Number of Shares
Up To 5,000	1208	60.28	273698	2.74
5001 To 10,000	346	17.27	3033860	30.34
10001 To 20,000	172	8.58	277461	2.77
20001 To 30,000	81	4.04	214464	2.14
30001 To 40,000	31	1.55	113327	1.13
40001 To 50,000	39	1.95	183641	1.84
50,001 To 100000	53	2.64	401144	4.01
100001 and above	74	3.69	8233579	82.33
TOTAL	2004	100.00	10000700	100.00

m. Dematerialization of Equity Shares and Liquidity

Particulars	No. of Equity Shares	% of Share Capital
NSDL	6522420	65.22%
CDSL	3453915	34.54%
PHYSICAL	24365	0.24 %

As on 31st March, 2021, 99.76% of the equity shares of the Company are held in dematerialized form with NSDL and CDSL. Under the Depository System, the International Securities Identification Number (ISIN) allotted to the Company's shares is INE808C01014.

n. Outstanding ADR / GDR/ Warrants/ Convertible Instruments and their impact on Equity:

Your Company has not issued any ADRs/GDRs/Warrants or any Convertible Instruments.

o. Address for Investor Correspondence

For any assistance regarding dematerialization of shares, share transfers, transmissions, change of address, non-receipt of dividend or any other query relating to shares, and please write to:

Mr. Suresh Bafna
 Compliance Officer
Unistar Multimedia Limited
 901-902, Atlanta Centre, Sonawala Lane,
 Opp. Udyog Bhavan, Goregaon (E), Mumbai-
 400063.
 Telephone: 022-4321 1800
 Email: unistarmultimedia@yahoo.com
 Website: www.unistarmulti.com

7. Disclosures:

Related Party Transaction: The Company has entered into material significant transactions with its related parties. The details of transactions with the Company and related parties are given for information under notes to Accounts.

Statutory Compliance, Penalties and Strictures: The Company has complied with the requirements of the Stock Exchanges / SEBI / and Statutory Authorities to the extent applicable, and accordingly no penalties have been levied or strictures have been imposed on the Company on any matter related to capital markets during the last three years.

Whistle Blower Policy: The Company has framed a Code of Conduct for Directors and Senior Management. At present, the Company does not have any formal Whistle Blower Policy. The Directors of the Company affirms that no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee.

Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit: In line with the requirements stipulated by Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit is proposed to be carried out on a quarterly basis by a Practicing Company Secretary to confirm that the aggregate number of equity shares of the Company held in National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL), Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and in physical form tally with the total number of issued, paid-up, listed and admitted capital of the Company.

DECLARATION REGARDING COMPLIANCE BY BOARD MEMBERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL WITH THE COMPANY'S CODE OF CONDUCT

This is to confirm that the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its employees including the Managing Director and Executive Directors. In addition, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. These Codes are available on the Company's website.

I, Suresh Bafna, Managing Director of the Company, declare that the Board Members and Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct during the year ended 31st March, 2021.

Date: 06th September, 2021

Place: Mumbai

For Unistar Multimedia Limited

**Sd/-
Suresh Bafna
Managing Director
DIN: 01569163**

CERTIFICATE REGARDING COMPLIANCE WITH THE CONDITIONS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

TO THE MEMBERS OF UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by **UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED**, for the year ended on 31st March 2021, as stipulated in regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and para C and D of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations").

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination has been limited to a review of the procedures and implementation thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company. We have examined the books of account and other relevant records and documents maintained by the Company for the purpose of providing reasonable assurance on the compliance with Corporate Governance requirements by the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the representations made by the Directors and the Management, we certify that the Company has complied with the mandatory conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and para C and D of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations").

We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For VKM & Associates

Sd/-

Vijay Kumar Mishra
Practising Company Secretary M.
No. F-5023, C.P. No.4279
UDIN.:F005023C000901897

Place : Mumbai
Date: 06th September, 2021

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS
(pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To,
The Members of
Unistar Multimedia Limited
901-902, Atlanta Centre,
Sonawala Lane, Opp. Udyog Bhavan,
Goregaon (E),
Mumbai- 400063.

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Unistar Multimedia Limited having CIN L70100MH1991PLC243430 and having registered office at 901-902, Atlanta Centre, Sonawala Lane, Opp. Udyog Bhavan, Goregaon (E), Mumbai- 400063. (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2021 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company
1	Mr. Suresh Bafna	01569163	20-10-2000
2	Mrs. Darshika Shah	07143261	30-03-2015
3	Mr. Sumeethkumar Haran	02704617	30-09-2014
4	Ms. Renukka Marwah	07322611	27-02-2020

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For VKM & Associates
Practising Company Secretary

Sd/-
Vijay Kumar Mishra
Partner
M. No. F-5023
C.P. No.4279
UDIN: F005023C000832652

Place : Mumbai
Date : 25th August, 2021

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT**Industry Overview**

The Indian economy, like any other economy in the world, suffered due to covid 19, with deep impact on health, economic, financial and social systems. Management is becoming aware that their competitive edge may depend on the ability of their computer and communication systems to respond quickly to changing business needs. This means that businesses must keep abreast of competitive moves in the use of computers and in many cases be prepared to stay ahead of their competitors. Having access to the latest technological advancements may be a major factor that will give a business that extra competitive edge. The Company continues to take efforts to carry on the production activities, due to loss we are facing financial constraints.

Opportunities and Threats

The lockdown and associated restricted mobility led to a significant demand contraction even as supply chain disruptions hurt production centers. The inflation figures and recent emerging developments across the world such as Covid-19 Pandemic has potential to affect the activities of the industry.

Segment wise performance

The company is taking all the necessary efforts to continue existing projects of the company, no new serial projects have being started this year as the viewership has decreased rapidly in last few years. The company focuses on completing the remaining projects and also by the line does cost cutting so as to survive in the competitive environment. Due to the Covid-19 Pandemic the operations of the back office have being seriously affected.

Outlook

The Indian Media & Entertainment industry has being on a growth path but this year may show a decline in the same due to corona virus pandemic caused. Value creation for our shareholders is our perennial motto. We continue to make concrete strategies to ensure we leverage our leadership market position. We continue to create capabilities, infrastructure, content and platforms aligned to emerging consumer preferences and audience behavior

Risks & Concern

The Covid-19 Pandemic affected the ongoing process of the Company and has lead to more financial risk to the Company. The Situations arised due to the pandemic caused can slowdown the progress of the company and which may lead to negative consequences on a Company's business. Risk management is a structured approach to manage uncertainty. It involves identifying potential risks, assessing their potential impact, taking timely action to minimize potential impact and continuous monitoring of identified risks. Your Company has a robust risk management process to identify and assess business risks and opportunities. Your Company's risk management plan describes the potential risk, contains an analysis of the impact of risks and includes risk strategies to help the business reduce the consequences. The risk management plan of your Company is regularly reviewed to ensure that it accurately reflects the current potential risks to its business. Good monsoons, bumper harvest and timely procurement of crops cushioned the rural economy as circulation of money increased disposable income at household level

Performance of our Company

During the year under review, the Company's total turnover is Nil, company made provisions for Investments made in shares during the ongoing pandemic and hence loss widened to Rs. 341,917,794 /-

Internal Control Systems

Your Company has in place adequate internal control systems commensurate with the size and nature of its business. Internal control systems comprising of policies and procedures are designed to ensure reliability of

financial reporting, timely feedback on achievement of operational and strategic goals, compliance with policies, procedures, applicable laws and regulations, safeguarding of assets and economical and efficient use of resources. The system is assessed periodically. The Internal Audit team continuously monitors the effectiveness of the internal control systems. It reports to the Audit Committee about the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control system of your Company

Financial Performance:

a. Share Capital:

The Paid up Share Capital of the Company as on 31st March, 2021 stands at Rs. 10,00,07,000/-divided into 1,00,00,700 equity shares of Rs. 10/-each fully paid up.

b. Reserves and Surplus:

The Reserves and Surplus is Rs. (12,017,085)/- as on the end of the Current year.

c. Total Income:

During the year under consideration, total income is Rs. 1,313,301/-

Employee Relations

Company had smooth relations with its employees during the year under review.

Material Development in Human Resource

The Company continues to have excellent employee relations. Your Directors acknowledge and thank the employees for their continuous support. The Company has strong commitments to follow the best of the HR practices and believes in up-lifting the overall competence of its employees through regular training, workshops and seminars.

Details of significant changes (i.e. change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year) in key financial ratios, along with detailed explanations therefore:

Particulars	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20	Reason for change
Debtors Turnover	0.00 Times	0.00 Times	N.A. – As Company doesn't have any Sales Income during the year
Inventory Turnover	0.00 Times	0.00 Times	N.A. – As Company doesn't have any Sales and Inventory during the year
Interest Coverage Ratio	0.00 Times	0.00 Times	N.A. – As Company doesn't have any Interest Expenses during the year
Current Ratio	19.00 Times	8.55 Times	Increase in Current Ratio mainly due to better management of current assets during the year
Debt Equity Ratio	0.00 Times	0.00 Times	N.A. – As Company Doesn't have any Loan Liability
Operating Profit Margin (%)	0.00 %	0.00 %	N.A. As Company did not have any operating income during the year
Net Profit Margin (%)	(26,034.99)	(31.78)	Loss increased due to creating 100% provision for Diminution in Value of Investments during the year
Return on Networth	(404.00 %)	(0.10%)	Negative returns due to creating 100% provision for Diminution in Value of Investments during the year

Details of any change in Return on Net Worth as compared to the immediately previous financial year along with a detailed explanation thereof:

Return on Net worth FY 2020-21:-404.00 %

Return on Net worth FY 2019-20:-0.10 %

Return on Net worth is decreased by 4,03.90 % during the Financial Year 2020-21. RONW decreased mainly due to providing 100% provision for Diminution in Value of Investment of Rs. 3418.40 Lakhs for Equity Shares of Saral Vanijya Private Ltd. And Keemti Infotech Pvt. Ltd.

Cautionary Statement

Statements in the Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates and expectations may be 'forward looking statements' within the meaning of applicable securities, laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could influence the Company's operations include economic developments within the country, demand and supply conditions in the industry, input prices, changes in Government regulations, tax laws and other factors such as litigation and industrial relations.

Date: 06th September, 2021

Place: Mumbai

For Unistar Multimedia Limited

**Sd/-
Suresh Bafna
Managing Director
DIN: 01569163**

DISCLOSURE FOR 2 OF EACH DIRECTOR TO THE MEDIAN EMPLOYEE'S REMUNERATION AND OTHER DETAILS AS PER RULE 5 OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT & REMUNERATION) RULES, 2014

(i) The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year :-NIL		
(ii) The percentage increase in remuneration of each director, CFO , CEO, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year: Ms. Kanchan Kaku(Company Secretary): 30% Mr. Milinath Gavas (CFO):15%		
(iii)	The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year	NIL
(iv)	The number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company	2 (TWO)
(v)	Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration	NIL
(vi)	Statement pursuant to rule 5(2) of Companies (Appointment And Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014	NA

We hereby confirm that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy recommended by Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company and adopted by the Company.

Date: 06th September, 2021

Place: Mumbai

For Unistar Multimedia Limited
Sd/-
Suresh Bafna
Managing Director
DIN: 01569163

FORM MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON 31ST MARCH, 2021

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 09 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

**TO,
THE MEMBERS,
UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED
901-902, ATLANTA CENTRE, SONAWALA LANE, OPP UDYOG
BHAVAN, GOREGAON (E) MUMBAI - 400063.**

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by "**UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED**" (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorised representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2021 according to the provisions of:

1. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;
2. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (SCRA) and the rules made there under;
3. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed hereunder;
4. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment and Overseas Direct Investment;
5. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India , 1992 (SEBI Act);
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 - Not applicable as the Company has not issued any shares/options to directors/employees under the said guidelines / regulations during the year under review;
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 - Not applicable as the Company has not issued any debt securities which were listed during the year under review;
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registration to an Issue and Share Transfers Agents) Regulations, 1993;

- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 - Not applicable as the Company has not delisted / propose to delist its equity shares from any Stock Exchange during the year under review;
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998 - Not applicable as the Company has not bought back or propose to buy-back any of its securities during the year under review;

6. Other Laws applicable to the Company;

- i. The Factories Act, 1948
- ii. The payment of Wages Act, 1936
- iii. The minimum wages Act, 1948.
- iv. The Employees Provided Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.
- v. The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.
- vi. The Bombay Shops and Establishments act, 1948
- vii. The Maharashtra Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1953.
- viii. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
- ix. The Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991.
- x. The Maharashtra Pollution and Control Board Circulars and its Standing Orders.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clause of the following;

- I. The Secretarial Standards with respect to Meetings of Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- II. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned

We further report that:-

- The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. During the year under review following change took place in the composition of the Board of Directors of the Company:
 - Mr. Suresh Bafna was Appointed as Managing Director with effect from 01st April, 2021 for a term of 5 (five) years with effect from 01st April, 2021.
 - Ms. Anita Jain was appointed as Additional Director- Executive Director with effect from 01st April, 2021;
 - Mrs. Darshika Shah resigned from the post of Managing Director with effect from 31st March, 2021;
 - Ms. Renukka Marwah, Non-executive Independent Director has resigned from the Company with effect from 31st March, 2021 due to her pre occupation;
 - Ms. Kanchan Kaku resigned as Company Secretary and Compliance Officer of the Company with effect from 31st March, 2021;

The aforementioned change were carried out in conformity and compliance with the provisions of the Act

- Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarification on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

- Decisions at the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings were taken unanimously and are captured and recorded as part of the minutes of the meetings

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company, commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

**For VKM & Associates
Practicing Company Secretary**

**Sd/-
(Vijay Kumar Mishra)
Partner**

**Place: Mumbai
Date: 29th June, 2021**

**FCS No. 5023
C P No.: 4279
UDIN: F005023C000541680**

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as "ANNEXURE A" and forms an integral part of this report.

“ANNEXURE A”

**TO,
THE MEMBERS,
UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED
901-902, ATLANTA CENTRE, SONAWALA LANE, OPP
UDYOG BHAVAN, GOREGAON (E) MUMBAI -400063.**

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

Management’s Responsibility

1. It is the Responsibility of Management of the Company to maintain Secretarial records, device proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and regulations and to ensure that the systems are adequate and operate effectively.

Auditor’s Responsibility

2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on the test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and books of accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happenings of events etc.
5. The compliance of provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.

Disclaimer

6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

**For VKM & Associates
Practicing Company Secretary**

**Sd/-
(Vijay Kumar Mishra)
Partner**

FCS No. 5023

C P No.: 4279

UDIN: F005023C000541680

**Place: Mumbai
Date: 29th June, 2021**

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries: Not Applicable

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

Name of associates/Joint Ventures	Ascent Shares And Stock Brokers Private Limited
1. Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31.03.2021
2. Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end	
i) No.	135000
ii) Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	13,50,000
iii) Extend of Holding%	45%
3. Description of how there is significant influence	Shares held in Company
4. Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	NA
5. Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	Rs. 13,90,594/-
6. Profit/Loss for the year	
i) Considered in Consolidation	6255/-
ii) Not Considered in Consolidation	NA

- Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations: NA
- Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year: NA

Date: 06th September, 2021

Place: Mumbai

For Unistar Multimedia Limited

**Sd/-
Suresh Bafna
Chairman chumManaging Director
DIN: 01569163**

**Sd/-
Prapti Shah
Director
DIN: 09216502**

CERTIFICATION BY CEO / CFO

**To,
The Board of Directors, Unistar
Multimedia Limited**

Dear Sir(s),

We hereby certify that:

- a) We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2021 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief;
 - 1. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading.
 - 2. These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- b) No transaction is entered into by the company during the year which is fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's Code of Conduct.
- c) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- d) We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit Committee:
 - 1. Significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year.
 - 2. Significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - 3. Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement there in, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Yours Sincerely,

For Unistar Multimedia Limited

**Sd/-
Suresh Bafna
Managing Director**

**Place: Mumbai
Date: 29th June, 2021**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of **Unistar Multimedia Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the Statement of Profit and Loss and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, its Profit / Loss and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards on auditing specified under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the code of ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters below to be key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

Key audit matters

Expected credit loss allowances

Recognition and measurement of impairment of financial assets involve significant management judgement. With the applicability of Ind AS 109, credit loss assessment is now based on expected credit loss (ECL) model. The Company's impairment allowance is derived from estimates including the historical default and loss ratios. Management exercises judgement in determining the quantum of loss based on a range of factors. The most significant areas are loan staging criteria, calculation of probability of default/loss and consideration of probability weighted scenarios and forward looking macroeconomic factors. There is a large increase in the data inputs required by the ECL model. This increases the risk of completeness and accuracy of the data that has been used to create assumptions in the model. In some cases, data is unavailable and reasonable alternatives have been applied to allow calculations to be performed. *As per management opinion, there is no expected credit loss in several financial assets including the trade receivables and other financial assets of the Company and all are on fair value, based on*

How the matter was addressed in our Audit

In view of the significance of the matter we applied the following audit procedures, on test check basis, in this area, among others to obtain reasonable audit assurance:

- We evaluated management's process and tested key controls around the determination of extent of requirement of expected credit loss allowances, including recovery process & controls implemented in the company for trade receivables and other financial assets. It was explained to us by the management that the control exists relating to the recovery of receivables, including those aging for large periods and in the opinion of the board there is no requirement making expected credit loss allowance.
- We have also reviewed the management response and representation on recovery process initiated for sample receivables, and based on the same we have place reliance on these key controls for the purposes of our audit.

the assessment and judgement made by the board of the company.

Revenue Recognition

Only Income earned by the company is Interest Income. Same is recognized on timely basis & only upon there is no uncertainty as to its measurability or collectability.

We have verified the process to identify the impact of the new revenue accounting standard. After reviewing the same we inform that there is no material impact of new revenue accounting standard and the Company can continue with its existing accounting practice.

Performed confirmation procedures & obtained the same.

Appropriateness of Current and Non-Current Classification

For the purpose of current & non-current classification the Company has considered its normal operating cycle as 12 Months and the same is based on services provided, acquisition of assets or inventory, their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The classification is either done on basis of documentary evidence and if not then on the basis of managements best estimate of period in which asset would be realized or liability would be settled

Information other than the Standalone Financial Statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's board of directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134 (5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The board of directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process..

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure "A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss, and the cash flow statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the board of directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting;
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us;
 - a) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and
 - c) There has not been an occasion in case of the Company during the year under report to transfer any sums to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. The question of delay in transferring such sums does not arise

For **PAREKH SHAH & LODHA**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 107487W

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M. No.: 410227
UDIN: 21410227AAAADK7396

Place: Mumbai
Date : 29th June 2021

ANNEXURE A TO AUDITORS' REPORT

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors Report of even date]

On the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us during the course of our audit, we report that:

1. In respect of its fixed assets

- a) The Company has maintained the proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information,
- b) As explained to us, the Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of fixed assets in a phased manner. Pursuant to the program, certain fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, read with Note 42 to the Standalone Financial Statements, there is no pending material discrepancies based on such verification.
- c) As explained to us, there are no immovable properties held by the company.

2. In respect of its inventories

Inventory represents securities held as stock-in-trade. As explained to us, inventories have been verified and reconciled during the year by the management at reasonable intervals. As informed to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on verification of inventories by the management as compared to book records.

3. The company has granted loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013:

- a) the terms and conditions of the grant of such loans are not otherwise prejudicial to the company's interest;
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the loans given by the company are repayable on demand. As informed, repayment of Principal amount and interest (if agreed) has been received during the year whenever demanded by the company.
- c) There is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans to the parties covered in the above register.

4. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security given/ made by the company, during the year, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 & 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

5. The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public covered under the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder. Further no order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any court or any other tribunal on the company. Hence, Paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.

6. The Central Government of India has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for any of the products of the Company.

7. In respect of Statutory Dues:

- a) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records of the company examined by us, the company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities in India.

- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there was no outstanding statutory dues as on the last day of the financial year concerned for a period of more than six months from the date, they became payable.
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the records of the company examined by us, there are no dues of income tax or sales tax or service tax or duty of customs or duty of excise or value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any disputes
8. According to the records of the company examined by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to any financial institution, banks or government. The company has also not issued debentures. Hence Paragraph 3 (viii) of the Order is not applicable.
9. According to the records of the company examined by us and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and the term loans raised during the year were applied for the purpose for which those were raised.
10. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the company, carried in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in India, we have neither come across any instance of fraud on or by the Company noticed or reported during the course of our audit nor have we been informed of any such instance by the Management.
11. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has paid/ provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Sec 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
12. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards
14. The company has not made preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review.
15. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) is not applicable.
16. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For **PAREKH SHAH & LODHA**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 107487W

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M. No.: 410227
UDIN: 21410227AAAADK7396

Place: Mumbai
Date : 29th June 2021

ANNEXURE B TO AUDITORS' REPORT

[Referred to in Clause (f) in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors Report of even date]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Unistar Multimedia Limited**. ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also,

projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in general, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were found operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company. However the same needs to be further improved and formally documented in view of the size of the company and nature of its business, considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **PAREKH SHAH & LODHA**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 107487W

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M. No.: 410227
UDIN: 21410227AAAADK7396

Place: Mumbai
Date : 29th June 2021

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

STANDALONE BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST March, 2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

Particulars	Notes	As at Mar 31,2021	As at Mar 31,2020
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property Plant and Equipment	2	-	-
Financial Assets			
- Investments	3	4,844,459	344,151,837
- Other Financial Assets	4	20,506,697	19,796,006
Non-Financial Assets			
- Other Non-Current Assets	5	58,500,000	59,700,000
Deferred tax assets (Net)	6	-	6,357
Total Non Current Assets		83,851,156	423,654,200
Current assets			
Financial assets			
- Cash and cash equivalents	7	391,373	189,781
Non-Financial Assets			
- Other Current Asset	8	433,287	221,707
Total Current Assets		824,660	411,488
Total Assets		84,675,815	424,065,686
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share capital	9	96,649,500	96,649,500
Other equity	10	-12,017,085	327,368,087
Total Equity		84,632,415	424,017,587
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	11	5,525	-
Non- Financial liabilities			
Provisions	12	37,875	48,100
Total Current Liabilities		43,400	48,100
TOTAL LIABILITIES		84,675,815	424,065,687

Significant Accounting Policies 1
See accompanying notes to the financial statements 2 to 45

As per our Report of even date

For Parekh Shah & Lodha
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Reg. No. 107487W)

For and on behalf of the Board,

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M.No. 410227

Sd/-
Sureshkumar Bafna
(Managing Director)
DIN: 01569163

Sd/-
Prapti Shah
(Director)
DIN: 09216502

UDIN: 21410227AAAADK7396
Place : Mumbai
Date : 29/06/2021

Place : Mumbai
Date : 29/06/2021

**STANDALONE STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH-2021**

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

Particulars	Notes	Year Ended on Mar 31,2021	Year Ended on Mar 31,2020
INCOME			
Revenue From Operations		-	-
Other Income	13	1,313,301	1,290,621
Total Income		1,313,301	1,290,621
EXPENSES			
Employee benefit expense	14	760,000	756,760
Finance Cost	15	118	6,035
Other Expenses	16	636,420	937,141
Total Expenses		1,396,538	1,699,936
PROFIT BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS, EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS & TAX		-83,237	-409,315
Less - Exceptional Item			
Prior Period Items		-11,800	-
PROFIT BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS & TAX		-71,437	-409,315
Less - Extraordinary Item			
Provision for Dimmuation in Value of Investments		341,840,000	-
Profit Before Tax		-341,911,437	-409,315
Tax Expenses			
Current Tax		-	-
Deferred tax		6,357	820
Total Tax Expenses		6,357	820
Profit for the Year (After Tax)		-341,917,794	-410,135
Other Comprehensive Income	17		
A(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income		2,532,622	-1,017,755
(ii) Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
(ii) Income tax related to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		-339,385,172	-1,427,890
Earnings Per equity share of face value of Rs 10 each			
Basic(in Rs)	39	-33.94	-0.14
Diluted (in Rs)	39	-33.94	-0.14

Significant Accounting Policies

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

1

2 to 45

As per our Report of even date

For Parekh Shah & Lodha

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Reg. No. 107487W)

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M.No. 410227

UDIN: 21410227AAAADK7396

Place : Mumbai

Date : 29/06/2021

For and on behalf of the Board,

Sd/-
Sureshkumar Bafna
(Managing Director)
DIN:01569163

Sd/-
Prapti Shah
(Director)
DIN: 09216502

Place : Mumbai

Date : 29/06/2021

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

STANDALONE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Particulars		Current Year 2020-21 (Rs.)	Previous Year 2019-20 (Rs.)
Cash flow from/(used in) operating activities			
Profit before tax		-341,911,437	-409,315
Adjustment for:			
Interest income on deposits and dividend income		(1,313,301)	(1,269,536)
Provision For Dimunition In Value of Investment		341,840,000	-
Operating profit before working capital changes		(1,384,738)	(1,678,851)
Movement in working capital:			
(Increase)/decrease in other Current Assets		(211,580)	(160,184)
Increase/(decrease) in other current liability		5,525	(5,226)
Increase/(decrease) in provision		(10,225)	4,780
Cash generated/(used) in operations		(1,601,018)	(1,839,481)
Income taxes paid		-	-
Net Cash flow from operating activities	(A)	(1,601,018)	(1,839,481)
Cash flow from/(used) investing activities			
Interest received		1,313,301	1,269,536
(Increase)/decrease in other financial Assets		(710,691)	(1,862,431)
(Increase)/decrease in Trade Advances		1,200,000	-
(Increase)/decrease in Investment		-	1,525,403
Cash generated/(used) in investing activities	(B)	1,802,610	932,508
Cash flow from/(used in) financing activities			
Proceed /(repayment) of borrowings (net)		-	-
Proceeds from issue of share capital		-	-
Interest paid		-	-
Cash generated/(used) in financing activities	(C)	-	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(A+B+C)	201,592	(906,973)
Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of year		189,781	1,096,754
Unrealised exchange difference		-	-
Total Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of year		189,781	1,096,754
Cash and cash equivalent at end of year		391,373	189,781
Unrealised exchange difference at year end		-	-
Total Cash and cash equivalent at end of year		391,373	189,781

Note- Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in INDAS 7 - "Cash Flow Statements" prescribed under the Companies Act (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 under the Companies Act, 2013

As per our report of even date attached,

For Parekh Shah & Lodha

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Reg. No. 107487W)

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M.No. 410227

UDIN: 21410227AAAADK7396
Place: Mumbai
Date: 29/06/2021

For and on behalf of the Board,

Sd/-
Sureshkumar Bafna
(Managing Director)
DIN: 01569163

Place: Mumbai
Date: 29/06/2021

Sd/-
Prapti Shah
(Director)
DIN: 09216502

Statement of Changes in Equity

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

(a) Equity share capital	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2020	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	10,000,700	100,007,000	10,000,700	100,007,000
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	10,000,700	100,007,000	10,000,700	100,007,000

(b) Other equity

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus			Other comprehensive income	Total
	Securities Premium Account	Capital Reserve	Retained Earnings	Fair valuation of investments in equity shares	
Balance at 1 April 2019	350,000,000	20,918	(17,045,809)	(4,179,132)	328,795,977
Profit for the year	-	-	(410,135)	-	(410,135)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(1,017,755)	(1,017,755)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(410,135)	(1,017,755)	(1,427,890)
Balance at 31 March 2020	350,000,000	20,918	(17,455,944)	(5,196,887)	327,368,087
Profit for the year	-	-	(341,917,794)	-	(341,917,794)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	2,532,622	2,532,622
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(341,917,794)	2,532,622	(339,385,172)
Balance at 31 March 2021	350,000,000	20,918	(359,373,738)	(2,664,265)	(12,017,085)

As per our report of even date attached,

For Parekh Shah & Lodha
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Reg. No. 107487W)

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M.No. 410227

UDIN: 21410227AAAADK7396
Place: Mumbai
Date: 29/06/2021

For and on behalf of the Board,

Sd/-
Sureshkumar Bafna
(Managing Director)
DIN: 01569163

Sd/-
Prapti Shah
(Director)
DIN: 09216502

Place: Mumbai
Date: 29/06/2021

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021

Note 1 Significant Accounting Policies

1 Information about Company

Unistar Multimedia Limited (Company or Unistar) was originally incorporated as Kumbh Finance Limited on 8th April 1991 & w.e.f. 2nd May 2000 it was changed to Unistar Multimedia Limited. Company is into Media and Entertainment Industry.

2 Basis of preparation of standalone financial statements

The standalone financial statements are prepared in accordance with Ind AS notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with relevant rules issued thereunder.

The Standalone financial statement of the Company for year ended March 31, 2021 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Basis of measurement

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following -

- Certain financial assets and liabilities (Shares, Derivative instruments etc) that are measured at fair value
- Share based payments

3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the standalone financial statements of Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency"). Indian rupee is the functional currency of the Company.

4 Use of estimates

The preparation of standalone financial statements in conformity of Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the date of financial statements, income and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods which are affected.

Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates and assumption having the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the Standalone financial statements are:

Valuation of financial instruments
Valuation of derivative financial instruments
Useful life of property, plant and equipment
Useful life of investment property
Provisions
Recoverability of trade receivables

Summary of significant accounting policies

5 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

5.01 Fair value measurement

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the standalone financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the standalone financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Company's Management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for distribution in discontinued operations.

At each reporting date, the Management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The Management also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

Disclosures for valuation methods, significant estimates and assumptions.

Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost).

5.02 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Revenue from sale of goods -

Sale is recognised as revenue when control of the rights are transferred to Customer. The control is said to be transferred upon delivery of rights with transfer of significant risk and reward to customer. Revenue is measured at Fair Value of Consideration received or receivable from customer.

Interest and dividend income -

The interest and dividends are recognised only when no uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists. Interest on fixed deposits is recognised on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

5.03 Inventories

Inventory comprise of Shares and Cost of shares includes cost of purchase & other direct broker costs incurred in purchasing Shares.

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and the fair market value.

5.04 Foreign currency transactions and translation

- i) Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated in functional currency at closing rates of exchange at the reporting date.
- ii) Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items recognised in statement of profit and loss.

5.05 Taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The Company determines the tax as per the provisions of Income Tax Act 1961 and other rules specified thereunder.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

5.06 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided in full using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

5.07 a) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and where applicable accumulated impairment losses. Property, plant and equipment and capital work in progress cost include expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials, direct labour and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalized as part of that equipment.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent Cost

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is de-recognised and charged to the statement of Profit and Loss. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

b) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment loss. The system software which is expected to provide future enduring benefits is capitalised. The capitalised cost includes license fees and cost of implementation/system integration.

Depreciation and amortisation

The depreciation on tangible assets is provided at the rates and in manner prescribed under Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013.

The Company follows the WDV Method of Depreciation.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Derecognition of assets

An item of property plant & equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

5.08 Investment property

Property that is held for long term rental yield or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as Investment property. Investment properties measured initially at cost including related transitions cost and where applicable borrowing cost. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised to the assets carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintainance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is incurred the carrying amount of replaced part is derecognised.

Investment properties other than land are depreciated using SLM method over the estimated useful life of assets prescribed by the Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013 i.e. 60 years.

5.09 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

5.10 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The contingent liability is not recognised in books of account but its existence is disclosed in Standalone financial statements.

5.11 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Company's assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Company has written off Fixed Assets during the year as according to management all this assets are not in existense & written off long back in its books and presently standing at zero value.

5.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

5.13 Financial instruments

Initial recognition

The company recognise the financial asset and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivable which are initially recognised at transaction price. Transaction cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial asset and financial liabilities, that are not at fair value through profit and loss, are added to the fair value on the initial recognition.

Subsequent measurement

(A) Non derivative financial instruments

(i) Financial Assets at amortised cost

A financial assets is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met :

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

This category is the most relevant to the Company. All the Loans and other receivables under financial assets (except Investments) are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Trade receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value as reduced by impairment amount.

(ii) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss/Other comprehensive income

Instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

If the company decides to classify an instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

(iii) Financial liabilities

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

(a) Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. However, the Company has borrowings at floating rates. Considering the impact of restatement of Effective interest rate, transaction cost is being amortised over the tenure of loan and borrowing.

(b) Trade & other payables

After initial recognition, trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

(B) Derivative financial instruments

In case of Derivatives financial instruments such as foreign exchange, forward and option contracts are taken to mitigate the risk of changes in exchange rates on foreign currency exposures. Company has not dealt with any Forex Currency and does not hold any derivatives contract during the year under review.

Derivatives not designated are initially recognised at the fair value and attributable transaction cost are recognised in statement of profit and loss, when incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, these derivatives are measured at fair value through profit and loss. Asset/Liabilities in this category are presented as current asset/current liabilities.

However Company has not dealt with any Forex Currency and does not hold any derivatives contract during the year under review

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

5.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

5.15 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to equity shareholders for the year, by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for bonus element in equity shares issued during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to equity shareholders for the year, by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year after giving effect to all dilutive potential equity shares.

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Notes to Standalone financial statements

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

Note 2: Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Particulars	Tangible Assets				
	Film Equipments	Computer & Accessories	Furniture & Fixtures	Fax and Telephone	Total
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Gross Block (At cost)					
As at 1 April 2019	187,359	336,197	89,334	35,690	648,580
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Deductions/Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2020	187,359	336,197	89,334	35,690	648,580
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Deductions/Adjustments	187,359	336,197	89,334	35,690	648,580
As at 31 March 2021	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation/amortisation					
As at 1 April 2019	187,359	336,197	89,334	35,690	648,580
For the year	-	-	-	-	-
Deductions/Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2020	187,359	336,197	89,334	35,690	648,580
For the year	-	-	-	-	-
Deductions/Adjustments	187,359	336,197	89,334	35,690	648,580
As at 31 March 2021	-	-	-	-	-
Net Block					
At 31 March 2020	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2021	-	-	-	-	-

Notes to Standalone financial statements

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 3		
Non-current Investments		
Investment in Equity Shares- quoted (FVTOCI)		
55057 (PY: 55057) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid up in Monarch Network Capital Limited	3,468,591	935,969
	3,468,591	935,969
Investments in Equity Shares of Associates- unquoted		
135000 (PY 135000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid up in Ascent Shares and Stockbrokers Pvt Ltd	1,375,868	1,375,868
	1,375,868	1,375,868
Other Investments		
Keemti Infotech Pvt. Ltd.	147,040,000	147,040,000
Saral Vanijjya Pvt. Ltd.	194,800,000	194,800,000
Less: Provision for Dimmuation in Value of investments	-341,840,000	-
	-	341,840,000
Total	4,844,459	344,151,837
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	3,468,591	935,969
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	1,375,868	343,215,868
Market value of quoted investments	3,468,591	935,969

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Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 4		
Other Financial Assets		
Unsecured considered good unless stated otherwise :		
a. Loans and Advances		
Inter Corporate Deposits / Other Loans	20,506,697	19,735,126
b. Security Deposits		
Deposits for Utilities	-	60,880
Total	20,506,697	19,796,006

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 5		
Other Non-Current Assets		
a. Trade Advance		
Trade Advances for Supply of Goods/ Assets	58,500,000	59,700,000
Total	58,500,000	59,700,000

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 6		
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET)		
The movement on the deferred tax account is as follows:		
At the start of the year	6,357	7,177
Charge/(credit) to statement of Profit and Loss	-6,357	-820
At the end of the year	-	6,357

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 7		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on Hand	16,183	16,183
Balance with Bank	375,189	173,597
Total	391,373	189,781

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 8		
Other Current Asset		
Prepaid Expenses	3,499	-
Balance With Revenue Authorities	429,788	221,707
Total	433,287	221,707

Particulars	As at	
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Note: 9		
Share Capital		
a Authorised :		
Equity Shares of Re. 10/- each		
102,00,000 (PY 102,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- Each	102,000,000	102,000,000
TOTAL	102,000,000	102,000,000
b Issued and Subscribed and Paid up:		
100,00,700 (PY 100,00,700) Equity shares fully paid up	100,007,000	100,007,000
Less : Calls in arrears	3,357,500	3,357,500
TOTAL	96,649,500	96,649,500
c Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year :		
Equity share :		
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,000,700	10,000,700
Add/(Less) : Adjustments during the year	-	-
Equity shares allotted as fully paid bonus shares by capitalisation of reserves	-	-
Equity Shares bought back during the year	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	10,000,700	10,000,700

d Terms / Rights attached to each classes of shares**Terms / Rights attached to Equity shares**

The Company has only one class of equity shares with voting rights having a par value of Re 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the amount of dividend per equity share recognised as distributions to equity shareholders is NIL (previous year NIL).

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the shareholders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

f Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company is set out below:

Equity share	As at		As at	
	31 March' 2021		31 March' 2020	
	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
Suresh Babulal Bafna	942,800	9.43%	942,800	9.43%
Monarch Netowrth Capital Limited	812,336	8.12%	774,262	7.74%

g The company had not issued any bonus share for consideration other than cash and no share had bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

h During the year no share was reserved for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares/disinvestment.

Particulars	As at	
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Note: 10		
Other Equity		
Reserves & Surplus		
Securities premium reserve - at the beginning of the year	350,000,000	350,000,000
Add: Addition during the year	-	-
At the end of the year	350,000,000	350,000,000
Capital Reserve	20,918	20,918
Add: Addition during the year	-	-
At the end of the year	20,918	20,918
Retained earnings - at the beginning of the year	(17,455,944)	(17,045,809)
Add: Addition during the year	(341,917,794)	(410,135)
At the end of the year	(359,373,738)	(17,455,944)
Total Reserves & Surplus	(9,352,820)	332,564,974
Other comprehensive income		
Fair valuation of investments in equity shares	(5,196,887)	(4,179,132)
Add: Addition during the year	2,532,622	(1,017,755)
At the end of the year	(2,664,265)	(5,196,887)
Total Other comprehensive income	(2,664,265)	(5,196,887)
Total Other Equity	(12,017,085)	327,368,087

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The Description of the nature and purpose of each reserve within equity is as follows:

Securities Premium Account - Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. This reserve will be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act.

Capital Reserve Fund - Capital reserve fund was created out of Capital reserve earlier and can be utilised for issue of Bonus shares or to adjust Capital Losses.

Other Comprehensive Income - The Company has opted to recognize changes in the fair value of certain investments In equity instruments through other comprehensive income, under an irrevocable option. These changes are accumulated within the FVOCI equity investments reserve within equity. The amount under this reserve will be transferred to retained earnings when such instruments are disposed off.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 11		
Other Financial Liabilities		
Other financial Liabilities	5,525	-
Total	5,525	-

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 12		
Current Provisions		
Provision for Expenses	34,000	47,200
Statutory dues Payable	3,875	900
Total	37,875	48,100

Particulars	Year Ended on 31 March 2021	Year Ended on 31 March 2020
Note: 13		
Other Income		
Interest Income	1,313,301	1,269,536
Sundry Balances W/back	-	21,085
Total	1,313,301	1,290,621

Particulars	Year Ended on 31 March 2021	Year Ended on 31 March 2020
Note: 14		
Employee Benefit Expenses		
Salary & Other Allowances	760,000	756,760
Total	760,000	756,760

Particulars	Year Ended on 31 March 2021	Year Ended on 31 March 2020
Note: 15		
Finance Cost		
Bank Charges	118	6,035
Total	118	6,035

Particulars	Year Ended on 31 March 2021	Year Ended on 31 March 2020
Note: 16		
Administration expenses		
Advertisement Expenses	39,344	36,162
AGM Expenses	3,600	-
Auditors' Remuneration	35,000	30,000
Professional Fees	20,000	-
Exchange Penalty (BSE)	-	290,280
Loss on Sale of Share	-	108,387
Printing Stationery & Xerox Charges	-	35,760
Statutory Listing/Filing fees	300,000	315,900
STT & Other Charges	-	3,863
Share connectivity Expenses	168,199	105,000
ROC Expenses	6,000	-
Demat Charges	-	1,770
Other Expenses	500	1,020
Software & Web Maintenance Charges	12,000	8,999
Sundry Balance W/off	51,777	-
Total	636,420	937,141

Particulars	Year Ended on 31 March 2021	Year Ended on 31 March 2020
Note: 17		
Statement of other comprehensive income		
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	2,532,622	-1,017,755
(ii) Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
(ii) Income tax related to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
Total	2,532,622	-1,017,755

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18 Contingent liability

- a) There are no contingent liabilities as at the balance sheet date.
- b) The company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its standalone financial statements. The Board does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial position.
- c) Capital commitment for value of contracts yet to be executed Rs. Nil (P.Y. Nil)

19 Employee benefit obligations

Since Company does not have minimum no. of employees required to mandatorily attract Employee Benefit regulations, Company has not provided for the same.

20 Segmental Information

The Company operates in a single reportable segment i.e. Media and Entertainment Industry., which has similar risks and returns for the purpose of IND-AS - 108 on 'Segment Reporting'. The Company operates in single geographical segment, i.e. domestic.

21 Financial Instruments

Financial instrument by category

The carrying value and fair value of financial instrument by categories as of 31 March 2021 were as follows

Particulars	At amortised cost (Rs.)	At fair value through	At fair value through	Total Carrying value (Rs.)	Total fair value (Rs.)
		profit and loss (Rs.)	OCI (Rs.)		
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	391,373	-	-	391,373	391,373
Other financial assets	20,506,697	-	-	20,506,697	20,506,697
Investments	1,375,868	-	3,468,591	4,844,459	4,844,459
	22,273,937	-	3,468,591	25,742,528	25,742,528
Liabilities:					
Other financial liabilities	5,525	-	-	5,525	5,525
	5,525	-	-	5,525	5,525

The carrying value and fair value of financial instrument by categories as of March 31, 2020 were as follows

Particulars	At amortised cost (Rs.)	At fair value through	At fair value through	Total Carrying value (Rs.)	Total fair value (Rs.)
		profit and loss (Rs.)	OCI (Rs.)		
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	189,781	-	-	189,781	189,781
Other financial assets	19,796,006	-	-	19,796,006	19,796,006
Investments	343,215,868	-	935,969	344,151,837	344,151,837
	363,201,654	-	935,969	364,137,623	364,137,623
Liabilities:					
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-

22 Fair value hierarchy

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of 31 March 2021:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021 (Rs.)	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting year using		
		Level 1 (Rs.)	Level 2 (Rs.)	Level 3 (Rs.)
Assets /Liabilities measured at fair value				
Financial Assets:				
Non current investments	4,844,459	3,468,591	-	1,375,868
Forward contract receivable	-	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities:				
Forward contract payable	-	-	-	-
Security deposits	-	-	-	-

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of 31 March 2020:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020 (Rs.)	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting year using		
		Level 1 (Rs.)	Level 2 (Rs.)	Level 3 (Rs.)
Assets /Liabilities measured at fair value				
Financial Assets:				
Non current investments	344,151,837	935,969	-	343,215,868
Forward contract receivable	-	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities:				
Forward contract payable	-	-	-	-
Security deposits	-	-	-	-

There have been no transfers among Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the period.

The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, Trade receivable and other financial asset, trade payables and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amount largely due to short term maturity of these instruments.

23 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The risk management policies of the Company are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

The Management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

In performing its operating, investing and financing activities, the Company is exposed to the Credit risk, Liquidity risk and Market risk.

24 Carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities:

The following table summaries the carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities recorded at the end of the period by categories:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 21 (Rs.)	31 March 20 (Rs.)
Financial assets		
Non current investment	4,844,459	344,151,837
Cash and cash equivalent	391,373	189,781
Other financial assets	20,506,697	19,796,006
At end of the year	25,742,528	364,137,623
Financial liabilities		
Other financial liabilities	5,525	-
At end of the year	5,525	-

25 Credit risk on financial assets

Financial assets that are potentially subject to concentrations of credit risk and failures by counterparties to discharge their obligations in full or in a timely manner consist principally of cash balances with banks, cash equivalents and receivables, and other financial assets. The maximum exposure to credit risk is: the total of the fair value of the financial instruments and the full amount of any loan payable commitment at the end of the reporting year. Credit risk on cash balances with banks is limited because the counterparties are entities with acceptable credit ratings. Credit risk on other financial assets is limited because the other parties are entities with acceptable credit ratings.

As disclosed in Note 11 (b), cash and cash equivalents balances generally represent short term deposits with a less than 180-day maturity.

As part of the process of setting customer credit limits, different credit terms are used. The average credit period generally granted to trade receivable customers is about 90-360 days. But some customers take a longer period to settle the amounts.

26 Exposure to credit risk

Financial asset for which loss allowance is measured using expected credit loss model

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 21 (Rs.)	31 March 20 (Rs.)
Financial assets		
Non current investment	4,844,459	344,151,837
Cash and cash equivalent	391,373	189,781
Other financial assets	20,506,697	19,796,006
At end of the year	25,742,528	364,137,623

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

With the applicability of Ind AS 109, the recognition and measurement of impairment of financial assets is based on credit loss assessment by expected credit loss (ECL) model. The ECL assessment involve significant management judgement. The Company's impairment allowance is derived from estimates including the historical default and loss ratios. Management exercises judgement in determining the quantum of loss based on a range of factors, like staging criteria, calculation of probability of default / loss and consideration of probability weighted scenarios and forward looking macroeconomic factors.

The board acknowledges and understands that these factors, since there is a large increase in the data inputs required by the ECL model, which increases the risk of completeness and accuracy of the data that has been used to create assumptions in the model. Based on the internal management analysis, as per Board Opinion, there is no requirement of provision for expected credit loss in several financial assets including the trade receivables and other receivables of the Company and all are on fair value, based on the assessment and judgement made by the board of the company.

In the opinion of management, Financial assets, Cash and cash equivalent, Balance with Bank, Loans and other financial assets have a value on realisation in the ordinary course of business atleast equal to the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet.

27 **Market risk -**

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates – will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. We are exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk and interest rate risk. Thus, our exposure to market risk is a function of revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currency. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure in our foreign currency revenues and costs.

28 **Foreign currency risk**

The Company is not exposed to any currency risk on account of its borrowings, other payables and receivables in foreign currency. All dealings are done in domestic markets by the company. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee.

29 **Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing financial instruments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing financial instruments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Company has interest rate risk exposure mainly from changes in rate of interest on borrowing & on deposit with bank. The interest rate are disclosed in the respective notes to the standalone financial statements of the Company.

The following table analyse the breakdown of the financial assets and liabilities by type of interest rate:

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 21 (Rs.)	31 March 20 (Rs.)
Financial assets		
Interest bearing - Fixed interest rate		
- Loans & Advances	20,506,697	19,735,126
Interest bearing - Floating interest rate	-	-
Financial Liabilities		
Interest bearing - Fixed interest rate	-	-
Interest bearing - Floating interest rate	-	-

30 **Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments**

The Company does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

31 **Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments -**

The company does not have any financial assets or financial liabilities bearing floating interest rates. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

32 **Liquidity risk -**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Company's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. It maintains adequate sources of financing including debt and overdraft from banks at an optimised cost.

The Company maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the balance sheet at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 is the carrying amounts. The liquidity risk is managed on the basis of expected maturity dates of the financial liabilities. The average credit period taken to settle trade payables is about 90 days. The other payables are with short-term durations. The carrying amounts are assumed to be a reasonable approximation of fair value. The following table analysis financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities:

Particulars	On Demand (Rs.)	12 months or less (Rs.)	1 to 5 years (Rs.)	> 5 years (Rs.)	Total (Rs.)
Year ended 31 March 2021					
Other financial liabilities	-	5,525	-	-	5,525
Other payables	-	37,875	-	-	37,875
	-	43,400	-	-	43,400
Year ended 31 March 2020					
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Other payables	-	48,100	-	-	48,100
	-	48,100	-	-	48,100

At present, the Company does expects to repay all liabilities at their contractual maturity. In order to meet such cash commitments, the operating activity is expected to generate sufficient cash inflows.

33 Capital management -

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company's policy is to keep optimum gearing ratio. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and cash equivalents, excluding discontinued operations.

Particulars		As at 31 March 21 (Rs.)	As at 31 March 20 (Rs.)
Borrowings			
Other financial liabilities		5,525	-
Other payables		37,875	48,100
Less: cash and cash equivalents		-391,373	-189,781
Net debt	(a)	-347,973	-141,681
Total equity			
Total member's capital (Total Equity)	(b)	84,632,415	424,017,587
Net debt equity ratio	(a/b)	-0.41%	-0.03%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

34 Income tax

The major components of income tax expense for the years are:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Current income tax:		
Current income tax charge	-	-
Adjustments in respect of previous year	-	-
MAT credit entitlement	-	-
Deferred tax:		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary	6,357	820
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	6,357	820

A Reconciliation of income tax provision to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the income before Income taxes is summarized as follow:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Profit before income tax	-341,911,437	-409,315
Rate of Income tax (In %)	26.00%	26.00%
Computed expected tax expenses	-	-
Tax Effect of -		
Changes in tax estimates of prior years	-	-
Deferred Tax Adjustments	6,357	820
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	6,357	820

Applicable statutory tax rate for financial year 2020-21 is **26.00%**.

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The company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Significant management judgement is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income by each jurisdiction in which the relevant entity operates and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.

35 Estimates

The estimates at 1 April 2020 and at 31 March 2021 are consistent with those made for the same dates in accordance with Indian AS (after adjustments to reflect any differences in accounting policies).

36 Balance of Receivables and Payables, including loans, deposits & trade advances given, payable to vendors, etc, are subject to confirmation and consequent reconciliation and adjustments, if any. Further the impairment provision for trade advances given are subject to documentation of the informal updation in terms of advances. Hence, the effect thereof, on Profit/ Loss, Assets and Liabilities, if any, is not ascertainable, which may be considerable. As per the opinion of the Board, there will be no substantial impact on their reconciliation with their balance confirmations as on the reporting date.

37 There was no impairment loss on the fixed assets on the basis of review carried out by the management in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)-36 'Impairment of Assets'.

38 Lease disclosure

The company has not entered into any agreement for obtaining any premises on rent (which is in nature of operating leases). However if entered amount paid/payable in respect of such leases will be charged to profit and loss on accrual basis over the period of lease.

39 Earnings per share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

<u>Particulars</u>	<u>As at 31 March 21</u>	<u>As at 31 March 20</u>
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent for basic earnings (Rs.)	-339,385,172	-1,427,890
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic and diluted earning per share	10,000,700	10,000,700
Face value per share	10.00	10.00
Basic earning per share	-33.94	-0.14
Diluted earning per share	-33.94	-0.14

40 The Company has not entered into any transactions which are termed "Specified Domestic Transaction" as per Section 92BA of the Income Tax-Act, 1961. Accordingly, it is not required to comply with certain transfer pricing regulations under Section 92 to Section 92F of the Act. "

41 The Company has an informal process of obtaining confirmations from the vendors to record whether they are covered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act 2006 as well as they have filed required memorandum with prescribed authority. Based on and to the extent of the information received by the Company from the suppliers regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) and relied upon by the auditors, the relevant particulars as at the year end are furnished below:

<u>Dues to micro, small and medium enterprises</u>	<u>Amount in Rs.</u>	
	<u>31-Mar-21</u>	<u>31-Mar-20</u>
The amounts remaining unpaid to micro and small suppliers as at the end of the year		
Principal	31,500	Nil
Interest	Nil	Nil
The amount of interest paid by the buyer as per the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006)	-	-
The amounts of the payments made to micro and small suppliers beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	-	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the MSMED Act, 2006	-	-

42 During the year, the company has carried out the enhanced physical verification of item wise fixed assets of the company across its offices located at several locations. Based on such verification, various items of fixed assets appearing in the fixed assets register of the company, which were not found physically available, were eliminated from the register. Since these items of assets were fully depreciated and not having any scrap value, the management has estimated no impact of such deletion on the financial position and going concern position of the company.

43 Uncertainty relating to the global health pandemic on COVID-19

Covid-19 outbreak was declared as a global pandemic by World Health Organisation. As per the current reports the Second wave of COVID-19 pandemic has peaked in most states in India. Accordingly, the Company has been in operation consistently with minimal permitted staff. The Company is closely monitoring the impact due to COVID-19 on various aspects of its business including its assets/ vendors/ employees and other business partners. The Company will continue to monitor for any material changes to future economic conditions and as of March 31, 2021 based on the facts and circumstances existing as of that date, the Company does not anticipate any material uncertainties which affects its liquidity position and also ability to continue as a going concern. In management view, the Company's capital and liquidity position stands strong as on reporting date. However, the impact assessment of Covid-19 is a continuing process given the uncertainties associated with its nature and duration.

44 Related party relationships, transactions and balances

A	Nature of relationship
I	Holding Company -NA
II	Subsidiary Company -NA
III	Enterprises over which Directors and their relatives exercise significant influence
a	Clio Infotech Limited
IV	Key Management Personnel and their relatives
a	Sureshkumar Babulal Bafna (Managing Director)
b	Sumeeth Kumar Haran (Director)
c	Milnath Vasant Gavas (Chief financial officer)
d	Ms. Kanchan Kaku (Company Secretary)
e	Renuka Marwah (Director - From 27-02-2020 to 31-03-2021)
f	Devendra Bhogilal Sanghvi (Director - till 26-02-2020)
g	Darshika Shailen Shah (Director - till 31-03-2021)
V	Fellow Associates - Ascent Shares and Stock Brokers Pvt. Ltd.

Notes :

- 1 The related party relationship have been determined on the basis of the requirement of the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 24 ' Related Party Disclosures and the same have been relied upon by the auditors.
- 2 The relationships as mentioned above pertain to those related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the current year/previous year, except where control exists, in which case the relationships have been mentioned irrespective of transactions with the related party.

B. Transaction with related parties for the Half year ended -

Nature of transactions	Enterprises on which key management personnel (KMP's) have significant influence		KMP & their Relatives	
	Year Ended 31st March 2021	Year Ended 31st March 2020	Year Ended 31st March 2021	Year Ended 31st March 2020
Interest Received Clio Infotech Limited	1,057,301	1,020,882	-	-
Remuneration Paid Milinath Vasant Gavas Ms. Kanchan Kaku	- -	- -	360,000 400,000	103,871 297,000
Deposit Loans and Advance Received / Taken Clio Infotech Limited	930,000	1,305,000	-	-
Deposit Loans and Advance Given / Repaid back Clio Infotech Limited	750,000	2,260,000	-	-

45 Previous year's figures have been regrouped or reclassified wherever necessary

For Parekh Shah & Lodha

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Reg. No. 107487W)

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M.No. 410227

UDIN: 21410227AAAADK7396
Place: Mumbai
Date: 29/06/2021

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-
Sureshkumar Bafna
(Managing Director)
DIN: 01569163

Sd/-
Prapti Shah
(Director)
DIN: 09216502

Place: Mumbai
Date: 29/06/2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of
UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of **Unistar Multimedia Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the Statement of Profit and Loss and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, its Profit / Loss and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards on auditing specified under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the code of ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters below to be key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

Key audit matters

Expected credit loss allowances

Recognition and measurement of impairment of financial assets involve significant management judgement. With the applicability of Ind AS 109, credit loss assessment is now based on expected credit loss (ECL) model. The Company's impairment allowance is derived from estimates including the historical default and loss ratios. Management exercises judgement in determining the quantum of loss based on a range of factors. The most significant areas are loan staging criteria, calculation of probability of default / loss and consideration of probability weighted scenarios and forward-looking macroeconomic factors. There is a large increase in the data inputs required by the ECL model. This increases the risk of completeness and accuracy of the data that has been used to create assumptions in the model. In some cases, data is unavailable and reasonable alternatives have been applied to allow calculations to be performed. As

How the matter was addressed in our Audit

In view of the significance of the matter we applied the following audit procedures, on test check basis, in this area, among others to obtain reasonable audit assurance:

- We evaluated management's process and tested key controls around the determination of extent of requirement of expected credit loss allowances, including recovery process & controls implemented in the company for trade receivables and other financial assets. It was explained to us by the management that the control exists relating to the recovery of receivables, including those aging for large periods and in the opinion of the board there is no requirement making expected credit loss allowance.
- We have also reviewed the management response and representation on recovery process initiated for sample receivables, and based on the same we have place reliance on these key controls for the purposes of our audit.

per management opinion, there is no expected credit loss in several financial assets including the trade receivables and other financial assets of the Company and all are on fair value, based on the assessment and judgement made by the board of the company.

Revenue Recognition

Only Income earned by the company is Interest Income. Same is recognized on timely basis & only upon there is no uncertainty as to its measurability or collectability.

We have verified the process to identify the impact of the new revenue accounting standard. After reviewing the same we inform that there is no material impact of new revenue accounting standard and the Company can continue with its existing accounting practice.

Performed confirmation procedures & obtained the same.

Appropriateness of Current and Non-Current Classification For the purpose of current & non-current classification the Company has considered its normal operating cycle as 12 Months and the same is based on services provided, acquisition of assets or inventory, their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The classification is either done on basis of documentary evidence and if not then on the basis of managements best estimate of period in which asset would be realized or liability would be settled

Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and auditors' report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's board of directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134 (5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The board of directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Consolidated Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Consolidated Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

The Consolidated financial statements includes the Company's share of Net profit of Rs 6,255/- for the year ended 31st march, 2021 (P.Y. Rs 14,477 lakhs) as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of one associate company whose financial statements have not been audited by us. The independent auditors' report on financial statements of these entities have been

furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these entities, is based solely on the report of such auditors and the procedure performed by us are as stated in paragraph above.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial results certified by the Board of Directors.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss, and the cash flow statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the board of directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting;
 - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us;
 - a) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and
 - c) There has not been an occasion in case of the Company during the year under report to transfer any sums to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. The question of delay in transferring such sums does not arise

For **PAREKH SHAH & LODHA**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 107487W

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)

M. No.: 410227
UDIN: 21410227AAAADL2165

Place: Mumbai
Date : 29th June 2021

ANNEXURE A TO AUDITORS' REPORT

[Referred to in Clause (f) in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors Report of even date]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Unistar Multimedia Limited**. ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in general, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were found operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company. However the same needs to be further improved and formally documented in view of the size of the company and nature of its business, considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **PAREKH SHAH & LODHA**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 107487W

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M. No.: 410227
UDIN: 21410227AAAADL2165

Place: Mumbai
Date : 29th June 2021

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST March, 2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

Particulars	Notes	As at Mar 31,2021	As at Mar 31,2020
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property Plant and Equipment	2	-	-
Financial Assets			
- Investments	3	4,859,636	344,160,759
- Other Financial Assets	4	20,506,697	19,796,006
Non-Financial Assets			
- Other Non-Current Assets	5	58,500,000	59,700,000
Deferred tax assets (Net)	6	-	6,357
Total Non Current Assets		83,866,333	423,663,122
Current assets			
Financial assets			
- Cash and cash equivalents	7	391,373	189,781
Non-Financial Assets			
- Other Current Asset	8	433,287	221,707
Total Current Assets		824,660	411,488
Total Assets		84,690,992	424,074,609
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share capital	9	96,649,500	96,649,500
Other equity	10	-12,001,907	327,377,009
Total Equity		84,647,593	424,026,509
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	11	5,525	-
Non- Financial liabilities			
Provisions	12	37,875	48,100
Total Current Liabilities		43,400	48,100
TOTAL LIABILITIES		84,690,993	424,074,609

Significant Accounting Policies 1
See accompanying notes to the financial statements 2 to 45

As per our Report of even date

For Parekh Shah & Lodha
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Reg. No. 107487W)

For and on behalf of the Board,

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M.No. 410227

Sd/-
Sureshkumar Bafna
(Managing Director)
DIN: 01569163

Sd/-
Prapti Shah
(Director)
DIN: 09216502

UDIN: 21410227AAAADL2165
Place: Mumbai
Date: 29/06/2021

Place : Mumbai
Date : 29/06/2021

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH-2021

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

Particulars	Notes	Year Ended on Mar 31,2021	Year Ended on Mar 31,2020
INCOME			
Revenue From Operations		-	-
Other Income	13	1,313,301	1,290,621
Total Income		1,313,301	1,290,621
EXPENSES			
Employee benefit expense	14	760,000	756,760
Finance Cost	15	118	6,035
Other Expenses	16	636,420	937,141
Total Expenses		1,396,538	1,699,936
PROFIT BEFORE EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS, EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS & TAX		-83,237	-409,315
Less - Exceptional Item			
Prior Period Items		-11,800	-
PROFIT BEFORE EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS & TAX		-71,437	-409,315
Less - Extraordinary Item			
Provision for Dimmuation in Value of Investments		341,840,000	-
Profit Before Tax		-341,911,437	-409,315
Tax Expenses			
Current Tax		-	-
Deferred tax		6,357	820
Total Tax Expenses		6,357	820
Profit for the Year (After Tax)		-341,917,794	-410,135
Share of Profit / Loss of Associated Company		6,255	14,477
Net Profit/(Loss) after taxes, minority interest and share of profit/(loss) of associates		-341,911,539	-395,658
Other Comprehensive Income			
A(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	17		
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income		2,532,622	-1,017,755
(ii) Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
(ii) Income tax related to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		-339,378,917	-1,413,413
Earnings Per equity share of face value of Rs 10 each			
Basic(in Rs)	39	-33.94	-0.14
Diluted (in Rs)	39	-33.94	-0.14
Significant Accounting Policies	1		
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	2 to 45		

As per our Report of even date

For Parekh Shah & Lodha
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Reg. No. 107487W)

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M.No. 410227

UDIN: 21410227AAAADL2165
Place : Mumbai
Date : 29/06/2021

For and on behalf of the Board,

Sd/-
Sureshkumar Bafna
(Managing Director)
DIN: 0159163

Sd/-
Prapti Shah
(Director)
DIN: 09216502

Place : Mumbai
Date : 29/06/2021

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Particulars		Current Year 2020-21 (Rs.)	Previous Year 2019-20 (Rs.)
Cash flow from/(used in) operating activities			
Profit before tax		-341,911,437	-409,315
Adjustment for:			
Interest income on deposits and dividend income		(1,313,301)	(1,269,536)
Provision For Diminution In Value of Investment		341,840,000	-
Operating profit before working capital changes		(1,384,738)	(1,678,851)
Movement in working capital:			
(Increase)/decrease in other Current Assets		(211,580)	(160,184)
Increase/(decrease) in other current liability		5,525	(5,226)
Increase/(decrease) in provision		(10,225)	4,780
Cash generated/(used) in operations		(1,601,018)	(1,839,481)
Income taxes paid		-	-
Net Cash flow from operating activities	(A)	(1,601,018)	(1,839,481)
Cash flow from/(used) investing activities			
Interest received		1,313,301	1,269,536
(Increase)/decrease in other financial Assets		(710,691)	(1,862,431)
(Increase)/decrease in Trade Advances		1,200,000	-
(Increase)/decrease in Investment		-	1,525,403
Cash generated/(used) in investing activities	(B)	1,802,610	932,508
Cash flow from/(used in) financing activities			
Proceed /(repayment) of borrowings (net)		-	-
Proceeds from issue of share capital		-	-
Interest paid		-	-
Cash generated/(used) in financing activities	(C)	-	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(A+B+C)	201,592	(906,973)
Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of year		189,781	1,096,754
Unrealised exchange difference		-	-
Total Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of year		189,781	1,096,754
Cash and cash equivalent at end of year		391,373	189,781
Unrealised exchange difference at year end		-	-
Total Cash and cash equivalent at end of year		391,373	189,781

Note- Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in IND AS 7 - "Cash Flow Statements" prescribed under the Companies Act (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 under the Companies Act, 2013

As per our report of even date attached,

For Parekh Shah & Lodha

Chartered Accountants
(Firm Reg. No. 107487W)

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M.No. 410227

UDIN: 21410227AAAADL2165

Place : Mumbai
Date : 29/06/2021

For and on behalf of the Board,

Sd/-
Sureshkumar Bafna
(Managing Director)
DIN: 0159163

Place : Mumbai
Date : 29/06/2021

Sd/-
Prapti Shah
(Director)
DIN: 09216502

Statement of Changes in Equity

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

(a) Equity share capital	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2020	
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	10,000,700	100,007,000	10,000,700	100,007,000
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	10,000,700	100,007,000	10,000,700	100,007,000

(b) Other equity

Particulars	Reserves & Surplus			Other comprehensive income	Total
	Securities Premium Account	Capital Reserve	Retained Earnings	Fair valuation of investments in equity shares	
Balance at 1 April 2019	350,000,000	20,918	(17,051,364)	(4,179,132)	328,790,422
Profit for the year	-	-	(395,658)	-	(395,658)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(1,017,755)	(1,017,755)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(395,658)	(1,017,755)	(1,413,413)
Balance at 31 March 2020	350,000,000	20,918	(17,447,022)	(5,196,887)	327,377,009
Profit for the year	-	-	(341,911,539)	-	(341,911,539)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	2,532,622	2,532,622
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(341,911,539)	2,532,622	(339,378,917)
Balance at 31 March 2021	350,000,000	20,918	(359,358,561)	(2,664,265)	(12,001,908)

As per our report of even date attached,

For Parekh Shah & Lodha
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Reg. No. 107487W)

For and on behalf of the Board,

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M.No. 410227

Sd/-
Sureshkumar Bafna
(Managing Director)
DIN: 0159163

Sd/-
Prapti Shah
(Director)
DIN: 09216502

UDIN: 21410227AAAADL2165
Place : Mumbai
Date : 29/06/2021

Place : Mumbai
Date : 29/06/2021

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021

Note 1 Significant Accounting Policies

1 Information about Company and its Associate

Unistar Multimedia Limited (Company or Unistar) was originally incorporated as Kumbh Finance Limited on 8th April 1991 & w.e.f. 2nd May 2000 it was changed to Unistar Multimedia Limited. Company is into Media and Entertainment Industry.

Company acquired 45% stake in Ascent Shares and Stock Brokers Pvt. Ltd. thereby making it its Associate
Ascent is engaged in sub-broking and financial activities.

2 Basis of preparation of Consolidated financial statements

The Consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Ind AS notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with relevant rules issued thereunder.

The Consolidated financial statement of the Company for year ended March 31, 2021 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Basis of measurement

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following -

- Certain financial assets and liabilities (Shares, Derivative instruments etc) that are measured at fair value
- Share based payments

3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Consolidated financial statements of Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency"). Indian rupee is the functional currency of the Company.

4 Use of estimates

The preparation of Consolidated financial statements in conformity of Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and contingent liabilities at the date of financial statements, income and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods which are affected.

Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates and assumption having the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the Consolidated financial statements are:

Valuation of financial instruments
Valuation of derivative financial instruments
Useful life of property, plant and equipment
Useful life of investment property
Provisions
Recoverability of trade receivables

Summary of significant accounting policies

5 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

5.01 Fair value measurement

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the Consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Company's Management determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as derivative instruments and unquoted financial assets measured at fair value, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for distribution in discontinued operations.

At each reporting date, the Management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the Company's accounting policies. For this analysis, the Management verifies the major inputs applied in the latest valuation by agreeing the information in the valuation computation to contracts and other relevant documents.

The Management also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

Disclosures for valuation methods, significant estimates and assumptions.

Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost).

5.02 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Revenue from sale of goods -

Sale is recognised as revenue when control of the rights are transferred to Customer. The control is said to be transferred upon delivery of rights with transfer of significant risk and reward to customer. Revenue is measured at Fair Value of Consideration received or receivable from customer.

Interest and dividend income -

The interest and dividends are recognised only when no uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists. Interest on fixed deposits is recognised on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

5.03 Inventories

Inventory comprise of Shares and Cost of shares includes cost of purchase & other direct broker costs incurred in purchasing Shares.

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and the fair market value.

5.04 Foreign currency transactions and translation

- i) Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated in functional currency at closing rates of exchange at the reporting date.
- ii) Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items recognised in statement of profit and loss.

5.05 Taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The Company determines the tax as per the provisions of Income Tax Act 1961 and other rules specified thereunder.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

5.06 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided in full using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

When the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

5.07 a) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and where applicable accumulated impairment losses. Property, plant and equipment and capital work in progress cost include expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials, direct labour and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalized as part of that equipment.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent Cost

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is de-recognised and charged to the statement of Profit and Loss. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

b) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment loss. The system software which is expected to provide future enduring benefits is capitalised. The capitalised cost includes license fees and cost of implementation/system integration.

Depreciation and amortisation

The depreciation on tangible assets is provided at the rates and in manner prescribed under Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013.

The Company follows the WDV Method of Depreciation.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Derecognition of assets

An item of property plant & equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

5.08 Investment property

Property that is held for long term rental yield or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as Investment property. Investment properties measured initially at cost including related transitions cost and where applicable borrowing cost. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised to the assets carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is incurred the carrying amount of replaced part is derecognised.

Investment properties other than land are depreciated using SLM method over the estimated useful life of assets prescribed by the Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013 i.e. 60 years.

5.09 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

5.10 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. The contingent liability is not recognised in books of account but its existence is disclosed in Consolidated financial statements.

5.11 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Company's assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Company has written off Fixed Assets during the year as according to management all this assets are not in existence & written off long back in its books and presently standing at zero value.

5.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

5.13 Financial instruments

Initial recognition

The company recognise the financial asset and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivable which are initially recognised at transaction price. Transaction cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial asset and financial liabilities, that are not at fair value through profit and loss, are added to the fair value on the initial recognition.

Subsequent measurement

(A) Non derivative financial instruments

(i) Financial Assets at amortised cost

A financial assets is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met :

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

This category is the most relevant to the Company. All the Loans and other receivables under financial assets (except Investments) are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Trade receivables do not carry any interest and are stated at their nominal value as reduced by impairment amount.

(ii) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss/Other comprehensive income

Instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

If the company decides to classify an instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

(iii) Financial liabilities

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

(a) Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. However, the Company has borrowings at floating rates. Considering the impact of restatement of Effective interest rate, transaction cost is being amortised over the tenure of loan and borrowing.

(b) Trade & other payables

After initial recognition, trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

(B) Derivative financial instruments

In case of Derivatives financial instruments such as foreign exchange, forward and option contracts are taken to mitigate the risk of changes in exchange rates on foreign currency exposures. Company has not dealt with any Forex Currency and does not hold any derivatives contract during the year under review.

Derivatives not designated are initially recognised at the fair value and attributable transaction cost are recognised in statement of profit and loss, when incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, these derivatives are measured at fair value through profit and loss. Asset/Liabilities in this category are presented as current asset/current liabilities.

However Company has not dealt with any Forex Currency and does not hold any derivatives contract during the year under review

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

5.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

5.15 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to equity shareholders for the year, by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for bonus element in equity shares issued during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to equity shareholders for the year, by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year after giving effect to all dilutive potential equity shares.

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

Notes to Consolidated financial statements

(Currency: Indian Rupees)

Note 2: Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Particulars	Tangible Assets				
	Film Equipments	Computer & Accessories	Furniture & Fixtures	Fax and Telephone	Total
	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
Gross Block (At cost)					
As at 1 April 2019	187,359	336,197	89,334	35,690	648,580
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Deductions/Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2020	187,359	336,197	89,334	35,690	648,580
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Deductions/Adjustments	187,359	336,197	89,334	35,690	648,580
As at 31 March 2021	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation/amortisation					
As at 1 April 2019	187,359	336,197	89,334	35,690	648,580
For the year	-	-	-	-	-
Deductions/Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2020	187,359	336,197	89,334	35,690	648,580
For the year	-	-	-	-	-
Deductions/Adjustments	187,359	336,197	89,334	35,690	648,580
As at 31 March 2021	-	-	-	-	-
Net Block					
At 31 March 2020	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2021	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 3		
Non-current Investments		
Investment in Equity Shares- quoted (FVTOCI)		
55057 (PY: 55057) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid up in Monarch Networth Capital Limited	3,468,591	935,969
	3,468,591	935,969
Investments in Equity Shares of Associates- unquoted		
135000 (PY 135000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid up in Ascent Shares and Stockbrokers Pvt Ltd	1,391,045	1,384,790
	1,391,045	1,384,790
Other Investments		
Keemti Infotech Pvt. Ltd.	147,040,000	147,040,000
Saral Vanijjya Pvt. Ltd.	194,800,000	194,800,000
Less: Provision for Dimmuation in Value of investments	-341,840,000	-
	-	341,840,000
Total	4,859,636	344,160,759
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	3,468,591	935,969
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	1,391,045	343,224,790
Market value of quoted investments	3,468,591	935,969

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Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 4		
Other Financial Assets		
Unsecured considered good unless stated otherwise :		
a. Loans and Advances		
Inter Corporate Deposits / Other Loans	20,506,697	19,735,126
b. Security Deposits		
Deposits for Utilities	-	60,880
Total	20,506,697	19,796,006

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 5		
Other Non-Current Assets		
a. Trade Advance		
Trade Advances for Supply of Goods/ Assets	58,500,000	59,700,000
Total	58,500,000	59,700,000

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 6		
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET)		
The movement on the deferred tax account is as follows:		
At the start of the year	6,357	7,177
Charge/(credit) to statement of Profit and Loss	-6,357	-820
At the end of the year	-	6,357

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 7		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on Hand	16,183	16,183
Balance with Bank	375,189	173,597
Total	391,373	189,781

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 8		
Other Current Asset		
Prepaid Expenses	3,499	-
Balance With Revenue Authorities	429,788	221,707
Total	433,287	221,707

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 9		
Share Capital		
a Authorised :		
Equity Shares of Re. 10/- each		
102,00,000 (PY 102,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- Each	102,000,000	102,000,000
TOTAL	102,000,000	102,000,000
b Issued and Subscribed and Paid up:		
100,00,700 (PY 100,00,700) Equity shares fully paid up	100,007,000	100,007,000
Less : Calls in arrears	3,357,500	3,357,500
TOTAL	96,649,500	96,649,500
c Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year :		
Equity share :		
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,000,700	10,000,700
Add/(Less) : Adjustments during the year	-	-
Equity shares allotted as fully paid bonus shares by capitalisation of reserves	-	-
Equity Shares bought back during the year	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	10,000,700	10,000,700

d Terms / Rights attached to each classes of shares

Terms / Rights attached to Equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares with voting rights having a par value of Re 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders at the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the amount of dividend per equity share recognised as distributions to equity shareholders is NIL (previous year NIL).

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the shareholders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

f Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company is set out below:

Equity share	As at 31 March' 2021		As at 31 March' 2020	
	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
Suresh Babul Bafna	942,800	9.43%	942,800	9.43%
Monarch Netowrth Capital Limited	812,336	8.12%	774,262	7.74%

g The company had not issued any bonus share for consideration other than cash and no share had bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

h During the year no share was reserved for issue under options and contracts / commitments for the sale of shares/disinvestment.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 10		
Other Equity		
Reserves & Surplus		
Securities premium reserve - at the beginning of the year	350,000,000	350,000,000
Add: Addition during the year	-	-
At the end of the year	350,000,000	350,000,000
Capital Reserve	20,918	20,918
Add: Addition during the year	-	-
At the end of the year	20,918	20,918
Retained earnings - at the beginning of the year	(17,447,022)	(17,051,364)
Add: Addition during the year	(341,911,539)	(395,658)
At the end of the year	(359,358,560)	(17,447,022)
Total Reserves & Surplus	(9,337,642)	332,573,896
Other comprehensive income		
Fair valuation of investments in equity shares	(5,196,887)	(4,179,132)
Add: Addition during the year	2,532,622	(1,017,755)
At the end of the year	(2,664,265)	(5,196,887)
Total Other comprehensive income	(2,664,265)	(5,196,887)
Total Other Equity	(12,001,907)	327,377,009

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The Description of the nature and purpose of each reserve within equity is as follows:

Securities Premium Account - Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. This reserve will be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act.

Capital Reserve Fund - Capital reserve fund was created out of Capital reserve earlier and can be utilised for issue of Bonus shares or to adjust Capital Losses.

Other Comprehensive Income - The Company has opted to recognize changes in the fair value of certain investments In equity instruments through other comprehensive income, under an irrevocable option. These changes are accumulated within the FVOCI equity investments reserve within equity. The amount under this reserve will be transferred to retained earnings when such instruments are disposed off.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 11		
Other Financial Liabilities		
Other financial Liabilities	5,525	-
Total	5,525	-

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note: 12		
Current Provisions		
Provision for Expenses	34,000	47,200
Statutory dues Payable	3,875	900
Total	37,875	48,100

Particulars	Year Ended on 31 March 2021	Year Ended on 31 March 2020
Note: 13		
Other Income		
Interest Income	1,313,301	1,269,536
Sundry Balances W/back	-	21,085
Total	1,313,301	1,290,621

Particulars	Year Ended on 31 March 2021	Year Ended on 31 March 2020
Note: 14		
Employee Benefit Expenses		
Salary & Other Allowances	760,000	756,760
Total	760,000	756,760

Particulars	Year Ended on 31 March 2021	Year Ended on 31 March 2020
Note: 15		
Finance Cost		
Bank Charges	118	6,035
Total	118	6,035

Particulars	Year Ended on 31 March 2021	Year Ended on 31 March 2020
Note: 16		
Administration expenses		
Advertisement Expenses	39,344	36,162
AGM Expenses	3,600	-
Auditors' Remuneration	35,000	30,000
Professional Fees	20,000	-
Exchange Penalty (BSE)	-	290,280
Loss on Sale of Share	-	108,387
Printing Stationery & Xerox Charges	-	35,760
Statutory Listing/Filing fees	300,000	315,900
STT & Other Charges	-	3,863
Share connectivity Expenses	168,199	105,000
ROC Expenses	6,000	-
Demat Charges	-	1,770
Other Expenses	500	1,020
Software & Web Maintenance Charges	12,000	8,999
Sundry Balance W/off	51,777	-
Total	636,420	937,141

Particulars	Year Ended on 31 March 2021	Year Ended on 31 March 2020
Note: 17		
Statement of other comprehensive income		
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	2,532,622	-1,017,755
(ii) Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
B (i) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
(ii) Income tax related to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
Total	2,532,622	-1,017,755

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18 Contingent liability

- a) There are no contingent liabilities as at the balance sheet date.
 b) The company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its consolidated financial statements. The Board does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its financial position.
 c) Capital commitment for value of contracts yet to be executed Rs. Nil (P.Y. Nil)

19 Employee benefit obligations

Since Company does not have minimum no. of employees required to mandatorily attract Employee Benefit regulations, Company has not provided for the same.

20 Segmental Information

The Company operates in a single reportable segment i.e. Media and Entertainment Industry, which has similar risks and returns for the purpose of IND-AS - 108 on 'Segment Reporting'. The Company operates in single geographical segment, i.e. domestic.

21 Financial Instruments

Financial instrument by category

The carrying value and fair value of financial instrument by categories as of 31 March 2021 were as follows

Particulars	At amortised cost (Rs.)	At fair value through profit and loss	At fair value through OCI	Total Carrying value (Rs.)	Total fair value (Rs.)
		(Rs.)	(Rs.)		
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	391,373	-	-	391,373	391,373
Other financial assets	20,506,697	-	-	20,506,697	20,506,697
Investments	1,391,045	-	3,468,591	4,859,636	4,859,636
	22,289,114	-	3,468,591	25,757,705	25,757,705
Liabilities:					
Other financial liabilities	5,525	-	-	5,525	5,525
	5,525	-	-	5,525	5,525

The carrying value and fair value of financial instrument by categories as of March 31, 2020 were as follows

Particulars	At amortised cost (Rs.)	At fair value through profit and loss	At fair value through OCI	Total Carrying value (Rs.)	Total fair value (Rs.)
		(Rs.)	(Rs.)		
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	189,781	-	-	189,781	189,781
Other financial assets	19,796,006	-	-	19,796,006	19,796,006
Investments	343,224,790	-	935,969	344,160,759	344,160,759
	363,210,577	-	935,969	364,146,546	364,146,546
Liabilities:					
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-

22 Fair value hierarchy

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of 31 March 2021:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021 (Rs.)	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting year using		
		Level 1 (Rs.)	Level 2 (Rs.)	Level 3 (Rs.)
Assets /Liabilities measured at fair value				
Financial Assets:				
Non current investments	4,859,636	3,468,591	-	1,391,045
Forward contract receivable	-	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities:				
Forward contract payable	-	-	-	-
Security deposits	-	-	-	-

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of 31 March 2020:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020 (Rs.)	Fair value measurement at end of the reporting year using		
		Level 1 (Rs.)	Level 2 (Rs.)	Level 3 (Rs.)
Assets /Liabilities measured at fair value				
Financial Assets:				
Non current investments	344,160,759	935,969	-	343,224,790
Forward contract receivable	-	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities:				
Forward contract payable	-	-	-	-
Security deposits	-	-	-	-

There have been no transfers among Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the period.

The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, Trade receivable and other financial asset, trade payables and other financial liabilities approximate their carrying amount largely due to short term maturity of these instruments.

23 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The risk management policies of the Company are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities.

The Management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

In performing its operating, investing and financing activities, the Company is exposed to the Credit risk, Liquidity risk and Market risk.

24 Carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities:

The following table summaries the carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities recorded at the end of the period by categories:

Particulars	As at 31 March 21 (Rs.)	As at 31 March 20 (Rs.)
Financial assets		
Non current investment	4,859,636	344,160,759
Cash and cash equivalent	391,373	189,781
Other financial assets	20,506,697	19,796,006
At end of the year	25,757,705	364,146,546
Financial liabilities		
Other financial liabilities	5,525	-
At end of the year	5,525	-

25 Credit risk on financial assets

Financial assets that are potentially subject to concentrations of credit risk and failures by counterparties to discharge their obligations in full or in a timely manner consist principally of cash balances with banks, cash equivalents and receivables, and other financial assets. The maximum exposure to credit risk is: the total of the fair value of the financial instruments and the full amount of any loan payable commitment at the end of the reporting year. Credit risk on cash balances with banks is limited because the counterparties are entities with acceptable credit ratings. Credit risk on other financial assets is limited because the other parties are entities with acceptable credit ratings.

As disclosed in Note 11 (b), cash and cash equivalents balances generally represent short term deposits with a less than 180-day maturity.

As part of the process of setting customer credit limits, different credit terms are used. The average credit period generally granted to trade receivable customers is about 90-360 days. But some customers take a longer period to settle the amounts.

26 Exposure to creditrisk

Financial asset for which loss allowance is measured using expected credit loss model

Particulars	As at 31 March 21 (Rs.)	As at 31 March 20 (Rs.)
Financial assets		
Non current investment	4,859,636	344,160,759
Cash and cash equivalent	391,373	189,781
Other financial assets	20,506,697	19,796,006
At end of the year	25,757,705	364,146,546

With the applicability of Ind AS 109, the recognition and measurement of impairment of financial assets is based on credit loss assessment by expected credit loss (ECL) model. The ECL assessment involve significant management judgement. The Company's impairment allowance is derived from estimates including the historical default and loss ratios. Management exercises judgement in determining the quantum of loss based on a range of factors, like staging criteria, calculation of probability of default / loss and consideration of probability weighted scenarios and forward looking macroeconomic factors.

The board acknowledges and understands that these factors, since there is a large increase in the data inputs required by the ECL model, which increases the risk of completeness and accuracy of the data that has been used to create assumptions in the model. Based on the internal management analysis, as per Board Opinion, there is no requirement of provision for expected credit loss in several financial assets including the trade receivables and other receivables of the Company and all are on fair value, based on the assessment and judgement made by the board of the company.

In the opinion of management, Financial assets, Cash and cash equivalent, Balance with Bank, Loans and other financial assets have a value on realisation in the ordinary course of business atleast equal to the amount at which they are stated in the balance sheet.

27 Market risk -

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices – such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates – will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including foreign currency receivables and payables and long term debt. We are exposed to market risk primarily related to foreign exchange rate risk and interest rate risk. Thus, our exposure to market risk is a function of revenue generating and operating activities in foreign currency. The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure in our foreign currency revenues and costs.

28 Foreign currency risk

The Company is not exposed to any currency risk on account of its borrowings, other payables and receivables in foreign currency. All dealings are done in domestic markets by the company. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee.

29 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk can be either fair value interest rate risk or cash flow interest rate risk. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of changes in fair values of fixed interest bearing financial instruments because of fluctuations in the interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of floating interest bearing financial instruments will fluctuate because of fluctuations in the interest rates.

Company has interest rate risk exposure mainly from changes in rate of interest on borrowing & on deposit with bank. The interest rate are disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements of the Company.

The following table analyse the breakdown of the financial assets and liabilities by type of interest rate:

<u>Particulars</u>	<u>As at 31 March 21 (Rs.)</u>	<u>As at 31 March 20 (Rs.)</u>
Financial assets		
Interest bearing - Fixed interest rate		
- Loans & Advances	20,506,697	19,735,126
Interest bearing - Floating interest rate	-	-
Financial Liabilities		
Interest bearing - Fixed interest rate	-	-
Interest bearing - Floating interest rate	-	-

30 Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed-rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed-rate financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

31 Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments -

The company does not have any financial assets or financial liabilities bearing floating interest rates. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

32 Liquidity risk -

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to meet its present and future cash and collateral obligations without incurring unacceptable losses. The Company's objective is to, at all times maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its cash and collateral requirements. The Company closely monitors its liquidity position and deploys a robust cash management system. It maintains adequate sources of financing including debt and overdraft from banks at an optimised cost.

The Company maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the balance sheet at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 is the carrying amounts. The liquidity risk is managed on the basis of expected maturity dates of the financial liabilities. The average credit period taken to settle trade payables is about 90 days. The other payables are with short-term durations. The carrying amounts are assumed to be a reasonable approximation of fair value. The following table analysis financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities:

Particulars	On Demand (Rs.)	12 months or less (Rs.)	1 to 5 years (Rs.)	> 5 years (Rs.)	Total (Rs.)
Year ended 31 March 2021					
Other financial liabilities	-	5,525	-	-	5,525
Other payables	-	37,875	-	-	37,875
	-	43,400	-	-	43,400
Year ended 31 March 2020					
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Other payables	-	48,100	-	-	48,100
	-	48,100	-	-	48,100

At present, the Company does expects to repay all liabilities at their contractual maturity. In order to meet such cash commitments, the operating activity is expected to generate sufficient cash inflows.

33 Capital management -

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company's policy is to keep optimum gearing ratio. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade and other payables, less cash and cash equivalents, excluding discontinued operations.

Particulars		As at 31 March 21 (Rs.)	As at 31 March 20 (Rs.)
Borrowings			
Other financial liabilities		5,525	-
Other payables		37,875	48,100
Less: cash and cash equivalents		-391,373	-189,781
Net debt	(a)	-347,973	-141,681
Total equity			
Total member's capital (Total Equity)	(b)	84,647,593	424,026,509
Net debt equity ratio	(a/b)	-0.41%	-0.03%

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings. There have been no breaches in the financial covenants of any interest-bearing loans and borrowing in the current period.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

34 Income tax

The major components of income tax expense for the years are:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Current income tax:		
Current income tax charge	-	-
Adjustments in respect of previous year	-	-
MAT credit entitlement	-	-
Deferred tax:		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary	6,357	820
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	6,357	820

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A Reconciliation of income tax provision to the amount computed by applying the statutory income tax rate to the income before Income taxes is summarized as follow:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Profit before income tax	-341,911,437	-409,315
Rate of Income tax (In %)	26.00%	26.00%
Computed expected tax expenses	-	-
Tax Effect of -		
Changes in tax estimates of prior years	-	-
Deferred Tax Adjustments	6,357	820
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	6,357	820

Applicable statutory tax rate for financial year 2020-21 is **26.00%**.

The company offsets tax assets and liabilities if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority.

Significant management judgement is required in determining provision for income tax, deferred income tax assets and liabilities and recoverability of deferred income tax assets. The recoverability of deferred income tax assets is based on estimates of taxable income by each jurisdiction in which the relevant entity operates and the period over which deferred income tax assets will be recovered.

35 Estimates

The estimates at 1 April 2020 and at 31 March 2021 are consistent with those made for the same dates in accordance with Indian AS (after adjustments to reflect any differences in accounting policies).

36 Balance of Receivables and Payables, including loans, deposits & trade advances given, payable to vendors, etc, are subject to confirmation and consequent reconciliation and adjustments, if any. Further the impairment provision for trade advances given are subject to documentation of the informal updation in terms of advances. Hence, the effect thereof, on Profit/ Loss, Assets and Liabilities, if any, is not ascertainable, which may be considerable. As per the opinion of the Board, there will be no substantial impact on their reconciliation with their balance confirmations as on the reporting date.

37 There was no impairment loss on the fixed assets on the basis of review carried out by the management in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)-36 'Impairment of Assets.

38 Lease disclosure

The company has not entered into any agreement for obtaining any premises on rent (which is in nature of operating leases). However if entered amount paid/payable in respect of such leases will be charged to profit and loss on accrual basis over the period of lease.

39 Earnings per share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

Particulars	As at 31 March 21	As at 31 March 20
Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent for basic earnings (Rs.)	-339,378,917	-1,413,413
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic and diluted earning per share	10,000,700	10,000,700
Face value per share	10.00	10.00
Basic earning per share	-33.94	-0.14
Diluted earning per share	-33.94	-0.14

40 The Company has not entered into any transactions which are termed "Specified Domestic Transaction" as per Section 92BA of the Income Tax-Act, 1961. Accordingly, it is not required to comply with certain transfer pricing regulations under Section 92 to Section 92F of the Act. "

41 The Company has an informal process of obtaining confirmations from the vendors to record whether they are covered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act 2006 as well as they have filed required memorandum with prescribed authority. Based on and to the extent of the information received by the Company from the suppliers regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act) and relied upon by the auditors, the relevant particulars as at the year end are furnished below:

Dues to micro, small and medium enterprises	Amount in Rs.	
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
The amounts remaining unpaid to micro and small suppliers as at the end of the year		
Principal	31,500	Nil
Interest	Nil	Nil
The amount of interest paid by the buyer as per the Micro Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006)	-	-
The amounts of the payments made to micro and small suppliers beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under MSMED Act, 2006	-	-
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	-	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under the MSMED Act, 2006	-	-

42 During the year, the company has carried out the enhanced physical verification of item wise fixed assets of the company across its offices located at several locations. Based on such verification, various items of fixed assets appearing in the fixed assets register of the company, which were not found physically available, were eliminated from the register. Since these items of assets were fully depreciated and not having any scrap value, the management has estimated no impact of such deletion on the financial position and going concern position of the company.

43 Uncertainty relating to the global health pandemic on COVID-19

Covid-19 outbreak was declared as a global pandemic by World Health Organisation. As per the current reports the Second wave of COVID-19 pandemic has peaked in most states in India. Accordingly, the Company has been in operation consistently with minimal permitted staff. The Company is closely monitoring the impact due to COVID-19 on various aspects of its business including its assets/ vendors/ employees and other business partners. The Company will continue to monitor for any material changes to future economic conditions and as of March 31, 2021 based on the facts and circumstances existing as of that date, the Company does not anticipate any material uncertainties which affects its liquidity position and also ability to continue as a going concern. In management view, the Company's capital and liquidity position stands strong as on reporting date. However, the impact assessment of Covid-19 is a continuing process given the uncertainties associated with its nature and duration.

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44 Related party relationships, transactions and balances

A Nature of relationship
I Holding Company -NA
II Subsidiary Company -NA
III Enterprises over which Directors and their relatives exercise significant influence
a Clio Infotech Limited
IV Key Management Personnel and their relatives
a Sureshkumar Babulal Bafna (Managing Director)
b Sumeeth Kumar Haran (Director)
c Milinath Vasant Gavas (Chief financial officer)
d Ms. Kanchan Kaku (Company Secretary)
e Renuka Marwah (Director - From 27-02-2020 to 31-03-2021)
f Devendra Bhogilal Sanghvi (Director - till 26-02-2020)
g Darshika Shailen Shah (Director - till 31-03-2021)
V Fellow Associates - Ascent Shares and Stock Brokers Pvt. Ltd.

Notes :

- The related party relationship have been determined on the basis of the requirement of the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 24 ' Related Party Disclosures and the same have been relied upon by the auditors.
- The relationships as mentioned above pertain to those related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the current year/previous year, except where control exists, in which case the relationships have been mentioned irrespective of transactions with the related party.

B. Transaction with related parties for the Half year ended -

Nature of transactions	Enterprises on which key management personnel (KMP's) have significant influence		KMP & their Relatives	
	Year Ended 31st March 2021	Year Ended 31st March 2020	Year Ended 31st March 2021	Year Ended 31st March 2020
Interest Received				
Clio Infotech Limited	1,057,301	1,020,882	-	-
Remuneration Paid				
Milinath Vasant Gavas	-	-	360,000	103,871
Ms. Kanchan Kaku	-	-	400,000	297,000
Deposit Loans and Advance Received / Taken				
Clio Infotech Limited	930,000	1,305,000	-	-
Deposit Loans and Advance Given / Repaid back				
Clio Infotech Limited	750,000	2,260,000	-	-

45 Previous year's figures have been regrouped or reclassified wherever necessary

For Parekh Shah & Lodha
Chartered Accountants
(Firm Reg. No. 107487W)

Sd/-
Ashutosh Dwivedi
(Partner)
M.No. 410227

UDIN: 21410227AAAADL2165
Place : Mumbai
Date : 29/06/2021

For and on behalf of the Board

Sd/-
Sureshkumar Bafna
(Managing Director)
DIN: 01569163

Sd/-
Prapti Shah
(Director)
DIN: 09216502

Place : Mumbai
Date : 29/06/2021

Form No. MGT-11 Proxy form

[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 44(4) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

CIN : **L70100MH1991PLC243430**

Name of the Company : **Unistar Multimedia Limited**

Registered office : **901-902, Atlanta Center, Opp. Udyog, Bhavan, Sonawala Lane, Goregaon (E), Mumbai- 400063**

Name of the Member(s) :

Registered Address :

E-mail Id :

Folio No. / DP & Client ID :

I/We, being the member(s) of _____ shares of the above named company, hereby appoint

1.	Name		
	Address		
	E-mail Id	Signature:	or failing him
2.	Name		
	Address		
	E-mail Id	Signature:	or failing him
3.	Name		
	Address		
	E-mail Id	Signature:	

as my/ our proxy to attend and vote on a poll for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 30th Annual General Meeting of the company, to be held on the Thursday 30th day of September, 2021 at 12:00 p.m. at 901-902, Atlanta Center, Opp. Udyog Bhavan, Sonawala Lane, Goregaon (E) Mumbai- 400063 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Sl. No.	Resolution(s)
Ordinary Business	
1.	Adoption of statement of Balance Sheet, Profit & Loss, Report of Directors' and Auditor's for the financial year 31 st March, 2021
2.	Appoint a director in place of Mr. Suresh Bafna (DIN: 01569163) who retires by rotation.
Special Business	
3.	Appointment of Mr. Suresh Bafna (DIN: 01569163) as Managing Director of the Company
4.	Appointment of Ms. Prapti Shah (DIN: 09216502) as an Non-Executive Independent Director
5.	Appointment of Mr. Shreyansh Bavishi (DIN: 06408477) as an Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

Signed this _____ day of _____, 2021

Signature of Shareholder: Signature of Proxyholder(s):

Affix Revenue Stamps

Note:

- This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.
- The Proxy holder may vote either for or against each resolution in the Meeting, provided that he / she or the Member(s) has / have not casted the vote through remote e-voting facility.

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED

UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED CIN:

L70100MH1991PLC243430

Regd. Office: 901-902, Atlanta Center, Opp. Udyog Bhavan, Sonawala Lane,
Goregaon (E), Mumbai- 400063.

Tel No.: 022- 43211800; Email: unistarmultimedia@yahoo.com; Website: www.unistarmulti.com

ATTENDANCE SLIP

30th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING ON THURSDAY, 30 SEPTEMBER, 2021

Regd. Folio No	
Client ID/ D.P. ID*	
No. of Share(s) held	
Name and address of Shareholder	
Joint Holder 1	
Joint Holder 2	

* Applicable for investors holding shares in Electronic form

I/we hereby record my/our presence at the 30th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company held on Thursday, 30th day of September, 2021 at 12:00 p.m. at 901-902, Atlanta Center, Opp. Udyog, Bhavan, Sonawala Lane, Goregaon (E), Mumbai- 400063.

Member's/Proxy's name (in Block Letters)

Member's/Proxy's Signature

Note:

1. Please fill in the Folio/DP ID-Client ID No., name and sign this Attendance Slip and hand it over at the Attendance Verification Counter at the ENTRANCE OF THE VENUE.
2. Please read the instructions for e-voting given along with Annual Report. The voting period starts from Sunday, 26th September, 2021 (9.00 a.m.) and ends on Wednesday, 29th September, 2021 (5.00 p.m.). The voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter.

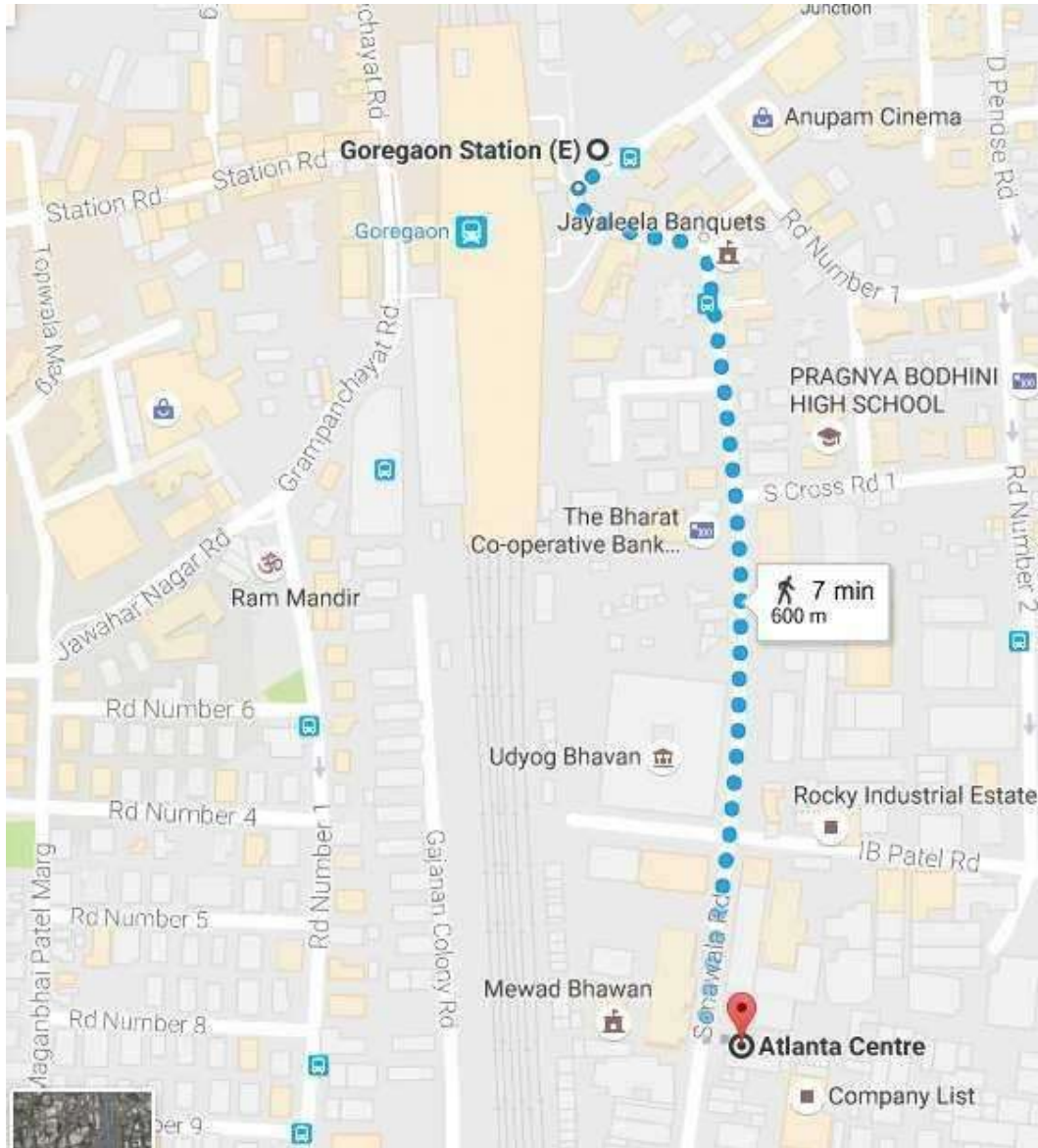
ROUTE MAP TO AGM VENUE

Day: Thursday

Date: 30th September, 2021

Time: 12:00 P.M.

Venue: 901-902, Atlanta Center, Opp. Udyog Bhavan, Sonawala Lane, Goregaon (E) , Mumbai : 400063



Book Post

To,

If Undelivered, Please Return To:
UNISTAR MULTIMEDIA LIMITED
Regd Office:
901/902, Atlanta Centre,
Sonawala Lane, Opp Udyog Bhavan,
Goregoan (E),
Mumbai – 400063.