

#### Ref. No.: GIC-HO/BOARD/SE-Q3-IMP/186/2022-23

Date: February 10, 2023

To, The Manager Listing Department BSE Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Tower Dalal Street Mumbai – 400001

The Manager Listing Department The National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. Exchange Plaza, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Plot C/1, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex Mumbai - 400051

#### Scrip Code: (BSE – 540755/ NSE – GICRE)

Dear Sir/Madam,

#### Sub: Investor Presentation – Q3 FY 2023 Financial Results Presentation

With reference to the above captioned subject, please find attached herewith Investor Presentation – Q3 FY 2023 Financial Results Presentation.

The same is also available on the website of the Corporation at www.gicre.in .

Kindly take the above information on record.

Thanking You Yours sincerely

#### For General Insurance Corporation of India

(Satheesh Kumar) CS & Compliance Officer

Encl.: A/A

#### भारतीय साधारण बीमा निगम (भारत सरकार की कंपनी)

General Insurance Corporation of India (Government of India Company) CIN: L67200MH1972GOI016133 IRDA REG NO.: 112

# Q3 FY 2023 Financial Results Presentation

Mumbai, February 2023



#### Safe Harbour



Except for the historical information contained herein, statements in this presentation and the subsequent discussions, which include words or phrases such as "will", "aim", "will likely result", "would", "believe", "may", "expect", "will continue", "anticipate", "estimate", "intend", "plan", "contemplate", seek to", "future", "objective", "goal", "likely", "project", "should", "potential", "will pursue", and similar expressions of such expressions may constitute "forward-looking statements". Such forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties like government actions, local, political or economic developments, technological risks, and many other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by the relevant forward-looking statements. GIC Re will not be in any way responsible for any action taken based on such statements and undertakes no obligation to publicly update these forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

### Agenda



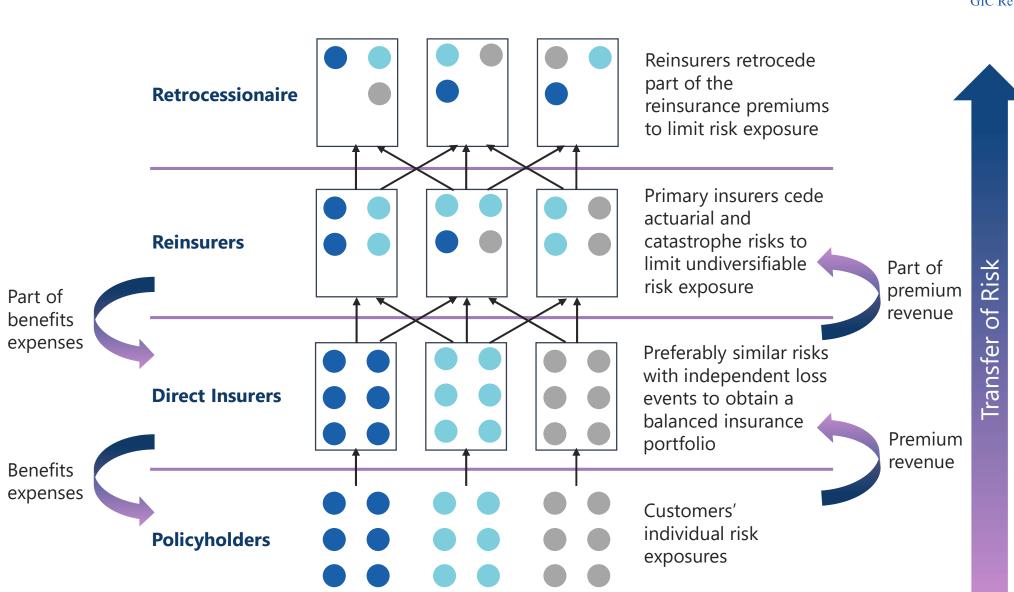








## Market Review



#### How Reinsurance Works?



Source: Torben, Juul & Andersen, "Managing Economic Exposures of Catastrophe and Terrorism Risk: International Financing Solutions", Conference on Catastrophic Risks & Insurance, November 2004

#### **Reinsurance Industry - Role**



GIC Re has been playing a key role in the Indian reinsurance market and able to maintain about 60% share in the Indian reinsurance market.



Reinsurance is the foundation for economic growth through risk transfer mechanism



The risks flow through insurers to reinsurers



Insurance is written on the strength of reinsurance support



Reinsurer insulates himself from the insurer's adverse financial performance



Reinsurers have devices to guard against anti-selection



### **Global Scenario**



- The global reinsurance market size is expected to grow from \$503.73 billion in 2021 to \$812.37 billion in 2026
- Reinsurance rates increased moderately in January renewals in 2022
- A.M. Best has maintained its stable outlook for the global reinsurance sector on the back of positive rate momentum across a broad range of non-life classes of business
- In the current environment, marked by years of accumulating catastrophic losses, investment market losses, and significant losses expected as a result of the pandemic, there is potential for further price increases

#### **Gross Written Premium\* growth, by region**

CAGR 2010-20 2020 9.0% 2.90% 5.3%<sup>.60%</sup> 1.2% 2.6% 3.1% -0.6% -2.10% -2.40% -5.10% -7.70% 8.9% 6.8% 7.9% 5.6% 7.3% 4.8% 3.1% 4.6% 3.4% 1.3% 2.7% 1.5% Rest of the Japan Asia ex Japan Western North America World world Europe CAGR 2021-31 Life ■ CAGR 2021-31 P&C

\* The conversion into EUR is based on 2020 exchange rates.

Source: A.M. Best; National financial supervisory authorities, insurance associations and statistical offices, Thomson Reuters, Allianz Research; Valuates Report; The Business Research Company ;Precision reports

#### Reinsurance industry in India



GIC Re is the largest player in India and leads most of the domestic companies' treaty programmes and facultative placements



Gross written premiums of general insurance industry in 2021-22: ₹2,20,634.73 crore Net retention of general insurers increased from 66.33% in 2019-20 to 70.82% in 2020-21

Insurance penetration increased from3.76% in 2019-20 to 4.20% in 2020-21

Crop insurance has become the third largest line of non-life business, after health and motor insurance

आपत्काले रक्षिण्यामि GIC Re

### **Domestic Operating Environment**



India's general insurance market is estimated to grow at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 6.2% during 2019-2023. Reinsurance premiums in India is expected to touch Rs 989.75 billion by 2025 GIC Re expected to maintain market leadership going forward on strong financials, adequate capacity and expertise

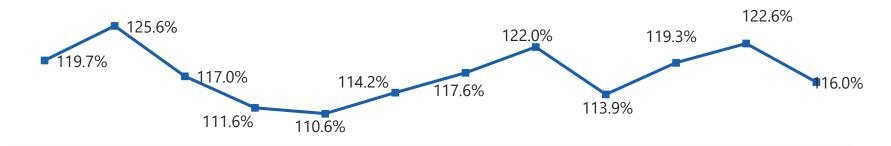
#### Budget 2023

 The cabinet has increased allocation towards Ayushman Bharat by 12% to Rs 7,200 crores in the recently concluded budget session which is likely to boost the healthcare sector.

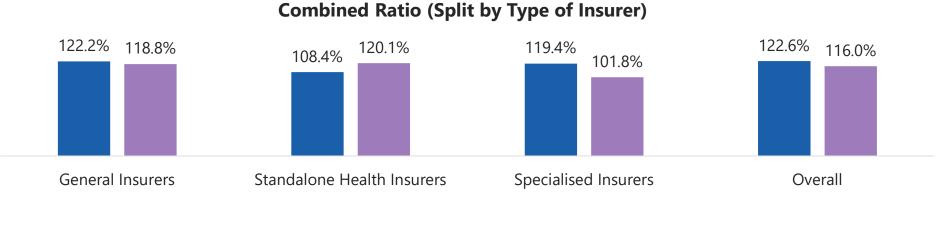
#### Combined Ratio – Indian non-life insurance







2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 2017-18 2018-19 2019-20 2020-21



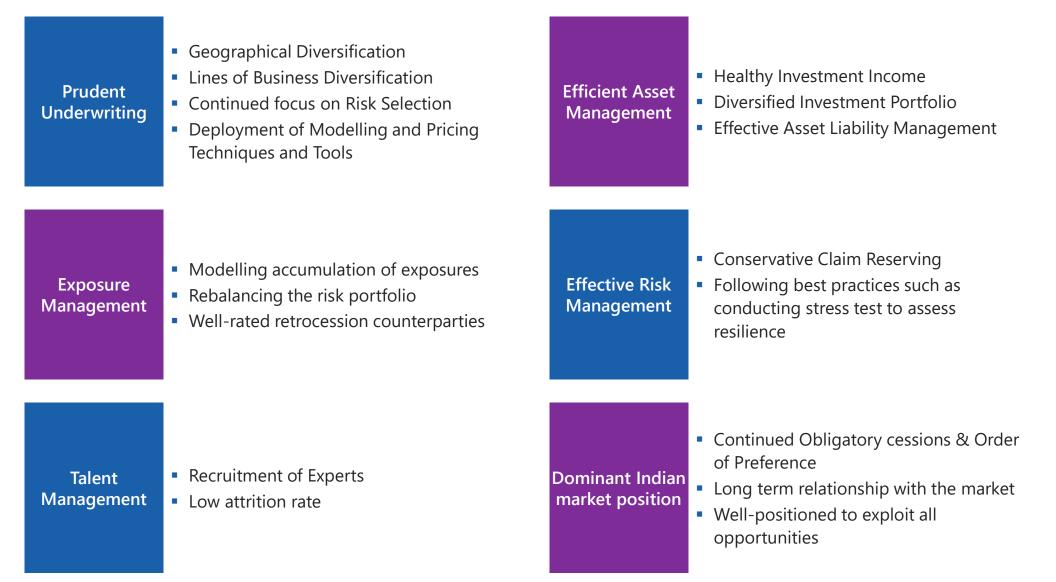
2019-20 2020-21



# Strategic Overview

### **Competitive Strategy Pillars**





### Strategic Approach



- GIC Re to leverage its position of 13<sup>th</sup> rank based on the scale it affords and excellent credit rating domestically.
- The Company stands to benefit from price hardening in select segments / geographies.
- Indian market with its unprecedented growth, particularly in agriculture and health affords an opportunity to leverage GIC Re balance sheet.
- Solvency pressures on Indian insurance market players could lead to higher reinsurance cessions, growing the reinsurance market size which would provide GIC Re an opportunity to sustain its market share.
- Phased adoption of modelling capabilities to ensure better exposure management and deriving value extraction from it.
- Greater volatility countered through conservative reserving.
- Continued focus on underwriting profitability through
  - Class-specific evaluation
  - Weeding out the contracts with inadequate pricing
  - Incentivisation based on individual company / contract performance
- Industry Performance
  - Adoption of IIB rates and resultant increase in price as a factor.
  - Listing of insurers will lead to greater bottom line focus.
  - Leverage Lloyd's platform to expand GIC Re presence in international markets.



# **Financial Performance**

### Financials at a glance



Particulars	Q3 FY23	Q3 FY22	FY22
Gross Premium	10,099.40	10,240.00	43,208.46
Profit After Tax	1,200.71	(28.48)	2,005.74
Incurred Claims Ratio	96.9%	121.9%	93.2%
Combined ratio	114.74%	126.54%	112.08%
Solvency Ratio (times)	2.38	1.80	1.96

### **Key Financials**



Particulars	Q3 FY23	Q2 FY23	Q3 FY22	FY22
Gross Premium	10,099.40	8,100.62	10,240.00	43,208.46
Net Premium	9,561.18	7,355.04	9,332.56	38,799.03
Earned Premium	8,648.76	8,763.98	8,907.00	39,293.40
Incurred Claims	8,380.50	8,543.35	10,857.83	36,625.85
Incurred claims ratio (on earned premium)	96.9%	97.5%	121.9%	93.2%
Net Commission	1,705.63	1,425.40	377.08	6,950.82
Net Commission Percentage (on Net Premium)	17.8%	19.4%	4.0%	17.9%
Expenses of Management	140.79	75.51	55.86	371.28
Expenses of Management ratio (on net premium)	1.5%	1.0%	0.6%	1.0%
Profit/(Loss) on Exchange	43.08	352.10	21.41	401.41
Underwriting Profit/(Loss)	(1,537.24)	(919.78)	(2,371.19)	(4,266.11)
Investment Income	3,025.66	3,206.32	2,271.14	9,562.29
Other Income less Outgo	107.37	174.83	(1.61)	(1,736.03)
Profit Before Tax	1,595.79	2,461.37	(101.67)	3,560.14
Provision for Taxation	395.08	601.44	(73.18)	1,554.40
Profit After Tax	1,200.71	1,859.93	(28.48)	2,005.74
Combined Ratio %	114.74%	117.89%	126.54%	112.08%

### Break-up of Gross Premium



₹ crore

Gross Premium	9M FY23	9M FY22	Growth %
A) Fire	10,564.80	9,475.84	11.5%
B) Miscellaneous - Total	16,583.94	20,957.83	-20.9%
Misc - Motor	4,666.23	7,154.28	-34.8%
Misc - Health	3,111.02	3,021.04	3.0%
Misc - Agriculture	4,776.10	7,277.51	-34.4%
Misc - Other LOBs	4,030.60	3,505.00	15.0%
C) Marine	982.53	1,394.35	-29.5%
Marine - Cargo	536.83	926.95	-42.1%
Marine - Hull	445.70	467.40	-4.6%
D) Life	1,090.57	1,076.63	1.3%
Total – A+B+C+D	29,221.85	32,904.65	-11.2%

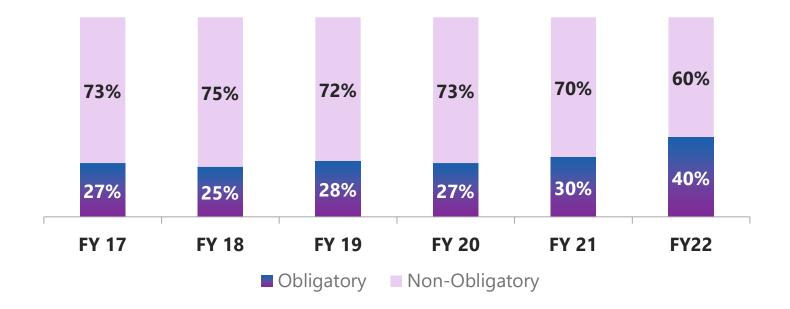
	Gross Premium Breakup					Incurred Claims		Combined Ratio (%)	
	9M FY23	Share (%)	9M FY22	Share (%)	Growth (%)	9M FY23	9M FY22	9M FY23	9M FY22
Domestic	20,662.02	71%	22,471.93	68%	-8%	16,062.43	20,718.74	98.77%	114.24%
International	8,559.83	29%	10,432.72	32%	-18%	11,030.34	11,572.80	149.65%	139.39%
Total	29,221.85	100%	32,904.65	100%	-11%	27,092.77	32,291.54	114.68%	122.58%

# Segment Wise Combined & Loss Ratio – 9M FY23

	Fire	Motor	Health	Agri	Cargo	Hull	Life
Gross Premium							
Domestic	5,778.02	5,240.29	3,098.47	3,010.97	389.80	335.54	189.14
International	4,786.78	4,235.55	12.55	10.06	147.03	591.41	256.56
Total	10,564.80	9,475.84	3,111.02	3,021.04	536.83	926.95	445.70
Incurred Claims							
Domestic	3,422.71	2,626.06	2,589.82	4,760.24	270.11	89.11	887.49
International	5,882.70	3,255.09	(15.38)	116.55	2.53	461.73	113.21
Total	9,305.41	5,881.15	2,574.44	4,876.79	272.64	550.83	1,000.70
Combined Ratio (%)							
Domestic	97.26	101.16	104.01	102.89	94.54	57.23	86.10
International	157.98	149.34	(115.12)	115.30	119.73	226.22	109.44
Total	119.22	122.94	112.87	105.07	61.51	110.67	87.35

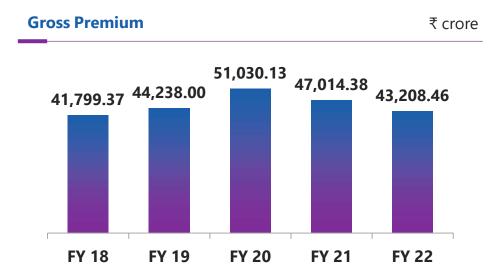
### **Domestic Business Mix**

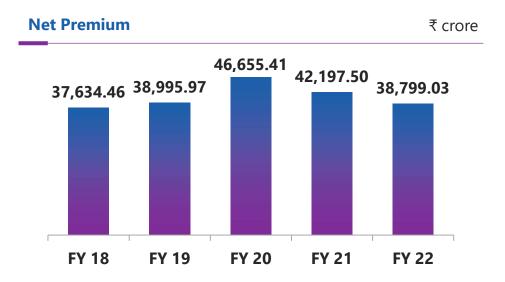




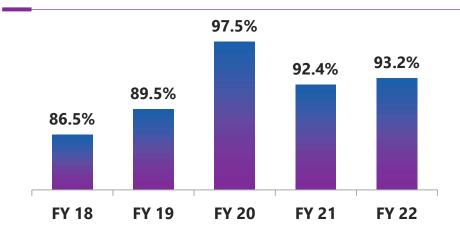
- Obligatory cessions continue to remain at 4% with no monetary limits on cessions.
- GIC Re Health portfolio comprises mostly of Obligatory cessions, some selective domestic treaties and selective Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana Abhiyan Schemes besides business written by the Foreign branches.

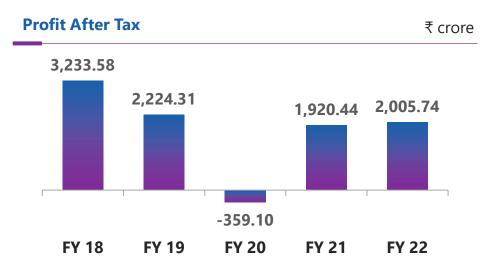
### Key Financials (1/2)





**Incurred Claims Ratio** 

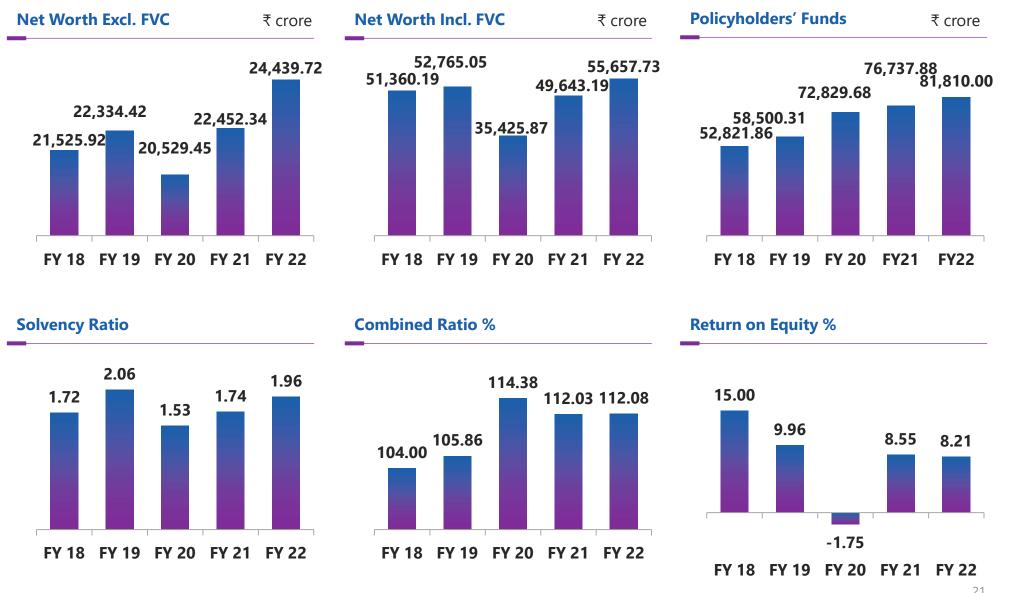






### Key Financials (2/2)





21





### Glossary



Ceding Company (Cedant)	The company that transfers its risk to a reinsurer
Combined Ratio	The sum of the loss ratio and the expense ratio
Earned Premiums	The portion of the premium for which protection has been provided
Excess of Loss Reinsurance	A form of reinsurance, which, subject to a specified limit, indemnifies the ceding company for the amount of loss in excess of a specified retention
Expense Ratio	Sum of acquisition costs and other operating expenses, in relation to premiums earned
Facultative Reinsurance	Reinsurance of individual risks by offer and acceptance wherein the reinsurer retains the ability to accept or reject and individually price each risk offered by the ceding company
Incurred but not reported losses (IBNR)	An actuarial estimate of amounts required to pay ultimate net losses that refers to losses that have occurred but have not yet been fully and finally settled/paid
Loss Ratio	Ratio of total losses incurred (paid and reserved) in claims plus adjustment expenses divided by the total premiums earned
Obligatory Treaty	A reinsurance contract under which the subject business must be ceded by the insurer in accordance with contract terms and must be accepted by the reinsurer
Retrocession	A transaction in which a reinsurer transfers risks it has reinsured to another reinsurer
Treaty Reinsurance	The ceding company transfers all risks within a book of business to the reinsurer



#### भारतीय साधारण बीमा निगम General Insurance Corporation of India

## Thank You

#### For details please contact:

#### **Prerana Puthran** Assistant General Manager P: +91 22 2286 7333 E: preranap@gicre.in

#### **Binay Sarda**

Ernst & Young LLP T: + 91 9920893764 E: <u>binay.sarda@in.ey.com</u>