

LANDMARC

Leisure Corporation Limited

CIN: L65990MH1991PLC060535

September 3, 2022

To,
BSE Limited
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,
Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400 001

Scrip Code: 532275

Dear Sir / Madam,

In compliance with Reg. 34 of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, please find attached herewith Annual Report of the Company for the FY 2021-22

Date of Annual General Meeting - September 30, 2022.

This is for your record and information.

Please take note of the same.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

For **Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited**

K.R. Mahadevan
Whole Time Director
DIN: 07485859

**LANDMARC LEISURE CORPORATION
LIMITED**

Annual Report 2021-22

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

To,
The Members,
Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting Annual Report together with the Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2022

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS

Your Company financial performance during the year 2021-22 is summarized below:

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Particulars	2021-2022	2020-2021
Income from Operations	1.13	1.06
Other Income	0.97	1.96
Less: Expenses	138.48	77.53
Profit/(Loss) Before Extraordinary Items and Tax	(136.38)	(74.51)
Less: Extraordinary Items	-	-
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	(136.38)	(74.51)
Less: Taxation	-	(2.96)
Profit/(Loss) After Tax	(136.38)	(71.55)
EPS (in Rs.)	(0.017)	(0.009)

2. FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The Company's Net Loss for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2022 stood at Rs. 136.38 Lakhs as against a Net Loss of Rs. 71.55/- Lakhs in the previous year.

3. CHANGE IN NAME OF THE COMPANY

There was no change in the name of the company during the year under review.

4. CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS

There is no change in the nature of the business of the company.

5. TRANSFER TO RESERVES

Profit during the year has been transferred to Reserves.

6. CHANGES IN SHARE CAPITAL

The Authorised Share Capital of the Company is Rs. 1,10,00,00,000/- divided into 11,00,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each and the paid-up share capital of the Company is Rs. 80,00,00,000/- divided into 8,00,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each.

The Company has not issued any kind of shares or securities during the year under review.

7. DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors expressed their inability to recommend any dividend on equity shares for the year ended March 31, 2022.

8. PUBLIC DEPOSITS

During the year, the Company has not accepted any deposits from public nor during the previous financial year.

9. BUY-BACK / SWEAT EQUITY / BONUS SHARES

The Company has neither bought back its shares nor has issued any sweat equity or Bonus shares during the year under review.

10. EMPLOYEES STOCK OPTION PLAN

The Company has not provided any Stock Option Scheme to the Employees.

11. STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s. S K H D & Associates, Chartered Accountants were appointed as Statutory Auditor of the Company hold office for a period of five years from the conclusion of 30th Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of 35th Annual General Meeting.

The Board noted the continuation of M/s. S K H D & Associates, Chartered Accountants as Statutory Auditors of the Company till FY 2025-2026.

12. INTERNAL AUDITOR

M/s Rupal Motwani is the Internal Auditor of the Company for the FY 2021-22 from FY 2021-2022 to FY 2023-2024. Further, in the Board meeting, the Internal Auditor was appointed for a further period of three years from FY 2021-22 to FY 2023-24.

13. STATUTORY AUDIT REPORT

The Auditors' Report on the financial statement for the current year is self-explanatory, therefore does not require any further explanation. The Company has already submitted declaration pursuant to Regulation 33(3)(d) of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 to the Stock Exchange(s).

14. COST AUDITOR REPORT AND COST RECORD

Appointment of Cost Auditor and maintenance of cost records is not applicable to the company.

15. DETAILS IN RESPECT OF FRAUDS REPORTED BY AUDITORS UNDER SUB-SECTION (12) OF SECTION 143

There are no frauds reported by the Statutory Auditors of the Company under Section 143 (12).

16. SECRETARIAL AUDITOR AND SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

M/s. NVB & Associates, Practicing Company Secretary was appointed as Secretarial Auditor to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial Years 2021-22 to 2023-24 pursuant to Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there under.

The Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year 2021-2022 forms part of the Annual Report.

The Listed Entity has paid listing fees after a delay in tranches to the Recognized Stock Exchange.

17. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

In accordance with the Companies Act, Appointment of Mrs. Vidhi Kasliwal (DIN: 00332144) as Non-Executive – Non Independent Director who retires by rotation and being eligible, offer herself for reappointment.

During the year under review, Mr. Deepak Nangalia ceased to be CFO w.e.f June 30, 2021

During the year under review, the Board of Director of the company accept the resignation Mr. S.D Sinha (DIN: 00040488) from the Chairman and non-executive Director of the Company w.e.f. November 12, 2021

During the year under review, Mr. Harshil Chheda ceased to be Company Secretary and compliance officer w.e.f May 22, 2021

During the year under review, Ms. Isha Bakre appointed as Company Secretary and compliance officer w.e.f December 2, 2021

Subsequent to year ended under review, the special resolution passed by the members through postal ballot on April 20, 2022 following directors appointed:

- I. Mr. Jitendra Chaudhary (DIN - 09462142) appointed as Non-Executive Independent Director.
- II. Ms. Aarti Bagdi (DIN - 03636070) appointed as Non-Executive Women Independent Director.
- III. Mahadevan Kavassery (DIN - 07485859) appointed as Whole Time Director And Chief Financial Officer

18. ANNUAL RETURN

The Annual Return along with Notice of AGM is uploaded on the website of the Company. The web link for the same is as under: <https://llcl.co.in/>

19. DETAILS OF SUBSIDIARIES/ASSOCIATES/JOINT VENTURES, IF ANY:

As on March 31, 2022, the Company does not have any subsidiary, associate or joint venture.

20. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION & FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The information pertaining to Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo as required under section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is annexed to this report as **Annexure I**.

21. VIGIL MEGHANISM

The Company has established a Vigil Mechanism that enables the Directors and Employees to report genuine concerns. The Vigil Mechanism provides for (a) adequate safeguards against victimization of persons who use the Vigil Mechanism; and (b) direct access to the Chairperson of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company in appropriate or exceptional cases.

The web link for the policy is as under: <https://llcl.co.in/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/Whistle-Blower-Policy.pdf>

22. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The provisions of Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the Company as it does not fall within the purview of Section 135(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.

23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There were contracts or arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013. The related party transactions as per IND AS 24 are given in the notes to the financial accounts and forms part of the Annual Report.

The policy on Related Party Transactions is part of the website of the Company. The web link for the policy on related party transaction is as under:

<https://llcl.co.in/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/Related-Part-Transaction-Policy.pdf>

24. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has devised and implemented a mechanism for risk management.

25. FAMILIARIZATION PROGRAMME FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company proactively keeps its Directors informed of the activities of the Company, its management and operations and provides an overall industry perspective as well as issues being faced by the industry. Details of the Familiarization program for Independent Directors form part of the website of the Company. The web link of Familiarization program is as under:

https://llcl.co.in/wpcontent/uploads/2016/04/Familiarization_Programme_for_Independent_Directors.pdf

26. INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR'S MEETING

The Board of Directors of the Company meets once in every Financial Year without the presence of Executive Directors and Management of the Company. The role of the Directors is as per the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 as well as the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

27. DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Pursuant to Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015, the Independent Directors of the Company have given the declaration to the Company that they qualify the criteria of independence as required under the Act.

28. A STATEMENT REGARDING OPINION OF THE BOARD WITH REGARD TO INTEGRITY, EXPERTISE AND EXPERIENCE (INCLUDING THE PROFICIENCY) OF THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS APPOINTED DURING THE YEAR

In the opinion of the board, the independent directors fulfill the conditions specified in SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, and are independent of the management of the Company.

29. BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015, the Board has carried out annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the directors individually as well the evaluation of the working of its Audit, Nomination & Remuneration and Stakeholder committee, including the Chairman of the Board who were evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement and contribution and independence of judgment thereby safeguarding the interest of the Company. The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non -Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors. The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

30. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The company has complied with the provisions of Regulation 17 to 27 of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, to the extent possible. A separate section on Corporate Governance forms part of the Directors' Report as stipulated in Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, is included in the Annual Report.

31. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE OF APPLICABLE SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

The Board hereby states that the Company has complied with all the applicable secretarial standards to the extent possible

32. PARTICULARS OF LOANS GIVEN, GUARANTEES GIVEN OR INVESTMENTS MADE UNDER SECTION 186 OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Particulars of loans, guarantees and investments made by Company pursuant to Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are given in the notes to the financial accounts forming part of the Annual Report. The loans and advances made by the Company, during the financial year under review, are within the limits prescribed in the section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

33. MATERIAL CHANGES BETWEEN THE DATE OF THE BOARD REPORT AND END OF FINANCIAL YEAR

There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report. Due to Current Pandemic situation Company's operation has come to standstill. As per MCA Circular, Current year AGM is being held through Video Conferencing. Necessary procedure is given in the AGM Notice. Members are requested to update their Email ID either by writing to the Company or through the Register or Transfer Agents.

34. SIGNIFICANT AND / OR MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS

SEBI vide order dated January 20, 2022 has imposed penalty on company and its director. The same has been paid.

35. THE DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR ANY PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016 (31 OF 2016) DURING THE YEAR ALONG WITH THEIR STATUS AS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR.

As on March 31, 2022, there is no proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

36. THE DETAILS OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AMOUNT OF THE VALUATION DONE AT THE TIME OF ONE TIME SETTLEMENT AND THE VALUATION DONE WHILE TAKING LOAN FROM THE BANKS OR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ALONG WITH THE REASONS THEREOF

There is no one time settlement done with bank or any financial institution.

37. IN CASE THE SECURITIES ARE SUSPENDED FROM TRADING, THE DIRECTORS REPORT SHALL EXPLAIN THE REASON THEREOF;

The trading of the company has been suspended.

38. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

An extract of the Company's policy relating to directors appointment, payment of remuneration and discharge of their duties is annexed herewith as **Annexure II**.

The web link to the Nomination and Remuneration Policy is as under: <https://llcl.co.in/>

39. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The Company does not have any employee/Director who is in receipt of remuneration aggregating to the sum prescribed in Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”) read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

40. A STATEMENT REGARDING OPINION OF THE BOARD WITH REGARD TO INTEGRITY, EXPERTISE AND EXPERIENCE (INCLUDING THE PROFICIENCY) OF THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS APPOINTED DURING THE YEAR

In the opinion of the board, the independent directors fulfill the conditions specified in SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, and are independent of the management of the Company.

41. DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The company has in place a policy for prevention of sexual harassment in accordance with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment.

- a. number of complaints filed during the financial year - None
- b. number of complaints disposed of during the financial year - None
- c. number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year - None

42. TRANSFER OF AMOUNTS TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

The Company does not have any funds lying unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years. Therefore there were no funds which were required to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).

43. ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company has adequate internal financial controls besides timely statutory audit and limited reviews of performance taking place periodically.

44. DIRECTORS’ RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134 of the Act, the Directors state that:

- (a) In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures, if any;
- (b) Appropriate accounting policies have been selected and applied consistently and have made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022 and of the profit for the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022;
- (c) Proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) The annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- (e) Proper internal financial controls were followed by the Company and such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively;
- (f) Proper systems are devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.
- (g)

45. COVID-19 AND ITS IMPACT

During the year under review the covid-19 pandemic developed rapidly globally thereby forcing the government to enforce complete lock-down since March 24, 2020 of almost all economic activities except essential services which are allowed to operate with limited staff strength during the lock down period your company continued its operations by strictly adhering to the minimal staff strength requirement and maintaining social distance and other precautions as per government directions. The pandemic has drastically effected the operations and the financials of the company.

46. REGISTRATION WITH INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS DATABANK

The Independent directors of the company are yet to be registered with Independent director databank.

47. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors takes opportunity to show gratitude towards the assistance and co-operation received from Shareholders.

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of
Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Place: Mumbai

Date: August 12, 2022

Director

Director

ANNEXURE I**DETAILS OF CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO****A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY****(a) Major energy conservation measures taken during the year:**

The Company has taken adequate measures to conserve energy by continuous monitoring and effective use of energy, which is a continuous process.

(b) Additional investment and proposals, if any, being implemented for reduction of consumption of energy:

No additional investment proposed.

(c) Impact of measures at (a) and (b) above for reduction of energy consumption and consequent impact on the cost of production of goods:

Since it is continuous process of monitoring and usage, the impact is not quantifiable.

(d) During the year company has only consumed electricity as follows:

	2021-22	2020-21
Total Electricity Expenses	Nil	Rs. 2,41,000 /-

B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

Particulars with respect to technology absorption are given below:

A. Research and Development (R & D)**i. Specific areas in which R & D carried out by the Company:**

The Company has not carried out any research and development activities during the year under review.

ii. Benefits derived as a result of the above R & D : Not Applicable**iii. Future plan of Action : NIL****iv. Expenditure on R & D.: NIL****B. Technology absorption, adoption and innovations: NIL****C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO: NIL**

ANNEXURE II

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION POLICY

Extract of the Policy is as under:

Appointment of Directors:

The appointments of Directors are recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company however all the appointments are subject to approval of Board of Directors of the Company.

Remuneration to Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

None of the directors are entitled to any Remuneration or any sitting fees however reimbursement of expenses is allowed wherever expense is made for the Company.

Discharge of Duties:

Directors and KMP are required to perform all the duties which are mentioned under the Articles and all other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors of the Company.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company firmly believes that Corporate Governance and compliance practices are of paramount importance in order to maintain the trust and confidence of the stakeholders, clients, and the good reputation of the Company and the unquestioned integrity of all personnel involved with the Company.

The company has complied with the provisions of Regulation 17 to 27 of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, to the extent possible.

The Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance envisages the attainment of highest levels of transparency, accountability and equity, in all facets of its operations and in all interactions with its stakeholders, including shareholders, employees, the government and lenders.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors along with its Committees provides leadership and vision to the management and supervises the functioning of the Company. In terms of the Company's Corporate Governance Policy, all statutory and other significant and material information are placed before Board to enable it to discharge its responsibilities of strategic supervision of the Company as trustees of stakeholders.

Details of Composition of Board as on March 31, 2022 are given below:-

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	Category	Original Date of Appointment	Directorship in Other Companies#	Membership of Committee	Member as Chairman of Committee
1.	*Mr. S.D. Sinha	Non-Executive Independent	17/06/2002	0	0	0
2.	Mr. K.R. Mahadevan	Executive	12/04/2016	0	0	0
3.	Ms. Vidhi Kasliwal	Non-Executive Independent	17/06/2005	3	1	0
4.	Mr. R.N. Jha	Non-Executive Independent	12/04/2016	5	3	2
5.	Mr. JaljeetKiran Ajani	Non-Executive Independent	04/09/2019	1	3	1
6.	*Jitendra Chaudhary	Non-Executive Independent	24/01/2022		3	0
7.	*Aarti Bagdi	Non-Executive Independent	24/01/2022		3	0

During the year under review, the Board of Director of the company accept the resignation Mr. S.D Sinha (DIN: 00040488) from the Chairman and non-executive Director of the Company w.e.f. November 12, 2021

Subsequent to year ended under review, the special resolution passed by the members through postal ballot on April 20, 2022 following directors appointed:

- I. Mr. Jitendra Chaudhary (DIN - 09462142) appointed as Non-Executive Independent Director.*
- II. Ms. Aarti Bagdi (DIN - 03636070) appointed as Non-Executive Women Independent Director.*

III. Mahadevan Kavassery (DIN - 07485859) appointed as Whole Time Director And Chief Financial Officer

#Includes Private Companies but excludes Limited Liability Partnership, Foreign Companies, Section 8 Companies & Alternate Directorship

*includes Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee only, of all companies including this company

None of the Directors of the Company are directors in any other listed Company

Note: None of the Director is a member of more than 10 committees or acting as Chairman of more than 5 committees across all companies in which he is a director.

During the financial year 2021-22, Eight (08) Board Meetings were held i.e. on May 21, 2021, June 30, 2021, August 14, 2021, November 12, 2021, December 12, 2021, January 24, 2022, February 14, 2022 and March 16, 2022.

ATTENDANCE OF DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR 2021-22

Name of Director	Board Meeting	Audit Committee	Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Stakeholders Relationship Committee	AGM
S.D. Sinha	1 of 3	-	-	-	No
K.R. Mahadevan	8 of 8	-	-	-	Yes
Vidhi Kasliwal	8 of 8				Yes
R.N. Jha	8 of 8	5 of 5	4 of 4	4 of 4	Yes
Jaljeet Ajani	8 of 8	5 of 5	4 of 4	4 of 4	Yes
*Jitendra Chaudhary	1 of 3	2 of 2	2 of 2	1 of 1	Yes
*Aarti Bagdi	1 of 3	2 of 2	2 of 2	1 of 1	Yes

DISCLOSURE OF RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DIRECTORS INTER-SE

None of the Directors of the Company are related to each other. None of the Directors hold any share in the Company.

NUMBER OF SHARES AND CONVERTIBLE INSTRUMENTS HELD BY NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS;

None of the Directors/KMP holds any shares in the Company

CHART OF SKILLS/EXPERTISE/COMPETENCE OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The following are the skills/competencies determined as required for the discharge of the obligations by the Board:

Major Classification	Sub Classification	Remarks
Industry Related	Specific Skills	Good knowledge about the trading business and industry and the issues specific to the Company.
	Technical Skills	Technical/professional skills and specialist knowledge about the Company, its market, process, operations, etc. (For Executive Directors).

Strategy & Policy	Strategy	Ability to identify and critically assess strategic opportunities and threats to the business. Guiding development of strategies to achieve the overall goals.
	Policies	Guidance for development of policies and other parameters within which the Company should operate for better control and management.
	Crisis Management	Ability to guide crisis management and provide leadership in hours of need.
Risk & Compliance	Operational	Identification of risks related to each area of operation.
	Legal	Monitor the risks and compliances and knowledge of regulatory requirements.
	Financial	Experience in accounting and finance, ability to analyze the financial statements presented, assess the viability of various financial proposals, oversea funding arrangements and budgets.

INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

In the opinion of the board, the independent directors fulfill the conditions specified in SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, and are independent of the management of the Company.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The terms of reference of the Audit committee include the matters specified under SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015 as well as in Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee, *inter alia*, include the following:

- oversight of the listed entity’s financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the listed entity;
- approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:
 - a. matters required to be included in the director’s responsibility statement to be included in the board’s report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - b. changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
 - c. major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
 - d. significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
 - e. compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
 - f. disclosure of any related party transactions;
 - g. modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report;
- reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval;
- reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report

- submitted by the monitoring agency, monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the board to take up steps in this matter;
- reviewing and monitoring the auditor’s independence, performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
 - approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the listed entity with related parties;
 - scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
 - valuation of undertakings or assets of the listed entity, wherever it is necessary;
 - evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
 - reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
 - reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
 - discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
 - reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board;
 - discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
 - to look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
 - to review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism;
 - approval of appointment of chief financial officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
 - Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the audit committee.

The Audit Committee met Five (5) times during the year ended March 31, 2022, i.e. on June 30, 2021, August 14, 2021, November 12, 2021, February 14, 2022 and March 16, 2022

The Composition of Audit Committee is as under:

Name of the Member	Status
Mr. JaljeetKiran Ajani	Chairperson
Jitendra Balwansinh Chaudhary	Member
Mr. R.N. Jha	Member
Aarti Bagdi	Member

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

a) Brief description of terms of reference

1. formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the board of directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
2. formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the board of directors;
3. devising a policy on diversity of board of directors;
4. identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the board of directors their appointment and removal.
5. Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee met four (4) times during the year, i.e. June 30, 2021, November 12, 2021, January 24, 2022, March 16, 2022

b) Composition

The Committee of the Company has the following composition

Name of the Member	Status
Mr. R.N. Jha	Chairperson
Jitendra Balwansinh Chaudhary	Member
Mr. JaljeetKiran Ajani	Member
Aarti Bagdi	Member

STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

- a. The Committee looks into issues relating to shareholders / investors, including complaints relating to transfer / transmission of shares, issue of duplicate share certificates, non-receipt of annual report etc. and their redressal.
- b. The Committee presently comprises of three Members:

Name of the Member	Status
Mr. R.N. Jha	Chairperson
Jitendra Balwansinh Chaudhary	Member
Mr. JaljeetKiran Ajani	Member
Aarti Bagdi	Member

- c. The Board has delegated power of approving transfer of shares to RTA.
- d. The Company Secretary of the Company is the Compliance Officer.
- e. During the year under review, no complaints were received from Shareholders / Investors.

During the year, the Stakeholder Relationship Committee met Four (4) time during the year, i.e. on June 30, 2021, August 14, 2021, November 12, 2021 and February 14, 2022

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

The details of Annual General Meetings (AGM) of the Company held in last 3 years are as under:

AGM	Date	Time	Venue
28 th AGM	30 th September 2019	10.00 am	Registered Office
29 th AGM	22 nd December 2020	10.00 am	Registered Office
30 th AGM	30 th September 2021	11.00am	Registered Office

Director attended the last Annual General Meeting.

Details of special resolution passed in last three Annual General Meetings:

Sr. No	Particulars	Date
1.	Reappointment of Mr. Rudra Narain Jha (Din: 00033291) as an Independent Director	30th September,2021
2.	Reappointment Of Mr. Swetamber Dhari Sinha (Din: 00040488) As Nonexecutive Director	30th September,2021
3.	Reappointment of Mr. Mahadevan Ramanathan Kavassery (Din:07485859) As Executive Director	30th September, 2021

Subsequent to the year under review, special resolution was passed by the members through postal ballot on April 20, 2022 following directors were appointed:

- I. **Mr. Jitendra Chaudhary (DIN - 09462142) appointed as Non-Executive Independent Director.**
- II. **Ms. Aarti Bagdi (DIN - 03636070) appointed as Non-Executive Women Independent Director.**
- III. **Mahadevan Kavassery (DIN - 07485859) appointed as Whole Time Director And Chief Financial Officer**

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

Your Company regularly provides relevant information to the Stock Exchange as per the requirements of the provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015.

- The quarterly, half-yearly and Annual financial results of the Company are published in leading newspapers in India and uploaded with BSE Limited.
- The results and official news are available on www.bseindia.com and www.llcl.co.in
- Your Company has posted all its Official News releases on its website.
- No formal representations were made to Institutional Investors or Analysts during the year under review.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORT

The Management Discussion and Analysis Report forms part of the Annual Report.

GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Detailed information in this regard is provided in section “Shareholders Information” which forms part of this Annual Report.

a. Annual General Meeting

Day & Date: September 30, 2022

Venue: Registered Office

Time: 12:00 p.m.

Financial Calendar: 1st April, 2021 to 31st March, 2022

b. Financial year April 1, 2021 – March 31, 2022 Calendar (tentative dates of declaration of Quarterly results)

1st Quarter: Within 45 Days from end of respective quarter

2nd Quarter: Within 45 Days from end of respective quarter

3rd Quarter: Within 45 Days from end of respective quarter

4th Quarter: Within 60 Days from end of respective quarter

c. Date of Book Closure : September 24, 2022 to September 26, 2022. (Both days inclusive).

d. Dividend Payment : NIL

e. Listing of Shares : Bombay Stock Exchange Limited
P.J. Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001

f. Listing Fees : The Company is in process of paying the Listing Fees for the financial year 2021-22

g. Stock Code & ISIN : 532275, Demat ISIN No. in NSDL & CDSL – INE394C01023

h. Market Price Data :

Month	Price on BSE (Rs.)			
	Open	High	Low	Close
Apr 2021	0.39	0.39	0.36	0.38
May 2021	0.36	0.36	0.31	0.32
June 2021	0.31	0.34	0.31	0.34
July 2021	0.35	0.38	0.35	0.38
Aug 2021	0.39	0.42	0.37	0.38

Sept 2021	0.38	0.39	0.36	0.36
Oct 2021	0.36	0.39	0.35	0.39
Nov 2021	0.40	0.48	0.40	0.48
Dec 2021	0.50	0.56	0.50	0.56
Jan 2022	0.58	0.69	0.58	0.69
Feb 2022	0.72	0.81	0.72	0.81
Mar 2022	0.85	0.97	0.85	0.97

i. BSE Sensex

Month	Open	High	Low	Close
Apr-21	49,868.53	50,375.77	47,204.50	48782.36
May-21	48,356.01	52,013.22	48,028.07	51,937.44
Jun-21	52,067.51	53,126.73	51,450.58	52,482.71
Jul-21	52,638.50	53,290.81	51,802.73	52,586.84
Aug-21	52,901.28	57,625.26	52,804.08	57,552.39
Sep-21	57,763.53	60,412.32	57,263.90	59,126.36
Oct-21	58,889.77	62,245.43	58,551.14	59,306.93
Nov-21	59,577.48	61,036.56	56,382.93	57,064.87
Dec-21	57,365.85	59,203.37	55,132.68	58,253.82
Jan-22	58,310.09	61,475.15	54,383.20	56,247.28
Feb-22	58,672.86	59,618.51	54,383.20	56,247.28
Mar-22	55,629.30	58,890.92	52,260.82	58,568.51

j. Distribution of Holding

Shareholding of Nominal Value	Shareholders	%	Shares in Rs.	%
Upto 5,000	11,247	86.4489	158,92,345	1.9865
5,001 – 10,000	901	6.9254	75,06,241	0.9383
10,001 – 20,000	430	3.3051	65,34,800	0.8168
20,001 – 30,000	170	1.3067	43,32,625	0.5416
30,001 – 40,000	57	0.4381	19,87,133	0.2484
40,001 – 50,000	59	0.4535	27,31,032	0.3414
50,001 – 1,00,000	83	0.6380	62,78,992	0.7849
1,00,001 and above	63	0.4842	75,47,36,832	94.3421
TOTAL	13,010	100	80,00,00,000	100

k. Shareholding Pattern as on March 31, 2022

Categories	No. of Shares	% of Shareholding
Clearing Member	48975	0.01
Corporate Bodies	133828357	16.73
Corporate Bodies(Promoter Co)	572312612	71.54
Corporate Body NDFC	2373	0.00
Non Resident Indian	2923958	0.37
Promoters	21599966	2.70
Public	63273759	7.91

Relatives Of Director	6000000	0.75
Trusts	10000	0.00
Total	800000000	100%

l. Registrar and Transfer Agent

Bigshare Services Pvt Ltd

1st Floor, Bharat Tin Works Building, Opp. Vasant Oasis, Makwana Road, Marol, Andheri (East), Mumbai, Maharashtra, 400059

Tel.: 022-62638200 ; **Fax:** 022-62638299;

Email: info@bigshareonline.com;

Website: www.bigshareonline.com

m. Share Transfer System: Share Transfer in physical form are generally registered and returned within 15 days from the date of receipt in case if documents are complete in all respects.

n. Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any convertible instruments, conversion data likely impact on Equity: NIL

o. Dematerialization of shares and liquidity: 97.75% of the shares are held in DEMAT form. Company has DEMAT connectivity with CDSL & NSDL.

Bifurcations of shares held in physical and demat form as on 31st March, 2022.

Particulars	No. of Shares	%
Physical Segment	5,09,300	2.25
Demat Segment		
NSDL	64,91,46,409	51.66
CDSL	15,03,44,291	46.09
Total	80,00,00,000	100

p. Nomination

Individual Shareholders holding shares singly or jointly in physical form can nominate a person in whose name the shares shall be transferable in case of death of the registered shareholder(s). Nomination facility in respect of shares held in electronic form is also available with the depository participants as per the bye-laws and business rules applicable to NSDL and CDSL. Nomination forms can be obtained from your Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.

q. Address for Communication

Registered Office* : 303, Raaj Chamber, 115 R.K. Paramhans Marg (Old Nagardas Road), Near Andheri Station Subway, Andheri East- Mumbai 400069

Tel No: +91 22 61669190/91/92; Fax: +91 22 61669193

Email ID: grievances@llcl.co.in

r. Credit Ratings: The Company has not obtained any credit rating for its securities.

s. Other Disclosures:

- (i.) Disclosures on materially significant related party transactions:
The Company does not have any materially significant related party transactions, which may have potential conflict with the interest of the Company.
- (ii.) Cases of Non-compliances / Penalties: SEBI and BSE has imposed penalty on the company and its Directors.
- (iii.) Vigil Mechanism / Whistle Blower:

- Information relating to Vigil mechanism has been provided in the Board's Report. The Company has adopted the Whistle Blower Policy with direct access to Chairman of Audit Committee. The policy is available on the website of the company.
- (iv.) Details of compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of the non-mandatory requirements: The Company has complied with all mandatory and applicable requirements. However there has been delay in LODR Compliance
The Company has complied with all mandatory and applicable requirements
 - (v.) Policy for determining material subsidiaries:
The Company does not have any subsidiary. Hence, the Company does not require formulating Policy for determining material subsidiaries
 - (vi.) Policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions:
Policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions is disseminated on the website of the company:<https://llcl.co.in/wp-content/uploads/2016/03/Related-Part-Transaction-Policy.pdf>
Commodity Price Risk or Foreign Exchange Risk and Hedging Activities:
The Company has not undertaken any Foreign Exchange or hedging activities.
 - (vii.) Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32 (7A):
Not applicable
 - (viii.) Certificate from a company secretary in practice that none of the directors on the board of the company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors:
Attached separately
 - (ix.) Recommendations of the Committee which were not accepted by the Board of Directors:
None
 - (x.) Total fees for all services paid by the listed entity and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the statutory auditor and all entities in the network firm/network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part:
There were no payments to the Statutory Auditor or other entities in the network firm/network entity of which the statutory auditor is a part by the Company, other than the audit fee and related payments as disclosed in the financial statements.
 - (xi.) Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 –
 - a. number of complaints filed during the financial year - NIL
 - b. number of complaints disposed of during the financial year - NIL
 - c. number of complaints pending as on end of the financial year - NIL
 - (xii.) The Register of Contracts/ Statement of related party transactions are placed before the Board/ Audit Committee regularly.
 - (xiii.) None of the shares of the Company are held by the non-executive Directors of the Company.
 - (xiv.) There were no pecuniary transactions of the Non-executive Directors viz-a-viz the Company.
 - (xv.) The Auditors has given an unmodified opinion on the financial statement.
 - (xvi.) Internal Audit Report is placed before the Audit committee.

CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company's Board of Directors has adopted the code of conduct which governs the conduct of all Directors / Employees. All Directors and senior management personnel have affirmed compliance with respective codes for the year ended on March 31, 2022. The Declaration by Board of Directors to this effect is reproduced below.

CEO/CFO CERTIFICATION

A certificate signed by Director is attached with this report.

DECLARATION

It is hereby declared that all the Board Members and Senior Managerial Personnel have affirmed compliance of code of conduct, pursuant to Corporate Governance, for the year ended 31st March 2022.

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of
Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Place: Mumbai

Date: August 12, 2022

Director

Director

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(pursuant to clause C of Schedule V read with Regulation 34(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015).

To
The Members,
Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Pursuant to item 10(i) of Part C of Schedule V of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015, we hereby certify that none of the directors on the board of Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by SEBI, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

For NVB & Associates,
Practicing Company Secretaries,

CS Nithish Bangera
Proprietor
ACS: 12268, C P No. 16069
UDIN: A012268D000846101
Peer Review: S2016MH373700

Place: Mumbai
Date: August 25, 2022

Practising Company Secretary's Certificate Regarding Compliance of Conditions of Corporate Governance

To
The Members of
Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

We have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited ('the Company') for the year ended on March 31, 2022. The company has complied with the provisions of Regulation 17 to 27 of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, to the extent possible.

The compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the review of procedures and implementation thereof, as adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and the representations made by the directors and the management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Listing Regulations for the year ended on March 31, 2022.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

The certificate is solely issued for the purpose of complying with the aforesaid Regulations and may not be suitable for any other purpose.

For NVB & Associates,
Practicing Company Secretaries,

CS Nithish Bangera
Proprietor
ACS: 12268, C P No. 16069
UDIN: A012268D000846398
Peer Review: S2016MH373700

Place: Mumbai
Date: August 25, 2022

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (CEO) / CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (CFO)

CERTIFICATION

To
The Board of Directors,
Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

I, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, do hereby certify that:

1. We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year 2021-22 and to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - a. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading.
 - b. These statements present a true and fair view of the Company's affair and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
2. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or in violation of the Company's Code of Conduct.
3. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
4. We have indicated to the auditors and the Audit committee:
 - a. Significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - b. Significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - c. Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of
Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

K.R. Mahadevan
Whole Time Director
DIN: 07485859

Date: August 12, 2022
Place: Mumbai

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

The Company is into the business of trading. The key issues of the Management Discussion and Analysis are given hereunder:

Industry Structure and Development

The recent global economic situation has witnessed immense highs and lows including some unfortunate happenings. Timing is the most important factor while trading. This fluctuates on rapid basis. According to experts most of the time markets have overvalued or undervalued. With the help of Indian market today one need to test one's financial knowledge, analytical capabilities, thought process and mental strength.

Segment-wise or product-wise performance

The Company is into single reportable segment only.

Outlook

Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited remains confident of the long term growth prospects & opportunities ahead of it in its business.

Internal control system and adequacy

The system of internal control has been established to provide reasonable assurance of safeguarding assets, maintenance of proper accounting records in compliance with applicable Laws and Regulations to ensure reliability of financial statements and reports. The Statutory Auditors and the Audit Committee review all financial statements and ensure adequacy of internal control systems.

Opportunities and Threats

The strength of a company is known from sound advices. It also depends on the Government policies of taxation. Introduction of GST may give a big boost to the market.

Risks Management

Risk evaluation and management of risk is an ongoing process in the company.

Human Resources

Since your Company is in the trading industry, the criticality of talented man-power and their retention needs no emphasis. Your company is in the process of working out a comprehensive plan to attract, motivate and retain highly skilled and technically competent man-power.

Details of Significant Changes

- Debtors Turnover: NA
- Inventory Turnover: NA
- Interest Coverage Ratio: NA
- Current Ratio: 1.72%
- Debt Equity Ratio: 0.33%

- Operating Profit Margin: (430.57)
- Net Profit/Loss Margin: (120%)

Details of change in Return on Net Worth as compared to immediately previous financial year along with the detailed explanation thereof

Return on net worth FY 2020-21:(2.41)
 FY 2021-22: (4.62)

Cautionary Statement

Statements in the Management discussion and analysis describing the company's objectives, projections, estimates and expectations may be "forward looking statements" within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the company's operations include economic conditions affecting demand/supply and prices, conditions in the domestic and overseas markets in which the company operates/ going to operate, changes in government regulations, tax laws and other statutes and other incidental factors.

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of
Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

K.R. Mahadevan
Whole Time Director
DIN: 07485859

Date: August 12, 2022
Place: Mumbai

Form No. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

*[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule no. 9 of the Companies
(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]*

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

To

The Members,

Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

303, Raaj Chamber,

115, R.K Pramhans Marg,

Near Andheri Station Subway,

Andheri East, Mumbai-400069.

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate governance practices by **Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited** (hereinafter called “**the Company**”). The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company’s books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited** (“the Company”) for the financial year ended on **31st March, 2022** according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under to the extent applicable;

- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment and Overseas Direct Investment; **(Not Applicable to the Company during the Audit Period)**
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;

The following laws were not applicable to the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022:

- a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999;
- c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;
- d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993;

- e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2011;
- f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations 2018;

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses/regulations of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India under the provisions of Companies Act, 2013; and
- (ii) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“Listing Regulations”);

I further report that:

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our Responsibility is to express an opinion on these Secretarial Records based on our audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test check basis to ensure that the correct facts are reflected in the secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of the financial records and books of accounts of the Company.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management Representations about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and occurrence of events etc.

5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test check basis.

6. The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

I Further Report That:

The listed entity has complied with the provisions of the above Regulations and circulars/ guidelines issued there under, except in respect of matters specified below:-

Sr. No	Compliance Requirement (Regulations/ circulars / guidelines including specific clause)	Deviations	Observations/ Remarks of the Practising Company Secretary
1.	For the quarter ended June, 2021		
	A) Regulation 31 Delay in filing of shareholding pattern within the period prescribed	Delayed by 2 days Total fine payable Rs. 4,720/-	Delay in filing was due to lockdown and the office being closed due to Central and State Government
	B) Regulation 17(1) Non-compliance with the requirements pertaining to	Rs. 2,000 per day (computed till quarter ended June 30, 2021)	In the annual General Meeting held on December 22, 2022 Company Appointed

	appointment or continuation of Non-executive director who has attained the age of seventy-five years	Total fine payable Rs. 82,600/-	Independent Nonexecutive Director for a period of five years with effect from April 12, 2022 till April 11, 2026 through special Resolution.
2.	For the quarter ended December, 2021		
	A) Regulation 31 Delay in filing of shareholding pattern within the period prescribed	Delayed by 1 days Total fine payable Rs. 2,360/-	Delay in filing was due to lockdown and the office being closed due to Central and State Government
	B) Regulation 6 (1) Non-compliance with requirement to appoint a qualified company secretary as the compliance officer	Total fine payable Rs. 11,800/-	The Ex-Company Secretary of the Company resigned during May 22, 2021, six month period for compliance ended on November 22 2021, however due to lockdown no Company Secretary were ready to join nor could the corporate office be kept open for interview, new Company secretary

			joined on December 2, 2021. Non-compliance period from November 2021 to December 2021 was due to lockdown.
3.	SEBI vide order dated January 20, 2022 has imposed penalty on company and its director	Non-Compliance of various provisions of Companies Act 2013 and SEBI Act.	Company has paid the penalty

Company has received emails from BSE for delayed compliance. The Company has applied for waiver as its office was closed due to declaration of lock down by various circular issued by Central and state Government.

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors for the financial year under review. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the year under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views, if any, are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

*Ground Floor, Demelo Apartment,
S.V. Road, Behind Vijay Sales,
Goregaon West, Mumbai -- 400 104*

*Practising Company Secretaries
Mob. +91 8097793779
Email – nithish@nvba.in*

**For NVB & Associates
COMPANY SECRETARIES**

**Nitish Bangera
(Proprietor)
ACS: 12268 COP: 16069
Place: Mumbai
Date: June 30, 2022
UDIN: A012268D000547418
Peer Review: S2016MH373700**

ANNEXURE TO SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

To,
The Members,
Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited
303, Raaj Chamber,
115, R.K Pramhans Marg,
Near Andheri Station Subway,
Andheri East, Mumbai-400069

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representations about the compliance of Laws, Rules and Regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of corporate and other applicable Laws, Rules, Regulations, Standard is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

**For NVB & Associates
COMPANY SECRETARIES**

**Nitish Bangera
(Proprietor)
ACS: 12268 COP: 16069
Place: Mumbai
Date: June 30, 2022
UDIN: A012268D000547418
Peer Review: S2016MH373700**

**SECRETARIAL COMPLIANCE REPORT OF
LANDMARC LEISURE CORPORATION LIMITED
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022**

I, CS Nithish Bangera, have examined:

- a) all the documents and records made available to us and explanation provided by **LANDMARC LEISURE CORPORATION LIMITED** (“the listed entity”),
- b) the filings/ submissions made by the listed entity to the stock exchanges,
- c) website of the listed entity,
- d) any other document/ filing, as may be relevant, which has been relied upon to make this certification,

for the year ended March 31, 2022 (“Review Period”) in respect of compliance with the provisions of :

- a) the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (“SEBI Act”) and the Regulations, circulars, guidelines issued there under; and
- b) the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (“SCRA”), rules made there under and the Regulations, circulars, guidelines issued there under by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (“SEBI”);

The specific Regulations, whose provisions and the circulars/ guidelines issued there under, have been examined, include:-

- a) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
- b) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
- c) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- d) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018;
- e) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
- f) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;
- g) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;

and circulars/ guidelines issued there under;

and based on the above examination, I hereby report that, during the Review Period:

- a) The listed entity has complied with the provisions of the above Regulations and circulars/ guidelines issued there under, except in respect of matters specified below:-

Sr. No	Compliance Requirement (Regulations/ circulars / guidelines including specific clause)	Deviations	Observations/ Remarks of the Practising Company Secretary
1.	<p>For the quarter ended June, 2021</p> <p>A) Regulation 31</p> <p>Delay in filing of shareholding pattern within the period prescribed</p> <p>B) Regulation 17(1)</p> <p>Non-compliance with the requirements pertaining to appointment or continuation of Non-executive director who has attained the age of seventy-five years</p>	<p>Delayed by 2days</p> <p>Total fine payable Rs. 4,720/-</p> <p>Rs. 2,000 per day (computed till quarter ended June 30, 2021)</p> <p>Total fine payable Rs. 82,600/-</p>	<p>Delay in filing was due to lockdown and the office being closed due to Central and State Government</p> <p>In the annual General Meeting held on December 22, 2022 Company Appointed Independent Nonexecutive Director for a period of five years with effect from April 12, 2022 till April 11, 2026 through special Resolution.</p>
2.	<p>For the quarter ended December, 2021</p> <p>A) Regulation 31</p> <p>Delay in filing of shareholding pattern within the period prescribed</p> <p>B) Regulation 6 (1)</p>	<p>Delayed by 1days</p> <p>Total fine payable Rs. 2,360/-</p> <p>Total fine payable Rs. 11,800/-</p>	<p>Delay in filing was due to lockdown and the office being closed due to Central and State Government</p> <p>The Ex-Company Secretary of the</p>

	Non-compliance with requirement to appoint a qualified company secretary as the compliance officer		Company resigned during May 22, 2021, six month period for compliance ended on November 22 2021, however due to lockdown no Company Secretary were ready to join nor could the corporate office be kept open for interview, new Company secretary joined on December 2, 2021. Non-compliance period from November 2021 to December 2021 was due to lockdown.
3.	SEBI vide order dated January 20, 2022 has imposed penalty on company and its director	Non Compliance of LODR	Company has paid the penalty

Company has received emails from BSE for delayed compliance. The Company has applied for waiver as its office was closed due to declaration of lock down by various circular issued by Central and state Government.

- b) The listed entity has maintained proper records under the provisions of the above Regulations and circulars/ guidelines issued there under, insofar as it appears from my examination of those records.
- c) The following are the details of actions taken against the listed entity/ its promoters/ directors/ material subsidiaries either by SEBI or by Stock Exchanges (including under the Standard Operating Procedures issued by SEBI through various circulars) under the aforesaid Acts/ Regulations and circulars/ guidelines issued there under:

Sr. No	Action taken by	Details of violation	Details of action taken E.g. fines, warning letter, debarment, etc.	Observations/ remarks of the Practising Company Secretary, if any.
1.	BSE	Delay in compliance of SEBI LODR	Fine Imposed by BSE	Company is in touch with BSE for waiver of the fine.

- d) The listed entity has taken the following actions to comply with the observations made in previous reports:

Sr. No	Observations of the Practising Company Secretary in the previous reports	Observations made in the secretarial compliance report for the year ended March 2021 (The years are to be mentioned)	Actions taken by the listed entity, if any	Comments of the Practising Company Secretary on the actions taken by the listed entity
1.	Delayed filing under Regulation 31 -Shareholding pattern, 27(2)- Corporate Governance Report, Reg 13(3) - Investor Grievance Report for June 2020 Quarter	Late filing	Company has applied for waiver of fine	Reply from BSE awaited for waiver of fine
2.	Delayed filing under Regulation 31 -Shareholding pattern 13(3) - Investor Grievance Report for March 2021 Quarter	Late filing	Company has applied for waiver of fine	Reply from BSE awaited for waiver of fine
3.	Delayed intimate to	Late filing	Request made	The BSE imposed

NVB & Associates

*Ground Floor, Demelo Apartment,
S.V. Road, Behind Vijay Sales,
Goregaon West, Mumbai -- 400 104*

*Practising Company Secretaries
Mob. +91 8097793779
Email – nithish@nvba.in*

	Stock Exchange for the Board Meeting conducted during September 2020		by the company to the BSE through email dated Feb 10, 2021	penalty to the company for delayed intimation and the same was waived off by the BSE
4.	The Company has not paid custodial fees of NSDL	Delay in payment of fees	Company has paid the fees	Fees paid however delayed
5.	The company has not paid Listing Fees of BSE.	Delay in payment of fees	Fees paid in tranches	Fees paid in tranches

**For NVB & Associates
Practising Company Secretaries**

**Nithish Bangera
Proprietor**

**Place: Mumbai
Date: June 30, 2022**

**UDIN: A012268D000547440
PEER REVIEW No. : S2016MH373700**

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity) and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effect of the matters described in the Basis of Qualified Section of our report, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the India Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended, ("Ind As") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, the loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Our Qualified Opinion

- (i) Refer Note No. 32 a. to the financial statement regarding non-provision for doubtful Security deposit given by the Company and non-availability of confirmation, as the said Company has gone into Liquidation and liquidator has been appointed amounting to Rs. 1500 Lacs, having consequential impact on the Loss for the year, Deposits and Provisions to the said extent.
- (ii) Refer Note No. 31 to the financial statement regarding non reorganization of interest income on security deposit given to two parties as mutually agreed with both the body corporate amounting to Rs 295.52 Lakhs and total interest income not recognized since the time the said security deposit has been given by the Company amounting to Rs 4824.28 Lakhs. Further, the Company has not provided for rentals payable to the said company amounting to Rs.302.30 Lakhs for the year and total rental not provided till date is Rs 1192.64 Lakhs for the premises being used in lieu of the un-received interest income, having consequential impact on the Interest income, Rental expenses, Loss and Deposit to the said extent.
- (iii) Refer Note no. 33 to the financial statement that the Company has during the quarter and year ended has not carried out Actuarial valuation as per the recommendations of Ind AS 15 "Employee Benefits" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and instead provided for Gratuity on accrual basis as per Management Estimates. The amount of shortfall in such provision is currently unascertainable since the Actuarial Valuation was not carried out. However, the management is of the opinion that the provision created in the books is sufficient considering the number of employees.

- (iv) Refer Note no. 32 b. to the financial statement that the Company regarding no provision has been made towards doubtful recovery considered by us of pro rata security deposit (interest free) amounting Rs 1,218.28 Lakhs representing deposit given against unutilized vacant space forming part of the total deposit given by the Company in terms of the agreement having year-end balance of Rs 2,218.28 Lakhs, which is higher than space occupied by the Company, the management has also evaluated the deposit for the space occupied by them which should be approximately 1,000 Lakhs, thereby non provision against the excess deposit is having consequential impact on the Loss for the year which has been understated and Deposits which has been overstated to the extent of Rs. 1,218.28 Lakhs.
- (v) Refer Note no. 48 to the financial statement of the Company regarding the Company has booked 50.81 tax invoice for films under development for payments made in earlier years for which adequate supporting to invoice are not available thereby having consequential impact of such on Capital work in progress and Advance to vendors is presently unascertainable in absence of Tax invoice.
- (vi) Refer Note no. 60 to the financial statement of the Company regarding the Company which states that the Company has given Interest-free Loans to two parties for amounting to Rs 268.34 Lacs for which term sheet and other documents are in process of regularization thereby having consequential impact on Loss of the Company and Loans to the above extent

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (CAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

- 1) Refer Note no. 47 to the financial statement of the Company which states that SEBI had passed a Confirmatory Order dated June 05, 2018 confirming the Interim Order whereby the directions issued by Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) dated December 22, 2017 to the Company for conducting Forensic Audit was to be considered. However, the Company has filed an appeal to the Hon'ble Securities Appellate Tribunal (SAT) on July 26, 2018 in this regard. In the hearings carried on October 11, 2018, SAT has rejected the request for stay on the forensic audit & directed to co-operate with the Forensic Auditor appointed by BSE on 22.12.2017. The Company has provided some details to the Forensic Auditor and further working on the requirements given by Forensic Auditor. The Company had a hearing before SAT on 08.02.2019 and the matter stands over to next hearing dated 12.03.2019 in which the Company and SEBI are directed to bring out the latest position relating to the ongoing forensic audit.

Further, in the hearing dated 25.04.2019, an undertaking was given by BSE officials that the Forensic Audit Report will be issued before 15.06.2019. The Company has not received any further communication from the BSE on the said matter nor received any aforesaid report. The Company, its current and then director, and KMPS have received a Notice from SEBI regarding the details furnished by Forensic Auditor to SEBI on 17.02.2020, the Company has request extension of time to reply to the said notice and have appointed a legal counsel to respond on it. Further a response was filed by the Legal Counsel and a hearing was fixed for 9th December'2020 with SEBI which was attended by Officials of the Company. The Company had filed Settlement Scheme with SEBI for which the final order has been granted by SEBI dated 20th January 2022 by virtue of the said order the Company and all the Key Management personal are liable to pay penalty aggregating to Rs 54.25 Lakhs within 45 days from the date of the order. Further, the Company and its KMP demat account has also been freeze for trading for a period of one year.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have nit determined the following matter to be the Key audit matter to be communicated in our Report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard expect that stated in Basis of Qualified Opinion and Emphasis of Matter above.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total Comprehensive Income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As a part of an audit in accordance with the SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the Audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing an opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "**Annexure A**" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of accounts.
- d) Except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above, in our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind As specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph above.
- f) On the basis of the written representations received from the Directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the Directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "**Annexure B**". Our report expresses an modified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of Section 197(6) of the Act, as amended Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements.
 - ii. The Company does not have long-term contracts including derivative contracts requiring provision for material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) Management has represented to us that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (b) Management has represented to us that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (c) Based on our audit procedure conducted that are considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our attention that cause us to believe that the representation given by the management under paragraph (2) (h) (iv) (a) & (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year and has not proposed final dividend for the year.

For S K H D & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 105929 W

Hemanshu Solanki
Partner
Membership No. 132835
UDIN : 22132835AJRFLC7288

Mumbai, dated 26th May 2022

Annexure A to the Auditors' Report

In terms of the information and explanations given to us and the books and records examined by us and on the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate, we further report as under:

1. Fixed Assets

- a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
- b. The Company has a program of physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment so to cover all the assets once every three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain Property, Plant and Equipment were due for verification during the year and were physically verified by the Management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- c. The Company does not own any immovable properties. Therefore, paragraph 3(i)(c) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- d. According to information and explanations given to us and books of accounts and records examined by us, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment and does not have any intangible assets and right of use assets.
- e. According to information & explanations given to us by the management, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.

2. Inventory

- a. The Company does not have any Inventory. Therefore, paragraph 3(ii)(a) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- b. As per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Therefore, Paragraph 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

3. Loans

With respect to investments made in or any guarantee or security provided or any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, granted during the year by the Company to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties:

- a) As per the information and explanations given to us and books of accounts and records examined by us, during the year Company has not provided any guarantee or security and has not granted any advances in the nature of loans to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other entities. With respect to loans granted during the year:

- A. The Company does not have any subsidiary, joint venture or associate. Therefore, paragraph 3(iii)(a)(A) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- B. Loan of Rs. 2.68 Lakhs has been granted to two companies during the year and balance outstanding as at balance sheet date with respect to such loans is Rs. 268.34 Lakhs.
- b) The Company has not made any investment, not provided any guarantee or security and has not granted any advances in the nature of loans. The loans granted to three companies are not prejudicial to the company's interest.
- c) In respect of loans granted schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has not been stipulated. Therefore, paragraph 3(iii)(c), 3(iii)(d) and 3(iii)(e) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- d) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that the Company has granted loans to three companies without specifying any terms or period of repayment. In respect of the said loans:-

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	All Parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate amount of loans	268.34	NIL	NIL
-Repayable on Demand (A)	NIL	NIL	NIL
-Loans without specifying any terms or period of repayment (B)	268.34	NIL	NIL
Total (A+B)	268.34	NIL	NIL
Percentage of loans to the total loans	100%	NIL	NIL

4. **Loans/Guarantees/Investments in / Provision of Security to certain parties**

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provision of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of loans made. The Company has not made any investments and provided any guarantees and security as per provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, paragraph 3(iv) of the order is not applicable to the Company to this extent.

5. **Acceptance of Deposits**

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed there under. Therefore, paragraph 3(v) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

6. **Maintenance of Cost Records**

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the activities undertaken by the Company. Hence, paragraph 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

7. **Undisputed & Disputed Statutory Dues.**

As per the records verified by us, the Company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues involving Provident Fund, Income tax, Service Tax and Value Added Tax with the appropriate authorities during the year under review, and there were no outstanding undisputed statutory dues with the Company for a period of more than six months as at the close of the year except Tax deducted at source amounting to Rs 15.73 Lacs and Employee State Insurance amounting to Rs. 0.20 Lacs. The provisions of the statutes governing Wealth Tax, Customs Duty, Investor Education and Protection Fund, Excise Duty and Cess are, as explained to us, not applicable to the Company during the year under review.

As per the records of the Company and based on information and explanation given to us, there are no disputed dues except Income Tax and Service Tax aggregating to Rs 109.77 Lacs as given below:

Assessment Year	Amount (Rs in Lacs)	Forum where dispute is pending
2006-2007	16.74	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
2010-2015	93.03	Commissioner of Central Excise (Appeals)

8. **Unrecorded income that were surrendered**

According to the information and explanations given to us and representation given to us by the management, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered or disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.

9. **Loans from Banks/Financial Institutions/ Government/Debentures**

The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings. Therefore, paragraph 3(ix) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of the order are not applicable to the Company.

10. **Proceeds of Public issue (including debt instruments) /Term Loans**

a. The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Therefore, paragraph 3(x)(a) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

b. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year. Therefore, paragraph 3(x)(b) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

11. **Frauds on or by the Company**

a. Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

- b. According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by auditors in Form ADT - 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government during the year and upto the date of this report.
- c. As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.

12. **Nidhi Companies**

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Therefore, paragraph 3(xii) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

13. **Related Party Transactions**

As per the information and explanations given during the course of our verification, in our opinion, all transactions with the related parties made by the Company were in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act, to the extent applicable to the Company during the year. The relevant details in respect of the same have been appropriately disclosed as per the requirements of the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)-24.

14. **Internal Audit**

- a. In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company does have an internal audit system however it needs to be strengthened as it does not fully commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b. We have considered reports of the Internal Auditors report for the period under audit as available with the Company.

15. **Non-cash Transactions with Directors, etc.**

According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him as referred to in section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, paragraph 3(xv) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

16. **Provisions of 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act,1934**

As per the information and explanations provided to us and based on the overall operations of the Company, during the year, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934 and hence clause 16 a to c are not applicable to the Company.

17. **Cash Losses**

According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has incurred cash losses in the current financial year as well the immediately preceding financial year amounting to Rs 135.83 Lakhs and Rs 73.81 Lakhs respectively.

18. **Resignation of the statutory auditors**

There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Therefore, paragraph 3(xviii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

19. **Financial Indicators**

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

20. **Corporate Social Responsibility**

The provisions of Section 135 read with Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of Corporate Social Responsibility contribution are not applicable to the Company. Therefore, paragraph 3(xx) (a) and (b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

21. **Consolidated Financial Statement**

The Company does not have any Subsidiary, Associate and Joint Venture company. Hence, provisions of Section 129 (3) and (4) of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of preparation of consolidated financial statement are not applicable to the Company. Therefore, paragraph 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For **S K H D & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 105929 W

Hemanshu Solanki
Partner
Membership No. 132835
UDIN : 22132835AJRFLC7288

Mumbai, dated 26th May 2022

**Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the financial statement of
the Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited**

**Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013
("the Act")**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited** ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company comprising of the Balance Sheet as at March 31st, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the period then ended.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls:

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility:

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the ICAI deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those standards and the Guidance Note that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting:

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting:

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion:

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31st, 2022, Subject to Loans, Other Financial Asset and Expenses and its documentation based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For S K H D & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 105929 W

Hemanshu Solanki
Partner
Membership No. 132835
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Mumbai, dated 26th May 2022

Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Note 1: Significant Accounting Policies and Notes on Accounts –31st March 2022

1. Significant Accounting Policies:

1.1 Basis of preparation, measurement and significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

a. Basis of Preparation

Compliance with Accounting Standards

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). These are the Company's first Ind AS financial statements and accordingly, Ind AS 101, 'First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards' has been applied. The policies set out below have been consistently applied during the year presented.

For all periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2017, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with the Accounting Standards notified under Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006 (as amended) and other relevant provisions of the Act ("Previous GAAP").

These financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018 are for the first time the Company has prepared in accordance with Ind AS. An explanation of how the transition from previous GAAP to Ind AS has affected the Company's financial position, financial performance and cash flows including reconciliations and descriptions of the effect of the transition are provided in note 2 below.

The financial statements are presented in 'Indian Rupees', which is also the Company's functional currency.

b. Revenue recognition

The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 Revenue from contracts with Customers with effect from April 01, 2018 which outlines a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. The standard replaces most of the current revenue recognition guidance. The core principle of the new standard is for companies to recognize revenue when the control of the goods and services is transferred to the customer as against the transfer of risk and rewards. As per the Company's current revenue recognition practices, transfer of control happens at the same point as transfer of risk and rewards thus not effecting the revenue recognition.

The amount of revenue recognised reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

As per the result of evaluation of contracts of the relevant revenue streams, it is concluded that the impact of this change is immaterial to the Company and hence no accounting changes have been done.

The Company has adopted the modified transitional approach as permitted by the standard under which the comparative financial information is not restated. The accounting changes required by the standard are not having material effect on the Company's standalone financial

statements and no transitional adjustment is recognised in retained earnings at April 01, 2018.

- (i) **Satellite & Theatrical Rights**
Satellite & Theatrical Rights are recognized by the company at the time of sale of the rights.
- (ii) **Interest income**
Interest Income is recognized on accrual basis.
- (iii) **Dividend Income**
Revenue is recognized by the company on receipt basis.
- (iv) **Rental Income**
Rental income is recognized on accrual basis.

c. Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified, to the extent applicable, by the following:

d. Defined benefit plans

Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include compensated absences such as paid annual leave and sickness leave. Short term employee benefits are recognised as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year/period in which the related service is rendered.

Defined contribution plans:

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Government administered provident fund scheme. Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an employee benefit expense in the statement of profit or loss in the periods during which the related services are rendered by employees.

Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

Defined benefit plans

1) Gratuity :

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligation is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan ('the asset ceiling'). In order to calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any minimum funding requirements.

Re-measurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI).

I) Gratuity : (Continued)

The Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability/(asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability/(asset), taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability/(asset) during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service ('past service cost' or 'past service gain') or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in the statement profit or loss. The Company recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

II) Compensated absences (Other Long- term employment benefits)

The Company's net obligation in respect of long-term employee benefits other than post-employment benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods; that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any related assets is deducted. The obligation is measured on the basis of an annual independent actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method.

Re-measurement gains or losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

e. Leases

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for office premises and Land. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- i. The contract involves the use of an identified asset
- ii. The Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and
- iii. The Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of 12 months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low-value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

ROU assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. ROU assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable

amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are re-measured with a corresponding adjustment to the related ROU asset if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

f. Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognised in standalone statement profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

i. Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax reflects the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received after considering the uncertainty, if any, related to income taxes. It is measured using tax rates (and tax laws) enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset only if there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts, and it is intended to realize the asset and settle the liability on a net basis or simultaneously.

ii. Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustments to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with it will flow to the Company.

From the Financial Year 2020-21, the Company has opted to be taxed u/s 115BAA of the Income Tax Act, 1961. In view of this, MAT credit will not be claimed in future years.

iii. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they are related to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively

g. Measurement of fair values

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- I. Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- II. Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- III. Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

The assets and liabilities reported in the Balance Sheet are classified on a “current/non-current basis”, with separate reporting of assets held for sale and liabilities. Current assets, which include cash and cash equivalents, are assets that are intended to be realized, sold or consumed during the normal operating cycle of the Company or in the 12 months following the Balance Sheet date; Current liabilities are liabilities that are expected to be settled during the normal operating cycle of the Company or within the 12 months following the close of the financial year.

h. Foreign currency translation:

i. Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (‘the functional currency’). The financial statements are presented in ‘Indian Rupees’ (INR), which is the Company’s functional and the Company’s presentation currency

ii. Transactions and balances

- (I) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

- (II) All exchange differences arising on reporting of short term foreign currency monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- (III) Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are stated at the rates prevailing on the date of the transactions / exchange rate at which transaction is actually effected.

i. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Expenditure incurred on assets which are not ready for their intended use comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable borrowing cost are disclosed under Capital Work-in-Progress.

Transition to Ind AS:

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to avail historical cost of all of its property, plant and equipment recognised as at April 1, 2017 as deemed cost.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value:

Depreciation is provided to the extent of depreciable amount on Straight Line Method (SLM) based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Part C of Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

Estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed annually, taking into account commercial and technological obsolescence as well as normal wear and tear and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

j. Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's or cash generating unit's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

k. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, demand deposits with banks, short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

l. Investments and other financial assets

i. Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

ii. Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

iii. Transition to Ind AS:

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to avail at historical cost of all of its financial assets recognized as at April 1, 2017.

iv. Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

v. Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when:

- I. the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- II. the company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows to one or more recipient

Where the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

m. Trade Receivables

Transition to Ind AS:

Trade receivables are recognized at historical cost as at April 1, 2017 as deemed cost.

n. Inventories

Transition to Ind AS:

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to avail historical cost of all of its inventories recognised as at April 1, 2017 as deemed cost.

o. Financial liabilities

- I. Classification as debt or equity
 - i. Debt and equity instruments issued by the company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definition of a financial liability and an equity instrument.
 - ii. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities.
- II. Initial recognition and measurement
 - i. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at historical cost

- ii. The Company's financial liabilities include borrowings from group companies and trade payables.
 - III. Subsequent measurement
The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification.
 - IV. Transition to Ind AS
On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to avail historical cost of all of its financial liabilities recognised as at April 1, 2017 as deemed cost.
 - V. De-recognition
A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.
- p. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:**
- Provisions
Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated.
- Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.
- Contingent liabilities
Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. A present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is termed as contingent liability.
- Contingent Assets:
A contingent asset is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.
- q. Earnings per share**
In determining earnings per share, the company considers the net profit after tax and includes the post-tax effect of any extraordinary items. The number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.
- r. Cash flow statement**
Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.
- s. Use of Estimates**
The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with the recognition and measurement principles of Ind AS requires the management of the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities, disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the

reported amounts of income and expense for the periods presented.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and future periods are affected.

Key sources of estimation of uncertainty at the date of the financial statements, which may cause a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, is in respect of impairment of investments, useful lives of property, plant and equipment, valuation of deferred tax assets, provisions and contingent liabilities.

t. Current versus non-current classification

The assets and liabilities reported in the Balance Sheet are classified on a “current/non-current basis”, with separate reporting of assets held for sale and liabilities. Current assets, which include cash and cash equivalents, are assets that are intended to be realized, sold or consumed during the normal operating cycle of the Company or in the 12 months following the Balance Sheet date; Current liabilities are liabilities that are expected to be settled during the normal operating cycle of the Company or within the 12 months following the close of the financial year.

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification.

- ▶ An asset is treated as current when it is:
- ▶ Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- ▶ Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- ▶ Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- ▶ Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- ▶ It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- ▶ It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- ▶ It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- ▶ There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

u. Cost Recognition

Costs and expenses are recognised when incurred and have been classified according to their nature.

The costs of the Company are broadly categorised in purchase of goods, employee benefit expenses, finance costs, depreciation and amortisation and other operating expenses. Employee benefit expenses include employee compensation, allowances paid, contribution to various funds and staff welfare expenses. Other operating expenses mainly include fees to its external consultants, cost of running its facilities, travel expenses, communication costs, allowances for delinquent receivables and advances and other expenses. Other expenses is an aggregation of costs which are individually not material such as commission and brokerage, recruitment and training, entertainment etc.

Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Note	As at 31-Mar-22	As at 31-Mar-21
I. ASSETS			
(1) Non-current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	0.64	0.61
(b) Capital Work-in-progress	3	400.22	300.02
(c) Other Intangible Assets	4	-	-
(d) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	5 [i]	0.00	0.00
(ii) Loans			
(iii) Other financial assets	5 [ii]	3,000.44	3,000.44
(e) Deferred Tax assets		1.67	1.67
(f) Other non-current assets	6	1.41	10.52
Total Non-current Assets		3,404.38	3,313.27
(2) Current assets			
(a) Inventories	7	0.05	0.05
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	5 [iv]	2.61	7.64
(ii) Trade receivables	8	2.93	9.95
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	4.76	27.06
(iv) Bank Balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	10	-	-
(v) Other financial assets	11	986.62	1,013.43
(c) Other Current assets	12	60.35	138.77
Total Current Assets		1,057.32	1,196.91
TOTAL ASSETS		4,461.70	4,510.17
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	13	8,000.00	8,000.00
(b) Other equity	14	(5,048.35)	(4,911.97)
Total Equity		2,951.65	3,088.03
Liabilities			
(1) Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	15	637.59	574.09
(ii) Other financial liabilities	16	254.00	254.00
(b) Provisions	17	4.09	4.62
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (net)		-	-
(d) Other non-current liabilities		-	-
Total Non-current Liabilities		895.67	832.71
(2) Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	18	329.55	344.81
(ii) Trade payables	19	214.80	227.44
(iii) Other financial liabilities			
(b) Provisions	20	-	-
(c) Other Current Liabilities	21	70.02	17.19
Total Non-current Liabilities		614.38	589.43
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		4,461.70	4,510.17

Significant accounting policies

1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

For S K H D & Associates
Chartered Accountants

For Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Hemanshu Solanki
Partner
Membership No. - 132835
Mumbai, 26th May 2022

Whole Time Director & CFO
K. R. Mahadevan
DIN-07485859

Director
Vidhi Kasliwal
DIN-00332144

C. S.
Isha Bakre

Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year Ended 31st March, 2022

Particulars	Notes	Year ended 31st March 2022 (Rs. in Lacs)	Year ended 31st March 2021 (Rs. in Lacs)
Income			
I. Revenue from Operations	22	1.13	1.06
II. Other Income	23	0.97	1.96
III. Finance Income	24	-	-
III. Total Revenue (I+II)		2.10	3.02
IV. Expenses			
Operational Expenses	25	6.00	10.87
Change in Inventories	26	-	-
Employee benefit expenses	27	27.14	27.01
Finance Cost	28	0.88	3.69
Depreciation and amortization	2 & 4	0.55	0.70
Other expenses	29	103.91	35.26
Total Expenses (IV)		138.48	77.53
V. Profit/(Loss) before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax	(III - IV)	(136.38)	(74.51)
VI. Exceptional & Extraordinary Items		-	-
VII. Profit/(Loss) before tax (III - IV)		(136.38)	(74.51)
VIII. Tax expense:			
1. Current Tax		-	(2.60)
2. Deferred Tax		-	(0.36)
IX. Profit/(Loss) for the period (VII - VIII)		(136.38)	(71.55)
X. Other Comprehensive Income			
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
(a) Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		-	-
(b) Equity instruments through Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
(a) Remeasurements of net defined benefit plans		-	-
(b) Equity instruments through Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
(iii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
(a) Debt instruments through Other Comprehensive Income		-	-
(b) Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (X)		-	-
XI. Total Comprehensive Income for the year (IX+X)		(136.38)	(71.55)
XII. Earning per Equity Share			
(1) Basic		(0.017)	(0.009)
(2) Diluted		(0.017)	(0.009)

Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

1

For S K H D & Associates

Chartered Accountants

For Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Hemanshu Solanki

Partner

Membership No. - 132835

Mumbai, 26th May 2022

Whole Time Director & CFO

K. R. Mahadevan

DIN-07485859

Director

Vidhi Kasliwal

DIN-00332144

C. S.

Isha Bakre

Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Cash Flow Statement for the Year Ended 31st March, 2022

PARTICULARS		For the year ended 31.03.2022		For the year ended 31.03.2021
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net Profit before tax & extra ordinary items		(136.38)		(71.55)
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation	0.55		0.70	
Profit/Loss on sale of Fixed Assets	-		-	
Profit/Loss on Fair value of Investments	-		-	
Impairment of Fixed Assets	-		-	
Provision for employee benefits	(0.53)		1.04	
Share of Loss of Investment of Investor	-		-	
Sundry Balance Written back	-		-	
Interest (net) & Dividend Income	0.97		1.96	
		0.99		3.70
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes		(135.39)		(67.85)
Adjustments for:				
(Increase)/Decrease in Stock-in Trade	-		-	
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables	7.03		2.32	
(Increase)/Decrease in Loans & Advances	26.81		-	
Increase/(Decrease) in Current Liabilities	52.83		(4.88)	
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Assets and Non current Asset	87.54		37.50	
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payable	(12.63)		(8.36)	
(Increase)/Decrease in Miscellaneous Expenses (Assets)	-	161.58	-	26.58
Cash Generated From Operations		26.18		(41.26)
Income Tax Paid(net of refund)	-		-	
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow)before Extraordinary Items	-	26.18	-	(41.26)
Prior Period Adjustment	-		-	
Net Cash flow From Operating Activities (A)		26.18		(41.26)
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities:				
Purchase of Fixed Assets	(0.58)		-	
Sale of Fixed Assets	-		-	
Sale/(Purchase) of Investments	5.04		(7.29)	
Investment in Capital WIP	(100.20)		(45.89)	
Interest (net) & Dividend Income	(0.97)		(1.96)	
Net Cash From Investment Activities (B)		(96.72)		(55.14)
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities:				
Loan Taken During the year	(15.26)		(121.60)	
Loan Repaid During the year	63.50		216.35	
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities (C)		48.24		94.75
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalent (A+B+C)		(22.30)		(1.66)
Cash & Cash Equivalent as on Beinging of the year		27.06		25.40
Cash & Cash Equivalent as on Close of the year		4.76		27.06
Significant accounting policies				
1				
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.				
For S K H D & Associates		For Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited		
Chartered Accountants				
Hemanshu Solanki				
Partner		Whole Time Director & CFO	Director	C. S.
Membership No. - 132835		K. R. Mahadevan	Vidhi Kasliwal	Isha Bakre
Mumbai, 26th May 2022		DIN-07485859	DIN-00332144	

Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2022

(Rs. in Lacs)

Equity Share Capital	As at 31.03.2022		As at 31.03.2021	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period	80,00,00,000	8,000	80,00,00,000	8,000
Add: Forfeited Shares	-	-	-	-
Less: Investments in Shares	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period	80,00,00,000	8,000	80,00,00,000	8,000

Other Equity	Reserves & Surplus		Equity Instruments through Other		Total
	Share Premium	Profit & Loss A/c			
Balance as at 31st March 2021	570.00	(5,479.53)	(2.44)		(4,911.97)
Profit for the year	-	(136.38)	-		(136.38)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-		-
Deferred Tax Liability of Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-		-
Issue of Bonus Shares	-	-	-		-
Dividends	-	-	-		-
Dividend to Trust for Investment in Shares	-	-	-		-
Corporate Dividend Tax on Dividends	-	-	-		-
Transfer to Debenture Redemption reserve	-	-	-		-
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-	-		-
Provisions of Earlier years - (Short)/Excess	-	-	-		-
Transfer to General Reserve on redemption of debentures	-	-	-		-
Additions/(deletions) during the year - FVTOCI	-	-	-		-
Amortisation during the year	-	-	-		-
Balance as at 31st March 2022	570.00	(5,615.91)	(2.44)	-	(5,048.35)
Balance as at 31st March 2020	570.00	(5,407.98)	(2.44)		(4,840.42)
Profit for the year	-	(71.55)	-		(71.55)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-		-
Deferred Tax Liability of Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-		-
Issue of Bonus Shares	-	-	-		-
Dividends	-	-	-		-
Dividend to Trust for Investment in Shares	-	-	-		-
Corporate Dividend Tax on Dividends	-	-	-		-
Transfer to Debenture Redemption reserve	-	-	-		-
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-	-		-
Provisions of Earlier years - (Short)/Excess	-	-	-		-
Transfer to General Reserve on redemption of debentures	-	-	-		-
Additions/(deletions) during the year - FVTOCI	-	-	-		-
Amortisation during the year	-	-	-		-
Balance as at 31st March 2021	570.00	(5,479.53)	(2.44)	-	(4,911.97)

Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

For S K H D & Associates

Chartered Accountants

For Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Hemanshu Solanki

Partner

Membership No. - 132835

Mumbai, 26th May 2022

Whole Time Director & CFO

K. R. Mahadevan

DIN-07485859

Director

Vidhi Kasliwal

DIN-00332144

C. S.

Isha Bakre

Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

2 Property, Plant And Equipment	Plant and Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Office equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
	(Rs. in Lacs)	(Rs. in Lacs)	(Rs. in Lacs)	(Rs. in Lacs)	(Rs. in Lacs)
Cost Or Valuation					
At 31 March 2020	85.70	342.73	525.79	109.10	1,063.32
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition Of A Subsidiary (Note 36)	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Discontinued Operations (Note 21)	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation Recognised In OCI	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2021	85.70	342.73	525.79	109.10	1,063.32
Additions	-	-	0.58	-	0.58
Acquisition Of A Subsidiary (Note 36)	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Discontinued Operations (Note 21)	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation Recognised In OCI	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2022	85.70	342.73	526.37	109.10	1,063.90
Depreciation And Impairment					-
At 31 March 2020	84.90	342.73	525.27	109.10	1,062.01
Depreciation Charge For The Year	0.36	-	0.34	-	0.70
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2021	85.26	342.73	525.62	109.10	1,062.71
Depreciation Charge For The Year	0.29	-	0.26	-	0.55
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2022	85.55	342.73	525.88	109.10	1,063.26
Net Book Value					
	Plant and Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Office equipment	Leasehold improvements	Total
	₹ in Lacs	₹ in Lacs	₹ in Lacs	₹ in Lacs	
At 31 March 2022	0.15	-	0.49	-	0.64
At 31 March 2021	0.44	-	0.17	0.00	0.61
4 Intangible Assets	Film Satellite Rights	Total			
	₹ in Lacs	₹ in Lacs			
At 31 March 2020	400.00	400.00			
At 31 March 2021	400.00	400.00			
Amortisation And Impairment					
At 31 March 2020	400.00	400.00			
Amortisation	-	-			
Adjustments	-	-			
At 31 March 2021	400.00	400.00			
Amortisation	-	-			
Adjustments	-	-			
At 31 March 2022	400.00	400.00			
Net Book Value					
At 31 March 2022	400.00	400.00			
At 31 March 2021	-	-			
At 31 March 2020	-	-			
Revaluation of plant & machinery					
The assets stated above have been valued at historical cost basis.					

Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Notes to the financial statements as of and for the Year ended March 31, 2022

(Rs. in Lacs)

	Particulars	As at 31-Mar-22	As at 31-Mar-21
3	Capital Work-in-progress		
	Opening Balance	300.02	254.11
	Add: Expenditure incurred during the year		
	Advertisement & Promotion	2.77	2.00
	Boarding & Lodging	-	-
	Food & Refreshment	-	-
	Other Related Expenses	1.05	0.03
	Production Expenses	31.88	18.26
	Release Expenses	-	-
	Technician Fees	70.50	33.75
	Travelling Expenses	-	-
	Less: transferred to profit & loss account	(6.00)	(8.13)
	Total	400.22	300.02
5 [i]	Investments		
	Investment in equity instruments designated at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		
	Quoted - Non Trade		
	9,100 (2021: 9,100) Shares of Niryat Sam (Apparels) India Ltd.	0.00	0.00
	9,600 (2021: 9,600) Shares of Ucil Leasing Ltd.	0.00	0.00
	40,000 (2021: 40,000) Shares of Umred Agro Complex Ltd.	0.00	0.00
	Total [A]	0.00	0.00
	Unquoted		
	10,000 (2021: 10,000) Shares of Dewas Soya Ltd.	0.00	0.00
	100 (2021: 100) Shares of Bombay Mercantile Bank Ltd	0.00	0.00
	Total [B]	0.00	0.00
	Total [A+B]	0.00	0.00
5 [iv]	Quoted - Trade		
	5566.010 (P.Y.16983.177) units of HDFC Low Duration Fund - Regular Plan - Growth	2.61	7.64
	Total [C]	2.61	7.64
	Current	2.61	7.64
	Non-Current	0.00	0.00
	Aggregate amount of quoted investment [Market Value]	2.61	7.64
	Unquoted Investments	0.00	0.00
5 [ii]	Other financial assets		
	Security Deposit		
	Deposits	3,000.44	3,000.44
	Total Other Financial Assets	3,000.44	3,000.44
	Current	-	-
	Non-Current	3,000.44	3,000.44
	Total	3,000.44	3,000.44
6	Other non-current assets		
	Advance Income Tax, TDS & Refund Receivable	1.41	10.52
	Total	1.41	10.52
7	Inventories		
	Finished goods (at lower of cost and net realisable value)	0.05	0.05
	Total	0.05	0.05
8	Trade Receivables		
	Trade Receivables	2.93	9.95
	Total	2.93	9.95

	Trade receivables		
	Secured, considered good	-	-
	Unsecured, considered good	2.93	12.28
	Doubtful	15.40	15.40
	Total	18.33	27.68
	Impairment Allowance (allowance for bad and doubtful debts)		
	Unsecured, considered good	-	-
	Doubtful	(15.40)	(15.40)
	Total	(15.40)	(15.40)
	Total Trade receivables	2.93	12.28
	No trade or other receivable are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any trade or other receivable are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member. For terms and conditions relating to related party receivables, Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 180 days.		
9	Cash & Cash Equivalents		
	Cash in Hand	0.23	1.32
	Balance with Banks	4.53	25.74
	Total	4.76	27.06
10	Bank Balance other than Cash & Cash Equivalents		
	Deposits with original maturity of less than three months	-	-
	Total	-	-
11	Other financial assets		
	Loans	268.34	295.15
	Advances recoverable in Cash or Kind	718.28	718.28
	Total	986.62	1,013.43
12	Other Current Assets		
	Advance Recoverable from Statutory Authority	54.25	54.93
	Loans and advances to Employees	-	-
	Advance to suppliers	6.09	83.84
	Prepayments	-	-
	Total	60.35	138.77
15	Non-Current Borrowings		
	Unsecured loan from Related Party	637.59	574.09
	Total	637.59	574.09
16	Non-Current Other financial liabilities		
	254000 0% Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs.100/- each fully paid up	254.00	254.00
	Total	254.00	254.00
17	Non-Current Provisions		
	Provision for Gratuity (unfunded)	4.09	4.41
	Provision for Leave Encashment (unfunded)	-	0.21
	Total	4.09	4.62
18	Borrowings - Current Liabilities		
	From Others (Unsecured)	329.55	344.81
	Total	329.55	344.81
19	Trade Payables - Current Liabilities		
	Trade Payables	214.80	227.44
	Total	214.80	227.44
20	Current Provisions		
	Provision for Gratuity	-	-
	Provision for Leave Encashment	-	-
	Other Provision	-	-
	Total	-	-
21	Other Current Liabilities		
	Other payables	53.51	0.12
	Statutory dues payable	16.51	17.07
	Total	70.02	17.19

LANDMARC LEISURE CORPORATION LIMITED
Notes to the financial statements as of and for the Year ended March 31, 2022

(Rs. in Lacs)

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2022	AS AT 31.03.2021
NOTE- 13		
SHARE CAPITAL		
Authorised		
994,000,000 Equity Shares of Re.1/- each	9,940	9,940
10,60,000 Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs.100/- each	1,060	1,060
	11,000	11,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up		
800,000,000 Equity Shares of Re.1/- each fully paid up	8,000	8,000
254000 Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs.100/- each fully paid up	254	254
	8,254	8,254

Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Equity Shares

Particulars	Number	Amt. (in Rs Lakhs)	Number	Amt. (in Rs Lakhs)
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	800000000	8,000	800000000	8,000
Shares Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	800000000	8000	800000000	8000

Preference Shares

Particulars	Number	Amt. (in Rs Lakhs)	Number	Amt. (in Rs Lakhs)
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	254000	254	254000	254
Reclassified during the year into 0% Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	254000	254	254000	254

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Particulars	No of shares Held	% of Holding	No of shares Held	% of Holding
Vidhi Holdings Pvt Ltd	29,93,20,466	37.42	29,93,20,466	37.42
Rotunda Capital & Finance (India) Pvt Ltd	11,37,99,034	14.22	11,37,99,034	14.22
Yashaswini Investments Company Private Limited	9,44,51,400	11.81	9,44,51,400	11.81
Hanumesh Investments Private Limited	8,20,52,483	10.26	8,20,52,483	10.26
Akhilesh Investfin Private Limited	9,64,88,263	12.06	9,64,88,263	12.06

The details of Shareholding of Promoters are as under :-

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year				% Change during the
S.No.	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of total Shares	
1	Vidhi Holdings Pvt Ltd	29,93,20,466	37.42	No Change
2	Vikas S Kasliwal	59,30,600	0.74	No Change
3	Anuradha V Kasliwal	2,15,99,966	2.70	No Change
4	Vikas S Kasliwal	69,400	0.01	No Change
5	Yashaswini Investments Company Pvt. Ltd.	9,44,51,400	11.81	No Change
6	Hanumesh Investments Pvt. Ltd.	8,20,52,483	10.26	No Change
7	Akhilesh Investfin Pvt. Ltd.	9,64,88,263	12.06	No Change

NOTE- 14

RESERVES AND SURPLUS

Securities Premium Account	570.00	570.00
Retained Earning	(5,615.91)	(5,479.53)
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	(2.44)	(2.44)
	(5,048.35)	(4,911.97)

Landmarc Leisure Corporation Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2022

(Rs. in Lacs)

Note 22: Revenue From Operations

Particulars	Year Ended 31-Mar-22		Year Ended 31-Mar-21	
Sales & Service Income	0.13		1.25	
Less: GST Recovered/Discount Allowed	-	0.13	(0.19)	1.06
Revenue from Films	1.00		-	
Total		1.13		1.06

Note 23: Other Income

Particulars	Year Ended 31-Mar-22	Year Ended 31-Mar-21
Dividend Income		
Dividend Income- From Mutual Funds	-	0.02
Short Term Gain on Sale of Shares	0.01	0.18
Unrealized Gain on Investments	0.10	0.10
Interest on Income Tax Refund	0.86	0.69
Balance Written Back	-	0.99
Total	0.97	1.96

Note 24: Finance Income

Particulars	Year Ended 31-Mar-22	Year Ended 31-Mar-21
Interest Income		
From Banks	-	-
Total	-	-

Note 25: Operational Expenses

Particulars	Year Ended 31-Mar-22	Year Ended 31-Mar-21
Cost of Production	6.00	8.15
Electricity Expenses	-	2.41
House Keeping & Laundry Charges	-	0.31
Total	6.00	10.87

Note 26: Change in Inventories

Particulars	Year Ended 31-Mar-22	Year Ended 31-Mar-21
Closing Stock	0.05	0.05
Less : Opening Stock	0.05	0.05
Change in Inventories	-	-

Note 26: Employee Benefit Expenses

Particulars	Year Ended 31-Mar-22	Year Ended 31-Mar-21
Salaries and Incentives	19.54	18.66
Director's Remuneration	6.42	5.62
Contributions to Provident & Other funds	1.18	2.73
Total	27.14	27.01

Note 28: Finance costs

Particulars	Year Ended 31-Mar-22	Year Ended 31-Mar-21
Bank Charges	0.88	0.81
Interest / Rates & Taxes	-	2.88
Total	0.88	3.69

Note 29: Other expenses

Particulars	Year Ended 31-Mar-22	Year Ended 31-Mar-21
Advertising & Marketing Expenses	5.48	4.71
Auditor's Remuneration	3.30	3.40
Contract to Maintaining Account	1.00	-
Conveyance Expenses	0.79	0.83
Food & Refreshment	0.74	0.57
Electricity Expenses	3.06	-
House Keeping & Laundry Charges	0.60	-
Internet Charges	0.21	0.37
Labour Charges	-	(2.25)
Legal & Professional Expenses	30.91	15.67
Public Relation Expenses	7.00	-
Membership & Subscription	0.56	0.39
Office Expenses	0.45	4.00
Postage & Telegram Expenses	0.01	0.05
Printing & Stationery	0.26	0.24
Rates & Taxes	37.90	-
Repairs & Maintenance	3.80	6.38
Telephone Expenses	0.65	0.90
PROVISSION FOR DOUBT FULL DEBTS	6.98	-
Subsidy Expenses MP2	0.22	-
Total	103.91	35.26

II. **Notes on Accounts:**

30. **Contingent Liabilities:**

- a. Disputed income tax liabilities –Rs. 16.74 Lacs (Previous Year –Rs. 16.74 lacs) and Service Tax 93.03 Lacs(Previous Year –Rs. 93.03 lacs).
 - b. Contingent Liabilities as may arise due to delayed /non-compliance of certain fiscal statutes – Amount Unascertainable (Previous year-Amount Unascertainable).
31. The Management of the Company has decided to reduce its focus of Wellness activities and concentrate on Films, Media and TV Channel business. Accordingly, it has been decided to terminate the Company's agreements with two parties to whom security deposits have been given and utilize the resources so realized for Entertainment business. Accordingly, the Company is in discussions with both the parties for the refund of the said security deposit along with interest after necessary adjustments if any as agreed mutually. On the said grounds, the Company has requested SEBI to withdraw forensic audit & also uplift the restriction on promoters as well as directors to not to transfer or sell the shares held by them, though our promoter do not intend to sell any share. Further the Company has not recognized interest income amounting to Rs. 4824.28 lacs on the security deposit given. The Company has not provided for rentals payable to one of the Company amounting to Rs. 1192.64 for the premises being used in lieu of the unreceived interest income. In case of one of the Company, provisional liquidator has been appointed. In respect of the other Company, only principal recovery is currently being done and based on conservative approach, the Company has decided to recognise the said income only on receipt basis of such income. Further, the Company also contemplates certain adjustments from the said Companies which is currently under discussion.
32. a. The Company had given an interest-free Security Deposit of Rs 1,500 Lacs to Shree Ram Urban Infrastructure Ltd (SRUIL) as per Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) for establishment and running of wellness centre in the upcoming project of SRUIL, as per the terms of which the Company is entitled to share revenue with SRUIL/society for a specific period. However, the Company was in advanced discussion with the said party for refund of deposit but now the Company has gone into liquidation and provisional liquidator has been appointed.
- b. The Company had entered into a Revenue Sharing Agreement for occupying commercial spaces of SKM Real Infra Limited (formerly SKM Fabrics (Andheri) Ltd.) (SKM). As per the Agreement, the Company had given an interest-free Security Deposit to SKM in relation to running business of Wellness Academy, other allied activities and Films, Media and TV Channel etc. The Company had acquired larger space in the past and thus on non-usage of such larger spaces, the same was returned to SKM and certain portion of deposit was received back from SKM. The closing balance of the said deposit as on 31st March 2022 is Rs. 2,218.28 lakhs which is higher than the space occupied by the Company. The Management has evaluated that the deposit for the space occupied by the Company should be approximately Rs. 1,000 lakhs. Hence, the Company is in advanced discussion with SKM for proportionate refund i.e., Rs. 1218.28 lakhs and is hopeful for recovery in near future.
33. The Company has not carried out actuarial valuation as per the recommendations of Ind AS 15 issued by ICAI, and instead provided for Gratuity on accrual basis as per Management Estimates. The management is of the opinion that the provision created in the books is sufficient considering the number of employees & it has provided the same in current year on ad-hoc basis. Provision towards retirement benefits has been considered in the Company's books, as per the recommendations of the Indian Accounting Standard - 15, Employee Benefits given in table below: -

Net employee benefit expenses (recognized in Employee cost)

Particulars	31.03.2022 (Rs. In Lakhs)		31.03.2021 (Rs. In Lakhs)	
	Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment
Current Service Cost	0.19	-	1.40	-
Total included in "Employee Benefit Expenses"	0.19	-	1.40	-

Balance Sheet

Details of provision for Gratuity & Leave Encashment

Particulars	31.03.2022 (Rs. In Lakhs)		31.03.2021 (Rs. In Lakhs)	
	Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment
Liability at the end of the year	4.09	-	4.42	0.21
Amount in Balance Sheet	4.09	-	4.42	0.21

Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

Particulars	31.03.2022 (Rs. In Lakhs)		31.03.2021 (Rs. In Lakhs)	
	Gratuity	Leave encashment	Gratuity	Leave encashment
Liability at the beginning of the year	4.42	0.21	3.01	0.17
Current Service Cost	0.19	-	1.40	0.04
Benefits paid/ adjustment	(0.52)	(0.21)	-	-
Liability at the end of the year	4.08	-	4.41	0.21

34. In the opinion of the Board, Current & Non-current Assets and Loans and Advances have a value on realization in the ordinary course of business, at least equal to the amounts at which they are stated and adequate provision has been made for all known liabilities.
35. Certain balances appearing under certain heads of Other Financial Asset, Trade receivable, Loans, Other Financial Asset, Other Current Asset, Trade Payable are as per books of accounts and as such are subject to consequential adjustments, which may arise on receipt of confirmations and/or completion of reconciliations.

36. **Directors' Remuneration:**

Remuneration of Directors (Including Managing Director) is as under:

Particulars	(Rs. in Lacs)	
	Current Year (Rs.)	Previous Year (Rs.)
Remuneration including other benefits	6.42	5.62
Company's Contribution to Provident Fund, ESIC & Bonus	0.80	0.70
Total	7.22	6.31

37. (a). Provision for current tax has been made as per the law stated in the Income Tax Act, 1961.
 (b). No Deferred Tax Assets have been recognized in the accounts by the Company in respect of brought forward losses under the Income Tax Act, 1961, keeping in view the prudence aspect.
38. Related Party Disclosure
 As per Indian Accounting Standard - 24 Related Party Disclosures as prescribed under Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006, the Company's related parties and transactions are disclosed below:
- i. Holding/Subsidiary - None
 - ii. Investing parties/promoters having significant influence on the Holding Company directly or indirectly - None
 - iii. Key Management Personnel:
 - (a) K.R.Mahadevan- Whole Time Director & Chief Financial Officer (CFO from 20th April 2022)
 - (b) Vidhi Kasliwal
 - (c) Deepak R. Nangalia - Chief Financial Officer (upto 30th June 2021)
 - (d) Harshil Chheda ceased to be Company Secretary and compliance officer w.e.f May 22, 2021
 - (e) Ms. Isha Bakre appointed as Company Secretary and compliance officer w.e.f December 2, 2021
 - iv. Relatives of Key Management Personnel:
 - (a) Vikas Kasliwal
 - (b) Arnav Vikas Kasliwal
 - (c) Dhruv Vikas Kasliwal
 - (d) R S Kasliwal
 - v. Enterprises over which key management personnel and their relatives exercise significant influence where the Company has entered into transactions during the year:
 - (a) Shree Ram Urban Infrastructure Limited
 - (b) K U Enterprises Pvt. Ltd.

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Key Management Personnel	Enterprises over which key management personnel and their relatives exercise influence	Closing Balances
Remuneration & Perquisites	9.62 (10.51)	-	0.81 (0.92)
Unsecured Loan repaid	-	20 (-)	637.59 (574.09)
Unsecured Loan taken		83.50 (236.50)	
Deposits	-	-	1,500 (1,500)

39. Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share:

Basic and Diluted earnings per share is calculated as under (Rs. In Lacs):

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Numerator – Profit as per the Statement of Profit & Loss (Rs.)	(136.38)	(71.55)
Preference Dividend	-	-
Amount available to Equity Shareholders	(28.50)	(28.50)
Denominator- No. of Equity Share outstanding	8000.00	8000.00
Nominal value of share (in Rs.)	1.00	1.00
Basic & Diluted Earnings per Share (Rs.)	(0.017)	(0.009)

40. Fair value measurements

(a) Financial instruments by category

The Company does not have any financial assets or liabilities which are measured at FVTPL or FVOCI they are measured at Amortised cost.

(Rs. in lacs)

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Financial assets		
Investments	2.61	7.64
Other financial assets	3,987.06	3,718.72
Trade receivables	2.93	9.95
Loans	-	295.15
Cash and cash equivalents	4.76	27.06
Total financial assets	3,997.36	4,058.53
Financial liabilities		
Trade payables	214.80	227.44
Borrowings	967.14	918.90
Other financial liabilities	254.00	254.00
Total financial liabilities	1,435.94	1,400.34

Carrying value of all the above financial assets and financial liabilities as at March 31, 2022, and March 31, 2021 approximate the fair value because of their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts ad fair values of the said assets and liabilities subsequently measured at amortized cost is not significant in each of the years presented.

(b) Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgments and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are (a) recognised and measured at fair value and (b) measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

(c) Valuation technique used to determine fair values

The carrying amount of current financial assets and liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to Difference between carrying amounts ad fair values of the said assets and liabilities subsequently measured at amortized cost is not significant in each of the years presented.

The fair value of security deposits and borrowings has been considered same as carrying value since there have not been any material changes in the prevailing interest rates. Impact on account of changes in interest rates, if any has been considered immaterial.

Note

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities which are included in level.

There were no transfers between any levels during the year.

41. Financial risk management

The Company’s business activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, namely liquidity risk, market risks and credit risk.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit Risk	Cash and cash equivalents, financial assets measured at amortised cost.	Aging analysis	Diversification of bank deposits
Liquidity Risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities

(a) Credit risk

The company is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligation resulting in a financial loss to the company. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and financial assets carried at amortised cost

Credit risk management

Credit risk is managed at company level depending on the policy surrounding credit risk management. For banks and financial institutions, only high rated banks/institutions are accepted. Generally, all policies surrounding credit risk have been managed at company level.

(b) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, company treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. This is generally carried out at local level in the operation of the company in accordance with practice and limits set by the company.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The amounts disclosed in the below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

(Rs. in Lacs)

March 31, 2022	Less than 1 years	Between 1 year and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Financial liabilities				
Loans from related parties	-	637.59	-	637.59
Loans from Others	329.55	-	-	329.55
Creditors for supplies and services related Party	-	-	124.87	124.87
Creditors for supplies and services others	4.99	84.94	-	89.93
Other financial liabilities	-	254.00	-	254.00
Total financial liabilities	336.30	1,099.64	-	1,435.94

March 31, 2021	Less than 1 years	Between 1 year and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Financial liabilities				
Loans from related parties	-	574.09	-	574.09
Loans from Others	344.81	-	-	344.81
Creditors for supplies and services related Party	-	-	124.87	124.87
Creditors for supplies and services others	25.71	76.86	-	102.57
Other financial liabilities	-	254.00	-	254.00
Total financial liabilities	370.52	1,029.82	-	1,400.34

42. Capital Management

(a) Risk Management

The company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Company monitors capital on basis of total equity on a periodic basis. Equity comprises all components of equity includes the fair value impact. The following table summarizes the capital of the Company:

Particulars	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Equity	8000.00	8000.00

43. Outstanding amounts payable to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises included under Current Liabilities, as per the information available with the Company and relied upon by the Auditors - Nil (Previous Year-Nil).
44. The Company had issued 2,54,000 0% Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs. 100/- each fully paid-up amounting to Rs. 254.00 Lacs which was due for redemption on 30th January 2018. The said Preference Shares were not redeemed as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. However, the Company has further extended the redemption for five years and has taken this for approval of members in previous AGM.
45. Travelling expenses include Directors' travelling expenses (foreign & domestic) of Rs. Nil (Previous Year - Rs. Nil).
46. The Company in the current year deals in only one segment i.e. Film Production and Presentation and hence there are no reportable segments during the year.
47. During the financial year 2018-19, SEBI had passed a Confirmatory Order dated June 05, 2018 confirming the Interim Order whereby the directions issued by Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) dated December 22, 2017 to the Company for conducting Forensic Audit was to be considered. However, the Company has filed an appeal to the Hon'ble Securities Appellate Tribunal (SAT) on July 26, 2018 in this regard. In the hearings carried on October 11, 2018 SAT has rejected the request for stay on the forensic audit & directed to co-operate with the Forensic Auditor appointed by BSE on 22.12.2017. The Company has provided some details to the Forensic Auditor and further working on the requirements given by Forensic Auditor. The Company had a hearing before SAT on 08.02.2019 and the matter stands over to next hearing dated 12.03.2019 in which the Company and SEBI are directed to bring out the latest position relating to the ongoing forensic audit. Further, in the hearing dated 25.04.2019, an undertaking was given by BSE officials that the Forensic Audit Report will be issued before 15.06.2019. However the said report was not received by the Company. The Company, its current & then Directors along with CFO's have received a Notice from SEBI regarding the details furnished by Forensic Auditor to SEBI on 17.02.2020 and a legal counsel has been hired by the Company to respond on it. Response was filed by the Legal Counsel and a hearing was fixed for 9th December'2020 with WTM of SEBI for the same. Officials of the Company have attended the hearing with the Legal Counsel on 9th December'2020 and the matter is pending with SEBI. Company was in discussion with Legal Counsel and filed a Settlement Scheme with SEBI for which application for the Company and officials was made. Subsequently, SEBI had provided penalty amount under the Settlement Scheme which was declined by the Company. The Company is in receipt of the Final Order from SEBI dated: 20.01.2022, in which the company and officials have been penalized under various sections wherein the Company has to pay penalty of Rs 34 Lacs.
48. The Company has booked invoices amounting of Rs. 50.81 lakhs to Vendors from whom the services have now been availed but adequate supporting documents of the same are not available with the company. However, there is no impact on the Profit & Loss Account as all the expenses are relating to film projects which are under development.

49. **Auditors' Remuneration:**

(Rs. In Lacs)

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Audit Fees	2.00	2.00
Certification and other matters	1.30	1.40

(Included under legal & professional fees)		
Total	3.30	3.40

50. The Company has not traded in crypto currency or virtual currency during the year.
51. The Company is not declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lenders.
52. The Company has no transactions with the struck off Companies under Section 248 or 560 of the Act.
53. No proceedings were initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988.
54. There are no ultimate beneficiaries to whom the Company has lent/invested nor received any fund during the year within the meaning of Foreign Exchange Management Act 1999 and Prevention of money Laundering Act 2002.
55. The Company has Compliance related to number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
56. There we no transaction in the Company which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
57. The Company doesnot have any charges or satisfaction, which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.
58. The Company has not borrowed any money from any issue of securities and long term borrowings from banks and financial institutions and hence utilization for the specific purpose for which the funds were raised is not applicable.
59. The Company not done any borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence disclosure pertaining to it are not applicable to the Company.
60. The Company has given Interest free Loans to two parties for amounting to Rs 268.34 Lacs for which term sheet and other documents are in process of regularization.
61. **Outstanding form Trade Receivable Ageing**

As on 31st March 2022

(Rs in Lakhs)

Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	TOTAL
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered	-	-	0.02	-	-	2.91	2.93

good								
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

As on 31st March 2022

(Rs in Lakhs)

Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	TOTAL
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	7.05	2.91	-	9.95

(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - Credit Impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

62. Trade Payable ageing

As on 31st March 2022

(Rs in Lakhs)

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	TOTAL
(i) MSME						-
(ii) Others	1.18	3.79	0.89	0.11	208.82	214.80
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME						-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others						-

As on 31st March 2022

(Rs in Lakhs)

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	TOTAL
(i) MSME						-
(ii) Others	13	4.55	2.94	10.89	195.65	227.44
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME						-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others						-

63. Ratio analysis for two years.

Ratio	Mar-22	Mar-21	% variance	Reason for variance
(a) Current ratio	1.72	2.03	(0.31)	NA
(b) Debt-equity ratio	0.33	0.30	0.03	NA
(c) Debt service coverage ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA
(d) Return on equity ratio	(0.05)	(0.02)	(0.02)	NA
(e) Inventory turnover ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA
(f) Trade receivables turnover ratio	0.04	0.04	0.00	NA
(g) Trade payables turnover ratio	NA	NA	NA	NA
(h) Net capital turnover ratio	0.00	0.00	0.00	NA
(i) Net profit ratio	(121.00)	(67.50)	(53.50)	Increase in Loss
(j) Return on capital employed	(0.04)	(0.02)	(0.02)	NA
(k) Return on investment	NA	NA	NA	NA

64. Previous year's figures have been regrouped /rearranged wherever considered necessary.

For and On behalf of the Board

Whole Time Director & CFO

K. R. Mahadevan
DIN-07485859

Director

Vidhi Kasliwal
DIN-00332144

C.S.

Isha Bakre