



9th November, 2020

The Manager (Listing Department)

National Stock Exchange of India

Limited [NSE]

'Exchange Plaza', C/1, Block G,

Bandra-Kurla Complex,

Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051

Symbol: UNITECH

BSE Limited

Corporate Relationship Department, 1st Floor, New Trading Ring. Rotunda Building, P. J. Towers. Dalal Street, Fort. Mumbai - 400 001

Company Code: 507878

Sub.: Outcome of the Board Meeting held on 9th November, 2020

Dear Sirs.

Pursuant to provisions of Regulation 30 of SEBI (LODR) regulations, 2015, this is to inform you that the Board of Directors, in its meeting held on 9th November, 2020, has inter alia approved the following financial results and related documents:

- Standalone & Consolidated Un-audited financial results for quarter & half year ended on 30.09.2019, Cash Flow Statement and Limited Review Reports thereon:
- Standalone & Consolidated Un-audited financial results for quarter & nine months ended on 31.12.2019 and Limited Review Reports thereon; and
- Standalone & Consolidated Audited financial results for quarter & year ended on 31.03.2020, Cash Flow Statement, Auditors' Report thereon alongwith Statements on impact of Audit Qualification(s).

Copies of above financial results and documents are enclosed herewith.

This is for your information, record and compliance under the applicable regulations of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

Thanking you,

Yours truly,

For Unitech Limited

Yudhvir Singh Malik

Chairman & Managing Director

Encl: As above

Telefax: + 91 11 26857338



Head Office:

B-1/1018, VASANT KUNJ, NEW DELHI - 110 070 TELEPHONE: 41082626 FAX: 26148150

EMAIL: rnacal@gmail.com

Branch:

E-537, Ranjeet Nagar Bharatpur-321001 (Rajasthan)

Mobile: 9711031327

Email: arpittaneja@rnaca.in

Independent Auditor's Report On the Year to Date Standalone Financial Results of **Unitech Limited** pursuant to Regulations 33 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

To the Board of Directors, UNITECH LIMITED

- Unitech Limited ("the Company") failed to hold its Annual General Meeting (AGM) due on or 1. before 30th September 2018, pursuant to section 96 of the Companies Act, 2013, to transact the agenda including the approval of Accounts for the year ended 31st March 2018. The Company applied to the Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi & Haryana, for extension of period by three months for holding the AGM, but the same was rejected. The said AGM has not yet been held as of date. However, in view of the fact that audit had been conducted by us for the financial year 2017-18 and also the report was issued by us on the Accounts duly approved by the Board & signed by the directors as stipulated under the Companies Act, 2013, we had proceeded with the audit engagement of the subsequent year i.e. year ended 31st March 2019 taking the opening balances from the audited Balance Sheet of year ended 31st March 2018 duly approved by the Board. Subsequently, in view of the fact that audit had been conducted by us for the financial year 2018-19 and also the report was issued by us on the Accounts duly approved by the Board & signed by the directors as stipulated under the Companies Act, 2013, we have proceeded with the audit engagement of the subsequent year i.e. year ended 31st March 2020 taking the opening balances from the audited Balance Sheet of year ended 31st March 2019 duly approved by the Board. Needless to mention that the AGM due on or before 30th September 2019, pursuant to section 96 of the Companies Act, 2013, to transact the agenda including the approval of Accounts for the year ended 31st March 2019 has not been held by the Company.
- 2. The Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 20th January 2020 has, *inter alia*, given directions that the Board of Directors of Unitech Limited, as existing on that date, be superseded with immediate effect in order to facilitate the taking over of management by the new Board of Directors constituted in terms of the proposal submitted by the Union Government of India. We have made references to the Resolution Framework (RF) for Unitech group which

New Delhi

has been prepared under the directions of the Board of Directors of Unitech Limited appointed by the Central Government pursuant to the afore-said order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court and approved by the Board of Directors in their Meeting held on June 17, 2020, and which has been filed with the Hon'ble Supreme Court. Subsequent corrections/modifications have been done in the RF and approved by the Company's Board in their meeting held on September 10, 2020. However, the modified RF has not yet been filed with the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The RF contains various proposals like determining admitted liabilities & claims, proposing nonpayment of penalty, interest, default interest or damages to creditors, stakeholders, homebuyers, landowners, leaseholders or any Authority, detailing the resolution framework for company's projects, detailing the resolution framework for non-project assets etc. The RF seeks various reliefs and concessions like (a) Homebuyers' Credit Lines, (b) Immunity for the Board, their appointed key management personnel, employees, advisors and consultants for any action taken by them in good faith, (c) Grant of benefits to the Company, its subsidiaries and joint ventures and Project Entities of protections similar to section 32A of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, (d) Priority Finance and other borrowings for implementation of the Framework, and (e) Tax related reliefs and concessions. Besides the RF also seeks some specific directions like imposition of moratorium, consolidation of Unitech Group, norequirement of registration under RERA, amongst others. As the RF has not yet been approved by the Hon'ble Supreme Court, the impact of the proposed reliefs, concessions etc. will be considered at that point of time.

- 3. We were engaged to audit the accompanying statement of standalone financial results/statements of the Company for the quarter ended 31st March 2020 and for the year from 1st April 2019 to 31st March 2020 ("the Statement"), attached herewith, being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("the Regulations") as amended, read with SEBI Circular No. CIR/CFD/CMD1/44/2019 dated March 29, 2019 ('the Circular').
- 4. The standalone financial results for the quarter ended 31st March, 2020 are the derived figures between the audited figures in respect of the year ended 31st March, 2020 and the published year-to-date figures upto 31st December 2019, being the date of the end of the third quarter of the current financial year, which was subject to limited review by us.
- 5. This Statement, which is the responsibility of the Company's management and approved by the Board of Directors, has been compiled from the related standalone financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 Peac with relevant rules issued thereunder and

other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Statement based on our audit of such standalone financial statements.

- 6. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in India. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial results/statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts disclosed as financial results. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our disclaimer of opinion on the Statement, on matters mentioned in para 7(a) to 7(j) below.
- 7. We draw attention to the following:
- The Company had received a 'cancellation of lease deed' notice from Greater Noida Industrial a) Development Authority ("GNIDA") dated 18 November 2015. As per the Notice, GNIDA cancelled the lease deed in respect of Residential/Group Housing plots on account of nonimplementation of the project and non-payment of various dues amounting to Rs.105483.26 lakhs. As per the notice, and as per the relevant clause of the bye-laws/contractual arrangement with the Company, 25% of the total dues amounting to Rs.13893.42 lakhs were to be forfeited out of the total amount paid till date. The Company has incurred total expenditure of Rs.213962.69 lakhs [comprising of (i) the amounts paid for land dues and stamp duty Rs.34221.90 lakhs, (ii) the balance portions of the total amounts payable, including contractual interest accrued till 31st March 2016, of Rs.99091.90 lakhs; and (iii) other construction costs amounting to Rs. 80650.70 lakhs]. The said land is also mortgaged and the Company has registered such mortgage to a third party on behalf of lender for the Non-Convertible Debenture (NCD) facility extended to the Company and, due to default in repayment of these NCDs, the debenture holders have served a notice to the Company under section 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act and have also taken notional possession of this land. The Company had contractually entered into agreements to sell with 397 buyers and has also received advances from such buyers amounting to Rs 6682.10 lakhs (net of repayment). No contract revenue has been recognized on this project. The erstwhile management had written a letter to GNIDA dated 1st December 2015, wherein it had stated that the cancellation of the lease deed was wrong, unjust and arbitrary. Further, the said erstwhile management had also described steps taken for implementation of the project and valid business reasons due to delays till date. Further, the said erstwhile management had also proposed that in view of the fact that third party interests have been created by the Company in the allotted land, by allotting plots to different allottees, in the interest of such allottees, GNIDA should allow the Company to retain an area of approximately 25 acres out of the total allotted land of approximately 100 acres and that the amount paid by the Company till date be adjusted against

the price of the land of 25 acres and remaining surplus amount may be adjusted towards dues of other projects of the Company under GNIDA.

GNIDA has, in the meanwhile, in terms of the Order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court dated 18.09.2018, deposited on behalf of the Company, an amount of Rs.7436.35 lakhs (Rs 6682.10 lakhs and interest @ 6% on the principal amount of Rs 6682.10 lakhs), out of the monies paid by the Company, with the registry of the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

During the year, GNIDA has adjusted Rs.9200.00 lakhs of Unitech group's liabilities towards the Company's other projects with GNIDA and forfeited Rs.13893.42 lakhs.

The Company had paid a sum of Rs.34221.90 lakhs, including Rs 4934.95 lakhs of stamp duty on the land for the said land.

The matter in respect of the land is still pending before the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad, and pending the final disposal, the Company has, subsequently, shown the amount of Rs.18339.80 lakhs as recoverable from GNIDA in its books of account. Further, the Company is also carrying other construction costs amounting to Rs. 80650.70 lakhs in respect of the projects to come up on the said land.

The impact on the accounts viz. inventory, projects in progress, customer advances, amount payable to or receivable from GNIDA, cannot be ascertained, since the matter is still sub-judice, as mentioned hereinabove, vis-à-vis dues of the Company, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

We had given a disclaimer of opinion on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2019 in respect of this matter.

b). Confirmations/reconciliations are pending in respect of amounts deposited by the Company with the Hon'ble Supreme Court. As per books of account an amount of Rs.45,800.63 lakhs deposited with the Hon'ble Supreme Court Registry ("Registry") is outstanding as at 31st March 2020. Certain transactions have been made from the Registry viz. payments mainly towards refunds given to some of the Company's home buyers, payments made to fixed deposit holders, payments made to ex-employees, amounts paid to the Company for meeting construction expenses, payments made to forensic auditors out of interest accrued, and amounts paid to the amicus curiae towards reimbursement of expenses. Due to non-availability of any statement of account from the Registry, these transactions have been recorded by the Company in its books of account on the basis of limited information available and the amount of Rs.45,800.63 lakhs has been accounted for under the head "Other Assets" in the standalone financial statements. Moreover, there would be significant amount of interest income accrued on the aforesaid deposits which are not accounted for in the books due to non-availability of details. The management has requested the learned amicus curiae to provide the relevant bank statement and balance confirmations. The final reconciliation can take place only after receipt of the same. In the absence of detailed statement of transactions and confirmation of balance from the Registry, we are unable to comment on the completeness and correctness of amounts outstanding with the Registry and of the ultimate impact these transactions would have on the standalone financial statements of the Company, and hence we are unable to express a conclusion on this matter.

We had given a disclaimer of opinion on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2019 in respect of this matter.

c). According to information available and explanations obtained, in respect of (a) non-current investments (Long term Trade investments) aggregating to Rs.141,715.01 lakhs in subsidiaries and (b) loans and advances aggregating to Rs.398,051.65 lakhs (net of bad & doubtful) given to these subsidiaries for acquisition of land on behalf of the company, it has been observed from the perusal of the financial statements of these subsidiaries/companies that some of these subsidiaries/companies have accumulated losses and their respective net worth have been fully/substantially eroded. These conditions, along with absence of clear indications or plans for revival, in our opinion, indicate that there is significant uncertainty and doubt about the recovery of the loans and advances from these subsidiaries by way of sale of land and recoverability of other assets. Further, there is a clear indication that there is a decline in the carrying amount of these investments which is other than temporary.

Consequently, in terms of stated accounting policies and applicable accounting standards, and due to the fact that the realizable value of assets, mainly comprising of investment directly or indirectly in land, of some of these subsidiaries is far lesser than the advance given to/investment made by the Company in these subsidiaries, the diminution in the value of such investments, which is other than temporary, is estimated to be Rs. 30,856.35 lakhs upto 31st March 2020 (Previous year ended 31st March, 2019 - Rs.27,113.69 lakhs(net of impairment loss provided)) and the accrual for diminution of doubtful loans and advances is estimated to be Rs. 41,776.41lakhs upto 31st March 2020 (Previous year ended 31st March, 2019 - Rs.27,221.97 lakhs), and such diminution aggregating to Rs. 72,632.77 lakhs needs to be accounted for.

In the absence of significant developments/movements in the operations of these parties and any adjustment for diminution of carrying value of such investments in this regard (except for those adjustments for diminution already provided for as mentioned hereinabove), in our opinion, management has not adequately or sufficiently accounted for the imminent diminution. Moreover, looking at the size of the land in these subsidiaries, their sale-ability, and uncertainty as to whether such land can be realized at their respective circle rates or more, it is indeterminate as to what extent of further losses can be expected, and hence we are unable to express a conclusion on this matter.

We had given a disclaimer of opinion on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2019 in respect of this matter.

The Company has, at the year end, provided for diminution in the value of such investments to the extent of Rs. 21,645.17 lakhs in the standalone financial statements.

d). The Company has failed to repay deposits accepted by it including interest thereon in respect of the following deposits:

Particulars	Unpaid matured deposits (Principal amount) as at 31 st March 2019 (Rs. lakhs)	Transferred from Stale Cheque account (Rs. Lakhs)	Principal paid during the current year (Rs. lakhs)	Unpaid matured deposits (Principal amount) as at 31 st March 2020(Rs. lakhs)
Deposits that have	idkii5)			
matured on or before March 31, 2017	53,014.17	3,722.03	(103.80)	56,632.40

The total unpaid interest as on 31st March 2020 (including interest not provided in the books) amounts to Rs. 39,190.94 lakhs (excluding transfer from stale cheque account).

Further, the Company has not provided for interest payable on public deposits which works out to Rs.7,080.37 lakhs for the current year ended 31st March 2020 (Cumulative upto 31st March 2020 – Rs.21,309.23 lakhs). Such un-provided interest payable has been worked out on the outstanding public deposits in the books of account, without considering the unidentified repayments made by the Hon'ble Supreme Court as mentioned in Para 7(b) above.

Pursuant to Section 74(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company had made an application to the Hon'ble Company Law Board (CLB)(subsequently replaced by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi) seeking extension of time for repayment of the outstanding public deposits (including interest thereon) as is considered reasonable. The Company had identified and earmarked 6 (six) unencumbered land parcels for sale and utilization of the sale proceeds thereof for repayment of the aforesaid outstanding deposits. However, during the financial year 2016-17, the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi (NCLT) vide its order dated 04.07.2016 dismissed the said application. On appeal against the said order, the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi (NCLAT) vide its order dated 03.11.2016 extended the date of repayment of deposits upto 31.12.2016. Subsequently, the said appeal was also disposed off by the Hon'ble NCLAT vide its order dated 31.01.2017 without granting any further extension of time. As explained to us, the Company has made best possible efforts for sale of the land parcels earmarked for repayment of the deposits but such sale process has not yielded any results.

Considering that the erstwhile management had not been able to comply with the directions given by the Hon'ble CLB, NCLT and NCLAT to repay the deposits within prescribed time-period,

the Registrar of Companies, New Delhi had filed prosecution against the Company and its erstwhile management before the Ld. Special Court, Dwarka District Court, New Delhi. However, the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi had stayed the said prosecution, and had subsequently vide its order dated 22.01.2019, allowed the petitions filed by the Company and erstwhile management by setting aside & vacating the impugned Dwarka District court order dated 20.9.2016 with regard to summoning of the erstwhile management.

Few depositors had filed an intervention application before the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the pending ball matter of the erstwhile Manaqing Directors of the Company. Considering their application, the Hon'ble Supreme Court had, vide its order dated 30.10.2017, directed an amicus curiae to create a portal where the depositors could provide their requisite information and, accordingly, in compliance with this direction, a portal had been created for the depositors of the Company. Accordingly, the matter relating to delay in repayment to the depositors is presently pending before the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The Hon'ble Supreme Court, out of the proceeds collected into the designated account of its Registry out of sale of land and other properties of Unitech/it's group, has made allocations of amount to be refunded to the public-deposit holders.

Subsequent to the new Board of Directors taking over the management, a resolution framework has been submitted to the Hon'ble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 2 above, for addressing the matters of home buyers, fixed deposit holders and others. At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The final quantum of liability of these cases can be ascertained only upon the final decision by the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

Besides, the impact of non-provision of interest payable on public deposits of Rs.7,080.37 lakhs for the year ended 31st March 2020 on the profit and loss, we are unable to evaluate the ultimate likelihood of penalties/ strictures or further liabilities, if any on the Company. Accordingly, impact, if any, of the indeterminate liabilities on these standalone financial statements is currently not ascertainable, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

We had given a disclaimer of opinion on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2019 in respect of this matter.

e). Advances amounting to Rs.31,287.37 lakhs (net of provision for doubtful advances) (previous year ended 31st March, 2019 - Rs.48,359.64 lakhs(net of provision for doubtful advances)) are outstanding in respect of advances for purchase of land, projects pending commencement, joint ventures and collaborators which, as represented by the management, have been given in the normal course of business to land owning companies, collaborators, projects and for

purchase of land. As per information made available to us and explanations given to us Rs. Nil had been recovered / Rs.15,000.00 lakhs has been provided for doubtful advances during the current year.

We are unable to ascertain whether all the remaining outstanding advances, mentioned above, are fully recoverable/adjustable, since the said outstanding balances are outstanding/remained unadjusted for a long period of time, and further, in our opinion, neither the amounts recovered nor rate of recovery of such long outstanding amounts in the previous years & year, give an indication that all of the remaining outstanding amounts may be fully recoverable; consequently, we are unable to ascertain whether all of the remaining balances as at 31st March 2020 are fully recoverable. Accordingly, we are unable to ascertain or comment upon the impact, if any, on the loss or on the reserves or on value of asset, that may arise in case any of these remaining advances are subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

We had given a disclaimer of opinion on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2019 in respect of this matter.

f). There have been delays in the payment of dues of non-convertible debentures, term loans & working capital loans (including principal, interest and/or other charges as the case may be) to the lenders of the Company who have taken action against the Company for recovery of their dues, and the total of such outstandings amount to Rs.262,408.66 lakhs. The lenders have initiated action under the SARFAESI Act to take over the respective properties provided as security to the lenders. The Company has challenged the action of the lenders before the various forums of Debt Recovery Tribunals (DRT). We are unable to determine the impact of the likely outcome of the said proceedings before the DRT on the properties given as security to the lenders, and the corresponding loans and also unable to evaluate the ultimate likelihood of penalties/ strictures or further liabilities; and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

We had given a disclaimer of opinion on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2019 in respect of this matter.

g). No direct confirmations were received from banks in respect of balance confirmations, though we had discussed with the Company to obtain the confirmations. With regard to loans and borrowings from certain lenders, direct confirmations could not be carried out as these lenders had taken action against the Company for recovery of their dues as mentioned in para 7(f) above. The management expressed its inability to send confirmation requests in respect of trade receivables, trade and other payables, & loans & advances given. Accordingly, we are unable to ascertain or comment upon the impact, if any, on the loss or on the reserves or on

the carrying amount of the asset/liability, that may arise in case any of these assets are subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery and/or any of these liabilities may increase, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

- h) According to information available and explanations obtained, in respect of
 - (i) advances given to certain companies for purchase of shares aggregating to Rs. 31,079.48 lakhs,
 - (ii) investments in shares of certain companies aggregating to Rs. 31,025.45 lakhs,
 - (iii) investments in debentures of certain companies aggregating to Rs.1,512.18 lakhs,
 - (iv) inter corporate deposits given to certain companies aggregating to Rs. 13,853.66 lakhs,
 - (v) other advances given to/recoverable from certain companies/parties aggregating to Rs.11,103.58 lakhs, and
 - (vi) security deposits given to certain parties aggregating Rs.47,531.00 lakhs,

it has been observed that these advances/deposits/investments have been standing in the books for a long period of time, there being no movements in these advances. Due to non-availability of sufficient information with regard to the status of these items, we are unable to comment (i) on the realisability/recoverability or otherwise of these advances/deposits and (ii) on the decline, if any, in the carrying amount of these investments which is other than temporary, and the quantum thereof, and the ultimate impact on the financial statements, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

We draw attention to the Note 'Investment Property' in the standalone financial statements, in which the investment is carried at cost. We have been informed by the management that the carrying value of such investment is lower than the fair market value. However, in the absence of a current valuation report, the fair market value is indeterminate. Hence we are unable to express an opinion on the adjustment, if any, that would have to be made on the carrying value of such investment property, had such valuation been done, and the resultant impact on the reserves & surplus.

j) <u>Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern</u>

The management has prepared these standalone financial statements on a going concern basis, notwithstanding the fact that, the Company has incurred losses, and has challenges in meeting its operational obligations, servicing its current liabilities including bank loans and public deposits. The Company also has various litigation matters which are pending before different forums, and various projects of the Company have stalled/slowed down.



As mentioned earlier, subsequent to the new Board of Directors taking over the management, a Resolution Framework has been submitted to the Hon'ble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 2 above, wherein the Company has requested the Hon'ble Supreme Court to grant numerous reliefs so that the Company is able to meet its operational obligations and settle its liabilities. The Board has also submitted in the RF that on the basis of review of records and finances of Unitech group as currently available, it appears that Unitech Group has significant negative net worth and may not be able to attract a resolution/ settlement under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC). At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

These conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The appropriateness of assumption of going concern is critically dependent upon the Company's ability to raise finance and generate cash flows in future to meet its obligations, and also on the final decision of the Hon'ble Supreme Court on the Resolution Framework.

Considering the above, we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

- 8. We draw attention to the following other matters:
- a). The Hon'ble Supreme Court had vide its Order dated 08.09.2017 appointed an amicus curiae with directions to create a web portal where the home buyers could indicate their option of (i) refund of money they have paid to the Company/companies in the group, for purchasing residential units, or (ii) possession of house. The Hon'ble Supreme Court has started the process of giving refunds out of the amounts deposited by the Company with the court's registry and has ordered to issue partial refunds to those customers who have obtained a decree for refund from any judicial forum;

As mentioned earlier, subsequent to the new Board of Directors taking over the management, a resolution framework has been submitted to the Hon'ble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 2 above, for addressing the matters of home buyers, fixed deposit holders and others. At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The final quantum of liability of these cases can be ascertained only upon the final decision by the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

The Company, out of abundant caution, has not included the inventory of these home buyers as unsold inventory and, till the final settlement of customers claims who have opted for refund, continues to show their corresponding advances as a current liability under 'Advance received from Customers'.

- b). We draw attention that no adjustment has been considered necessary for recoverability of investment in share capital/projects aggregating to Rs. 2,824.43 lakhs (Previous year ended 31st March, 2019 Rs.2814.39 lakhs) as the matters are still sub-judice and the impact, if any is unascertainable at this stage.
- c). The Company had received an arbitral award dated 6th July 2012 passed by the London Court of International Arbitration (LCIA) wherein the arbitration tribunal has directed the Company to purchase the investment of Cruz City 1(a company owned by Lehman Bros.) in Kerrush Investment Ltd. (Mauritius) at the overall value of USD 298,382,949.34 (Previous year ended 31st March 2019- USD 298,382,949.34) equivalent to Rs.224,085.59 lakhs (Previous year ended 31st March 2019 Rs.206,839.06 lakhs). The High Court of Justice, Queen's Bench Division, Commercial Court London had confirmed the said award.

Further, consequent to the order passed by the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi in the case instant, the company is required to make the aforesaid investment into Kerrush Investments Ltd. (Mauritius). The decree of the aforesaid amount against the company is pending for execution.

Based on the information obtained and review procedures performed, we are unable to assess whether the underlying SRA project in Santacruz, Mumbai would be substantial to justify the carrying value of these potential investments.

- d) A forensic audit of the Company was conducted as per directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court, and the report on the forensic audit was submitted in a sealed envelope to the Hon'ble Supreme Court. We have been informed that the report on the forensic audit is not available with the Company or its Board of Directors; hence impact of observations in the forensic audit report can be ascertained only after the same is obtained.
- e) The company is carrying deferred tax asset (net) of Rs.24,306.11 lakhs in the standalone financial statements. In our opinion, in view of the management's representations in the Resolution Framework, and likelihood of low profitability of taxable profits in near future, the same should be reversed.
- f) The Excise & Taxation Officer-cum-Assessing Authority, Gurugram(East) has raised a demand of Rs.1891.73 lakhs for Assessment Year 2016-17 in terms of Order of assessment dated 11.02.2020 under the Haryana Value Added Tax Act, 2003. No appeal has been filed by the Company till date and liability for the said demand has not been accounted for in the standalone financial statements and hence the liabilities are understated to the extent of the aforesaid demand;

- g) The internal auditors appointed by the Company have resigned during the current financial year. Internal audit reports were not made available to us for the year.
- h) We did not audit the financial statements/information of Libya branch office, included in the standalone financial statements of the Company, whose financial statements/information reflect total assets of Rs.4,133.19 lakhs (Previous year Rs. 3941.37 lakhs) as at 31st March, 2020 and total revenues of Rs. NIL (Previous year Rs. NIL) for the year ended on that date, as considered in the standalone financial statements and described above. The financial statements/information of this branch have not yet been audited by the branch auditor due to the adverse political situation prevailing in Libya. As at 31st March 2020, the Company has made provision for non-receivable of assets and provision for write-back of trade liabilities in respect of the Libya branch office.
- 9. Because of the substantive nature and significance of the matters described in paragraph 7(a) to 7(j) above, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the Statement as to whether these standalone financial statements:
 - (i) are presented in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended; and
 - (ii) give a true and fair view of the net loss, total comprehensive income and other financial information for the quarter and year ended 31st March 2020.

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For R. Nagpal Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 002626N

(CA. Ravinder Nagpal) Partner Membership No. 081594

Place: Gurugram

Date: 9-11-2020

UDIN-20881594AAAAIR4885

UNITECH LIMITED

CIN: L74899DL1971PLC009720

Regd. Office: 6, Community Centre, Saket, New Delhi 110017

Statement of Standalone Results

for the Quarter & Year Ended March 31, 2020

(Rs. in Lakhs except EPS)

					(RS. In Lai	ths except EPS
O. N			Quarter Ended		Year Er	ded
SI. No.	Particulars	31.03.2020	31,12,2019	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
		Audited	Unaudited	Audited	Audited	Audited
1	Revenue from Operation	2,857.20	66,628.22	28.630.32	114,466.21	50,803.44
2.	Other Income	895.89	274.80	1,806.26	3,798.13	2,652.93
3,	Total income ((1+2))	3,753.09	66,903.02	30,436,58	118,264.34	53,456.37
4.	Expenses					
	Real estate, Construction and Related Expenses	23,636.43	49,475.44	27,526.48	105,519.20	52,036.6
	Changes in Inventories of finished properties, land, land development right and work in progress					
		182.40	0.50	81.30	330.22	336.7
	Employee Benefits Expense	1,122.83	1,245.17	1,376.27	4,914.80	5,768.9
	Finance Costs	24,130.10	9,108.70	20,419,31	50,746.98	42,681.6
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	62.10	56.18	215.75	230.13	449.7
	Other expenses	37,565.02	4,332.98	15,681.24	50,250.69	17,143.8
	Total Expenses (IV)	86,698.88	64,218.47	65,300.35	211,992.02	118,417.4
5.	Profit/(Loss) from Operations before Exceptional Items & Tax (3-4)	(82,945.79)	2,684.55	(34,863.77)	(93,727.68)	(64,961.1
6,	Exceptional items	(21,645.17)	*	(6,878.65)	(21,645.17)	(6,878.6
7.	Profit/(Loss) before Tax (5+/-6)	(104,590.96)	2,684.55	(41,742.42)	(115,372.85)	(71,839.7
8.	Tax Expense					
O.	· ·					
	(a) Current Tax					
	Current Year	•	3.00	<u>1</u>	*	3
	Less: MAT credit entitlement		353	350		*
	Earlier Years	751.53	0.00	446.79	753.06	446.7
	(b) Deferred Tax	59.39	3.20	(5,617.78)	2,938.87	(5,554.9
9.	Net Profit from Ordinary Activities after tax (7+/-8)	(105,401.88)	2,681,35	(36,571,43)	(119,064.78)	(66,731.6
10,	Extraordinary items (Net of Tax Expense)	5	(5):	25	¥	M
11.	Net Profit for the Year (9+/-10)	(105,401.88)	2,681.35	(36,571.43)	(119,064.78)	(66,731.6
12.	Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)	172.17	(10.34)	(4,782.63)	130.56	(4,791,1
13.	Total Comprehensive Income (11+/-12)	(105,229.71)	2,671.01	(41,354.06)	(118,934.22)	(71,522.7
14.	Other Equity excluding Revaluation Reserves				530,915.82	664,850.0
15.	Paid-up equity share capital (Face Value - Rs, 2 per share)	52,326.02	52,326.02	52,326.02	52,326.02	52,326.0
16.	Earning Per share (Before Extraordinary Items) (of Rs. 2 each) *(Not Annualised)					
17.	Basic and Diluted (Rs.) Earning Per share (After Extraordinary Items)	(4.03)	0:10*	(1.40)*	(4.55)	(2.5
1100	(of Rs.2 each) *(Not Annualised) Basic and Diluled (Rs.)	(4.03)	0.10*	(1.40)*	(4.55)	(2,5

CMD, Unitech Limited

Unitech Limited CIN: L74899DL1971PLC009720

Regd. Office: 6, Community Centre, Saket, New Delhi 110017

Standalone Statement of Assets & Liabilities

(Rs. in Lakhs)

r.No.	Particulars		
Δ		As At March 31, 2020	As At March 31, 2019
	Assets		
1	Non Current assets		
	Property ,Plant and Equipment	2,049.27	1,926.7
	Capital Work in Progress	1,665.19	1,665.1
	Investment Property	1,219.29	1,238.8
	Other Intangible Assets	12.39	12.7
2	Financial Assets		
	(i) Investments	219,324.76	241,645.9
	(ii) Loans	2,422.33	4,828.8
	(iii) Others	100.00	89.2
	Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	24,306.11	27,338.1
	Other non current Assets	6.07	27.0
	Total - Non Current Assets	251,105.41	278,772.8
3	Current Assets		
	Inventories	62,517.96	66,719.6
4	Financial Assets	,	,
	(i) Trade Receivable	43,833.48	88,100.5
	(ii) Cash and Cash equivalents	3,176.49	3,532.0
	(iii) Bank balance other than (ii) above	988.62	4,426.4
	(iv) Loans	467,226.89	481,725.3
	(v) others	78,879.42	31,697.5
	1	3,004.64	21,253.0
	Current Tax assets (Net)		
	Other Current Assets	846,082.97	980,364.8
	Total - Current Assets	1,505,710.48	1,677,819.3
	Non Current Assets Classified As Held For Sale	4,226.26	4,226.2
	Total - Assets	1,761,042.15	1,960,818.4
В	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
1			
,	Equity	E0 200 00	52,326.0
	Equity Share Capital	52,326,02	
	Other Equity	530,915.82	649,850.0
	Total - Equity	583,241.84	702,176.0
2	Non Current Liabilities		
	Financial Liabilities		
	(i) Borrowings	86,941.07	147,563.8
	(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	531.71	545.5
	Provisions	1,414.59	1,511.2
	Total - Non Current Liabilities	88,887.37	149,620.7
3	0		
3	Current Liabilities		
	Financial Liabilities		
	(i) Borrowings	132,835.26	111,006.7
	(ii) Trade payables	79,635.80	70,895.
1	(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	504,326.62	421,945.6
	Other Current Liabilities	372,064.85	504,839.
	Provisions	50.41	335.2
	1 10 10 10 10		
	Total - Current Liabilities	1,088,912.94	1,109,021.6

Note: Previous year figure(s) have been regrouped wherever considered necessary.

GURUGRAM G

(Y. S. Malik) CMD, Unitech Limited **Cash flow Statement**

For the period ended 31st March 2020

(Rs. In Lakhs)

For the period ended 31st March 2020		(Rs. in Lakhs)
	As At 31.03.2020	As At 31.03.2019
Cash flow from operating activities		
Duotik/I and hafara tau	(445.070.04)	/74 000 741
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(115,372.84)	(71,839.74)
Adjustments for Profit on sale of investments -net		
	(0.044.40)	(000.50)
Interest income	(2,814.13)	(620.56)
Interest on income tax refund	(517.76)	(1,374.47)
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	0.12	(59.30)
Provisions for diminution in value of investments written back	72 <u>2</u> 4	120 120
Liabilities written back	(**	(6.04)
Provision for Impairment/fair value of Investment	21,645.17	6,878.65
Borrowing costs charged to profit and loss account	50,746.99	42,681.60
IND AS and other adjustments	223.78	(163.53)
Dividend Income	(67.97)	(272.99)
Depreciation and amortization expenses	230.13	449.70
Bad debts/advances written off	· ·	55.70
Intangible assets under development written off		
Operating loss before working capital changes	(30,932.75)	(8,898.73)
Adjustments for:	42	
Trade Payables, Financial & Other Liabilities	(144,692.33)	64,899.50
Provisions	(381.53)	(113.75)
Inventories	4,201.68	63.13
Trade and other receivables	44,266.94	3,351.77
Loans & Advances & Other Assets	92,121.60	(57,997.92)
Cash generated/(used) from/in operations	(35,416.39)	1,304.00
Interest on income tax refund		
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	(17,403.26)	2,245.34
Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of PPE including capital work in progress	(10.00)	-
Sale of PPE	10.70	3.11
Dividend received	67.97	272.99
Investment property - change		-
Sale / (Purchase) of investments (net)	676.04	464.44
(Investments in)/redemption of hank deposits (having maturity of more than three months)-net		=
Net proceeds from Inter corporate deposits	1	2
Interest received	2,818.28	450.04
Net cash flow from investing activities (B)	3,562.99	1,190.57
Cash flow from financing activities		
-	1,007,00	10.000.05
Proceeds from long term borrowings Repayment of long term borrowings	1,937.00	12,609.35 (8,127.53)
Proceeds from short term borrowings	(2,723.39)	(0,127.03)
· ·	/747.04\	(0.00)
Repayment of short term borrowings	(747.04)	(8.02)
Proceeds from reinstatement of long term borrowings	21,072.82	(440.40)
Repayment of Public deposits	(123.96)	(140.16)
Borrowing cost paid	(5,930.66) 13,484.77	(5,828.07)
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)		(1,494.42)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	(355.50)	1,941.50
rash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	3,532.00	1,590.51
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year	3,176.50	3,532.00

As certified by the C. F. O. Sur

(Y. S. Malik) CMD, Unitech Limited

Cash flow Statement

For the period ended 31st March 2020		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Cash on hand	6.83	26.66
Cheques, drafts on hand	=	81
Balances with banks		
- on current accounts	3,169.67	2,051.04
- in current account in Foreign Current Account *	=	11.88
- in deposit account (with maturity of 3 months or less)	-	1,442.42
Total cash and cash equivalents	3,176.50	3,532.00
* represent balance with Wahda Bank Tibya which is having repatriation restriction		

Notes:

- (i) The cash flow statement has been prepared under the Indirect Method as set out in IND AS-7 Cash Flow Statements.
- (ii) Amounts in brackets represent a cash outflow or a loss.
- (iii) Previous year figures have been re-grouped/re-arranged wherever considered necessary.

GURUGRAM D

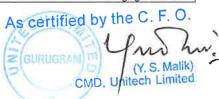
As certified by the C. F. O.

(Y. S. Malik) CMD, Unitech Limited

Notes:

I	The above Financial Results (prepared on standalone basis)have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of Unitech Limited at their respective meetings held on 9th November 2020.
II.	The Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 20th January 2020 has, inter alia, given directions that the Board of Directors of Unitech Limited, as existing on that date, be superseded with immediate effect in order to facilitate the taking over of management by the new Board of Directors constituted in terms of the proposal submitted by the Union Government of India. References have been made hereunder to the Resolution Framework (RF) for Unitech group which has been prepared under the directions of the Board of Directors of Unitech Limited appointed by the Contral Govornment purpouant to the afore said order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court and approved by the Board of Directors in their Meeting held on June 17, 2020.
111	The company is primarily in the business of real estate development and related activities including construction, consultancy and rentals etc. Further most of the business conducted is within the geographical boundaries of India. Accordingly, the company's business activities primarily represent a single business segment and the company's operations in India represent a single geographical segment.
IV	The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") from April 01, 2016 as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 read with the relevant rules issued there under and the other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Financial results for all the periods presented herein have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles as stated therein the applicable IND AS.
V	Effective April 1, 2019, the Company adopted Ind AS 116 'Leases' using the modified retrospective method and
	there is no significant impact on the Financial results. Lessee: The Company has elected not to recognise a lease liability and a right-of-use asset for leases for which the lease term ends within twelve months of April 1, 2019 and has accounted for these leases as short-term leases. The lease payment associated with these lease are recognized as an expenses on a straight line basis over the lease term. Lessor: Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant
	lease. The title to the assets and the significant risks associated with the operation and maintenance of these assets remains with the Company, such arrangements are recognised as operating lease.
VI	The limited review report of the statutory auditors on the unaudited standalone financial results of Unitech Limited for the quarter and nine month period ended March 31 2020, contains disclaimer of conclusions on certain matters which is being summarised below:-
a)	The Company had received a 'cancellation of lease deed' notice from Greater Noida Industrial Development Authority ("GNIDA") dated 18 November 2015. As per the Notice, GNIDA cancelled the lease deed in respect of Residential/Group Housing plots on account of non-implementation of the project and non-payment of various dues amounting to Rs.105483.26 lakhs. As per the notice, and as per the relevant clause of the byelaws/contractual arrangement with the Company, 25% of the total dues amounting to Rs.13893.42 lakhs were to be forfeited out of the total amount paid till date. The Company has incurred total expenditure of Rs.213962.69 lakhs [comprising of (i) the amounts paid for land dues and stamp duty Rs.34221.90 lakhs, (ii) the balance portions of the total amounts payable, including contractual interest accrued till 31st March 2016, of Rs.99091.90 lakhs; and (iii) other construction costs amounting to Rs. 80650.70 lakhs]. The said land is also mortgaged and

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the Company has registered such mortgage to a third party on behalf of lender for the Non-Convertible Debenture (NCD) facility extended to the Company and, due to default in repayment of these NCDs, the debenture holders have served a notice to the Company under section 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act and have also taken notional possession of this land. The Company had contractually entered into agreements to sell with 397 buyers and has also received advances from such buyers amounting to Rs 6682.10lakhs (net of repayment). No contract revenue has been recognized on this project. The erstwhile management had written a letter to GNIDA dated 1stDecember 2015, wherein it had stated that the cancellation of the lease deed was wrong, unjust and arbitrary. Further, the said erstwhile management had also described steps taken for implementation of the project and valid business reasons due to delays till date. Further, the said erstwhile management had also proposed that in view of the fact that third party interests have been created by the Company in the allotted land, by allotting plots to different allottees, in the interest of such allottees, GNIDA should allow the Company to retain an area of approximately 25 acres out of the total allotted land of approximately 100 acres and that the amount paid by the Company till date be adjusted against the price of the land of 25 acres and remaining surplus amount may be adjusted towards dues of other projects of the Company under GNIDA

CNIDA has, in the meanwhile, in terms of the Order of the Hon'ble Eupreme Court dated 18.00.2018, deposited on behalf of the Company, an amount of Rs.7436.35 lakhs (Rs 6682.10 lakhs and interest @ 6% on the principal amount of Rs 6682.10 lakhs), out of the monies paid by the Company, with the registry of the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

During the year, GNIDA has adjusted Rs.9200.00 lakhs of Unitech group's liabilities towards the Company's other projects with GNIDA and forfeited Rs.13893.42 lakhs.

The Company had paid a sum of Rs.34221.90 lakhs, including Rs 4934.95 lakhs of stamp duty on the land for the said land.

The matter in respect of the land is still pending before the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad, and pending the final disposal, the Company has, subsequently, shown the amount of Rs.18339.80 lakhs as recoverable from GNIDA in its books of account. Further, the Company is also carrying other construction costs amounting to Rs. 80648.89 lakhs in respect of the projects to come up on the said land.

The impact on the accounts viz. inventory, projects in progress, customer advances, amount payable to or receivable from GNIDA, cannot be ascertained, since the matter is still sub-judice, as mentioned hereinabove, visà-vis dues of the Company, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The Management is hopeful that its stand shall be vindicated in the court of law and there shall be no adverse impact, other than the ones already disclosed.

b) Confirmations/reconciliations are pending in respect of amounts deposited by the Company with the Hon'ble Supreme Court. As per books of account an amount of Rs.45,800.63 lakhs deposited with the Hon'ble Supreme Court Registry ("Registry") is outstanding as at 31st March 2020. Certain transactions have been made from the Registry viz. payments mainly towards refunds given to some of the Company's home buyers, payments made to fixed deposit holders, payments made to ex-employees, amounts paid to the Company for meeting construction expenses, payments made to forensic auditors out of interest accrued, and amounts paid to the amicus curiae towards reimbursement of expenses. Due to non-availability of any statement of account from the Registry, these transactions have been recorded by the Company in its books of account on the basis of limited information available and the amount of Rs.45,800.63 lakhs has been accounted for under the head "Other Assets" in the standalone financial statements Moreover, there would be significant amount of interest income accrued on the aforesaid deposits which are not accounted for in the books due to non-availability of details. The management has requested the learned amicus curiae to provide the relevant bank statement and balance confirmations. The final reconciliation can take place only after receipt of the same. In the absence of detailed statement of transactions and confirmation of balance from the Registry, we are unable to comment on the completeness and correctness of amounts outstanding with the Registry and of the ultimate impact these transactions would have on the standalone financial statements of the Company, and hence we are unable to express a conclusion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

It is a matter of reconciliation with the Registry of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The company is trying to get better information from the registry and there shall be no adjustment required in the statement of Profit & Loss, as such.

c) According to information available and explanations obtained, in respect of (a) non-current investments (Long term Trade investments) aggregating to Rs.141,715.01 lakhs in subsidiaries and (b) loans and advances aggregating to Rs.398,051.65 lakhs (net of bad & doubtful) given to these subsidiaries for acquisition of land on behalf of the

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(Y. S. Malik)

CMD, Unitech Limited

company, it has been observed from the perusal of the financial statements of these subsidiaries/companies that some of these subsidiaries/companies have accumulated losses and their respective net worth have been fully/substantially eroded. These conditions, along with absence of clear indications or plans for revival, in our opinion, indicate that there is significant uncertainty and doubt about the recovery of the loans and advances from these subsidiaries by way of sale of land and recoverability of other assets. Further, there is a clear indication that there is a decline in the carrying amount of these investments which is other than temporary.

Consequently, in terms of stated accounting policies and applicable accounting standards, and due to the fact that the realizable value of assets, mainly comprising of investment directly or indirectly in land, of some of these subsidiaries is far lesser than the advance given to/investment made by the Company in these subsidiaries, the diminution in the value of such investments, which is other than temporary, is estimated to be Rs.30,856.35lakhsupto31st March 2020 (Previous year ended 31st March, 2019 - Rs.27,113.69 lakhs(net of impairment loss provided)) and the accrual for diminution of doubtful loans and advances is estimated to beRs.41,776.41lakhsupto31st March 2020 (Previous year ended 31st March, 2019 Rs.27,221.97 lakhs), and such diminution aggregating to Rs.72,632.77lakhs needs to be accounted for.

In the absence of significant developments/movements in the operations of these parties and any adjustment for diminution of carrying value of such investments in this regard (except for those adjustments for diminution already provided for as mentioned hereinabove), in our opinion, management has not adequately or sufficiently accounted for the imminent diminution. Moreover, looking at the size of the land in these subsidiaries, their sale-ability, and uncertainty as to whether such land can be realized at their respective circle rates or more, it is indeterminate as to what extent of further losses can be expected, and hence we are unable to express a conclusion on this matter.

The Company has, at the year end, provided for diminution in the value of such investments to the extent of Rs.21,645.17 lakhs in the standalone financial statements.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 20th January 2020 replaced the then board of directors of the company and replaced it with the current board of directors (hereinafter called the new management). The new management in pursuit to identify and recover the investments and advances made by the earlier management has sought the co-operation from the erstwhile chairman and managing directors. The response of the erstwhile chairman and managing directors is awaited and till then it would not be prudent on the part of the new management to diminish the value of these investments and advances.

d) The Company has failed to repay deposits accepted by it including interest thereon in respect of the following deposits:

Particulars	Unpaid matured deposits (Principal amount) as at 31st March 2019 (Rs. lakhs)	Transferred from Stale Cheque account (Rs. Lakhs)	Principal paid during the current year (Rs. lakhs)	Unpaid matured deposits (Principal amount) as at 31st December 2019 (Rs. lakhs)
Deposits that have matured on or before March 31, 2017	53,014.17	3,722.03	(103.80)	56,632.40

The total unpaid interest as on 31stMarch 2020 (including interest not provided in the books) amounts to Rs. 39,190.94lakhs (excluding transfer from stale cheque account).

Further, the Company has not provided for interest payable on public deposits which works out to Rs.7,080,37 lakhs for the current year ended 31stMarch 2020 (Cumulative upto 31stMarch2020 – Rs.21,309.23 lakhs). Such un-provided interest payable has been worked out on the outstanding public deposits in the books of account, without considering the unidentified repayments made by the Hon'ble Supreme Court as mentioned in Para 7(b) above.

Pursuant to Section 74(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company had made an application to the Hon'ble Company Law Board (CLB)(subsequently replaced by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi)

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GURUGRAM (Y. S. Malik)

(Y. S. Malik)

CMD, Unitech Limited

seeking extension of time for repayment of the outstanding public deposits (including interest thereon) as is considered reasonable. The Company had identified and earmarked 6 (six) unencumbered land parcels for sale and utilization of the sale proceeds thereof for repayment of the aforesaid outstanding deposits. However, during the financial year 2016-17, the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi (NCLT) vide its order dated 04.07.2016 dismissed the said application. On appeal against the said order, the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi (NCLAT) vide its order dated 03.11.2016 extended the date of repayment of deposits upto 31.12.2016. Subsequently, the said appeal was also disposed off by the Hon'ble NCLAT vide its order dated 31.01.2017 without granting any further extension of time. As explained to us, the Company has made best possible efforts for sale of the land parcels earmarked for repayment of the deposits but such sale process has not yielded any results.

Considering that the erstwhile management had not been able to comply with the directions given by the Hon'ble CLB, NCLT and NCLAT to repay the deposits within prescribed time-period, the Registrar of Companies, New Delhi had filed prosecution against the Company and its cretwhile management before the Ld. Special Court, Dwarka District Court, New Delhi. However, the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi had stayed the said prosecution, and had subsequently vide its order dated 22.01.2019, allowed the petitions filed by the Company and erstwhile management by setting aside & vacating the impugned Dwarka District court order dated 20.9.2016 with regard to summoning of the erstwhile management.

Few depositors had filed an intervention application before the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the pending bail matter of the erstwhile Managing Directors of the Company. Considering their application, the Hon'ble Supreme Court had, vide its order dated 30.10.2017, directed an amicus curiae to create a portal where the depositors could provide their requisite information and, accordingly, in compliance with this direction, a portal had been created for the depositors of the Company. Accordingly, the matter relating to delay in repayment to the depositors is presently pending before the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The Hon'ble Supreme Court, out of the proceeds collected into the designated account of its Registry out of sale of land and other properties of Unitech/it's group, has made allocations of amount to be refunded to the public-deposit holders.

Subsequent to the new Board of Directors taking over the management, a resolution framework has been submitted to the Hon'ble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 6above, for addressing the matters of home buyers, fixed deposit holders and others. At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The final quantum of liability of these cases can be ascertained only upon the final decision by the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

Besides, the impact of non-provision of interest payable on public deposits of Rs.7,080.37lakhsfor the year ended 31st March 2020 on the profit and loss, we are unable to evaluate the ultimate likelihood of penalties/ strictures or further liabilities, if any on the Company. Accordingly, impact, if any, of the indeterminate liabilities on theseaudited standalone financial statements is currently not ascertainable, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The Public Deposits are due to be paid but due to liquidity situation could not be paid. As rightly stated by the auditors the matter of Depositors has been referred in the Resolution Framework and the Company shall abide the decision of the Hon'ble Court in this regard

e) Advances amounting to Rs.31,287.37lakhs (net of provision for doubtful advances) (previous year ended 31st March, 2019 - Rs.48,359.64 lakhs(net of provision for doubtful advances)) are outstanding in respect of advances for purchase of land, projects pending commencement, joint ventures and collaborators which, as represented by the management, have been given in the normal course of business to land owning companies, collaborators, projects and for purchase of land. As per information made available to us and explanations given to us Rs. Nil had been recovered / Rs.15,000.00lakhs has been providedfor doubtful advances during the current year.

We are unable to ascertain whether all the remaining outstanding advances, mentioned above, are fully recoverable/adjustable, since the said outstanding balances are outstanding/remained unadjusted for a long period of time, and further, in our opinion, neither the amounts recovered nor rate of recovery of such long outstanding amounts in the previous years & year, give an indication that all of the remaining outstanding amounts may be fully recoverable; consequently, we are unable to ascertain whether all of the remaining balances as at 31st March 2020 are fully recoverable. Accordingly, we are unable to ascertain or comment upon the impact, if

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(Y. S. Malik)

CMD, Unitech Limited

any, on the loss or on the reserves or on value of asset, that may arise in case any of these remaining advances are subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

Advances for the purchase of land, projects pending commencement and to joint ventures and collaborators have been stated to have been given in the normal course of business to land owning companies, collaborators, projects and for purchase of land. The new management in pursuit to identify and recover the advances made by the earlier management has sought the co-operation from the erstwhile chairman and managing directors. The response of the erstwhile chairman and managing directors is awaited and till then it would not be prudent on the part of the new management to diminish the value of these advances.

There have been delays in the payment of dues of non-convertible debentures, term loans & working capital loans (including principal, interest and/or other charges as the case may be) to the lenders of the Company who have taken action against the Company for recovery of their dues, and the total of such outstandings amount to Rs.262,408.66 lakhs. The lenders have initiated action under the SARFAESI Act to take over the respective properties provided as security to the lenders. The Company has challenged the action of the lenders before the various forums of Debt Recovery Tribunals(DRT). We are unable to determine the impact of the likely outcome of the said proceedings before the DRT on the properties given as security to the lenders, and the corresponding loans and also unable to evaluate the ultimate likelihood of penalties/ strictures or further liabilities; and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The amount as has been stated, has already been provided in the books of accounts and payment/ recovery of dues by the lenders shall not affect the statement of Profit & Loss. The matter has already been referred in the resolution framework and the final payment for principal and/or interest shall be made in accordance with the decisions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in this regard

g) No direct confirmations were received from banks in respect of balance confirmations, though we had discussed with the Company to obtain the confirmations. With regard to loans and borrowings from certain lenders, direct confirmations could not be carried out as these lenders had taken action against the Company for recovery of their dues as mentioned in para 7(f) above. The management expressed its inability to send confirmation requests in respect of trade receivables, trade and other payables, & loans & advances given. Accordingly, we are unable to ascertain or comment upon the impact, if any, on the loss or on the reserves or on the carrying amount of the asset/liability, that may arise in case any of these assets are subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery and/or any of these liabilities may increase, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The company is expected to initiate the claim verification for all the money extended to and by the company. The company shall invite claims including that of borrowers. All such claims shall be verified and re-instated(if so required) at that point of time

- h) According to information available and explanations obtained, in respect of
 - (i) advances given to certain companies for purchase of shares aggregating to Rs. 31,079.48 lakhs,
 - (ii) investments in shares of certain companies aggregating to Rs. 31,025.45 lakhs,
 - (iii) investments in debentures of certain companies aggregating to Rs.1,512.18 lakhs,
 - (iv) inter corporate deposits given to certain companies aggregating to Rs. 13,853.66 lakhs,
 - (v) other advances given to/recoverable from certain companies/parties aggregating to Rs.11,103.58 lakhs, and
 - (vi) security deposits given to certain parties aggregating Rs.47,531.00 lakhs,

it has been observed that these advances/deposits/investments have been standing in the books for a long period of time, there being no movements in these advances. Due to non-availability of sufficient information with regard to the status of these items, we are unable to comment (i) on the realisability/recoverability or otherwise of these advances/deposits and (ii) on the decline, if any, in the carrying amount of these investments which is other than temporary, and the quantum thereof, and the ultimate impact on the financial statements, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 20th January 2020 replaced the then board of directors of the company and replaced it with the current board of directors (hereinafter called the new management). The new

- Comments

As certified by the C. F. O.

(Y. S. Malik)

CMD, Unitech Limited

management in pursuit to identify and recover the investments and advances made by the earlier management has sought the co-operation from the erstwhile chairman and managing directors. The response of the erstwhile chairman and managing directors is awaited and till then it would not be prudent on the part of the new management to diminish the value of these investments and advances.

We draw attention to the Note 'Investment Property' in the standalone financial statements, in which the investment is carried at cost. We have been informed by the management that the carrying value of such investment is lower than the fair market value. However, in the absence of a current valuation report, the fair market value is indeterminate. Hence we are unable to express an opinion on the adjustment, if any, that would have to be made on the carrying value of such investment property, had such valuation been done, and the resultant impact on the reserves & surplus.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The rental value is indicative that the fair value of the property would be more than the stated value. The Company could not carry the fair valuation this year. The fair valuation exercise would not have any negative impact on the financial position of the Company.

j) Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

The management has prepared these standalone financial statements on a going concern basis, notwithstanding the fact that, the Company has incurred losses, and has challenges in meeting its operational obligations, servicing its current liabilities including bank loans and public deposits. The Company also has various litigation matters which are pending before different forums, and various projects of the Company have stalled/slowed down.

As mentioned earlier, subsequent to the new Board of Directors taking over the management, a Resolution Framework has been submitted to the Hon'ble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 2 above, wherein the Company has requested the Hon'ble Supreme Court to grant numerous reliefs so that the Company is able to meet its operational obligations and settle its liabilities. The Board has also submitted in the RF that on the basis of review of records and finances of Unitech group as currently available, it appears that Unitech Group has significant negative net worth and may not be able to attract a resolution/ settlement under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC). At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

These conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The appropriateness of assumption of going concern is critically dependent upon the Company's ability to raise finance and generate cash flows in future to meet its obligations, and also on the final decision of the Hon'ble Supreme Court on the Resolution Framework.

Considering the above, we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The management has already stated its position in the resolution framework of the Company

VII The figures of previous year have been re-grouped/re-arranged wherever considered necessary for the purpose of comparison.

Place: Gurugram

Dated: November 9th, 2020

For Unitech Limited

Yudhvir Singh Malik Chairman

As certified by the C. F. O.

(Y. S. Malik) CMD, Unitech Limited

Sur

ANNEXLIRE

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications (for audit report with modified opinion) submitted along with Annual Audited Standalone Financial Results Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020 [See Regulation 33 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015]

Particulars	Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications)	Adjusted Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications)
	Rs, in Lakhs	
1 Turnover / Total income	118,264.34	118,264,34
2 Total Expenditure	211,992.02	324,884,26
3 Exceptional items	21,645.17	21,645,17
4 Total tax expenses	3,691,93	3,691,93
5 Net Profit/(Loss)	(119,064,78)	(231,957.02)
6 Earnings Per Share		
Basic	(4.55)	(8.87)
Diluted	(4.56)	(8.87)
7 Total Assets	1,761,042 15	1,688,409.38
8 Total Liabilities	1,177,800.31	1,218,059,78
9 Net Worth	583,241.84	470,349.60
10 Any other financial item(s) (as felt appropriate by the management)		

2 Audit Qualification:

1 SI. No

1 Details of Audit Qualification:

The Company had received a 'cancellation of lease deed' notice from Greater Notida Industrial Development Authority ("GNIDA") dated 18 November 2015. As per the Notice, GNIDA cancelled the lease deed in respect of Residential/Group Housing plots on account of non-implementation of the project and non-payment of various dues amounting to Rs 105483.56 lakhs. As per the notice, and as per the relevant clause of the bye-laws/contractual arrangement with the Company, 25% of the total dues amounting to Rs 13893.42 lakhs were to be torfeited out of the total namunt paid tild falls. The Company has incurred total expenditure of Rs 21395.69 lakhs (comprising of (f) the amounts paid for land dues and stamp duty Rs 34221.90 lakhs, (ii) the balance portions of the total amounts paid their payable, including contractual interest accrued till 31st March 2016, of Rs 99091.90 lakhs, and (iii) other construction costs amounting to Rs 80650.70 lakhs; portions of the lotal amounts payable, including contractual interest accrued till 31st March 2016; of Rs 999019 lakers, and (till) other construction costs amounting to Rs. 80650 70 lakers. The said land is also mortgaged and the Company has registered such mortgage to a third party on behalf of lender for the Non-Convertible Debenture (NCD) facility extended to the Company and, due to default in repayment of these NCDs, the debenture holders have served a notice to the Company under section 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act and have also taken notional possession of this land. The Company had contractually entered into agreements to sell with 397 buyers and has also received advances from such buyers amounting to Rs 6682 10 lakits (net of repayment). No contract revenue has been recognized on this project. The arstivitie management had written a letter to GNIDA dated 1st December 2015, wherein it had stated that the cancellation of the lease deed was wrong, unjust and arbitrary. Further, the said erstwhile management had also proposed that in view of the fact they have been created by the Company in the allotted land, by allotting plots to different allottens, in the interest of such allottens, GNIDA should allow the Company to feating an area of approximately 25 acres out of the total allotted land of approximately 100 acres and that the amount paid by the Company bill date be adjusted against the price of the land of 25 acres and remaining surplus amount may be adjusted towards dues of other projects of the Company under GNIDA.
GNIDA has, in the meanwhile, in terms of the Order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court dated 18.09.2018, deposited on behalf of the Company, an amount of Rs 7436.35 lakhs (Rs 6682.10 lakhs

and interest @ 6% on the principal amount of Rs 6682 10 lakhs, out of the monies paid by the Company, with the registry of the Horbte Supreme Court.

During the year, GNIDA has adjusted Rs 9200.00 lakhs of Unitech group's liabilities towards the Company's other projects with GNIDA and forfeited Rs 13893.42 lakhs. The Company had paid a sum of Rs 34221.90 lakhs, including Rs 4934.95 lakhs of stamp duty on the land for the said land.

The matter in respect of the land is still pending before the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad, and pending the final disposal, the Company has, subsequently, shown the amount of Rs 18339.80 lakhs as recoverable from GNIDA in its books of account. Further, the Company is also carrying other construction costs amounting to Rs 80650 70 lakhs in respect of the projects to come up

The impact on the accounts viz, inventory projects in progress, customer advances, amount payable to or receivable from GNIDA, cannot be accordanced, since the matter is still sub-juying as mentioned hereinabove, vis-à-vis dues of the Company, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter

2 Type of Audit Qualification

3 Frequency of qualification

Disclaimer of Opinion 2nd time Disclaimed

- 4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views
- 5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:
 (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification:

- (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:

 The Management is hopeful that its stand shall be vindicted in the court of law and there shall be no adverse impact as such
- (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

Confirmations/reconciliations are pending in respect of amounts deposited by the Company with the Hor/ble Supreme Court. As per books of account an amount of Rs 45,800,63 takins deposited with the Hor/ble Supreme Court Registry ("Registry") is outstanding as at 31st March 2020. Certain transactions have been made from the Registry viz. payments mainty towards refunds given to some of the Company's home buyers, payments made to fixed deposit holders, payments made to ex-employees, amounts paid to the Company for meeting construction expenses, payments made to foreat continuous has been accounted for under the head "Other Assets" in the standalone financial statements. Moreover, there would be significant amount of interest income accrued on the aloresaid deposits which are not accounted for in the books due to non-availability of details. The management has requested the learned amicus curiae to provide the relevant bank statement and balance curifficiations. The final fluctionisation of unit like prized only build receipt of the same, in the absence of detailed statement of transactions and contimetrion of balance from the Registry, we are unable to comment on the completeness and correctness of amounts outstanding with the Registry and of the utilimate impact these transactions would have on the standardone financial statements of the Company, and hence we are unable to express a conclusion on this matter

2 Type of Audit Qualification:

3 Frequency of qualification

Disclaimer of Opinion 2nd time Disclaimed

4. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor. Management's Views

- 5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor.
 - Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification
- (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same

It's a matter of reconciliation with the Registry of the Hon'ble Supreme Court and there shall be no adjustment required in the statement of Profit & Loss

(iii) Auditors' Comments on (ii) or (ii) above

Matter 3

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

According to information available and explanations obtained, in respect of (a) non-current investments (Long term Trade investments) aggregating to Rs. 141,715,01 lakhs in subsidiaries and According to information available and explanations obtained, in respect of (a) non-current investments (Long term Trade investments) aggregating to Rs 141.715.01 takts in subsidiaries and (b) loans and advances aggregating to Rs 398,051.65 takts (net of bad & doubtful) given to these subsidiaries for acquisition of land on behalf of the company, it has been observed from the perusal of the financial statements of these subsidiaries/companies that some of these subsidiaries/companies have accumulated losses and their respective net worth have been fully/substantially eroded. These conditions, along with absence of clear indications or plans for revival, in our opinion, indicate that there is significant uncertainty and doubt about the recovery of the loans and advances from these subsidiaries by way of sale of land and recoverability of other assets. Further, there is a clear indication that there is a decline in the carrying amount of these investments which is other than temporary.

Consequently, in terms of stated accounting policies and applicable accounting standards, and due to the fact that the realizable value of assets, mainly comorising of investment directly or Consequently, in terms of stated accounting policies and applicable accounting standards, and due to the fact that the realizable value of assets, mainly comprising of investment directly or indirectly in land, of some of these substidiaries is far lesser than the advance given to/investment made by the Company in these substidiaries, the diminution in the value of such investments, which is other than temporary, is estimated to be Rs. 30,565.35 tashs upto 31st March 2020 (Previous year ended 31st March, 2019 - Rs. 27,13.69 lashs/finet of impairment loss provided) and the account for diminution of doubtful loans and advances is estimated to be Rs. 41,776.4 tlakhs upto 31st March 2020 (Previous year ended 31st March, 2019 - Rs. 27,232.77 lakhs, heads to be accounted for.

diminution aggregating to Ns. 72,652.71 kinks needs to be accounted for.

In the absence of significant developments/movements in the operations of these parties and any adjustment for diminution of carrying value of such investments in this regard (except for those information arrays provided for a minutional flower control of the information arrays provided for an information array and investments of a diminution of carrying value of such investments in this regard (except for those information arrays arrays and investment of the interest of such as a set parties of the such as the interest of the

2 Type of Audit Qualification:

2nd time Disclaimed

3 Frequency of qualification

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor. Management's Views

The Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 20th January 2020 replaced the then board of directors of the company and replaced it with current board of directors(hereinafter The fron the supreme vour vices is over dated zon statuary core repraced the time toward of unectors of the company and repraced it with current toward of unertial states and advances made by the earlier management has sought the co-operation from the erstwhile chairman and managing directors, The response of the erstwhile chairman and managing directors, The response of the erstwhile chairman and managing directors and the part of the new management to diminish the value of these investments and advances.

- 5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor
- Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification.

 If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:
- (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above

Matter 4

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

	Unpaid (Principal March 2019		at 31	Transferred account (Rs Lakhs)	from	Stale			Unpaid matured deposits (Principal amount) as at 31°March2020(Rs lakhs)
Deposits that have matured on or before March 31, 2017		5	3,014_17				3,722.03	-103.8	56,632,40

The total unpaid interest as on 31stMarch 2020 (including interest not provided in the books) amounts to Rs, 39,190,94lakhs (excluding transfer from stale cheque account).

Further, the Company has not provided for interest payable on public deposits which works out to Rs.7,080.37 lakhs for the current year ended 31stMarch 2020 (Cumulative uplo31stMarch2020 Rs.21,309.23 lakins). Such un-provided intenset payable has been worked out on the outstanding public deposits in the books of account, without considering the unidentified repayments made by the Hon'ble Supreme Court as mentioned in Para 7(b) above.

made by the Horitie Supreme Court as mentioned in Para 7(b) above.

Pursuant to Section 74(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company had made an application to the Horible Company Law Board (CLB)(subsequently replaced by the Horible National Company Law Tebunal, New Delhi) seeking extension of time for repayment of the outstanding public deposits (including interest thereor) as is considered reasonable. The Company had identified and semantate 6 (six) unencumbered land parcels for sale and utilization of the sale proceeds thereof for repayment of the alloresaid outstanding deposits. However, during the financial year 2016-17, the Horible National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi (NCLT) vide its order dated 0.6.07.2016 demises the said application. On appeal against the said order, the Horible National Company Law Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi (NCLT) vide its order dated 03.11.2016 extended the dates of repayment of deposits spito 31.12.2016, Subsequently, the said appeal was also disposed off by the Horible NCLAT vide its order dated 3.10.2017 without granting any further extension of limite. As explained to us, the Company has made best possible efforts for sale of the land parcels earmanked for repayment of the deposits but such sale process has not yielded any results.

Considering that the eralwhile management had not been able to correly with the directions given by the Honble CLB, NCLT and NCLAT to repay the deposits within prescribed time-period, the Registrar of Companies, New Deith lad filed prosecution against the Company and its enthville management before the Ld. Special Court, Dwarks District Court, New Deith. However, the Honble High Court of Deith had stayed the said prosecution, and had subsequently vide its order dated 22.01.2019, allowed the petitions filed by the Company and enabythis management by

sating saids & vacating the important business to be said procedurin, and not subsequently vide its order dated 22.9.01 to file and the patitions filled by the Company and entirely setting saids & vacating their panel Dwarks District count order dated 20.9.20 to with regard to summaring of the estativitie Managing Directors of the Company. Considering their application, the Horbite Supreme Court had, vide its order dated 30.10.2017, directed an antinus cultine to create a portal where the depositors could provide their requisite information and, accordingly, on compliance with this direction, a portal had been created for the depositors of the Company. Accordingly, the matter relating to delay in regarment to the dissociators in initially planting before the Horbite Supreme Court. The Horbite Supreme Court, out of the proceeds collected into the designated account of its Registry out of sale of land and other properties of Makeholf's group, has made afrequities of amount to be refunded to the public disposit NASsocia.

Subsequent to the new Board of Directors taking over the management, a resolution framework has been submitted to the Horble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 6above, for addressing the matters of home buyers, fixed deposit holders and others. At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Horble Supreme Court. The final quantum of liability of these cases can be ascertained only upon the final decision by the Horble Supreme Court.

Besides, the impact of non-provision of interest payable on public deposits of Rs.7,080.37lakhsfor the year ended 31st March 2020 on the profit and loss, we are unable to evaluate the ultimate likelihood of penalties/ strictures or further liabilities, if any on the Company. Accordingly, impact, if any, of the indeterminate liabilities on these

2 Type of Audit Qualification:

Disclaimer of Opinion 2nd time Disclaimed

Frequency of qualification:

4 For Audit Qualification(s) whore the impact is quantified by the auditor, Managament's Views.

The Public Deposits are due to be paid but due to liquidity situation could not be paid. As rightly stated by the auditors the matter of Depositors has been referred in the Resolution Framework and the Company shall abide the decision of the Hon'ble Court in this regard

5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor. (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualificati (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

Advances amounting to Rs.31,287.37 lakhs (net of provision for doubtful advances) (previous year ended 31st March, 2019 - Rs, 48,359,64 lakhs(net of provision for doubtful advances)) are outstanding in respect of advances for purchase of land, projects pending commencement, joint ventures and collaborators which, as represented by the management, have been given in the normal course of business to land owning companies, collaborators, projects and for purchase of land. As per information made available to us and explanations given to us Rs. Nil had been recovered / Rs.15,000.00 talkins has been provided for doubtful advances during the current year.

We are unable to ascertain whether all the remaining outstanding advances, mentioned above, are fully recoverable/adjustable, since the said outstanding behances are outstanding/remained unadjusted for a long period of time, and further, in our opinion, neither the amounts recovered nor rate of recovery of such long outstanding amounts in the previous years & year, give an indication that all of the remaining outstanding amounts may be fully recoverable, consequently, we are unable to ascertain inventment all of the remaining behances as at 31st March 2020 are fully recoverable, Accordingly, we are unable to secretain or comment upon the imposit, if any, on the loss or on the reserves or on value of asset, that may arise in case any of these remaining advances are subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

2 Type of Audit Qualification:

Disclaimer of Opinion

Frequency of qualification:
 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views:

Advances for the purchase of land, projects pending commencement and to joint ventures and collaborators have been stated to have been given in the normal course of business to land owning companies, collaborators, projects and for purchase of land. The new management in pursuit to identify and recover the advances made by the earlier management has sought the co-operation from the erstwhile chairman and managing directors. The response of the erstwhile chairman and managing directors is awaited and till then it would not be prudent on the part of the new management to diminish the value of these advances

- 5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:
- (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification
- (II) If management is untable to estimate the impact, massus for the same
- fill) Auxiliars' Comments on (I) or (II) shove:

1 Details of Audit Qualification -

There have been delays in the payment of dues of non-convertible debentures, term loans & working capital loans (including principal, interest and/or other charges as the case may be) to the lenders of the Company who have taken action against the Company for recovery of their dues, and the total of such outstandings amount to Rs 262,408.86 lakins. The tenders have initiated action under the SARFAESI Act to take over the respective properties provided as security to the lenders. The Company has challenged the action of the lenders before the various forums of Debt Recovery Tribunals (DRT). We are unable to determine the impact of the likely outcome of the said proceedings before the DRT on the properties given as security to the lenders, and the corresponding loans and also unable to evaluate the ultimate likelihood of penalties/ structures or further liabilities; and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

- 2 Type of Audit Qualification:
- 3 Frequency of qualification:

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views

Disclaimer of Opinion 2nd time Disclaimed

Disclaimer of Opinion

5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:

- (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification: (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same.
- (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above

Matter 7

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

No direct confirmations were received from banks in respect of balance confirmations, though we had discussed with the Company to obtain the confirmations. With regard to loans and borrowings from certain lenders, direct confirmations could not be carried out as these lenders had taken action against the Company for recovery of their dues as mentioned in para 7(f) above. The management expressed its inability to send confirmation requests in respect of trade receivables, trade and other payables, & loans & advances given. Accordingly, we are unable to ascertain or comment upon the impact, if any, on the loss or on the reserves or on the carrying amount of the asset/liability, that may arise in case any of these assets are subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery and/or any of these liabilities may increase, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

- 2 Type of Audit Qualification:
- 3 Frequency of qualification:
- 4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views:
- 5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor.
- (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification:
 (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:
- (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

Matter 8

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

According to information available and explanations obtained, in respect of

(i) advances given to cartain companies for purchase of shares aggregating to Rs. 31,079.48 lakhs, (ii) investments in shares of certain companies aggregating to Rs. 31,025.45 lakhs,

(iii) investments in debentures of certain companies aggregating to Rs.1,512.18 fakhs,

(iii) intercorporate deposits given to certain companies aggregating to Rs.1,512.13 lakes, (iv) other advances given to/recoverable from certain companies/perties aggregating to Rs. 13,853.66 lakes, (iv) other advances given to/recoverable from certain companies/perties aggregating to Rs. 11,103.58 lakes, and (iv) security deposits given to certain parties aggregating Rs. 47,531.00 lakes, it has been observed that these advances/deposits/investments have been standing in the books for a long period of time, there being no movements in these advances. Due to non-availability of sufficient information with regard to the status of these items, we are unable to comment (i) on the realisability/recoverability or otherwise of these advances/deposits and (ii) on the decline, if any, in the carrying amount of these investments which is other than temporary, and the quantum thereof, and the uftimate impact on the financial statements, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter

2 Type of Audit Qualification:

Disclaimer of Opinion

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor. Management's Views

The new management in pursuit to identify and recover the advances made by the earlier management and as ordered by the Hon'ble Supreme Court has been seeking the cooperation from the erstwhile chairman and managing directors to recover these old outstandings. The response of the erstwhile chairman and managing directors is awaited and till then it would not be prudent on the part of the new management to diminish the value of these receivables

- 5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor
- Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification
- (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:
- (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above

Matter 9 Details of Audit Qualification:

- 1 We draw attention the Note 'Investment Property' in the consolidated financial statements, in which the investment is carried at cost. We have been informed by the management that the carrying value of such investment is lower than the fair market value. However, in the absence of a current valuation report, the fair market value is indeterminate. Hence we are unable to express an opinion on the adjustment, if any, that would have to be made on the carrying value of such investment property, had such valuation been done, and the resultant impact on the reserves & surplus
- 2 Type of Audit Qualification:
- 3 Frequency of qualification:

Disclaimer of Opinion 1st time Disclaimer

- 4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views: The rental value is Indicative that the fair value of the property would be more than the stated value. The Company could not carry the fair valuation this year. The fair valuation exercise would not have any negative impact on the financial position of the Company,
- 5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor.
- (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification:
- (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same
- (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

Matter 10 Details of Audit Qualification:-

1 Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

The management has prepared these consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis, nowanistanding the fact that, the Company has incurred tosses, and has challenges in meeting its operational obligations, servicing its current liabilities including bank loans and public deposits. The Company also has various litigation matters which are pending before different forums, and various projects of the Company have stalled/slowed down.

As mentioned earlier, subsequent to the new Board of Directors taking over the management, a Resolution Framework has been submitted to the Hon'ble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 2 above, wherein the Company has requested the Hon'ble Supreme Court to grant numerous reflets so that the Company is able to meet ils operational obligations and settle its liabilities. The Board has also submitted in the RF that on the basis of review of records and finances of United group as currently available, it appears that Unitech Group has significant negative net worth and may not be able to attract a resolution/ settlement under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC). At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

These conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The appropriateness of assumption of going concern is critically dependent upon the Company's ability to raise finance and generate cash flows in future to meet its obligations, and also on the final decision of the Hon'ble Supreme Court on the Resolution Framework Considering the above, we are unable to express an opinion on this matter

- 2 Type of Audit Qualification:
- 3 Frequency of qualification:
- 4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views The management has already stated its position in the resolution framework of the Company
- 1st time Disclarmer
- 5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor
- (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification
- (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same
- (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

Matter 11

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

The Excise & Taxation Officer-cum-Assessing Authority, Gurugram(East) has raised a demand of Rs.1891.73 lakhs for Assessment Year 2016-17 in terms of Order of assassment dated 11.02 2020 under the Haryana Value Added Tax Act, 2003. No appeal has been filed by the holding Company till date and liability for the said demand has not been accounted for in the consolidated financial statements and hence the liabilities are understated to the extent of the aforesaid demand.

- 2 Type of Audit Qualification
- 3 Frequency of qualification:

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views: The company could not file the due appeal due to COVID 19 and is expected to file the appeal any time soci

5. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same

For R Nagpal Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration no : 002626N

(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

Ravinder Nagpal Membership No 081594

Plassi Gurugram Date: November 9th, 2020 Qualified

1st time qualification

As certified by the C. F. O.

Disclaimer of Opinion

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors (Y. S., IVIAIIK)
CMD, Unitech Limited

Yudhvir Singh Malik Chairman & Managing Director

Girish Kumar Ahuja Chairman Audil Committee

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Head Office:

B-1/1018, VASANT KUNJ, NEW DELHI - 110 070 TELEPHONE: 41082626 FAX: 26148150

EMAIL: rnaca1@gmail.com

Branch:

E-537, Ranjeet Nagar Bharatpur-321001 (Rajasthan)

Mobile: 9711031327

Email: arpittaneja@rnaca.in

<u>Independent Auditor's Report On Year to Date Audited Consolidated Financial Results of Unitech Limited pursuant to Regulations 33 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.</u>

To the Board of Directors, UNITECH LIMITED

- 1. Unitech Limited, the holding Company, failed to hold its Annual General Meeting (AGM) due on or before 30th September 2018, pursuant to section 96 of the Companies Act, 2013, to transact the agenda including the approval of Accounts for the year ended 31st March 2018. The Company applied to the Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi & Haryana, for extension of period by three months for holding the AGM, but the same was rejected. The said AGM has not yet been held as of date. However, in view of the fact that audit of the holding company had been conducted by us for the financial year 2017-18 and also the report was issued by us on the Accounts duly approved by the Board & signed by the directors as stipulated under the Companies Act, 2013, we had proceeded with the audit engagement of the holding company of the subsequent year i.e. year ended 31st March 2019 taking the opening balances from the audited Balance Sheet of year ended 31st March 2018 duly approved by the Board. Subsequently, in view of the fact that audit of the holding company had been conducted by us for the financial year 2018-19 and also the report was issued by us on the Accounts duly approved by the Board & signed by the directors as stipulated under the Companies Act, 2013, we have proceeded with the audit engagement of the holding company of the subsequent year i.e. year ended 31st March 2020 taking the opening balances from the audited Balance Sheet of year ended 31st March 2019 duly approved by the Board. Needless to mention that the AGM due on or before 30th September 2019, pursuant to section 96 of the Companies Act, 2013, to transact the agenda including the approval of Accounts for the year ended 31st March 2019 has not been held by the Company.
- 2. The Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 20th January 2020 has, *inter alia*, given directions that the Board of Directors of Unitech Limited, as existing on that date, be superseded with immediate effect in order to facilitate the taking over of management by the new Board of Directors constituted in terms of the proposal submitted by the Union Government of India. We have made references to the Resolution Framework (RF) for Unitech group which

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has been prepared under the directions of the Board of Directors of Unitech Limited appointed by the Central Government pursuant to the afore-said order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court and approved by the Board of Directors in their Meeting held on June 17, 2020, and which has been filed with the Hon'ble Supreme Court. Subsequent corrections/modifications have been done in the RF and approved by the Company's Board in their meeting held on September 10, 2020. However, the modified RF has not yet been filed with the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The RF contains various proposals like determining admitted liabilities & claims, proposing nonpayment of penalty, interest, default interest or damages to creditors, stakeholders, homebuyers, landowners, leaseholders or any Authority, detailing the resolution framework for company's projects, detailing the resolution framework for non-project assets etc. The RF seeks various reliefs and concessions like (a) Homebuyers' Credit Lines, (b) Immunity for the Board, their appointed key management personnel, employees, advisors and consultants for any action taken by them in good faith, (c) Grant of benefits to the Company, its subsidiaries and joint ventures and Project Entities of protections similar to section 32A of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016, (d) Priority Finance and other borrowings for implementation of the Framework, and (e) Tax related reliefs and concessions. Besides the RF also seeks some specific directions like imposition of moratorium, consolidation of Unitech Group, norequirement of registration under RERA, amongst others. As the RF has not yet been approved by the Hon'ble Supreme Court, the impact of the proposed reliefs, concessions etc. will be considered at that point of time.

3. We were engaged to audit the accompanying statement of consolidated financial results ("the statements") of Unitech Limited ("the Company" or "the holding Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as 'the Group'), and its share of profit/loss after tax and total comprehensive income/loss of its associates and joint ventures, for the year from 1st April 2019 to 31st March 2020, attached herewith ("the Statement"), being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("the Regulations") as amended, read with SEBI Circular No. CIR/CFD/CMD1/44/2019 dated March 29, 2019 ('the Circular'). This Statement which has been prepared from the related consolidated annual financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2020, and approved by the Board of Directors, is the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial results based on our audit of such consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down under applicable Accounting Standards mandated under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in Spal Asso India.

- The Consolidated financial results for the quarter ended 31st March, 2020 are the derived figures between the audited figures in respect of the year ended 31st March, 2020 and the published year-to-date figures upto 31st December 2019, being the date of the end of the third quarter of the current financial year, which was subject to limited review by us.
- 5. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in India. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial results are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts disclosed as financial results. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management.

We also performed procedures in accordance with the circular issued by SEBI under Regulation 33(8) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, to the extent applicable.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our disclaimer of opinion on the Statement, on matters mentioned in para 9(a) to 9(j) below.

6. a)The Statement includes the unaudited management results of the following entities: Subsidiaries

Abohar Builders Private Limited, Aditya Properties Private Limited, Agmon Projects Private Limited, Akola Properties Limited, Algoa Properties Private Limited, Alice Builders Private Limited, Alice Developers Private Limited, Alkosi Limited, Aller Properties Private Limited, Alor Golf Course Private Limited, Alor Maintenance Private Limited, Alor Projects Private Limited, Alor Recreation Private Limited, Amaro Developers Private Limited, Amarprem Estates Private Limited, Amur Developers Private Limited, Andes Estates Private Limited, Angul Properties Private Limited, Arahan Properties Private Limited, Arcadia Build Tech Limited, Arcadia Projects Private Limited, Ardent Build Tech Limited, Askot Builders Private Limited, Azores Properties Limited, Bageris Limited, Bolemat Limited, Boraclm Limited, Broomfield Builders Private Limited, Broomfield Developers Private Limited, Drucosa Limited, Bengal Universal Consultants Private Limited, Bengal Unitech Hospitality Private Limited, Burley Holding Limited, Bengal Unitech Universal Infrastructure Private Limited, Bengal Unitech Universal Siliguri Projects Limited, Bengal Unitech Universal Townscape Limited, Bynar Properties Pvt Ltd, Cape Developers Private Limited, Cardus Projects Private Limited, Chintpurni Constructions Private Limited, Clarence Projects Private Limited, Clover Projects Private Limited, Colcus Developers Private Limited, Colossal Projects Private Limited, Comegenic Limited, Comfrey Developers Private Limited, Cordia Projects Private Limited, Crimson Developers Private Limited, Croton Developers

Private Limited, Crowbel Limited, Dantas Properties Private Limited, Deoria Properties Limited, Deoria Realty Private Limited, Devoke Developers Private Limited, Devon Builders Private Limited, Dhaulagiri Builders Private Limited, Dhruva Realty Projects Limited, Dibang Properties Private Limited, Drass Projects Private Limited, Elbe Builders Private Limited, Elbrus Builders Private Limited, Elbrus Developers Private Limited, Elbrus Properties Private Limited, Empecom Corporation British Virgin, Erebus Projects Private Limited, Erica Projects Private Limited, Firisa Holdings Limited, Flores Projects Private Limited, Flores Properties Limited, Girnar Infrastructures Private Limited, Glenmore Builders Private Limited*, Global Perspectives Limited, Gramhuge Holdings Limited, Grandeur Real tech Developers Private Limited, Greenwood Projects Private Limited, Gretemia Holdings Limited, Gurgaon Recreations Park Limited, Halley Developers Private Limited, Halley Projects Private Limited, Harsil Builders Private Limited, Harsil Properties Private Limited, Hassan Properties Private Limited, Hatsar Estates Private Limited, Havelock Estates Private Limited, Havelock Investments Limited, Havelock Properties Limited, Havelock Realtors Limited, High strength Projects Private Limited, Impactlan Limited, Insecond Limited, Jalore Properties Private Limited, Jorhat Properties Private Limited, Unitech Infra-con Limited*, Kerria Projects Private Limited, Khatu Shyamji Infraventures Private Limited, Khatu Shyamji Infratech Private Limited, Konar Developers Private Limited, Kortel Limited, Landscape Builders Limited, Lavender Developers Private Limited, Lavender Projects Private Limited, Mahoba Builders Limited, Mahoba Schools Limited, Manas Realty Projects Private Limited, Mandarin Developers Private Limited, Madison Builders Private Limited, Mansar Properties Private Limited, Marine Builders Private Limited, Masla Builders Private Limited, Mayurdhwaj Projects Private Limited, Medlar Developers Private Limited, Medwyn Builders Private Limited, Moonstone Projects Private Limited, Moore Builders Private Limited, Munros Projects Private Limited, Nectrus Limited, New India Construction Co. Limited, Nirvana Real Estate Projects Limited*, Nuwell Limited, Onega Properties Private Limited, Panchganga Projects Limited, Plassey Builders Private Limited, Primrose Developers Private Limited, Purus Projects Private Limited, Purus Properties Private Limited, Quadrangle Estates Private Limited, Reglinia Holdings Limited, Rhine Infrastructures Private Limited, Risster Holdings Limited, Robinia Developers Private Limited, Ruhi Construction Co. Limited, Sabarmati Projects Private Limited, Samay Properties Private Limited, Sandwood Builders & Developers Private Limited, Sangla Properties Private Limited, Sankoo Builders Private Limited, Sanyog Builders Limited, Sanyog Properties Private Limited*, Sarnath Realtors Limited, Serveia Holdings Limited, Seyram Limited, Shri Khatu Shyam Ji Infrapromoters Private Limited, Shrishti Buildwell Private Limited, Simpson Estates Private Limited, Somerville Developers Limited, Spanwave Services Limited, Sublime Developers Private Limited, Sublime Properties Private Limited, Supernal Corrugation India Limited, Surfware Consultants Limited, Tabas Estates Private Limited, Technosolid Limited, Transdula Limited, Unitech Acacia Projects Private Limited, Unitech Agra Hi Tech Township Limited, Unitech Alice Projects Private Limited, Unitech

Ardent Projects Private Limited, Unitech Builders & Projects Limited, Unitech Build-Con Private Limited, Unitech Builders Limited, Unitech Buildwell Private Limited, Unitech Business Parks Limited, Unitech Capital Private Limited*, Unitech Chandra Foundation, Unitech Colossal Projects Private Limited, Unitech Commercial & Residential Projects Private Limited, Unitech Country Club Limited, Unitech Cynara Projects Private Limited, Unitech Developers & Hotels Private Limited, Unitech High Vision Projects Limited, Unitech High Vision Projects Limited, Unitech Hi Tech Developers Limited, Unitech Holdings Limited, Elixir Hospitality Management Limited, Unitech Hospitality Services Limited, Unitech Hotels Limited, Unitech Hotel Services Private Limited, Unitech Hotels & Projects Limited, Unitech Hotels Private Limited, Unitech Hyderabad Projects Limited, Unitech Hyderabad Township Limited, Unitech Industries Limited, Unitech Industries & Estates Private Limited, Unitech Infopark Limited, Unitech Infra Limited, Unitech Infra- Developers Limited, Unitech Infra-Properties Limited, Unitech Kochi SEZ Limited, Unitech Konar Projects Private Limited, Unitech Manas Projects Private Limited, Unitech Miraj Projects Private Limited, Unitech Nelson Projects Private Limited, Unitech Overseas Limited, Unitech Pioneer Nirvana Recreation Private Limited, Unitech Pioneer Recreation Limited, Unitech Power Transmission Limited, QNS Facility Management Pvt Ltd, Unitech Real Estate Builders Limited, Unitech Real Estate Management Private Limited, Unitech Real Tech Properties Limited, Unitech Realty Builders Private Limited, Unitech Realty Developers Limited, Unitech Realty Private Limited, Unitech Realty Ventures Limited, Unitech Reliable Projects Private Limited, Unitech Residential Resorts Limited, Unitech Samus Projects Private Limited, Unitech Valdel Hotels Private Limited, Unitech Vizag Projects Limited, Uni Homes Private Limited, Unitech Libya for General Contracting and Real Estate Investment, Unitech Global Limited, Unitech Malls Limited, Vectex Limited, Zanskar Builders Private Limited, Zanskar Realtors Private Limited, Zanskar Realty Private Limited, Zimuret Limited

b)The Statement includes the share of profit/loss after tax and total comprehensive income/loss of following entities:

Associates

Greenwood Hospitality Private Limited, Millennium Plaza Limited, Unitech Shivalik Realty Limited, Simpson Unitech Wireless Private Limited.

Joint Ventures

Arihant Unitech Realty Projects Limited, Entertainment City Limited(formerly known as International Recreation Parks Private Limited), MNT Buildcon Private Limited, S.B. Developers Limited, Sarvmangalam Builders & Developers Private Limited, Shivalik Ventures Private Limited, Shivalik Ventures City Developers Private Limited, Unitech LG Construction Company Limited (AOP), Adventure Island Ltd., North Town Estates Pvt Ltd., SVS Buildcon Pvt. Ltd., Unitech Valdel Valmark Pvt. Ltd., Unival Estates India LLP, Arsanovia Ltd., Kerrush Investments Ltd and Elmvale Holding Ltd.

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- 7. We did not review financial statements/financial results of 217 subsidiaries and one foreign branch included in the consolidated financial results, whose financial results reflect total revenues of Rs.24772.49 lakhs and total assets of Rs.1822060.26 lakhs, for the year ended 31st March 2020 as considered in the consolidated financial results. These financial statements/financial results have also not been audited by their respective auditors and have been provided to us by the management, and our opinion on the Statement insofar as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, is based solely on the procedures performed by us as stated in paragraph 5 above.
- 8. The consolidated financial results include financial statements/results of 1 subsidiary which has been audited by their auditors, whose financial statements reflect total revenue of Rs.34,489.75 lakhs, total net profit/(loss) after tax of Rs.743.62 lakhs, total assets of Rs.29,884.81 lakhs and total net cash flows of Rs.(-)952.49 lakhs for the year ended 31st March 2020 as considered in the consolidated financial results. These consolidated financial results also include the group's share of net profit/(loss) after tax of Rs.(-)131.71 lakhs and total comprehensive income/(loss) of Rs. Nil for the year ended 31st March 2020 in respect of 4 Associates and 16 Joint Ventures.
- 9. We draw attention to the following matters:
- We draw attention to fact that only one subsidiary viz. Unitech Power Transmission a) Limited(UPTL), out of 218 subsidiaries & 1 foreign branch, has been audited by its auditors. The Company has provided us with the audited financial statements of UPTL and the management results/financials of the remaining subsidiaries/foreign branch. Except for reviewing the financials of UPTL, no limited review of the remaining subsidiaries/foreign branch has been carried out by us, since only management results/financials have been provided to us and further, these have also not been reviewed/audited by their respective auditors. Here we would like to mention that a number of directors have resigned in a many of the subsidiaries, resulting in 153 subsidiaries having less than the minimum number of directors as required under the Companies Act 2013, and thus rendering the conducting of board meetings and adoption of accounts unfeasible. We have also observed from the MCA portal that the status of 5 subsidiaries is reflected as 'Strike-off' [these are marked with an asterisk (*) in para 6(a)]. We are unable to comment on the veracity of the unaudited/un-reviewed management results/financials provided as mentioned above, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
- b) The holding Company had received a 'cancellation of lease deed' notice from Greater Noida Industrial Development Authority ("GNIDA") dated 18 November 2015. As per the Notice,

GNIDA cancelled the lease deed in respect of Residential/Group Housing plots on account of non-implementation of the project and non-payment of various dues amounting to Rs.105483.26 lakhs. As per the notice, and as per the relevant clause of the byelaws/contractual arrangement with the Company, 25% of the total dues amounting to Rs.13893.42 lakhs were to be forfeited out of the total amount paid till date. The holding Company has incurred total expenditure of Rs.213962.69 lakhs [comprising of (i) the amounts paid for land dues and stamp duty Rs.34221.90 lakhs, (ii) the balance portions of the total amounts payable, including contractual interest accrued till 31st March 2016, of Rs.99091.90 lakhs; and (iii) other construction costs amounting to Rs. 80650.70 lakhs]. The said land is also mortgaged and the holding Company has registered such mortgage to a third party on behalf of lender for the Non-Convertible Debenture (NCD) facility extended to the Company and, due to default in repayment of these NCDs, the debenture holders have served a notice to the Company under section 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act and have also taken notional possession of this land. The holding Company had contractually entered into agreements to sell with 397 buyers and has also received advances from such buyers amounting to Rs 6682.10 lakhs (net of repayment). No contract revenue has been recognized on this project. The erstwhile management had written a letter to GNIDA dated 1st December 2015, wherein it had stated that the cancellation of the lease deed was wrong, unjust and arbitrary. Further, the said erstwhile management had also described steps taken for implementation of the project and valid business reasons due to delays till date. Further, the said erstwhile management had also proposed that in view of the fact that third party interests have been created by the holding Company in the allotted land, by allotting plots to different allottees, in the interest of such allottees, GNIDA should allow the Company to retain an area of approximately 25 acres out of the total allotted land of approximately 100 acres and that the amount paid by the Company till date be adjusted against the price of the land of 25 acres and remaining surplus amount may be adjusted towards dues of other projects of the Company under GNIDA.

GNIDA has, in the meanwhile, in terms of the Order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court dated 18.09.2018, deposited on behalf of the Company, an amount of Rs.7436.35 lakhs (Rs 6682.10 lakhs and interest @ 6% on the principal amount of Rs 6682.10 lakhs), out of the monies paid by the Company, with the registry of the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

During the year, GNIDA has adjusted Rs.9200.00 lakhs of Unitech group's liabilities towards the holding Company's other projects with GNIDA and forfeited Rs.13893.42 lakhs.

The holding Company had paid a sum of Rs.34221.90 lakhs, including Rs 4934.95 lakhs of stamp duty on the land for the said land.

The matter in respect of the land is still pending before the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad, and pending the final disposal, the Company has, subsequently, shown the amount of Rs.18339.80 lakhs as recoverable from GNIDA in its books of account. Further, the Company

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is also carrying other construction costs amounting to Rs. 80650.70 lakhs in respect of the projects to come up on the said land.

The impact on the accounts viz. inventory, projects in progress, customer advances, amount payable to or receivable from GNIDA, cannot be ascertained, since the matter is still sub-judice, as mentioned hereinabove, vis-à-vis dues of the Company, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

We had given a disclaimer of opinion on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2019 in respect of this matter.

Confirmations/reconciliations are pending in respect of amounts deposited by the Company c). with the Hon'ble Supreme Court. As per books of account an amount of Rs.45,800.63 lakhs deposited with the Hon'ble Supreme Court Registry ("Registry") is outstanding as at 31st March 2020. Certain transactions have been made from the Registry viz. payments mainly towards refunds given to some of the Company's home buyers, payments made to fixed deposit holders, payments made to ex-employees, amounts paid to the Company for meeting construction expenses, payments made to forensic auditors out of interest accrued, and amounts paid to the amicus curiae towards reimbursement of expenses. Due to non-availability of any statement of account from the Registry, these transactions have been recorded by the Company in its books of account on the basis of limited information available and the amount of Rs.45,800.63 lakhs has been accounted for under the head "Other Assets" in the consolidated financial statements. Moreover, there would be significant amount of interest income accrued on the aforesaid deposits which are not accounted for in the books due to non-availability of details. The management has requested the learned amicus curiae to provide the relevant bank statement and balance confirmations. The final reconciliation can take place only after receipt of the same. In the absence of detailed statement of transactions and confirmation of balance from the Registry, we are unable to comment on the completeness and correctness of amounts outstanding with the Registry and of the ultimate impact these transactions would have on the consolidated financial statements of the Company, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

We had given a disclaimer of opinion on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2019 in respect of this matter.

d). The holding Company has failed to repay deposits accepted by it including interest thereon in respect of the following deposits:

Particulars	Unpaid	Transferred	Principal paid	Unpaid matured
	matured	from Stale	during the	deposits (Principal
	deposits	Cheque	current year	amount) as at 31st
	(Principal	account	(Rs. lakhs)	March 2020 (Rs.
	amount) as at	(RsaLakhs)		lakhs)

	31 st March 2019 (Rs. lakhs)			
Deposits that have matured on or before March 31, 2017	53,014.17	3,722.03	(103.80)	56,632.40

The total unpaid interest as on 31st March 2020 (including interest not provided in the books) amounts to Rs. 39,190.94 lakhs (excluding transfer from stale cheque account).

Further, the holding Company has not provided for interest payable on public deposits which works out to Rs.7,080.37 lakhs for the current year ended 31st March 2020 (Cumulative upto 31st March 2020 – Rs.21,309.23 lakhs). Such un-provided interest payable has been worked out on the outstanding public deposits in the books of account, without considering the unidentified repayments made by the Hon'ble Supreme Court as mentioned in Para 9(c) above.

Pursuant to Section 74(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, the holding Company had made an application to the Hon'ble Company Law Board (CLB)(subsequently replaced by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi) seeking extension of time for repayment of the outstanding public deposits (including interest thereon) as is considered reasonable. The Company had identified and earmarked 6 (six) unencumbered land parcels for sale and utilization of the sale proceeds thereof for repayment of the aforesaid outstanding deposits. However, during the financial year 2016-17, the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi (NCLT) vide its order dated 04.07.2016 dismissed the said application. On appeal against the said order, the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi (NCLAT) vide its order dated 03.11.2016 extended the date of repayment of deposits upto 31.12.2016. Subsequently, the said appeal was also disposed off by the Hon'ble NCLAT vide its order dated 31.01.2017 without granting any further extension of time. As explained to us, the Company has made best possible efforts for sale of the land parcels earmarked for repayment of the deposits but such sale process has not yielded any results.

Considering that the erstwhile management had not been able to comply with the directions given by the Hon'ble CLB, NCLT and NCLAT to repay the deposits within prescribed time-period, the Registrar of Companies, New Delhi had filed prosecution against the holding Company and its erstwhile management before the Ld. Special Court, Dwarka District Court, New Delhi. However, the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi had stayed the sald prosecution, and had subsequently vide its order dated 22.01.2019, allowed the petitions filed by the holding Company and erstwhile management by setting aside & vacating the impugned Dwarka District court order dated 20.9.2016 with regard to summoning of the erstwhile management.

Few depositors had filed an intervention application before the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the pending bail matter of the erstwhile Managing Directors of the holding Company. Considering their application, the Hon'ble Supreme Court had, vide its order dated 30.10.2017, directed an amicus curiae to create a portal where the depositors could provide their requisite information

and, accordingly, in compliance with this direction, a portal had been created for the depositors of the Company. Accordingly, the matter relating to delay in repayment to the depositors is presently pending before the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The Hon'ble Supreme Court, out of the proceeds collected into the designated account of its Registry out of sale of land and other properties of Unitech/it's group, has made allocations of amount to be refunded to the public-deposit holders.

Subsequent to the new Board of Directors taking over the management, a resolution framework has been submitted to the Hon'ble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 2 above, for addressing the matters of home buyers, fixed deposit holders and others. At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The final quantum of liability of these cases can be ascertained only upon the final decision by the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

Besides, the impact of non-provision of interest payable on public deposits of Rs.7,080.37 lakhs for the year ended 31st March 2020 on the profit and loss, we are unable to evaluate the ultimate likelihood of penalties/ strictures or further liabilities, if any on the Company. Accordingly, impact, if any, of the indeterminate liabilities on these consolidated financial statements is currently not ascertainable, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

We had given a disclaimer of opinion on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2019 in respect of this matter.

e). Advances amounting to Rs. 45,471.90 lakhs (net of provision for doubtful advances) (previous year ended 31st March, 2019 - Rs. 57,544.17 lakhs(net of provision for doubtful advances)) are outstanding in respect of advances for purchase of land, projects pending commencement, joint ventures and collaborators which, as represented by the management, have been given in the normal course of business to land owning companies, collaborators, projects and for purchase of land. As per information made available to us and explanations given to us Rs. Nil had been recovered / Rs.15,000.00 lakhs has been provided for doubtful advances during the current year.

We are unable to ascertain whether all the remaining outstanding advances, mentioned above, are fully recoverable/adjustable, since the said outstanding balances are outstanding/remained unadjusted for a long period of time, and further, in our opinion, neither the amounts recovered nor rate of recovery of such long outstanding amounts in the previous years & year, give an indication that all of the remaining outstanding amounts may be fully recoverable; consequently, we are unable to ascertain whether all of the remaining balances as at 31st

March 2020 are fully recoverable. Accordingly, we are unable to ascertain or comment upon the impact, if any, on the loss or on the reserves or on value of asset, that may arise in case any of these remaining advances are subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

We had given a disclaimer of opinion on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2019 in respect of this matter.

f). Ihere have been delays in the payment of dues of non-convertible debentures, term loans & working capital loans (including principal, interest and/or other charges as the case may be) to the lenders of the Company who have taken action against the Company for recovery of their dues, and the total of such outstandings amount to Rs.262,408.66 lakhs. The lenders have initiated action under the SARFAESI Act to take over the respective properties provided as security to the lenders. The Company has challenged the action of the lenders before the various forums of Debt Recovery Tribunals (DRT). We are unable to determine the impact of the likely outcome of the said proceedings before the DRT on the properties given as security to the lenders, and the corresponding loans and also unable to evaluate the ultimate likelihood of penalties/ strictures or further liabilities; and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

We had given a disclaimer of opinion on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2019 in respect of this matter.

- g). No direct confirmations were received from banks in respect of balance confirmations, though we had discussed with the Company to obtain the confirmations. With regard to loans and borrowings from certain lenders, direct confirmations could not be carried out as these lenders had taken action against the Company for recovery of their dues as mentioned in para 9(f) above. The management expressed its inability to send confirmation requests in respect of trade receivables, trade and other payables, & loans & advances given. Accordingly, we are unable to ascertain or comment upon the impact, if any, on the loss or on the reserves or on the carrying amount of the asset/liability, that may arise in case any of these assets are subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery and/or any of these liabilities may increase, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.
- According to information available and explanations obtained, with respect to the holding company for the following items, wherein,
 - (i) advances given to certain companies for purchase of shares aggregating to Rs. 31,079.48 lakhs,

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- (ii) investments in shares of certain companies aggregating to Rs. 31,025.45 lakhs,
- (iii) investments in debentures of certain companies aggregating to Rs.1,512.18 lakhs,

- (iv) inter corporate deposits given to certain companies aggregating to Rs. 13,853.66 lakhs,
- (v) other advances given to/recoverable from certain companies/parties aggregating to Rs.11,103.58 lakhs, and
- (vi) security deposits given to certain parties aggregating Rs.47,531.00 lakhs,

it has been observed that these advances/deposits/investments have been standing in the books for a long period of time, there being no movements in these advances. Due to non-availability of sufficient information with regard to the status of these items, we are unable to comment (I) on the realisability/recoverability or otherwise of these advances/deposits and (II) on the decline, if any, in the carrying amount of these investments which is other than temporary, and the quantum thereof, and the ultimate impact on the financial statements, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

We draw attention the Note 'Investment Property' in the consolidated financial statements, in which the investment is carried at cost. We have been informed by the management that the carrying value of such investment is lower than the fair market value. However, in the absence of a current valuation report, the fair market value is indeterminate. Hence we are unable to express an opinion on the adjustment, if any, that would have to be made on the carrying value of such investment property, had such valuation been done, and the resultant impact on the reserves & surplus.

j). Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

The management has prepared these consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis, notwithstanding the fact that, the Company has incurred losses, and has challenges in meeting its operational obligations, servicing its current liabilities including bank loans and public deposits. The Company also has various litigation matters which are pending before different forums, and various projects of the Company have stalled/slowed down.

As mentioned earlier, subsequent to the new Board of Directors taking over the management, a Resolution Framework has been submitted to the Hon'ble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 2 above, wherein the Company has requested the Hon'ble Supreme Court to grant numerous reliefs so that the Company is able to meet its operational obligations and settle its liabilities. The Board has also submitted in the RF that on the basis of review of records and finances of Unitech group as currently available, it appears that Unitech Group has significant negative net worth and may not be able to attract a resolution/ settlement under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC). At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court.



These conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The appropriateness of assumption of going concern is critically dependent upon the Company's ability to raise finance and generate cash flows in future to meet its obligations, and also on the final decision of the Hon'ble Supreme Court on the Resolution Framework.

Considering the above, we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

- 10. We draw attention to the following other matters:
- a). The Hon'ble Supreme Court had vide its Order dated 08.09.2017 appointed an amicus curiae with directions to create a web portal where the home buyers could indicate their option of (i) refund of money they have paid to the Company/companies in the group, for purchasing residential units, or (ii) possession of house. The Hon'ble Supreme Court has started the process of giving refunds out of the amounts deposited by the Company with the court's registry and has ordered to issue partial refunds to those customers who have obtained a decree for refund from any judicial forum;

As mentioned earlier, subsequent to the new Board of Directors taking over the management, a resolution framework has been submitted to the Hon'ble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 2 above, for addressing the matters of home buyers, fixed deposit holders and others. At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The final quantum of liability of these cases can be ascertained only upon the final decision by the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

The Company, out of abundant caution, has not included the inventory of these home buyers as unsold inventory and, till the final settlement of customers claims who have opted for refund, continues to show their corresponding advances as a current liability under 'Advance received from Customers'.

- b). We draw attention that no adjustment has been considered necessary for recoverability of investment in share capital/projects aggregating to Rs. 2,824.43 lakhs (Previous year ended 31st March, 2019 Rs.2814.39 lakhs) as the matters are still sub-judice and the impact, if any is unascertainable at this stage.
- c). The Company had received an arbitral award dated 6th July 2012 passed by the London Court of International Arbitration (LCIA) wherein the arbitration tribunal has directed the Company to purchase the investment of Cruz City 1(a company owned by Lehman Bros.) in Kerrush Investment Ltd. (Mauritius) at the overall value of USD 298,382,949.34 (Previous year ended 31st March 2019- USD 298,382,949.34) equivalent to Rs.224,085.59 lakhs (Previous year ended

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31st March 2019 - Rs.206,839.06 lakhs). The High Court of Justice, Queen's Bench Division, Commercial Court London had confirmed the said award.

Further, consequent to the order passed by the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi in the case instant, the company is required to make the aforesaid investment into Kerrush Investments Ltd. (Mauritius). The decree of the aforesaid amount against the company is pending for execution.

Based on the information obtained and review procedures performed, we are unable to assess whether the underlying SRA project in Santacruz, Mumbai would be substantial to justify the carrying value of these potential investments.

- d) A forensic audit of the Company was conducted as per directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court, and the report on the forensic audit was submitted in a sealed envelope to the Hon'ble Supreme Court. We have been informed that the report on the forensic audit is not available with the Company or its Board of Directors; hence impact of observations in the forensic audit report can be ascertained only after the same is obtained.
- e) The company is carrying deferred tax asset (net) of Rs.33,996.01 lakhs in the consolidated financial statements which includes deferred tax asset (net) of Rs.24,306.11 lakhs related to the holding company. In our opinion, in view of the management's representations in the Resolution Framework, and likelihood of low profitability of taxable profits in the holding company in near future, the same should be reversed to the extent of Rs.24,306.11 related to the holding company.
- f) The Excise & Taxation Officer-cum-Assessing Authority, Gurugram(East) has raised a demand of Rs.1891.73 lakhs for Assessment Year 2016-17 in terms of Order of assessment dated 11.02.2020 under the Haryana Value Added Tax Act, 2003. No appeal has been filed by the holding Company till date and liability for the said demand has not been accounted for in the consolidated financial statements and hence the liabilities are understated to the extent of the aforesaid demand.
- g) The internal auditors appointed by the holding Company have resigned during the current financial year. Internal audit reports were not made available to us for the year.
- 11. Because of the substantive nature and significance of the matters described in paragraph 9(a) to 9(j) above, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on the Statement as to whether these consolidated financial statements:

- (i) are presented in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended; and
- (ii) give a true and fair view of the net loss, total comprehensive income and other financial information for the quarter and year ended 31st March 2020.

For R. Nagpal Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 002626N

> (CA. Ravinder Nagpal) Partner

Membership No. 081594

New Delhi

Place: Gurugram

Date: 9/11/2020

UDIN-20081594AAAAIS 2081

UNITECH LIMITED

CIN: L74899DL1971PLC009720
Regd. Office: 6, Community Centre, Saket, New Delhi 110017

Statement of Consolidated Results for the Year Ended March 31, 2020

			Quarter Ended		Year E	akhs except EP	
						31.03.2020 31.03.2019	
SI. No.	Particulars	31.03.2020	31.12.2019	31.03.2019			
		Audited	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	Audited	(Audited)	
1.	Revenue from Operations	13,771.67	78.031.69	64,214,87	171,627.22	133,746.8	
2	Other Income	1,043.84	452.46	2,124,63	4,866.68	3,357.2	
555		.,		-11-119-	,,	,	
3.	Total Income (1+2)	14,815.51	78,484_15	66,339,50	176,493.90	137,104.0	
4.	Expenses						
- 12	Job and construction expenses	3,491.27	2,028.29	2,171.23	10,204.44	16,382.3	
	Real Estate, Construction and Other Expenses	29,434.54	56,847.87	55,986.78	140,945.53	102,203	
	Changes in Inventories of finished properties, land, land development right and work in progress	2,164.12	(1,702.34)	3,301.52	(714.97)	/51.	
	Employee Benefits Expense	1,997.35	2,218.47	2,287.25	8,535.06	9,130.	
	Finance Costs	37,259.69	13,201.52	24,634.86	75,916.44	58,423.	
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	175.61	178.61	335,41	688.48	907.	
	Other expenses	38,430.65	6,829.97	15,021.20	59,797.23	25,184.	
	Total Expenses	112,953.23	79,602.39	103,738.25	295,372.21	212,982	
			44 440 040	(07.000.75)	(440.070.04)	/75.070	
5.	Profit/(Loss) from Operations before Exceptional items and Prior Period Adjustments (3-4)	(98,137.72)	(1,118.24)	(37,398.75)	(118,878.31)	(75,878.	
6.	Exceptional items	34,260.09		7,496.10	34,260.09	7,496	
7.	Profit/(Loss) from Ordinary Activities before tax (5+/-6)	(132,397.81)	(1,118.24)	(44,894.85)	(153,138.40)	(83,374	
8.	Tax Expense						
	(a) Current Tax						
	Current Year	360.44	270.58	239.15	1,196.81	842	
	Less : MAT credit entitlement		-		*	÷	
	Earlier year Tax Reversal	822.29	(7.82)	439.67	823.72	468	
	(b) Deferred Tax	373.51	(118.31)	(5,417.79)	3,027.44	(5,401.	
9.	Net Profit/(Loss) from Ordinary Activities after tax (7+/-8)	(133,954.05)	(1,262.69)	(40,155.88)	(158,186.37)	(79,284.	
10.	Extraordinary items (Net of Tax Expense)	(100,004.00)	(1,202,00)	(40,100,00)	(100,100,01)	(10,201	
11.	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (9+/-10)	(133,954.05)	(1,262.69)	(40,155.88)	(158,186.37)	(79,284.	
12.	Share of Profit/ (Loss) of associates	(22.06)	(1.88)	(71.03)	(131.71)	(64.	
13,	Minority interest	2,310.57	(387.49)	10.72	2,101.52	265.	
14.	Net Profit/(Loss) after Taxes, Minority Interest and share of Profit/(Loss) of Associates (11+/-12+/-13)	(131,665.54)	(1,652.06)	(40,216,19)	(156,216.56)	(79,083.	
15,	Profit/(Loss) from continuing operation (before tax)	(130,229.79)	(1,618.26)	(45,617.35)	(152,016.61)	(84,665	
16.	Tax Expenses of continuing operations	1,546.58	147.65	(4,985.67)	4,943.54	(4,645.	
17.	Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations after tax (15+/-16)	(131,776.37)	(1,765.91)	(40,631,68)	(156,960.15)	(80,020.	
18.	Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operation (before tax)	120.48	110.65	662.19	848.01	1,492.	
19.	Tax Expenses of discontinued operations	9.65	(3.20)	246.70	104.42	555.	
20,	Profit/(Loss) from discontinued operations after tax (18+/-19)	110.83	113.85	415.49	743.59	936.	
21.	Profit / (Loss) for the period (17+/-20)	(131,665.54)	(1,652.06)	(40,216.19)	(156,216.56)	(79,083.	
22.	Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)	129.02	(26.39)	(4,764.65)	170.63	(4,790.	
23.	Total Comprehensive Income (21+/-22)	(131,536.52)	(1,678.45)	(44,980.84)	(156,045.93)	(83,874.	
24.	Paid-up equity share capital	52,326.02	52,326.02	52,326.02	52,326.02	52,326.	
-00	(Face Value - Rs. 2 per share)	,	,	,	<i>'</i>	·	
25.	Other Equity excluding Revaluation Reserves				408,880.13	586,665	
26.	Earnings per Equity Share for continuing operations (of Rs. 2/- each) *(Not Annualised) Basic and Diluted (Rs.) Earnings per Equity Share for discontinued operations	(5.04)	(0.06)*	(1.55)*	(6.00)	(3.	
	(of Rs. 2/- each) *(Not Annualised) Basic and Diluted (Rs.) Earnings per Equity Share for continuing & discontinued operations (of Rs. 2/- each) *(Not Annualised)	0.01	0.00*	0.02*	0,03	0	
	Basic and Diluted (Rs.)	(5.03)	(0.06)*	(1.53)*	(5.97)	(3	

As certified by the C. F. O. GURUGRAM) I'II (Y. S. Malik) CMD, Unitech Limited

Unitech Limited CIN: L74899DL1971PLC009720

AUDITED SEGMENT-WISE REVENUE, RESULTS, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE QUARTER AND HALF YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2020

(Rs. in Lakh)

		CONSOLIDATED					
SI No.	Particulars		Quarter Ended		Year Ended		
	1	31.03.2020	31.12.2019	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2019	
		(Audited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	(Audited)	
1.:	Segment Revenue						
	(a) Real Estate & Related Activities	(3,964.45)	67,035.20	34,639.74	118,646.85	65,320.5	
	(b) Property Management	6,587.47	4,010.74	10,961.30	19,778.09	21,137.7	
	(c) Hospitality	649.53	831.19	559.90	2,537.61	2,495.2	
	(d) Transmission Tower	11,002.16	6,511.25	19,208.97	34,489.75	46,755.8	
	(e) Investment & Other Activities	-	8.01	(17.02)	8.01	8	
	Total	14,274.71	78,396.39	65,352.90	175,460.32	135,709.4	
	Less: Inter Segment Revenue			:=:	š. e s		
	Net External Revenue	14,274.71	78,396.39	65,352.90	175,460.32	135,709.4	
2,	Segment Result		/		¥		
100	(Profit/(Loss) Before tax & Finance Cost)	1					
	(a) Real Estate & Related Activities	(57,808.30)	10,828.61	(14,515.89)	(44,149.17)	(23,318.5	
	(b) Property Management	(3,862.88)	708.83	449.09	(1,316.32)	2,677.0	
	(c) Hospitality	16.60	150.22	(171.41)	(9.94)	(207.9	
	(d) Transmission Tower	366.33	300.90	633.88	1,608.53	2,130.3	
	(e) Investment Activities	(130.57)	6.96	(146,16)	(128.56)	(130.3	
	(f) Others	(100.07)	0.00	(140,10)	(120.00)	(100.0	
	(g) Unallocable Income / (Expense)	540.80	87.76	986.60	1,033.58	1,394.6	
	Total	(60,878.03)	12,083.28	(12,763.89)	(42,961.87)	(17,454.8	
	Less:						
	(i) Finance Cost	37,259.69	13,201.51	24,634.87	75,916.44	58,423.6	
1	(ii) Prior Period Adjustment	7=	<u> </u>	:41	35	¥	
	(iii) Extraordinary Loss	34,260.09	-	7,496.10	34,260.09	7,496.1	
	Profit /(Loss) before Tax	(132,397.81)	(1,118.24)	(44,894.86)	(153,138.40)	(83,374.5	
3.	Segment Assets						
٠,	(a) Real Estate & Related Activities	2,471,612.81	2,633,747.93	2,578,172.27	2,471,612.81	2,578,172.2	
	(b) Property Management	34,186.82	41,094.79	49,760.28	34,186.82	49,760.28	
	(c) Hospitality	16,207.60	16,631.30	16,531.96	16,207.60	16,531.96	
	(d) Transmission Tower	29,884.86	29,726.87	32,211.01	29,884.86	32,211.0	
	(e) Investment Activities	35,794.16	35,795.17	36,783.44	35,794.16	36,783.44	
	(f) Unallocable	55,101110	32	20,700.11	30,101110	75	
t	Total	2,587,686.25	2,756,996.06	2,713,458.96	2,587,686.25	2,713,458.96	
4	Segment Liabilities						
	(a) Real Estate & Related Activities	2,035,946.43	2,064,253.48	1,985,439.58	2,035,946.43	1,985,439.58	
	(b) Property Management	34,239.26	33,985.26	42,792.51	34,239.26	42,792.5	
	(c) Hospitality	27,405.19	27,104.63	26,955.39	27,405.19	26,955.39	
	(d) Transmission Tower	19,446.88	19,439.80	22,422.43	19,446.88	22,422.4	
	(e) Investment Activities	3,576.33	3,446.77	3,672.09	3,576.33	3,672.09	
	(f) Unallocable	⊕	:	=,=.2.55	300	1,5. 2.6	
r	Total	2,120,614.09	2,148,229.93	2,081,282.00	2,120,614.09	2,081,282.00	

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As certified by the C. F. O.

MD, Unitech Limited

Unitech Limited

CIN: L74899DL1971PLC009720

Regd. Office: 6, Community Centre, Saket, New Delhi 110017

Consolidated Statement of Assets & Liabilities

(Rs. in Lakhs)

			(Rs. in Lakhs)
Sr.No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Α	ASSETS		
1	Non Current assets		
	Property ,Plant and Equipment	7,381.52	7,441.86
	Capital Work in Progress	19,342.97	18,506.78
	Investment property	1,219.29	1,238.81
	Other Intangible Assets	12.67	13.02
	Goodwill	40,259.54	74,144.50
2	Financial Assets	10,20010	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
-	(i)Investments	204,219.83	200,031.86
	(ii)Loans	2,805.45	5,212.65
	(iii) Others	2,109.25	1,933.05
		33,996.01	36,911.27
	Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	206.26	218.47
	Other non current Assets		
	9	311,552.79	345,652.27
3	Current Assets		
	Inventories	284,211.07	296,679.35
4	Financial Assets		
	(i) Investments	104.71	27.60
	(ii) Trade Receivable	66,337.41	107,631.33
	(iii)Cash and Cash equivalents	7,683.01	6,057.32
	(iv) Bank balance other than (iii) above	1,364.62	5,986.40
	(v) Loans	8,524.25	18,642.72
	(vi) others	79,178.50	31,938.12
	Current Tax assets (Net)	3,004.64	15,472.82
	Other Current Assets	1,795,840.39	1,853,160.04
	outer current/issets	2,246,248.60	2,335,595.70
		2,240,240.00	2,555,555,75
	NON-CURRENT ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE	29,884.86	32,211.01
		2,587,686.25	2,713,458.98
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,]
В	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
1	The state of the s		
•	Equity	ra 220 02	52,326.02
	Equity Share Capital	52,326.02	· ·
	Other Equity	408,880.13	571,665.70
		461,206.15	623,991.72
			0.405.37
025	Minority Interest	5,866.01	8,185.27
2	Non Current Liabilities		
	Financial Liabilities		
	(I) Borrowings	111,554.77	180,153.35
	(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	530.49	2,130.64
	Provisions	1,579 52	1,637.32
	Other non current Liabilities	7,535.79	6,858.12
		121,200.57	190,779.43
3	Current Liabilities		
	Financial Liabilities		
	(i)Borrowings	100,655.10	47,082.26
	(ii) Trade payables	114,337.12	103,451.09
	(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	740,709.04	619,995.88
	Other Current Liabilities	1,014,483.76	1,097,042.97
	Current tax liabilities (Net)	9,543.69	-
	Provisions	237.93	507.93
		1,979,966.64	1,868,080.13
	LIABILITIES DIRECTLY ASSOCIATED WITH ASSETS IN DISPOSAL GROUP		
	CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE	19,446.88	22,422.43
	1 20 10000	A	
	Total	2,587,686.25	ed by the 2,713,458.98
	Z GURUGRAN	J to the second	1100
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Note: Previous year figure(s) have been regrouped wherever considered necessary.

(Y. S. Malik) CMD, Unitech Limited

(R In Lakhs)

		(R In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Cash flow from operating activities		
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(153,138.39)	(83,374.56)
Adjustments for		
Interest income	(3,000.93)	(476.38)
Interest on income tax refund	(707.75)	(1,394.61)
Dividend income	(8.01)	(290.01)
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	*	(57.79)
(Profit) / loss on disposal of tangible PPEs - net	(7.54)	(4,779.81)
Liabilities written back	(100.41)	(6.04)
Finance Costs including IND AS adjustment	71,631.34	58,423.64
Depreciation and amortization expenses	688.48	624.52
Bad debts/advances written off	a l	55.70
Provision against Doubtful Debts/Advances	15,000.00	15,249.70
Impairment of Intangible Assets	-	283.24
Impairment of Goodwill	34,260.09	7,496.10
Operating loss before working capital changes	(35,383.14)	(8,246.29)
Adjustments for:		
Trade Payables, Financial & Other Liabilities	(96,293.41)	90,709.14
Loans & Advances & Other Assets	53,744.76	(85,524.97)
Inventories	12,468.30	2,640.97
Trade and other receivables	41,293.92	4,287.23
Cash generated/(used) from/in operations	(24,169.58)	3,866.08
Income taxes (paid) / refund - (net)	11,259.83	(8,065.66)
Net cash flow from operating activities (A)	(12,909.75)	(4,199.58)
Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of PPEs including capital work in progress	(877.43)	103.83
Sale of PPEs	4.72	11,698.11
Purchase/Sale of investments (net)	(4,265.07)	464.44
(Investments in)/redemption of bank deposits (having maturity of more than three months)-net	Ę	(4,828.65)
Interest received	2,951.63	649.94
Dividend received	8.01	290.01
Net cash flow from investing activities (B)	(2,178.14)	8,377.68
Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from long term borrowings	1,937.00	13,109.35
Repayment from long term borrowings	(2,885.89)	(8,283.53)
Proceeds from short term borrowings	8 8	78:
Repayment from short term borrowings	(747.04)	(8.02)
Proceeds from reinstatement of borrowing	24,696.88	2€:
Repayment of Public deposits	(123.96)	(140.16)
Finance Costs paid	(6,163.40)	(6,705.09)
Net cash flow from financing activities (C)	16,713.58	(2,027.44)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	1,625.69	2,150.66
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	6,057.33	3,906.67
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year	7,683.02	6,057.33
	As ceruit	ied by the C. F. C

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(Y. S. Malik) CMD, Unitech Limited

Unitech Limited

Consolidated Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March 2020

(R In Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
Components of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash on hand	34.73	44.84
Cheques, drafts on hand	=	5.50
Balances with banks		
on current accounts	6,767.14	5,618.58
In Current Account in Foreign Currency *	4.44	22.30
Term Deposits with Maturity for 3 months or less from the reporting date	876.71	366.10
Total cash and cash equivalents	7,683.02	6,057.33
* Including halance with Wahda Bank, I libya which is having repatriation restriction		

Notes:

- (i) The cash flow statement has been prepared under the Indirect Method as set out in IND AS-7 Cash Flow Statements.
- (ii) Amounts in brackets represent a cash outflow or a loss.
- (iii) Previous year figures have been re-grouped/re-arranged wherever considered necessary.



As certified by the C. F. O.

(Y. S. Malik) CMD, Unitech Limited

Notes:

Ţ	The above Financial Results (prepared on consolidated basis) have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and
105	approved by the Board of Directors of Unitech Limited at their respective meetings held on 9th November 2020.
	The Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 20th January 2020 has, inter alia, given directions that the Board of Directors of Unitech Limited, as existing on that date, be superseded with immediate effect in order to facilitate the taking over of management by the new Board of Directors constituted in terms of the proposal submitted by the Union Government of India. References have been made hereunder to the Resolution Framework (RF) for Unitech group which has been prepared under the directions of the Board of Directors of Unitech Limited appointed by the Central Government pursuant to the afore-said order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court and approved by the Board of Directors in their Meeting held on June 17, 2020.
Ш	The company is primarily in the business of real estate development and related activities including construction, consultancy and rontals otc. The Company has interest in the business of property management, hospitality, transmission tower and investment activity. Further most of the business conducted is within the geographical boundaries of India. Accordingly, the company's business activities primarily represent a single business segment and the company's operations in India represent a single geographical segment.
IV	The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") from April 01, 2016 as prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 read with the relevant rules issued there under and the other accounting principles generally accepted in India. Financial results for all the periods presented herein have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles as stated therein the application IND AS.
٧	Effective April 1, 2019, the Company adopted Ind AS 116 'Leases' using the modified retrospective method and there is no significant impact on the Financial results.
	Lessee: The Company has elected not to recognise a lease liability and a right-of-use asset for leases for which the lease term ends within twelve months of April 1, 2019 and has accounted for these leases as short-term leases. The lease payment associated with these lease are recognized as an expenses on a straight line basis over the lease term.
	Lessor: Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The title to the assets and the significant risks associated with the operation and maintenance of these assets remains with the Company, such arrangements are recognised as operating lease.
a)	The limited review report of the statutory auditors on the unaudited Consolidated financial results of Unitech Limited for the quarter and year ended March 31st, 2020, contains disclaimer of conclusions on certain matters which is being summarised below:-
	We draw attention to fact that only one subsidiary viz. Unitech Power Transmission Limited(UPTL), out of 218 subsidiaries & 1 foreign branch, has been audited by its auditors.
	The Company has provided us with the audited financial statements of UPTL and the management results/financials of the remaining subsidiaries/foreign branch. Except for reviewing the financials of UPTL, no limited review of the remaining subsidiaries/foreign branch has been carried out by us, since only management results/financials have been provided to us and further, these have also not been reviewed/audited by their respective auditors. Here we would like to mention that a number of directors have resigned in a many of the subsidiaries, resulting in 153 subsidiaries having less than the minimum number of directors as required under the Companies Λ ct 2013, and thus rendering the conducting of board meetings and adoption of accounts unfeasible. We have also observed from the MCA portal that the status of 5 subsidiaries is reflected as 'Strike-oft'[these are marked with an asterisk (*) in para 6(a)]. We are unable to comment on the veracity of the unaudited/un-reviewed management results/financials provided as mentioned above, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
	The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-
	The audit of the required number of companies could not be completed for the reasons beyond the control of the management
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As certified by the C. F. O.

(Y. S. Malik)

CMD Unitech Limited

The holding Company had received a 'cancellation of lease deed' notice from Greater Noida Industrial Development Authority ("GNIDA") dated 18 November 2015. As per the Notice, GNIDA cancelled the lease deed in respect of Residential/Group Housing plots on account of non-implementation of the project and non-payment of various dues amounting to Rs.105483.26 lakhs. As per the notice, and as per the relevant clause of the byelaws/contractual arrangement with the Company, 25% of the total dues amounting to Rs.13893.42 lakhs were to be forfeited out of the total amount paid till date. The holding Company has incurred total expenditure of Rs.213962.69 lakhs [comprising of (i) the amounts paid for land dues and stamp duty Rs.34221.90 lakhs, (ii) the balance portions of the total amounts payable, including contractual interest accrued till 31st March 2016, of Rs.99091.90 lakhs; and (iii) other construction costs amounting to Rs. 80650.70 lakhs]. The said land is also mortgaged and the holding Company has registered such mortgage to a third party on behalf of lender for the Non-Convertible Debenture (NCD) facility extended to the Company and, due to default in repayment of these NCDs, the debenture holders have served a notice to the Company under section 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act and have also taken notional possession of this land. The holding Company had contractually entered into agreements to sell with 397 buyers and has also received advances from such buyers amounting to Rs 6682.10lakhs (net of repayment). No contract revenue has been recognized on this project. The erstwhile management had written a letter to GNIDA dated 1stDecember 2015, wherein it had stated that the cancellation of the lease deed was wrong, unjust and arbitrary. Further, the said erstwhile management had also described steps taken for implementation of the project and valid business reasons due to delays till date. Further, the said erstwhile management had also proposed that in view of the fact that third party interests have been created by the holding Company in the allotted land, by allotting plots to different allottees, in the interest of such allottees, GNIDA should allow the Company to retain an area of approximately 25 acres out of the total allotted land of approximately 100 acres and that the amount paid by the Company till date be adjusted against the price of the land of 25 acres and remaining surplus amount may be adjusted towards dues of other projects of the Company under GNIDA.

GNIDA has, in the meanwhile, in terms of the Order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court dated 18.09.2018, deposited on behalf of the Company, an amount of Rs.7436.35 lakhs (Rs 6682.10 lakhs and interest @ 6% on the principal amount of Rs 6682.10 lakhs), out of the monies paid by the Company, with the registry of the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

During the year, GNIDA has adjusted Rs.9200.00 lakhs of Unitech group's liabilities towards the holding Company's other projects with GNIDA and forfeited Rs.13893.42 lakhs.

The holding Company had paid a sum of Rs.34221.90 lakhs, including Rs 4934.95 lakhs of stamp duty on the land for the said land.

The matter in respect of the land is still pending before the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad, and pending the final disposal, the Company has, subsequently, shown the amount of Rs.18339.80 lakhs as recoverable from GNIDA in its books of account. Further, the Company is also carrying other construction costs amounting to Rs. 80650.70 lakhs in respect of the projects to come up on the said land.

The impact on the accounts viz. inventory, projects in progress, customer advances, amount payable to or receivable from GNIDA, cannot be ascertained, since the matter is still sub-judice, as mentioned hereinabove, visà-vis dues of the Company, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The Management is hopeful that its stand shall be vindicated in the court of law and there shall be no adverse impact, other than the ones already disclosed shall be there as such.

c) Confirmations/reconciliations are pending in respect of amounts deposited by the Company with the Hon'ble Supreme Court. As per books of account an amount of Rs.45,800.63lakhs deposited with the Hon'ble Supreme Court Registry ("Registry") is outstanding as at 31st March 2020. Certain transactions have been made from the Registry viz. payments mainly towards refunds given to some of the Company's home buyers, payments made to fixed deposit holders, payments made to ex-employees, amounts paid to the Company for meeting construction expenses, payments made to forensic auditors out of interest accrued, and amounts paid to the amicus curiae

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towards reimbursement of expenses. Due to non-availability of any statement of account from the Registry, these transactions have been recorded by the Company in its books of account on the basis of limited information available and the amount of Rs.45,800.63 lakhs has been accounted for under the head "Other Assets" in the consolidated financial statements. Moreover, there would be significant amount of interest income accrued on the aforesaid deposits which are not accounted for in the books due to non-availability of details. The management has requested the learned amicus curiae to provide the relevant bank statement and balance confirmations. The final reconciliation can take place only after receipt of the same. In the absence of detailed statement of transactions and confirmation of balance from the Registry, we are unable to comment on the completeness and correctness of amounts outstanding with the Registry and of the ultimate impact these transactions would have on the consolidated financial statements of the Company, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

It's a matter of reconciliation with the Registry of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The company is trying to have better information and there shall be no adjustment required in the statement of Profit & Loss.

d) The holding Company has failed to repay deposits accepted by it including interest thereon in respect of the following deposits:

depositor								
Particulars	Unpaid matured	Transferred	Principal paid	Unpaid matured				
	deposits	from Stale	during the	deposits (Principal				
ľ	(Principal	Cheque	current year	amount) as at				
	amount) as at	account	(Rs. lakhs)	31stMarch 2020				
	31 st March	(Rs. Lakhs)		(Rs. lakhs)				
1	2019 (Rs.							
	lakhs)							
Deposits that have								
matured on or before								
March 31, 2017	53,014.17	3,722.03	(103.80)	56,632.40				

The total unpaid interest as on 31stMarch 2020 (including interest not provided in the books) amounts to Rs. 39,190.94lakhs (excluding transfer from stale cheque account).

Further, the holding Company has not provided for interest payable on public deposits which works out to Rs.7,080.37 lakhs for the current year ended 31stMarch 2020 (Cumulative upto31stMarch2020 - Rs.21,309.23 lakhs). Such un-provided interest payable has been worked out on the outstanding public deposits in the books of account, without considering the unidentified repayments made by the Hon'ble Supreme Court as mentioned in Para 9(b) above.

Pursuant to Section 74(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, the holding Company had made an application to the Hon'ble Company Law Board (CLB)(subsequently replaced by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi) seeking extension of time for repayment of the outstanding public deposits (including interest thereon) as is considered reasonable. The Company had identified and earmarked 6 (six) unencumbered land parcels for sale and utilization of the sale proceeds thereof for repayment of the aforesaid outstanding deposits. However, during the financial year 2016-17, the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi (NCLT) vide its order dated 04.07.2016 dismissed the said application. On appeal against the said order, the Hon'ble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi (NCLAT) vide its order dated 03.11.2016 extended the date of repayment of deposits upto 31.12.2016. Subsequently, the said appeal was also disposed off by the Hon'ble NCLAT vide its order dated 31.01.2017 without granting any further extension of time. As explained to us, the Company has made best possible efforts for sale of the land parcels earmarked for repayment of the deposits but such sale process has not yielded any results.

Considering that the erstwhile management had not been able to comply with the directions given by the Hon'ble CLB, NCLT and NCLAT to repay the deposits within prescribed time-period, the Registrar of Companies, New Delhi had filed prosecution against the holding Company and its erstwhile management before the Ld. Special Court, Dwarka District Court, New Delhi. However, the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi had stayed the said prosecution, and had subsequently vide its order dated 22.01.2019, allowed the petitions filed by the holding Company and erstwhile management by setting aside & vacating the impugned Dwarka District court order dated

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As certified by the C. F. O.

(Y. S. Malik) MD, Unitech Limited 20.9.2016 with regard to summoning of the erstwhile management.

Few depositors had filed an intervention application before the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the pending bail matter of the erstwhile Managing Directors of the holding Company. Considering their application, the Hon'ble Supreme Court had, vide its order dated 30.10.2017, directed an amicus curiae to create a portal where the depositors could provide their requisite information and, accordingly, in compliance with this direction, a portal had been created for the depositors of the Company. Accordingly, the matter relating to delay in repayment to the depositors is presently pending before the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The Hon'ble Supreme Court, out of the proceeds collected into the designated account of its Registry out of sale of land and other properties of Unitech/it's group, has made allocations of amount to be refunded to the public-deposit holders.

Subsequent to the new Board of Directors taking over the management, a resolution framework has been submitted to the Hon'ble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 5 above, for addressing the matters of home buyers, fixed deposit holders and others. At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The final quantum of liability of these cases can be ascertained only upon the final decision by the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

Besides, the impact of non-provision of interest payable on public deposits of Rs.7,080.37lakhsfor the year ended 31st March 2020 on the profit and loss, we are unable to evaluate the ultimate likelihood of penalties/ strictures or further liabilities, if any on the Company. Accordingly, impact, if any, of the indeterminate liabilities on these audited consolidated financial statements is currently not ascertainable, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The Public Deposits are due to be paid but due to liquidity situation could not be paid. As rightly stated by the auditors the matter of Depositors has been referred in the Resolution Framework and the Company shall abide the decision of the Hon'ble Court in this regard

e) Advances amounting to Rs. 45,471.90lakhs (net of provision for doubtful advances) (previous year ended 31st March, 2019 - Rs. 57,544.17lakhs(net of provision for doubtful advances)) are outstanding in respect of advances for purchase of land, projects pending commencement, joint ventures and collaborators which, as represented by the management, have been given in the normal course of business to land owning companies, collaborators, projects and for purchase of land. As per information made available to us and explanations given to us Rs. Nil had been recovered / Rs.15,000.00lakhs has been providedfor doubtful advances during the current year.

We are unable to accertain whether all the remaining outstanding advances, mentioned above, are fully recoverable/adjustable, since the said outstanding balances are outstanding/remained unadjusted for a long period of time, and further, in our opinion, neither the amounts recovered nor rate of recovery of such long outstanding amounts in the previous years & year, give an indication that all of the remaining outstanding amounts may be fully recoverable; consequently, we are unable to ascertain whether all of the remaining balances as at 31st March 2020 are fully recoverable. Accordingly, we are unable to ascertain or comment upon the impact, if any, on the loss or on the reserves or on value of asset, that may arise in case any of these remaining advances are subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

Advances for the purchase of land, projects pending commencement and to joint ventures and collaborators have been stated to have been given in the normal course of business to land owning companies, collaborators, projects and for purchase of land. The new management in pursuit to identify and recover the advances made by the earlier management has sought the co-operation from the erstwhile chairman and managing directors. The response of the erstwhile chairman and managing directors is awaited and till then it would not be prudent on the part of the new management to diminish the value of these advances.

f) There have been delays in the payment of dues of non-convertible debentures, term loans & working capital loans (including principal, interest and/or other charges as the case may be) to the lenders of the Company who have

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As certified by the C. F. O.

(Y. S. Malik)

CMD, Unitech Limited

taken action against the Company for recovery of their dues, and the total of such outstandings amount to Rs.262,408.66 lakhs. The lenders have initiated action under the SARFAESI Act to take over the respective properties provided as security to the lenders. The Company has challenged the action of the lenders before the various forums of Debt Recovery Tribunals (DRT). We are unable to determine the impact of the likely outcome of the said proceedings before the DRT on the properties given as security to the lenders, and the corresponding loans and also unable to evaluate the ultimate likelihood of penalties/ strictures or further liabilities; and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The amount as has been stated, has already been provided in the books of accounts and payment/recovery of dues by the lenders shall not affect the statement of Profit & Loss. The matter has already been referred in the resolution framework and the final payment for principal and/or interest shall be made in accordance with the decisions of the Hon'blo Supromo Court in this regard

No direct confirmations were received from banks in respect of balance confirmations, though we had discussed with the Company to obtain the confirmations. With regard to loans and borrowings from certain lenders, direct confirmations could not be carried out as these lenders had taken action against the Company for recovery of their dues as mentioned in para 9(f) above. The management expressed its inability to send confirmation requests in respect of trade receivables, trade and other payables, & loans & advances given. Accordingly, we are unable to ascertain or comment upon the impact, if any, on the loss or on the reserves or on the carrying amount of the asset/liability, that may arise in case any of these assets are subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery and/or any of these liabilities may increase, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The matters are various stages of litigation at appropriate forum. Pending the litigation, the lenders have not cooperated to share their statement and in the absence of such loan statements, the figures pertaining to outstanding principal and interest have been drawn as per the terms of loan agreement and the payment made by the Company

- h) According to information available and explanations obtained, with respect to the holding company for the following items, wherein,
 - (i) advances given to certain companies for purchase of shares aggregating to Rs. 31,079.48 lakhs,
 - (ii) investments in shares of certain companies aggregating to Rs. 31,025.45 lakhs,
 - (iii) investments in debentures of certain companies aggregating to Rs.1,512.18 lakhs,
 - (iv) inter corporate deposits given to certain companies aggregating to Rs. 13,853.66 lakhs,
 - (v) other advances given to/recoverable from certain companies/parties aggregating to Rs.11,103.58 lakhs, and
 - (vi) security deposits given to certain parties aggregating Rs.47,531.00 lakhs,
 - it has been observed that these advances/deposits/investments have been standing in the books for a long period of time, there being no movements in these advances. Due to non-availability of sufficient information with regard to the status of these items, we are unable to comment (I) on the realisability/recoverability or otherwise of these advances/deposits and (ii) on the decline, if any, in the carrying amount of these investments which is other than temporary, and the quantum thereof, and the ultimate impact on the financial statements, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following.

The Hon'ble Supreme Court vide its order dated 20th January 2020 replaced the then board of directors of the company and replaced it with the current board of directors (hereinafter called the new management). The new management in pursuit to identify and recover the investments and advances made by the carlier management has sought the co-operation from the erstwhile chairman and managing directors. The response of the erstwhile chairman and managing directors is awaited and till then it would not be prudent on the part of the new management to diminish the value of these investments and advances.

i) We draw attention to Note no.4 'Investment Property' to the consolidated financial statements, in which the

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As certified by the C. F. O.

(Y. S. Malik)

CMD, Unitech Limited

investment is carried at cost. We have been informed by the management that the carrying value of such investment is lower than the fair market value. However, in the absence of a current valuation report, the fair market value is indeterminate. Hence we are unable to express an opinion on the adjustment, if any, that would have to be made on the carrying value of such investment property, had such valuation been done, and the resultant impact on the reserves & surplus.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The rental value is indicative that the fair value of the property would be more than the stated value. The Company could not carry the fair valuation this year. The fair valuation exercise would not have any negative impact on the financial position of the Company.

j) Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

The management has prepared these consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis, notwithstanding the fact that, the Company has incurred looses, and has shallenges in meeting its operational obligations, servicing its current liabilities including bank loans and public deposits. The Company also has various litigation matters which are pending before different forums, and various projects of the Company have stalled/slowed down.

As mentioned earlier, subsequent to the new Board of Directors taking over the management, a Resolution Framework has been submitted to the Hon'ble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 2 above, wherein the Company has requested the Hon'ble Supreme Court to grant numerous reliefs so that the Company is able to meet its operational obligations and settle its liabilities. The Board has also submitted in the RF that on the basis of review of records and finances of Unitech group as currently available, it appears that Unitech Group has significant negative net worth and may not be able to attract a resolution/ settlement under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC). At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

These conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The appropriateness of assumption of going concern is critically dependent upon the Company's ability to raise finance and generate cash flows in future to meet its obligations, and also on the final decision of the Hon'ble Supreme Court on the Resolution Framework.

Considering the above, we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

The management, in response of the above qualification, states the following:-

The management has already stated its position in the resolution framework of the Company

VI The figures of previous year have been re-grouped/re-arranged wherever considered necessary for the purpose of comparison.

Place: Gurugram

Dated: 9th November 2020

For Unitech Limited

As certified by the C. F. O.

Yudhvir Singh Malik
Chairman & Managing Director

an & Managing Director / (Y. S. Malik)

CMD, Unitech Limited

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ANNEXURE I

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications (for audit report with modified opinion) submitted along-with Annual Audited Consolidated Financial Results

Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2020

[See Regulation 33 of the SFBI (LOPR) Regulations, 2015]

		reported perore adjusting	figures after adjusting for qualifications)
Ģ.	Particulars	for qualifications)	500
		Rs. In Lakhs	Rs. in Lakhs
	1 Turnover / Total income	176,493.90	176,493,90
	2 Total Expenditure	295,372.21	381,103,58
	3 Exceptional items	34,260.09	34,260.09
	4 Total lax expenses	5,047.97	5,047.97
	5 Net Profit/(Loss)	(158,186.37)	(243,917.74)
	6 Earnings Per Share		
	Basic	(4.72)	(9,32)
	Diluted	(4.72)	(9.32)
	7 Total Assets	2,587,686 25	2,535,133,98
	8 Total Liabilities	2,126,480 10	2,159,659 20
	9 Net Worth	461,206.15	375,474.78

2 Audit Qualification:

Matter 1

1 St. No.

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

We draw attention to fact that only one subsidiary viz. Unitech Power Transmission Limited(UPTL), out of 218 subsidiaries & 1 foreign branch, has been audited by its auditors. The Company has provided us with the audited financial statements of UPTL and the management results/financials of the remaining subsidiaries/foreign branch. Except for reviewing the financials of UPTL, no limited review of the remaining subsidiaries/foreign branch has been carried out by us, since only management results/financials have been provided to us and further, these have also not been reviewee/daudited by their respective auditors. Here we would like to mention that a number of directors have resigned in a many of the subsidiaries, resulting in 153 subsidiaries having less than the minimum number of directors as required under the Companies Act 2013, and thus rendering the conducting of board meetings and adoption of accounts unfleasible. We have also observed from the MCA portal that the status of 5 subsidiaries is reflected as Static-order (these are marked with an asterisk (") in para 6(a)), We are unable to comment on the veracity of the unauditedfur-reviewed management results/financials provided as mentioned above, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

2 Type of Audit Qualification:

3 Frequency of qualification:

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views

Disclaimer of Opinior

Adjusted Figures (audited

5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:

(i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification:

to Any other financial item(s) (as felt appropriate by the management)

- (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:

(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

Matter 2

1 Details of Audit Qualification

The holding Company had received a 'cancellation of lease deed' notice from Greater Noida Industrial Development Authority ('GNIDA') dated 18 November 2015. As per the Notice, GNIDA cancelled the lease deed in respect of Residential/Group Housing plots on account of non-implementation of the project and non-payment of various dues amounting to Rs.10548326 lakhs. As per the notice, and as per the relevant clause of the byel-aws/contractual arrangement with the Company, 25% of the lotal dues amounting to Rs.13893.42 lakhs were to be forfeited out of the total amount paid till date. The holding Company has incurred total expenditure of Rs.213962.69 lakhs [comprising of (i) the amounts paid for land dues and stamp duty Rs.34221.90 lakhs, (ii) the balance portions of the total amounts payable, including contractual interest accrued till 31st March 2016, of Rs.99091.90 lakhs; and (iii) other construction costs amounting to Rs. 80650.70 lakhs]. The said land is also mortgaged and the holding Company has registered such mortgage to a third party on behalf of lender for the Non-Convertible Debenture (NCD) facility extended to the Company and, due to default in repayment of these NCDs, the debenture holders have served a notice to the Company under section 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act and have also taken notional possession of this land, The holding Company had contractually entered into agreements to sell with 397 buyers and has also received advances from such buyers amounting to Rs 6682.10 lakhs (finet of repayment). No contract revenue has been recognized on this project. The erstwhile management had written a letter to GNIDA dated 1st December 2015, wherein it had stated that the cancellation of the lease deed was wrong, unjust and arbitrary. Further, the said erstwhile management had also described sleps taken for implementation of the project and valid business reasons due to delays lill date. Further, the said erstwhile management had also described sleps taken for implementation of the project and valid business re

The holding Company had paid a sum of Rs 34221,90 lakhs, including Rs 4934,95 lakhs of stamp duty on the land for the said land.

The malter in respect of the land is still pending before the Hon'ble High Court of Allahabad, and pending the final disposal, the Company has, subsequently, shown the amount of Re. 18398.80 lakhs as recoverable from CNIDA in its books of account. Further, the Company is also carrying other construction costs amounting to Rs. 80650.70 lakhs in respect of the projects to come up on the said land.

(Rs 6692 10 lakhs and interest @ 6% on the principal amount of Rs 6692.10 lakhs), out of the monies paid by the Company, with the registry of the Hon'ble Supreme Court.
During the year, GNIDA has adjusted Rs 9200.00 lakhs of United Brownia the holding Company's other projects with (1011) and indefend Hs 1'444'4 4'4

The impact on the accounts viz. inventory, projects in progress, customer advances, amount payable to or receivable from GNIDA, cannot be ascertained, since the matter is still sub-judice, as mentioned hereinabove, vis-à-vis dues of the Company, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

Type of Audit Qualification:
 Frequency of qualification:

lakhs

Disclaimer of Opinion

2nd time Disclaimed

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views

5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor

(i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification:
 (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:

The Management is hopwful that its stand shall be vindicted in the court of law and there shall be no adverse impact as such

(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

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Matter

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

Confirmations/reconcillations are pending in respect of amounts deposited by the Company with the Hon'ble Supreme Court. As per books of account an amount of Rs. 45,800.63 lakhs deposited with the Hon'ble Supreme Court Registry (*Registry') is outstanding as at 31st March 2020. Certain transactions have been made from the Registry viz. payments mainly towards refunds given to some of the Company's home buyers, payments made to fixed deposit holders, payments made to exemployees; amounts paid to the Company for meeting construction expenses. Payments made to fixed deposit holders, payments made to exemployees; amounts paid to the Company for meeting construction expenses. Due to non-availability of any statement of expenses. Due to non-availability of expenses of the following the fol

2 Type of Audit Qualification:

3 Frequency of qualification

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views

Disclaimer of Opinion 2nd time Disclaimed

5. For Audit Cualification(r) where the impact is not quantified by the suditon

- (I) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification.
- (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:

It's a matter of reconcilitation with the Registry of the Hon'ble Supreme Court and there shall be no adjustment required in the statement of Profit & Loss

(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

Matter 4

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

The holding Company has failed to repay deposits accepted by it including

Particulars	(Principal amount) as at 31 st		current year (Rs. lakhs)	Unpaid malured deposits (Principal amount) as at 31 st March2020(Rs lakhs)
Deposits that have matured on or before March 31, 2017	53,014_17	3,722.03	-103.8	56,632,40

The total unpaid interest as on 31st March 2020 (including interest not provided in the books) amounts to Rs, 39, 190,94 takks (excluding transfer from state cheque account).

Further, the holding Company has not provided for interest payable on public deposits which works out to Rs.7,080.37 lakhs for the current year ended 31st March 2020 (Cumulative upto 31st March 2020 – Rs.21,309.23 lakhs). Such un-provided interest payable has been worked out on the outstanding public deposits in the books of account, without considering the unidentified repayments made by the Hon'ble Supreme Court as mentioned in Para 9(c) above.

Pursuant to Section 74(2) of the Companies Act, 2013, the holding Company had made an application to the Honble Company Law Board (CLB)(subsequently replaced by the Honble Notional Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi) seeking extension of time for repayment of the outstanding public deposits (including interest thereon) as is considered reasonable. The Company had identified and earnafxed 6 (six) unencumbered land parcels for sale and utilization of the sale proceeds thereof for repayment of the aforesaid outstanding deposits. However, during the financiary layer 2016 177, the Honble National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi (NCLT) vide its order dated 04.07.2016 dismissed the said application. On appeal against the said order, the Honble National Company Law Appellate Tribunal, New Delhi (NCLAT) vide its order dated 03.11.0216 extended the date of repayment of deposits upto 31.12.2016. Subsequently, the said appeal was also disposed off by the Honble NCLAT vide its order dated 31.01.2017 without granting any further extension of time. As explained to us, the Company has made best pussible efforts for sale of the fand parcels earnafied for repayment of the deposits but such sale process has not yielded any results.

Considering that the erstwhile management had not been able to comply with the directions given by the Horbte CLB, NCLT and NCLAT to repay the deposits within prescribed time-period, the Registrar of Companies, New Delhi had filed proceeding organization against the holding Company and its erstwhile management before the LU. Special Court, Dwarks District Court, New Delhi, However, the Horbte High Court of Delhi had stayed the said prosecution, and had subsequently vide its order dated 22.01.2019, allowed the petitions field by the holding Company and erstwhile management by setting aside & vacating the impugned Owarks District court order dated 20.9.2016 with regard to summoning of the erstwhile management.

Few depositors had filed an intervention application before the Horbte Suprame Court in the pending bail matter of the erstwhile Managing Directors of the holding Company.

Few depositors had filed an intervention application before the Horbte Supreme Court in the pending ball matter of the erstwhile Managing Directors of the holding Company. Considering their application, the Horbte Supreme Court had, vide its order dated 30.10.2017, directed an amicus curiae to create a portal where the depositors could provide their requisite information and, accordingly, in compliance with this direction, a portal had been created for the depositors of the Company. Accordingly, the matter relating delay in repayment to the depositors is procordly pending before the Horbte Supreme Court. The Inorbte Supreme Court, out of the proceeds collected into the designated account of its flogistry out of sale of land and other properties of United Vita's group, that made affocations of amount to be retunded to the public-deposit holders.

Julisequent to the new Buard of Directors (aking over the hishagement, a resolution framework has been submitted to the Hon'ble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 2 above, for addressing the matters of home buyers, fixed deposit holders and others. At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court. The final quantum of liability of these cases can be ascertained only upon the final decision by the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

Besides, the impact of non-provision of interest payable on public deposits of Rs.7,080.37 lakhs for the year ended 31st March 2020 on the profit and loss, we are unable to evaluate the ultimate likelihood of penalties/ strictures or further liabilities, if any on the Company, Accordingly, impact, if any, of the indeterminate liabilities on these consolidated financial statements is currently not ascertainable, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

2 Type of Audit Qualification

3 Frequency of qualification:

Disclaimer of Opinion 2nd time Disclaimed

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views:

The Public Deposits are due to be paid but due to liquidity situation could not be paid. As rightly stated by the auditors the matter of Depositors has been referred in the Resolution Framework and the Company shall abide the decision of the Hon'ble Court in this regard

5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor.

(I) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification

(ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same

(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

Div



1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

Advances amounting to Rs. 45,471.90 lakhs (net of provision for doubtful advances) (previous year ended 31st March, 2019 - Rs. 57,544.17 lakhs(net of provision for doubtful advances)) are outstanding in respect of advances for purchase of land, projects pending commencement, joint ventures and collaborators which, as represented by the management, have been given in the normal course of business to land owning companies, collaborators, projects and for purchase of land. As per information made available to us and explanations given to us Rs. Nil had been recovered / Rs. 15,000,00 lakks has been provided for doubtful advances during the current year

We are unable to ascertain whether all the remaining outstanding advances, mentioned above, are fully recoverable/adjustable, since the said outstanding balances are outstanding/remained unadjusted for a long period of time, and further, in our opinion, neither the amounts recovered nor rate of recovery of such long outstanding amounts in the previous years & year, give an indication that all of the remaining outstanding amounts may be fully recoverable; consequently, we are unable to ascertain whether the remaining balances as at 31st March 2020 are fully recoverable. Accordingly, we are unable to ascertain or comment upon the impact, if any, on the loss or on the reserves or on value of asset, that may arise in case any of these remaining advances are subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

2 Type of Audit Qualification:

Disclaimer of Opinion 2nd time Disclaimed

3 Frequency of qualification:

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views:

Advances for the purchase of land, projects pending commencement and to joint ventures and collaborators have been stated to have been given in the normal course of business to land owning companies, collaborators, projects and for purchase of land. The new management in pursuit to identify and recover the advances made by the earlier management has sought the co-operation from the ersiwhile chairman and managing directors. The response of the erstwhile shairman and managing directors is awaited and till than it would not be prudont on the part of the new management to diminish the value of these advances.

5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor. (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

Matter 6

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

There have been delays in the payment of dues of non-convertible debentures, term loans & working capital loans (including principal, interest and/or other charges as the case may be J to the lenders of the Company who have taken action against the Company for recovery of their dues, and the total of such outstandings amount to Rs. 262, 408.66 lakhs. The lenders have initiated action under the SARFAESI Act to take over the respective properties provided as security to the lenders. The Company has challenged the action of the lenders before the various forums of Debt Recovery Tribunals (DRT). We are unable to determine the impact of the fixely outcome of the sa proceedings before the DRY on the properties given as security to the lenders, and the corresponding loans and also unable to evaluate the ultimate likelihood of penalties/ strictures or further liabilities; and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

2 Type of Audit Qualification:

Disclaimer of Opinion

3 Frequency of qualification:

2nd time Disclaimed

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor. Management's Views:

The amount as has been stated, has already been provided in the books of accounts and payment/ recovery of dues by the lenders shall not affect the statement of Profit & Loss. The matter has already been referred in the resolution framework and the final payment for principal and/or interest shall be made in accordance with the decisions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in this regard

5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor.

(i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification

(ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same

(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

Matter 7

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

No direct confirmations were received from banks in respect of balance confirmations, though we had discussed with the Company to obtain the confirmations. With regard to loans and borrowings from certain lenders, direct confirmations could not be carried out as these lenders had taken action against the Company for recovery of their dues as mentioned in para 9(f) above. The management expressed its inability to send confirmation requests in respect of trade receivables, trade and other payables, & loans & advances given. Accordingly, we are unable to ascertain or comment upon the impact, if any, on the loss or on the reserves or on the carrying amount of the asset/liability, that may arise in case any of these assets are subsequently determined to be doubtful of recovery and/or any of these liabilities may increase, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

2 Type of Audit Qualification:

Disclaimer of Opinion 2nd time Disclaimed

3 Frequency of qualification:

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views:

5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor,

(i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification:

The company is expected to initiate the claim verification for all the money extended to and by the company. The company shall invite claims including that of borrowers, All such claims shall be verified and re-instated(if so required) at that point of time

- (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:
- (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

Matter 8

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

According to information available and explanations obtained, with respect to the holding company for the following items, wherein,

(i) advances given to certain companies for purchase of shares aggregating to Rs. 31,079,48 lakhs,
(ii) investments in shares of certain companies aggregating to Rs. 31,025,45 takhs,
(iii) investments in debentures of certain companies aggregating to Rs.1,512,18 lakhs,

(iv) inter corporate deposits given to certain companies aggregating to Rs. 13,853.66 lakhs, (v) other advances given to/recoverable from certain companies/parties aggregating to Rs.11,103.58 lakhs, and

(vi) security deposits given to certain parties aggregating Rs.47,531 00 lakhs

it has been observed that these advances/deposits/investments have been standing in the books for a long period of time, there being no movements in these advances. Due to non-availability of sufficient information with regard to the status of these items, we are unable to comment (i) on the realisability/recoverability or otherwise of these advances/deposits and (ii) on the decline, if any, in the carrying amount of these investments which is other than temporary, and the quantum thereof, and the ultimate impact on the financial statements, and hence we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

2 Type of Audit Qualification:

Disclaimer of Opinion 1st time Disclaimed

3 Frequency of qualification:

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor. Management's Views

The new management in pursuit to identify and recover the advances made by the earlier management and as ordered by the Hon'ble Supreme Court has been seeking the oo operation from the erstwhile chairmen and managing directors to recover these old outstandings. The response of the erstwhile chairmen and managing directors is awaited and till then it would not be prudent on the part of the new management to diminish the value of these receivables.

- 5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor.
- (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification.
- (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:
- (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:



Details of Audit Qualification:-

- 1 We draw attention to Note no.4 'Investment Property' to the standalone financial statements, in which the investment is carried at cost. We have been informed by the management that the carrying value of such investment is lower than the fair market value. However, in the absence of a current valuation report, the fair market value is indeterminate. Hence we are unable to express an opinion on the adjustment, if any, that would have to be made on the carrying value of such investment property, had such valuation been done, and the resultant impact on the reserves & surplus,
- 2 Type of Audit Qualification:

1st time Disclaime

- 3 Frequency of qualification: 4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views: The rental value is indicative that the lair value of the property would be more than the stated value. The Company could not carry the fair valuation this year. The fair valuation exercise would not have any negative impact on the financial position of the Company.
- 5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:
 (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification:

 - (ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:
 - (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

Matter 10 Details of Audit Qualification:-

1 Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

The management has prepared these consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis, notwithstanding the fact that, the Company has incurred losses, and has challenges in meeting its operational obligations, servicing its current liabilities including bank toans and public deposits. The Company also has various litigation matters which are pending before different forums, and surface projects of the Ownpairs have stelled/slowed down.

As mentioned earlier, subsequent to the new Board of Directors taking over the management, a Resolution Framework has been submitted to the Hon'ble Supreme Court by the Company, as mentioned in Para 2 above, wherein the Company has requested the Horble Supreme Court to grant numerous reliefs so that the Company is able to meet its operational obligations and settle its liabilities. The Board has also submitted in the RF that on the basis of review of records and finances of Unitech group as currently available, it appears that Unitech Group has significant negative net worth and may not be able to attract a resolution/ settlement under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC). At present the resolution framework is under the consideration of the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

These conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The appropriateness of assumption of going concern is critically dependent upon the Company's ability to raise finance and generate cash flows in future to meet its obligations, and also on the final decision of the Hon'ble Supreme Court on the Resolution Framework.

Considering the above, we are unable to express an opinion on this matter.

- 2 Type of Audit Qualification:
- 3 Frequency of qualification:

1st time Disclaimer

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views

The rental value is indicative that the fair value of the property would be more than the stated value. The Company could not carry the fair valuation this year. The fair valuation exercise would not have any negative impact on the financial position of the Company.

- 5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:
 (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification:
- (iii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

Matter 11

1 Details of Audit Qualification:-

The Excise & Taxation Officer-cum-Assessing Authority, Gurugram(East) has raised a demand of Rs. 1891.73 lakhs for Assessment Year 2016-17 in terms of Order of assessment dated 11.02 2020 under the Haryana Value Added Tax Act, 2003, No appeal has been filed by the Company till date and liability for the seid demand has not been accounted for in the audited standalone financial statements; and hence we are unable to express an opinion on the impact on the loss for the year, reserves and earnings per share

- 2 Type of Audit Qualification
- 3. Frequency of qualification:

Qualified 1st time qualification

4 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views:

The company could not file the due appeal due to COVID 19 and is expected to file the appeal any time soon

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As certified by the C. F. O.

(Y. S. Malik) CMD, Unitech Limited

(ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same (iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above:

5 For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor: (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification

For R Nappal Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration no.: 002626N

Ravinder Nagpa Partner Membership No.081594

Place: Gurugram Date: November 9th, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Yudhyir Singh Malik Chairman & Managing Director Girish Kumar Ahuja Chairman, Audit Committee

Deepak KumarTyagi el Financial Offi