

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Insolvency Resolution Professional of Indosolar Limited
("A Company under Corporate Insolvency resolution process vide NCLT order")

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Disclaimer of Opinion

We were engaged to audit the accompanying financial statements of **Indosolar Limited** company under CIRP ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and notes to accounts, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Financial Statements").

We do not express an opinion on the Financial Statements. Because of the significance of the matters described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

1. We were appointed as auditors of the company after March 31, 2020 and thus could not observe the counting of physical inventories at the beginning and end of the year. Inventory records were not provided to us for checking. These were not physically verified by us. Accordingly, we were unable to satisfy ourselves by alternative means concerning the inventory quantities held at March 31, 2020 and valuation thereof.
2. Gross block and net block of fixed assets as per books are inconsistent with data provided in Fixed Asset register. As a result of this, we are unable to verify the written down value of fixed assets sold during the year and resultant Profit/Loss.

There is a difference of Rs. 283.80 lakh in net fixed assets in the audited balance sheet for the year ended 31st March 2018 and books of accounts produced before us with a corresponding difference in value of closing stock.

The Company has a net carrying value of Plant & Machinery of Rs. 7,600.32 lakh, (ii) CWIP of Plant & Machinery Rs. 8,298.65 lakh and (iii) Buildings Rs. 4768.37 lakh as at March 31, 2020.

As per "**Indian Accounting Standard 36**" which talks about impairment of asset, if the carrying amount of the asset is more than recoverable amount then asset need to be impaired and as per "**Indian Accounting Standard 109**" on financial assets through expected credit loss method basis these provisions we were required to seek for any impairment obligations from management but since the corporate debtors is still under the process CIRP. The management has not determined value in use as on 31st March, 2020 thus

of Property, Plant & equipment (Rs. 14,720.19 Lakh), Capital work-in-progress (Rs. 8298.62 Lakh), old trade Receivables which have been standing in the books of account before initiation of CIRP process, accordingly we are unable to ascertain the effect of the same on the financial statements.

Further, the company has not done impairment test and not booked resultant impairment loss as on 31.03.2020.

3. We were unable to confirm or verify balances of accounts receivable and accounts payables included in the Balance Sheet of total amount of Rs.14.26 lakh and Rs.8546.99 lakh respectively as at March 31, 2020.
4. Interest on borrowing in respect of facilities from Corporation bank, Union bank of India and Bank of Baroda has not been booked in the books of account as it is in moratorium period. Being the company under CIRP there is difference in total interest/ penal interest / expenses / other charges of approximately Rs. 101028.27 lakh which pertain to this year or earlier years between claims admitted by Resolution Professional and balances in books as on 16.04.2019.
So, we are unable to comment on the financial impact of the same on loss for the year.
5. The financial records do not reconcile with the GST Returns and provision of GST related to return filing, deposit of GST etc has not been complied with.
6. The Company (being an EOU) has not been able to meet its commitment under the Foreign Trade Policy on the basis of which the Company imported certain raw material, stores and spares and machineries without payment of custom duty. As on 31st March, 2020 the Company's NFE is positive by Rs. 17,693.23 lakh without considering the import value of amortization of Line-C. However, after amortisation of value of line C NFE becomes negative by Rs. 21,460.26 lakh. The company is not able to achieve positive NFE during the stipulated time; the company would be liable to duties and penalties payable in accordance with Notification No. 52/2003 Cus. Dated 31.03.2003. Presently we are unable to assess upon the possible impact if any on the accompanying statement.
7. In the matter of Company's claim for eligibility of capital subsidy under SIP scheme of Govt. of India. The uncertainty exists with regard to its quantum and receipt of claim pending its appraisal by Department of Electronics & Information Technology (DEIT). In the absence of the reasonable assurance, the management has not recognized the claim.
8. Company has not complied with companies act with respect to Secretarial Audit and Listing Agreement. Further, in the absence of Secretarial Audit we cannot comment on detailed compliances of Companies Act provisions.
9. Company is under CIRP as explained in Note 45 of Notes to the Financial Statements.
10. The Non-adherence of IND-AS as explained in Note 46 of Notes to the Financial Statements.

As a result of above matters, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments might have been found necessary in respect of assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet, and the corresponding elements making up the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement.



Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following matters;

1. Note No 9 of the financial statements regarding inventories. Closing stock of finished goods and raw material has been taken as NIL.
2. Note 45 regarding verification and admission of claim by RP. As per the code the RP has to receive, collate and reconcile all the claims submitted by the creditors of the company. The RP has verified and admitted the claims submitted by the creditors against the company as per the Code.
Accounting impact in the books of accounts has not been made in respect to excess, short or non-receipts of claim or liabilities for financial and operational creditor. Hence, consequential impact, if any, is not ascertainable and we are unable to comment on the possible financial impacts of the same.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Except for the matters described in the Basis for disclaimer of opinion and Material uncertainty related to going concern, we could not determine whether there are other key audit matters or not to be communicate in our report.

Material Uncertainty related to Going Concern

We draw attention to

1. Note No. 44A (iii) of notes to the financial statements relating to Going Concern.
2. Note No. 45 relation to Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process

In view of above uncertainties we are also unable to comment on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern and consequential classification and adjustment to the accompanying financial statements, if any that might have been necessary had the financial statements being prepared under liquidation basis. The extent of the effect on the resultant adjustments to the accumulated losses, assets and liabilities as at 31st March 2020 is presently not ascertainable.

Information other than financial statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. We have not obtained the other information comprises of the Financial or non-financial information (other than financial statements and the auditor's report thereon) included in an entity's annual report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance/conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management and Those Charged with Governance's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.



- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for explaining our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters Specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.



As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) As described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, we sought but were unable to obtain all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
- b) Due to the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, we are unable to state whether proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
- c) Due to the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, we are unable to state whether the Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- d) Due to the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, we are unable to state whether the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards under Section 133 of the Act read with the relevant rules issued there under;
- e) The matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company.
- f) No written representations has been received from the directors as on March 31, 2020, and not taken on record by the Board of Directors regarding disqualification of directors as on March 31, 2020, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act. So we are unable to comment upon this.
- g) Provisions of ESI and PF have not been complied during the year.
- h) Non-Compliance of TDS provisions observed in following cases:
 - a) TDS on listing fee of NSE and BSE booked on 01.04.2019 and 02.04.2019 amounting to Rs 5,95,000 and Rs 4,50,000 respectively had not been deducted.
 - b) TDS on payment of Rs 1,25,000 made to MS Yadav on 03.04.2019 for the legal & professional expense had not been deducted.
- i) The company has not complied with the following provisions of Companies Act 2013 and Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations And Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
 - i. Appointment of qualified Company Secretary as the compliance officer as per Regulation 6. During the year Company Secretary was appointed only for the period starting from 26th August 2019 till 31st October, 2019. Non-compliance has been identified for the rest of the period.
 - ii. Submission of Annual Secretarial Compliance Report (Regulation 24A).
 - iii. Submission of Corporate Governance Report (Regulation 27(2)).
 - iv. Submission of unaudited quarterly financial results along with limited review report for the quarter ended Dec 2018.(Regulation 33)



- v. MSME Form-1, Active INC – 22A and Forms for directors' resignations.
- vi. Appointment of internal auditor (Sec 138 of the Companies Act, 2013).
- vii. Accounting Standards (Regulation 48).
- viii. Constitution of Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Risk management Committee and Share transfer Committee. (Sec 177 and 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18, 19, 20, 21 and 40 of SEBI (LODR).
- ix. Secretarial audit for the year 2019-20 (Regulation 24A and Sec 204 of the Companies Act, 2013.)
- x. Application for CIRP filed on 23rd October, 2018 and thereafter 3 independent directors namely Mr. Vidyut Vora, Ms. Vinati Dev and Mr. Gautam Singh Kuthari has submitted their resignation to company on 26th November 2018. However such directors have not filed form DIR 11 with MCA and company have also not filed form DIR 12. Consequently the company has left with one director only and no board meeting have been called or held thereafter. Further financial statements are approved and signed by only Chief Financial Officer Mr. Anand Kumar Aggarwal.

Further, in the absence of Secretarial Audit we cannot comment on detailed compliances of Companies Act provisions and Regulations of Securities and Exchange Board of India.

- j) The reservation relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph above.
- k) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses a disclaimer opinion on the adequacy and the operating effectiveness of the company's internal financial controls over financial reporting; and internal audit has also not been taken placed by company.
- l) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. Due to the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, we are unable to state whether the Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements;
 - ii. Due to the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion paragraph, we are unable to state whether the Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long term contracts including derivative contracts;



- iii. There is no amount required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For A.K.G. & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
FRN 002688N



Harvinder Singh

CA HARVINDER SINGH
Partner

M. No. 087889

UDIN: 21087889AAAABL8457

Place: Delhi
Date: 12TH February, 2021

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

On the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us during the course of our audit, we report that:

1. In respect of its fixed assets
 - (a) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of examination of books and records, the company has not maintained the records; however the same was not showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets. Also, Gross block and net block of fixed assets as per books are inconsistent with data provided in Fixed Asset register.
 - (b) During the year fixed assets were verified once at the time of initiating the process of CIRP during May 2019 by the resolution professional. However no impact of such verification has been taken in books of accounts.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company does not have any immovable properties which are freehold and held in the name of company as at the balance sheet date. In respect of immovable properties taken on lease, Lease hold improvements have been disclosed as fixed assets in the financial statements, the lease agreement are in the name of the company. However supplement lease agreement as mentioned in lease deed are not on record.
2. Inventory records have not been provided to us for verification.
3. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not granted any loans secured or unsecured to the companies/firms, limited liability partnership or other parties listed in the register maintained under section 189 of the companies Act, 2013.
4. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not given loans, guarantees, security or made any investments which need to comply with the section 185 and 186 of Companies Act, 2013.
5. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit during the year within the meaning of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
6. The Company is not required to maintain cost records which have been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of companies act, 2013.
7. (a) According to the records of the company, the company is generally not regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Goods and service tax, Excise Duty, Provident Fund, ESI and other statutory dues applicable over the company.



(b) According to the information given to us and as per the books of accounts produced before us, the company has following dues relating to Goods and service tax, sales tax, income tax, custom tax, excise duty, cess as at 31st March, 2020 that have not been deposited on account of dispute:

| PARTICULAR | As at March 31, 2020 (Rs. In lakh) |
|---|---|
| a) Duty forgone demand of customs pending settlement* | 1,193.43 |
| b) VAT (A.Y. 2014-15) | 4.35 |
| Total | 1197.78 |

* Order dated 08.06.2020 has been passed by The Commissioner of Customs, Noida in favour of the company dropping the proceedings.

Further, in the matter of Company's claim for eligibility of capital subsidy under SIP scheme of Govt. of India. The uncertainty exists with regard to its quantum and receipt of claim pending its appraisal by Department of Electronics & Information Technology (DEIT).

8. Based on our audit procedures and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has defaulted in repayment of dues to a financial institution or bank or debenture holders. (Refer Note 45 of notes to the financial statements)
9. The company has not raised any money by way of initial public deposit offer, further public offer, debt instrument or term loans during the year.
10. According to the information and explanations given to us, based upon the audit procedures performed and representations made by the management, we report that no fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during course of our audit.
11. In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, the company has paid/ provided managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
12. The company is not a Nidhi company and hence this clause is not applicable.
13. In our opinion and according to information and explanation given to us, all transactions with related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and are disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
14. Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible or debentures during the year.



15. Based on the representation given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with the directors or other persons connected to directors and hence the provision of section 192 of the companies act is not applicable.
16. The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of Reserve Bank of India, 1934.

For A.K.G. & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
FRN. 002688N



CA. Harvinder Singh
Partner
M. No. 087889

Place: Delhi
Date: 12th February, 2021

UDIN: 21087889AAAABL8457

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Control under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Indosolar Limited** Company under CIRP ("the Company") as on 31st March 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI").

These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.



Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Qualified Opinion

Due to insufficient staff and availability of relevant records, in our opinion, the Company does not has an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were not operating effectively as at 31st March, 2020. We have not been provided with the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For A.K.G. & ASSOCIATES
Chartered Accountants
FRN. 002688N



CA. Harvinder Singh
Partner
M. No. 087889

Place: Delhi
Date: 12th February, 2021

UDIN: **21087889AAAABL8457**

INDOSOLAR LIMITED

Regd. Office: C-12 Friends Colony (East), New Delhi-110065, India
CIN- L18101DL2005PLC134879

Website-www.indosolar.co.in Email: cirp.indosolar@gmail.com

Statement of audited Financial Results for the Quarter and year ended on March 31, 2020

| (Rs. in Lakh except EPS) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| S. No. | Particulars | Quarter Ended | | | Year Ended | |
| | | 31.3.2020 | 31.12.2019 | 31.3.2019 | 31.3.2020 | 31.3.2019 |
| | | (Audited) | (Unaudited) | (Audited) | (Audited) | (Audited) |
| I | Income | | | | | |
| | Revenue from Operation | - | - | (0.31) | - | 1322.36 |
| | Other Income | 30.63 | 3.06 | 10.32 | 80.96 | 290.49 |
| | Total Income (A) | 30.63 | 3.06 | 10.01 | 80.96 | 1612.85 |
| II | Expenses | | | | | |
| | Cost of material consumed | - | - | 46.03 | - | 1142.02 |
| | Purchase of stock in trade | - | - | - | - | 92.98 |
| | Change in inventories of finished goods, stock in trade | - | - | - | - | 515.39 |
| | Employee Benefits Expense | 9.24 | 9.58 | 41.76 | 30.87 | 455.99 |
| | Finance Costs | 3.90 | 0.02 | 283.38 | 4.37 | 5039.04 |
| | Depreciation and Amortisation Expense | 134.20 | 190.56 | 570.77 | 714.78 | 2413.69 |
| | Other Expenses | 64.91 | 45.42 | 93.04 | 165.09 | 1581.92 |
| | Total Expense (B) | 212.25 | 245.58 | 1034.98 | 915.11 | 11295.03 |
| III | Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items (A-B) | (181.62) | (242.52) | (1024.97) | (834.15) | (9,682.18) |
| IV | Profit / (Loss) before tax | (181.62) | (242.52) | (1024.97) | (834.15) | (52,501.30) |
| | Tax Expense | | | | | |
| | Current Tax | - | - | | - | - |
| | Deferred Tax | - | - | | - | - |
| | Profit / (Loss) after tax (net) | (181.62) | (242.52) | (1024.97) | (834.15) | (52,501.30) |
| V | Other Comprehensive Income/(loss) | | | | | |
| | Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss –Re-measurements of net defined benefit plans | - | - | - | - | 5.77 |
| | Total Comprehensive for the period Income (Comprising Profit/(Loss) and other comprehensive Income) | (181.62) | (242.52) | (1024.97) | (834.15) | (52,495.53) |
| VI | Paid-up equity share capital (Face value of Rs. 10/- each) | 37206.71 | 37206.71 | 37206.71 | 37206.71 | 37206.71 |
| VII | Other Equity | - | - | - | (135355.20) | - |
| VIII | Earnings per equity share (EPS) (Face value of Rs. 10/- each) (not annualised): | | | | | |
| | - Basic (Rs.) | (0.05) | (0.07) | (0.28) | (0.22) | (14.11) |
| | - Diluted (Rs.) | (0.05) | (0.07) | (0.28) | (0.22) | (14.11) |

Notes:

1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results for the Quarter and year ended March 31, 2020 filed with Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulation, 2015. The complete format of the said Financial Results is available on the Stock Exchanges websites at www.bseindia.com; www.nseindia.ccm and also on Company's website i.e. www.indosolar.co.in
2. The Company Indosolar Limited is under Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process and in terms of the order of Hon'ble NCLT dated 12th April, 2019 the powers of the board of directors are suspended and are vested in the Resolution Professional and Its affair, business and assets are being managed by the Resolution Professional. The Resolution Professional is performing the function as mentioned under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code.

For Indosolar limited

(a company under corporate insolvency resolution process vide NCLT order)

Sd/-

Anand Kumar Agarwal
Chief Financial Officer

Sd/-

Gulshan Gaba
Resolution Professional

Place: New Delhi

Dated: 12-02-2021