

Regd. Office: "PGP HOUSE", (Old No.57) New No.59, Sterling Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai - 600 034.

Tel: 28234000, 28311313, 28254176, Fax: 28232074, 28232076

Email: accounts@dharanisugars-pgp.com, commercial @pgpgroup.in, secretarial@dharanisugars-pgp.com GST No : 33AAACD1281F1Z7 | TIN NO:33061502443 | CST No : 818529/19.11.87

CIN No : L15421TN1987PLC014454, Website : www.dharanisugars.in

DSCL/SE/AR 2020-21/AGM/2021

September 4, 2021

To

BSE Limited

P J Towers, Dalal Street

Mumbai - 400 001

Scrip Code: 507442

National Stock Exchange of Indian Limited

Exchange Plaza

Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E)

Mumbai - 400 051

Symbol: DHARSUGAR

Sub: Notice of the 34th Annual General Meeting and Annual Report for the Financial Year 2020-21. Ref: Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Ltd – BSE – Scrip Code: 507442 and NSE-Symbol: DHARSUGAR.

Dear Sirs,

Pursuant to the Provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we wish to inform the following:

 The 34th Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of the Members of Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited (the "Company") will be held on Monday, the 27th September 2021 at 11:00 A.M (IST) through Video Conferencing ('VC')/ Other Audio Visual Means ('OAVM') in accordance with General Circular from the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") vide Circulars No.14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and No.20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") vide its Circular No. SEBI/ HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated

2. Pursuant to the said Circulars AGM Notice and Annual Report for the Financial Year 2020-21 have been sent to all the members of the Company whose email addresses are registered with the

Company / Depository participant(s).

- 3. The Company has provided the facility to vote by electronic means (remote e-voting as well as evoting at the AGM) on all the resolutions set out in the AGM notice to the members, who are holding shares on the Cut-off date i.e., Monday, the 20th September 2021. The remote e-voting will commence on Friday, the 24th September 2021, (9.00 AM) (IST) and ends on Sunday the 26th September 2021 (5.00 PM).(IST). Detailed instructions for registering email addresses(s) and voting / attendance at the AGM are given in the AGM Notice.
- We also enclose the following documents for your record.

Notice convening the 34th AGM of the Company and

Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year 2020-21. (iii)

Kindly take the same on your record.

Yours faithfully,

For Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited

E P Sakthivel Company Secretary

Copy to :

National Depository Services India Limited, Mumbai ,

Central Depository Services (India) Limited, Mumbai

 M/s Cameo Corporate Services Ltd, Chennai. (RTA) Karaipoondi Village, Polur,

Dharani Nagar, Vasudevanallur, Tirunelveli District - 627 760

Ph: (04636) 241370/371/372 Fax: (04636) 241578

Tiruvannamalai District - 606 803. Ph: (04181) 223161, 223162, 223170

Fax: (04181) 223330

Kalayanallur Village, Thiyagadurugam, Pallangacherry Post, Kallakurichi Via,

Villupuram District - 606 206 Mobile: 0451-248208

Email: dharani3@dharanisugars-pgp.com

DHARANI SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED



34th
ANNUAL REPORT
2020-2021



BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Dr Palani G Periasamy : Executive Chairman
Mr M Ramalingam : Managing Director

Mr A Sennimalai : Director
Mrs Visalakshi Periasamy : Director

Mr P S Gopalakrishnan : Independent Director
Mr P Selvam I A S (Retd) : Independent Director
Dr S Muthu : Independent Director
Dr. V R S Sampath : Independent Director
Mr R K Viswanathan : Independent Director

Dr K C Reddy : Nominee Director – IREDA

Mr E P Sakthivel : Company Secretary
Mr M P Kaliannan : Chief Financial Officer

Auditors : M/s CNGSN & Associates LLP

Chartered Accountants, Chennai – 600017.

Firm Regn. No. 004915S/S200036

Banks and Public Financial Institution : ICICI Bank Limited

Indian Bank
State Bank of India
Bank of India
Central Bank of India

IDBI Bank Limited
The South Indian Bank Limited
The Federal Bank Limited
Union Bank of India
Indian Overseas Bank

IREDA

Registered Office : PGP House,

New No. 59 (Old No.57) Sterling Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai 600 034. CIN No: L15421TN1987PLC014454

Phone Nos./ Fax Nos. : 91-44-28311313, 28311314

Fax No. 91-44- 28232074/76

Email & Website : secretarial@dharanisugars-pgp.com

www.dharanisugars.com

Factories : Dharani –I , Dharani Nagar,

Tirunelveli Dist – 627 760 , Tamil Nadu, Phone No. 04636 – 241370-72

dharani1@dharanisugars-pgp.com

Dharani –II, Karaipoondi Village, Chetpet,

Polur Taluk

Tiruvannamalai Dist – Tamil Nadu Phone No. 04181-223161 -162,223170 dharani2@dharanisugars-pgp.com

Dharani -III, Kalayanallur Village,

Sankarapuram Taluk.

Villupuram Dist – 606206, Tamil Nadu Phone No. 04151 -248208, 248277 dharani 3@dharani sugars-pgp.com

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NOTICE OF ANNNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 34th Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held on Monday 27th September 2021 at 11.00 AM thro' Video Conference / Other Audio Visual Means (VC / OAVM) to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. Adoption of Financial Statements

To consider, and if thought fit to pass with or without modification, the following resolution as ORDINARY RESOLUTION.

"RESOLVED THAT the Audited Financial Statements including Balance sheet, Profit and Loss account and cash flow statements for the year ended 31st March 2021, and the report of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon be hereby considered and adopted."

SPECIAL BUSINESS

To appoint a Director in the place of Mr A Sennimalai (DIN 00062791) who has crossed the age limit of 75 years, retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for reappointment.

To consider and if thought fit to pass with or without modification, the following resolution as a **SPECIAL RESOLUTION**.

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to SEBI (LODR) 17 1(a) and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act,2013 and the rules made there under (including the any statutory modification (s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) Mr A Sennimalai, (DIN No:00062791) Non-Executive Director who has attained the age of 75 years and whose tenure comes to a close in the ensuing Annual General meeting be and is hereby appointed as Non- Executive Director liable for retirement by rotation".

3. Re-appointment of Mrs. Visalakshi Periasamy (DIN 00064517) as a Director.

To consider, and if thought fit to pass with or without modification, the following resolution as SPECIAL RESOLUTION.

"RESOLVED that pursuant to SEBI (LODR) 17 (1(a)) and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) Mrs Visalakshi Periasamy, re-appointed as Non-Executive Director not with standing the age of 75 years on 12.08.2021 and her appointment is subject to retirement by rotation."

 Re-appointment of Dr K C Reddy (DIN 00549773) as Nominee Director, IREDA.

To consider, and if thought fit to pass with or without modification, the following resolution as **SPECIAL**

RESOLUTION

"RESOLVED that pursuant to SEBI (LODR) 17 (1(a)) and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) Dr K C Reddy, re-appointed as Nominee Director, IREDA notwithstanding the age of 75 years on 01.07.2021 and his appointment is for a period 5 years consecutively from 27.09.2021 to 26.09.2026".

5. Remuneration to Cost Auditor for the year 2021-22.

To consider, and if thought fit to pass with or without modification, the following resolution as SPECIAL RESOLUTION.

"RESOLVED THAT the Company do hereby confirm and ratify in terms of Section 148 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under, the payment of a sum not exceeding Rs 1,50,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Fifty Thousand Only) as remuneration to M/s SRR Associates, Cost Accountants (FRN No.000992) for purpose of Cost Audit, as approved by the Board of Directors on the recommendations of the Audit Committee, including its Sugar, Cogeneration, Organic and Inorganic Chemicals and Fertilizer segments for the financial year 2021-2022 plus reimbursement to travel and out of pocket expenses incurred for purpose of such audit.'

By order of the Board

For Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited

Place: Chennai E P Sakthivel
Date: 30th July 2021 Company Secretary

Notes:

In view of the continuing COVID-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 02/2021 dated January, 13, 2021 and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated January, 15, 2021 had permitted Companies to conduct Annual General Meeting (AGM) during the year 2021 through video conferencing (VC) or Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM), without the physical presence of the members at common venue. In compliance with the MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020 and Circular No. 02/2021 dated January, 13, 2021 (MCA Circulars) and Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) vide Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020 Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020 /242 dated December 9, 2020 and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021 /11 dated January, 15, 2021, applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the 34th AGM of the Company is being convened and conducted through VC/ OAVM. The deemed venue of the AGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company.



- Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
- A statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 relating to certain ordinary business and the special businesses to be transacted at the 34th AGM is annexed hereto. All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement shall be available for inspection electronically. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to secretarial@dharanisugars-pgp.com.
- Since the 34th AGM is being held through VC/ OAVM, the route map of the venue of the Meeting is not annexed to this Notice.
- 5. As per the provisions under the MCA Circulars, Members attending the 34th AGM through VC/ OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has appointed Mr. M Damodaran & Associates, LLP, to act as the Scrutinizer, to scrutinize the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- 6. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 7. The Scrutinizer will, after the conclusion of e-voting at the Meeting, scrutinize the votes cast at the Meeting and votes cast through remote e-voting, make a consolidated Scrutinizer's Report and submit the same to the Chairman. The result of e-voting will be declared within 48 hours of the conclusion of the Meeting and the same, along with the consolidated scrutinizer's Report will be placed on the website of the company www. dharanisugars.com and on the website of CDSL at https://evoting.india.com . The results will simultaneously be communicated to the stock exchanges.
- The Register of Members and Share Transfer books will remain closed from Tuesday, 21st September 2021 to Monday, 27th September 2021 (both days inclusive).

- 8a. Unpaid Dividend lying unclaimed for over 7 years transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. The provisions of Section 125(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 do not apply as there was no dividend declared and paid last year.
- 8b. Particulars of Directors seeking re-appointment pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the Listing Regulations is given in Annexures that forms part of this Notice.
- Members may note that pursuant to the General Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020 issued by the MCA, the Company has enabled a process for the limited purpose of receiving the Company's Annual Report and Notice for the Annual General Meeting (including remote e-voting instructions) electronically, and Members may temporarily update their email address by sending email at investor@cameoindia.com.
- After due verification and receipt of email address Updation request, the Company will send the annual report at your registered email address.
- You can also update your mobile number and e-mail id in the user profile details of the folio which may be used for sending further communication(s).
- 12. Members who are holding shares in physical form in identical order of names in more than one folio are requested to send to the Company or its Registrar and Share Transfer Agent the details of such folios together with the share certificates for consolidating their holding in one folio. The share certificates will be returned to the Members after making requisite changes, thereon. Members are requested to use the share transfer form SH-4 for this purpose.
- 13. In accordance with the proviso to Regulation 40(1) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, effective from April 1, 2019, transfers of securities of the Company shall not be processed unless the securities are held in the dematerialized form with a depository. Accordingly, shareholders holding equity shares in physical form are urged to have their shares dematerialized so as to be able to freely transfer them and participate in corporate actions.
- 14. Non-resident Indian shareholders are requested to inform about the following immediately to the Company or its Registrar and Share Transfer Agent or the concerned Depository Participant, as the case may be:- a) the change in the residential status on return to India for permanent settlement, and b) the particulars of the NRE account with a Bank in India, if not furnished earlier.
- 15. Members holding shares in single name and physical form are advised to make nomination in respect of their shareholding in the Company. The Nomination Form SH-13 prescribed by the Government can be obtained from the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent or the Secretarial Department of the Company at its registered office.
- The following documents will be available for inspection by the Members electronically during



the 34th AGM: a) Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, and the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the Directors are interested, maintained under the Companies Act, 2013. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to secretarial@dharanisugars-pgp.com

- In case of any queries regarding the Annual Report, the Members may write to secretarial@ dharanisugars-pgp.com to receive an email response on or before 20th September 2021 (5.00 pm).
- 18. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/ OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to at least 1000 members on a first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee. Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 19. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.dharanisugars. com The Notice can also be accessed from the website of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and National Stock Exchange of India Limited www.nseindia.com . The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.

I. DISPATCH OF ANNUAL REPORT THROUGH ELECTRONIC MODE:

- In compliance with the MCA Circulars and SEBI Circulars the notice of the 34th AGM along with the Annual Report 2020-21 are being sent only by electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company/ Depositories. Members may please note that this Notice and Annual Report 2020-21 will also be available on the Company's website at http:// www.dharanisugars.com website of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and NSE Limited at www.nseindia.com.
- 2. Members who have not registered their e-mail address are requested to register the same in respect of shares held in electronic form with the Depository through their Depository Participant(s) and in respect of shares held in physical form by writing to the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, Cameo Corporate Services Limited, Subramanian Building" No.1 Club House Road Chennai-600002, Tamilnadu at investor@ cameonindia.com

- II. THE INSTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND E-VOTING DURING AGM AND JOINING MEETING THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:
- Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended, and Regulation 44 of SEBI Listing Regulations, the Company has provided the facility to Members to exercise their right to vote by electronic means both through remote e-voting ("remote e-voting") and e-voting during the AGM.
- In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holders who are higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote.
- The voting period begins on Friday, the 24th September 2021 at 9.00 a.m. and ends on Sunday, the 26th September 2021 at 5.00 p.m. During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date Monday, 20th September 2021 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- 4. Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholder's / retail shareholders is at a negligible level.
- Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facilities to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.
- 6. In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.
- 7. In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.



8. Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting is given below:

For Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding	i. Users who have opted for CDSL's Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URLs for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/ myeasi /home/login or www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi.
	ii. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting Menu. On clicking the e-voting menu, the user will be able to see his/her holdings along with links of the respective e-Voting service provider i.e. CDSL/ CAMEO / LINK INTIME as per information provided by Issuer / Company. Additionally, we are providing links to e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' site directly.
	iii. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi./Registration/ Easi Registration.
	iv. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP where the e-Voting is in progress during or before the AGM.
	i. If you are already registered for the NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open a web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting " under e-Voting services and you will be able to see the e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	AS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select I or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp
com/ either on a Personal Computhe icon "Login" which is available enter your User ID (i.e. your sixtee Code as shown on the screen. Af wherein you can see the e-Voting be redirected to e-Voting service printing meeting & voting during the	SDL. Open a web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl. ter or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on e under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to a digit demat account number held with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification ter successful authentication, you will be redirected to the NSDL Depository site a page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be revided website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining the meeting
securities in demat mode)	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting options. Once you click on the e-Voting option, you will be redirected to the NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see the e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider's website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at above mentioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Sh securities in demat mode for related to login through Depo- NSDL Login type	any technical issues sitory i.e. CDSL and	
Individual Shareholders holding mode with CDSL	securities in Dema	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk. evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 and 22-23058542-43.
Individual Shareholders holding mode with NSDL	securities in Dema	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl. co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30



For non-individual shareholders and physical shareholders

- The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- ii. Click on Shareholders.
- Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID
 - Members holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the company.

- Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- v. If you are holding shares in Demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- vi. If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:
- vi. If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

For Members holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form		
PAN	i. Enter your 10-digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Departme (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)	
ii. Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/D Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Compor contact Company/RTA.		
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	i. Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.	
	ii. If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).	

After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.

- viii. Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, members holding shares in Demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the Demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- ix. For Shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- Click on the EVSN for the DHARANI SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED on which you choose to vote.
- xi. On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- xii. Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- xiii. After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box

- will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- xiv. Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- xv. You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- xvi. If a Demat account holder has forgotten the login password then enter the User ID and the image Verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- xvii. Facility for Non Individual Shareholders and Custodians –Remote Voting
- a. Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, and NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- c. After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- d. The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- e. A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in

- favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- f. Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; secretarial@ dharanisugars-pgp.com if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/ OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- The procedure for attending meetings & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is the same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- The link for VC/OAVM to attend the meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- Further shareholders will be required to allow cameras and use the Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance at least Seven (7) days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at secretarial@dharanisugars-pgp.com. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance Seven (7) days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/ folio number, email id, mobile number at secretarial@dharanisugars-pgp.com. These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ ask questions during the meeting.

- Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

IV. PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHO'S EMAIL ADDRESSES IS NOT REGISTERED WITH THE DEPOSITORIES FOR OBTAINING LOGIN CREDENTIALS FOR E-VOTING FOR THE RESOLUTIONS PROPOSED IN THIS NOTICE:

- For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to secretarial@ dharanisugars-pgp.com.
- For Demat shareholders -Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP).
- For Individual Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meeting through Depository.
- If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk. evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022-23058738 and 022-23058542/43.
- All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai -400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@ cdslindia.com or call on 022-23058542/43.

By Order of the Board

For Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited

Place : Chennai **E P Sakthivel**Date : 30th July 2021 Company Secretary



APPENDEX - A

INFORMATION ABOUT THE DIRECTOR SEEKING APPOINTMENT/RE-APPOINTMENT IN THIS ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING IS FURNISHED HERE UNDER PURSUANT TO REGULATION 36(3) OF THE SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS 2015.

Item Nos. 2,3 & 4 :Re- appointment of Directors.

Particulars	Item No.2	Item No.3	Item No.4
Name of the Director	Mr A Sennimalai	Mrs.Visalakshi Periasamy	Dr K C Reddy
Date of Birth & Age	06/02/1942 (79 years)	12/08/1946 (75 Years)	01/07/1946 (75 years)
Date of Appointment	04/06/1987	12/11/2014	31/05/1996
Qualification	M.Sc ., M B A	BBA	M.A. ,Ph.D(Economics)
			Retired Professor of economics
Experience in specific functional areas	40 years Experience in Administration	32 Years Experience in	35 years of teaching and research,
		Administration	including energy, and environmental
			economics. Besides, 10 years of
			experience in education administration,
			at the top level of United Andhra
List of other listed Companies in which	1. Appu Hotels Ltd.,	Dharani Finance Ltd	Pradesh.
Directorship held	1. Appu Hotels Ltd.,	Appur Hotels Ltd.,	IVII
Chairman/Member of the Committee of	1. Director, Dharani Sugars &	Nil	Chairman of Stake Holders Committee
the Board of Director of the Company	Chemicals Limited.	1411	Meeting
	2. Member		
	1. Management Committee,		
	2. Audit Committee,		
	3. Nomination & remuneration		
	4. Member of Stake Holders		
	Relationship		
Chairman / Member of the Committee	Managing Director,	Nil	Nil
of the other Companies in which he/she	Appu Hotels Ltd.		
is a Director			
Number of Shares held in the Company	29182	1200101	500
(both own or held by / for other persons			
on a beneficial basis) as on March 31,			
2021	API	Ol a facility O and a set	I NPI
Relationship between directors inter - se	Nil	She is the Spouse of	Nil
		Dr.Palani G Periasamy (Executive Chairman)	
		[(⊏xecutive Chairman)	

Explanatory Statement under Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Item No. : 2 Re-appointment of Mr A Sennimalai, Director who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.

Mr A Sennimalai was appointed as Director with effect from 24.09.2019 in terms of Section 161 of the Act. His term of office comes to a close at this Annual General Meeting and it is now proposed to reappoint him as a Director of the Company liable for rotation. He has attained the age 75 years. In the opinion of the Board, Mr A Sennimalai fulfills the conditions specified in the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder for his appointment as Director of the Company.

He has vast experience in the General Management and Administration. He has been the Managing Director of Appu Hotels Limited and Director at Dharani Credit and Finance Private Limited. Mr A Sennimalai holds M.Sc., M.B.A. Degree and has more than 40 years' experience in General Management and Administration.

The Directors recommend the special resolution for the approval of the Shareholders.

None of the Directors except Mr A Sennimalai or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company is in anyway concerned or interested in the resolution.



Item No.3: Re-appointment of Mrs Visalakshi Periasamy (DIN 00064517) who retires by rotation and being eligible offers herself for re-appointment.

Mrs. Visalakshi Periasamy was appointed as Director with effect from 12th November 2014 in terms of Section 161 of the Companies Act, and her appointment is subject to retirement by rotation and accordingly she was re-appointed on 29.09.2020. She has attained the age 75 years on 12.08.2021. In the opinion of the Board, Mrs Visalakshi Periasamy fulfills the conditions specified in the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder for his appointment as Director of the Company.

She has vast experience in the General Management and Administration. The Directors recommend the special resolution for the approval of the Shareholders.

None of the Directors, except Dr Palani G Periasamy/Mrs Visalakshi Periasamy or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company is in anyway concerned or interested in the resolution.

Yours directors recommend the above resolution as a Special Resolution.

a. Interest of Director, key Managerial Personnel and their relatives

b. None of:

- (i) The Directors except Dr Palani G Periasamy, Executive Chairman
- (ii) Key Managerial Personnel (CEO & CS) and
- (iii) Relatives of the persons mentioned in (i) and (ii) are interested in the above said resolution.
- c. Relevance of resolution in any other Company: The above resolution does not affect any other Company.
- d. Inspection of Documents:- No document is required to be kept for inspection.

Item No.4: Re-appointment of Dr K C Reddy (DIN 00549773) as Nominee Director, IREDA.

Dr K C Reddy was appointed as Nominee Director with effect from 31st May 1996 in terms of Section 161 of the Companies Act, and his appointment is not subject to retirement by rotation. He has attained the age 75 years on 01.07.2021. In the opinion of the Board, Dr K C Reddy fulfills the conditions specified in the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder for his appointment as Director of the Company.

He has 35 years of teaching and research, including energy, and environmental economics. Besides, he has 10 years of experience in education administration, at the top level of United Andhra Pradesh.

None of the Directors except Dr K C Reddy or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company is in anyway concerned or interested in the resolution.

Yours directors recommend the above resolution as a Special Resolution.

a. Interest of Director, key Managerial Personnel and their relatives

b. None of:

- (i) The Directors
- (ii) Key Managerial Personnel (CEO & CS) and
- (iii) Relatives of the persons mentioned in (i) and (ii) are interested in the above said resolution.
- c. Relevance of resolution in any other Company: The above resolution does not affect any other Company.
- d. Inspection of Documents: No document is required to be kept for inspection.

Item No. 5: Remuneration to Cost Auditor for the year 2021-22.

The Company is engaged in three business segments viz., Sugar, Co-generation of Power and Distillery products. The Company is maintaining cost accounting records as per Companies (Cost records and audit) Rules, 2014.

While the remuneration for audit of cost records is determined by the Board of Directors on the recommendation of Audit Committee, it will have to be ratified by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

The Board of directors have appointed M/s SRR Associates Cost Accountants (Firm No:000992), as cost auditor to audit the cost records for the financial year 2021-22 pertaining to Sugar, Cogeneration of power and Distillery segments and determined the remuneration of Rs.1,50,000/- plus out of pocket expenses on the recommendation of the Audit committee.

It is now placed for the approval of shareholders in accordance with Section 148 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules 2014.

No Director or Key Managerial Personnel of the company or their relatives are concerned or interested financially or otherwise, in this business



BOARD'S REPORT

Dear Members,

Your Board of Directors are pleased to present the 34th Annual Report on the operations of the Company and the Audited Statement of accounts for the year ended 31st March 2021.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

Rs. in Crores

Particulars	Year	Year
	Ended	Ended
	31.03.2021	31.03.2020
Total Revenue	36.91	110.40
Profit/(Loss) before Interest, Depreciation and Tax	(12.53)	(43.45)
Interest and Finance Charges	2.11	2.15
Cash Profit / (Loss)	(14.64)	(45.60)
Depreciation	23.40	22.46
Profit/(Loss) before Tax	(38.04)	(68.06)
Deferred Tax-Asset/ (Liability)/ Exceptional Items	0.58	(3.07)
Profit/(Loss) After Tax	(37.46)	(64.99)
Other Comprehensive Income/ Interest Reversal	-	34.78
Total Profit/(Loss) for the period	(37.46)	(30.21)
Profit/(Loss) Brought forward from last year	(122.44)	(92.23)
Profit/(Loss) carried forward to Balance Sheet	(159.90)	(122.44)

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the Indian Accounting Standards.

PERFORMANCE

Financial Performance: During the year under review, the total income was Rs.36.91 crores as against the total income of Rs 110.40 crores in the previous year. Due to severe drought during the last few years and consequent to low volume of cane crushing, the operation has resulted in a loss. The gross operating loss works out to Rs.12.53 crores as against the loss of Rs.43.45 crores in the previous year. During the year the company has not charged interest towards Banks and Financial Institutions as our accounts are classified as NPA. After providing interest, the cash loss workout to Rs.14.64 crores as against the cash loss of Rs 45.60 crores in the previous year. The net loss after depreciation works out to Rs.37.46 crores as against the loss of Rs 30.21 crores in the previous year.

Sugar: During the year under review, the Company has crushed 0.91 lakh tonnes of cane as against 2.16 lakh

tonnes of cane in the previous year. Consequently, the total sugar production was 0.75 lakh qtls as against 1.71 lakh qtls in the previous year. The total sugar sold was 0.74 lakh qtls as against 1.93 Lakh qtls in the previous year. The average sugar sales realization for the year was Rs. 3364/- qtl as against the average realization of Rs.3228/qtl during the previous year.

Alcohol and Power: During the period under review, The Company could not produce the alcohol and Power as the Company could not start the cane crushing operation in Unit II (polur) and Unit III (Kalayanallur) due to cane arrears relating to the sugar season 2018-19 were not paid by the Company.

RESERVES

Due to absence of profits in the current year no amount is proposed to be transferred to General Reserves account on account of loss during the year.

DIVIDEND

Due to absence of profits in the current year, the Board of Directors is unable to recommend any dividend for the year 2020-21.

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

Extract of the Annual Return in form MGT-9 is attached herewith as Annexure – I.

BOARD MEETINGS

During the financial year 2020-21, 4 Board Meetings were held on 29.07.2020, 12.09.2020, 11.11.2020 and 13.02.2021. Details of Attendance of each director furnished in the report on Corporate Governance in page No.28.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Mr. A. Sennimalai (DIN 00062791) retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible offers himself for reappointment. His name has been proposed for reappointment.

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In terms of Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the directors state that:

- In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed.
- ii) The directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the Company for the year under review.
- iii) The directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting



records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.

- The directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.
- The directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- vi) The directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The independent directors have submitted their declaration as per Sec.149 (7) that they continue to meet the criteria of independence as provided in Sec.149 (6).

POLICY ON DIRECTOR APPOINTMENT & REMUNERATION POLICY

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee constituted as per Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 has formulated the policy for appointment of Directors, Senior Management etc., and this has been approved by the Board and posted on the Company's Website. The Remuneration policy of the Company comprising the appointment and remuneration of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Executives of the Company including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director and other related matters are given below.

 For Executive Directors: The remuneration of the Whole Time/Executive Directors shall comprise of fixed component and a performance linked pay, as may be fixed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) and subsequently approved by the Board of Directors and Members. Performance Linked Pay shall be payable based on the performance of the individual and the Company during the year. Remuneration trend in the industry and in the region, academic background, qualifications, experience and contribution of the individual are to be considered in fixing the remuneration. These Directors are not eligible to receive sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and Committees.

Non-Executive Directors: The Non-Executive Directors will be paid sitting fees for attending the Board and Committee Meetings as per the stipulations in the Act, and the Articles of Association of the Company and as recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Different scales of sitting fee may be fixed for each category of the directors and type of meeting. However, the fees payable to the Independent Directors and Woman Directors shall not be lower than the fee payable to other categories of directors. In addition to this, the travel and other expenses incurred for attending the meetings are to be met by the Company. The Company shall have no other pecuniary relationship or transactions with any Non-Executive Director.

STATUTORY AUDITORS REPORT

M/s CNGSN Associates & LLP Chartered Accountants, Chennai (FRN No.027501), appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company in the Annual General Meeting held in 25th September 2017 for a period of 5 years will continue as Auditors.



The following qualification was mentioned in the audit report as of 31st March 2021 by the statutory auditors.

S. No	Qualification	Explanation
1	The Company Stopped Providing Interest on the outstanding borrowings from banks and financial institutions. Not restated the foreign currency loan. Reversed the interest provided during the earlier quarter after NPA Date. Application filed for CIRP was admitted on 29-07-2021 by NCLT and IRP was appointed	Due to continues drought inn Tamil Nadu for the last four years, the cane availability and consequent capacity utilisation for the sugar units in Tamil Nadu has drastically come down to around 35%. On account of this, the Company could not service the loans and the loans have slipped into NPA. Interest was originally provided as per norms,. Subsequently the loans have become NPA in the books of the lenders. Company is discussing with them for a one time settlement\ of the principal outstanding as on the NPA date. In view of this, interest for the period beyond the date of NPA need not be paid nor need to be provided, Hence this provisions is withdrawn. Company is confident of settling the OTS with bankers
2	Appointment of RP was admitted in the case of one of the major investees (Appu Hotels Ltd) of the company by the NCLT. There is a doubt about the recoverability of the investments is Rs.1455.53 Lakhs.	Appu Hotel assets are mainly of lands and well known branded Five Star Deluxe Hotels and the realisable value of Appu Hotels Ltd Assets are far in excess of its liabilities. Hence the Company is confident of realising the value of the investment stated in the books which is Rs 1455.53 lakhs
3.	There exists material uncertainty that case a significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern.	The Company has submitted the resolution plans to Banks for OTS and it is still under the consideration of Banks. The Company is confident of settling the current issues with Banks and Fls. SISMA has also made representation to the Central and State Government for extending necessary support to the TamilNadu sugar units for revival of the industry. Normal operations are expected to start shortly.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT

Pursuant to provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company had appointed Mr M Damodaran and Associates, Company Secretaries in practice to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. Their Secretarial Audit report as on 31st March 2021 is annexed herewith as "Annexure".-II.

Observations by the Auditor and the Company's explanations are given below.

SI. No	Compliance Requirement (Regulations / circulars / guidelines including specific clause)	Deviations	Company's explanations
1	SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015	The trading window has not been closed with respect to approval of financial results for the quarter and year ended 31.03.2020.	with this regulation due to nationwide Covid- 19 lockdown
2	Reg. 27(2) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015	The report on Corporate Governance for the quarter ended 31.03.2020 was submitted with Stock Exchanges on 17.05.2020 instead of on or before 15.05.2020.	days' delay. The delay was due



LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS.

Your Company has not given any loans or provided any guarantees or acquired securities as defined in Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

CONTRACTS, ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES REFERRED TO IN SECTION 188(1).

All transactions entered into by the Company with Related Parties were in the Ordinary Course of Business and at arm's Length pricing basis. The Audit Committee granted Omni bus approval for the transactions (which are repetitive in nature) and the same was reviewed by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors. There were no materially significant transactions with Related Parties during the financial year 2020-2021 which were in conflict with the interest of the Company or which requires the approval of shareholders. Suitable disclosures as required under IND AS-24 have been made in **Note 45** of the Notes to the financial statements. Details of the transactions are provided in Form AOC-2 which is attached as Annexure-III to this Report.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

There were no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company, which have occurred between the end of the financial year and the date of the report. All the Banks/Financial Institutions had declared our accounts as non- performing assets and issued notice to recall the loans.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit committee consists of the following Directors.

1. Mr P S Gopalakrishnan	Chairman & Independent Director	
2. Dr K C Reddy	Nominee Director (IREDA)	
3. Mr A Sennimalai	Director	
4. Dr S Muthu	Independent Director	
5. Mr R K Viswanathan	Independent Director	
6. Mr P Selvam IAS (Retd)	Independent Director	

The Committee met 4 times on 29.07.2020, 12.09.2020, 11.11.2020 and 13.02.2021.

Details of Attendance of each director is furnished in the report on Corporate Governance in Page No. 30

There were no instances where the Board has not accepted the recommendations of the Audit Committee.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUT-GO, CONSERVATION OF ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY ABOSORPTION

The details of measures taken for Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo are given in the Annexure.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

The Company does not have any subsidiary or any Associate Company.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has developed a risk management policy. Pursuant to Section 134 (3) (n) of the Companies

Act, 2013 details of the Policy are disclosed in the Company's Website.

At present the Company has not identified any element of risk which may threaten the existence of the Company.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS

Bank of India application was admitted by National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) under insolvency and Bankruptcy code 2016, vide is order No: IBA/976/2019 dated 29th July 2021 and Mr S Rajendran was appointed as Interim Resolution Professional in the matter of our company and taking over the charge of the company on 30th July 2021. IRP Mr S Rajendran has commenced the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CRIP) pursuant to NCLT order No: IBA/976/2019 dated 29th July 2021.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has an Internal Control System, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. The scope and authority of the Internal Audit function is defined by this Audit Committee. To maintain its objectivity and independence, the Internal Auditor reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Board & to the Chairman of the Company.

The Internal Audit Department monitors and evaluates the efficiency and adequacy of internal financial control system in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies at all locations of the Company. Based on the report of internal auditor Company undertakes corrective action in their respective areas and thereby strengthen the financial controls. Significant audit observations, if any, and recommendations along with corrective actions thereon are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board.

DEPOSITS

During the financial year 2020-21 the Company has not accepted deposits as defined in Section 73 and 74 of Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013. Your Company has complied with the provisions of Section 73 &74 and the rules prescribed thereunder. Your Company has no unpaid deposits which were due or repayable as on 31st March 2021. Your Company has not defaulted in repayment of the deposits on the due dates. As on the date of this report, there are no deposits and unclaimed deposits.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY INITIATIVES

As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee has been formed. CSR policy has been framed and is available on the Website. Members of the Committee are:

SI. No	Name of the Directors	Category of Directors	
1	Mr P S Gopalakrishnan	rishnan Non-Executive	
		Independent Director	
2	Mr A Sennimalai	Non-Executive Director	
3	Mr M Ramalingam	Executive Director	



However, as the average of the net profits for the last 3 years is negative, no CSR expenditure has been earmarked on this account.

BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board has carried out an evaluation of its own performance, the directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Audit, Nomination & Remuneration Committees as also the Independent Directors

Criteria for evaluation of the performance of the Independent Directors:

The criteria for evaluation of the performance of Independent Directors include their qualification, experience, competency, knowledge, understanding of respective roles (as Independent Director and as a member of the Committees of which they are Members/ Chairpersons), adherence to Codes and ethics, conduct, attendance and participation in the meetings, etc.

VIGIL MECHANISM FOR DIRECTORS & EMPLOYEES

Pursuant to Section 177(9) and 177(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and Regulation 22 of the Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement Regulations 2015, the Board of Directors had approved a Policy on Vigil Mechanism/ Whistle Blower and the same is hosted on the website of the Company. This Policy inter-alia provides a direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

Your Company hereby affirms that no Director/ Employee have been denied access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee and that no complaints were received during the year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Your Company is in compliance with the Corporate Governance regulations as laid out in SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations 2015. A report on Corporate Governance in line with SEBI prescribed format incorporated in the Listing Obligations and Requirement Regulations, is attached herewith. A certificate from the Practising Company Secretary on compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance has been obtained and copy enclosed to this report.

CODE OF CONDUCT

The Board of Directors has approved a Code of Conduct which is applicable to the Members of the Board and all employees in the course of day to day business operations of the Company. The Code has been posted on the Company's website www.dharanisugars.com

The Code lays down the standard procedure of business conduct which is expected to be followed by the Directors and the designated employees in their business dealings and in particular on matters relating to integrity in the work place, in business practices and in dealing with stakeholders.

All the Board Members and the Senior Management personnel have confirmed compliance with the Code. All Management Staff were given appropriate training in this regard.

PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual harassment policy in line with the requirements of the Section 4 of the Sexual harassment of Women at Work Place (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received about sexual harassment. All employees are covered under this policy. Details have been displayed prominently in the work place and also in the Company's Website.

No complaints were received during the year 2020-21

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Annexure attached to the Board's Report

PROHIBITION OF INSIDER TRADING

The Company has adopted a Code of disclosures & a Code of Conduct for Prohibition of Insider Trading with a view to regulate trading in securities by the Directors and designated employees of the Company. The Code requires pre-clearance for dealing in the Company's shares and prohibits the purchase or sale of Company shares by the Directors and the designated employees while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company and during the period when the Trading Window is closed. The Board is responsible for implementation of the Code.

Directors of the Board and the designated employees have confirmed compliance with the Code.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Board of Directors places on record its appreciation of the support, assistance and co-operation received from the Central Government, Government of Tamil Nadu, various governmental agencies, ICICI Bank Limited, IREDA, the Company's bankers, Indian Bank, State Bank of India, The South Indian Bank Limited, Bank of India, Central Bank of India, The Federal Bank Limited, Union Bank of India, IDBI Bank Ltd and Indian Overseas Bank.

The Board of Directors also wishes to place on record its appreciation for the cane growers, without whose help and support it could not have achieved the progress that has been made so far. With our encouragement and their initiative, we hope for improved cane availability for the ensuing years.

Your Directors are thankful to the employees of the Company for their wholehearted co-operation and unstinted dedication to duty leading to cordial industrial relations during the year under review.

The Board is thankful and grateful for the continuing cooperation to the management from the shareholder's family since inception and is confident that this partnership will sustain forever.

By order of the Board

For **Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited**

Dr. Palani G Periasamy Executive Chairman (DIN No.00081002)

Place: Chennai Date: 30th July 2021



MANAGERIAL REMUNERATION

	Details of the ratio of the remuneration of each director to		Board' Report		
	the median employee's remuneration and other details as				
	required pursuant to Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment				
	and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.				
<u></u>	(Applicable to listed Company)				
	Details of the every employee of the Company as required				
	pursuant to 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and				
	Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014				o Section 136(1) of the Act
					s, the Report and Financial
					of the Company excluding
					der Rule5(2) (first part). Any
					said statement may write to
					fice of the Company. There nts of rule 5(2) (Secondpart)
		of the said rules.	s railing within the req	ulleme	nts of rule 5(2) (Secondpart)
С	Any director who is in receipt of any commission from the				
~	company and who is a Managing Director or Whole-time				
	Director of the Company shall receive any remuneration				
	or commission from any Holding Company or Subsidiary				
	Company of such Company subject to its disclosure by the				
	Company in the Board's Report.				
D	The following disclosures shall be mentioned in the Board of				
	Director's report under the heading "Corporate Governance",	Rs in Lakhs(Per annum)			
	if any, attached to the financial statements as per Schedule V,		I		
	Part II, Section II of the Companies Act, 2013.	Particulars	Dr Palani G Periasa		Mr M Ramalingam
	(i) all elements of remuneration package such as salary,		Executive Chairmar		Managing Director
	benefits, bonuses, stock options, pension, etc., of all the			48.00	21.60
	directors;	Perquisites			
		HRA			2.40
		LTA		4.00	1.80
		Medical		4.00	1.80
		Total	1	56.00*	27.60
		• Actual navm	ent has been res	stricte	d to Rs 24.00 lakhs.
		, totaai payii	ioni nao been re		a to 1 to 27.00 laidle.
	(ii) details of fixed component and performance linked	3% Commission of	on Net Profits	Nil	
	incentives along with the performance criteria;	Actual Payment -	Nil		
	(iii) service contracts, notice period, severance fees;	5 years,		5 years	3,
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	3 months,		3 mont	
		Nil		Nil	·
	(iv) stock option details, if any, and whether the same has been	Nil		Nil	
	issued at a discount as well as the period over which accrued				
	and over which exercisable.				

As the profits of the Company for the year are inadequate the following minimum remuneration (the same amount as was approved in the last year) has been proposed to be provided for the year 2020-21 to the Managerial Personnel. Remuneration will be provided after the approval of the Shareholders and consent of Secured lenders in accordance with Schedule V Part II Section II of the Companies Act, 2013.

Name of the Managerial Personnel	Remuneration (per annum)
Dr Palani G Periasamy- Executive Chairman	Rs.24.00 Lakhs
Mr M Ramalingam – Managing Director	Rs. 27.60 Lakhs

For Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited

Dr. Palani G Periasamy Executive Chairman (DIN No.00081002)

Place: Chennai Date: 30th July 2021



Management Discussion and Analysis Report:

Your Company is engaged in the business of manufacture of Sugar, Co-generation of Power and Alcohol including Ethanol. The operations are spread over three locations in Tamil Nadu viz., at Dharani Nagar in Tirunelveli District, at Karaipoondi Village, Polur in Thiruvannamalai District and at Kalayanallur Village, Sankarapuram Taluk in Villupuram District.

Cautionary Statement:

Statements made in this report describing industry outlook as well as Company's plans, projections and expectations may constitute 'forward looking statements'. Actual results may differ materially from those either expressed or implied. The Company assumes no responsibility to publicly amend, modify or revise any forward-looking statements, on the basis of any subsequent developments, information or events.

World Sugar Scenario:

Copersucar expects a global Sugar deficit of 3 million tonnes in the 2020-21 season which ends in September. Further it also expects a deficit for the 2021-22 season. The Global Sugar consumption should start to recover from the decline during this season due to the impact of the pandemic, reaching 184 million tonnes this season. The overall production may not increase. This situation may help the world sugar price to remain at a higher level .

Indian Sugar Scenario:

India the number one consumer of Sugar in the world always makes its impact felt in the International Market. Increase or decrease in the Indian Sugar production has a direct bearing to the International Market. Sugar Industry in India is the 2nd largest Industry next only to the textiles. It supports about 50 million farmers from rural India. As the Industry by nature is in the rural area, it contributes to the development of the rural economy directly. The Sugar Industry's contribution to the growth of the economy is substantial both in terms of employment and in terms of revenue.

The Sugar production for the current season 2020-21 is estimated to remain flat at 310 lakh tonnes due to diversion of cane juice for ethanol production. Though the forecast for the next year production is more, substantial quantity of B- Molasses and cane juice is likely to be diverted for Ethanol to achieve the blending target of 10% for the coming season 2021-22. Maharashtra may continue to occupy the top position in Sugar production with 121.28 tonnes and UP comes to the 2nd position with 119.27 lakh tonnes for the next season. The Country has exported 51.10 lakh tonnes of sugar and is expected to achieve about 60 lakh tonnes of export for the season 2021-22. The recovery in the Global Sugar Price has helped India to export more.

Government Policies:

The Government of India and the State Government continue to support the Sugar Industry. The export

subsidy extended by the Government of Indian has totally helped the Industry to reduce the Inventory carrying cost and also to sustain the domestic price at reasonable level. However, the long awaited revision in the minimum selling price is yet to be announced. Hope the Government of India will announce this minimum price shortly which will help the Industry to sustain its performance which will help them to clear the cane price on time.

Ethanol:

The Government of India has set a very high level of growth target in the ethanol blending programme and the blending target has been fixed at a target of 20% to be achieved within the next 3-year period. The present ethanol blending is about 8% and it has taken almost 15 years to achieve this. Now to achieve 20% it requires further support from the Government and this may really help the Sugar Industry to balance the production between Sugar and ethanol, depending on the profitability of the respective products.

Opportunities and Threats:

India is the largest consumer of sugar in the world. Still the average per capital consumption of sugar in India is less as compared to the developed countries. While the land availability is likely to shrink for cane cultivation, the cane production needs to be increased to meet the ever increasing demand for sugar, power and ethanol. However the agro climatic conditions and competition from other crops play a great rolein the availability of cane. The ethanol blending programme may also help the Sugar Industry.

Risks and Concerns:

Risks and Concerns given by the management below are not exhaustive and only highlight some of the salientamong them. The investors are advised to exercise their due diligence in assessing the various risk factors associated with industry and your Company. The sugarindustry is still highly regulated with the Government exercising control over pricing of sugar cane, allocation of area for sugar units, movement of molasses, Alcohol and pricing of Power. Some of the inherent business risks and the mitigation measures initiated by your Company are given as under.

a) Raw Material Risk: Cane is the basic raw material for sugar industry and the efficient operation of theSugar Plant as well as Distillery depends upon theavailability of adequate cane. Sugar industry beingcyclical in nature is affected by the vagaries of themonsoon. Substantial increase in the price of alternate crops as compared to sugarcane and increase in the harvesting charges for the cane hasresulted in the farmers switching to other crops whichare more profitable. To mitigate the above rawmaterial related risks, your Company has taken extensivefield work in co-ordination with the farmersto sustain the yield under the drought conditions. Your Company in co-ordination with



theGovernment is encouraging drip irrigation for betterwater management and improved yield. The Company has taken steps to introducenew sugar cane varieties in the coming seasons in cooperation with the Sugarcane Breeding Institute (SBI), Coimbatore which will improve the yield per acre and also the sugar recovery.

- b) Product Risks: Sugar being the main product, its price is fixed by Government of India. Increasing health consciousness among the general public, the average increase in the consumption of sugar is likely to be low in the coming years. Alcohol is highly regulated and the price of the same is directly/indirectly controlled by the StateGovernment through import fromneighbouring states. Further there is undue delay in the realisation of power dues. To mitigate the product related risks, the Company has been taking efforts to make its operation an integrated one comprising of Sugar, Power and alcohol including fuel Ethanol.
- c) Forex Risk: Import and Export of Raw Sugar/ Whitesugar and funding of project for manufacture of sugar involves foreign exchange component. Any wide fluctuation in the value of Rupee against US Dollar may impact the profitability of the Company. The Company is closely monitoring the movement and taking appropriate action.
- d) Financing Risk:The Sugar industry being capital intensive in nature requires huge capital investment, having high debt component. The Sugar Industry being seasonal in nature, the Company needs to hold substantial inventory over longer period incurring very high interest cost on working capital borrowing, besides other carrying costs. Further, the droughts during the last 4 years have drastically reduced the cane availability, affecting our performance and the ability to service the loans.
- Regulatory Risks:The Sugar Sector continuous to be controlledby Governments. Sugar cane prices

and sugar selling price are fixed by Government of India. Alcohol and molasses are subject to interstate movement control. The Company through its Industry Association has been representing to the Central and State Governments for new policy changes to support the Sugar Industry.

Outlook for 2021-22

The Sugar production for the season 2020-21 has remained flat at 310 lakh tonnes and the export subsidy has helped the Industry to export substantial quantity of sugar. The production for the coming year is expected to be around 330 lakh tonnes , but considering the diversion of B molasses and cane juice for ethanol and the global deficit in sugar, the sugar price is expected at a reasonable level and the industry is expected to improve its performance. The ethanol policy is also very encouraging and the blending target has been fixed at 20% to be achieved within the next 3 years.

Tamilnadu has received good monsoon during the last year and also during this year, the cane availability has improved for the season 2021-22. However, the cane crushing at Polur Unit and Kalayanallur Unit is yet to be started due to the delay in clearing the cane dues. On account of this, our performance is continued to be affected

Financial Performance:

Please refer disclosures in the Director's Report and the financial statements. As the Company's products viz., Sugar, Alcohol and Power are subject to various government controls, the profitability is affected. The raw material cost and the Sugar selling price is subject to price announced by Central and State Government.

Human Resources:

The Industrial relations at your Company continue to be cordial. There are 777 employees in your Company. The Company continues its efforts in improving the various facilities extended to the employees for better productivity.



Annexure I

Form No. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN For the financial year ended on 31st March, 2021 şPursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:

i	CIN	L15421TN1987PLC014454					
ii	Registration Date	04/06/1987					
iii	Name of the Company	Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited					
iv	Category/Sub-category of the Company	Company Limited by Shares					
V	Address of the Registered office & contact details	No.59 Sterling Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai - 600 034. Tel.No.91-44-28311313, Fax No.91-4428232074					
vi	Whether listed company	Yes					
vii	Name, Address & contact details of the Registrar & Transfer Agent, if any.	Cameo Corporate Services Ltd, Subramanian Building, 5th Floor No.1 Club House Road, Chennai - 600 002 Tel No. 91-44-28460718. Fax No. 91-44-282460129					

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY.

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated.

SL No	Name & Description of main products/ services	NIC Code of the Product /service	% to total turnover of the Company	
1	Sugar	10721	97.96%	
2	Distillery	11019	2.04%	

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY & ASSOCIATE COMPANIES - NIL



IV. SHAREHOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Break Up As % of Total Equity)

	Category of Shareholder	No. of shares					No. of shares held at the			%
	Category of Shareholder	begin	ning of the	year -01.04.2		en	d of the year	31.03.2021		Change
		Demat	Physical	Total	% Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% Total Shares	during the year
A.	SHAREHOLDING OF PROMOTER AND PROMOTER GROUP									
1.	INDIAN									
a.	INDIVIDUALS/HINDU UNDIVIDED FAMILY	8828795	0	8828795	26.59	8829142	0	8829142	26.59	0.0010
b.	CENTRAL/ STATE GOVERNMENT(S)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
C.	BODIES CORPORATE	11606864	0	11606864	34.96	11606864	0	11606864	34.96	0.00
d.	FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS/ BANKS	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
e.	ANY OTHER	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	SUB - TOTAL (A)(1)	20435659	0	20435659	61.55	20436006	0	20436006	61.55	0.0010
2.	FOREIGN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SUB - TOTAL (A)(2)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL SHARE HOLDING OF PROMOTER AND PROMOTER GROUP (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	20435659	0	20435659	61.55	20436006	0	20436006	61.55	0.0010
B.	PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING									
1.	INSTITUTIONS	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
a.	MUTUAL FUNDS/UTI	0	2700	2700	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.0081
b.	FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS/ BANKS	300	2950	3250	0.01	200	2950	3150	0.01	0.0003
C.	CENTRAL/ STATE GOVERNMENT(S)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
d.	VENTURE CAPITAL FUNDS	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
e.	INSURANCE COMPANIES	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
f.	FOREIGN INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
g.	FOREIGN VENTURE CAPITAL INVESTORS	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
h.	QUALIFIED FOREIGN INVESTOR	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
i.	ANY OTHER	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	SUB - TOTAL (B)(1)	300	5650	5950	0.02	200	2950	3150	0.01	-0.0084
2.	NON-INSTITUTIONS									
a.	BODIES CORPORATE	393557	9050	402607	1.21	355693	8150	363843	1.10	-0.12
b.	INDIVIDUALS -									
	I INDIVIDUAL SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING NOMINAL SHARE CAPITAL UPTO RS. 1 LAKH	4259837	556706	4816543	14.51	4337354	476768	4814122	14.50	-0.0072
	II INDIVIDUAL SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING NOMINAL SHARE CAPITAL IN EXCESS OF RS. 1 LAKH	2795634	0	2795634	8.42	2742186	0	2742186	8.26	-0.16
C.	QUALIFIED FOREIGN INVESTOR	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00



	Category of Shareholder		No. of shares held at the beginning of the year -01.04.2020				o. of shares of the year			% Change
		Demat	Physical	Total	% Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% Total Shares	during the year
d.	ANY OTHER									
	CLEARING MEMBERS	43369	0	43369	0.13	68362	0	68362	0.20	0.07
	HINDU UNDIVIDED FAMILIES	342901	0	342901	1.03	378962	0	378962	1.14	0.11
	NON RESIDENT INDIANS	3012900	940013	3952913	11.90	2947523	940013	3887536	11.70	-0.19
	IEPF	403924	0	403924	1.22	505333	0	505333	1.52	0.30
	TRUSTS	500	0	500	0.00	500	0	500	0.00	0.00
	Total (d)	3803594	940013	4743607	14.29	3900680	940013	4840693	14.58	0.29
	SUB - TOTAL (B)(2)	11252622	1505769	12758391	38.43	11335913	1424931	12760844	38.44	0.00
	TOTAL PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING (B) = (B) (1)+(B)(2)	11252922	1511419	12764341	38.45	11336113	1427881	12763994	38.44	-0.00
	TOTAL (A)+(B)	31688581	1511419	33200000	100.00	31772119	1427881	33200000	100.00	0.00
C.	SHARES HELD BY CUSTODIANS AND AGAINST WHICH DEPOSITORY RECEIPTS HAVE BEEN ISSUED									
	Promoter and Promoter Group	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	Public	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	TOTAL CUSTODIAN (C)	0	0	0	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00
	GRAND TOTAL (A)+(B)+(C)	31688581	1511419	33200000	100.00	31772119	1427881	33200000	100.00	0.00

(ii) Shareholding of Promoters

SI. No	Shareholder's Name		ng at the be year 01.04.2	ginning of the 020	Sharehold	ing at the er 31.03.202	nd of the year 1	'% change in shareholding
		No of shares	%	'% of shares pledged / encumbered to total shares	No of shares	%	'% of shares pledged / encumbered to total shares	during the year
1	DHARANI CREDIT AND FINANCE (P) LTD	3754440	11.31	11.31	3754440	11.31	11.31	0.00
2	DHARANI DEVELOPERS PRIVATE LIMITED	6584242	19.83	0.83	6584242	19.83	0.83	0.00
3	DR PALANI G PERIASAMY	2739012	8.25	8.25	2739012	8.25	8.25	0.00
4	VISALAKSHI PERIASAMY	1200101	3.61	3.61	1200101	3.61	3.61	0.00
5	ANANTHI DEVELOPERS LIMITED	1000000	3.01	3.01	1000000	3.01	3.01	0.00
6	JAYANTHI PERIASAMY	886016	2.67	2.23	886016	2.67	2.23	0.00
7	PALANI GOUNDER PERIASAMY JT1 : VISALAKSHI PERIASAMY	863763	2.60	2.60	863763	2.60	2.60	0.00
8	SANTHI PERIASAMY	885142	2.67	0.00	885142	2.67	0.00	0.00
9	NALINI PERIASAMY	882492	2.66	0.00	882492	2.66	0.00	0.00
10	ANANTHI PERIASAMY	885293	2.67	0.00	885293	2.67	0.00	0.00
11	KANDASAMY K	479621	1.44	1.38	479968	1.45	1.38	0.01
12	DHARANI FINANCE LIMITED	268182	0.81	0.00	268182	0.81	0.00	0.00
13	K VIJAYALAKSHMI	7205	0.02	0.00	7205	0.02	0.00	0.00
14	MURUGAVEL R	150	0.00	0.00	150	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Total	20435659	61.55	33.22	20436006	61.56	33.22	0.01



(iii) Change of Promoters Shareholding - Nil

(iv) Shareholding pattern of top 10 shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and holders of GDRs and ADRs)

SI No	Name of the Share holder		ling at the of the year .2020	Cumulative S during the ye	Reason	
		No of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No of shares	% of total shares of the Company	
1	MADHURI RAJKUMAR SEKSARIA JT1 : RAJKUMAR KUDILAL SEKSARIA					
	At the beginning of the year 01-Apr-2020	454000	1.36			
	At the end of the Year 31-Mar-2021	404000	1.00	454000	1.36	
2	PT SWAMY			+0+000	1.00	
	At the beginning of the year 01-Apr-2020	376562	1.13			
	At the end of the Year 31-Mar-2021	370302	1.13	376562	1.13	
2	C K RAMACHANDRAN			370302	1.10	
3	JT1 : Saraswathi Ramachandran					
	At the beginning of the year 01-Apr-2020	363816	1.10			
	At the end of the Year 31-Mar-2021	303010	1.10	363816	1.10	
4	P V MOHAN/ JT :1 PRABHA MOHAN			303010	1.10	
4	At the beginning of the year 01-Apr-2020	353142	1.06			
		333142	1.00	252442	4.00	
	At the end of the Year 31-Mar-2021			353142	1.06	
5	ASHA L SWAIN	004005	0.00			
	At the beginning of the year 01-Apr-2020	291605	0.88	22122		
	At the end of the Year 31-Mar-2021			291605	0.88	
6	SIVASUBRAMANIAN					
	At the beginning of the year 01-Apr-2020	263240	0.79			
	At the end of the Year 31-Mar-2021			263240	0.79	
7	RAJKUMAR KUDILAL SEKSARIA					
	At the beginning of the year 01-Apr-2020	230000	0.69			
	At the end of the Year 31-Mar-2021			230000	0.69	
8	VANI V THIRUMOORTHI					
	At the beginning of the year 01-Apr-2020	195221	0.59			
	At the end of the Year 31-Mar-2021			195221	0.59	
9	A P THANGARAJ					
	At the beginning of the year 01-Apr-2020	267196	0.80			
	Purchase 24- Apr- 2020	22555				
	Purchase 19-Jun-2020	7387				
	Sale 26 -Jun-2020	-3870				
	Purchase 12-Mar-2021	10000				
	Purchase 19-Mar-2021	5200				
	Sale 26-Mar-2021	-11703				
	At the end of the Year 31-Mar-2021			296765	0.90	
10	INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND AUTHORITY MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS					
	At the beginning of the year 01-Apr-2020	403294	1.22			
	Purchase 22-Jan-2021	101409	0.30			
	At the end of the Year 31-Mar-2021		3.30	505333	1.52	



(v) Shareholding of Directors & Key Managerial Personnel

SI. No.	Name of the Directors and KMP		peginning of the year- .2020	Cumulative Sharehol 31.03	ding during the year- .2021
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company
Direct	tors				
1	Dr Palani G Periasamy	2739012	8.25	2739012	8.25
2	Dr Palani G Periasamy Jt Mrs Visalakshi Periasamy	863763	2.60	863763	2.60
3	Mrs Visalakshi Periasamy	1200101	3.61	1200101	3.61
4	Mr A Sennimalai	29182	0.09	29182	0.09
5	Mr M Ramalingam	2200	0.01	2200	0.01
6	Dr K C Reddy	500	0.00	500	0.00
7	Mr P S Gopalakrishnan	0	0.00	0	0.00
8	Mr P Selvam	0	0.00	0	0.00
9	Dr S Muthu	0	0.00	0	0.00
10	Mr R K Viswanathan	0	0.00	0	0.00
11	Dr V R S Sampath	0	0.00	0	0.00
	Total A	4834758	14.56	4834758	14.56
Key N	lanagerial Personnel				
1	Mr M P Kaliannan	100059	0.30	100059	0.30
2	Mr E P Sakthivel	0	0.00	0	0.00
	Total B	100059	0.30	100059	0.30
	Total A +B	4934817	14.86	4934817	14.86

VI A) REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

SI. No	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of the MD/WT	D/Manager	Total Amount	
1	Gross salary	Dr Palani G Periasamy	M.Ramalingam	in lakhs	
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax. 1961.	-	-	-	
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the Income tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	
2	Stock option	-	-	-	
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	
4	Commission as % of Profit	-	-	-	
5	Others, please specify				
	Total (A)		-	-	
	Ceiling as per the Act	60.00	60.00	120.00	

B) REMUNERATION TO OTHER DIRECTORS

Rupees in lakhs

SI.	Particulars of						Total
No	Remuneration						Amount
1	Independent Directors	V R S Sampath	P Selvam	P.S.Gopalakrishnan	S Muthu	R K Viswanathan	
	(a) Fee for attending board committee meetings	0.20	0.30	0.45	0.45	0.10	1.50
	(b) Commission						
	(c) Others, please specify	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Total (1)	0.20	0.30	0.45	0.45	0.10	1.50



2	Other Non Executive Directors	K.C.Reddy	A.Sennimalai	Mrs. Visalakshi Periasamy		Total Amount		
	(a) Fee for attending board committee meetings	0.50	0.50	0.10		1.10		
	(b) Commission							
	(c) Others, please specify.							
	Total (2)	0.50	0.50	0.10		1.10		
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act.	than Executive pay sitting fee	n terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 the remuneration payable to Directors other nan Executive Directors shall not exceed 1% of the net profit of the Company. The Company may ay sitting fees to the Directors for attending Board/ Committee meetings as may be decided by the oard of Directors. The Board has fixed Rs.5000/- as sitting fees for each meetings.					

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MANAGING DIRECTOR/MANAGER/WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR

Rupees in lakhs

SI. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel				
		Company Secretary	CFO	Total amount		
		E.P.Sakthivel	M.P.Kaliannan	1 1		
1	Gross Salary					
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.	6.37	20.41	26.78		
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	0.42	3.74	4.16		
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-	-		
2	Stock Option	-	-	-		
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-		
4	Commission as % of profit	-	-	-		
5	Others, please specify		-			
	Total	6.79	24.15	30.94		

V Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

Rupees in lakhs

Particulars	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year 01.04.2020				
(i) Principal Amount	51126.25	63.01	-	51189.26
ii) Interest due but not paid	3360.31	-	-	3360.31
iii) Interest accrued but not due	0.00	0.00	-	0.00
Total	54486.56	63.01	-	54549.57
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
Additions in Unsecured Loan	0.00	2422.83	-	2422.83
Reduction in principal	-	-	-	-
Reduction in interest	403.03			403.03
Net Change	403.03	2422.83	-	2019.80
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year 31.03.2021				
(i) Principal Amount	51126.25	2485.84	-	53612.09
ii) Interest due but not paid	2957.28	-	-	2957.28
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	_		
Total	54083.53	2485.84	-	56569.37



VIII.PENALTIES/PUNISHMENT/COMPPOUNDING OF OFFENCES

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty/ Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority (RD/ NCLT/Court)	Appeal made if any (give details)
A. COMPANY					
Penalty	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Punishment	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Compounding	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Punishment	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Compounding	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
C. OTHER OFFICERS	IN DEFAULT				
Penalty	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Punishment	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Compounding	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

For **Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited**

Dr. Palani G Periasamy Chairman

(DIN No.00081002)

Place: Chennai Date : 30th July 2021



Annexture - II

Disclosure pursuant to Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

Statement of particulars of remuneration as per Rules 5(1)

S No	Description	Designation	
1	The ration of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the	Managing Director	NA
	employees of the company for the financial year	Executive Chairman	NA
2	The percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Financial Officer,	Managing Director	Nil
	Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary of Manager, if any, in the financial year.	Executive Chairman	Nil
		Chief Financial Officer	Nil
		Company Secretary	Nil
3	The Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year	Nil	
4	The number of permanent employees on the rolls of company	777	
5 a)	Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than	-	
	the managerial personnel in the last financial year.		
6	Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy to the company.	Yes. As per the remu	neration
		policy of the Company.	

Note:

1. Non-Executive directors are paid only sitting fees as disclosed in the Board Report (Form No. MGT – 9).

By Order of the Board

For Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited

Place: Chennai – 34
Date: 30th July 2021
Dr. Palani G Periasamy
Chairman

DIN No : 00081002

Annuexture - III

Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto.

1 Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis					
а	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nil			
b	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions.	NA			
С	Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	NA			
d	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	NA			
е	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	NA			
f	date(s) of approval by the Board	NA			
g	Amount paid as advances, if any	NA			
h	Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188	NA			

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

Name(s) of the related party	PGP Educational & Welfare Society	Appu Hotels Ltd
Nature of relationship	Associates	Associates
Nature of contracts/arrangements / transactions	Leasing of Land for School.	Sale of sugar
Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	Thirty three years	NA
Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or	Rs.0.35 lakhs p.a.	NA
transactions including the value, if any		
Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	29.05.2014	Nil
Amount paid as advances, if any	Nil	Nil



Name(s) of the related party	Dr Palani G Periasamy		Mrs Visalakshi Periasamy	M Ramalingam	A Sennimalai
Nature of relationship	Executive Chair	man	Director	Managing Director	Director
Nature of contracts/arrangements / transactions	Rent	Salary*	Sitting Fees	Salary*	Sitting Fees
Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions	3 years	5 years	-	5 years	-
Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	Rs.64.14 lakhs	Rs.24.00 lakhs	Rs.0.10 lakhs	Rs. 27.60 lakhs	Rs. 0.50 Lakhs
Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	28.05.2019	28.05.2019	NA	11.02.2017	NA
Amount paid as advances, if any	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

^{*}During the year 2020-21 there has been default in repayment of the dues to Banks/Financial Institutions. Hence, prior approval of the Secured Lenders has to be obtained for payment of Managerial Remuneration. Therefore, remuneration was not paid to Dr Palani G Periasamy, Executive Chairman and Mr M Ramalingam, Managing Director due to NOC to be received from Banks/Financial Institutions.

By Order of the Board

for Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited

Place: Chennai - 34 Dr. Palani G Periasamy Date: 30th July 2021 Chairman

DIN No: 00081002

Annexture - IV

Information as required under Section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 and with rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014.

- A) Energy Conservation measures NIL
- Technology absorption and Innovation NIL
- C) Details of Foreign exchange earnings and outgo are given below.

Foreign Exchange / Earnings & Outgo	2020-21	2019-20
Foreign Exchange Earned	NIL	NIL
Foreign Exchange Outgo	NIL	NIL

By Order of the Board

for Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited

Place: Chennai - 34 Dr. Palani G Periasamv Date: 30th July 2021 Chairman

DIN No: 00081002

Annexture V

Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31.03.2021

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To.

The Members.

DHARANI SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED

(CIN: L15421TN1987PLC014454)

PGP House, 57, Sterling RD, Nungambakkam, Chennai – 600 034.

I, M. Damodaran, Managing Partner of M Damodaran & Associates LLP, Practicing Company Secretaries have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **M/s. DHARANI SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED** (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion there on.

Based on my verification of **M/s. DHARANI SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED's** books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31.03.2021complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made herein after:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **M/s. DHARANISUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED** ("the Company") for the financial year ended on 31.03.2021according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of IndiaAct, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):- (to the extent applicable)
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018:
 - (d) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014; and
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (vi) Other laws as may be applicable specifically to the company NIL

I have also examined compliance with the applicable Regulations and Standards of the following:

- The Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
- (ii) The Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.



During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above subject to the following Observations:

- The trading window has not been closed with respect to approval of financial results for the guarter and year ended 31.03.2020 as required under the SEBI (PIT) Regulations, 2015.
- The report on Corporate Governance for the quarter ended 31.03.2020 has been submitted to the Stock Exchanges as required under Reg. 27(2) of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 with minor delay.

I further report that

Place: Chennai

Date: 30th July 2021

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors and there was no change in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a System exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. As per the minutes of the meetings duly recorded and signed by the Chairman, the decisions of the Board were unanimous and no dissenting views have been recorded.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period there was no major/specific events in the company.

For M DAMODARAN & ASSOCIATES LLP

M. DAMODARAN

Managing Partner Membership No.: 5837

COP. No.: 5081

ICSI UDIN No.: F00587C000714710



Corporate Governance

1. Corporate Governance Philosophy: Company's philosophy is to achieve excellence in its entire activities serve the interest of the community and the shareholders, stakeholders and the society in general, thereby contributing to the welfare of the nation. The Company continues to be transparent in all its dealings and present a complete picture of the operations of the Company to the public at large and the shareholders and stakeholders in particular. The Company has always believed in fair business and corporate practices while dealing with the shareholders, employees, customers, farmers, creditors, lenders and others. The Company is prompt in discharging its statutory obligations and duties.

The Company has laid down a Code of Conduct for observance by Directors and senior management. Affirmation of Compliance to this code has been obtained from all of them and the Executive Chairman has furnished a declaration to this effect.

2. Board of Directors.

A. Composition/Category of Directors. The Board of Directors comprises of 10 members out of whom 3 belong to the promoter group. The Board has a judicious mix of Executive and Non-Executive Directors. There are now 2 Executive Directors and 8 Non-Executive Directors. Out of the Non-Executive Directors, one Director represents the lending Financial Institution IREDA as their nominee. There are 5 Independent Directors. One Woman Director has also been appointed. Constitution of Board of Directors of the Company is in full compliance with Regulation 17 of the LODR Regulations 2015and the Company has taken effective steps to comply with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

B & C Attendance at Meetings/ Directorships and Committee Memberships in other companies as on 31st March 2021.

Name of the Director	No. of Board Meetings attended	Last AGM attended Yes/No	Direct held in	of orship other panies	Member or Chairman of Committees		n of	
			Pub	Pvt.	Mgt.	Audit	NRC	SRC.
Dr Palani G Periasamy – Promoter, Whole Time Director - Chairman	4	Yes	2	1	Chm	-	-	-
Mr.A Sennimalai – Non Executive Director	4	Yes	1	1	Mem	Mem	Mem	Mem
Mr. M Ramalingam– Managing Director	4	Yes	Nil	Nil	Mem	-	-	Mem
Dr K C Reddy Non-Executive Nominee Director - IREDA	4	Yes	Nil	Nil	-	Mem	Mem	Chm
Mr. PS Gopalakrishnan - Non-Executive (Independent Director)	4	Yes	3	Nil	Mem	Chm	Chm	-
Mrs Visalakshi Periasamy - (Promoter - Non-Executive Director)	1	No	2	1	-	-	-	-
Mr P Selvam (Non-Executive Independent Director)	3	Yes	-	Nil	-	Mem	-	-
Dr S Muthu (Non-Executive Independent Director)	4	Yes	1	Nil	-	Mem	-	Mem
Mr R K Viswanathan (Non-Executive Independent Director)	1	No	Nil	Nil	Nil	Mem	Mem	Nil
Dr V R S Sampath (Non-Executive Independent Director)	4	Yes	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

MC - Management Committee, SRC- Stakeholders Relationship Committee, NRC - Nomination & Remuneration Committee, AC- Audit Committee.

Dr Palani G Periasamy is a Non-Executive Director; Chairman in Dharani Finance Limited.

Mr P S Gopalakrishnan is a Director in Kothari Sugars and Chemicals Limited, Sakthi Finance Limited and Shriram General Insurance Company Limited.

Mrs Visalakshi Periasamy is a Non-Executive Director in Dharani Finance Limited.

Dr S Muthu is an Independent Director in Dharani Finance Limited.

D. Number of Board Meetings held in the Financial Year 2020-2021 and dates on which held:

The Board Meetings were held Four times during the financial year, on 29.07.2020, 12.09.2020, 11.11.2020, and 13.02.2021.

During the year, a separate meeting of the Independent Directors was held on 29th September 2020, without the presence of Non-Executive Directors / Managing Director / Management to discuss the matter as required / agreed amongst them.



- E. Mrs. Visalakshi Periasamy is the spouse of Dr. Palani G. Periasamy.
- F. Holdings of Equity Shares of the Non-Executive Directors as on 31st March 2021. No Convertible instruments had been issued.

SI.No	Name of the Director	No of Shares	%
1	Mrs Visalakshi Periasamy	1200101	3.61
2	Mr. A Sennimalai (Non-Executive)	29182	0.09
3	Dr K.C Reddy	500	0.00
4	Mr. R K Viswanathan	Nil	Nil
5	Mr. P.S Gopalakrishnan	Nil	Nil
6	Dr V R S Sampath	Nil	Nil
7	Mr P Selvam	Nil	Nil
8	Dr S Muthu	Nil	Nil

- G. The Independent Directors, who are from diverse fields of expertise and have long standing experience and expert knowledge in their respective fields are very relevant as well as of considerable value for the Company's business. As a part of familiarization programme as required under Listing Regulations, the Directors have been appraised during the Board Meetings about the amendments to the various enactments viz., Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), Listing Regulations, Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading and Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information etc., Since these being information about the enactment / updates in the laws/regulations, no separate material has been uploaded in the website.
- H. i Board of Directors identified and felt satisfied with the Company that the Directors are qualified and have experience in Administration/Marketing/Finance/Accounts /Technical core skills which are required to run the business of the Company.
- (ii) Board of Directors confirmed that the Independent Directors fulfil the conditions specified in these regulations and are Independent of the Management

Name of the Independent Director	Area of Specialisation
Mr P S Gopalakrishnan	Finance -Formerly Chairman of IOB and IFCI
Mr P Selvam	Administration - Retired IAS Officer
Dr S Muthu	Administration- Retired Director of Education
Mr V R S Sampath	Legal & Law- Lawyer
Mr R K Viswanathan	Management/Marketing – President of Coconut and Turmeric Merchant Association, Cultivator of Turmeric.

During the year no Independent Director has resigned.

Appropriate familiarization programmes for Independent Directors as required under the Listing Regulations are undertaken from time to time.

3. Audit Committee:

A Terms of Reference

The Audit Committee acts in accordance with the terms of reference given by the Board pursuant to Section 177 of the Act and Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations. The terms of reference are briefly described below:-



- Overseeing of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- Recommending to the Board, appointment, re-appointment, replacement or removal (in the event of necessity) of Statutory Auditors, Cost Auditors including fixation of remuneration;
- Approval of payment to Statutory Auditors for any other services rendered by the Statutory Auditors;
- > Review of the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism.
- ➤ The Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the last (33rd) Annual General Meeting held on September 29, 2020.

B. Composition, name of members & Chairperson,

The Audit Committee comprises of 6 directors out of whom four are Independent Directors, and one Non-Executive Director. One Director represents the lending Financial Institution IREDA as their nominee. The Chairman is a Non-executive and Independent Director

C. Meetings held during the year and attendance at meetings.

The Audit Committee Meetings and Attendance: The Committee met 4 times 29.07.2020, 12.09.2020, 11.11.2020 and 13.02.2021 during the year.

Name of the Directors	Designation/Category	No of Meetings attended
Mr P S Gopalakrishnan	Independent Director -Chairman	4
Mr R K Viswanathan	Independent Director -Member	1
Dr S Muthu	Independent Director -Member	4
Dr K C Reddy	Nominee Director-Member	4
Mr A Sennimalai	Non –Executive Director- Member	4
Mr P Selvam	Independent Director -Member	3

Mr E P Sakthivel, Company Secretary is the Secretary to this Committee.

4. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

A Terms of Reference

The terms of reference and Role of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are as per the provisions of Section 178 of the Act and Regulation 19 of the Listing Regulations.

Terms of Ref:

- formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the board of directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- 2. Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the board of directors;
- 3. Devising a policy on diversity of board of directors;
- 4. Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the board of directors their appointment and removal.

The policy is framed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and approved by the Board. The terms and conditions of appointment are disclosed in the website of the Company at www.dharanisugars.com

B. Composition, name of members & Chairperson.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee presently consists of four Non-executive Directors, two being independent. The Chairman is a Non-executive and Independent Director.



C. Meetings held during the year and attendance at meetings.

The Committee has held one meeting during the Financial Year 2020-21 i.e., 29.07.2020. The composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee as on 31st March 2021 and the attendance of members at the meetings held during the Financial Year 2020-2021 were as follows. Performance evaluations are carried out as per criteria posted on the web site.

SI. No	Name of the Directors	Designation/Category	No of Meetings attended
1	Mr P S Gopalakrishnan	Independent Director- Chairman	1
2	Dr K C Reddy	Nominee Director- Member	1
3	Mr A Sennimalai	Director- Member	1
4	Mr R K Viswanathan	Independent Director- Member	Nil

D. Performance evaluation criteria for independent directors.

Evaluation criteria

- i. Understanding of nature and role of independent directors' position.
- ii. Understanding of risks associated with the business
- iii. Application of knowledge for rendering advice to Management for resolution of business issues
- iv. Offer constructive challenge to Management strategies and proposals
- v. Active engagement with the Management and attentiveness to progress of decisions taken
- vi. Non-partisan appraisal of issues
- vii. Own recommendations given professionally without tending to majority or popular views
- viii. Heading Board Sub Committees
- ix. Driving any function or identified initiative based on domain knowledge and experience
- x. Commitment to role & fiduciary responsibilities as a board member
- xi. Attendance and active participation and not done perfunctorily
- xii. Proactive, strategic and lateral thinking.

5. Details of remuneration to all the Directors paid during the Financial Year 2020-21

In lakhs

SI. No	Name of the Director	Sitting Fees	Salary	Commission/ Bonus	Stock Option	Pension
1	Dr Palani G Periasamy	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
2	Mr M Ramalingam	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
3	Mr. A Sennimalai	0.50	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
4	Mr. R K Viswanathan	0.10	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
5	Mr. P.S Gopalakrishnan	0.45	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
6	Dr K.C Reddy	0.50	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
7	Dr V R S Sampath	0.20	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
8	Mr P Selvam	0.30	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
9	Dr S Muthu	0.45	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
10	Mrs Visalakshi Periasamy	0.10	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

No remuneration is paid to Non-Executive Directors, except sitting fees for attending the Board/ Committee meetings. Sitting fees are paid within the limits prescribed in the Companies Act, 2013. There is no other pecuniary relationship between Non-Executive Directors and the Company.

Fixed Component / Performance Linked Incentive / Criteria: Performance related Bonus is payable to the Executive Chairman as per the terms of Contract entered into between the Company and the whole time Director.



Service Contract / Notice Period / Severance Fees:

- a) The Contract of Service entered into by the Company with Mr. M Ramalingam, the Managing Director, provides, a term of 5 years and also provides that the Company and the Managing Director shall be entitled to terminate the <u>agreement by giving 90 days' notice in writing on either side.</u>
- b) No severance fee is payable by the Company to the Managing Director on termination of the agreement/s.

Stock Option: The Company does not have any stock option scheme.

6. Stakeholders Relationship Committee.

Stakeholders Relationship Committee consists of four Directors, out of which three are non-executive directors. The Chairman of the Committee is Dr K C Reddy, Nominee Director (Non-executive).

The Committee met on 29.07.2020 during the Financial Year 2020- 2021. Composition and attendance is given hereunder.

SI. No	Name of the Directors	Designation/Category	No. of Meetings held	No. of Meetings attended
1	Dr K C Reddy	Nominee Director-Chairman	1	1
2	Mr M Ramalingam	Managing Director- Member	1	1
3	Mr A Sennimalai	Director- Member	1	1
4	Dr. S Muthu	Independent Director	1	1

All the investor grievances / correspondences have been promptly attended to within 7 days from the date of their receipt. Continuous efforts are made to ensure that grievances are more expeditiously redressed to the complete satisfaction of the investors. Mr E P Sakthivel, Company Secretary is the contact person.

The details of investors' complaints received and resolved during the Financial Year 2020-21 are as under:

-	No. of investors' complaints	No. of investors' complaints	Investors' complaints pending	Number not solved to the
	received during 2020-21	resolved	at the end of 2020-21	satisfaction of Share holders
١	1	1	Nil	Nil

Mr E P Sakthivel- Company Secretary & the Compliance Officer.

7. General Body Meetings

a. Location and time where last three Annual General Meetings (AGMs) held

AGM for the year	Location	Date	Time
2019-2020	Registered Office, Through Video Conference	29.09.2020	11.00 A.M
2018-2019	Vani Mahal, MINI Hall, T Nagar, Chennai 600 017.	24.09.2019	10.20 A.M
2017-2018 Narada Gana Sabha, MINI Hall,		26.09.2018	10.20 A.M
	No.314 TTK Road, Alwarpet, Chennai 600 018		

b. Special Resolution passed in the previous three Annual General Meetings

Date of Annual General Meeting	Special Resolutions
26th September 2018	Remuneration to Dr Palani G Periasamy Whole Time Director.
	Remuneration to Mr.M.Ramalingam Managing Director
24th September 2019	Re-appointment of Dr Palani G Periasamy Whole Time Director .
	Re-appointment of Mr A Sennimalai) who has crossed the age limit of 75 years, who retires by rotation and being eligible offers him for re-appointment.
	3. Re-appointment of Mr P S Gopalakrishnan as an Independent Director.
	4.Re-appointment of Dr S Muthu as an Independent Director.
	5.Re-appointment of Mr R K Viswanathan as an Independent Director.
29th September 2020	Re-appointment of Mr P.Selvam as an Independent Director

- c. No Special Resolution passed last year through postal ballot
- d. Person who conducted the postal ballot exercise Not applicable
- e. No special resolution is proposed to be conducted through postal ballot
- f. Procedure for postal ballot Not applicable



8. Means of Communication

Quarterly Financial Results / Official News Releases

- (a) The quarterly/half-yearly/annual financial results are published in English 'Financial Express' and in Tamil 'Makkalkural'.
- (b) The quarterly financial results of the company are announced within the stipulated period and are published in English and Tamil newspapers from Chennai City as required by the Listing Agreement with Stock Exchanges.
- (c) The financial results are placed on the Company's website at www.dharanisugars.com
- (d) Other than this, there have been no official news releases.
- (e) No presentation was made to the institutional investors or to the analysts.

The Company has a dedicated help desk with e-mail ID: secretarial@dharanisugars-pgp.com in the Secretarial Department for providing necessary information to the investors.

The Company has attached a separate format to its shareholders to send an email confirmation to its designated ID **secretarial@dharanisugars-pgp.com** mentioning the name, DP/Customer ID or Folio No. and the Email ID of the Shareholder for communication. On this confirmation:

- i. The Company would send all Notices, Annual Report and other communication to these shareholders through Email.
- ii. Copies of same would be available under the 'investor section' of our website www.dharanisugars.com
- iii. Shareholders will at all times be entitled to receive free of cost, hard copy (paper version) of Annual Report and other communication on specific request.
- iv. Shareholders always have the liberty to modify their instructions any time.

The Company earnestly appeals to all its shareholders to support the Green Initiative of the Government by opting for electronic mode of receiving our corporate communications, including Notices and Annual Reports.

9. General Shareholder Information

a. Time, Date and Venue of Annual General Meeting	Monday 27th September 2021 at 11.00 A.M. Through Video Conferencing at Registered office No 59 Sterling Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai-600034
b. Financial Year	1st April 2020 –31st March 2021
c. Dividend payment date	Not applicable
d. Date of Book Closure	21st September 2020 to 27th September 2020 (both days inclusive)
e. Listing on Stock Exchanges	Bombay Stock Exchange, First Floor, New Trading Ring, Rotunda Building, PJ Towers, Dalal Street, Fort,Mumbai-400 001. The National Stock Exchange of India Ltd, Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor Plot No.C/1G Block Bandra–Kurla Complex Bandra East, Mumbai-400 051
f. Stock Code	BSE – Scrip Code – 507442 NSE – DHARSUGAR-EQ
g. Payment of Annual Listing Fees	BSE and NSE Listing Fees paid on 08th July 2021 for the Financial year 2021-22



f. Market Price Data

The high and low quotations of the Company's shares on the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) and National Stock Exchange (NSE) from April 2020 to March 2021 are furnished below.

Bombay Stock Exchange -script code 507442 and National Stock Exchange of India Limited- DHARSUGAR EQ.

MONTH	NSE		BS	SE
MONTH	HIGH	LOW	HIGH	LOW
	(Rs.P.)	(Rs.P.)	(Rs.P.)	(Rs.P.)
Apr-20	6.95	6.35	6.99	6.05
May-20	Nil	Nil	6.65	5.16
Jun-20	7.75	5.50	8.20	4.91
Jul-20	Nil	Nil	7.18	6.83
Aug-20	Nil	Nil	7.15	4.89
Sep-20	4.85	4.30	5.04	4.20
Oct-20	4.85	4.00	4.99	3.97
Nov-20	4.85	4.05	4.90	3.97
Dec-20	6.55	4.25	6.34	4.27
Jan-21	Nil	Nil	6.23	5.36
Feb-21	7.45	5.05	7.30	5.16
Mar-21	8.65	5.45	8.73	5.50

g. Performance in comparison to board-based indices such as BSE Sensex, CRISIL Index etc. - Not Applicable

h. During the year Company securities were not suspended from trading in the BSE and NSE.

i. Registrars and Share Transfer Agents

M/s Cameo Corporate Services Limited

"Subramanian Building, 5th Floor

No 1 Club House Road.

Chennai 600 002.

Phone No 91-44-28460390/28460718

Fax No: 91-44-28460129, E-mail:cameo@cameoindia.com / Investor@cameoindia.com

SEBI Registration No: INR000003753

Transfer/Transmission of shares can be effected by sending the required documents to the General Manager, Cameo Corporate Services Limited, Chennai at the above address

j. Share Transfer System

The Company's shares being in compulsory demat list, are transferable only through the depository system. In order to expedite the process, the Board of Directors has delegated the authority to the Company Secretary to approve the share transfers and accordingly, the Company Secretary approves the transfer/transmission of shares generally on a weekly basis. The share transfer progress is placed in the meeting of the Board of Directors every quarter.



k. Shareholding details as on 31st March 2021

(i). Shareholding Pattern

SI.No	Category	No of Shares	%
1	Promoter & Promoter Group	20436006	61.55
2	Mutual Funds and UTI	0	0.00
3	Banks, Financial Institutions, Insurance Companies (Central/ State Government Institutions/ Non-Government Institutions)	3150	0.01
4	Bodies Corporate	363843	1.10
5	Indian Public	7556308	22.76
6	NRIs/OCBs	3887536	11.71
7	Others (Clearing Member/ HUF/Trust/)	447824	1.35
8	IEPF	505333	1.52
	Total	33200000	100.00

(ii). Distribution of Shareholding.

Shareholding of Nominal value of Rs.	Shareh	Shareholders S		Amount
	Number	% to Total	In Rs.	% to Total
Upto 5000	10834	83.31	14878400	4.48
5001 – 10000	1015	7.80	8454380	2.55
10001 – 20000	522	4.01	8339040	2.51
20001 – 30000	197	1.51	5001030	1.51
30001 – 40000	78	0.61	2821300	0.85
40001 – 50000	81	0.62	3830850	1.15
50001 – 100000	122	0.94	8805650	2.65
100001 and above	156	1.20	279869350	84.30
Total	13005	100.00	332000000	100.00

There were no unclaimed shares out of shares issued pursuant to the earlier public or any other issues and consequently no Demat suspense account has been opened for keeping an account of such unclaimed shares.

I. Dematerialization of Shares.

The Company's Equity Shares already stand dematerialized with ISIN No. INE988C01014. Trading of equity shares in the Stock Exchanges is done only in dematerialized form. Details as on 31st March 2021.

Particulars	No of Shareholders	No of Shares	% of Shares
National Securities Depository Ltd	5974	27760634	83.62
Central Depository Services (I) Ltd	4065	4011485	12.08
Total	10039	31772119	95.70

m. Outstanding GDRs/ ADRs/ Warrants or any Convertible Instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity

As on date, the Company has not issued GDRs, ADRs or any other Convertible Instruments and as such, there is no impact on the equity share capital of the Company.



n. Commodity Price Risk / Foreign Exchange Risk and hedging activities

Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk on account of import and export transactions entered. Hedging policy is available.

The Company is proactively mitigating these risks by entering into commensurate hedging transactions with banks as per applicable guidelines and group risk management instructions.

o. Plant Location

Sugar Unit –I	2500 TCD	Dharani Nagar,Vasudevanallur – 627 760, Tirunelveli Dist, Tamil Nadu
Sugar Unit – II	4000 TCD	Karaipoondi Village, Polur – 606 803. Thiruvannamalai Dist, Tamil Nadu
Sugar Unit – III	3500 TCD	Kalayanallur Village, SankarapuramTaluk, Villupuram Dist. – 606 206 Tamil Nadu
Distillery (in Unit I)	60 KLPD	Dharani Nagar,Vasudeva Nallur – 627 760. Tirunelveli Dist, Tamil Nadu
Distillery (in Unit III)	100 KLPD	Kalayanallur Village, SankarapuramTaluk , Villupuram Dist. – 606 206 Tamil Nadu
Co- Generation of Power (In Unit II)	15 MW	KaraipoondiVillage, Polur - 606803. Thiruvannamalai Dist. Tamil Nadu
Co- Generation of Power (In Unit III)	22 MW	Kalayanallur Village, Sankarapuram Taluk, Vlilupuram Dist. – 606 206 , Tamil Nadu

^{**}TCD - Ton crushed per day, KLPD - Kilo LiterPer Day.

p. Address for Correspondence

Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited

"PGP House" No.59, Sterling Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai – 600 034.

Telephone: 044 - 2820 7480, 2831 1313, Fax No: 044-2823 2074

CIN - L15421TN1987PLC014454

Email: secretarial@dharanisugars-pgp.com

Website: www.dharanisugars.com

 List of all credit ratings obtained by the entity along with any revisions thereto during the relevant financial year, for all debt instruments of such entity or any fixed deposits programme or any scheme or proposal of the listed entity involving mobilization of funds, whether in India or abroad – Not applicable

10. Other Disclosures.

a. Disclosures on materially significant related party transactions.

There was no materially significant related party transaction during the year having potential conflict with the interests of the Company.

Transactions with related parties, as per requirements of Accounting Standard 18, are disclosed in the notes to accounts annexed to the financial statements. Further the Company has not entered into any transaction of a material nature with the Promoters, subsidiaries of Promoters, Directors or their relatives etc. that may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company.

Policy on determining Related Party Transactions can be viewed in the Company's website at www.dharanisugars.com



b. Details of non-compliance by the Company, penalties and strictures imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchanges or SEBI or any statutory authorities or any matter related to capital markets during the last two years.

During the year 2019-20, the Company has complied with the regulation 34 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 in respect of submission of Annual Report for the financial year ended 31.03.2019 to the Stock Exchange with one day delay and the fine amount of Rs. 2000/- + 18 % GST was paid by the company in order to comply with the regulation.

However, on representation made by the Company, the committee of stock exchanges considered and withdrew the fine levied for one day delay (NSE through email dated 01.01.2020 and BSE through email dated 07.01.2020). The fine amount already paid will be adjusted towards Annual Listing Fees/other pending charges/ fees payable to the stock exchange.

During the year 2020-21, the trading window has not been closed with respect to approval of financial results for the quarter and year ended 31.03.2020. The Company has not complied this regulation due to nationwide Covid- 19 lockdown

The report on Corporate Governance for the quarter ended 31.03.2020 was submitted with Stock Exchanges on 17.05.2020 instead of on or before 15.05.2020. The Company has submitted the Corporate Governance report on 17.05.2020 with two days' delay. The delay was due to Covid -19 lockdown. BSE & NSE had levied the penalty of Rs. 4,000/- (inclusive of GST @ 18%) for this noncompliance on the waiver representation made by the company,BSE vide its mail dated 29.09.2020 & NSE vide its mail dated 13.11.2020 waived off the penalty levied upon the request of the Company.

c. Whistle Blower Policy and vigil mechanism affirmation that no personnel has been denied access to the Audit Committee.

The Company has adopted Whistle Blower Policy where it has a mechanism for directors and employees to report concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Code of Conduct/ Business Ethics. It is confirmed that no personnel has been denied access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee, for making complaint on any Integrity issue. This policy is hosted on the company's website.

d. Details of compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of the non-mandatory requirements under the Listing Regulations and in particular specified in regulation 17 to 27 and Clause b to I of sub regulation (2) of regulation 46 of LODR.

During the year, the Company has fully complied with the mandatory requirements as stipulated in Listing Regulations.

- e. Web link where policy for determining 'material' subsidiaries is disclosed Not applicable
- f. Web link where policy on dealing with related party transactions Not applicable
- q. Disclosures of commodity price risk and commodity hedging activities- Not applicable
- h. Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32(7A) Not applicable.
- i. The Company has received the certificate from a Company secretary in practice that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of Companies by the Board/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.
- During the year there is no instance where the board had not accepted any recommendation of any committee
 of the board which is mandatorily required.
- k. Rs 10, 50,000/- fees paid by the Company to the statutory auditor for all the services.
- I. The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual harassment policy in line with the requirements of the Section 4 of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Work Place (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received about sexual harassment. All employees are covered under this policy. Details have been displayed prominently in the work place and also in the Company's Website. No Complaints were received during the year.
- 11. Non- Compliance of any requirement of corporate governance report of sub paras (2) to (10) are not applicable.

12. Discretionary Requirements

- The quarterly financial results are published in the newspapers of wide circulation. Further the financial results are available on the website of the Company and of Stock Exchanges where the shares of the Company are listed i.e. BSE Ltd and National Stock Exchange of India Limited. Hence they are not sent to individual shareholders.
- The Auditors' Opinion on the Financial Statements is modified.

Internal Auditor reports directly to the Chairman of the Audit Committee



13. Other Disclosures.

a. Transfer of Unclaimed Dividend to IEPF

Pursuant to Section 124 & 125 of the Companies Act, 2013, dividend remaining unpaid or unclaimed for a period of 7 years will be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund of the Central Government. Reminders are sent to the shareholders as per records every year, for the unpaid dividends.

The Company transferred the following amounts of unclaimed dividend to the Investor Education and Protection Fund of the Central Government during this period.

Year	% of Dividend	Date of declaration	Amount in lakhs Transferred to IEPF	No of Shares Transferred to IEPF	Transferred date to IEPF on
2012-13	10	23.09.2013	627296.00	101409	Unpaid dividend transferred on 21.12.2020 & Shares transferred on Unpaid dividend on 17.02.2021

MCA by notification GSR 352 (E) dated 10.05.2012 has stipulated publication of details of unclaimed/ unpaid dividend in the Company website and MCA website. This will enable investors track unclaimed dividend/ shares by checking the status online and real time. Our company has already uploaded the requisite details that will get updated every year within 90 days of Annual General Meeting.

b. Code of Conduct

As required under Listing Regulations, the Company has in place a Code of Conduct applicable to the Board Members as well as the Senior Management Personnel and that the same has been hosted on the Company's website. All the Board Members and the Senior Management Personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct, as on 31st March 2021.

For and on behalf of Board

Dr. Palani G Periasamy

Executive Chairman DIN No: 00081002

Place : Chennai-34 Date : 30th July 2021

DECLARATION BY THE EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN UNDER PARA D OF SCHEDULE V OF SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) REGULATIONS, 2015 REGARDING ADHERENCE TO THE CODE OF CONDUCT

In accordance with Para D Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015, I hereby confirm that, all the Directors and the Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with their respective Codes of Conduct, as applicable to them, for the financial year ended March 31, 2021.

For and on behalf of Board

Dr. Palani G Periasamy

Executive Chairman DIN No: 00081002

Place: Chennai-34 Date: 30th July 2021



Managing Director/CFO Certificate

To

The Board of Directors Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited

We certify that;

- A. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement of Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited for the year ended 31st March 2021 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - 1. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - 2. These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. To the best of our knowledge and belief, no transaction entered into by the Company during the year which is fraudulent, illegal or violate of the code of conduct of the Company.
- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls over financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company over financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls over financial reporting, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken, propose to take, to rectify these deficiencies. In our opinion, there are adequate internal controls over financial reporting;
- D. We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit Committee that there are:
 - a. no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - b. no significant changes in accounting policies during the year; and
 - c. no instances of fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control systems over financial reporting.

Place: Chennai-34 Date: 30th July 2021 M P Kaliannan
President (Corp.Finance)
Chief Financial Officer

M Ramalingam Managing Director

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To.

The Members of Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited, Chennai

I. M Damodaran, Managing Partner of M Damodaran & Associates LLP have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited, Chennai for the year ended on 31st March, 2021, as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2), and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of Chapter IV of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations")

The compliance of the conditions of corporate governance is the responsibility of the management. My examination was limited to a review of the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the company for ensuring the compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the company.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me, I certify that the company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance stipulated in the above mentioned Listing Regulations except the following:

a. The report on Corporate Governance for the quarter ended 31.03.2020 has been submitted to the Stock Exchanges as required under Reg. 27(2) with minor delay.

I state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For M Damodaran & Associates Practising Company Secretary

> (M DAMODARAN) ACS/FCS No.5837 CP.No.5081

ICSI No: F005837C000815987

Place: Chennai

Dated: 21st August 2021



CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To.

The Members of DHARANI SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED PGP House 57, Sterling Rd, Nungambakkam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu - 600034.

I, M. Damodaran, Managing Partner of M Damodaran & Associates LLP, Practicing Company Secretaries have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of DHARANI SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED having CIN - L15421TN1987PLC014454 and having registered office at PGP House 57, Sterling Rd, Nungambakkam, Chennai, Tamil Nadu 600034(hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31st March, 2021 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company
1.	Mr. Gopalkarish Subramaniam Puthucode	00001446	30/08/2005
2.	Mr. Viswanathan Kasianna Gounder*	00047420	04/11/2016
3.	Mr. Arunachalam Sennimalai	00062791	04/06/1987
4.	Ms.Visalakshi Periasamy	00064517	12/11/2014
5.	Mr. Palani Gounder Periasamy	00081002	04/06/1987
6.	Mr. Ramalingam Muthusamy	00278025	25/06/1994
7.	Mr. Reddy Chenchi Kalluri	00549773	31/05/1996
8.	Mr. Rajasekaram Sampath*	00804839	04/11/2016
9.	Mr. Selvam Palani*	01351493	12/11/2014
10.	Mr. Muthu Sakkarakali Gounder	03331664	12/11/2014

^{*}DIR- 3 KYC is yet to be filed.

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on my verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For M Damodaran & Associates LLP

M Damodaran

Managing Partner Membership No.5837

COP No.5081

ICSI UDIN No.: F005837C000815965

Place : Chennai Date : 21st August 2021



Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited

Report on the audit of the Standalone financial statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the Standalone financial statements of Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, subject to the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the aforesaid Standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and its loss, total comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended as on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

We draw attention to the following matters:

a) Note 48 to the Standalone financial statements regarding the fact that the all the banks and financial institutions have classified the borrowings of the Company as non-performing assets. All the banks and financial institutions have also issued notice calling back the loans. Considering the above, the Company (a) stopped providing interest on the outstanding borrowings from banks and financial institutions and (b) not restated the foreign currency loans during the year. In the opinion of the management, in view of the one-time settlement of the loans sought by the Company, there will be no further interest liability on the Company from the NPA date.

The application filed for Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) of the company by a financial creditor was admitted on July 29, 2021 by the Honourable National Company Law Tribunal ("NCLT") and an interim resolution professional was also appointed. However, we were informed that no official communication has been received as on date from the Hon'ble NCLT and the Company will respond appropriately considering the One Time Settlement (OTS) under negotiation towards

which the Company has already deposited Rs.2,631 Lakhs as stipulated by the consortium of bankers/financial institutions.

In the absence any specific confirmation of balances received from the banks/ financial institutions, we are unable to comment on the appropriateness of the aforesaid reversal of interest and its impact on the Standalone financial statements is not presently determinable.

b) Note 50 to the Standalone financial statements which explains that subsequent to the reporting date, the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Chennai Bench vide its order dated May 5, 2020 admitted a corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) and approved the appointment of a resolution professional, in one of the investee companies. The carrying amount of investments as at March 31, 2021 is Rs. 1,455.53 Lakhs.

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Hon'ble NCLT has passed an order approving the resolution plan submitted by one of the resolution applicants. In accordance with the approved resolution plan, no payment will be made towards any amount due to the promoters and their related group companies by the successful resolution applicant. In our opinion, considering the present development, the entire investments held by the Company in the aforesaid investee is considered to be not recoverable as per the approved resolution plan.

However, we were informed by the management that a major part of the assets of the investee comprises of land and commercial buildings (including a well-known brand name in the hotel industry), whose liquidation value is much higher than the total dues to its financial and operating creditors (including that of the Company) and the resolution plan approved is not in line with the actual value of the assets. The management also confirmed that the resolution professional has not followed the due process of CIRP and accordingly, the resolution plan approved is not proper as per law. It was also informed to us that the investee has filed an application before the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal praying for quashing the order of the Hon'ble NCLT and a decision is vet to be made by the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal.

Accordingly, in the opinion of the management, the Company will still able to recover the entire carrying amount of the investee, even in the aforesaid CIRP conditions. Based on the above estimate made by the management, no adjustment has been made in the fair value of such investment.

Due to uncertainties involved in the CIRP process as detailed above, the impact, if any, on the Statement are not presently determinable in respect of the above matter.



- c) As more fully described in the Material Uncertainty Relating to Going Concern section of our opinion on the Standalone financial statements, there is significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as going concern and the consequential impairment on the carrying value of the financial and non-financial assets of the Company. We are unable to comment on the appropriateness of preparing the Statement on a going concern assumption and the impact, if any, arising out of the above matter is not presently determinable.
- d) Our audit report on the Standalone financial statements is qualified in respect of matters referred to clauses (a) to (c) above. The above matters have been qualified in the earlier years as well.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards on auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Standalone financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's code of ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to the following

(a) The Company's net worth is negative and it continue to incur huge losses in its operations. We understand from the management that the poor performance of the Company is mainly due to low availability of sugarcane for crushing as planting areas are being continuously reduced due to continuous draught and the general slowdown in sugar industry due to factors like failure of monsoon, varietal degeneration, reduced recovery, decline in area under cultivation and the resultant reduction in capacity utilisation of sugar mills.

This being a general industry issue, a formal representation was made by the South Indian Sugar Mills Association (SISMA), in which the Company is a member, to the Hon'ble Prime Minister and the Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu for announcing revival packages for the sugar industry. SISMA expects that its demands will be considered by the Central and State Governments favourably.

- (b) We were informed that
- in the meeting with the Hon'ble Union Finance Minister, SISMA has submitted a request for

restructuring of loans to sugar mills considering the status of Sugar industry in Tamilnadu. Pursuant to the directions of the Hon'ble Union Finance Minister, the Ministry of Finance had organised a joint meeting of the senior officers of Reserve Bank of India (RBI), Ministry of Finance, Food Ministry, Tamilnadu State Government, Farmers' Associations and SISMA. The meeting was held on September 24, 2019 and deliberated on the supportive measures including restructuring of accounts required for the revival of sugar units in Tamilnadu:

- (2) SISMA has also sent a letter to the State Level Bankers Committee (SLBC) and requested to keep in abeyance the recovery proceedings initiated against sugar units in Tamilnadu, including proceeding before the SARFAESI, Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) and Debt Recovery Tribunal (DRT), considering the discussions arising out of the above meeting;
- (3) the Hon'ble Chief Minister of Tamilnadu has also sent a communication to the Hon'ble Union Finance Minister requesting to direct the bankers to restructure of loans given to the sugar industry and not to take any harsh measures under SARFAESI, Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code and DRT vide D.O letter dated October 24, 2019 and press release No.725 dated October 26, 2019, until the sugar sector is revived;
- (4) SISMA has written on January 28, 2020, to The Joint Secretary - Sugar, Department of Food and PD, seeking rescheduling of SDF loans availed by TN Sugar Mills:
- (5) on a petition filed by the Company and others, the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India on April 2, 2019 declared the RBI circular dated February 12, 2018, as "ultra-vires, Section 35AA of the Banking Regulation Act". Further, the Company has submitted a resolution plan to the consortium of banks for restructuring the loans. The resolution plan was rejected by the consortium of banks in the Joint Lender's Meeting held on May 22, 2019;
- (6) SISMA representatives against met the Hon'ble Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu to express the further distress faced by the sugar industry coupled with Covid'19 and accumulating dues from TANGEDCO. Based on the representations, the Government of Tamilnadu ordered for release of outstanding TANGEDCO dues to the sugar mills by granting subsidy and advance subsidy for 2020-21 to TANGEDCO. This is expected to give a reasonable relief to the sugar mills to manage the working capital requirements;
- (7) SISMA has made another representation to the Hon'ble Union Finance Minister vide its letter No.GS7/ 43/ 2020 dated July 21, 2020 highlighting



the fact that out of 25 private sugar mills in the State of Tamil Nadu, 12 mills remain closed during the current season leading to widespread job losses while the banks have initiated aggressive recovery measures by referring the accounts of the above mills to Hon'ble NCLT/ DRT. SISMA requested to implement support measures like restructuring of debts availed from banks/ financial institutions/ sugar development funds, keeping in abeyance the recovery proceedings initiated against financially stressed mills before NCLT/ DRT till such a revival package is implemented, extending soft loans under credit quarantee scheme, direct subsidy to cane farmers towards FRP payment for the portion of FRP which has become unaffordable to the mills due to low sugar recovery, advising banks to liberally disburse crop loans to farmers etc. SISMA expects that considering the possibility of rural community job losses, loss of livelihood of the rural population and the massive adverse impact on the rural economy, the Union Finance Ministry will implement the revival packages as requested in the immediate near future;

(8) Despite the above matters relating to industry issues requiring policy decisions at various levels and submissions being under consideration by the Central and State Governments to revive the sugar units in Tamilnadu, one of the bankers has filed an insolvency petition with Hon'ble NCLT for corporate insolvency resolution process on August 14, 2019. The Company has replied stating that the entire sugar Industry in Tamilnadu is passing through a distressing period and that the Bank has failed to adhere to the Prudential Framework for Resolution of Stressed Assets and that the bank has ignored the consortium arrangement and independently proceeded for recovery of its portion of debt. The said Bank has also sent, in parallel, an intimation letter for scheme of One Time Settlement (BOI OTS 2019) dated October 31, 2019 received by the Company on November 8, 2019. The Company replied to the Bank offering an OTS proposal vide letter dated December 17, 2019 and January 21, 2020 and the same is under negotiation. During the hearings held on February 10, 2020 and March 3, 2020, the said bank informed the Hon'ble NCLT about the OTS proposal submitted by the Company along with the initial deposit as per the OTS proposal and sought time for its decision to review the OTS proposal. Accordingly, the Hon'ble NCLT posted the case for further hearing. The next hearing is postponed to February 15, 2021.On the hearing held on February 15, 2021, the Hon'ble NCLT posted the case for further hearing on July 20, 2021. On the hearing held on July 20, 2021 the Company was asked to submit a written summary of the hearings held so far regarding the Case.

- (9) In the interim, in the meeting of the Consortium of Banks was held on May 5, 2021, the Consortium of Banks have agreed for the OTS proposal of the Company to settle 55% of the total amount of borrowings outstanding with certain conditions. The company has deposited Rs.2,631 Lakhs as per the terms of the OTS and is in the process of complying with the other conditions of the OTS; and
- (10) However, the CIRP filed by the said bank was admitted by the Hon'ble NCLT and an interim resolution professional was appointed on July 29, 2021, the official communication from the Hon'ble NCLT is yet to be received by the Company.

The above factors cast a significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Pending resolution of the above uncertainties, the Company has prepared the Standalone financial statements on a going concern basis. This is qualified by us in the Basis for qualification section of our report on the Standalone financial statements.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have no other key audit matters to report other than those described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion and in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern sections our report on the Standalone financial statements.

Emphasis of Matters

We draw attention to Estimation of uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic from COVID-19 section of Note 2 to the standalone financial statements which describes the uncertainties and the impact of Covid-19 pandemic on the Company's operations and results as assessed by the management.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matters.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors report thereon

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.



Our opinion on the Standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

The Company's board of directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended from time to time, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The board of directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors'responsibilities for the audit of the standalone financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone financial statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.



 Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in Annexure "A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;

- (c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss including other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flow dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, subject to our comments in the Basis of Qualified Opinion Paragraph of our report;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting;
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act; and
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 40 to the financial statements;
- The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on longterm contracts including derivative contracts; and
- There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For CNGSN & ASSOCIATES LLP Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 004915S/ S200036

(CHINNSAMY GANESAN)

Partner

Place: Chennai Membership No. 027501 Date: July 30,2021 UDIN: 21027501AAAACW8974



Annexure "A" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' section of our report to the members of Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited of even date)

- 1. In respect of the Company's fixed assets:
- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- (b) The Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of fixed assets in a phased manner over a period of three years, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
 - Pursuant to the program, certain fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the records examined by us and based on the examination of the conveyance deeds provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties of land and buildings which are freehold, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date. In respect of title deeds for properties given as security for the loans taken, the Company is in the process of getting the confirmation from the respective banks/ financial institutions.
- The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable. However, due to the lockdown restrictions imposed by the Central and State Government following the Covid'19 pandemic, the Company could not carryout physical verification of inventory as at the reporting date. Since we could not observe the physical inventory verification because of the travel restrictions imposed due to Covid'19, we were unable to comment on whether any material discrepancies were noticed on such verification and whether they are properly dealt with in the standalone financial statements. However, the impact, if any, is not considered to be material to the financial statements, since the Company has minimal operations due to Covid 19 during the year.

- According to information and explanation given to us, the company has not granted any loan, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register required under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (iii) of the order is not applicable.
- 4. In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, the company has not granted any loans or provided any guarantees or given any security to which the provision of section 185 of the companies Act are applicable.
 - In respect of investments made by the Company, the Company had complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any public deposits and accordingly, paragraph 3 (v) of the order is not applicable.
- 6. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148 of the Act, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not carried out a detailed examination of the same.
- 7. According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
- (a) The Company has not been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, value added tax, goods and services tax, customs duty, excise duty, cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities, taking into account the extended due dates notified by the respective authorities pursuant to Covid'19.
- (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of employees' state Insurance, sales tax, service tax, value added tax, goods and services tax, customs duty, excise duty, cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable, except the dues of provident fund and income tax as detailed below:



Name of the Statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs.in lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates
Employees Provident Fund Scheme, 1952	Provident Fund	303.48	November 2019 till March 2021
Income Tax Act, 1961	Tax deducted at Source	7.52	April 2020 till March 2021

(c) The details of dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, excise duty, goods and services tax and value added tax which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2021 on account of dispute are given below:

Statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs.in lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Finance Act, 1994	Service Tax on Goods Transport Agency	48.01	April 2008 to April 2013	CESTAT - Chennai
Central Excise Act, 1944	CENVAT credit on Capital goods	85.37*	Sep 2008 to Feb 2010	CESTAT- Chennai

*Net of Amount paid under protest

- 8. According to the information and explanation given to us and records examined by us, the Company has defaulted in repayment of dues to banks and financial institutions and all the lenders have classified the loans as non-performing assets and also issued notices calling back the loans. We were informed that the Company has submitted One Time Settlement proposal, which is under negotiation. The Consortium of banks in their meeting held on May 05, 2021 have agreed for the proposal of settling 55% of the total loans outstanding. Subsequent to the balance sheet, the Company has deposited Rs 2,631 Lakhs as stipulated in the OTS.
 - The CIRP filed by the banks was admitted by the Hon'ble NCLT and an interim resolution professional was appointed on July 29, 2021, the official communication from the Hon'ble NCLT is yet to be received by the Company.
 - The Company does not have any outstanding loans to government and any dues to the debenture holders during the year.
- 9. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not taken any terms loans during the year. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
- 10. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- 11. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has paid/ provided managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- 12. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and accordingly, Paragraph 3 (xii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- 13. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act. Where applicable, the details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) of the order is not applicable.
- 15. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with them. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the order is not applicable.
- 16. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For CNGSN & ASSOCIATES LLP Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 004915S/ S200036

(CHINNSAMY GANESAN)

Partner

Membership No. 027501 UDIN: 21027501AAAACW8974

Place : Chennai Date: July 30,2021



Annexure "B" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on other legal and regulatory requirements' section of our report to the Members of Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited of even date)

Report on the internal financial controls over financial reporting under clause (i) of sub- section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited ("the Company") as at March 31, 2021, in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's responsibility for internal financial controls

The board of directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the standards on auditing prescribed under Section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those standards and the guidance note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement in the financial

statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial control system over financial reporting.

Meaning of internal financial controls over financial reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management of override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial control system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For CNGSN & ASSOCIATES LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 004915S/ S200036
(CHINNSAMY GANESAN)

Partner

Place : Chennai Membership No. 027501 Date: July 30,2021 UDIN : 21027501AAAACW8974



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR 2020 - 2021



Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	As at March	As at March
1	110100	31, 2021	31, 2020
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	53,785.54	55,780.05
Intangible assets	4	-	-
Financial assets			
Investments	5	1,463.15	1,460.35
Other financial assets	6	43.01	43.07
Other non-current assets	7	112.48	259.53
Deferred tax assets (net)		-	-
Total		55,404.18	57,543.00
Current assets			
Inventories	8	189.79	582.74
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	9	511.04	1,713.43
Cash and cash equivalents	10	580.09	58.99
Other Bank balances	11	-	6.33
Other financial assets	12	3.00	3.00
Other current assets	13	57.09	322.44
Current Tax Assets (Net)	14	17.53	24.38
Total current assets		1,358.54	2,711.31
Total Assets		56,762.72	60,254.31
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	15	3,320.00	3,320.00
Other equity	16	(15,990.09)	(12,244.02)
Total equity		(12,670.09)	(8,924.02)
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	17	615.35	75.21
Other financial liabilities	18	15.79	23.12
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	19	1,338.46	1,338.46
Provisions	20	564.02	559.74
Total		2,533.62	1,996.53
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	21	52,996.74	51,114.05
Trade payables	22		
Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises		21.90	19.96
Dues to enterprises other than Micro and Small Enterprises		8,629.88	9,190.20
Other financial liabilities	23	21.51	2,049.66
Other current liabilities	24	5,106.86	4,674.27
Short Term Provisions	25	122.30	133.66
Total current liabilities		66,899.19	67,181.80
Total liabilities		69,432.81	69,178.33
Total		56,762.72	60,254.31

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements As per our report of even date attached

For CNGSN & ASSOCIATES LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 004915S/ S200036

CHINNSAMY GANESAN

Partner

Membership No.27501

UDIN: 21027501AAAACW8974

Place: Chennai - 34 Date: July 30, 2021

For and on behalf of the board

DHARANI SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED

Dr.PALANI.G. PERIASAMY

Executive Chairman DIN: 00081002

M. RAMALINGAM Managing Director

DIN: 00278025

E. P. SAKTHIVEL **Company Secretary**



Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Income			
Revenue from operations	26	3,108.99	10,996.75
Other income	27	582.52	43.17
Total income		3,691.51	11,039.92
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	28	2,519.94	6,597.74
Changes in inventories of finished goods & work-in- progress	29	(20.15)	1,808.49
Employee Benefit Expenses	30	1,367.24	2,161.73
Depreciation and amortisation expense	31	2,339.96	2,245.52
Finance costs	32	210.78	215.40
Other expenses	33	1,077.56	4,816.70
Total expenses		7,495.33	17,845.58
Loss before exceptional items and tax		(3,803.82)	(6,805.66)
Exceptional items	49	-	3,477.86
Profit/ (Loss) before tax from continuing operations		(3,803.82)	(3,327.80)
Income tax expense	34		
Current tax		-	-
Deferred tax asset/ (liability)		-	339.68
Profit/ (Loss) for the period		(3,803.82)	(2,988.12)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligations		57.75	(32.95)
Income tax relating to these items		-	-
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax		57.75	(32.95)
Total comprehensive income/ (Loss) for the period		(3,746.07)	(3,021.07)
Earnings per equity share			
Basic earnings per share		(11.46)	(9.00)
Diluted earnings per share		(11.46)	(9.00)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements As per our report of even date attached

For CNGSN & ASSOCIATES LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 004915S/ S200036

CHINNSAMY GANESAN

Partner

Membership No.27501

UDIN: 21027501AAAACW8974

Place: Chennai - 34 Date: July 30, 2021 For and on behalf of the board

DHARANI SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED

Dr.PALANI.G. PERIASAMY Executive Chairman

DIN: 00081002

E. P. SAKTHIVEL Company Secretary M. RAMALINGAM Managing Director

DIN: 00278025



Statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
T di tiodidio	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Cash Flow From Operating Activities	Watch 51, 2021	Water 51, 2020
Profit before income tax	(3,803.82)	(3,327.80)
Adjustments for	(3,003.02)	(3,327.00)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	2,339.96	2,245.52
(Gain)/ loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(38.63)	2,243.32
Unamortised Finance Income	(8.20)	(7.22)
Unamortised interest expense and rent	40.48	172.66
Allowance for expected credit loss	374.40	2.756.41
Interest income		(12.40)
Reversal of interest accrued accounted as exceptional item	(12.97)	` ,
Finance costs	210.78	(3,477.86)
	210.76	215.40
Unrealised foreign exchange (gains)/loss	(2.80)	205.59
Changes in fair value of investments		
Change in apparating access and liabilities	(900.80)	(1,229.70)
Change in operating assets and liabilities	(40.40)	4.44
(Increase)/ decrease in other financial assets	(40.42)	4.41
(Increase)/ decrease in inventories	42.25 827.98	1,881.42
(Increase)/ decrease in trade receivables		(258.12)
(Increase)/ decrease in other assets	412.40	1,748.26
Increase/ (decrease) in provisions and other liabilities	(1,140.98)	(28.59)
Increase/ (decrease) in trade payables	(558.38)	(1,422.77)
Cash generated from operations	(1,357.95)	694.91
Less: Income taxes paid/ (refunds)	(6.85)	0.63
Net cash from operating activities (A)	(1,351.10)	694.28
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		(0.40)
Payments for property, plant and equipment	40.00	(2.48)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	43.88	-
(Purchase)/ disposal proceeds of Investments (non-current)	(0.00)	0.35
Realisation of/ (investment in) fixed deposits with banks	6.33	15.50
Interest received	12.97	12.56
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	63.18	25.93
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		(0.00.0-1)
Proceeds from/ (repayment of) short term borrowings (net)	2,198.88	(303.25)
Proceeds from/ (repayment of) long term borrowings (net)	606.54	(270.26)
Interest paid	(996.40)	(297.01)
Net cash from/ (used in) financing activities (C)	1,809.02	(870.52)
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents(A+B+C)	521.10	(150.31)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	58.99	209.30
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	580.09	58.99

Notes:

1. The above cash flow statement has been prepared under indirect method prescribed in Ind AS 7 "Cash Flow Statements".

2. Components of cash and cash equivalents

Balances with banks

 - in current accounts
 579.13
 57.65

 Cash on hand
 0.96
 1.34

 otal
 580.09
 58.99

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements As per our report of even date attached

For CNGSN & ASSOCIATES LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 004915S/ S200036

CHINNSAMY GANESAN

Partner Membership No.27501

UDIN: 21027501AAAACW8974

For and on behalf of the board

DHARANI SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED

Dr.PALANI.G. PERIASAMY

Executive Chairman DIN: 00081002

M. RAMALINGAM Managing Director

DIN: 00278025

Place : Chennai - 34 Date : July 30, 2021

E. P. SAKTHIVELCompany Secretary



Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

(A) Equity Share Capital

Balance at the end of April 1, 2019 3,320

Changes in equity share capital during the year -

Balance at the end of March 31, 2020 3,320

Changes in equity share capital during the year

Balance at the end of March 31, 2021 3,320

(B) Other Equity

Particulars	Capital Reserve	Securities premium	General Reserve	Other Comprehensive Income	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2019	0.86	3,114.72	1,000.00	-	(13,338.53)	(9,222.95)
Additions/ (deductions) during the year	-	-	-	32.95	(32.95)	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year				(32.95)	(2,988.12)	(3,021.07)
Balance as at March 31, 2020	0.86	3,114.72	1,000.00		(16,359.60)	(12,244.02)
Additions/ (deductions) during the year	-	-	-	(57.75)	57.75	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	57.75	(3,803.82)	(3,746.07)
Balance as at March 31, 2021	0.86	3,114.72	1,000.00		(20,105.67)	(15,990.09)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements As per our report of even date attached

For CNGSN & ASSOCIATES LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 004915S/ S200036

CHINNSAMY GANESAN

Partner

Membership No.27501

UDIN: 21027501AAAACW8974

For and on behalf of the board

DHARANI SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED

Dr.PALANI.G. PERIASAMY

Executive Chairman DIN: 00081002

M. RAMALINGAM

Managing Director DIN: 00278025

0081002 DIN: 0027802

Place : Chennai - 34

Date : July 30, 2021

E. P. SAKTHIVEL

Company Secretary



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

1 Corporate Information

Dharani Sugars and Chemicals Limited, is a public limited company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 and has its registered office in Chennai. The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing white sugar, generation of electricity and production of industrial alcohol.

2 Basis of preparation of financial statements

Statement of compliance

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016, as amended from time to time.

Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value or revalued amount:

- a) Derivative financial instruments
- Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments)

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

Estimation of uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic from COVID-19

The Company has made detailed assessment of its liquidity position for the next year and the recoverability and carrying value of its assets comprising property, plant and equipment, investments and trade receivables. Based on current indicators of future economic conditions, the Company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets. The situation is changing rapidly giving rise to inherent uncertainty around the extent and timing of the potential future impact of the Covid-19 which may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of the financial results. The Company will continue to closely monitor any material changes arising of future economic conditions and impact on its business.

Functional and presentation currency

"These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in INR has been rounded to the nearest lakhs (up to two decimals).

The financial statements are approved for issue by the Company's board of directors on July 30, 2021."

2A Critical accounting estimates and management judgments

In application of the accounting policies, which are described in note 2, the management of the Company is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements used in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

The residual values and estimated useful life of PPEs and Intangible Assets are assessed by the technical team at each reporting date by taking into account the nature of asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating condition of the asset, past history of replacement and maintenance support. Upon review, the management accepts the assigned useful life and residual value for computation of depreciation/ amortisation. Also, management judgement is exercised for classifying the asset as investment properties or vice versa.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

Current tax

Calculations of income taxes for the current period are done based on applicable tax laws and management's judgement by evaluating positions taken in tax returns and interpretations of relevant provisions of law.

Deferred Tax Assets (including MAT Credit Entitlement)

Significant management judgement is exercised by reviewing the deferred tax assets at each reporting date to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be retained/ recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

Fair value

Management uses valuation techniques in measuring the fair value of financial instruments where active market quotes are not available. In applying the valuation techniques, management makes maximum use of market inputs and uses estimates and assumptions that are, as far as possible, consistent with observable data that market participants would use in pricing the instrument. Where applicable data is not observable, management uses its best estimate about the assumptions that market participants would make. These estimates may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

Impairment of Trade Receivables

The impairment for trade receivables are done based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The assumptions, selection of inputs for calculation of impairment are based on management judgement considering the past history, market conditions and forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting date.

Impairment of Non-financial assets (Property, plant and equipment/ Intangible Assets)

The impairment of non-financial assets is determined based on estimation of recoverable amount of such assets. The assumptions used in computing the recoverable amount are based on management's judgement considering the timing of future cash flows, discount rates and the risks specific to the asset.

Defined Benefit Plans and Other long term benefits

"The cost of the defined benefit plan and other long term benefits, and the present value of such obligation are determined by the independent actuarial valuer. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in future. Management believes that the assumptions used by the actuary in determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rates are reasonable. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long term nature, this obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date."

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities could not be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, management uses valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model, to determine its fair value. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is exercised in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility.

Provisions and contingencies

The recognition and measurement of other provisions are based on the assessment of the probability of an outflow of resources, and on past experience and circumstances known at the reporting date. The actual outflow of resources at a future date may therefore vary from the figure estimated at the end of each reporting period.

2B Recent accounting pronouncements Standards issued but not yet effective

Amendments to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

On March 24, 2021, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through a notification, amended Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. The amendments revise Division I, II and III of Schedule III and are applicable from April 1, 2021. Key amendments relating to Division III which relate to Financial Statements for a Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC) whose financial statements are drawn up in compliance of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 such as:



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

Balance Sheet

- Lease liabilities should be separately disclosed under the head 'financial liabilities'
- Certain additional disclosures in the statement of changes in equity such as changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors and restated balances at the beginning of the current reporting period
- Specified format for disclosure of shareholding of promoters
- Specified format for ageing schedule of trade receivables, trade payables, capital work-in-progress and intangible asset under development
- If a company has not used funds for the specific purpose for which it was borrowed from banks and financial
 institutions, then disclosure of details of where it has been used
- Specific disclosure under 'additional regulatory requirement' such as compliance with approved schemes of
 arrangements, compliance with number of layers of companies, title deeds of immovable property not held in
 name of company, loans and advances to promoters, directors, key managerial personnel (KMP) and related
 parties, details of benami property held etc.
- · Disclosure of various ratios

Statement of Profit and Loss

 Additional disclosures relating to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR), undisclosed income and crypto or virtual currency specified under the head 'additional information' in the notes forming part of the standalone financial statements

The amendments are extensive and the Company will evaluate the same to give effect to them as required by law.

3 Significant Accounting Policies

a) Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- i) Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle:
- ii) Held primarily for the purpose of trading:
- iii) Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv) Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- i) It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle:
- ii) It is held primarily for the purpose of trading:
- iii) It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv) There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified 12 months as its operating cycle.

b) Fair value measurement

The Company has applied the fair value measurement wherever necessitated at each reporting period.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- i) In the principal market for the asset or liability;
- ii) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non - financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and the best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- "Level 1 : Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities;
- "Level 2 : Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable; and
- Level 3 : Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The Company has designated the respective team leads to determine the policies and procedures for both recurring and non-recurring fair value measurement. External valuers are involved, wherever necessary with the approval of Company's board of directors. Selection criteria includes market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained.

For the purpose of fair value disclosure, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risk of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above. The component wise fair value measurement is disclosed in the relevant notes.

c) Revenue Recognition

Sale of goods

"Revenue is recognised when the company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when the customer obtains control of that asset., which generally coincides with the despatch of the goods or as per the inco-terms agreed with the customers.

"Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment. It comprises of invoice value of goods including excise duty and after deducting discounts, volume rebates and applicable taxes on sale. It also excludes value of self-consumption.

Sale of Power

Sale of power is recognised at the point of generation of power from the plant and stock points. The monetary values of such power generated that are captively consumed are not recognised as revenue.

Export entitlements

Export entitlements from Government authorities are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the right to receive credit as per the terms of the scheme is established in respect of the exports made by the Company, and where there is no significant uncertainty regarding the ultimate collection of the relevant export proceeds.

Interest Income

Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the company's right to receive dividend is established by the reporting date, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

d) Property, plant and equipment

Presentation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of the plant and equipment and borrowing costs of a qualifying asset, if the recognition criteria are met. When significant parts of plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

"Advances paid towards the acquisition of tangible assets outstanding at each balance sheet date, are disclosed as capital advances under long term loans and advances and the cost of the tangible assets not ready for their intended use before such date, are disclosed as capital work in progress.

Component Cost

All material/ significant components have been identified for our plant and have been accounted separately. The useful life of such component are analysed independently and wherever components are having different useful life other than plant they are part of, useful life of components are considered for calculation of depreciation.

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of repairs and maintenance are recognised in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Machinery spares/ insurance spares that can be issued only in connection with an item of fixed assets and their issue is expected to be irregular are capitalised. Replacement of such spares is charged to revenue. Other spares are charged as revenue expenditure as and when consumed.

Derecognition

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

e) Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

"Depreciation is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of an asset over its useful life. The depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less 5% being its residual value.

Depreciation is provided on straight line method, over the useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except for the following items, where useful life estimated on technical assessment and past trends differ from those provided in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013."

Assets Category	Estimated useful life (in years)
Plant and Machinery	30
Office Equipment	6
Vehicles	10

Depreciation for PPE on additions is calculated on pro-rata basis from the date of such additions. For deletion/ disposals, the depreciation is calculated on pro-rata basis up to the date on which such assets have been discarded/ sold. Additions to fixed assets, costing Rs.5,000 each or less are fully depreciated retaining its residual value.

The residual values, estimated useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

f) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of a separately acquired intangible asset comprises (a) its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates; and (b) any directly attributable cost of preparing the asset for its intended use.

Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible assets are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

Useful life and amortisation of intangible assets

"The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period.

The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

All intangible assets are amortized during earlier years. There is no balance as on March 31, 2021 of Intangible Asset.

g) Inventories

"Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Costs are determined on weighted average method.

In respect of work in progress and finished goods, cost also includes conversion costs, appropriate share of production overheads."

h) Financial Instruments

Financial assets

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when an entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified on the basis of their contractual cash flow characteristics and the entity's business model of managing them.

Financial assets are classified into the following categories:

Financial instruments (other than equity instruments) at amortised cost
Financial Instruments (other than equity instruments) at fair value through Other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
Other Financial Instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Financial instruments (other than equity instruments) at amortised cost

The Company classifies a financial instruments (other than equity instruments) at amortised cost, if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows; and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial instruments (other than equity instruments) at FVTOCI

The Company classifies a financial instrument (other than equity instrument) at FVTOCI, if both of the following criteria are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the group recognizes interest income, impairment losses and reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss statement. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to profit and loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

Financial instruments (other than equity instruments) at FVTPL

The Company classifies all other financial instruments, which do not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, as at FVTPL.

Financial instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. Where the Company makes an irrevocable election of equity instruments at FVTOCI, it recognises all subsequent changes in the fair value in other comprehensive income, without any recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit and loss, even on sale of such investments.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

Financial assets are measured at FVTPL except for those financial assets whose contractual terms give rise to cash flows on specified dates that represents solely payments of principal and interest thereon, are measured as detailed below depending on the business model:

Classification	Name of the financial asset
Amortised cost	Trade receivables, Loans to employees and related parties, deposits, interest receivable and other advances recoverable in cash
FVTOCI	Equity investments in companies other than subsidiaries and associates as an option exercised at the time of initial recognition.
FVTPL	Other investments in equity instruments, forward exchange contracts. (to the extent not designated as hedging instrument)

Derecognition

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when:

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The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a passthrough arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance.
- b) Financial assets that are debt instruments and are measured at FVTOCI
- Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on:

	Trade receivables or contract revenue receivables; and
	All lease receivables resulting from transactions within the scope of Ind AS 116
reco	application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, i ognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime Expected Credit Loss (ECL) at each reporting date t from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12 months ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12 months ECL.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12 months ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, the Company considers all contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension, call and similar options) over the expected life of the financial instrument and Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECL allowance (or reversal) recognized during the period is recognized as income/ expense in the statement of profit and loss, net of lien available on securities held against the receivables. This amount is reflected under the head 'other expenses' in the profit and loss. The balance sheet presentation for various financial instruments is described below:

Financial assets measured as at amortised cost, contractual revenue receivables and lease receivables: ECL is presented as an allowance, which reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write-off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.
Debt instruments measured at FVTOCI: Since financial assets are already reflected at fair value, impairment allowance is not further reduced from its value. Rather, ECL amount is presented as 'accumulated impairment amount' in the OCI.

For assessing increase in credit risk and impairment loss, the company combines financial instruments on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics with the objective of facilitating an analysis that is designed to enable significant increases in credit risk to be identified on a timely basis.

For impairment purposes, significant financial assets are tested on individual basis at each reporting date. Other financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. Accordingly, the impairment testing is done retrospectively on the following basis:



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

Name of the financial asset	Impairment Testing Methodology
Trade Receivables	"Expected Credit Loss model (ECL) is applied. The ECL over lifetime of the assets are estimated by using a provision matrix which is based on historical loss rates reflecting current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions which are grouped on the basis of similar credit characteristics such as nature of industry, customer segment, past due status and other factors that are relevant to estimate the expected cash loss from these assets."
Other financial assets	"When the credit risk has not increased significantly, 12 month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. When there is significant change in credit risk since initial recognition, the impairment is measured based on probability of default over the life time. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12 month ECL."

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at FVTPL and as at amortised cost.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to profit and loss. However, the company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Reclassification of financial assets

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

The following table shows various reclassification and how they are accounted for:

S.No	Original classification	Revised classification	Accounting treatment
1	Amortised cost	FVTPL	Fair value is measured at reclassification date. Difference between previous amortized cost and fair value is recognised in P&L.
2	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new gross carrying amount. EIR is calculated based on the new gross carrying amount.
3	Amortised cost	FVTOCI	Fair value is measured at reclassification date. Difference between previous amortised cost and fair value is recognised in OCI. No change in EIR due to reclassification.
4	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new amortised cost carrying amount. However, cumulative gain or loss in OCI is adjusted against fair value. Consequently, the asset is measured as if it had always been measured at amortised cost.
5	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new carrying amount. No other adjustment is required.
6	FVTOCI	FVTPL	Assets continue to be measured at fair value. Cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified to P&L at the reclassification date.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet, if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

i) Foreign currency transactions and translations

Transactions and balances

Transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. However, for practical reasons, the Company uses an average rate, if the average approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in OCI or profit or loss are also recognised in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

i) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost include interest computed using Effective Interest Rate method, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred and exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

"Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction and production of a qualifying asset are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset which takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. The Company determines the amount of borrowing cost eligible for capitalisation by applying



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

capitalisation rate to the expenditure incurred on such cost. The capitalisation rate is determined based on the weighted average rate of borrowing cost applicable to the borrowings of the Company which are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically towards purchase of the qualifying asset. The amount of borrowing cost that the Company capitalises during the period does not exceed the amount of borrowing cost incurred during that period. All other borrowings costs are expensed in the period in which they occur."

"Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they are incurred."

k) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all the attached conditions are complied with.

In case of revenue related grant, the income is recognised on a systematic basis over the period for which it is intended to compensate an expense and is disclosed under "Other operating revenue" or netted off against corresponding expenses wherever appropriate. Receivables of such grants are shown under "Other Financial Assets". Export benefits are accounted for in the year of exports based on eligibility and when there is no uncertainty in receiving the same. Receivables of such benefits are shown under "Other Financial Assets".

Government grants related to assets, are adjusted in the carrying amount of the related assets

I) Taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates taxable income.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future tax liability, is recognised as an asset viz. MAT Credit Entitlement, to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal Income tax and it is highly probable that future economic benefits associated with it will flow to the Company during the specified period. The Company reviews the "MAT Credit Entitlement" at each Balance Sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of the same to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal Income tax during the specified period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised. Where there is deferred tax assets arising from carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax created, they are recognised to the extent of deferred tax liability.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

m) Retirement and other employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

A liability is recognised for short-term employee benefit in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Defined contribution plans

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund and super annuation fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

Defined benefit plans

The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan in India, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Compensated absences

The Company has a policy on compensated absences which are both accumulating and non-accumulating in nature. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary at each balance sheet date using projected unit credit method on the additional amount expected to be paid / availed as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the balance sheet date. Expense on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognized in the period in which the absences occur.

Other long term employee benefits

Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Company in respect of services provided by the employees up to the reporting date.

n) Leases

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 Leases to short term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As a lessee

a) Initial measurement

Lease liability is initially recognised and measured at an amount equal to the present value of minimum lease payments during the lease term that are not yet paid. Right-of-use asset is recognized and measured at cost, consisting of initial measurement of lease liability plus any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, initial estimate of restoration costs and any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee.

(b) Subsequent measurement

The lease liability is measured in subsequent periods using the effective interest rate method. Right-of-use asset is depreciated in accordance with requirements in Ind AS 16, Property, Plant and equipment.



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

o) Impairment of non financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

p) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent asset

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are discounted, if the effect of the time value of money is material, using pre-tax rates that reflects the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, an increase in the provisions due to the passage of time is recognised as finance cost. These provisions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Necessary provision for doubtful debts, claims, etc., are made if realisation of money is doubtful in the judgement of the management.

Contingent liability

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. Contingent liabilities are disclosed separately.

Show cause notices issued by various Government authorities are considered for evaluation of contingent liabilities only when converted into demand.

Contingent assets

Where an inflow of economic benefits is probable, the Company discloses a brief description of the nature of the contingent assets at the end of the reporting period, and, where practicable, an estimate of their financial effect. Contingent assets are disclosed but not recognised in the financial statements.

q) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash in hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances with original maturity of less than 3 months, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

r) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are presented using indirect method, whereby profit/ (loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments.

Bank borrowings are generally considered to be financing activities. However, where bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand form an integral part of an entity's cash management, bank overdrafts are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of Cash flow statement.

s) Earnings per share

"The basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic EPS and also weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for bonus shares, as appropriate"



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Property, plant and equipment

Particulars				Tangible Assets				Intangible Assets	
	Land	Buildings	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Office equipment	Total	Software	lotal
Cost as at March 31, 2019	13,197.96	24,608.44	49,950.90	105.01	296.66	94.20	88,253.17	5.13	88,258.30
Additions	-	-	2.48	-	-	-	2.48	-	2.48
Disposals	-	-	(261.29)	•	•	,	(261.29)	•	(261.29)
Cost as at March 31, 2020	13,197.96	24,608.44	49,692.09	105.01	296.66	94.20	87,994.36	5.13	87,999.49
Additions	-	-	350.70	•	•	,	350.70	•	350.70
Disposals	(5.25)	-		-	-	-	(5.25)	-	(5.25)
Cost as at March 31, 2021	13,192.71	24,608.44	50,042.79	105.01	296.66	94.20	88,339.81	5.13	88,344.94
Depreciation/Amortisation									
As at March 2019	-	6,014.97	23,542.87	00.66	234.44	77.51	29,968.79	5.13	29,973.92
Charge for the year	-	649.67	1,578.28	0.62	15.01	1.94	2,245.52	-	2,245.52
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
As at March 31, 2020	-	6,664.64	25,121.15	99.65	249.45	79.45	32,214.31	5.13	32,219.44
Charge for the period	-	649.65	1,679.64	0.20	8.86	1.61	2,339.96		2,339.96
Disposals	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
As at March 31, 2021	-	7,314.29	26,800.79	99.85	258.31	81.06	34,554.27	5.13	34,559.40
Net Block									
As at March 31, 2020	13,197.96	17,943.80	24,570.94	5.40	47.21	14.75	55,780.06	-	55,780.06
As at March 31, 2021	13,192.71	17,294.15	23,242.00	5.19	38.35	13.14	53,785.54	1	53,785.54



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Notes	Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
5	Non-current investments		
	Trade - Quoted		
	Investment in other companies		
	1,39,000 equity shares of Rs.10/-each in Dharani finance Limited - fully paid	7.62	4.82
	Trade - Unquoted		
	Investment in other companies		
	51,21,500 equity shares of Rs.10/-each in Appu Hotels Limited fully paid	1,455.53	1,455.53
	Total	1,463.15	1,460.35
	Also refer note 50		
	"Total non-current investments"		
	Aggregate amount of quoted investments	7.62	4.82
	Aggregate market value of quoted investments	7.62	4.82
	"Aggregate cost of unquoted investments"	512.15	512.15
	Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	-	-
6	Other non current financial assets		
	Unsecured, considered good		
	Rent pre-payments	4.14	7.70
	Interest accrued on fixed deposits	0.04	-
	Rent and Other advances	38.83	35.37
	Loans and receivables which have significant increase in credit risk		
	Loans and receivables -credit impaired	508.33	508.33
		551.34	551.40
	Less : Allowance for expected credit loss	(508.33)	(508.33)
	Total	43.01	43.07
7	Other Non-current assets		
	Unsecured, considered good		
	Security deposits	112.48	107.57
	Other advances and receivable	-	151.96
	Unsecured, considered doubtful		
	Other advances and receivable	189.23	37.27
		301.71	296.80
	Less : Allowance for expected credit loss	(189.23)	(37.27)
	Total	112.48	259.53
8	Inventories		
	Work-in -progress	93.31	89.22
	Finished goods	39.45	23.39
	Stores, spares and consumable tools	57.03	470.13
	Total	189.79	582.74
	Inventory comprise of Work-in-progress		
	Sugar	85.98	80.15
	Molasses	8.43	9.07
	Total	94.41	89.22



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Notes	Particulars		As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
	Finished goods			
	Sugar		31.25	9.31
	Molasses		1.92	6.94
	Bagasse		2.22	0.72
	Rectified Spirit & IS		0.40	0.40
	Denature		-	
	Bio compost		-	
	AA (Ethanol)		0.53	2.32
	ENA		3.54	3.70
		Total	39.86	23.39
9	Trade receivables			
	Trade receivable Considered good -Unsecured		511.04	1,713.43
	Trade receivable which have Significant risk increase in credit risk		2,888.49	1,839.39
	Trade receivable Credit impaired		· -	
	<u>'</u>		3,399.53	3,552.82
	Less : Allowance for expected credit loss		(2,888.49)	(1,839.39)
		Total	511.04	1,713.43
10	Cash and cash equivalents			, -
	Cash on hand		0.96	1.34
	Balances with banks			
	- in current accounts		579.13	57.65
		Total	580.09	58.99
11	Other Bank Balances		22111	
• •	Unpaid Dividend Account		_	6.33
		Total	_	6.33
12	Other current financial assets	1014.		0.00
•=	Unsecured, considered good			
	Security deposits		3.00	3.00
	Unsecured, considered doubtful		5.55	0.00
	Security deposits which have Significant risk increase in credit risk		79.01	79.01
	Cooking deposite which have dignilled in the whole are the cook how	}	82.01	82.01
	Less : Allowance for expected credit loss		(79.01)	(79.01)
	2000 17 monarios for expected dream local	Total	3.00	3.00
13	Other current assets	Total	0.00	0.00
10	Advances and receivable (Unsecured, considered good)			
	Employee advances		2.02	8.10
	Prepaid expenses		37.36	82.73
	Balances with government authorities		13.56	22.74
	Others		4.15	8.70
	Advances to Suppliers		4.13	0.70
	Unsecured Considered good			200.45
			-	200.17
	Unsecured Considered doubtful	}	95.05	921.7
			152.14	1,244.15
	Less : Allowance for expected credit loss		(95.05)	(921.71)
		Total	57.09	322.44



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Notes	Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
14	Current tax asset		
	Advance Income tax (net)	17.53	24.38
	Total	17.53	24.38
15	Capital		
	Authorised Shares		
	5,00,00,000 (Previous year : 5,00,00,000) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	5,000.00	5,000.00
	1,00,00,000 (previous year : 1,00,00,000) Preference Shares of Rs.10 each	1,000.00	1,000.00
	Total	6,000.00	6,000.00
	Issued		
	3,32,00,000 (previous year : 3,32,00,000) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	3,320.00	3,320.00
	Total	3,320.00	3,320.00
	Subscribed and fully paid up		
	3,32,00,000 (previous year : 3,32,00,000) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	3,320.00	3,320.00
	Total	3,320.00	3,320.00
	Notes:		
	(a) Reconciliation of number of equity shares subscribed		
	Balance as at the beginning and end of the year	33,200	33,200
	(b) There are no shares issued in preceding 5 years for consideration other than cash		
	(c) The Company does not have any holding, subsidiary or associate company		
	(d) Shareholders other than the Holding Company holding more than 5% of the total share capital		

Name of the share holder	As at March 31, 2021		As at Marc	h 31, 2020
	No of shares	%	No of shares	%
Dharani Credit & Finance (P) Limited	3,754,440	11.31%	3,754,440	11.31%
Dharani Developers (P) Limited	6,584,242	19.83%	6,584,242	19.83%
Dr. Palani.G.Periasamy	3,602,775	10.85%	3,602,775	10.85%

(e) Rights, preferences and restrictions in respect of equity shares issued by the Company

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 each.

The equity shareholders are entitled to receive dividends as when declared, a right to vote in proportion to holdings etc., and their rights, preferences, and restrictions are governed by/ in terms of there issue and the provisions of the Companies Act.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Notes	Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
16	Other Equity		
	Capital reserve	0.86	0.86
	Securities premium reserve	3,114.72	3,114.72
	General reserve	1,000.00	1,000.00
	Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
	Retained earnings	(20,105.67)	(16,359.60)
	Balance at the end of the Year	(15,990.09)	(12,244.02)
	a) Capital reserve		
	Balance at the beginning and end of the year	0.86	0.86
	b) Securities Premium Reserve		
	Balance at the beginning and end of the year	3,114.72	3,114.72
	c) General reserve		
	Balance at the beginning and end of the year	1,000.00	1,000.00
	d) Other Comprehensive Income		
	Total comprehensive for the year	57.75	32.95
	Transferred to Retained earnings	(57.75)	(32.95)
	Balance at the end of the year	-	-
	e) Retained Earnings		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	(16,359.60)	(13,338.53)
	Net profit for the year	(3,803.82)	(2,988.12)
	Transferred from Other comprehensive income	57.75	(32.95)
	Balance at the end of the year	(20,105.67)	(16,359.60)
17	Long term borrowings		
	Secured		
	Term Loan from banks	-	-
	Indian rupee loan from banks	-	-
	Foreign currency loan from banks	-	-
	Term loan from financial institutions	-	-
	IRDEA	-	-
	Finance lease obligations	9.36	12.20
	Unsecured		
	Loan from directors	605.99	63.01
	Total	615.35	75.21
	* Also refer note 42 for repayment terms/ security details and note 48 regarding classification		
18	Other Non current financial liabilities		
	Unamortised finance income	15.79	19.72
	Rent advance	-	3.40
	Total	15.79	23.12



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Notes	Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
19	Deferred Tax Liability/ (Asset) - Net		
	Deferred tax liability on property, plant and equipment	7,516.55	7,723.69
	Deferred tax asset on unabsorbed depreciation	(4,067.69)	(4,422.97)
	Deferred tax asset on expenses allowable for payment basis	(2,110.40)	(1,962.26)
	Deferred tax liability/ (Asset) Total	1,338.46	1,338.46
20	Provisions (Non current)		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	Compensated absences	69.14	77.00
	Gratuity	494.88	482.74
	Total	564.02	559.74
21	Current liabilities		
	Financial liabilities - Borrowings		
	Secured from banks and financial institutions		
	Loans repayable on demand	33,533.41	33,467.01
	Working Capital Loans	17,571.90	17,647.04
	Inter Corporate Deposits	1,891.43	-
	Also refer note 48 Total	52,996.74	51,114.05
22	Trade payables *		
	Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises **	21.90	19.96
	Dues to enterprises other than Micro and Small Enterprises	8,629.88	9,190.20
	Total	8,651.78	9,210.16
	* for dues to related parties refer note 45		
	** Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the		
	extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information		
	collected by the management. The entire closing balance represents		
	the principal amount payable to these enterprises. There are no interests due or outstanding on the same.		
23	Other current Financial liabilities		
	Security and other deposits	21.51	21.51
	Liability towards farmers loan guarantee invoked		2,028.15
	Total	21.51	2,049.66
24	Other current liabilities	2.101	2,010.00
	Interest accrued and due on borrowings	2,957.28	3,360.31
	Unclaimed/ Unpaid dividends	_,0011_0	6.33
	Creditors for capital goods	4.98	4.98
	Statutory dues payable	919.01	693.35
	Advance from customers	69.38	64.79
	Other current liabilities	1,156.21	544.51
	Total	5,106.86	4,674.27
25	Provisions (current)	5,155.55	1,0121
	Provision for employee benefits		
	Compensated absences	15.19	18.00
	Gratuity	107.11	115.66
	Total	122.30	133.66



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Notes	Particulars		For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
		_	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
26	Revenue from operations			
	Sale of products		0.476.40	6 242 60
	Sugar		2,476.48	6,243.69
	Industrial Alcohol		11.40	4,555.48
	Power		-	95.53
	Bagasse		0.21	-
	Molasses		568.75	-
	Bio Compost		51.89	30.25
	Carbon Dioxide	l	-	56.03
	Fly Ash		0.11	5.60
	Spent Wash		-	0.01
	Press Mud	-	-	2.87
			3,108.84	10,989.46
	Other operating revenues			
	Scrap sales		0.15	7.29
	To	tal	3,108.99	10,996.75
27	Other income			
	Interest income		12.97	12.40
	Profit on sale of assets		38.63	-
	Income from government grant		510.58	-
	Other non-operating income		20.34	30.77
	To	tal	582.52	43.17
28	Cost of materials consumed			
	Inventory at the beginning of the year			-
	Add: Purchases		2,519.94	6,597.74
	Less: Inventory at the end of the year	-	<u>-</u>	-
	Cost of materials consumed	-	2,519.94	6,597.74
	Details of materials consumed			
	Sugar cane		2,519.94	5,920.76
	Molasses	}	<u> </u>	676.98
	To		2,519.94	6,597.74
29	Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade			
	Inventories at the end of the year			
	Work-in-progress		93.31	89.22
	Finished / Traded goods		39.45	23.39
	To	tal	132.76	112.61
	Inventories at the beginning of the year			
	Work-in-progress		89.22	231.75
	Finished/ Traded goods		23.39	1,689.35
	To	tal	112.61	1,921.10
	Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	ļ	20.15	(1,808.49)



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 (All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Notes	Particulars		For the Year Ended March 31, 2021	For the Year Ended March 31, 2020
30	Employee benefits expense			
	Salaries, wages and bonus		1,154.22	1,834.83
	Contribution to provident and other funds		107.29	151.10
	Gratuity		75.47	70.57
	Staff welfare expenses		30.26	105.23
	·	Total	1,367.24	2,161.73
31	Depreciation and amortisation expense		,	,
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		2,339.96	2,245.52
	Amortisation of intangible assets		-	_
	•		2,339.96	2,245.52
32	Finance Cost			
	Interest on term loans		-	0.03
	Interest on working capital loans		-	3.93
	Other interest and financial charges		210.78	211.44
	•	Total	210.78	215.40
33	Other expenses			
	Stores and Spares Consumed		45.40	348.85
	Power and Fuel		206.25	696.56
	Rent		68.74	73.12
	Rates & Taxes		63.09	106.86
	Insurance		88.59	64.19
	Repairs and Maintenance			
	- Plant and Machinery		32.27	123.63
	- Building		75.11	120.68
	- Vehicle		30.60	68.13
	- Others		5.43	23.58
	Freight, Packing and Forwarding charges		30.72	95.11
	Director's Sitting Fees		2.60	3.05
	Auditors' Remuneration (Refer detail below)		10.50	10.50
	Travelling & Conveyance		4.74	28.25
	Postage, Telegram & Telephones		6.37	11.72
	Printing & Stationery		1.79	7.56
	Provision for Doubtful debts and Advances		374.40	2,756.41
	Professional and Consultancy charges		20.73	56.27
	Bank Charges		0.79	2.70
	Miscellaneous expenses		9.44	13.94
	Diminution in value of investments		-	205.59
		Total	1,077.56	4,816.70



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Notes	Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2021	For the Year Ended March 31, 2020
34	Income tax expense		
	(a) Income tax expense		
	Current tax		
	Current tax for the year	-	-
	Current tax for earlier years	-	-
	MAT credit entitlement/ (reversal)	-	-
	Total current tax expense		
	Deferred tax		
	Deferred tax adjustments	-	339.68
	Total deferred tax expense/(benefit)	-	339.68
	Income tax expense	-	339.68
	b) The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:		
	Profit before tax from continuing operations	(3,803.82)	(3,327.80)
	Income tax expense (Nil being taxable loss)	-	-
	c) Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income		
	Deferred tax		
	Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	-	-
	Total income tax recognised in other comprehensive income		_

d) Movement of deferred tax expense for the year ended March 31, 2021

Particulars	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in Other comprehensive income	Closing balance
Deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets in relation to:				
On difference between tax base and book base of Property, plant, and equipment and Intangible Assets	(7,723.69)	(207.14)	-	(7,516.55)
On expenses allowable on payment basis	1,962.26	(148.14)	-	2,110.40
On unabsorbed depreciation	4,422.97	355.28	-	4,067.69
Total	(1,338.46)	-	-	(1,338.46)



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

e) Movement of deferred tax expense during the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in Other comprehensive income	Closing balance
Deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets in relation to:				
On difference between tax base and book base of Property, plant, and equipment and Intangible Assets	(8,169.06)	(445.37)	-	(7,723.69)
On expenses allowable on payment basis	3,197.52	1,235.26	-	1,962.26
On unabsorbed depreciation	3,293.40	(1,129.57)	-	4,422.97
Total	(1,678.14)	(339.68)	-	(1,338.46)

Notes	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
35	Earnings per share		
	Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	(3,803.82)	(2,988.12)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	33,200,000	33,200,000
	Face value per share	10.00	10.00
	Basic earnings per share (Rs)	(11.46)	(9.00)
	Diluted earnings per share (Rs)	(11.46)	(9.00)
36	Earnings in foreign currency	Nil	Nil
37	Expenditure in foreign currency (actual payment basis)	Nil	Nil
38	CIF value of imports	Nil	Nil

39 Value of Imported and Indigenous Raw material Consumed during the financial year and the percentage of each to the total consumption

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021		Year ended Ma	rch 31, 2020
	Rs. In Lakhs (%)		Rs. In Lakhs	(%)
Raw Materials				
Imported	-	0.00%	-	0.00%
Others	2,519.94	100.00%	6,597.74	100.00%
Total	2,519.94	100.00%	6,597.74	100.00%



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

40 Commitments and Contingent Liability

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Contingent Liability		
Claims against the company for excise duty not acknowledged as debts*	95.37	95.37
Claims against the company for service tax not acknowledged as debts	48.01	48.01
Claims against the company for other disputes not acknowledged as debts	81.19	81.19
Tariff change claims by TANGEDCO under dispute	818.19	818.19
TNEB Parallel charges	194.64	-
Commitments		
Capital commitments (net of advances) not provided for		-
Total	1,237.40	1,042.76

Note: Contingent liabilities in respect of show cause notices are considered only when converted into demand

41 Operating Segments

"The Company's operations predominantly relate to manufacture of Sugar, Co-generation of Power and production of Industrial Alcohol. Other business segments reported are Distillery and Power. Sugar segment includes molasses and other by-products. Segment Revenue, Segment Results, Segment Assets and Segment Liabilities include the respective amounts identifiable to each of the segment as also amounts allocated on a reasonable basis.

The expenses, which are not directly attributable to the business segment, are shown as unallocated corporate cost. Assets and Liabilities that cannot be allocated between the segments are shown as part of unallocated corporate assets and liabilities respectively."

Inter Segment Transfer Pricing Policy – (i) The molasses supplied to Distillery segment is based on average market price. (ii) Power used by other segments is based on 90% of the market price.

Particulars		Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020	
Segment Revenue				
a) Sugar Manufacturing		3,045.44	7,596.01	
b) Distillery		63.55	4,657.52	
c) Power		-	335.36	
d) Unallocated		582.52	43.17	
Revenue from operations (Net)		3,691.51	12,632.06	
Less : Inter segment Revenue		-	1,592.15	
Revenue from operations (Net)		3,691.51	11,039.91	
Segment Results				
Profit (+)/ Loss (-) before tax and finance cost				
a) Sugar Manufacturing		(2,884.17)	(1,367.47)	
b) Distillery		(870.95)	272.12	
c) Power		(420.44)	(1,720.54)	
d) Unallocated		582.52	43.17	
	Total	(3,593.04)	(2,772.72)	
Add: Finance Cost		210.78	215.40	
Profit/ (Loss) from continuing operations		(3,803.82)	(2,988.12)	
Profit/ (Loss) from discontinuing operations		-	-	
Profit Before Tax		(3,803.82)	(2,988.12)	



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	At at March 31, 2020
Segment Assets		
a) Sugar Manufacturing	32,982.04	36,458.53
b) Distillery	12,545.07	12,560.57
c) Power	11,118.70	11,118.31
d) Other unallocable corporate assets	116.91	116.90
Total assets	56,762.72	60,254.31
Segment Liabilities		
a) Sugar Manufacturing	53,587.34	53,329.94
b) Distillery	4,817.61	4,819.87
c) Power	11,027.86	11,028.52
d) Other unallocable corporate liabilities	-	-
Total liabilities	69,432.81	69,178.33
Capital Employed (Segment assets-Segment liabilities)		
a) Sugar	(20,605.30)	(16,871.41)
Add: Long Term Loans	23,529.39	23,076.58
Net capital employed in Sugar Segment	2,924.09	6,205.17
b) Distillery	7,727.46	7,740.70
Add: Long Term Loans	3,243.80	3,243.79
Net capital employed in Distillery Segment	10,971.26	10,984.49
c) Power	90.84	89.79
Add: Long Term Loans	7,375.55	7,375.56
Net capital employed in Power Segment	7,466.39	7,465.35
Total capital employed in segments	21,361.74	24,655.01
Unallocable corporate assets less corporate liabilities	116.91	116.90
Total Capital Employed	21,478.65	24,771.91

42 Terms and conditions of long term borrowings

Financial Institution	Loan Outstanding *	Nature of Loan	Security
Indian Bank State Bank of India, Bank of India, Union Bank of India, Indian Overseas Bank, The South Indian bank Ltd, Central bank of India, The Federal Bank Ltd, IDBI bank and Indian Renewable Energy and Development Agency (IREDA)	28,695.28 lakhs (Rs 28,628.89 lakhs)	Term Loan/ WCTL/ FITL / Soft loan	Pari-passu 1st charge on the fixed assets of the Company excluding refinery assets and harvester machines of Unit-III and Pari-passu 2nd charge on the current assets of the company
ICICI Bank Limited	1,666.39 lakhs (Rs.1,666.39 lakhs)		Exclusive charge on the Refinery assets including the harvester machines of Unit III, Pari-passu 1st charge on Unit 1 & 2 Fixed assets and 2nd charge on the current assets of the company
Indian Bank, State Bank of India, The South Indian bank Limited, Central bank of India, The Federal Bank Limited, IDBI bank Limited and ICICI bank Limited	17,189.31 lakhs (Rs.17647.04 lakhs)	Working capital facilities	Pari-passu 1st charge on current assets of the company and Pari-passu 2nd charge on fixed assets of the company excluding refinery assets and harvester machines of Unit-III
SDF Loan	3,171.75 lakhs (Rs.3,171.75 lakhs)	SDF Loan	Pari-passu 1st charge on fixed assets of Unit -III excluding refinery assets and harvester machines.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

* includes loans recalled and classified as repayable on demand in the financials. Figures in brackets represent previous year numbers.

The Promoters and group companies have pledged 93,80,794 equity shares of the Company to the Banks/ Financial Institutions on pari-passu basis for the facilities availed by the Company including working capital facilities. In addition, the Company has pledged 16,51,374 shares of the associates with the ICICI Bank on exclusive basis for the ECB loan and Rupee Term Loan. Further pledge of 51,21,500 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each held by the Company in M/s Appu Hotels Limited to the Banks/ Financial Institutions for the Working Capital facilities and Term Loans.

REPAYMENT DETAILS

The borrowings from the above banks and financial institutions have been classified by the respective lenders as non-performing assets. All the banks and financial institutions have also issued notice calling back the loans. Accordingly, all the outstanding loans have been reclassified as repayable on demand as required by Ind AS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The Company approached the consortium of bankers for an One Time Settlement (OTS). The Company is confident of a turnaround, if the OTS has been approved by the banks and financial institutions. A meeting with Authorities of Consortium of Banks was held on May 5, 2021. On that meeting, the Consortium of Banks have agreed for the OTS proposal of settling 55% of the total amount of borrowings outstanding in the current balance with respective banks and cut back amount so far paid by the Company should not be included in the OTS amount. As a part of the same, Rs 26.31 crores was deposited by the Company, which comes to 10% of the total amount payable.

The application filed for admitting a Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) was admitted on July 29, 2021 by the Honourable National Company Law Tribunal ("NCLT") and an interim resolution professional was also appointed. However, we were informed that no official communication has been received as on date from the Hon'ble NCLT and the Company will respond appropriately considering the One Time Settlement (OTS) under negotiation towards which the Company has already deposited Rs.2,631 Lakhs as stipulated by the consortium of bankers/ financial institution. Accordingly, the Company stopped providing interest on the outstanding borrowings from banks and financial institutions, not restated the foreign currency loans at the closing rate as on the reporting date and also reversed the interest provided for periods after the NPA date. In the opinion of the management, there will be no further interest liability on the Company from the NPA date.

43 Financial Instruments

Capital management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that the Company will be able to continue as going concern, while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual operating plans and long-term product and other strategic investment plans. The funding requirements are met through equity and other long-term/short-term borrowings.

For the purposes of Company's capital management, capital includes consists of net debt (borrowings as detailed in note 42 offset by cash and bank balances) and total equity of the Company. The Company monitors the capital structure on the basis of total debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Company

Gearing Ratio	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Debt	53,612.09	51,189.26
Less: Cash and bank balances	580.09	65.32
Net debt	53,032.00	51,123.94
Total equity	(12,670.09)	(8,924.02)
Gearing Ratio	-418.56%	-572.88%



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Categories of Financial Instruments:	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Financial assets		
a. Measured at amortised cost:		
Trade Receivables	511.04	1,713.43
Cash and cash equivalents	580.09	58.99
Bank balances other than above	-	6.33
Other financial assets	3.00	3.00
b. Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit		
or loss		
Investments	1,463.15	1,460.35
Derivative instruments	-	-
Financial liabilities		
a. Measured at amortised cost:		
Borrowings (non-current)	615.35	75.21
Borrowings (current)	52,996.74	51,114.05
Interest accrued and due on borrowings	2,957.28	3,360.31
Trade Payables	8,651.78	9,210.16
Other financial liabilities	15.79	23.12

b. Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss

Derivative instruments - -

Financial risk management objectives

The treasury function provides services to the business, co-ordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations through internal risk reports which analyse exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company seeks to minimise the effects of these risks by using derivative financial instruments to hedge risk exposures. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the Company's policies approved by the board of directors, which provide written principles on foreign exchange risk, the use of financial derivatives, and the investment of excess liquidity. The Company does not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of any loss in future earnings, in realizable fair values or in future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The Company actively manages its currency and interest rate exposures through a centralized treasury division. The use of derivative instruments is subject to limits and regular monitoring by appropriate levels of management.

Foreign currency risk management

The Company undertakes transactions denominated in foreign currencies; consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. The Company actively manages its currency rate exposures through a centralised treasury division and uses natural hedging principles to mitigate the risks from such exposures. The use of derivative instruments, if any, is subject to limits and regular monitoring by appropriate levels of management.

Disclosure of hedged and unhedged foreign currency exposure

The carrying amounts of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

As on March 31, 2021

Currency		Liabilities	Liabilities Assets		Net overall		
	Gross exposure (INR)	Exposure hedged using derivatives (INR)	Net Asset exposure on the currency (INR)	Gross exposure (INR)	Exposure hedged using derivatives (INR)	Net liability exposure on the currency (INR)	exposure on the currency - net assets / (net liabilities) (INR)
For the year period March 31, 2021 - USD	1,820.10	-	1,820.10	-	-	-	1,820.10
For the year period March 31, 2020 - USD	1,820.10	-	1,820.10	1	-	•	1,820.10

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

"Movement in the functional currencies of the various operations of the Company against major foreign currencies may impact the Company's revenues from its operations. Any weakening of the functional currency may impact the cost of borrowings and consequently may increase the cost of financing the Company's capital expenditures.

The following table details the Company's sensitivity movement in the foreign currencies. The foreign exchange rate sensitivity is calculated for each currency by aggregation of the net foreign exchange rate exposure of a currency and a simultaneous parallel foreign exchange rates shift in the foreign exchange rates of each currency by 2%. 2% represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 2% change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis includes external loans as well as loans to foreign operations within the Company where the denomination of the loan is in a currency other than the functional currency of the lender or the borrower."

Particulars	USD impact			
	March 31, 2021 March 31, 202			
Profit or (loss)	36.40	36.40		
Equity	-	-		

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk because the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the year.

Interest rate risk management

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk because it borrows funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. The risk is managed by the Company by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings and by the use of interest rate swap contracts. Hedging activities are evaluated regularly to align with interest rate views and defined risk appetite, ensuring the most cost-effective hedging strategies are applied. Further, in appropriate cases, the Company also effects changes in the borrowing arrangements to convert floating interest rates to fixed interest rates.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for both derivatives and non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 25 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 25 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Company's profit for the year ended March 31, 2021 would decrease/ increase by Rs.0 (March 31, 2020 : decrease/ increase by Rs.0). This is mainly attributable to the Company's exposure to interest rates on its variable rate borrowings.

Equity price risk

"Equity price risk is related to the change in market reference price of the investments in equity securities. The fair value of some of the Company's investments in equity instruments exposes the Company to equity price risks. In general, these securities are not held for trading purposes.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Equity price sensitivity analysis.

The fair value of equity instruments as at March 31, 2021, March 31, 2020 was Rs.1,463.15 lakhs and Rs.1,460.35 lakhs respectively. A 5% change in prices of equity instruments held as at March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020, would result in an impact of Rs.73.15 and Rs.73.01 Cash on equity, respectively.

Credit risk management

Credit risk arises when a customer or counterparty does not meet its obligations under a customer contract or financial instrument, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities primarily trade receivables and from its financing/ investing activities, including deposits with banks, mutual fund investments and foreign exchange transactions. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk with any counterparty.

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure is the total of the carrying amount of balances with banks, short term deposits with banks, trade receivables, margin money and other financial assets excluding equity investments.

(a) Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are consisting of a large number of customers. The Company has credit evaluation policy for each customer and, based on the evaluation, credit limit of each customer is defined. Wherever the Company assesses the credit risk as high, the exposure is backed by either bank, guarantee/letter of credit or security deposits.

The Company does not have higher concentration of credit risks to a single customer. As per simplified approach, the Company makes provision of expected credit losses on trade receivables using a provision matrix to mitigate the risk of default in payments and makes appropriate provision at each reporting date wherever outstanding is for longer period and involves higher risk. In respective dues from the Government, the Company has considered them as fully recoverable and no allowance for expected credit loss is required.

(b) Investments, Derivative Instruments, Cash and Cash Equivalents and Bank Deposits

Credit Risk on cash and cash equivalents, deposits with the banks/financial institutions is generally low as the said deposits have been made with the banks/financial institutions, who have been assigned high credit rating by international and domestic rating agencies.

Credit Risk on Derivative Instruments is generally low as the Company enters into the Derivative Contracts with the reputed Banks.

Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved financial institutions/ counterparty. Investments primarily include bank deposits, investment in units of quoted mutual funds issued by high investment grade funds etc. These bank deposits, mutual funds and counterparties have low credit risk. The Company has standard operating procedures and investment policy for deployment of surplus liquidity, which allows investment in bank deposits, debt securities and mutual fund schemes of debt and arbitrage categories and restricts the exposure in equity markets.

Offsetting related disclosures

Offsetting of cash and cash equivalents to borrowings as per the consortium agreement is available only to the bank in the event of a default. Company does not have the right to offset in case of the counter party's bankruptcy, therefore, these disclosures are not required.

Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the Company cannot meet its financial obligations. The objective of liquidity risk management is to maintain sufficient liquidity and ensure that funds are available for use as per requirements. The Company invests its surplus funds in bank fixed deposit and mutual funds, which carry minimal mark to market risks. The Company also constantly monitors funding options available in the debt and capital markets with a view to maintaining financial flexibility.

Liquidity tables

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

In lakhs

March 31, 2021	Due in 1st	Due in 2nd	Due after 5th	Carrying
	year	to 5th year	year	amount
Trade payables	8,651.78	-	-	8,651.78
Other financial liabilities(Non Current)	15.79	-	-	15.79
Borrowings (including interest accrued thereon upto	56,569.37	-	-	56,569.37
the reporting date)				
Total	65,236.94	-	-	65,236.94

March 31, 2020	Due in 1st year	Due in 2nd to 5th year	Due after 5th year	Carrying amount
Trade payables	9,210.16	-	-	9,210.16
Other financial liabilities(Non Current)	23.12	-	-	23.12
Borrowings (including interest accrued thereon upto the reporting date)	54,549.57	-	-	54,549.57
Total	63,782.85	0.00	0.00	63,782.85

Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required):

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Investments in unquoted equity shares	1,455,53	1,455.53
(classified as FVTPL)	1,455.55	1,455.55

44 Trade Receivables from TANGEDCO

Trade receivables includes Rs.2,829.23 Lakhs due from TANGEDCO is outstanding for more than 1 year. The Company is following up for recovery of the same and initiated the required steps. The Company was also initiated steps through South Indian Sugar Mills Association (SISMA) to represent to the Government of Tamilnadu for instructing TANGEDCO to pay the dues. As required by Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments", the Company on a prudent basis provided for allowance for expected credit loss.

Since these are due from Government Undertakings and are arising from contractual obligation of those undertakings, in the opinion of the management, no further allowance for expected credit loss is considered necessary."

45 Related party disclosure

a) Name of related parties and nature of relationship

Holding company

Companies/ entities in which key management personnel are interested

The Company does not have any holding company

M/s Dharani Finance Limited

M/s Appu Hotels Limited

M/s PGP Education and Welfare Society M/s Dharani Developers Private Limited

M/s Dharani Credit and Finance Private Limited

M/s Ananthi Developers Limited

Key management personnel and relatives of key managerial personnel

Dr Palani G Periasamy

Mr M Ramalingam Mr A Sennimalai

Mrs Visalakshi Periasamy

Mr M P Kaliannan - Chief Financial Officer Mr E P Sakthivel - Company Secretary



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

b) Transactions during the year

In lakhs

S. No.	Nature of transactions	Companies/ entities in which key management personnel are interested		key management personnel personnel and		and their
		March 31, March 31, 2021 2020		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
1	Sales of goods	-	0.76	•	-	
2	Sitting fees	-	-	2.60	3.05	
3	Rent	-	-	59.25	64.14	
4	Remuneration	-	-	24.56	26.78	
5	Contribution to provident and other funds	-	-	1.41	4.16	
6	Loans received	1,891.43	-	542.98	-	
7	Lease Rent Income	0.35	0.35	-	-	

c) Balances at the end of the year

S. No.	Particulars	Companies/ entities in which key management personnel are interested		Key management personnel and their relatives	
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
1	Trade Receivables	-	0.35		-
2	Trade Payables	4.94	0.93	140.71	86.50
3	Unsecured Loans received	1,891.43	7.37	605.99	-

Material Related Party Transactions

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2021	Year ended March 31, 2020
Sales of goods		
Appu Hotels Limited	0.03	0.76
Rent		
Dr. Palani G Periasamy	59.25	64.14
Unsecured loans taken		
Dr. Palani G Periasamy	542.98	-
Dharani Developers Private Limited	1,891.43	
Remuneration to Key management personnel (KMP)		
M Ramalingam	-	-
M P Kaliyannan	20.41	20.41
E P Sakthivel	6.37	6.37
Contribution to provident and other funds for KMP		
M P Kaliyannan	3.74	3.74
E P Sakthivel	0.42	0.42
Lease Rent Income		
PGP Educational and Welfare Society	0.35	0.35



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Material Related Party Balances

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
Trade Receivables		
PGP Educational and Welfare Society	-	0.35
Trade Payables		
Dr. Palani G Periasamy - Chairman	140.71	86.50
Anandhi Developers Limited	0.91	0.91
Appu Hotels Limited	0.03	0.03
Unsecured Loans received		
Dharani Developers Pvt Ltd	1,891.43	7.37
Dr. Palani G. Periasamy	605.99	54.58

46 Retirement benefit plans

Defined contribution plans

In accordance with Indian law, eligible employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits in respect of provident fund, a defined contribution plan, in which both employees and the Company make monthly contributions at a specified percentage of the covered employees' salary. The contributions, as specified under the law, are made to the provident fund and pension fund of Government of India. The Company also has superannuation plan and contributions are funded with LIC.

The total expense recognised in profit or loss of Rs. 107.29 lakhs (for the year ended March 31, 2020: Rs. 151.10 lakhs) represents contribution payable to these plans by the Company at rates specified in the rules of the plan.

Defined benefit plans

(a) Gratuity

The Company has an obligation towards gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. The plan provides for a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each completed year of service. Vesting occurs upon completion of five years of service. The Company accounts for the liability for gratuity benefits payable in the future based on an actuarial valuation. The liability is unfunded and is actuarially determined at each reporting date using the projected unit credit method.

(b) Compensated absence

The leave scheme is a final salary defined benefit plan, that provides for a lumpsum payment at the time of separation based on scheme rules the benefits are calculated on the basis of last drawn salary and the leave count at the time of separation and paid as lumpsum.

(c) Risks associated with defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plans typically expose the Company to actuarial risks such as investment risk, interest rate risk and salary risk.

Investment risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate determined
	by reference to the market yields on government bonds denominated in Indian Rupees. If the
	actual return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit.
Interest risk	A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability. However, this will be partially
	offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.
Longevity risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best
	estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase
	in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
Salary risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future
	salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will
	increase the plan's liability.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

(d) Further disclosures in respect of Gratuity

(i) The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Discount Rate	6.38%	6.40%
Rate of increase in compensation level	4.50%	4.50%
Attrition Rate	10.00%	10.00%

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

(ii) Amounts recognised in comprehensive income in respect of these defined benefit plans are as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Current service cost	37.63	33.86
Net interest expense	37.85	36.71
Past service cost	-	-
Actuarial loss	-	-
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in the	75.48	70.57
statement of profit or loss		

(iii) Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for the Year

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability		
comprising:		
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in	-	-
demographic assumptions		
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in financial	(57.75)	32.95
assumptions		
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from experience	-	-
adjustments		
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net	-	-
interest expense)		
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in other	(57.75)	32.95
comprehensive income		

The current service cost and the net interest expense for the year are included in the 'employee benefits expense' in profit or loss.

The remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability is included in other comprehensive income.

(iv) The amount included in the balance sheet arising from the Company's obligation in respect of its defined benefit plans is as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Present value of defined benefit obligation	601.99	598.40
Fair value of plan assets	-1	-
Net liability arising from defined benefit obligation	601.99	598.40
Funded	-	-
Unfunded	601.99	598.40
	601.99	598.40
Presented under		
Non-Current provision	494.88	482.74
Current provision	107.11	115.66
	601.99	598.40



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

The above provisions are reflected under 'post retirement benefits' (long-term provisions) and 'post retirement benefits' (short-term provisions) [Refer notes 20 & 25].

(v) Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation in the current year were as follows:

Opening defined benefit obligation	598.40	516.32
Current service cost	37.63	33.86
Interest cost	37.85	36.71
Past service cost	-	-
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions	-	-
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in financial assumptions	(57.75)	32.95
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from experience adjustments	-	-
Benefits paid	(14.14)	(21.44)
Closing defined benefit obligation	601.99	598.40

(vi) Movements in the fair value of the plan assets in the current year were as follows:

Opening fair value of plan assets		
	-	-
Interest Income	-	-
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net	-	-
interest expense)		
Contributions	14.14	21.44
Benefits paid	(14.14)	(21.44)
Others		
Closing fair value of plan assets	-	-

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation are discount rate and expected salary increase. The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumption occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

(vii) Sensitivity analysis

If the discount rate is 50 basis points higher (lower), the defined benefit obligation would decrease by Rs.14.42 lakhs (increase by Rs.15.15 lakhs)

If the expected salary increases by 50 basis points higher(lower), the defined benefit obligation would increase by Rs.15.70 lakhs (decrease by Rs.15.08 lakhs)

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the balance sheet.

There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from previous year.

47. Operating lease

The Company has entered into operating lease arrangements for certain facilities with lease term ranging from 2 years to 3 years. The leases are cancellable at the option of either party to lease and may be renewed based on mutual agreement of the parties. Accordingly, these leases will not qualify for recognising right of use assets and related lease liability as per Ind AS 116. The amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss as expenses for the year is Rs. 68.74 Lakhs (Previous year Rs.73.12 Lakhs).



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

48 "The Company's net worth is negative and the borrowings from banks and financial institutions have been classified by the lenders as non-performing assets. All the banks and financial institutions have also issued notice calling back the loans. The Company approached the consortium of bankers for an One Time Settlement (OTS). The Company is confident of a turnaround, if the OTS has been approved by the banks and financial institutions. A meeting with Authorities of Consortium of Banks was held on May 5, 2021. On that meeting, the Consortium of Banks have agreed for the OTS proposal of settling 55% of the total amount of borrowings outstanding in the current balance with respective banks and cut back amount so far paid by the Company should not be included in the OTS amount. As a part of the same, Rs.26.31 crores was deposited by the Company, which comes to 10% of the total amount payable

It may also be noted that the poor performance of the Company is mainly due to low availability of sugarcane for crushing as planting areas are being continuously reduced due to continuous draught and the general slowdown in sugar industry due to factors like failure of monsoon, varietal degeneration, reduced recovery, decline in area under cultivation and the resultant reduction in capacity utilisation of sugar mills. This being a general industry issue, a formal representation was made by the South Indian Sugar Mills Association (SISMA), in which the Company is a member, to the Hon'ble Prime Minister and the Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu for announcing revival packages for the sugar industry. SISMA expects that its demands will be considered by the Central and State Governments favourably. In the meeting with the Hon'ble Union Finance Minister, SISMA has submitted a request for restructuring of loans to sugar mills considering the status of Sugar industry in Tamilnadu. Pursuant to the directions of the Hon'ble Union Finance Minister, the Ministry of Finance had organised a joint meeting of the senior officers of Reserve Bank of India (RBI), Ministry of Finance, Food Ministry, Tamilnadu State Government, Farmers' Associations and SISMA. The meeting was held on September 24, 2019 and deliberated on the supportive measures including restructuring of accounts required for the revival of sugar units in Tamilnadu. SISMA has also sent a letter to the State Level Bankers Committee (SLBC) and requested to keep in abeyance the recovery proceedings initiated against sugar units in Tamilnadu, including proceeding before the SARFAESI, Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) and Debt Recovery Tribunal (DRT), considering the discussions arising out of the above meeting. The Hon'ble Chief Minister of Tamilnadu has also communicated with the Hon'ble Union Finance Minister requesting to direct the bankers to restructure of loans given to the sugar industry and not to take any harsh measures under SARFAESI, Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code and DRT vide D.O letter dated October 24, 2019 and press release No.725 dated October 26, 2019, until the sugar sector is revived.

"SISMA representatives again met the Hon'ble Chief Minister of Tamil Nadu to express the further distress faced by the sugar industry coupled with the Covid'19 and accumulating dues from TANGEDCO. Based on the representations, the Government of Tamilnadu ordered for release of outstanding TANGEDCO dues to the sugar mills by granting subsidy and advance subsidy for 2020-21 to TANGEDCO. This is expected to give a reasonable relief to the sugar mills to manage the working capital requirements.

SISMA made another representation to the Hon'ble Union Finance Minister vide its letter No.GS7/ 43/ 2020 dated July 21, 2020 highlighting the fact that out of 25 private sugar mills in the State of Tamil Nadu, 12 mills remain closed during the current season leading to widespread job losses while the banks have initiated aggressive recovery measures by referring the accounts of the above mills to Hon'ble NCLT/ DRT. SISMA requested to implement support measures like restructuring of debts availed from banks/ financial institutions/ sugar development funds, keeping in abeyance the recovery proceedings initiated against financially stressed mills before NCLT/ DRT till such a revival package is implemented, extending soft loans under credit guarantee scheme, direct subsidy to cane farmers towards FRP payment for the portion of FRP which has become unaffordable to the mills due to low sugar recovery, advising banks to liberally disburse crop loans to farmers etc. SISMA expects that considering the possibility of rural community job losses, loss of livelihood of the rural population and the massive adverse impact on the rural economy, the Union Finance Ministry will implement the revival packages as requested in the immediate near future.

Despite the above matters relating to industry issues requiring policy decisions at various levels and submissions being under consideration by the Central and State Governments to revive the sugar units in Tamilnadu, Bank of India has filed an insolvency petition with Hon'ble NCLT for corporate insolvency resolution process on August 14, 2019. The Company has replied stating that the entire sugar Industry in Tamilnadu is passing through a distressing period and that the Bank has failed to adhere to the Prudential Framework for Resolution of Stressed Assets and that the bank has ignored the consortium arrangement and independently proceeded for recovery of its portion of debt. Bank of India has also sent, in parallel, an intimation letter for scheme of One Time Settlement (BOI OTS 2019) dated October 31, 2019 received by the Company on November 8, 2019. The Company replied to Bank of India offering an OTS proposal vide our letter dated December 17, 2019 and January 21, 2020 and the same is under negotiation. During the hearings held on February 10, 2020 and March 3, 2020, Bank of India informed the Hon'ble NCLT about the OTS proposal submitted by the company along



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in lakhs of Indian Rupees, unless otherwise stated)

with the initial deposit as per the OTS proposal and sought time for its decision to review the OTS proposal. Accordingly, the Hon'ble NCLT posted the case for further hearing. The next hearing is postponed to February 15, 2021. On the hearing held on February 15, 2021, the Hon'ble NCLT posted the case for further hearing on July 20, 2021. On the hearing held on July 20, 2021 the Company was asked to submit a written summary of the hearings held so far regarding the Case. Time limit for submission of the same was not yet communicated to the Company. Another bank was invoked the guarantee given by the Company for the farmers' loan and issued notice to the Company to repay the entire guaranteed amount.

"Considering the fact that all the banks/ financial institutions have declared the loans are non-performing asset (NPA) and issued recall notices, the Company stopped providing interest on the outstanding borrowings from banks and financial institutions, not restated the foreign currency loans and also reversed the interest provided during the earlier quarters/ years in respect of periods after the NPA date. In the opinion of the management, in view of the one-time settlement/ restructuring of the loans sought by the Company, there will be no further interest liability on the Company from the NPA date.

The application filed for Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (CIRP) was admitted on July 29, 2021 by the Honourable National Company Law Tribunal ("NCLT") and an interim resolution professional was also appointed. However, we were informed that no official communication has been received as on date from the Hon'ble NCLT and the Company will respond appropriately considering the One Time Settlement (OTS) under negotiation towards which the Company has already deposited Rs.2,631 Lakhs as stipulated by the consortium of bankers/ financial institution.

Pending resolution of the above uncertainties, which is depended upon future events, the company has prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis."

- Exceptional items presented in the above financial results for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2020 represent reversal of interest on loans from banks and financial institutions post NPA date, as more fully explained in note 48 above.
- The Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Chennai Bench vide its order dated May 5, 2020 admitted a corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) and approved the appointment of an interim resolution professional, in one of the investee companies. The investment was classified as fair value through profit and loss as per Ind AS and the carrying amount of investments as at March 31, 2021 is Rs. 1,455.53 Lakhs. In the opinion of the management, the major part of the assets of the investee company comprises of land and commercial buildings (including a well-known brand name in the hotel industry), whose liquidation value is much higher than the total dues to its financial and operating creditors. Accordingly, the Company will be able to recover the entire carrying value of the investments, even in the aforesaid CIRP conditions. Based on the above estimate, no adjustment has been made in the fair value of such investment.

Comparative figures

Previous year's figures have been reclassified/ regrouped wherever necessary to conform to the current year's classification.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For CNGSN & ASSOCIATES LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 004915S/ S200036

CHINNSAMY GANESAN

Partner

Membership No.27501

UDIN: 21027501AAAACW8974

For and on behalf of the board

DHARANI SUGARS AND CHEMICALS LIMITED

Dr.PALANI.G. PERIASAMY

Executive Chairman

DIN: 00081002

M. RAMALINGAM Managing Director

DIN: 00278025

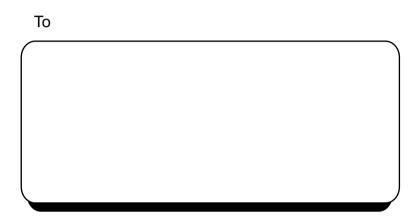
E. P. SAKTHIVEL Company Secretary M. P. KALIANNAN

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Chennai - 34 Date: July 30, 2021



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(Secretarial Division)

"PGP HOUSE"

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