# Ayepee Lamitubes Limited

Regd. Office: B-1, MIDC P.O. Murbad, Thane - 421401, Maharashtra Tel: 9765405761 www.ayepeelamitubes.net ayepeelamitubes@gmail.com CIN: L74999MH1984PLC032132

28 September 2018

To, Corporate Relationship Department, BSE Limited P.J. Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai 400001

Company: Ayepee Lamitubes Limited

Company Scrip code: 523168

Sub.: Annual Report for the Financial Year 2017-18

Dear Sir,

Pursuant to Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 we are submitting herewith Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year 2017-18 duly approved and adopted by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held on 28 September 2018 at B-1, MIDC P.O Murbad Thane 421 401.

We have also enclosed the Statement of Impact of Audit qualifications (for audit report with modified opinion) for the financial year ended 31 March 2018.

This is in compliance with the provision of above mentioned regulations and for your information.

Thanking you

Yours faithfully,

For Ayepee Lamitubes Limited

Keyur Doshi Company Secretary

Encl:-A/a

Filed online

# Avepee Lamitubes Ltd

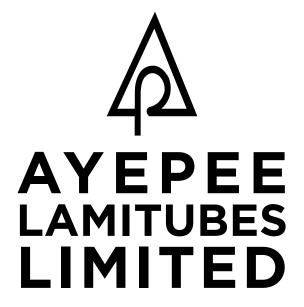
# Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications (for audit report with modified opinion) submitted along-with Annual Audited Financial Results

St	Statement of Impact of Audit Qualifications for the financial year ended March 31, 2018								
i.	No.		Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications)	Adjusted Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications)					
	1	Turnover / Total income	48,39,844	48,39,844					
	2	Total Expenditure	1,41,40,576	1,41,40,576					
	3	Net Profit/ (Loss)	(93,00,732)	(93,00,732)					
	4	Earnings Per Share	(4.74)	(4.74)					
	5	Total Assets	6,07,08,721	6,07,08,721					
	6	Total Liabilities	13,56,32,415	13,56,32,415					
	7	Net Worth	(7,49,23,694)	(7,49,23,694)					
	8	Any other financial item(s) (as felt appropriate by the management)	NIL	NIL					

# ii Audit Qualification:

- a. **Details of Audit Qualification:** The Company not carrying out any manufacturing operations and has incurred substantial accumulated losses. The net worth of the company has been fully eroded due to the accumulated losses.
- b. Type of Audit Qualification:- Qualified Opinion
- c. Frequency of audit qualification: Repetitive since the Company has substantial accumulated losses.
- d. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's view:— Not applicable
- e. For Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:-
- (i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification: Same could not be quantified and worked out.
- (ii) If Management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same:— The Commercial operations of the Company has been closed for years and consequently the Company has accumulated losses and net worth eroded. However the management is exploring possible steps in this respect and hopeful for revival measures and appropriate resources.
- (iii) Auditor's Comments on (i) or (ii) above: The management is taking steps for reviving the company hence the accounts have been prepared on going concern basis for the year ended 31 March 2018.

iii Signatories	
Mr. Sunil Singhal, Director	Quy.
Mr. Jayesh Mane, CFO	Brane_
Mr. Anil Goyal, Audit Committee Chairman	Jan Jan
J. Singh & Associates Statutory Auditor (FRN 110266W) CA S.P.Dixit (Partner)	Storiait.
Place: Murbad Date: 30-May-2018	



34th ANNUAL REPORT 2 0 1 7 - 1 8



# CORPORATE INFORMATION

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Sunil Singhal (DIN:00233008)

Ms. Reshma Rao (DIN:06966747)

Mr. Anil Goyal (DIN:03200508)

Mr. Vijaykumar Agarwal (DIN:00430666)

#### CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Jayesh Mane

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Keyur Doshi

# **AUDITORS:**

M/s. J Singh & Associates **Chartered Accountants** 

#### **BANKERS:**

ICICI Bank - Mumbai

## **REGISTERED OFFICE:**

B-1, MIDC, P.O. Murbad, Dist. Thane - 421 401

Maharashtra, India.

Phone: 9765405761/7506449717 CIN: L74999MH1984PLC032132 Website: www.ayepeelamitubes.net, Email id: ayepeelamitubes@gmail.com

# **REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT:**

Bigshare Services Private Limited, 1stFloor, Bharat Tin Works Building, Opp Vasant Oasis, Makwana Road, Marol, Andheri (E), Mumbai-400059, Maharashtra, Tel No. 022-62638200, Fax: 022-62638299 investor@bigshareonline.com

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Regd. Off: B-1, MIDC P.O. Murbad, Thane, Maharashtra - 421 401, India Phone: 9765405761/7506449717 CIN: L74999MH1984PLC032132 Website: www.ayepeelamitubes.net, Email id: ayepeelamitubes@gmail.com

# **NOTICE**

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the 34th Annual General Meeting of the Members of **AYEPEE LAMITUBES** LIMITED will be held on Friday, 28 September 2018 at 4.00 P.M at Company's Registered Office at B-1, MIDC P.O. Murbad, Thane - 421 401 to transact, with or without modifications, as may be permissible, the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESSS**

- To consider and adopt the audited **financial statements of the Company**, including balance sheet as at 31 March 2018, profit and loss statement and cash flow statement for the year ended on that date, Reports of the Board and Auditors of the Company thereon.
- To Re-appoint Ms. Reshma Rao (holding DIN: 06966747), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.

By order of the Board of Directors For Avepee Lamitubes Limited

Place: Mumbai Keyur Doshi

Date: 14 August 2018 **Company Secretary** 

## NOTES:

A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON A POLL/BALLOT INSTEAD OF HIMSELF/HERSELF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. THE PROXY FORM, IN ORDER TO BE EFFECTIVE, MUST BE DEPOSITED WITH THE COMPANY NOT LESS THAN 48 HOURS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE MEETING, EITHER IN PERSON OR THROUGH POST. A proxy form is appended with the attendance slip. A person can act as a proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty (50) and holding in aggregate not more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights. A member holding more than ten percent of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights may appoint a single person as proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other person or member.



- If shares are held jointly, proxy form must be signed by all the members. If proxy form is signed by Authorized representative of body corporate or attorney, certified copy of Board resolution / power of attorney / other authority must be attached with the proxy form.
- Body Corporate members intending to send their authorized representative are requested to send a duly certified copy of the Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote at the Meeting.
- All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice shall be open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during office hours on all working days except Saturday between 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m. up to the date of declaration of the result of the Annual General Meeting of the Company.
- Nomination: Members can avail the facility of nomination in respect of shares held by them in physical form pursuant to section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules. Members desiring to avail of this facility may send their nomination in the prescribed form no. SH 13 duly filled in and signed to the Company.
- Members / Proxy holders shall hand over the attendance slips, duly signed and filled in all respect, at the entrance for attending the meeting. Route map of venue of AGM is given in this Notice.
- Members desirous of asking any questions at the Annual General Meeting are requested to send their questions to the Company at an early date so that the same can be replied suitably.
- Members holding shares under multiple folios in the identical order of names are requested to consolidate their holdings into one folio.
- Members are requested to kindly carry their copy of Annual Report to the Meeting.

# 10. E-VOTING FACILITY

In compliance with the provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations), Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 & Secretarial Standards - 2 on general meeting, the Members are informed that the Company is providing Remote e-voting facility (e-voting from a place other than venue of Annual General Meeting) as an alternative mode of voting which will enable the members to cast their votes electronically on all the resolutions as mentioned in the notice. Necessary arrangements have been made by the Company with Central Depository Services (India) Ltd. (CDSL) to facilitate remote e-voting to the members. The Company has appointed Ms. Tehseen Khatri of M/S Tehseen Khatri & Associates, Practicing Company Secretary, as the Scrutinizer for scrutinizing the remote e-voting process as well as voting at the meeting in a fair and transparent manner.

For the purpose of dispatch of this Notice, shareholders of the Company holding shares in demat / physical form as on 24 August 2018 has been considered. Any person, who acquire shares of the Company and becomes member of the Company after 24 August 2018 may obtain the login details by sending a request to CDSL at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or to the Company Secretary at ayepeelamitubes@gmail.com or to the Registrar and share transfer agents of the company.

The Members whose name appears in the Register of Members/list of Beneficial Owners as received from Depositories as on 21 September 2018 ("cut-off date") are entitled to vote on the resolutions set forth in this notice. Person who is not a member as on the said date should treat this notice for information purpose only.



For any queries/grievances or guidance for e-voting, members may refer to the 'Frequently Asked Questions' (FAQs) for shareholders and e-voting user manual for shareholders available at the Downloads section of CDSL's E-Voting website: www.evotingindia.com or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or Keyur Doshi at ayepeelamitubes@gmail.com.

The remote e-voting period commences on Tuesday, 25 September 2018 (9:00 a.m.) and ends on Thursday, 27 September 2018 (5:00 p.m.) During the said period, Shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled for voting thereafter.

On submission of the report by the scrutinizer, the result of voting at the meeting and e-voting shall be declared. The Results along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website CDSL and on BSE Limited. Result will be declared forthwith on receipt of the Report of the Scrutinizer.

## The CDSL instructions for members for voting electronically are as under.

- (i) The voting period begins and ends as mentioned above. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of 21.09.2018 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com
- (iii) Click on Shareholders / Members
- (iv) Now Enter your User ID
  - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
  - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
  - c. Members holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- (v) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com (vi) and voted on an earlier voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- (vii) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

	For Members holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form				
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)				
	• Members who have not updated their PAN with the Company/ Depository Participant are requested to use the first two letters of their name and the 8 digits of the sequence number (refer serial no. printed in attendance slip/mail) in the PAN field.				
	• In case the sequence number is less than 8 digits enter the applicable number of 0's before the number after the first two characters of the name in CAPITAL letters. E.g. If your name is Ramesh Kumar with serial number 1 then enter RA00000001 in the PAN field.				



Dividend Bank details OR	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth in (dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.
Date of Birth (DOB)	• If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (iv).

- (viii) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (ix) Members holding shares in physical form will then reach directly the Company selection screen. However, members holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (x) For Members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (xi) Click on the EVSN for Ayepee Lamitubes Limited.
- (xii) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xiii) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xiv) After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xv) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xvi) You can also take out print of the voting done by you by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xvii) If Demat account holder has forgotten the changed password then enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xviii) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app m-Voting available for android based mobiles. The m-Voting app can be downloaded from Google Play Store. Apple and Windows phone users can download the app from the App Store and the Windows Phone Store respectively. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while voting on your mobile.

## (xix) Note for Non - Individual Shareholders and Custodians

 Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodian are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves as Corporates.



- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and ayepeelamitubes@gmail. com
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@ cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or Mr. Keyur Doshi at ayepeelamitubes@gmail.com

# In case of members receiving the physical copy:

- (A) Please follow all steps from sl. no. (i) to sl. no. (xix) above to cast vote.
- (B) The voting period begins on 25.09.2018 (9:00 a.m.) and ends on 27.09.2018 (5:00 p.m.). During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of 21.09.2018, may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (C) In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or Mr. Keyur Doshi at ayepeelamitubes@gmail.com

## 11. PROCEDURE OF VOTING AT AGM

Members who have not exercised their votes through remote e-voting are entitled to vote at the annual general meeting. Members who have already casted their vote by remote e-voting mechanism prior to the annual general meeting are also authorized to attend the meeting but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again at the annual general meeting.

Voting to the resolutions as contained in the Notice shall be conducted also through ballot/ poll or other appropriate process. Relevant facility for voting shall also be made available at the meeting and members attending the meeting, who have not already casted their vote by remote e-voting shall be able to exercise their right to vote at the meeting. Members who are entitled to vote can cast their vote through ballot/poll paper in the Annual General Meeting. The Company will make arrangement in this respect including distribution of ballot papers under the supervision of a scrutinizer appointed for this purpose. Members are required to mention Folio No, DP ID & Client ID No. and number of shares held, etc. on the ballot papers.

# Particulars of Director seeking re-appointment:

Particulars	Re-Appointment		
Name	Ms. Reshma Rao		
Age	55		
Qualification and Experience	Ms. Reshma Rao aged about 55 years has a rich experience in the Garment Exports and Plastic Industries		
List of Companies in which outside Directorship held (excluding foreign and section 8 companies)			
Chairman/Member of the Companies of the Board of other Companies	She is a Chairperson in Stakeholder relationship Committee of Solid Containers Limited		
Shareholding of the Company (No. of shares)	Nil		

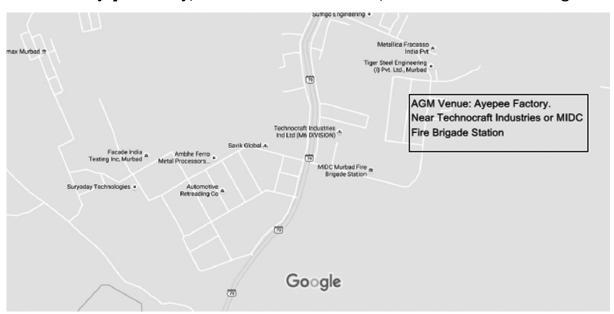
By order of the Board of Directors For Ayepee Lamitubes Limited

Place: Mumbai Keyur Doshi Date: 14 August 2018 **Company Secretary** 

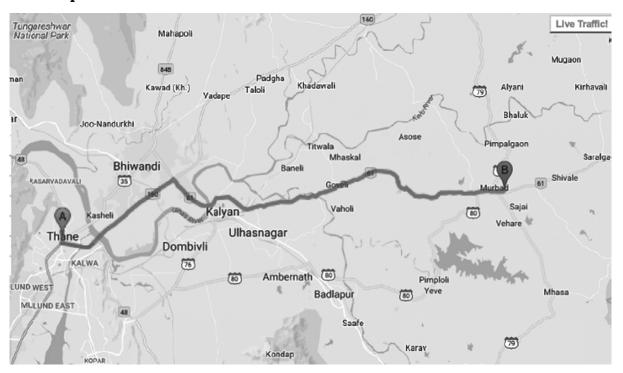


# ROUTE MAP/LOCATION TO REACH AT THE VENUE AT AGM

AGM Venue: Ayepee Factory, Near Technocraft Industries, Land mark is MIDC Fire Brigade Station.



# Road map from Thane to Murbad





# **BOARD'S REPORT**

To The Members. **Ayepee Lamitubes Limited** 

Your Directors are pleased to present their Report on your Company's business operations along with the Audited financial statements for the financial year ended on 31 March 2018.

The highlights of the Company's performance during the financial year are as below:

#### SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL RESULTS

(Rs. in Lakhs)

	Year Ended 31.03.2018	Year Ended 31.03.2017
Sales/Other Income	48.40	64.61
Profit / (Loss) before depreciation	(92.74)	51.67
Depreciation	0.27	0.27
Profit / (Loss) before Tax	(93.01)	51.40
Profit / (Loss) after Tax	(93.01)	41.35

#### **OPERATIONS REVIEW**

The business operations continued to be suspended and unviable. There has been no further development nor was the Company able to re-commence its operations. However the management will explore possible steps in this respect and hopeful for revival measures and appropriate resources.

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

The Management Discussion and Analysis Report for the year under review is provided in a separate section of this Annual Report and forms a part of the Board's Report.

## **CORPORATE GOVERNACE**

Pursuant to Regulation 15(2) of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), the Corporate Governance report is not applicable to the Company. The Company is not required, inter alia, to comply with the corporate governance provisions under regulations 17 to 27 and Regulation 46(2)(b) to (i) and para C, D and E of Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

#### **DIVIDEND**

In view of discontinuance of the business operations of the Company, your directors do not recommend any dividend for the financial year ended 31 March 2018.

# TRANSFER TO RESERVES

During the year, your Directors have not transferred any amount to reserves.



#### STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. J Singh & Associates, Chartered Accountants, (Registration No. 110266W), Mumbai were appointed as Statutory Auditor of the Company at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company held on 30 September 2016 to hold the office till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting to be held for the financial year 2020-21. The requirement to place the matter relating to ratification of Auditors by members at every Annual General Meeting is done away with vide notification dated May 7, 2018 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"). Accordingly no resolution is proposed for ratification of Auditors, who were appointed in Annual General Meeting held on 30 September 2016.

#### RESPONSE TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

The Company is not carrying out any manufacturing Operations and has substantial accumulated losses. In view of the above and in absence of any rehabilitation measures, the company may not be a going concern. The net worth of the Company has been fully eroded due to the accumulated losses.

In this regard, your directors would like to state that the Commercial operations of the Company has been closed for years and consequently the Company has accumulated losses and net worth is eroded. However the management is exploring possible steps in this respect and hopeful for revival measures and appropriate resources.

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT

Pursuant to section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the Rules framed thereunder, Ms. Tehseen Fatima Khatri of M/s. T.F. Khatri & Associates, Practising Company Secretary, has been appointed to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year ended on 31 March 2018. The Secretarial Audit Report forms a part of this Report as Annexure 1. There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks reported by the Secretarial Auditor in the report.

## **DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

In accordance with the provisions of section 152(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and Articles of Association of the Company, Ms. Reshma Rao, is liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting (AGM) and being eligible offers herself for re-appointment. The Board recommends her re-appointment.

Mr. Jignesh Patel, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer resigned w.e.f 5 March 2018 and Mr. Keyur Doshi was appointed as a Company Secretary and Compliance officer w.e.f 30 May 2018.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your Directors make the following statements in terms of Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013:

that in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;



- b) that such accounting policies as mentioned in the Financial Statements have been selected and applied consistently and judgment and estimates have been made that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2018 and of the loss of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- that proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- that the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis; However, Auditors have qualified their report by stating that the Company is no longer a going concern and has not made adjustments to accounts relating to recoverability of assets and liabilities as might be necessary when the Company is no longer a going concern. The qualification has been explained aforesaid in this report;
- that proper internal financial controls were in place and that the financial controls were adequate and were operating effectively;
- f) that systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws were in place and were adequate and operating effectively

### NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

The Board met six times during the financial year, i.e on 30 May 2017, 14 August 2017, 14 November 2017, 22 December 2017, 4 January 2018 and 14 February 2018. All the board members were present at the said meeting.

# **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee of the Board comprises of 3 members and is in compliance with section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

The Committee has met 5 times during the year 30 May 2017, 14 August 2017, 14 November 2017, 22 December 2017 and 14 February 2018.

## SUBSIDIARY, JOINT VENTURE AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

The Company does not have any subsidiary associate Company or joint venture.

#### PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The Board has carried out the annual evaluation of the performance of the Board, its committees and of individual directors has been made, including the independent directors, as well of the working of its committees.

## CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILTY

Company had incurred losses in the immediate three preceding financial years and hence the provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company.

## LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

Details of loans, guarantee and investments covered under applicable provisions of section 186 of the Act are given in the notes of the financial statement.



#### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

None of the transactions with related parties fall under the scope of section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, there are no particulars to report in form AOC 2 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

Details of the related party transactions during the year as required under Listing Regulations and Accounting standards are given in note 16(8) to the financial statements. The policy on Related Party Transactions is posted on the Company's website www.ayepeelamitubes.net.

#### INFORMATION ON EMPLOYEES

During the year under review, the Company did not had any employee. Hence the limit prescribed under provisions of section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are not applicable.

# CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE **EARNINGS AND OUTGO**

A)	Conservation of Energy	NIL
B)	Technology Absorption	NIL
C)	Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo	NIL

#### OTHER INFORMATION / DISCLOSURES

There are no significant material orders passed by the regulators, courts or tribunals against the Company that impacts the company's operations in future.

There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the Financial Statements relate and the date of the report.

The Company has in place a policy against sexual harassment at work place in line with the requirements of the concern statute. There was no complaint received during the year, nor there are any pending complaints which need to be redressed.

# **EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN**

As required under the provisions of Sections 92(3) and 134(3)(a) of the Act and the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, an Extract of the Annual Return in Form No. MGT-9 is annexed as Annexure II to this Report and is also available on the website of the Company i.e. http://www.ayepeelamitubes.net/other-disclosures.html

## VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has formulated a whistle blower policy with a view to provide a vigil mechanism for the directors and employees of the company to report instances of unethical behavior, fraud or mismanagement. The said policy is displayed on the Company's website www.ayepeelamitubes.net.



## INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

The Company has a proper and adequate Internal Financial Control System, to ensure that all assets are safeguarded and protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the transactions are authorized, recorded and reported correctly.

Internal financial control is exercised through documented policies and guidelines. The internal financial control is designed to ensure that the financial and other records are reliable for preparing financial statements and other data and for maintaining accountability of persons.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

In accordance with Section 134(3)(n) of the Companies Act 2013, the Company has framed a Risk Management Policy to identify and assess the key risk areas.

#### PUBLIC DEPOSITS

Place: Mumbai

The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and there are no outstanding deposits from the public as on 31 March 2018.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The Board of Directors expresses its gratitude to the Members of the Company for their continued support.

> By order of the Board of Directors For Ayepee Lamitubes Limited

Sunil Singhal Reshma Rao Director Director

Date: 14 August 2018 DIN:- 00233008 DIN:- 06966747



# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Company is not carrying out any manufacturing operations and has substantial accumulated losses. The net worth of the Company is fully eroded due to accumulated losses. Therefore, your Directors are not able to comment anything substantive through this report.

# INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENTS & OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

The packaging segment in India is an amalgamation of both organized and unorganized players ranging from very small players with limited presence to big players with large market share. Demand for this segment is anticipated to grow rapidly across all the players. Also there is an increasing focus on innovative and cost effective packaging materials.

Packaging sales in the emerging markets are expected to continue to show strong growth as both increased consumption and demand for consumer goods drives the need for more sophisticated packaging, due to a growing middle class. Thus, the industry players are keeping in track with the changing trends in packaging and making efforts to capture the market with higher technology orientation.

# OUTLOOK

Indian plastics industry is emerging as one of the fastest growing global markets with 12% growth rate. By 2020, plastics consumption of the country is expected to increase from the current 12 million metric tonnes per annum (MMTPA) to 20 MMTPA. The centre of gravity is rapidly shifting to India as the country offers huge opportunities for the global plastics industry. India is the world's next plastic destination by virtue of both, its sheer size and tremendous growing domestic demand.

# 3. RISKS AND CONCERNS, SEGMENT WISE OR PRODUCT - WISE PERFORMANCE AND DISCUSSION ON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL **PERFORMANCE**

The Company is not carrying out any manufacturing operations and has substantial accumulated losses, hence information on risks and concerns, discussion on financial performance with respect to operational performance and segment wise or product wise performance is not provided.

## INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has internal control system in place commensurate with the size and nature of its business. The internal control system ensures that all the assets of the Company are safeguarded from loss, damage or disposition. Checks and controls are in place to ensure that transactions are adequately authorized and recorded and that they are reported correctly. The Audit committee periodically reviews the findings and recommendation of the auditors, if any and takes necessary corrective actions as deemed necessary.

# MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS IN HUMAN RESOURCES / INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS FRONT INCLUDING NUMBER OF PEOPLE EMPLOYED

Presently there is no employee in the Company and the Company is not carrying out any manufacturing operations.

> By order of the Board of Directors For Ayepee Lamitubes Limited

Sunil Singhal Reshma Rao

Place: Mumbai Director Director Date: 14 August 2018 DIN:- 00233008 DIN:- 06966747



# ANNEXURE 1- SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

#### FORM NO. MR.3

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To

The Members,

# **Avepee Lamitubes Limited**

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by AYEPEE LAMITUBES LIMITED (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the AYEPEE LAMITUBES LIMITED books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31 March 2018 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31 March 2018 according to the provisions of:

- The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; (Not relevant / applicable, since there is no such events during the year)
- The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations 2014; (Not relevant / applicable, since there is no such event during the year)
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; (Not relevant / applicable, since there is no debt securities of the company listed)



- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; (Not relevant / applicable, since there is no delisting of equity shares during the year)
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998; (Not relevant / applicable, since there is no buyback of equity shares during the year)
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- (vi) There is no other law which is specifically applicable on the Company as informed by the Company keeping in view there is no operational activities.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

I report that, during the year under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Acts. Rule, Regulations and Guidelines mentioned above.

I further report that the Compliance by the Company of applicable laws like direct and indirect tax laws and maintenance of financial records and books of accounts has not been reviewed in this Audit since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial audit and other designated professionals.

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. There are no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

As per the minutes of the meetings duly recorded and signed by the Chairman, the decisions of the Board were unanimous and no dissenting views have been recorded.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period the Company has following events/actions:

- Forfeiture of 36500 Equity Shares of the partly paid up shareholders, who have failed to pay the allotment money.
- 2) Board proposed the Amalgamation of the Company with Solid Containers Limited.

For T. F. Khatri & Associates

Tehseen Fatima Khatri

(Proprietor) FCS No. 9093 CP No. 10417

Date: 14 August, 2018

Place: Mumbai

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# **ANNEXURE 2-Form MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN**

As on financial year ended on 31 March 2018

[Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

#### I. **REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:**

1.	CIN	L74999MH1984PLC032132				
2.	Registration Date	10 February 1984				
3.	Name of the Company	Ayepee Lamitubes Limited				
4.	Category of the Company/ Sub-Category of the Company	Company Limited by shares Indian Non-Government Company				
5.	Address of the Registered office and contact details	B-1, MIDC P.O., Murbad, Thane – 421401, Maharashtra, India. Tel No. 9765405761 / 7506449717				
6.	Whether Listed Company	Yes, Listed on BSE Limited				
7.	Name, address and contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent	Bigshare Services Private Limited 1 <sup>st</sup> Floor, Bharat Tin works building, Opp. Vasant Oasis, Makvana road, Marol, Andheri (East), Mumbai-400059 Tel no-022-62638200, Fax- 022 62638299				

## PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

Sr. No.	Name and Description of main products/services	NIC Code of the product/ service	% total turnover of the company
		Not applicable	

# III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% of shares held	Applicable section
DING COMPANY				
	Not applicable			
ECT SUBSIDIARIES				
	Not applicable			
P DOWN SUBSIDIARIES				
	Not applicable			
OCIATE COMPANIES				
	Not applicable			
	Company DING COMPANY ECT SUBSIDIARIES P DOWN SUBSIDIARIES	Company  Company  DING COMPANY  Not applicable ECT SUBSIDIARIES  Not applicable P DOWN SUBSIDIARIES  Not applicable OCIATE COMPANIES	CIN/GLN Subsidiary/Associate  DING COMPANY  Not applicable  ECT SUBSIDIARIES  Not applicable  P DOWN SUBSIDIARIES  Not applicable  OCIATE COMPANIES	CIN/GLN Subsidiary/ shares Associate Not applicable  ECT SUBSIDIARIES  Not applicable  P DOWN SUBSIDIARIES  Not applicable  OCIATE COMPANIES



# IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

# i) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year				No. of Shares held at the end of the year				% Change
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total shares	during the year
A. PROMOTERS									
(1) Indian									
a) Individuals/HUF	0	4,39,900	4,39,900	22.00	-	4,39,900	4,39,900	22.40	-
b) Central Govt.	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
c) State Govt(s)	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
d) Bodies Corp.	0	5,29,900	5,29,900	26.50	-	5,29,900	5,29,900	26.98	
e) Banks/Financial Institutions	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	
f) Any Other	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	
Sub-total (A) (1):-	0	9,69,800	9,69,800	48.49	-	9,69,800	9,69,800	49.39	
(2) Foreign									
a) NRIs Individuals	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
b) Other Individuals	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
c) Bodies Corp.	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
d) Banks/ Financial Institutions	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
e) Any Other	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
Sub-total (A) (2):-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
Total shareholding of Promoter (A) = (A) (1) + (A) (2)	0	9,69,800	9,69,800	48.49	-	9,69,800	9,69,800	49.39	-
B. PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING									
(1) Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds/ UTI	0	0		0	-	0	0	0	-
b)Banks/ Financial Institutions	0	0		0	-	0	0	0	-
c) Central Govt.	0	0		0	-	0	0	0	-
d) State Govt.(s)	0	0		0	-	0	0	0	-



Category of Shareholders		o. of Share beginning			No	o. of Share end of t	s held at t he year	he	% Change
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total shares	during the year
e) Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
f) Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
g) Foreign Institutional Investors	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
i) Others	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
Sub-total (B)(1)	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
2. Non- Institutions									
a) Bodies Corporate									
i) Indian	0	41,700	41,700	2.08	-	41,700	41,700	2.12	-
ii) Overseas	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs.1 lakh	0	9,26,600	9,26,600	46.33	500	9,10,800	9,11,300	46.41	-
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs.1 lakh.	0	56,000	56,000	2.8	-	34,800	34,800	1.77	-
c) Others (specify) - NRIs	0	5,900	5,900	0.30	-	5,900	5,900	0.30	-
Sub-Total (B) (2):-	0	10,30,200	10,30,200	51.51	500	993200	993700	50.61	-
Total Public Shareholding (B) = (B)(1) + B(2)	0	10,30,200	10,30,200	51.51	500	993200	993700	50.61	-
C) Shares held by Custodians for GDRs & ADRs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-
GRAND TOTAL* (A)+(B)+ (C)	0	20,00,000	20,00,000	100	-	1963500*	1963500*	100	-

<sup>\*</sup>During the year Company has forfeited 36,500 equity shares of Rs. 10 each on which calls in arrears was Rs. 5 per share.



# ii) Shareholding of Promoters

Sr No.	Sharehold- er's Name		eholding ning of th				ding at the the year	
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the compa- ny	% of Shares Pledged/encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the com- pany	% of Shares Pledged/encumbered to total shares	% change in share- holding during the year
PRO	MOTERS -IND	VIDUALS						
1.	Ashok Kumar & Sons - HUF	3,44,200	17.21	0	3,44,200	17.52	0	-
2.	Kaveeta Goel	67,400	3.37	0	67,400	3.43	0	-
3.	Shraddha Goel	28,300	1.42	0	28,300	1.42	0	-
	Total	4,39,900	22.00	0	4,39,900	22.00	0	-
PRO	MOTERS- DOM	ESTIC CO	OMPANIES	3				
1.	Ganjam Trading Company Private Limited	4,80,200	24.01	0	4,80,200	24.45	0	-
2.	Rupee Finance & Management Private Limited	49,700	2.49	0	49,700	2.53	0	-
	Total	4,38,400	21.92	0	5,29,900	26.50	0	-

# (iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding: N.A There is no Change in Promoters Shareholding.

Sr. No	Name of the Shareholder	No. Shares at the begin- ning	% of total shares of the compa-	Date wise Increase/ Decrease in Shareholding during the year spec- ifying the reasons for increase/de- crease	No. of Shares	Reason	Cumu Shareh during t No. of shares	% of total shares of the compa-
		of the year	ny	•				ny
_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_



# (iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDR and ADRs):

Sr No.	Name of the Shareholder			Date wise In- crease/Decrease in Shareholding	No. of Shares	Reason	Cumulative Share- holding during the year	
		No. Shares at the beginning of the year (01.04.2017)	% of total equity shares of the Compa- ny	during the year specifying the rea- sons for increase/ decrease (e.g. allotment/trans- fer/bonus/ sweat equity etc.):			No. of shares	% of total shares of the com- pany
1.	Anil Chanana	34,800	1.77	-	-	-	34,800	1.77
2.	G R Gupta Properties Ltd	28,000	1.43	-	-	-	28,000	1.43
3.	Saraogi Investments Ltd	13,200	0.67	-	-	-	13,200	0.67
4.	Shyam Sunder Aggarwal	10,000	0.51	-	-	-	10,000	0.51
5.	Shiv Kishan Gupta	10,000	0.51	-	-	-	10,000	0.51
6.	Shekhar Agarwal	10,000	0.51					
7.	Salil Chakraborty	10,000	0.51	-	-	-	10,000	0.51
8.	Manhorlal Aggarwal	10,000	0.51	_	-	-	10,000	0.51
9.	Mahabir Prashad Poddar	10,000	0.51	_	-	-	10,000	0.51
10.	Kameshwar Singh	10,000	0.51	-	-	-	10,000	0.51
11.	Deepak Kumar Jain	10,000	0.51	-	-	-	10,000	0.51
12.	Ashok Kumar Gupta	10,000	0.51	-	-	-	10,000	0.51

# (v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel (KMP):

Particulars	Shareholding at the beginning of the year			tive Shareholding during the year	
	No. Shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	
Mr. Sunil Singhal Mr. Anil Goyal Mr. Vijaykumar Agarwal Ms. Reshma Rao Mr. Jayesh Mane Mr. Jignesh Patel	-	N.	īL —		



At the beginning of the year	-	-	-	
Date wise Increase/ Decrease in Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase/ decrease (e.g. allotment/ transfer/bonus/ sweat equity etc.):	-	, M	L.	-
At the End of the year	-	-	-	-

# V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding / accrued but not due for payment

Particulars of Indebtedness	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposit	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial Year	-	-	-	
i) Principal Amount	-	-	-	-
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-		-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	-	-	-
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year	-	-	-	-
Addition	-	NI NI	· -	-
Reduction	-	-	-	-
Net Change	-	-	-	-
Indebtedness at the end of the financial Year	-	-	-	-
i) Principal Amount	-/	-	-	-
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-		
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-		
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	-	-	-



# VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

# A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and / or Manager

Sr	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Manager	Total
No.		Mr. Sunil Singhal - Manager	
1	Gross Salary		
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-/
	b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of Income- Tax Act, 1961	-	-
	c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of Income tax Act, 1961	-	-
2	Stock Option	- ~	-
3	Sweat Equity	- MI.	-
4	Commission - as a % of profit - others, specify		-
5	Others, please specify Provident and other Funds Performance Bonus	-	-
	Total	-	-

# B. Remuneration to other Directors:

Sr.	Particulars of Remuneration		Name of Director	rs	Total
No.		Mr Anil Goyal	Mr. Vijay Kumar Agarwal	Mrs. Reshma Rao	Amount
1.	<ul> <li>Independent Directors</li> <li>Fee for attending board/committee meetings</li> <li>Commission</li> <li>Others, please specify</li> </ul>	- - -	-	-	-
	Total (1)	-	-	-	-
	Other Non-Executive Directors • Fees for attending board /	-	ML	-	-
	<ul><li>committee meetings</li><li>Commission</li><li>Others, please specify</li></ul>		- -		-
	Total (2)	-	-	-	-
	Total (B) = (1+2)	-/	-	-	-
	Total Managerial Remuneration	-	-	-	-
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act	1 %	of the Net Profits	of the Compan	у



# C. Remuneration to key managerial personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD:

Sr No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Key M Personn		Total
		Chief Financial Officer	Company Secretary	
1	Gross Salary	-	-	- /
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-	-/
	b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) of Income- Tax Act, 1961	-	-	-
	c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) of Income tax Act, 1961	-	-/	1
2	Stock Option	-	∧ -	-
3	Sweat Equity	-	MI.	-
4	Commission - as a % of profit - others, specify	-	-	-
5	Others, please specify Provident and other Funds Performance Bonus		-	-
	Total	-	-	-

# VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD/ NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made if any (give details)
A. COMPANY					
Penalty					
Punishment			NIL		
Compounding					
B. DIRECTORS					
Penalty					
Punishment			NIL		
Compounding					
C.OTHER OFFIC	ERS IN DEFAULT				
Penalty			NIL		

By order of the Board of Directors For Ayepee Lamitubes Limited

Sunil Singhal Reshma Rao

Place: Mumbai Director Director Date: 14 August 2018 DIN:- 00233008 DIN:- 06966747



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To,

The members of

**Ayepee Lamitubes Limited** 

# Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of **Ayepee Lamitubes Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, Cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting the frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit.

In conducting our audit, we have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder and the order issued under section 143(11) of the Act.

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment,



including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial controls relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

## **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

Attention is drawn to the note 16.2 regarding the Company not carrying out any manufacturing Operations and has substantial accumulated losses. The net worth of the Company has been fully eroded due to the accumulated losses. In view of the above, the company is not a going concern. However the accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis as the management is exploring possible steps to revive its operations of the Company. The effect of the loss for the year and networth of the Company is unascertained. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2017 was also qualified in respect of the above matter.

# **Qualified Opinion**

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the aforesaid financial statements, give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2018, and its Loss, total comprehensive income, its Cash Flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

- a) Attention is drawn to the note 16.3 regarding the amalgamation, the Board of Directors of the Company on 22 December 2017, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, has approved the Scheme of Amalgamation of the Company with Solid Containers Limited (the Scheme), pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has received approval from BSE Ltd. as per requirement of applicable regulations of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015. The Scheme is subject to requisite approvals of shareholders, NCLT and other Statutory or Regulatory authorities as may be applicable. The Scheme is in process of various compliance and approvals and therefore the above results do not include any effects thereof.
- b) Attention is drawn to the note 16.4 regarding the forfeiture of shares, the Company has forfeited 36,500 partly paid Equity shares of the company on account of non-payment of allotment money or call money or call in arrears.

Our report is not modified in respect of the above matters.



### **Other Matters**

The comparative financial information of the Company for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2017 and the transition date opening Balance Sheet as at 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2016 included in these Ind AS financial statements, are based on the statutory financial statements prepared in accordance with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 audited by us for year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2017 dated 30th May, 2017 and by other auditors for year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016 dated 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2016 whose report for the year ended expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements, as adjusted for the differences in the accounting principles adopted by the Company on transition to the Ind AS, which have been audited by us.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below is not modified in respect of these matters.

# Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- (I) As required by section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) Except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
  - c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
  - d) Except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - e) The matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, in our opinion, may have an adverse impact on the functioning of the Company.
  - f) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2018, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2018, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - g) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in **Annexure 'B'**. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
  - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Independent Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended



in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements refer Note '16.1' to the financial statements.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- (II) As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For J Singh & Associates Chartered Accountants

(Firm Reg. No. 110266W)

CA. S. P. Dixit (Partner)

Membership No. 041179

Place: Mumbai

Dated: 30 May, 2018



# ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT:

The Annexure referred to in paragraph (II) under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report to the members of Ayepee Lamitubes Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2018, we report that:

- 1. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - All the fixed assets of the Company have been physically verified by the management, during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to size of the Company and the nature of its assets. As informed to us, no discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- 2. Due to closure of commercial operations, the Company does not have any inventory during the year and hence, Clause ii of the Order is not applicable.
- According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties except unsecured loans to two companies covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. The terms and conditions of the grant of such loans are not prejudicial to the Company's interest and the schedule of repayments of principal and payment of interest is regular as mutually agreed.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities as applicable.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public in accordance with the provisions covered under Section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under. Accordingly, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- As per the information and explanations given to us, the maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government prescribed under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 7. According to the records of the Company, examined by us and information and explanations given to us:
  - Undisputed statutory dues including Income tax ,Sales-tax, Service Tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other statutory dues, as applicable have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities except delay in significant cases. There are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of aforesaid dues outstanding as at 31st March, 2018 for a period of more than six months from the date of they became payable except tax deducted at source of Rs.9,24,425/-.
  - There are no dues of Sales tax, duty of Excise, duty of Customs, and value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute. The disputed dues of income tax which have not been deposited are as under:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending	Amt. in Rs.
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	F.Y. 2002-03	Assistant Commissioner of Income Tax	1,075,551
		F.Y. 2007-08 F.Y. 2008-09	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals), Mumbai	481,920 376,450



- 8. The Company has not taken any loans from banks / financial Institutions / Government or issued debentures during the year.
- 9. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer of equity shares (including debt instruments) or term loans during the year and hence reporting under clause (ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- 10. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the company by its officers/ employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have been informed of any such instance by the Management.
- 11. According to information and explanations given to us, no managerial remuneration has been paid or provided during the year under the Act and hence relevant clause regarding its approvals does not arise.
- 12. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company as prescribed under section 406 of the Act. Accordingly reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 13. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.
- 14. The Company has not made any private placement / preferential allotment of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year hence reporting under clause (xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company during the year.
- 15. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.
- 16. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For J Singh & Associates
Chartered Accountants

(Firm Reg. No. 110266W)

CA. S. P. Dixit (Partner)

Membership No: 041179.

Mumbai

Dated: 30 May, 2018



# ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Annexure referred to in paragraph (I)(g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act').

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Ayepee Lamitubes Limited ('the Company') as of 31st March, 2018 in conjunction with Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

# Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of the Management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

# **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2018, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For J Singh & Associates Chartered Accountants

(Firm Reg. No. 110266W)

CA. S. P. Dixit (Partner)

M. No.: 041179. Place: Mumbai

Dated: 30 May, 2018



# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2018

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Note	As at 31.03.2018	As at 31.03.2017	As at 1.04.2016
Assets				
Non-current assets				
(a) Property, plant and equipment	5	1.65	1.92	2.19
(b) Capital Work-in-progress		-	-	-
(c) Intangible assets		-	-	-
(d) Intangible assets under development		-	-	-
(e) Financial assets				
(i) Investments		-	-	-
(ii) Loans	6	25.17	46.84	46.79
(iii) Other		-	-	-
(f) Non-current tax assets (net)		-	-	-
(g) Other non-current tax assets		-	-	
Total non-current assets		26.82	48.76	48.98
Current assets				
(a) Inventories		-	-	-
(b) Financial assets				
(i) Trade receivables		-	-	-
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	7	30.09	29.15	3.66
(iii) Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents		-	-	-
(iv) Loans	6	550.16	518.87	500.78
(v) Others		-	-	-
(c) Current tax assets (net)		-	-	-
(b) Other current tax assets		-	-	
Total current assets		580.25	548.02	504.44
Total assets		607.09	596.78	553.44
Equity and liabilities				
Equity				
(a) Equity share capital	8	205.18	205.18	205.18
(b) Other equity	9	(954.41)	(861.40)	(902.75)
Total Equity		(749.24)	(656.23)	(697.58)
Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities				
(a) Financial liabilites Borrowings	10	-	-	



(Amount in Lakhs)

	Note	As at 31.03.2018	As at 31.03.2017	As at 1.04.2016
(b) Provisions		-	-	-
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)		-	-	-
Total non-currents liabilities		-	-	-
Current liabilites				
(a) Financial liabilites				
(i) Borrowings		-	-	-
(ii) Trade Payables		-	-	-
(iii) Others		-	-	-
(b) Other current liabilities	11	1,356.32	1,253.02	1,251.02
(c) Provisions		-	-	-
(d) Current tax liabilities (net)		-	-	-
Total Current liabilities		1,356.32	1,253.02	1,251.02
Total equity and liabilities		607.09	596.78	553.44
Notes forming part of the financial statements	1-16			

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For J Singh & Associates		
Chartered Accountants		

Firm Registration Number 110266W

Sunil Singhal Director

(DIN:00233008)

Reshma Rao

Director (DIN:06966747)

#### S.P. Dixit

Partner Membership Number 041179

Place: Murbad Date: 30 May 2018 Keyur Doshi

Company Secretary

Jayesh Mane Chief Financial

Officer



# STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Note	2018	2017
Income			
Revenue from operations		_	-
Other income	12	9.85	39.40
Interest income	12	38.55	25.21
Liabilities written back		-	-
Total income		48.40	64.61
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed		-	-
Changes in inventories of finished goods and goods-in-process		-	-
Excise duty benefits expenses		-	-
Employee benefits expense		-	-
Finance cost	13	91.22	0.15
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5	0.27	0.27
Other expenses	13	49.92	12.80
Total expenses		141.41	13.21
Profit before tax		(93.01)	51.40
Tax expenses		(====)	
Current tax		_	10.05
Deferred tax charge/(credit)		_	-
Total tax expenses		-	10.05
Profit for the year		(93.01)	41.35
Other comprehensive income		(50.01)	11.00
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
- Remeasurement gain /(losses) on defined benefit plan		_	_
Income tax effect on above		_	_
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		_	_
Total comprehensive income for the year		(93.01)	41.35
Earnings per equity share of Rs 10 each fully paid up		(=====)	
Basic	15	(4.74)	2.06
Diluted	15	(4.74)	2.06
Notes forming part of the financial statements	1-16	, ,	

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For J Singh & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number 110266W

Sunil Singhal
Director

(DIN:00233008)

Reshma Rao

Director (DIN:06966747)

S.P. Dixit

Partner Membership Number 041179

Place: Murbad Date: 30 May 2018 **Keyur Doshi**Company Secretary

**Jayesh Mane** Chief Financial Officer



# **CHANGE IN EQUITY**

### A Equity Share Capital

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Note	
Balance as at 1 April 2016	8	205.18
Changes in equity share capital		
Balance as at 1 April 2017	8	205.18
Changes in equity share capital		
Balance as at 1 April 2018	8	205.18

### **B** Other equity

	Note	Capital reserve	Securities premium reserve	re- demp-	General reval- uation reserve	Re- tained earn- ings	Total other equity
Balance as at 1 April 2016		20	693	-	_	(1,616)	(903)
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive		-	-	-	-	-	-
income for the year							
Pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation		-	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses incurred in connection with the scheme of amalgamation		-	-	-	-	-	-
Share options exercised during the year		-	-	-	-	-	-
Amount transferred from share options outstanding account on exercise of options		-	-	-	-	-	-
Share based payments		-	-	-	_	-	-
Share based payment expense (net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
Options granted to employees of subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to debenture redemption reserve		-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity dividend		-	-	-	_	_	-
Tax on equity dividend		-	-	-	-	_	-
Balance as at 31 March 2017		20	693	-	-	(1,616)	(903)



(Amount in Lakhs)

	Note	Capital reserve	Securities premium reserve	re- demp-	General reval- uation reserve	Re- tained earn- ings	Total other equity
Balance as at 1 April 2017		20	693	-	-	(1,616)	(903)
Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	(93)	(93)
Share options exercised during the year		-	-	-	-	-	-
Transferred from share options outstanding account on exercise of options		-	-	-	-	-	-
Share based payments		-	-	-	-	-	-
Share based payment credit (net)		-	-	-	-	-	-
Options granted/(forfeited) to employees of subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-
Transferred to retained earnings on forfeiture of vested options		-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity dividend		-	-	-	-	-	-
Tax on equity dividend		-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2018		20	693	-	-	(1,709)	(996)

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For J Singh & Associates **Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration Number 110266W

Sunil Singhal Director

(DIN:00233008)

Reshma Rao

Director (DIN:06966747)

S.P. Dixit

Partner

Membership Number 041179

**Keyur Doshi** Company Secretary Jayesh Mane Chief Financial

Officer

Place: Murbad Date: 30 May 2018



### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Corporate Information

Ayepee Lamitubes Limited is a Public limited Company and incorporated in India having its registered office at B-1, MIDC, P.O. Murbad, Thane -421401. The manufacturing activities of the Company has been suspended for years because of unfavorable market conditions, commercial & other reasons.

#### 2. Application of new and revised Indian Accounting Standards

All the Indian Accounting Standards issued and notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) till the financial statements are authorized have been considered in preparing these financial statements.

#### 2.1. Standards / Amendments issued but not yet effective

In March 2018, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendments) Rules, 2017, notifying amendments to Ind AS 7, 'Statement of cash flows' and Ind AS 102, 'Share-based payment.' These amendments are in accordance with the recent amendments made by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) to IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows' and IFRS 2, 'Share-based payment,' respectively. The amendments are applicable to the Company from April 1, 2018.

#### 2.2. Amendment to Ind AS 7:

The amendment to Ind AS 7 requires the entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes, suggesting inclusion of a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the balance sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities, to meet the disclosure requirement.

The Company is evaluating the requirements of the amendment and the effect on the financial statements is being evaluated.

#### 2.3. Amendment to Ind AS 102:

The amendment to Ind AS 102 provides specific guidance to measurement of cash-settled awards, modification of cash-settled awards and awards that include a net settlement feature in respect of withholding taxes.

As the Company has not issued any stock options plans, hence this amendment will have no effect on the Company's financial statements.

#### 2.4. Amendment to Ind AS 12:

Recognition of deferred Tax Assets and Unrealised Losses

The amendments clarify that an entity needs to consider whether tax law restricts the sources of taxable profits against which it may make deductions on the reversal of that deductible temporary difference. Furthermore, the amendments provide guidance on how an entity should determine future taxable profits and explain the circumstances in which taxable profit may include the recovery of some assets for more than their carrying amount.



Entities are required to apply the amendments retrospectively. However, on initial application of the amendments, the change in the opening equity of the earliest comparative period may be recognised in opening retained earnings (or in another component of equity, as appropriate) without allocating the change between opening retained earnings and other components of equity. Entities applying this relief must disclose the fact.

These amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st April, 2018. The company is evaluating the requirements and the effect on the financial statements is being evaluated.

#### **Significant Accounting Policies:**

#### 3.1 Statement of compliances

In accordance with the notification dated 16th February, 2015, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 with effect from April 1, 2017.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015. The date of transition to Ind AS is April 1, 2016. Refer note 3.24 for details of first time adoption mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions availed by the Company.

Previous year figures in the financial statements have been restated in compliance with Ind AS upto the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company had prepared its financial statements under the historical cost convention on accrual basis in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (Previous GAAP) applicable in India and the applicable Accounting Standards as prescribed under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

In accordance with Ind AS 101-"First Time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards" (Ind AS 101), the Company has prepared and presented a reconciliation of Shareholders' equity under Previous GAAP and Ind AS as at March 31, 2017, and April 1, 2016 and of the Profit / (Loss) after tax as per previous GAAP and Total Comprehensive Income under Ind AS for the year ended March 31, 2017.

#### 3.2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or noncurrent as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees and all values are rounded to the nearest two decimal thousands except otherwise stated.



#### Fair Value Measurement:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions.

The Company categorizes assets and liabilities measured at fair value into one of three levels depending on the ability to observe inputs employed in their measurement which are described as follows:

- (a) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- (b) Level 2 inputs are inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, other than quoted prices included within level 1 for the asset or liability.
- (c) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability reflecting significant modifications to observable related market data or Company's assumptions about pricing by market participants.

#### 3.3. Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such assets.

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are not depreciated or amortized once classified as held for sale.

#### 3.4. Revenue Recognition

- 3.4.1. Sales are recognised when risks and rewards (transfer of custody of goods) are passed to customers and include all statutory levies except Value Added Tax (VAT) and are net of discounts.
- 3.4.2. Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.
- 3.4.3. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable (which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition).
- 3.4.4. For non financial assets, interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis.
- 3.4.5. Revenue from sale of scrap are recognised when risks and rewards (transfer of custody of goods) are passed to customers.
- 3.4.6. Revenue in respect of Liquidated Damages from contractors/ suppliers is recognised when determined as not payable.



3.4.7. Goods and Service Tax (GST) is presented as expense in the statement of profit and loss. GST duty in respect of difference between closing and opening stock of excisable goods is included under "Other Expenses".

#### 3.5. Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Leasehold lands where the ownership of the land will not be transferred to Company at the end of lease period are classified as operating leases.

Upfront operating lease payments are recognized as prepayments and amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Leasehold lands are considered as finance lease where ownership will be transferred to the Company as at the end of lease period. Such leasehold lands are presented under property, plant and equipment and not depreciated.

#### 3.6. **Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing costs specifically identified to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets is capitalized as part of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged in the statement of profit and loss.

#### 3.7. **Employee Benefits**

Employee benefits include provident fund, superannuation fund, gratuity fund, compensated absences, post-employment medical benefits and resettlement allowances.

#### Defined contribution plans

Employee benefit under defined contribution plans comprising of provident fund and superannuation fund are recognized based on the amount of obligation of the Company to contribute to the plan. The same is paid to a Provident Fund Trust authorities and to Life Insurance Corporation of India respectively, which are expensed during the year.

#### Defined benefit plans

Defined retirement benefit plans comprising of gratuity, post-retirement medical benefits and other long-term retirement benefits, which are recognized based on the present value of defined benefit obligation and is computed using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. These are accounted as current employee cost or included in cost of assets as permitted.

Net interest on the net defined liability is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except those included in cost of assets as permitted.

Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest as defined above) are recognised in other comprehensive income except those included in cost of assets as permitted in the period in which they occur and are not subsequently reclassified to profit or loss.



The Company contributes all ascertained liabilities with respect to Gratuity to the MRPL's Gratuity Fund Trust (MGFT). Other defined benefit schemes are un-funded.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Company's defined benefit plans.

Any surplus resulting from the actuarial calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of reductions in future contributions to the plans.

#### Short-term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service.

The cost of short-term compensated absences is accounted as under:

- (a) in case of accumulated compensated absences, when employees render the services that increase their entitlement of future compensated absences; and
- (b) in case of non-accumulating compensated absences, when the absences occur.

#### Long-term employee benefits

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation as at the balance sheet date less the fair value of the plan assets out of which the obligations are expected to be settled.

#### 3.8. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### (i) Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### (ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Financial Statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.



Deferred taxes are recognised in respect of temporary differences which originate during the tax holiday period but reverse after the tax holiday period. For this purpose, reversal of temporary difference is determined using first in first out method.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets include Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws in India, which is likely to give future economic benefits in the form of availability of set off against future income tax liability. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as deferred tax asset in the balance sheet when the asset can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with asset will be realised.

#### Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in statement of profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### 3.9. Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

Land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses if any. Freehold land is not depreciated.

PPE in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price or its construction cost (net of applicable tax credits) and any cost directly attributable to bring the asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the management. It includes professional fees and borrowing costs for qualifying assets capitalised in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of PPE when completed and ready for intended use. Parts of an item of PPE having different useful lives and material value as assessed by management and subsequent capital expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipment are accounted for as separate components.

PPE are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses if any.

Depreciation of PPE commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.



Depreciation is provided on the cost of PPE (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using Straight Line Method, over the useful life of component of various Assets as specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, except in case of certain components of the Plant and Equipment whose useful lives are determined based on technical evaluation and the useful life considered under Company's policy for the employee's vehicle and furniture scheme.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Expenditure on overhaul and repairs on account of planned shutdown which are of significant value (5% of the value of particular assets) is capitalized as component of relevant items of PPE and is depreciated over the period till next shutdown on straight line basis. Catalyst whose life is more than one year is capitalised as property, plant and equipment and depreciated over the guaranteed useful life as specified by the supplier when the catalyst is put to use.

Insurance spares received along with the plant or equipment and those purchased subsequently for specific machinery and having irregular use are capitalised.

Major capital spares are capitalised as property, plant and equipment. Depreciation on such spares capitalised as property, plant and equipment are depreciated over the period starting when it is brought into service and continuing over the shorter of its useful life and the remaining expected useful life of the asset to which it relates and written down value of the spare is charged to the statement of profit and loss as and when replaced.

Depreciation on additions/deletions to PPE during the year is provided for on a prorata basis with reference to the date of additions/deletions except low value items not exceeding 5,000/- (other than company purchase scheme for employees)which are fully depreciated at the time of addition.

Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Useful lives (in years)
1	Buildings	1-60
2	Plant and equipment -catalysts	2-10
3	Plant and equipment -computers	3-7
4	Plant and equipment –continuous process plant not covered under specific industries (Triple shift)	7.5
5	Plant and equipment – electrical/ lab/ canteen/ school	10
6	Plant and equipment –instrumentation items/ DCS/ hospital/ others	15
7	Plant and equipment -refinery assets	25
8	Plant and equipment –pipelines/ SPM/ offshore component/civil structure	30



Sr. No.	Particulars	Useful lives (in years)
9	Plant and equipment -power plant	40
10	Office equipment	5
11	Furniture and fixtures	6-10
12	Vehicles	4-8

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal, replacement or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 3.10. Intangible assets

#### 3.10.1.Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses if any.

#### 3.10.2 Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### 3.10.3Useful lives of intangible assets

Estimated useful lives of the intangible assets are as follows:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Useful lives (in years)
1.	Computer software	3-10
2.	License and franchise	3

#### 3.11. Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

The Company reviews the carrying amounts of its intangible assets and Property, plant and equipment (including capital works-in-progress) of a "Cash Generating Unit" (CGU) to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an



impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

An assessment is made annually as to see if there are any indications that impairment losses recognized earlier may no longer exist or may have come down. The impairment loss is reversed, if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the previous impairment loss was recognized. If it is so, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the lower of its recoverable amount and the carrying amount that have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. After a reversal, the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

Reversals of Impairment loss are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

#### 3.12. Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit after tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows.

The cash flows are segregated into operating, investing and financing activities.

#### 3.13. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

Contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements by way of notes to accounts when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.



Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the Financial Statements by way of notes to accounts, unless possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit is remote.

#### 3.14. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 3.15. Financial assets

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

#### (i) Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents consist of balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

#### (ii) Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### (iii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is achieved by both selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows, the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### (iv) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless it is measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### (v) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to



be measured through a loss allowance. The Company recognises lifetime expected losses for trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to lifetime expected losses, if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

#### (vi) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 3.15. Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### 3.15.1 Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new ordinary equity shares are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of tax effects.

#### 3.15.2 Financial liabilities

#### a) Financial Guarantee

When the Company receives financial guarantee from its holding company, initially it measures guarantee fees at the fair value. The Company records the initial fair value of fees for financial guarantee received as "Deemed Equity" from holding company with a corresponding asset recorded as prepaid guarantee charges. Such deemed equity is presented under the head 'other equity' in the balance sheet. Prepaid guarantee charges are recognized in statement of profit and loss over the period of financial guarantee received.

#### b) Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method.

Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item.

#### c) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired.

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



#### 3.16. Insurance Claims

In case of total loss of asset, on intimation to the insurer, either the carrying cost of the asset or insurance value (subject to deductible excess) whichever is lower is treated as claims recoverable from insurance company. In case insurance claim is less than the carrying cost of the asset, the difference is charged to statement of profit and loss.

In case of partial or other losses, expenditure incurred / payments made to put such assets back into use, to meet the third party or other liabilities (less deductible excess) if any, are accounted for as claims receivable from insurance company.

Insurance Policy deductible excess are expensed in the year in which corresponding expenditure is incurred.

As and when claims are finally received from the insurance company, the difference, if any, between the claim receivable from insurance company and claims received is adjusted to statement of profit and loss.

All other claims and provisions are booked on the merits of each case.

#### 3.17. First-time adoption - mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions

#### 3.17.1. Overall principle

The Company has prepared the opening balance sheet as per Ind AS as of April 1, 2015 (the 'transition date') by recognising all assets and liabilities whose recognition is required by Ind AS, not recognising items of assets or liabilities which are not permitted by Ind AS, by reclassifying items from previous GAAP to Ind AS as required under Ind AS, and applying Ind AS in measurement of recognised assets and liabilities. However, this principle is subject to the certain exception and certain optional exemptions availed by the Company as detailed below.

#### 3.17.2. Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Company has applied the derecognition requirements of financial assets and financial liabilities prospectively for transactions occurring on or after April 1, 2015.

#### 3.17.3. Business combinations

The Company has elected not to apply Ind AS 103 Business Combinations retrospectively to past business combinations that occurred before the transition date of April 1, 2015.

#### 3.17.4. Classification of debt instruments

The Company has determined the classification of debt instruments in terms of amortised cost criteria based on the facts and circumstances that existed as of the transition date.

#### 3.17.5. Impairment of financial assets

The Company has applied impairment requirement of Ind AS 109 prospectively from the transition date.

#### 3.17.6. Government loans

The Company has applied the exception available and accordingly carried



the amount pertaining to government loans at the carrying amount under Previous GAAP at the transition date.

#### 3.17.7. Deemed cost for property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets recognised as of April 1, 2015 measured as per the Previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of the transition date.

#### 3.17.8. Investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures

The Company has elected to carry its investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures at deemed cost being carrying amount under Previous GAAP on the transition date.

#### 3.17.9. Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease

The Company has applied Appendix C of Ind AS 17 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease' at the transition date on the basis of facts and circumstances existing at that date.

#### 3.17.10. Long Term Foreign Currency Monetary Items

The Company has adopted the same accounting policy as per Previous GAAP for the treatment of exchange differences arising from translation of long-term foreign currency monetary items those were recognized as at March 31, 2016.

#### 3.17.11. Non-current assets held for sale

The Company has measured non-current assets held for sale at the lower of carrying value and fair value less cost to sell at transition date in accordance with Ind AS 105.

#### 4. Critical Accounting Judgments, Assumptions and Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Inherent in the application of many of the accounting policies used in preparing the financial statements is the need for management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual outcomes could differ from the estimates and assumptions used.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

Key source of judgments, assumptions and estimation uncertainty in the preparation of the financial statements which may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are in respect of useful lives of property, plant and equipment, employee benefit obligations, provision for income tax and measurement of deferred tax assets.

#### 4.1. Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations (Refer note 4.2), that the Management have made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Financial Statements.



#### (a) Determination of functional currency

Currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates ("the functional currency") is Indian Rupee (₹) in which the company primarily generates and expends cash. Accordingly, the management has assessed its functional currency to be Indian Rupee (₹).

#### 4.2. Assumptions and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Information about estimates and assumptions that have the significant effect on recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses is provided below. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### (a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of PPE and intangible assets at each reporting date, based on the future economic benefits expected to be consumed from the assets.

#### (b) Defined benefit obligation (DBO)

Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

#### (c) Provision for income tax

Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions.

#### (d) Recognition of deferred tax assets

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the Company's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized. In addition, significant judgment is required in assessing the impact of any legal or economic limits or uncertainties.

#### Note: 16 - Notes to the Financial Statements

Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)

As at 31st March	2018	2017
Dividend on Preference Share Capital	9.14	1.06
Disputed Direct Tax	19.33	19.33

- The manufacturing activities of the Company had been suspended for years because of unfavorable market conditions, commercial & other reasons, and have substantial accumulated losses. In view of the above, the company may not be a going concern. However the accounts have been prepared on the going concern basis as the management are exploring possible steps to revive its operations of the Company.
- 3. The Board of Directors of the Company on 22 December 2017, on the recommendation of the



Audit Committee, has approved the Scheme of Amalgamation of Ayepee Lamitubes Limited with Solid Containers Limited (the Scheme), pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act 2013. the Company has made application to BSE Ltd for its approval as per requirement of applicable regulations of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015. The Scheme is subject to requisite approvals of shareholders, NCLT and other Statutory or Regulatory authorities as may be applicable. The Scheme is in process of various compliance and approvals and therefore the above results do not include any effects thereof.

- 4. The Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 4 January, 2018 has forfeited 36,500 (NIL) partly paid Equity shares of the Company on account of non-payment of allotment money or call money or call in arrears.
- 5. The outstanding balances as at 31st March, 2018 in respect of trade receivables, trade payables, short term loans and advances and deposits are subject to confirmation from the respective parties and consequential reconciliation / adjustments arising there from if any. The management, however, does not expect any material variation.

#### 5. Operating lease

- a) The Company has leased office under cancelable operating lease agreement that is renewable on a periodic basis at the option of both the lessor and the lessee. The rental expenses in respect of operating leases are Rs.300,000 (Rs.300,000)
- b) The Company has given building and structures under cancellable lease agreements that are renewable on a periodic basis at the option of both the Lessor and the Lessee. The initial tenure of the lease is for 60 months.

(Amount in Lakhs)

Description of significant leasing arrangements	2018	2017
Rent as per Statement of Profit and Loss	9.85	39.40
Gross carrying value of assets	17.27	17.27
Accumulated Depreciation	16.22	16.22
Depreciation recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	0.25	0.25
Impairment Losses	-	_

- 7. Figures for the previous year have been given in the bracket and are regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary.
- 8. Disclosures as required by the Accounting Standard (AS) 18 "Related Party Transactions" are given below:

#### (i) Name of the parties where control exist

There are no entities in relation to the Company which fulfills these criteria. The Company does not own more than 50% of the shares of any other Company. Further, it does not control the composition of the Board of Directors of any other Company. The Company does not have substantial interest in any other entity.

#### (ii) Subsidiary / Associate Company

The Company does not have significant influence nor is it a subsidiary or a joint venture of any party.



### A) Name of the Related Parties as Description of Relationship:

Holding / Associates	NIL
Interested by Director	NIL
Key Management Personnel	Mr. Sunil Singhal Mr. Vijaykumar Agarwal Mr. Anil Goyal Ms. Reshma Rao

#### B) Transactions for the year ended 31/03/2018:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Nature of Transaction	Ganjam Trading Company Private Limited	Solid Containers Limited	Essel Propack Limited	TOTAL
Loans/ Advances given	-	33.99	-	33.99
Payment of Rent	_	3.00	-	3.00
Interest Income	-	37.76	-	37.76
Interest Expense	9.10	-	-	9.10
Rent Income	-	-	9.85	9.85

#### C) Balance outstanding as at 31/03/2018

(Amount in Lakhs)

Nature of Transaction	Ganjam Trading Company Private Limited	Solid Containers Limited	Essel Propack Limited	TOTAL
Loan / Deposit / Advances given	1344.99	451.26	-	1796.26
Other payable	1	-	1.15	1.15
Interest payable	81.91	-	-	81.91

#### 9. First Time Adoption of Ind AS

#### A. Reconciliation of Equity as at 31st March, 2018, 31st March, 2017 and 1st April, 2016

	Note No.	As at 31st March, 2018	As at 31st March, 2017	As at 1st April, 2016
Equity as per Previous Indian GAAP		(749.23)	(656.22)	(744.62)
Adjustment		-	-	-
Equity as per Ind AS		(749.23)	(656.22)	(744.62)

There is no adjustment in total equity on 31 March 2017, and 1st April 2016.



#### B. Reconciliation of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31st March,2017

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Year Ended 31.03.2017
Net profit/ (loss) as per previous Indian GAAP	41.34
Add/(less): Ind AS adjustments	-
Effect of measuring financial instruments at fair value	-
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	-
Forward contracts measured at fair value	-
Reclassification of actuarial gain/(loss) arising in respect of defined benefit plans to other comprehensive income	-
Deferred tax on above adjustments	-
Net profit/ (loss) as per Ind AS	41.34
Other comprehensive income	-
Other Comprehensive Income as per Ind AS	41.34

#### Effect of Ind AS adoption on the Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31st March, 2017 (Amount in Lakhs)

	Note	For the 3	ear ended 31	.03.2017
	No.	Previous GAAP	Effect to transition to Ind AS	Ind AS
Net Cash flows from operating activities		12.28	-	12.28
Net Cash flows from investing activities		13.23	-	13.23
Net Cash flows from financing activities		(0.03)	-	(0.03)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		25.48	-	25.48
Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		3.66	-	3.66
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the year		39.15	-	39.15

Figures for the previous year have been given in the bracket and are regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary.

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For J Singh & Associates **Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration Number 110266W

Sunil Singhal Reshma Rao Director Director

(DIN:00233008) (DIN:06966747)

S.P. Dixit

Partner Membership Number 041179 Keyur Doshi Company Secretary Jayesh Mane Chief Financial Officer

Place: Murbad Date: 30 May 2018



### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Note- 5 Property, Plant and Equipment

(Amount in Lakhs)

	·	
Land - Leasehold	Buildings	Total
1.70	17.27	18.98
-	-	-
-	-	-
1.70	17.27	18.98
	-	-
-	-	-
1.70	17.27	18.98
0.56	16.22	16.79
0.02	0.25	0.27
-	-	-
0.58	16.47	17.05
0.02	0.25	0.27
-	-	-
0.60	16.72	17.32
1.14	1.05	2.19
1.12	0.80	1.92
1.10	0.55	1.65
	1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70  1.70  0.56 0.02 - 0.58 0.02 - 0.60  1.14 1.12	1.70       17.27         -       -         1.70       17.27         -       -         1.70       17.27         0.56       16.22         0.02       0.25         -       -         0.58       16.47         0.02       0.25         -       -         0.60       16.72         1.14       1.05         1.12       0.80

Note - 6 Loans and advances	Long -term			S	hort -term	ı
	2018	2017	2016	2018	2017	2016
(Unsecured and considered good, unless otherwise stated)						
Security deposits	0.51	24.52	24.52	-	-	-
Other advances	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances to						
- Related parties (Refer note 19)	-	-	-	451.27	419.97	401.90
- Other parties	-	-	-	98.89	98.89	98.89
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balances with Government authorities						
- Direct taxes (net of provisions)	24.66	22.33	22.27	-	-	-
Total	25.17	46.84	46.79	550.16	518.87	500.78

### AYEPEE LAMITUBES LIMITED



(Amount in Lakhs)

Note - 7 Cash and cash equivalents	2018	2017	2016
Balances with banks:			
- in Current account	30	29	4
Cash on hand	-	-	0
Tota	30	29	4

(Amount in Lakhs)

Note - 8 Equity Share capital	2018	2017	2016
Authorised			
20,00,000 (20,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	200.00	200.00	200.00
10,00,000 (10,00,000) 1 % redeemable cumulative preference shares of Re. 1 each	10.00	10.00	10.00
Total	210.00	210.00	210.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up			
19,63,500(20,00,000) equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up	196.35	200.00	200.00
Add: 36500 (Nil) equity shares of Rs. 10 each forfieted (Refer note c)	1.83	-	-
Less: Calls in arrears (Refer note (b) below)	-	1.83	1.83
7,00,000 (7,00,000) 1% redeemable cumulative preference shares of Re. 1 each fully paid up	7.00	7.00	7.00
Total	205.18	205.18	205.18

### a. Reconciliation of the equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year.

	2018		20	17	2016	
	Number of equity shares	Amount in Lakhs	Number of equity shares	Amount in Lakhs	Number of equity shares	Amount in Lakhs
At the beginning of the year	20,00,000	200.00	20,00,000	200.00	20,00,000	200.00
Less: Forfieted	36,500	3.65				
Movements during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	19,63,500	196.35	20,00,000	200.00	20,00,000	200.00



#### NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### b. Calls in arrears

	2018		2017		2016	
	Number of equity shares	Amount in Lakhs	Number of equity shares	Amount in Lakhs	Number of equity shares	Amount in Lakhs
Aggregate amount of calls in arrears	-	-	36,500	1.83	36,500	1.83
	-	-	36,500	1.83	36,500	1.83

#### c. Forfeiture of shares

Forfeiture of shares consists of 36,500 Partly paid up equity shares during the previous year.

#### d. Reconciliation of the preference shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year.

	2018		20	17	2016	
	Number of pref- erence shares	Amount in Lakhs	Number of pref- erence shares	Amount in Lakhs	Number of pref- erence shares	Amount in Lakhs
At the beginning of the year	7,00,000	7.00	7,00,000	7.00	7,00,000	7.00
Movements during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	7,00,000	7.00	7,00,000	7.00	7,00,000	7.00

#### e. Terms / right attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a face value of Rs. 10 per share. All issued shares rank pari-passu and have same voting rights per share if declared.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

#### f. Terms / right attached to redeemable cumulative preference shares

700,000 (700,000) 1 % Redeemable Cumulative Preference shares of Re. 1 each fully paid up (allotted on 30th June, 2003) are redeemable at any time after the expiry of five years from the date of allotment. These shares are yet to be redeemed by the Company.

#### g. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in company

	2018		2017		2016	
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
	of shares	Holding	of shares	Holding	of shares	Holding
Equity shares						
Ganjam Trading Company Private Limited	4,80,200	24.01	4,80,200	24.01	4,38,400	21.92
Ashok Kumar and Sons H.U.F	3,44,200	17.21	3,44,200	17.21	3,44,200	17.21



		2018		2017		2016
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
	of shares	Holding	of shares	Holding	of shares	Holding
Preference Shares						
Ganjam Trading Company Private Limited	7,00,000	100.00	7,00,000	100.00	7,00,000	100.00

(Amount in Lakhs)

Note - 9 Other equity	2018	2017	2016
a) Capital Reserve -			
As per last balance sheet	20.00	20.00	20.00
b) Securities Premium -			
As per last balance sheet	693.00	693.00	693.00
c) Retained earnings			
Surplus / (deficit) in the statement of profit and loss			
As per last balance sheet	(1,574.40)	(1,615.75)	(1,662.80)
Profit /(Loss) for the year	(93.01)	41.35	47.05
	(1,667.41)	(1,574.40)	(1,615.75)
Item of other comprehensive income recognised directly in retained earnings			
Remeasurement gains/(losses) on defined benefit plan (net of tax)	-	-	-
Total	(954.41)	(861.40)	(902.75)

#### Nature and purpose of reserves

#### Capital reserve

Capital reserve represents capital surplus and not normally available for distribution as dividend.

#### Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium received on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Capital redemption reserve

The Company had issued redeemable non-convertible debentures and accordingly DRR is required to be created pursuant to the Companies (Share capital and Debentures) Rules 2014. DRR is required to be created, out of profits of the Company available for payment of dividend, upto an amount which is equal to 25% of the total value of the debentures issued.

#### Revaluation reserve

The reserve is a distributable reserve maintained by the Company out of transfers made from annual profits.

#### Retained earnings

Retained earnings represent the accumulated earnings net of losses, if any, made by the Company over the years.

#### f) Other comprehensive income

Other comprehensive income comprises of re-measurement gains/(losses) of defined benefit obligations.



(Amount in Lakhs)

Note - 10 Short - term borrowings		2018	2017	2016
Unsecured borrowings from				
- Others		-	-	-
- Inter-corporate deposit		-	-	-
	Total	-	-	-
Inter- corporate deposit of Rs. Nil is interest free.				

(Amount in Lakhs)

Note - 11 Other current liabilities	2018	2017	2016
Deposit-interest free		1,250.00	1,250.00
Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-
Statutory liabilities	9.52	0.36	0.34
Creditors for expenses	0.65	0.38	0.20
Other payables	1,346.15	2.27	0.48
Total	1,356.32	1,253.02	1,251.02

(Amount in Lakhs)

Note - 12 Other income	2018	2017	2016
Rent income	9.85	39.40	39.45
Interest income	38.55	25.21	25.21
Liabilities written back	-	-	2.68
Total	48.40	64.61	67.34

(Amount in Lakhs)

Note - 13 Finance costs	2018	2017	2016
Interest expenses- Others	0.02	0.03	0.16
-Borrowings	91.02	-	-
Bank charges	0.18	0.12	0.34
Total	91.22	0.15	0.50

Note - 14 Other expenses	2018	2017	2016
Insurance	0.08	0.08	0.08
Rent	3.00	3.00	3.00
Revocation Fees (BSE)	35.40	-	-
Rates and taxes	-	-	1.77
Payment to auditors			
- Audit fee	0.50	0.34	0.34
- Taxation and other matters	1.84	1.15	0.54
Legal and professional fees	2.30	4.22	0.44

### AYEPEE LAMITUBES LIMITED



(Amount in Lakhs)

Note - 14 Other expenses (Continue)	2018	2017	2016
Printing and stationery	0.14	0.01	-
Advertising Exp	0.32	0.29	-
Subscription Fees	2.92	1.10	-
Postage & Couries	0.48	0.30	-
Listing fees	2.88	2.29	2.25
Conveyance	0.06	_	-
Miscellaneous expenses	-	0.01	-
Total	49.92	12.80	8.42

Note- 15 Earning per share	2018	2017	2016
Profit after tax	(93.01)	41.35	47.05
Less:. Dividend on preferance share	0.08	0.08	0.08
Profit after tax for equity shareholders	(93.09)	41.26	46.97
Weighted average number of basic & diluted equity shares (Nos.)	20.00	20.00	20.00
Basic	(4.74)	2.06	2.35
Diluted	(4.74)	2.06	2.35



## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

		(AIIIO	unt in Lakhs)
		2018	2017
A	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profit / (loss) before tax	(93.01)	51.40
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and amortization expenses	0.27	0.27
	Share-based payment (credit)/expense(net) (Refer Note)	-	-
	Interest expense	91.04	0.03
	Liabilities written back	-	-
	Interest income	(38.55)	(25.21)
	Unwinding of discount on security deposits	-	-
	Net gain of disposal property, plant and equipment	-	-
	Gain on sale of current investments	-	-
	Bad and doubtful debts (net of provision)	-	-
	Remeasurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit plan	-	-
	Deferred rent amortisation	-	-
	Amortisation of ancillary borrowing cost	-	-
	Exchange adjustments (net)	-	_
	Operating profit before working capital changes	(40.25)	26.49
	Adjustments for:	·	
	(Increase) / decrease in trade and other receivables	(9.63)	(8.08)
	(Increase) / decrease in inventories	-	-
	(Increase) / (decrease) in trade and other payables	(103.31)	(2.00)
	Cash generated from operations	(153.18)	16.41
	Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(5.18)	(4.13)
	Net cash from operating activities (A)	(158.36)	12.28
В	Cash flow from investing activities	·	
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment (including capital	-	-
	work-in-progress)		
	Sale of property, plant and equipment	-	-
	Decrease in other bank balances	-	-
	Loan given	209.10	(20.78)
	Loan given received	2.70	8.81
	Repayment received of loan taken over pursuant to scheme of amalgamation (Refer Note)	-	-
	Purchase of current investments	_	-
	Sale of current investments	-	-
	(Increase) / decrease in other receivables of subsidiaries (net)	-	-
	Intrest received	38.55	25.21
	Net cash from/ (used in) Investing activities (B)	250.35	13.24



(Amount in Lakhs)

		(	
		2018	2017
C	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Proceeds from issue of equity shares (including securities Premium)	-	-
	Proceeds from issue of non-convertible debentures	-	-
	Redemption of non-convertible debentures	-	-
	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	-	-
	Repayment of long-term borrowings	-	-
	Proceeds from short-term borrowings	-	-
	Repayment of short-term borrowings	-	-
	Increase in other borrowings (net)	-	-
	Principal payment under finance lease	-	-
	Intrest paid	(91.04)	(0.03)
	Ancillary borrowing costs incurred	-	-
	Dividend paid (including tax)	-	-
	Expenses incurred pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation (Refer Note)	-	-
	Net cash used in financing activities (C)	(91.04)	(0.03)
	Net changes in cash and equivalents (A+B+C)	0.94	25.49
	Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the year	29.15	3.66
	Cash and cash equivalent acquired pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation (Refer Note)	-	-
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	30.09	29.15

#### Note:

- 1. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-7) - Statement of cash
- 2. Previous year figures are regrouped/ reclassified wherever necessary.

As per our attached report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For J Singh & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number 110266W	Sunil Singhal Director (DIN:00233008)	Reshma Rao Director (DIN:06966747)
<b>S.P. Dixit</b> Partner Membership Number 041179	<b>Keyur Doshi</b> Company Secretary	<b>Jayesh Mane</b> Chief Financial Officer
To 1 1 1		

Place: Murbad Date: 30 May 2018

#### AYEPEE LAMITUBES LIMITED

NOTES			

#### AYEPEE LAMITUBES LIMITED

Regd. Off: B-1, MIDC P.O. Murbad, Thane, Maharashtra – 421401, India Phone: 9765405761 CIN: L74999MH1984PLC032132

Website: www.ayepeelamitubes.net, Email id:ayepeelamitubes@gmail.com

#### ATTENDANCE SLIP

34th Annual General Meeting - 28 September 2018 at 4:00 P.M

Name of the Mem	ber(s) :		
Registered addres	es :		
E-mail ID	:		
Folio No	: No. of Sha	arec ·	
	e am/are the registered Member(s)/proxy for the registered Member(s) of the Comp		
I/We hereby record r B-1, MIDC P.O. Mur	my/our presence at the 34th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company at the bad, Thane, Maharashtra – 421401, India on <b>Friday, 28 September 2018 at 4.00</b> e this slip and hand it over at the entrance of the Meeting venue.	Register	ed Office a
Note. Flease complet		s/Proxv'	s Signatur
	FORM NO. MGT-11		
	PROXY FORM		
[Pursuant to section 10	05(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Admini	stration) I	Rules, 2014
CIN	: L74999MH1984PLC032132		
Name of the Compa	ny : AYEPEE LAMITUBES LIMITED		
Registered Office	: B-1, MIDC P.O. Murbad, Thane, Maharashtra – 421401, India		
Name of the Membe	$\operatorname{cr}(s)$ :		
Registered address	:		
E-mail ID	:		
Folio No	:		
I/We,	being the Member(s) of shares of the above named comp	any, here	by appoint
1. Name	Address		
Email ID	Signature	or	failing hin
2. Name	Address		
Email ID	Signature	or	failing him
3. Name	Address		
Email ID	Signature	or	failing hin
Company, to be held	attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the Annual Gen on Friday, 28 September 2018 at 4.00 p.m. at the Registered Office at B-1, MIDC P D1, India and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indi	O. Murb	oad, Thane
Resolution No.	Particulars	Opti	ional *
Ordinary Business		For	Against
bal sta	consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company, including ance sheet as at 31 March 2018, profit and loss statement and cash flow tement for the year ended on that date, Reports of the Board and Auditors of the mpany thereon.		
	Re-appoint Ms. Reshma Rao (holding DIN: 06966747), who retires by rotation d being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.		
Signed this	day of September 2018		Affix
Signature of Member	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Revenue
Signature of Proxy h	older(s):		Stamp of ₹1
Note:	· · ·	<u> </u>	
	in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered C	Office of t	the Compa

- 1. This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the Scheduled time for commencement of the Meeting.
- 2. For the Resolutions and Notes, please refer to Notice of the Annual General Meeting.
- 3. \* It is optional to put a 'x' in the appropriate column against the resolutions indicated in the box. If you leave the 'For' or 'Against' column blank against any or all Resolutions, your Proxy will be entitled to vote in the manner as he/she thinks appropriate.
- 4. Please complete all details including details of Member(s) in above box before submission.

AYEPEE LAMITUBES LIMITED Regd. Off: B-1, MIDC P.O. Murbad, Thane Maharashtra - 421 401, India Phone: 9765405761/7506449717