

Ref. No.: GIC Re/SE/2021-22/Q4-IMP Date: May 30, 2022

To,

The Manager
Listing Department
BSE Limited
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Tower
Dalal Street
Mumbai – 400001

The Manager
Listing Department
The National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.
Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor, Plot C/1,
G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex
Mumbai - 400051

Scrip Code: (BSE - 540755/ NSE - GICRE)

Dear Sir/Madam,

Sub: Investor Presentation - Q4 FY 2022 Financial Results Presentation

With reference to the above captioned subject, please find attached herewith Investor Presentation – Q4 FY 2022 Financial Results Presentation.

The same is also available on the website of the Corporation at www.gicofindia.com.

Kindly take the above information on record.

Thanking You

Yours sincerely

For General Insurance Corporation of India

(Satheesh Kumar)

CS & Compliance Officer

Encl.: A/A

भारतीय साधारण बीमा निगम (भारत सरकार की कंपनी)

General Insurance Corporation of India

(Government of India Company)

CIN NO.: L67200MH1972GOI016133 IRDA REGN No.: 112

"सुरक्षा", 170, जे. टाटा रोड, चर्चगेट, मुंबई - 400 020. "SURAKSHA", 170, J. Tata Road, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020. INDIA Tel.: +91-22-2286 7000 www.gicofindia.in







Safe Harbour



Except for the historical information contained herein, statements in this presentation and the subsequent discussions, which include words or phrases such as "will", "aim", "will likely result", "would", "believe", "may", "expect", "will continue", "anticipate", "estimate", "intend", "plan", "contemplate", seek to", "future", "objective", "goal", "likely", "project", "should", "potential", "will pursue", and similar expressions of such expressions may constitute "forward-looking statements". Such forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties like government actions, local, political or economic developments, technological risks, and many other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the relevant forward-looking statements. GIC Re will not be in any way responsible for any action taken based on such statements and undertakes no obligation to publicly update these forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

Agenda



1 Market Review

Strategic Overview

3 Financial Performance

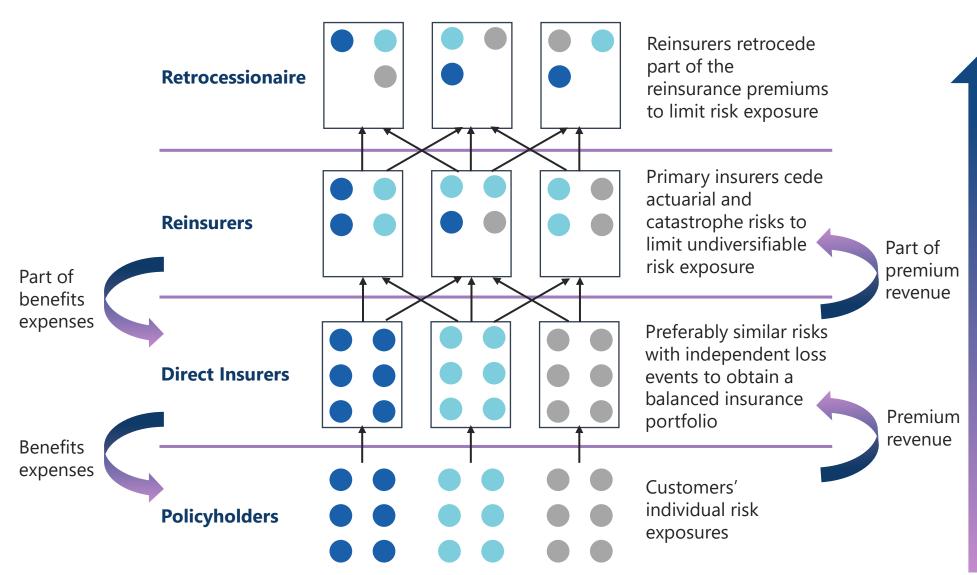


Market Review

Transfer of Risk

How Reinsurance Works?





Reinsurance Industry - Role



GIC Re has been playing a key role in the Indian reinsurance market and able to maintain about 60% share in the Indian reinsurance market.

- Reinsurance is the foundation for economic growth through risk transfer mechanism
- 2 The risks flow through insurers to reinsurers
- Insurance is written on the strength of reinsurance support
- Reinsurer insulates himself from the insurer's adverse financial performance
- 5 Reinsurers have devices to guard against anti-selection

Reinsurance support aims at

- Providing insurers capacity to write more: **proportional**
- Providing insurers protection against bottom line volatility:

 non-proportional major
 risks
- Providing insurers protection against balance sheet protection:

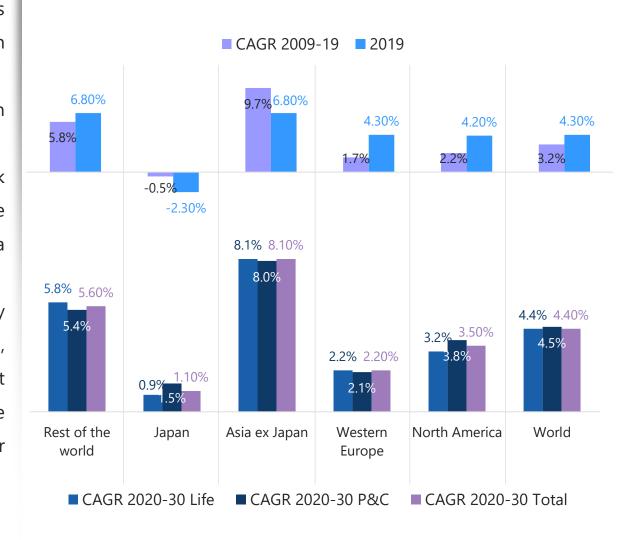
non-proportional - catastrophe

Global Scenario



- The global reinsurance market size is expected to grow from \$503.73 billion in 2021 to \$812.37 billion in 2026
- Reinsurance rates increased moderately in January renewals in 2022
- A.M. Best has maintained its stable outlook for the global reinsurance sector on the back of positive rate momentum across a broad range of non-life classes of business
- In the current environment, marked by years of accumulating catastrophic losses, investment market losses, and significant losses expected as a result of the pandemic, there is potential for further price increases

Gross Written Premium* growth, by region



^{*} The conversion into EUR is based on 2019 exchange rates.

Source: A.M. Best; National financial supervisory authorities, insurance associations and statistical offices, Thomson Reuters, Allianz Research; Valuates Report; The Business Research Company; Precision reports

Reinsurance industry in India





GIC Re is the largest player in India and leads most of the domestic companies' treaty programmes and facultative placements



Gross written premiums of general insurance industry in 2021-22: ₹2,20,634.73 crore



Net retention of general insurers increased from 66.33% in 2019-20 to 70.82% in 2020-21



Insurance penetration increased from 3.76% in 2019-20 to 4.20% in 2020-21



Crop insurance has become the third largest line of non-life business, after health and motor insurance

Source: GlobalData; IRDAI

Domestic Operating Environment



India's general insurance market is estimated to grow at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 6.2% during 2019-2023.

Reinsurance premiums in India is expected to touch Rs 989.75 billion by 2025 GIC Re expected to maintain market leadership going forward on strong financials, adequate capacity and expertise

Budget 2022

- Government has allowed surety bonds as substitute for bank guarantees. This augurs well for non-life insurers where they will be able to issue surety bonds to the infrastructure companies.
 Moreover, reinsurance support would be required for these huge surety amounts.
- The cabinet has approved implementation of Ayushman Bharat Digital Health with a budget of Rs 1600 crores for 5 years which is likely to boost the healthcare sector.

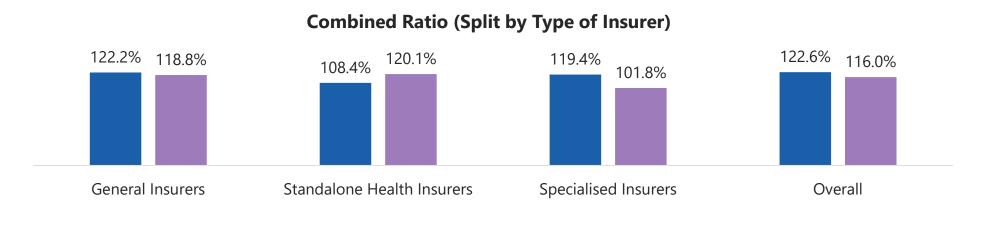
Combined Ratio – Indian non-life insurance



Combined Ratio - Overall



2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21



■ 2019-20 **■** 2020-21



Strategic Overview

Competitive Strategy Pillars



Prudent Underwriting

- Geographical Diversification
- Lines of Business Diversification
- Continued focus on Risk Selection
- Deployment of Modelling and Pricing Techniques and Tools

Efficient Asset Management

- Healthy Investment Income
- Diversified Investment Portfolio
- Effective Asset Liability Management

Exposure Management

- Modelling accumulation of exposures
- Rebalancing the risk portfolio
- Well-rated retrocession counterparties

Effective Risk Management

- Conservative Claim Reserving
- Following best practices such as conducting stress test to assess resilience

Talent Management

- Recruitment of Experts
- Low attrition rate

Dominant Indian market position

- Continued Obligatory cessions & Order of Preference
- Long term relationship with the market
- Well-positioned to exploit all opportunities

Strategic Approach



- GIC Re to leverage its position of 13th rank based on the scale it affords and excellent credit rating domestically.
- The Company stands to benefit from price hardening in select segments / geographies.
- Indian market with its unprecedented growth, particularly in agriculture and health affords an opportunity to leverage GIC Re balance sheet.
- Solvency pressures on Indian insurance market players could lead to higher reinsurance cessions, growing the reinsurance market size which would provide GIC Re an opportunity to sustain its market share.
- Phased adoption of modelling capabilities to ensure better exposure management and deriving value extraction from it.
- Greater volatility countered through conservative reserving.
- Continued focus on underwriting profitability through
 - Class-specific evaluation
 - Weeding out the contracts with inadequate pricing
 - Incentivisation based on individual company / contract performance
- Industry Performance
 - Adoption of IIB rates and resultant increase in price as a factor.
 - Listing of insurers will lead to greater bottom line focus.
 - Leverage Lloyd's platform to expand GIC Re presence in international markets.



Financial Performance

Financials at a glance



Particulars	Q4 FY22	Q4 FY21	FY22
Gross Premium	10,303.81	8,812.83	43,208.46
Profit After Tax	1,795.40	1,260.44	2,005.74
Incurred Claims Ratio	50.3%	81.9%	93.2%
Combined ratio	74.30%	103.47%	112.08%
Solvency Ratio (times)	1.96	1.74	1.96

Key Financials



				\ Clole
Particulars	Q4 FY22	Q3 FY22	Q4 FY21	FY22
Gross Premium	10,303.81	10,240.00	8,812.83	43,208.46
Net Premium	9,080.52	9,332.56	8,240.83	38,799.03
Earned Premium	8,621.98	8,907.00	7,573.55	39,293.40
Incurred Claims	4,334.31	10,857.83	6,202.19	36,625.85
Incurred claims ratio (on earned premium)	50.3%	121.9%	81.9%	93.2%
Net Commission	2,003.48	377.08	1,699.97	6,950.82
Net Commission Percentage (on Net Premium)	22.1%	4.0%	20.6%	17.9%
Expenses of Management	178.41	55.86	78.21	371.28
Expenses of Management ratio (on net premium)	2.0%	0.6%	0.9%	1.0%
Profit/(Loss) on Exchange	210.51	21.41	(91.33)	401.41
Underwriting Profit/(Loss)	2,314.19	(2,371.19)	(535.10)	(4,266.11)
Investment Income	2,826.59	2,271.14	2,286.21	9,562.29
Other Income less Outgo	(1,526.01)	(1.61)	294.37	(1,736.03)
Profit Before Tax	3,614.78	(101.66)	2,045.48	3,560.14
Provision for Taxation	1,819.37	(73.18)	785.05	1,554.40
Profit After Tax	1,795.40	(28.48)	1,260.44	2,005.74
Combined Ratio %	74.30%	126.54%	103.47%	112.08%

Break-up of Gross Premium



₹ crore

Gross Premium	FY22	FY21	Growth %
A) Fire	12,949.11	14,123.41	-8.3%
B) Miscellaneous - Total	26,907.72	29,106.18	-7.6%
Misc - Motor	9,742.28	8,846.90	10.1%
Misc - Health	4,517.81	5,606.01	-19.4%
Misc - Agriculture	7,911.47	9,198.63	-14.0%
Misc - Other LOBs	4,736.17	5,454.64	-13.2%
C) Marine	1,900.86	2,530.57	-24.9%
Marine - Cargo	1,244.02	1,457.60	-14.7%
Marine - Hull	656.84	1,072.97	-38.8%
D) Life	1,450.76	1,254.22	15.7%
Total – A+B+C+D	43,208.46	47,014.38	-8.1%

	Gross Premium Breakup					Incurred Claims		Combined Ratio (%)	
	FY22	Share (%)	FY21	Share (%)	Growth (%)	FY22	FY21	FY22	FY21
Domestic	28,018.79	65%	30,009.93	64%	-7%	22,580.53	23,865.74	103.40%	110.41%
International	15,189.67	35%	17,004.46	36%	-11%	14,045.32	12,988.01	127.14%	114.87%
Total	43,208.46	100%	47,014.38	100%	-8%	36,625.85	36,853.75	112.08%	112.03%

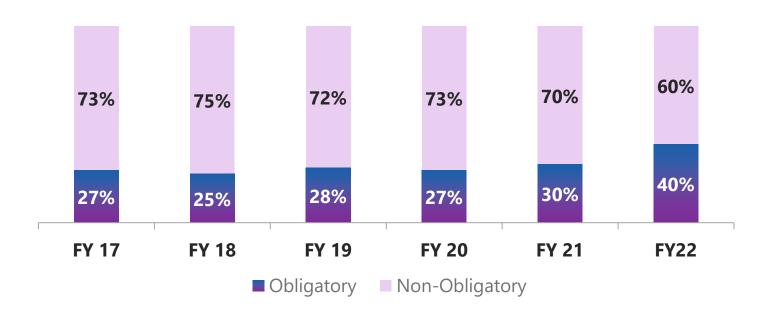
Segment Wise Combined & Loss Ratio – FY22



							- Crore
	Fire	Motor	Health	Agri	Cargo	Hull	Life
Gross Premium							
Domestic	6,406.41	4,622.26	4,487.49	7,691.41	423.88	224.81	1,313.08
International	6,542.70	5,120.02	30.32	220.07	820.15	432.03	137.69
Total	12,949.11	9,742.28	4,517.81	7,911.47	1,244.02	656.84	1,450.76
Incurred Claims							
Domestic	3,470.20	3,557.10	4,664.88	6,097.59	326.25	182.33	2,602.76
International	6,681.62	3,553.20	45.89	371.81	834.74	784.32	134.33
Total	10,151.82	7,110.30	4,710.77	6,469.40	1,160.99	966.66	2,737.10
Combined Ratio (%)							
Domestic	77.71	96.39	117.48	104.89	106.88	88.03	224.28
International	136.11	119.29	68.93	96.75	127.45	137.30	117.91
Total	109.70	107.65	116.11	103.68	120.39	121.12	214.00

Domestic Business Mix



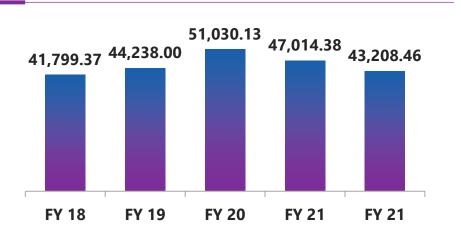


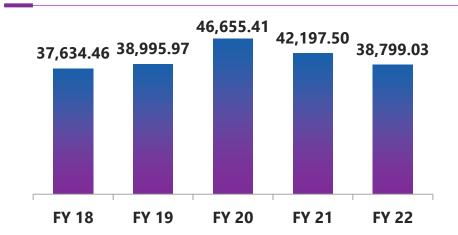
- Obligatory cessions continue to remain at 5% with no monetary limits on cessions.
- GIC Re Health portfolio comprises mostly of Obligatory cessions, some selective domestic treaties and selective Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana Abhiyan Schemes besides business written by the Foreign branches.

Key Financials (1/2)

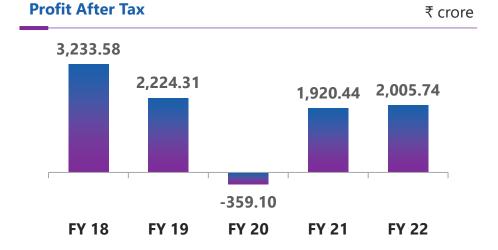


Gross Premium ₹ crore Net Premium ₹ crore





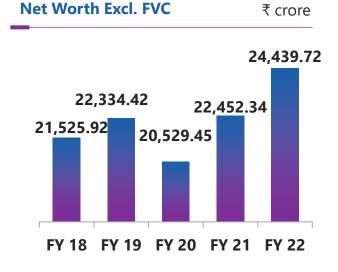
97.5% 92.4% 93.2% 86.5% FY 18 FY 19 FY 20 FY 21 FY 22

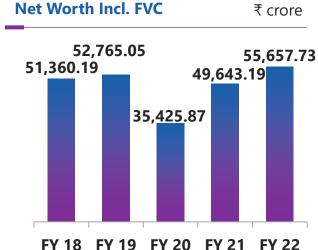


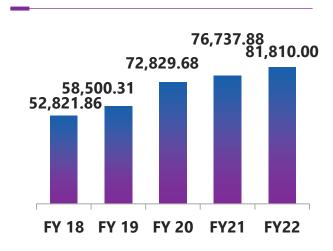
Key Financials (2/2)



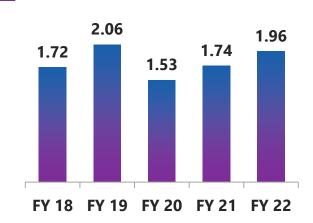
₹ crore







Solvency Ratio

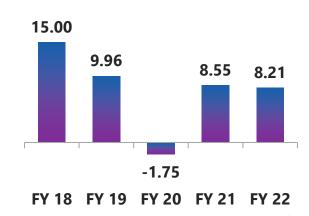








Policyholders' Funds





Appendix

Glossary



Ceding Company (Cedant)	The company that transfers its risk to a reinsurer
Combined Ratio	The sum of the loss ratio and the expense ratio
Earned Premiums	The portion of the premium for which protection has been provided
Excess of Loss Reinsurance	A form of reinsurance, which, subject to a specified limit, indemnifies the ceding company for the amount of loss in excess of a specified retention
Expense Ratio	Sum of acquisition costs and other operating expenses, in relation to premiums earned
Facultative Reinsurance	Reinsurance of individual risks by offer and acceptance wherein the reinsurer retains the ability to accept or reject and individually price each risk offered by the ceding company
Incurred but not reported losses (IBNR)	An actuarial estimate of amounts required to pay ultimate net losses that refers to losses that have occurred but have not yet been fully and finally settled/paid
Loss Ratio	Ratio of total losses incurred (paid and reserved) in claims plus adjustment expenses divided by the total premiums earned
Obligatory Treaty	A reinsurance contract under which the subject business must be ceded by the insurer in accordance with contract terms and must be accepted by the reinsurer
Retrocession	A transaction in which a reinsurer transfers risks it has reinsured to another reinsurer
Treaty Reinsurance	The ceding company transfers all risks within a book of business to the reinsurer



भारतीय साधारण बीमा निगम General Insurance Corporation of India

Thank You

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