## J K V S \& CO. <br> Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on the Quarterly and Annual Audited Financial Results of the Company Pursuant to the Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended

To the Board of Directors of Coventry Coil-O-Matic (Haryana) Ltd.

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Results

## Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying statement of quarterly and annual audited financial results of Coventry Coil=O-Matic (Haryana) Limited ("the Company"), for the quarter and year ended March 31 2020 ("the Statement"), attached herewith, being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended (the "Listing Regulations").
In'our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Statement read with notes therein:
i. except the effects of the matter described in the basis of qualified opinion paragraph below, these quarterly results and annual audited results is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Regulations 33 in this regard: and
ii. does not gives a true and fair view in conformity with the applicable accounting standards and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the net loss and other comprehensive income for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, net loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2020 and other financial information of the Company for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2020.

## Basis for Qualified Opinion

Attention is drawn to the following notes of the accompanying financial results:

1. Going Concern Assumption may no longer be appropriate- As the Company has incurred significant operating losses, negative operating cash flow, negative working capital, adjudication of legal process against the company for loan liability, Notice of Recovery OfficerII of DRT-1, Delhi for settling sale proclamation for the sale of the factory property (Refer Note $2(m)$ ) and negative net worth indicating that going concern assumption is no longer be appropriate. However, the management is continuing with the operations, therefore the accounts have been prepared on basis of going concern assumption. Consequently, adjustment for amount of assets and classification of liabilities required to be recorded has not been carried out.
2. 2.1 Note No. (2K) of the statement for demand pronounced by DRT-I on 18.01-2016 of Rs. 8449.39 Lakhs together with Simple interest of $13.5 \%$ P.A. from 14-05-2007 which amounts to Rs. 23,153.06 Lakhs as on 31st March'20 (Gross Value before adjusting repayment through Cash and Land) related to liability of IFCI debt. Other liability of IDBI and Kotak Mahindra Bank are yet to be ordered by Courts. Liability provided in the book against these are only of Rs. 393.59 lakhs, non-provision of Rs. 23,464.80 Lakhs.

Page 1 of 4
209. Hans Bhawan 1, Bahadur Shan Zafar Marg, New Delhi-110 Oed Nek Delhi

Email ID : newdelhi@jkagarwal.com | Ph. No.: 9015157141, 98911 9
Office at Kolkata \& Mumbai

## J K V S \& CO.

2.2. Had the provision been made, the loss up to the year after tax Rs. 211.89 lakhs would have resulted in loss of Rs. 23,678.68 lakh3, Reservo \& Surplus Deficit (Balance of Statement of Profit \& Loss) would have boen Ra. 25128.08.35 lakhs instead of Rs. 1664.08 lakhs.
3. The company had to give physical possession of a part of land comprizing of approx. 10 acres whose approx. cost appearing in books is Rs. 12.02 Lakhs, to Alchomist Asset Reconstruction Company Ltd., assignees of IDBI \& IFCl (Financial Institution) on 8th March 2013 as per the direction of Honourable Supreme Court who re-affirmed the interim orders of Honourable Punjab \& Haryana High Court, Chandigarh of 9th August 2011. The land is sold by Alchemist Asset Reconstruction Company L.td. at Rs. 1350 lakhs. The company is not accounted for these as sale till the settlement of court case, therefore necessary accounting entries and profit on transfer of land $\&$ capital gain tax could not be determined and accounted for in books of accounts.
4. Company have not worked out and provided for the Interest and penalty which will arise due to long outstanding of statutory dues and non-filing of statutory returns in time.

Impact with respect to 1, 3 and 4 above are presently not ascertainable and as such cannot be commented upon by us.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Results' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion on the annual financial results.

## Management's and Board of Director's Responsibilities for the Financial Results

The Statement has been prepared on the basis of the annual financial statements. The management and the Board of Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Statement that gives a true and fair view of the net loss and other comprehensive income and other financial information of the Company in accordance with the applicable accounting standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities: selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, 'whether due to fraud or error.


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In preparing the Statement, management and the Board of Director are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
The company's management and the Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Statement as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Statement.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
-. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Statement, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Going Concern Assumption may no longer be appropriate- As the Company has incurred significant operating losses, negative operating cash flow, negative working capital, adjudication of legal process against the company for loan liability, Notice of Recovery Officer-II of DRT-1,
Delhi for settling sale proclamation for the sale of the factory property (Refer Note 2(m)) and negative net worth indicating that going concern assumption is no longer be appropriate. However, the management is continuing with the operations, therefore the accounts have been prepared on basis of going concern assumption. Consequently, adjustment for amount of assets and classification of liabilities required to be recorded has not been carried out.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Statement, including the disclosures, and whether the Statement represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Statement that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Statement may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Statement.

Page 3 of 4


## J K V S \& CO. <br> Chartered Accountants

We communicate with those charged with.governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other mated safeguards.

## Other Matter

The Statement includes the results for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 being the balancing figure published unaudited year-to-date figures up to the third quarter of the current financial year, which were subjected to a limited review by us, as required under the Listing Regulations.


UDIN: Membership No. 523903

| COVENTRY COIL-O-MATIC (HARYANA) LIMTTED <br> Read offica: Vill Salowas, P.O. Songwari, Distl Rowart - 123401 <br> Email ; info@cjilomatic.com Ph. 9896033299 <br> CIN No. L74999HR 1983 PLC030370 <br> Stalement of audited Financlal Resulls |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S.No. PPARTICULARS |  |  | Three Months Endod |  |  | Pupres in Laxhs |  |
|  | No. of Months |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Perlod Ending |  |  | 3 | 3 | 3 | 12 | 12 |
|  | Type |  | 31-Mar-2020 | 31-Dec-2019 | 31-Mar-2019 | 31-Mar-2020 | 31-Mar-2019 |
| 1 | Revenue form Operations |  | Refer Note-8 | Unaudited | Refer Note-8 | Audited |  |
| 2 | Other income |  | 1,092.81 | 1,086.51. | 1.752 .01 | 4,546.07 | 6.657.28 |
| 3 | Total income ( $1+2$ ) |  | 1.09473 | 13.82 | 8.21 | 22.71 | 23.85 |
| 4 | Expenses |  | 1,094.73 | 1,100.33 | 1.760 .23 | 4,568.78 | 6,681.13 |
|  | (a) | Changes in inventories of linished goods, work-in-progress and Slock-in-Trade |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 568.17 | 787.55 | 1,246.96 | 2,811.83 | 4.506 .87 |
|  |  |  | 68.41 | (58.43) | (20.56) |  |  |
|  | d) | Eirployee benefits expenses | 168.24 | 143.07 | 201.48 | 665.09 | (34.74) |
|  | e) | Power \& Fuel Consumed | 76.99 | 75.78 | 103.81 | 327.991 | 410.84 |
|  | 1 | Derreciation and amortizalion expenses | 6.17 | 4.63 . | 3.79 | 19.27 | 12.42 |
|  | 10) | Other Expenses | 8. 8.254 | 8.48 | 8.33 | 33.51 | 31.93 |
|  | Total Expenses |  | 234.64 | 194.74 | 278.66 | 898.37 1 | 1.164 .41 |
| 5 | Profit hefore Exceptional ltems \& Tnx $(3-4)$ |  | 1,130.88 | 1,15 | 3,822.47 | 4.720.67 | 6.845.66 |
|  |  |  | 36.15) | (55.49) | 62.24) | (211.89) | (164.53) |
| 6 | Profit before Tax |  |  |  | - | - 1 | $\square$ |
| 7 | Tax Expense (Nel) |  | (36.15) | (55.49) | (62.24) | (211.89) | [164.53) |
|  |  | Cutem Tax |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Deffered Tax |  |  | - | - | - |
| 9 | Other Comprehenstive Income (0CI) |  |  | (55.49) | (62 24 | 1 | $\square$ |
|  |  |  | (36.15) | (55.49) | (62.24) | (211.89) | (164.53) |
|  | 8) | Iterns that will not be reclassified to Profit or loss (Net of Tax) | (13.05) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Items that will be reclassified to Profit or loss (Net of Tax) | (13.05 | 1.00 | 14.371 | (7.86) | 16.77 |
| 10 | b) Items that will be reclassified to Profit or loss (Net of Tax) Total Comprehensive Income |  |  |  | (47.87) | (219.74) |  |
| $\frac{12}{12}$ | Paid up Equity Share Capltal(Face Value of the share Rs, 10/- cach) |  | (49.20) | (54.49) | (47.87) | (219.74) | (147.76) |
|  |  |  | 450.80 | 450.80 | 450.80 | 450.80 | 450.80 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | b) | Basic (Rs.) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Dilinted (Rs.) | (0.80) | (1.23) | (1.38) | (4.70) | (3.65) |
| - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |






# Coventry Coil-o-Matic(Faryana) $\mathcal{L t d}$. 

Regd.office: 87 km NH-8, Vill. Salawas, P.O. Sangwari, Distt. Rewari-123 401 (Haryana)
Annexuro-1
Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications (For audit Report with modified opinion) submitted along-with Annual Auditod Financlal Rosults as on $31^{\text {si }}$ March 2020

| [See Regulation 33/52 of the SEBI (LODR) (Amendment) Regulations, 2016]SI.No. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  <br> 1 | Turnover/Total | Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications) (Rs. in Lakhs) | Audited Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications subject to qualification 1,3 and 4) (Rs. in Lakhs) |
|  | 2 | 隹 Income | 4,568.78 | 4,568.78 |
|  | 3 | Total Expenditure | 4,780.67 | 28,245.47 |
|  | 4 | Net Profit(Loss) | (211.89) | (23,676.68) |
|  | 4 | Earnings Per Share | (4.70) | (23,67 |
|  | 5 | Total Assels | 120512 | (525.21) |
|  | 6 | Total Liabilities | 1,205.12 | 1,205.12 |
|  | 7 | Net Worth | 2,418.40 | 25,883.20 |
|  | 8 | Any Other Financial Item(s) | (1213.28) | (24678.08) |
|  |  | appropriate by the management) | - |  |
| 11 | Audit qualification (each audit qualification separately): |  |  |  |
| Details of Audit Qualification: |  |  |  |  |

1. Note No. 5 of result regarding Going Concern Assumption may no longer be appropriate As the Company has incurred significant operating losses, negative operating cash flows, negative working capital, adjudication of legal process against the company for loan liability, Notice of Recovery Officer-II of DRT-1, Delhi for settling sale proclamation for the sale of the factory property (Refer Note 2(m)) and negative net worth indicating that going concern assumption is no longer be appropriate. Consequently, adjustment for amount of assets and classification of liabilities required to be recorded has not been carried.
2. 2.1 Note No. 2 k of notes to results describes that company has not made provision calculated on the IFCI debts confirmed by the order dated 18-01-2016 in DRT-I, New Delhi by AARCL for the recovery of Rs. 8449.38 lakhs together with simple interest @ 13.5\% p.a. from 14adjusting repayments to Rs, 23,153.06 Lakhs as on 31st March'20 (Gross Value before IDBI and Kotak Mahindra Bank and Land) related to liability of IFCI debt. Other liability of book against these are only of Rs. 393.59 lakhs, non-provision of Rs. $23,464.80 \mathrm{~L}$ ith the

2.2Had the provision been made, the loss up to the year after tax Rs. 211.89 lakhs would have resulted in loss of Rs. 23,676.68 lakhs, Reserve \& Surplus Deficit (Balance of Statement of Profit \& Loss) would have been Rs. 25128.88 .35 lakhs Instead of Rs. 1664.08
lakhs.




