



Wealth from Waste

Alufluoride Ltd.

Mulagada, Mindi, Visakhapatnam 530 012, India
(91) 891 2577077 | contact@alufluoride.com
alufluoride.com

CIN - L24110AP1984PLC005096

Department of Corporate Services
M/s.Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd.
Floor 25, PJ Towers
Dalal Street
MUMBAI 400 001

22 June, 2020

Dear Sir,

**Sub: Submission of Independent Auditors Report for the financial Year ended
31 March, 2020.**

Please find enclosed copy of Independent Auditor's Report with unmodified opinion (on Standalone Audited Financial Results and a declaration to the effect that the Auditors have given unmodified opinion with respect to Standalone Financial Results for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2020.

This is for your kind information and records.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,
For ALUFLUORIDE LIMITED

V.B.RAMA SARMA
Company Secretary
MS No.ACS22066





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Department of Corporate Services
M/s.Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd.
Floor 25, PJ Towers
Dalal Street
MUMBAI 400 001

22 June, 2020

Dear Sir,

Sub: Declaration under Regulation 33(3)(d) of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In compliance with the provisions of Regulations 33(3)(d) of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and SEBI Circular No. CIF/CFD/CMD/56/2016 Dated 27 May, 2016, I hereby declare that M/s. Brahmayya & Co, Chartered Accountants (FRN 0005135), Statutory Auditors of the Company have issued Auditor Report with unmodified opinion on Audited Financial Results of the Company for the Quarter & year ended 31 March, 2020.

Kindly acknowledge the receipt of the same.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,
For ALUFLUORIDE LIMITED

V.B.RAMA SARMA
Company Secretary
MS No.ACS22066





BRAHMAYYA & CO.

Chartered Accountants

at VIJAYAWADA, HYDERABAD, VISAKHAPATNAM, GUNTUR, KAKINADA, TANUKU

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members Of
Alufluoride Limited,
Visakhapatnam

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **ALUFLUORIDE LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the accompanying financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming



Sl. No	Key Audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
1	<p>Adoption of new Ind AS 116: "Leases" accounting standard The Company has adopted Ind AS 116 Leases in the current year. The standard introduces a new lease accounting model, wherein lessees are required to recognize a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a lease liability arising from a lease on the balance sheet. The lease liabilities are initially measured by discounting future lease payments during the lease term as per the contract/ arrangement. Adoption of the new standard involves significant judgements and estimates including, determination of the discount rates and the lease term. Additionally, the standard mandates detailed disclosures in respect of transition.</p> <p>Refer Note 5.03 to the financial statements.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures on adoption of Ind AS 116 include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ assessed and tested new processes and controls in respect of the lease accounting standard (Ind AS 116); ➤ assessed the company's evaluation on the identification of leases based on the contractual agreements into with lessors and our knowledge of the business; ➤ assessed the reasonableness of the discount rates applied in determining the lease liabilities; <p>Up on transition as at 1st April, 2019</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • evaluated the method of transition and related adjustments; • tested completeness of the lease data by reconciling the Company's operating lease commitments to data used in computing ROU asset and the lease liabilities. • assessed the key terms and conditions of each lease with the underlying lease contracts; and • assessed and tested the presentations and disclosures relating to Ind AS 116 including, disclosures relating to transition.
2	<p>Assessment of subsequent events arising out of Covid-19 pandemic</p> <p>The spread of COVID 19 pandemic in India has led to Nationwide Lockdown with effect from 24.03.2020 and the Company had temporarily shut down all its offices/ plant as per the Government of India restrictions imposed due to lockdown.</p> <p>The uncertainty and challenges caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, including the likelihood of unplanned events occurring at any time, the uncertain duration of this</p>	<p>Our audit procedures designed to assesses the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ appropriate procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about subsequent events that require adjustment of, or disclosure in, the financial statements. ➤ Assessed and tested the procedures, management has established to ensure that subsequent events are identified. ➤ Discussions with the management and those charged with governance as to whether any subsequent events have occurred which might affect the financial statements. ➤ Performing analytical procedures for assessing the entity's subsequent period



	current environment, professional judgement is required to carefully evaluate events occurring between the date of the financial statements and the date of the auditor's report (i.e., subsequent events) and the effect, if any, of such on the entity's financial statements.	books of account for assessing uncertainties exists that cast significant impact on going concern. ➤ Performing analytical procedures and assessing processes followed by for physical inventory, assets counting conducted by management at a date other than the date of financial statements due to lockdown restrictions.
3	<p>Estimation of decommissioning and restoration provision on leased land on implementation of expansion projects by the company.</p> <p>The determination and valuation of provision is highly judgmental by its nature, as they are calculated based on assumptions that are impacted by future activities and the legislative environment in which the company operates.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures to assess the decommissioning provision included the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We assessed the valuation methodology and evaluated the reasonableness of key assumptions applied by the management to calculate new and existing provisions. • We tested the calculation of the decommissioning provisions with external factors for the expansion projects and checked the accuracy and relevance of the input data used. • We found the disclosures in the financial statements to be appropriate.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board of Directors' Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The above specified reports are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the above specified reports, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements



The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure- A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:

a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.



- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

The remuneration paid to the Directors by the company is in accordance with the provisions of the sec.197.

h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations that would impact its financial position.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There has been no delays in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the "Investor Education and Protection Fund" by the Company.

For Brahmayya & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn No. 000513S


(C V Ramana Rao)
Partner

Membership No.018545

UDIN: 20018545 AAAA BX7503



Place: Visakhapatnam
Date: 22.06.2020

ANNEXURE-A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Annexure A referred to in our Independent Auditor's report of even date, to the members of ALUFLUORIDE LIMITED, VISAKHAPATNAM, for the year ended 31 March 2020. We report that:

- i) a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - b) The fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information furnished to us, no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification.
 - c) The title deeds in respect of all immovable properties are held in the name of the company.
- ii) Physical verification of inventory has been conducted during the year by the management at reasonable intervals. The discrepancies noticed on such verification between the physical stocks and the book records were not material.
- iii) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to Companies, Firms, Limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Consequently, clauses 3 (iii) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable.
- iv) The company has neither given any loans to the directors or any other persons in whom the director(s) is interested nor given/provided any guarantee/security in connection with any loan taken by directors or such other persons as per the provisions of section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013. The investment made by the company in an earlier year does not exceed the limits prescribed under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public. Consequently, the clause 3(v) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi) Rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the company.
- vii) a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts are payable in respect of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of



excise, value added tax or cess and other material statutory dues which were in arrears as at 31st March 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

b) As at 31st March 2020, there have been no disputed dues, which have not been deposited with the respective authorities in respect of Income tax, Service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax and Cess, except the following:

Sr. No.	Name of the Statute	Nature of the Dues	Amount* (In Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
1.	The Income Tax Act, 1961.	Tax collected at Source demand	56,020	FY 2012-13	Deputy Commissioner of Income Tax.

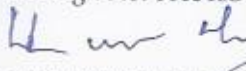
*Net of Pre deposits made.

- viii) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information given to us, the company does not have any loans or borrowings from the Financial Institution, bank, Government or debenture holders; consequently clause 3(viii) of the order does not apply.
- ix) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). No term loans were raised during the FY under report. Consequently, the clause 3(ix) of the order does not apply.
- x) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- xi) The managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- xii) In our opinion, the company is not a Nidhi Company. Consequently the clause 3(xii) of the order is not applicable.
- xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on overall examination of the records of the Company, we report that all transactions with related parties are in compliance with the provisions of sections 187 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the related party disclosures as required by relevant Indian Accounting Standards are disclosed in the financial statements.
- xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully/partly convertible debentures during the year under review. However, the warrants which were preferentially issued by the company in the previous financial year 2018-19 have been allotted to the proposed allottees on exercise of their right.



- xv) The Company has not entered into any non cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with them during the year under report. Consequently the clause 3(xv) of the order is not applicable.
- xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Consequently the clause 3(xvi) of the order is not applicable.

For BRAHMAYYA & CO.,
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn No. 0005135


(C V RAMANA RAO)
Partner
Membership No.018545



UDIN: 20018545 AAAA Bx 7503

Place: Visakhapatnam
Date: 22.06.2020

Annexure "B" to the Independent Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of ALUFLUORIDE LIMITED, VISAKHAPATNAM ("the Company") as of 31st March 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of directors of the company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Ind AS financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.


Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For BRAHMAYYA & CO.,
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn No. 000513S


(C V RAMANA RAO)
Partner

Membership No.018545

UDIN: 20018545 AAAABX7503



Place: Visakhapatnam

Date: 22.06.2020



Independent Auditors' Report on Annual Financial Results of Alufluoride Limited pursuant to Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To the Board of Directors of
The Alufluoride Limited

**Report on the audit of the Annual Financial Results
Opinion**

We have (a) audited the financial results for the year ended 31 March 2020, and (b) reviewed the Standalone Financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, (refer "Other Matters" section below), which were subject to limited review by us, both included in the accompanying "Statement of Financial Results for the Quarter and Year ended March 31, 2020" of "Alufluoride Limited" being submitted by the Company pursuant to the requirement of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended ("Listing Regulations").

(a) Opinion on Annual Financial Results

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial results for the year ended March 31, 2020:

- i). are presented in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 as amended; and
- ii). give a true and fair view in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the applicable Indian Accounting Standards, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the net profit and other comprehensive income and other financial information for the year ended 31 March 2020.

(b) Conclusion on Unaudited Standalone Financial Results for the quarter ended March 31, 2020

With respect to the Financial Results for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, based on our review conducted as stated in paragraph (b) of the Auditors' responsibilities section below, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Standalone Financial Results for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standards and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, has not disclosed the information required to be disclosed in terms of Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended, including the manner in which it is to be disclosed, or that it contains any material misstatement.

Basis for Opinion on the Audited Financial Results for the year ended March 31, 2020

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SAs") specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Annual Financial Results section of our report. We are independent of the Company, in



accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act, and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Statements

This Statement which includes the annual financial results is the responsibility of the Company's Board of Directors and has been approved by them for the issuance. The Financial Results for the year ended March 31, 2020 has been compiled from the related audited financial statements. This responsibility includes the preparation and presentation of the financial results for the quarter and year ended March 31, 2020 that give a true and fair view of the net profit and other comprehensive loss and other financial information in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and in compliance with Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial results that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial results, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities

(a) Audit of the Financial Results for the year ended March 31, 2020

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial results for the year ended March 31, 2020 as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial results.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:



- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Annual Financial Results, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Board of Directors.
- Evaluate the appropriateness and reasonableness of disclosures made by the Board of Directors in terms of the requirements specified under Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Statement or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Annual financial results, including the disclosures, and whether the Annual Financial results represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Perform procedures in accordance with the circular issued by the SEBI under Regulation 33(8) of the Listing Regulations to the extent applicable.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the Annual Financial results of the company to express an opinion on the Annual Financial Results.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Annual Financial Results that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Annual Financial Results may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and quantitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Annual Financial Results.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



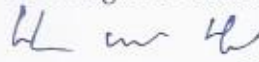
(b) **Review of the Financial Results for the quarter ended March 31, 2020**

We conducted our review of the Financial Results for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements ("SRE") 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity", issued by the ICAI. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of the Company's personnel responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than the audit conducted in accordance with SAs specified under section 143(10) of the Act and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Other Matters

- As stated in Note b of the Statement, the figures for the corresponding quarter ended March 31, 2019 are the balancing figures between the annual audited figures for the year then ended and the year to date figures for the 9 months ended December 31, 2018. We have not issued a separate limited review report on the results and figures for the quarter ended March 31, 2019. Our report on the Statement is not modified in respect of this matter.
- The statements includes the results for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 being the balancing figure between audited figures in respect of the full financial year and the published year to date figures up to the third quarter of the current financial year which were subject to limited review by us as required under the Listing Regulations. Our report on the statement is not modified in respect of this matter.

For BRAHMAYYA & CO.,
Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn No. 0005135


(C V RAMANA RAO)
Partner

Membership No.018545

UDIN: 20018545AAAA BX 7503



Place: Visakhapatnam

Date: 22.06.2020