

July 27, 2022

BSE Limited	National Stock Exchange of India Limited	
Corporate Relationship,	Exchange Plaza, Plot No. C/1, G Block,	
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,	Bandra-Kurla Complex,	
Dalal Street,	Bandra (East),	
Mumbai 400 001	Mumbai 400 051	
BSE Scrip Code: 500247, 958687	NSE Symbol: KOTAKBANK, KMB22, KMB26	

Dear Sirs,

#### Sub: Integrated Annual Report 2021-22

We refer to our letter dated July 23, 2022, intimating that the 'Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting' ("AGM") of the Members of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ("Bank") is scheduled to be held on Saturday, August 27, 2022 at 10:00 a.m. (IST) through Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM), in accordance with the relevant circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA").

In terms of the provisions of Regulation 34(1) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we submit herewith:

- (i) the Integrated Annual Report 2021-22 of the Bank, comprising the standalone and consolidated audited financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2022, along with Directors' Report and Auditors' Report and other documents required to be annexed thereto, and
- (ii) the Notice of Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting.

Pursuant to the relevant circulars of MCA and the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), the Notice convening the AGM and the Integrated Annual Report 2021-22, are being sent only by e-mail to those Members who have registered their e-mail address with the Bank / its Registrar and Transfer Agent / Depository Participants (in case of demat holding). The above documents are also being made available and can be accessed / downloaded from the Bank's website <a href="https://www.kotak.com">www.kotak.com</a> and the website of National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL), the e-voting agency appointed by the Bank, at <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com">www.evoting.nsdl.com</a>

We request you to kindly take the above on record and disseminate to all concerned.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully, For Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

Avan Doomasia Senior Executive Vice President & Company Secretary

Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd. CIN: L65110MH1985PLC038137

Registered Office: 27 BKC, C 27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai 400051, Maharashtra, India.

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# Notice



#### KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK LIMITED

CIN: L65110MH1985PLC038137 Registered Office: 27BKC, C 27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400 051 Tel: +91 22 6166 0001, Fax: +91 22 6713 2403, Website: <u>www.kotak.com</u>; E-mail: KotakBank.Secretarial@kotak.com

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Members of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ("Bank") will be held on Saturday, 27<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 at 10:00 a.m. Indian Standard Time ("IST") through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"), in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder read with General Circular No. 02/2022 dated 5<sup>th</sup> May, 2022, General Circular No. 14/2020 dated 8<sup>th</sup> April, 2020, General Circular No. 17/2020 dated 13<sup>th</sup> April, 2020, General Circular 20/2020 dated 5<sup>th</sup> May, 2020 and other relevant circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India, to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS:**

1. To receive, consider and adopt the standalone audited financial statement of the Bank for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED** that the standalone audited financial statement of the Bank for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon, be and are hereby received, considered and adopted."

2. To receive, consider and adopt the consolidated audited financial statement of the Bank for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 together with the Report of the Auditors thereon

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED** that the consolidated audited financial statement of the Bank for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 and the report of the Auditors thereon, be and are hereby received, considered and adopted."

# 3. To confirm payment of interim dividend on 8.10% Non-Convertible Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares for the financial year 2021-22

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED** that an interim dividend at the rate of ₹ 0.405 per 8.10% Non-Convertible Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Share of ₹ 5/- (Five Rupees only), as declared by the Board of Directors for the financial year 2021-22 and paid to those Members whose names appeared in the list of Beneficial Owners as on the Record Date i.e. 18<sup>th</sup> March, 2022, be and is hereby confirmed."

#### 4. To declare dividend on equity shares for the financial year 2021-22

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED** that a dividend at the rate of ₹ 1.10 (One Rupee and Ten Paise only) per equity share of ₹ 5/- (Five Rupees only), as recommended by the Board of Directors, be and is hereby declared for the financial year 2021-22 and that the same be paid out of the profits of the Bank for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 to all those Members whose names appeared in the Register of Members / list of Beneficial Owners, as on the Record Date fixed for this purpose i.e. 12<sup>th</sup> August, 2022."

#### 5. To re-appoint Mr. KVS Manian (DIN: 00031794), who retires by rotation and, being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED** that Mr. KVS Manian (DIN: 00031794), Director, who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible for re-election in accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Bank."

# 6. To re-appoint Mr. Gaurang Shah (DIN: 00016660), who retires by rotation and, being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment, to hold office up to 31<sup>st</sup> October, 2022

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED** that Mr. Gaurang Shah (DIN: 00016660), Director, who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible for re-election in accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Bank, to hold office up to the end of his current term as Whole-time Director of the Bank i.e. 31st October, 2022."

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#### 7. Payment of additional fees / remuneration to the existing Joint Statutory Auditors for the financial year 2021-22

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED** that in addition to and in furtherance of the resolutions passed by the Members of the Bank at the Annual General Meeting held on 25<sup>th</sup> August, 2021 for the appointment and payment of remuneration to Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 001076N / N500013) and Price Waterhouse LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 301112E / E300264), respectively, as Joint Statutory Auditors of the Bank and pursuant to the provisions of Section 142 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as may be applicable and the provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, further approval of the Members of the Bank, be and is hereby accorded for payment of additional fees / remuneration of ₹ 2,000,000 (Rupees Twenty Lakh only), for general increase in efforts, for the financial year 2021-22, to be allocated by the Bank between Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants and Price Waterhouse LLP, Chartered Accountants, depending upon their respective roles and responsibilities and scope of work, in addition to any out of pocket expenses, outlays and taxes, as applicable."

"RESOLVED FURTHER that the Board of Directors ("Board"), including the Audit Committee of the Board or any other person(s) authorised by the Board or the Audit Committee in this regard, be and is hereby authorised on behalf of the Bank to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may, in its absolute discretion deem necessary or desirable for such purpose and with the power to settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard, for the implementation of the resolution and for allocation of additional fees / remuneration, as mentioned herein above, and for finalising, amending, signing, delivering and executing any deed, document, paper, writing in this regard."

#### 8. Appointment of KKC & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 105146W / W100621) as one of the Joint Statutory Auditors of the Bank

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED** that pursuant to the provisions of Sections 139, 141 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, Section 30 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and guidelines and circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") in this regard, from time to time, including any amendment(s), modification(s), variation(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force and in terms of the approval received from RBI vide its letter bearing Ref. No. DOS. Co. RPD. No. S2271/08.30.005/2022-23 dated 5<sup>th</sup> July, 2022, the approval of the Members of the Bank, be and is hereby accorded for the appointment of KKC & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 105146W / W100621), as one of the Joint Statutory Auditors of the Bank, to hold office from the conclusion of the Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the Fortieth Annual General Meeting of the Bank, for the purpose of the audit of the Bank's standalone and consolidated financial statements for the financial years 2022-23 to 2024-25, subject to the approval of RBI, every year, from financial year 2023-24 onwards."

"RESOLVED FURTHER that the Board of Directors ("Board"), including the Audit Committee of the Board or any other person(s) authorised by the Board or the Audit Committee in this regard, be and is hereby authorised on behalf of the Bank to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may, in its absolute discretion deem necessary or desirable for such purpose and with the power to settle all questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard for the implementation of the resolution, including but not limited to determination of roles and responsibilities / scope of work of the respective Joint Statutory Auditors and negotiating, finalising, amending, signing, delivering and executing the terms of appointment, including any contract or document in this regard."

#### Fixing of remuneration of Joint Statutory Auditors for the audit of Bank's standalone and consolidated financial statements for the financial year 2022-23

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED that pursuant to the provisions of Section 142 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, Section 30 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and the guidelines and circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") in this regard, from time to time, including any amendment(s), modification(s), variation(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force, the approval of the Members of the Bank, be and is hereby accorded for payment of an overall audit fee not exceeding ₹ 35,000,000 (Rupees Three Crore Fifty Lakh only), to Price Waterhouse LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number 301112E / E300264) and KKC & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 105146W / W100621), the Joint Statutory Auditors of the Bank, for the financial year 2022-23 and that the same be allocated by the Bank between the Joint Statutory Auditors, depending upon their respective scope of work, in addition to any out of pocket expenses, outlays and taxes, as applicable."

"**RESOLVED FURTHER** that the Board of Directors ("Board"), including the Audit Committee of the Board or any other person(s) authorised by the Board or Audit Committee in this regard, be and is hereby authorised to negotiate, finalise, allocate / apportion the aforesaid remuneration between the Joint Statutory Auditors, depending on their respective roles and responsibilities / scope of work, and if required, alter and vary the terms of remuneration due to any change / modification in roles and responsibilities / scope of work, any amendments in Accounting Standards or regulations and such other requirements resulting in the change / modification in roles and responsibilities / scope of work, etc., of the Joint Statutory Auditors, without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the Members of the Bank."

#### SPECIAL BUSINESS:

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#### 10. Re-appointment of Mr. KVS Manian (DIN: 00031794) as Whole-time Director of the Bank and payment of remuneration

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED** that pursuant to the provisions of Section 35-B and any other applicable provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, as amended, read with the rules, regulations, directions, guidelines and circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") in this regard, the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as amended from time to time, any other applicable laws (including any statutory amendment(s), modification(s), variation(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), the provisions of the Articles of Association and subject to the approvals, as may be necessary from the RBI and such other authority or regulatory body and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by RBI and such other authority or regulatory body while granting such approvals and pursuant to the approval of the Board of Directors of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

("Bank"), the approval of the Members of the Bank, be and is hereby accorded for the re-appointment of Mr. KVS Manian (DIN: 00031794) and payment of remuneration to Mr. Manian, as the Whole-time Director of the Bank, for a period of three years, with effect from 1st November, 2022 or the date of approval by the RBI, whichever is later, on the following terms of remuneration:

Basic Salary	o ₹ 20.75 lakh per month	
Performance Bonus	As may be decided by the Board of Directors, subject to the approval of RBI	
Allowances towards driver wages, furnishings, gas, electricity, water, servants, gardener, entertainment	Up to ₹ 27 lakh per annum	
Perquisites		
a) Car	Use of the Bank's car for official and private purposes	
b) Medical Reimbursement	As per the Bank's rules applicable to employees of the Bank, subject to maximum of ₹ 8 lakh per annum	
Provident Fund / Gratuity / Superannuation or allowance thereof	As per the Bank's rules applicable to employees of the Bank	
Leave Travel Allowance	Up to ₹ 6 lakh per annum	
Other benefits towards club fees for subscription to two clubs, health insurance, leave	th As per the Bank's rules applicable to employees of the Bank	
Employee Stock Options	As may be granted by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee."	

"RESOLVED FURTHER that the Board of Directors (hereinafter referred to as the "Board", which term shall include any Committee which the Board of Directors of the Bank may have constituted or may hereafter constitute and delegate with the powers necessary for the purpose) of the Bank, be and are hereby authorised to fix the actual amount of remuneration and perquisites, payable or to be provided to Mr. Manian and vary or increase the same from time to time, within the limits approved by the Members, to the extent the Board may consider appropriate and as may be permitted or authorised by the RBI, on an application made by the Bank."

"RESOLVED FURTHER that Mr. Manian be subject to retirement by rotation during his tenure as the Whole-time Director of the Bank."

"RESOLVED FURTHER that in case of absence or inadequacy of profits in any financial year, the aforesaid remuneration shall be paid to Mr. Manian, as minimum remuneration."

"RESOLVED FURTHER that the Board, be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds and things and to execute any agreements, documents or instructions as may be required to give effect to this resolution."

#### 11. Appointment of Ms. Shanti Ekambaram (DIN: 00004889) as a Director and Whole-time Director of the Bank and payment of remuneration

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED that pursuant to the provisions of Section 161 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and the applicable provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 ("BR Act"), Ms. Shanti Ekambaram (DIN: 00004889), appointed as an Additional Director acting as Whole-time Director of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ("Bank") for a period of three years, with effect from 1st November, 2022 or the date of approval of the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"), whichever is later, and in respect of whom the Bank has received a notice in writing from a Member proposing her candidature for the office of Director, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Bank, with effect from the said date."

"RESOLVED FURTHER that pursuant to the provisions of Section 35-B and any other applicable provisions of the BR Act, as amended, read with the rules, regulations, directions, guidelines and circulars issued by RBI in this regard, the applicable provisions of the Act, as amended, any other applicable laws (including any statutory amendment(s), modification(s), variation(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), the provisions of the Articles of Association and subject to the approvals, as may be necessary from the RBI and such other authority or regulatory body and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by RBI and such other authority or regulatory body while granting such approvals and pursuant to the approval of the Board of Directors of the Bank, the approval of the Members of the Bank be and is hereby accorded for the appointment of Ms. Shanti Ekambaram (DIN: 00004889) and payment of remuneration to Ms. Ekambaram, as the Whole-time Director of the Bank for a period of three years, with effect from 1st November, 2022 or the date of approval by the RBI, whichever is later, on the following terms of remuneration:

Basic Salary	Up to ₹ 20.50 lakh per month	
Performance Bonus	As may be decided by the Board of Directors, subject to the approval of RBI	
Allowances towards driver wages, furnishings, gas, electricity, water, servants, gardener, entertainment	Up to ₹ 27 lakh per annum	
Perquisites	-	
a) Car	Use of the Bank's car for official and private purposes	
b) Medical Reimbursement	As per the Bank's rules applicable to employees of the Bank, subject to maximum of ₹ 8 lakh per annum	
Provident Fund/ Gratuity/ Superannuation or allowance thereof	As per the Bank's rules applicable to employees of the Bank	
Leave Travel Allowance	Up to ₹ 6 lakh per annum	
Other benefits towards club fees for subscription to two clubs, health insurance, leave	As per the Bank's rules applicable to employees of the Bank	
Employee Stock Options	As may be granted by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee."	

"RESOLVED FURTHER that the Board of Directors (hereinafter referred to as the "Board", which term shall include any Committee which the Board of Directors of the Bank may have constituted or may hereafter constitute and delegate with the powers necessary for the purpose) of the Bank, be and is hereby authorised to fix the actual amount of remuneration and perquisites, payable or to be provided to Ms. Ekambaram and vary or increase the same from time to time, within the limits approved by the Members, to the extent the Board may consider appropriate and as may be permitted or authorised by RBI, on an application made by the Bank."

"RESOLVED FURTHER that Ms. Ekambaram shall be subject to retirement by rotation during her tenure as the Whole-time Director of the Bank."

"RESOLVED FURTHER that in case of absence or inadequacy of profits in any financial year, the aforesaid remuneration shall be paid to Ms. Ekambaram, as minimum remuneration."

"RESOLVED FURTHER that the Board, be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds and things and to execute any agreements, documents or instructions as may be required to give effect to this resolution."

# 12. Material Related Party Transaction with Infina Finance Private Limited from Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting to Thirty-Eighth Annual General Meeting

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED** that in supersession of the resolution passed earlier in this regard vide postal ballot notice dated 17<sup>th</sup> December, 2021 and pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), such other applicable provisions of law and any amendment(s), modification(s), variation(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof (hereinafter called as "Applicable Laws") and the 'Policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions' of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ("Bank"), as may be applicable from time to time, the Members of the Bank do hereby approve and accord further approval to the Board of Directors of the Bank (hereinafter referred to as "Board", which term shall be deemed to include any duly authorised Committee constituted / empowered by the Board, from time to time, to exercise its powers conferred by this resolution), for entering into and / or carrying out and / or continuing with contracts / arrangements / transactions (whether individual transaction or transactions taken together or series of transactions or otherwise) with Infina Finance Private Limited ("Infina"), being a Related Party within the meaning of Section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 2(1)(zb) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, with respect to:

- a) deposits (in any form and by whatever name called), including Current Account Deposits or Fixed Deposits ("Deposits") from Infina, whether by way of fresh deposit(s) or renewal(s) or extension(s) or any modification(s) of earlier contracts / arrangements / transactions or otherwise, from time to time and interest thereon, as may be disclosed and as required by the prevailing accounting standards in the notes forming part of the relevant consolidated financial statements of the Bank, from the Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting up to the date of the Thirty-Eighth Annual General Meeting of the Bank, subject to the relevant omnibus approval from the Audit Committee of the Bank for the period commencing from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2023, notwithstanding the fact that the aggregate value of all these transactions may exceed ₹ 1,000 crore or 10% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Bank as per the audited financial statements for the relevant financial years, whichever is lower, as prescribed under Applicable Laws or any other materiality threshold, as may be applicable from time to time, provided however, that the said contracts / arrangements / transactions shall be carried out at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Bank; and
- b) other transactions and / or arrangements and / or transfer of resources / services, against the consideration agreed upon or as may be agreed from time to time and / or where the Bank / its subsidiaries would (i) purchase / sell securities, transact in forex and derivatives, receive fees, charges, revenue, commission, premium, brokerage or any other income, such as for custody / depository services, advisory services, insurance services, asset management fees, Issuing and Paying Agreement fees, shared services and / or (ii) incur expenses, etc., as may be disclosed in the notes forming part of the relevant consolidated financial statements of the Bank, from the Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting up to the date of the Thirty-Eighth Annual General Meeting of the Bank, subject to the relevant omnibus approval from the Audit Committee of the Bank for the period commencing from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2023, provided however, that all such contracts / arrangements / transactions shall be carried out at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business and, notwithstanding that the aggregate value of all such transactions under this para is expected to be less than even one percent of the annual consolidated turnover of the Bank, but, taken together with the aggregate value of Deposits mentioned in (a) above, may exceed ₹ 1,000 crore or 10% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Bank as per the audited financial statements of the relevant financial years, whichever is lower, wherein Deposits and interest thereon would form a substantial portion of such transaction value."

"**RESOLVED FURTHER** that the Members of the Bank do hereby approve and accord further approval to the Board, to sign and execute all such documents, deeds and writings, including filing the said documents, etc. and do all such acts, deeds and things and take necessary steps as the Board may in its absolute discretion deem necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to this resolution and to settle any question that may arise in this regard and incidental thereto, without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the Members or otherwise to the end and intent that the Members shall be deemed to have given their approval thereto expressly by the authority of this resolution."

"**RESOLVED FURTHER** that the Members of the Bank, do hereby also accord further approval to the Board of Directors of the Bank, to delegate all or any of its powers herein conferred to any Committee of Directors and / or Director(s) and / or official(s) of the Bank / any other person(s) so authorised by it, to do all such acts and take steps as may be considered necessary or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

"RESOLVED FURTHER that all actions to be taken by the Board in this regard, be and are hereby approved and confirmed in all respects."

#### 13. Material Related Party Transaction with Mr. Uday Kotak from Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting to Thirty-Eighth Annual General Meeting

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"**RESOLVED** that in supersession of the resolution passed earlier in this regard vide Postal Ballot Notice dated 17<sup>th</sup> December, 2021 and pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), such other applicable provisions of law and any amendment(s), modification(s), variation(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof (hereinafter called as "Applicable Laws") and the 'Policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions' of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ("Bank"), as may be applicable from time to time, the Members of the Bank do hereby approve and accord further approval to the Board of Directors of the Bank (hereinafter referred to as "Board", which term shall be deemed to include any duly authorised Committee constituted / empowered by the Board, from time to time, to exercise its powers conferred by this resolution), for entering into and / or carrying out and / or continuing with contracts / arrangements / transactions (whether individual transaction or transactions taken together or series of transactions or

otherwise) with Mr. Uday Kotak (DIN: 00007467), Managing Director & CEO and a Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank, being a Related Party within the meaning of Section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 2(1)(zb) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, with respect to:

- a) deposits (in any form and by whatever name called), including Savings Account Deposits or Fixed Deposits ("Deposits") from Mr. Uday Kotak, whether by way of fresh deposit(s) or renewal(s) or extension(s) or any modification(s) of earlier contracts / arrangements / transactions or otherwise, from time to time and interest thereon, as may be disclosed and as required by the prevailing accounting standards in the notes forming part of the relevant consolidated financial statements of the Bank, from the Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting up to the date of the Thirty-Eighth Annual General Meeting of the Bank, subject to the relevant omnibus approval from the Audit Committee of the Bank for the period commencing from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2023, notwithstanding the fact that the aggregate value of all these transactions, may exceed ₹ 1,000 crore or 10% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Bank as per the audited financial statements for the relevant financial years, whichever is lower, as prescribed under Applicable Laws or any other materiality threshold, as may be applicable from time to time, provided however, that the said contracts / arrangements / transactions shall be carried out at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Bank; and
- b) apart from remuneration as approved by the Reserve Bank of India, the Board of Directors and the Members, other transactions and / or arrangements and / or transfer of resources / services, against the consideration agreed upon or as may be agreed from time to time and / or where the Bank / its subsidiaries would (i) purchase / sell securities, transact in forex and derivatives, receive fees, charges, revenue, commission, premium, brokerage or any other income, such as for custody / depository services, advisory services, insurance services and asset management fees and / or (ii) incur expenses, etc., as may be disclosed in the notes forming part of the relevant consolidated financial statements of the Bank, from the Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting up to the date of the Thirty-Eighth Annual General Meeting of the Bank, subject to the relevant omnibus approval from the Audit Committee of the Bank for the period commencing from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2023, provided however, that all such contracts / arrangements / transactions shall be carried out at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business and, notwithstanding that the aggregate value of all such transactions under this para is expected to be less than even one percent of the annual consolidated turnover of the Bank as per the audited financial statements of the Bank (or the relevant financial statements of the Bank, but, taken together with the aggregate value of Deposits mentioned in (a) above, may exceed ₹ 1,000 crore or 10% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Bank as per the audited financial statements of the Bank for the relevant financial years, whichever is lower, wherein Deposits and interest thereon would form a substantial portion of such transaction value."

"**RESOLVED FURTHER** that the Members of the Bank do hereby approve and accord further approval to the Board, to sign and execute all such documents, deeds and writings, including filing the said documents, etc. and do all such acts, deeds and things and take necessary steps as the Board may in its absolute discretion deem necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to this resolution and to settle any question that may arise in this regard and incidental thereto, without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the Members or otherwise to the end and intent that the Members shall be deemed to have given their approval thereto expressly by the authority of this resolution."

"**RESOLVED FURTHER** that the Members of the Bank, do hereby also accord further approval to the Board of Directors of the Bank, to delegate all or any of its powers herein conferred to any Committee of Directors and / or Director(s) and / or official(s) of the Bank / any other person(s) so authorised by it, to do all such acts and take steps as may be considered necessary or expedient to give effect to this resolution."

"RESOLVED FURTHER that all actions to be taken by the Board in this regard, be and are hereby approved and confirmed in all respects."

By Order of the Board of Directors For Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

> Avan Doomasia Company Secretary (FCS 3430)

Mumbai 23<sup>rd</sup> July, 2022

Registered Office: 27 BKC, C 27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051 CIN: L65110MH1985PLC038137 Website: <u>www.kotak.com</u>

#### Notes:

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**Cokotak** 

- In view of the prevailing COVID-19 pandemic and the consequent social distancing norms, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"), Government of India vide its General Circular No. 02 / 2022 dated 5<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 read together with General Circular No. 14 / 2020 dated 8<sup>th</sup> April, 2020, General Circular No. 17/2020 dated 13<sup>th</sup> April, 2020, General Circular No. 20 / 2020 dated 5<sup>th</sup> May, 2020 and other relevant circulars issued by the MCA ("MCA Circulars"), has permitted companies to hold general meetings through Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") up to 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2022, without physical presence of the members at a common venue. Accordingly, the Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Members of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ("Bank") is being held through VC / OAVM.
- 2. The deemed venue of the meeting shall be the Registered Office of the Bank at 27 BKC, C 27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai 400 051.
- 3. Since the AGM is being held through VC / OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed to this Notice.
- 4. None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Ordinary Business set out under Item Nos. 1 to 9 of the Notice. The Directors recommend passing of the Ordinary Resolutions at Item Nos. 1 to 9 of the Notice.
- The relevant Statement pursuant to the provisions of Section 102(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and other applicable provisions, if any, setting out all the material facts relating to the Special Business mentioned under Item Nos. 5 to 13 of this Notice dated 23<sup>rd</sup> July, 2022, is annexed hereto.
- 6. Members attending the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be reckoned for the purpose of quorum under Section 103 of the Act.
- 7. The Bank has availed services of National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL"), to provide the VC facility for conduct of the AGM.
- 8. Members of the Bank, including those under the category of 'Institutional Investors', are encouraged to attend and vote on the resolutions proposed at the AGM.
- 9. In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote, provided the votes are not already cast by remote e-voting. Every Folio / Client ID will have only one login-id irrespective of the number of joint holders.
- 10. All the documents referred to in the accompanying Notice will be available for inspection through electronic mode, without any fee, by the Members, from the date of circulation of this Notice up to the date of AGM. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an e-mail to KotakBank.Secretarial@kotak.com

During the AGM (i) the Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act, (ii) the Register of contracts or arrangements in which Directors are interested maintained under Section 189 of the Act, (iii) the certificate from Secretarial Auditor of the Bank certifying that the Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2015 and Kotak Mahindra Stock Appreciation Rights Scheme 2015 of the Bank have been implemented, to the extent applicable, in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014, as replaced by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 and the resolution of the Bank passed at the AGM held on 29<sup>th</sup> June, 2015 and (iv) the other documents as mentioned in the accompanying Notice, will be available for inspection upon login at NSDL e-voting system at <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>

- 11. Details relating to Directors retiring by rotation / seeking appointment / re-appointment at this AGM are provided in the Annexure to the Notice, as per Regulation 36(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") as well as the Secretarial Standard on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India. A brief profile of all the Directors of the Bank is given in the Report on Corporate Governance.
- All correspondence regarding shares of the Bank should be addressed to the Bank's Registrar and Transfer Agent ("RTA"), KFin Technologies Limited ("KFIN") at Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad – 500 032 (Unit: Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited).
- 13. The Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), vide its circular dated 20<sup>th</sup> April, 2018, has mandated, *inter alia*, registration of Permanent Account Number ("PAN") and Bank Account Details for all securities holders.

Further, SEBI, vide its circular dated 3<sup>rd</sup> November, 2021, mandated shareholders holding securities in physical form to furnish PAN, Bank Account details, KYC (including contact details) and Nomination details before they could avail any investor service. Folios wherein any one of the above mentioned details are not registered on or after 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2023, shall be frozen. In this regard, the Bank has addressed individual letters to all the concerned Members for furnishing their PAN, Bank Account details, KYC and Nomination details. The aforesaid letter and relevant forms prescribed by SEBI under the aforesaid circular are available on the website of the Bank at https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/investor-information/investor-info.html The concerned Members are requested to furnish their PAN, Bank Account details, KYC and Nomination details by submitting the prescribed forms, duly filled and signed by the registered holders, by e-mail from their registered e-mail address to einward.ris@kfintech.com or by submitting a physical copy thereof to KFIN at its address give herein above.

Members holding shares in demat form are requested to submit their PAN, Bank Account details, KYC and Nomination details to their respective Depository Participants ("DP").

- 14. Members who have not updated their latest e-mail address in the records of the Bank / Depository Participant, are requested to update the same.
- 15. As per Regulation 40 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended from time to time, transfer, transmission and transposition of securities of listed companies held in physical form shall be effected only in demat mode. Further, SEBI has, vide its circular dated 25<sup>th</sup> January, 2022, also mandated that listed companies shall, while processing investor service requests pertaining to issuance of duplicate securities certificate or exchange of securities certificate, endorsement, sub-division / consolidation of certificates, etc., issue the securities only in demat mode. In view of this mandate of SEBI as also to eliminate all risks associated with physical certificates and to get inherent benefits of dematerialisation, Members holding securities in physical form are advised to avail of the facility of dematerialisation.
- 16. Pursuant to the MCA Circulars and the circular on Relaxation from compliance with certain provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations, issued by SEBI on 13<sup>th</sup> May, 2022, the Notice convening the AGM of the Bank, the Integrated Annual Report 2021-22 and the e-voting instructions are being sent only by e-mail to those Members who have registered their e-mail address with their DPs / KFIN / Bank. Members may note that

the Notice of the AGM and the Integrated Annual Report 2021-22 will also be available on the Bank's website <u>www.kotak.com</u>, website of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at <u>www.bseindia.com</u> and <u>www.nseindia.com</u>, respectively, and on the website of NSDL, <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u>

# Process for registration of e-mail address for obtaining the Integrated Annual Report, the user id / password for e-voting and updation of bank account mandate for receipt of dividend:

Type of Holding	g Procedure	
Physical Holding	For registration of e-mail address and / or updation of Bank Account details, please send a written request in Form ISR-1 (available at https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/investor-information/investor-info.html) to the RTA of the Bank i.e. KFIN at Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Hyderabad – 500 032 (Unit: Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited), providing Folio Number, name of the Member, copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested copy of PAN card) and AADHAAR (self-attested copy of Aadhaar card). Additionally, please provide a self-attested copy of the cancelled cheque leaf bearing the name of the first holder / bank statement duly attested by the bank manager (along with the details of 9-digit MICR Code Number and 11-digit IFSC), for updating bank account details. Any person holding shares in physical form and becomes a Member after the notice is sent through e-mail and holding shares as of the Cut-off date i.e. 20 <sup>th</sup> August, 2022 may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in. However, if such person is already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting, then such person may use the existing user ID and password for casting vote / attending AGM. If any member has forgotten the user ID and/or password, the same can be reset by using "Forgot User Details / Password" or "Physical User Reset Password" option available on <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> or call on toll free no. 1800	
Demat Holding	Please contact your DP and register your e-mail address and bank account details in your demat account, as per the process advised / forms made available by your DP. In case of an Individual Shareholder holding securities in demat mode who acquires shares of the Bank and becomes a Member of the Bank after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the Cut-off date i.e. 20 <sup>th</sup> August, 2022, the Member may follow steps mentioned in the Notice of the AGM under "Access to NSDL e-voting system".	

It may be noted that the Bank / KFIN may use the e-mail address of such Members for sending all future correspondence electronically and that such Members would be deemed to have consented to the same.

#### 17. Instructions for attending AGM through VC / OAVM

- Members will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC / OAVM through the NSDL e-voting system. Members may access
  the same by following the steps mentioned for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, Members may click on VC / OAVM
  link available under 'Join Meeting' menu against the Bank's name. This link for VC / OAVM will be available in 'Shareholder / Member'
  login where the EVEN of the Bank will be displayed. Please note that Members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-voting or
  have forgotten the User ID and Password, may retrieve the same by following the remote e-voting instructions mentioned in the Notice.
- Facility of joining the AGM through VC / OAVM shall open 30 minutes before the time scheduled for the AGM and will be available for Members on first come first served basis. The said facility, provided by NSDL, allows participation of at least 1,000 Members on a on a first-come-first-served basis. The large Members (i.e. Members holding 2% or more shareholding), promoters, institutional investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Statutory Auditors, Secretarial Auditor, Debenture Trustee and Scrutiniser can attend the AGM without any restriction on account of first-come-first-served principle.
- Members who need assistance before or during the AGM, can write to NSDL at evoting@nsdl.co.in or contact NSDL helpline nos. 1800 1020 990 / 1800 224 430 or get in touch with Mr. Amit Vishal, Assistant Vice President NSDL at AmitV@nsdl.co.in / Ms. Pallavi Mhatre, Senior Manager NSDL at pallavid@nsdl.co.in or visit NSDL's office at 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, 'A' Wing, Trade World, Kamala Mills Compound, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai 400013.
- Members are encouraged to join the AGM through personal computers / laptops for better user experience. Also, Members will be required to have stable internet / broadband connection to avoid any disturbance during the AGM. Please note that Members joining the AGM through mobile devices, tablets or through personal computers / laptops connected via mobile hotspot may experience audio / video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network connectivity. It is, therefore, recommended to use stable Wi-Fi or LAN connection to mitigate the aforesaid glitches.
- Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM, may register themselves as a speaker by sending
  their request from their registered e-mail address mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID / folio number, PAN, mobile number at
  kotakagm.speakers@kotak.com from Wednesday, 17<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 (9:00 a.m. IST) to Friday, 19<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 (5:00 p.m. IST). Only those
  speaker registration requests received till 5:00 p.m. (IST) on Friday, 19<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 will be considered and allowed to express their views /
  ask questions during the AGM. The Bank reserves the right to restrict the number of questions and / or speakers, as appropriate, depending
  on the availability of time and smooth conduct of the AGM.
- Members may submit questions, in advance, concerning the resolutions to be considered at the AGM, by sending the same from their registered e-mail address and mentioning their name, DP ID and Client ID / folio number, PAN, mobile number, to kotakagm.queries@kotak.com, so as to be received on or before Friday, 19<sup>th</sup> August, 2022.
- The Members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also attend / participate in the AGM through VC / OAVM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
- Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his / her behalf and the proxy need not be a Member of the Bank. Since this AGM is being held through VC / OAVM pursuant to the MCA Circulars, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence, the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice.

Institutional / Corporate Members (i.e. other than Individuals, HUFs, NRIs, etc.) are required to send the Board Resolution / Power
of Attorney / Authority Letter, etc., together with attested specimen signature(s) of the duly authorised representative(s), at
e-mail id: rupaldjhaveri@rediffmail.com, with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in. Such authorisation shall contain necessary authority in
favour of its authorised representative(s) to attend the AGM.

#### 18. Instructions for Remote Electronic Voting ("remote e-voting")

- In accordance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force) ("Rules"), the MCA Circulars and Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing Regulations read with circular of SEBI on e-voting Facility provided by Listed Entities dated 9<sup>th</sup> December, 2020, Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) and any amendments thereto, the Bank is providing remote e-voting facility to all its Members to enable them to cast their vote on the matters listed in the Notice by electronic means and business will be transacted through such voting.
- The Bank has engaged the services of NSDL for providing e-voting facility to its Eligible Members, enabling them to cast their vote electronically, in a secured manner.
- The remote e-voting facility shall be available during the following period:

#### Commencement of remote e-voting: Tuesday, 23<sup>rd</sup> August, 2022 (from 9:00 a.m. IST)

#### End of remote e-voting: Friday, 26th August, 2022 (till 5:00 p.m. IST)

The remote e-voting will not be allowed beyond the aforesaid date and time and the remote e-voting module shall be forthwith disabled by NSDL upon expiry of the aforesaid period.

• Eligible Members, other than individuals may, in accordance with the provisions of Sections 112 and 113 of the Act, appoint representatives for the purpose of e-voting.

The manner of e-voting / logging in the AGM by (i) individual Members holding equity shares of the Bank in demat mode, (ii) Members other than individuals holding equity shares of the Bank in demat mode, (iii) Members holding equity shares of the Bank in physical mode and (iv) Members who have not registered their e-mail address, is explained in the instructions given herein below:

#### (i) LOGIN METHOD FOR E-VOTING FOR INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS HOLDING SECURITIES IN DEMAT MODE

As per circular of SEBI on e-voting Facility provided by Listed Entities dated 9<sup>th</sup> December, 2020, all individual Members holding equity shares of the Bank in demat mode can cast their vote by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts / websites of Depositories / DPs. The procedure, as implemented by the Depositories / DPs is, given below:

"Two Step" Process for voting electronically using the NSDL e-voting system:

#### Step 1: Access to NSDL e-voting System

#### A) Login method for e-voting

Type of Member	Login Method		
Individual Members holding equity shares of the Bank in demat mode with NSDL	1. Visit the e-voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder / Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number held with NSDL), Password / OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-voting page. Click on Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited or e-voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period.		
	2. Existing IDeAS users can visit the e-Services website of NSDL viz., <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u> eith on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page, click on the "Beneficial Owne icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. On the next screen, enter your existi User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-voting services under value added services. Click on "Access to e-voting" under e-voting services and you will be able to s e-voting page. Click on Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited or e-voting service provider i.e. NSDL and y will be re-directed to e-voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period.		
	<ol> <li>If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u> Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click on <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</u></li> </ol>		
	4. Members can also download NSDL Mobile App " <b>NSDL Speede</b> " facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.		
	NSDL Mobile App is available on		
	🖨 App Store 🗼 Google Play		

Type of Member	Login Method	
Individual Members holding equity shares of the Bank in demat mode with Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL")	<ol> <li>The users can directly access e-voting page by providing demat account number and PAN No. link on the <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> home page. The system will authenticate the users by sending OTP registered mobile number and E-mail as recorded in the demat account. After successful authent user will be provided with a link for the respective E-voting Service Provider i.e. <b>NSDL</b>.</li> <li>The existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, can login through their user id and pase Option will be made available to reach e-voting page without any further authentication. The URL for to login to Easi / Easiest are <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login</u> or <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> click on New System Myeasi.</li> <li>After successful login of Easi / Easiest, the user will be also able to see the e-voting Menu. The Me have links of <b>e-voting service provider i.e. NSDL</b>. Click on <b>NSDL</b> to cast your vote.</li> <li>If the user is not registered for Easi / Easiest, the option to register is availa <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration</u></li> </ol>	
Individual Members (holding equity shares of the Bank in demat mode) - Login through their DPs	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your DP registered with NSDL / CDSL for e-voting facility. Upon logging in, you will be able to see e-voting option. Click on e-voting option and you will be redirected to NSDL / CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you will see e-voting feature. Click on <b>Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited</b> or <b>e-voting service provider i.e. NSDL</b> and you will be redirected to e-voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period.	

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve their User ID / Password, are advised to use 'Forget User ID' and 'Forget Password' option available at the above mentioned websites, as may be applicable.

Contact details in case of any technical issue on NSDL Website	Contact details in case of any technical issue on CDSL Website
Members facing any technical issue during login can contact	Members facing any technical issue during login can contact CDSL

 Members facing any technical issue during login can contact
 Members facing any technical issue during login can contact CDSL

 NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call toll free no.:
 1800 1020 990 / 1800 224 430.
 Members facing any technical issue during login can contact CDSL

 helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call
 022-23058738 or 022-23058542-43.

# (ii) LOGIN METHOD FOR E-VOTING FOR MEMBERS OTHER THAN INDIVIDUAL MEMBERS HOLDING SECURITIES IN DEMAT MODE AND MEMBERS HOLDING SECURITIES IN PHYSICAL MODE

#### (A) In case a Member receives an e-mail from the Bank / NSDL [for Members whose e-mail address is registered with the Bank / DPs]:

- 1. Visit the e-voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> either on a Personal Computer / Laptop or on a mobile / tablet.
- 2. Once the home page of e-voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder / Member' section.
- 3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password / OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL e-Services i.e. IDeAS, you can log-in at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u> with your existing IDeAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL e-Services after using your log-in credentials, click on e-voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.
- 4. Your User ID details are given below:

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical		Your User ID is:	
a)	For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID. For example, if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****	
b)	For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID. For example, if your Beneficiary ID is 12************************************	
c)	For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the Bank. For example, if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456, then user ID is 101456001***	

- 5. Password details for Members other than Individual Members are, given below:
  - a) If you are already registered for e-voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.
  - b) If you are using NSDL e-voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the 'initial password' which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your 'initial password', you need to enter the 'initial password' and the system will force you to change your password.
  - c) How to retrieve your 'initial password'?
    - (i) If your e-mail address is registered in your demat account or with the Bank, your 'initial password' is communicated to you on your e-mail address. Trace the e-mail sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the e-mail and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit Client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of Client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your User ID and your initial password.

- (ii) If your e-mail address is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in process for those Members whose e-mail address are not registered.
  - 1. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the Initial password or have forgotten your password:
    - a) Click on "Forgot User Details / Password?" (If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on <a href="https://www.evoting.nsdl.com">www.evoting.nsdl.com</a>
    - b) "Physical User Reset Password?" (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com
    - c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number / folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address, etc.
    - d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-voting system of NSDL.
  - 2. After entering your password, tick on 'Agree to Terms and Conditions' by selecting on the check box.
  - 3. Now, you will have to click on 'Login' button.
  - 4. After you click on the 'Login' button, Home page of e-voting will open.

#### Step 2: Cast your vote electronically on NSDL e-voting system

- 1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all active "EVENs".
- 2. Select "EVEN" of the Bank for remote e-voting.
- 3. Now, you are ready for e-voting as the Voting page opens.
- 4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify / modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on 'Submit' and also 'Confirm' when prompted.
- 5. Upon confirmation, the message 'Vote cast successfully' will be displayed.
- 6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
- 7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

#### **General Guidelines for Members**

- Institutional / corporate Members (i.e., other than Individuals, HUFs, NRIs, etc.) are required to send the Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter, etc., together with attested specimen signature(s) of the duly authorised representative(s) who are authorised to vote, to the Scrutiniser by e-mail to rupaldjhaveri@rediffmail.com, with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in Such Members can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-voting" tab in their login.
- 2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the 'Forgot User Details/Password?' or 'Physical User Reset Password?' option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
- 3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") for Members and e-voting user manual for Members available at the download section of <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 224 430 or send a request to Mr. Amit Vishal, Assistant Vice President NSDL at AmitV@nsdl.co.in / Ms. Pallavi Mhatre, Senior Manager NSDL at pallavid@nsdl.co.in or at NSDL's e-voting e-mail id at evoting@nsdl.co.in

#### (B) In case of a Member whose e-mail address is not registered / updated with the Bank / KFIN / Depository / DPs, please follow the following steps to generate your login credentials:

Members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in / KotakBank.Secretarial@kotak.com for procuring user ID and password for e-voting.

- a) In case shares are held in physical mode, please provide Folio Number, name of the Members, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN Card) and AADHAAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhaar Card).
- b) In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DP ID and Client ID (16-digit DP ID and Client ID or 16-digit beneficiary ID), name of Member, client master or copy of consolidated account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN Card) and AADHAAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhaar Card).
- c) If you are an Individual Member holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at Step 1 (A).
- After verification of your request, NSDL will send the user ID and password credentials to you electronically.

In case of any queries, you may refer to the FAQs for Members and e-voting user manual for Members available in the download section of <u>www.evoting.nsdl.com</u> to get your grievances on e-voting addressed.

- The voting rights of Eligible Members shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Bank as on the Cut-off Date i.e. 20<sup>th</sup> August, 2022, subject to applicable laws, including the Banking Regulation Act, 1949.
- The Board of Directors have appointed Ms. Rupal D. Jhaveri (Membership No. 5441 and Certificate of Practice No. 4225), Practising Company Secretary and Partner in RJSY & Associates, as the Scrutiniser and Ms. Sadhana Yadav (Membership No. 27559 and Certificate of Practice No. 16932), Practising Company Secretary and Partner in RJSY & Associates, as an Alternate Scrutiniser to Ms. Rupal D. Jhaveri, to scrutinise the e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.

- After completion of scrutiny of the votes cast, the Scrutiniser will submit her Report to the Chairman of the Bank, or in his absence, to the Joint Managing Director or the Company Secretary. The results of the e-voting will be announced by the Chairman of the Bank, or in his absence, the Joint Managing Director or the Company Secretary, on or before Tuesday, 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2022.
- The said results, along with the Scrutiniser's Report, will be placed on the website of the Bank https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/governance/sebi-listing-disclosures.html and NSDL https://www.evoting.nsdl.com and also displayed at the Registered Office of the Bank. The same will also be simultaneously forwarded to the Stock Exchanges where the equity shares of the Bank are listed, for placing the same on their websites i.e. BSE Limited <u>www.bseindia.com</u> and National Stock Exchange of India Limited <u>www.nseindia.com</u>

#### 19. Dividend Related Information:

- The Record Date for determining the Members eligible to receive the dividend on the equity shares, if declared at the AGM, is Friday, 12<sup>th</sup> August, 2022.
- If the dividend on equity shares, as recommended by the Board of Directors, is approved at the AGM, payment thereof will be made on or before Friday, 2<sup>nd</sup> September, 2022, to those Members whose names appeared on the Register of Members / Statement of beneficial position received from the Depositories as at the close of business hours on Friday, 12<sup>th</sup> August, 2022.
- Members holding shares in dematerialised form are requested to intimate any change in their address or bank account details to their respective DPs with whom they are maintaining demat accounts before Friday, 12<sup>th</sup> August, 2022.
- Members are requested to claim their unclaimed dividend, if any, in respect of the shares held by them, failing which it will be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, within the statutorily prescribed time period. Members are requested to write to KFIN, for claiming unclaimed dividend.
- Members may please note that the unclaimed dividend in respect of the financial year 2014-15 must be claimed by the concerned Members, failing which it will be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016. Members are requested to write to KFIN, for claiming unclaimed dividend.
- Members may note that as per the Income Tax Act, 1961 ("IT Act"), dividends paid or distributed by the Bank shall be taxable in the hands of the Members and the Bank shall be required to deduct tax at source ("TDS") at the prescribed rates from the dividend to be paid to Members, subject to approval of dividend by the Members at the ensuing AGM. The TDS rate would vary depending on the residential status of the Member and the documents submitted by them and accepted by the Bank. In order to enable the Bank to determine the appropriate TDS rate as applicable, Members are requested to submit relevant documents, as specified in the below paragraphs, in accordance with the provisions of the IT Act.
- For resident Members, TDS is required to be deducted at the rate of 10% under Section 194 of the IT Act on the amount of dividend declared and paid by the Bank in the financial year 2022-23 provided valid PAN is registered by the Members. If the valid PAN is not registered, the TDS is required to be deducted at the rate of 20% under Section 206AA of the IT Act.
- However, no tax shall be deducted on the dividend paid to resident individuals if the aggregate dividend distributed or likely to be distributed during the financial year 2022-23 does not exceed ₹ 5,000. Further, in the cases where the Members provide valid Form 15G (for individuals, with no tax liability on total income and income not exceeding maximum amount which is not chargeable to tax) or Form 15H (for individual above the age of 60 years with no tax liability on total income), no TDS shall be deducted.
- NIL / lower tax shall be deducted on the dividend payable to following resident Members on submission of self-declaration as listed below:
  - i. Insurance companies: Declaration by Member qualifying as Insurer as per Section 2(7A) of the Insurance Act, 1938 along with self-attested copy of PAN card;
  - ii. Mutual Funds: Declaration by Mutual Fund Member eligible for exemption under Section 10(23D) of the IT Act along with self-attested copies of registration documents and PAN card;
  - iii. Alternative Investment Fund ("AIF") established in India: Declaration that the Member is eligible for exemption under Section 10(23FBA) of the IT Act and they are established as Category I or Category II AIF under the relevant SEBI Regulations. Copy of self-attested registration documents and PAN card should be provided.
  - iv. New Pension System Trust: Declaration along with self-attested copy of documentary evidence supporting the exemption and self-attested copy of PAN card.
  - v. Other Members Declaration along with self-attested copy of documentary evidence supporting the exemption and self-attested copy of PAN card.
  - vi. Members who have provided a valid certificate issued under Section 197 of the IT Act for lower / nil rate of deduction or an exemption certificate issued by the Income Tax authorities along with the Declaration.
- In case the dividend income is assessable to tax in the hands of a person other than the registered Member, as per Rule 37BA, the TDS credit may be done in the name of such other person if the registered Member provides a declaration as prescribed in this regard.
- For non-resident Members (including Foreign Portfolio Investors / Foreign Institutional Investors), tax is required to be withheld in accordance with the provisions of Section 195 and Section 196D of the IT Act at applicable rates in force. As per the relevant provisions of the IT Act, the tax shall be withheld @ 20% (plus applicable surcharge and cess) on the amount of dividend payable. However, as per Section 90 of the IT Act, a non-resident Member has the option to be governed by the provisions of the Double Tax Avoidance Agreement ("DTAA") between India and the country of tax residence of the Member, if they are more beneficial to the Member. For this purpose, i.e. to avail the tax treaty benefits, the non-resident Member will have to provide the following:
  - i. Self-attested copy of PAN card, if any, allotted by the Indian Income Tax authorities;
  - ii. Self-attested copy of Tax Residency Certificate (TRC) obtained from the tax authorities of the country of which the Member is resident;

- iii. Self-declaration in Form 10F;
- iv. Self-declaration by the non-resident Member, of meeting treaty eligibility requirement and satisfying beneficial ownership requirement (non-resident having Permanent Establishment in India would need to comply with provisions of Section 206AB of the IT Act);
- v. In case of Foreign Institutional Investors and Foreign Portfolio Investors, self-attested copy of SEBI registration certificate.
- Please note that the Bank is not obligated to apply the beneficial DTAA rates at the time of tax deduction / withholding on dividend amounts. Application of beneficial DTAA rate shall depend upon the completeness and satisfactory review by the Bank, of the documents submitted by non-resident Member.
- Accordingly, in order to enable the Bank to determine the appropriate TDS / withholding tax rate applicable, we request the Members to provide these details and documents as mentioned above before Friday, 12<sup>th</sup> August, 2022.
- The Bank shall arrange to e-mail the soft copy of TDS certificate at the registered e-mail address of Members post payment and filing of TDS return with respect to dividend.

#### Section 206AB of the IT Act:

Rate of TDS @ 10% under Section 194 of the IT Act is subject to provisions of Section 206AB of IT Act (effective from 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2021) which introduces special provisions for TDS in respect of non-filers of income-tax return. As provided in Section 206AB of the IT Act, tax is required to be deducted at higher of following rates in case of payments to specified persons at:

- twice the rate specified in the relevant provision of the IT Act; or
- twice the rate or rates in force; or
- the rate of 5%.

Where Sections 206AA and 206AB of IT Act are applicable i.e. the specified person has not submitted the PAN as well as not filed the return, the tax shall be deducted at the higher of the two rates prescribed in these two sections.

The term 'specified person' is defined in Sub-section (3) of Section 206AB of IT Act who satisfies the following conditions:

- A person who has not filed the income tax return for the assessment year relevant to the previous year immediately prior to the previous year in which tax is required to be deducted, for which the time limit of filing of return of income under Section 139(1) of the IT Act has expired; and
- The aggregate of TDS and TCS is ₹ 50,000 or more in such previous year.

The non-resident who does not have the Permanent Establishment is excluded from the scope of a specified person.

For the purpose of identification of specified person under Section 206AB of IT Act and TDS deduction, the Bank will be relying on the information from the Government enabled online facility to verify the status (i.e. Specified Person or not) and deduct TDS accordingly.

Non-resident Members who do not have a Permanent Establishment in India are requested to inform the Bank well in advance and before the Cut-off Date for purpose of deducting TDS under Sections 195 / 196D read with Section 206AB of the IT Act. The Bank reserves its right to recover any demand raised subsequently on the Bank for not informing the Bank or providing wrong information about applicability of Section 206AB of IT Act, in your case.

#### Updation of PAN, e-mail address, Bank account and other details:

Members holding shares in dematerialised mode, are requested to update their records such as tax residential status, PAN, bank account details, registered e-mail address, mobile number and other details with their relevant Depositories through their DPs.

Members holding shares in physical mode are requested to furnish these details to KFIN, in the prescribed Form ISR-1, which is available at <a href="https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/investor-information/investor-info.html">https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/investor-information/investor-info.html</a> Members are also requested to submit relevant supporting documents, such as, a cancelled cheque leaf with the Member's name and bank account details or a copy of the Bank pass-book statement, duly attested by the Members and a copy of their PAN card, duly self-attested by the Members.

The Bank is obligated to deduct TDS based on the records available with RTA and no request will be entertained for revision of TDS return.

Kindly note that the aforementioned documents are required to be submitted on or before Friday, 12<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 and may also be uploaded at <u>https://ris.kfintech.com/form15</u>

The Resident Non-Individual Members i.e. Insurance Companies, Mutual Funds and Alternative Investment Funds (AIFs) established in India and Non-Resident Non-Individual Members i.e. Foreign Institutional Investors and Foreign Portfolio Investors may alternatively submit the relevant forms / declarations / documents through their respective custodian who is registered on NSDL platform, on or before the aforesaid date.

You can also visit the site at <u>www.kotak.com</u> under tab 'Investor Relations' to download the documents as applicable in order to enable the Bank to determine and deduct appropriate TDS / withholding tax rate. No communication on the tax determination / deduction shall be entertained after Friday, 12<sup>th</sup> August, 2022. It may be further noted that in case the tax on said dividend is deducted at a higher rate in absence of receipt of the aforementioned details / documents from the Members, there would still be an option available with the Members to file the return of income and claim an appropriate refund, if eligible.

No claim shall lie against the Bank for such taxes deducted. For further information, Members are requested to refer to the e-mail communication sent to them in this regard.

# EXPLANATORY STATEMENT CONTAINING MATERIAL FACTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 AND OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISIONS:

The following Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder, sets out all the material facts relating to the businesses mentioned under Item Nos. 5 to 13 of the accompanying Notice dated 23<sup>rd</sup> July, 2022.

#### ITEM NO. 6

At the Annual General Meeting of the Bank held on 22<sup>nd</sup> July, 2019, in pursuance of the applicable provisions of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and / or such other applicable regulations and subject to the approval of the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"), Mr. Gaurang Shah (DIN: 00016660) was appointed as a Director and Whole-time Director of the Bank, for a period of three years, with effect from such date as would be approved by the RBI. The RBI vide its letter bearing Ref. No. DBR. Appt. No. 3299/29.40.001/2019-20 dated 24<sup>th</sup> October, 2019, approved the said appointment for a period of three years, with effect from the date of approval or date of taking charge, whichever was later. Accordingly, Mr. Shah's term as Whole-time Director came into effect from 1<sup>st</sup> November, 2019 i.e. the date on which he took charge of his office. Mr. Shah's term will end on 31<sup>st</sup> October, 2022.

Mr. Shah has conveyed that, having crossed the age of 60 years, he would like to focus on a few things in his personal space and that it may result in him not being able to devote his full time and attention to his position as a Whole-time Director of the Bank. He has, accordingly, requested the Board to not consider him for the re-appointment. The Board, at its meeting held on 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022, noted that Mr. Shah would, accordingly, cease to be a Director and Whole-time Director, with effect from the close of business hours on 31<sup>st</sup> October, 2022. He will, however, continue to serve on the Boards of Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited, Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited, Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited, Kotak Investment Advisors Limited and Kotak Mahindra (International) Limited, even after ceasing to be on the Bank's Board.

Pursuant to Section 152 of the Act and as per the terms of his appointment, Mr. Shah comes up for retirement by rotation at the Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting. Being eligible, Mr. Shah has offered himself for re-appointment to hold office till the end of his current term as Whole-time Director i.e. at the end of business hours on 31<sup>st</sup> October, 2022.

Your Directors recommend the passing of the resolution at Item No. 6 of the accompanying Notice.

Mr. Gaurang Shah and his relatives may be deemed to be concerned or interested in the resolution relating to his re-appointment. None of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the passing of the Ordinary Resolution at Item No. 6 of the accompanying Notice.

#### ITEM NO. 7

At the Annual General Meeting of the Bank held on 25<sup>th</sup> August, 2021, the Members had approved the appointment of Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number 001076N / N500013) and Price Waterhouse LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number 301112E /E300264), as Joint Statutory Auditors of the Bank for the purpose of the audit of the Bank's standalone and consolidated financial statements, for the financial year 2021-22. An overall fee of ₹ 29,000,000/- (Rupees Two Crore Ninety Lakh only), to be allocated by the Bank between the Joint Statutory Auditors, depending upon their respective scope of work, in addition to the out of pocket expenses, outlays and taxes, as applicable, had been approved by the Members.

There have been various additional requirements during the financial year 2021-22, for which the Joint Statutory Auditors have provided additional services and in respect of which an additional fees / remuneration of Rs. 2,000,000 (Rupees Twenty lakh only), in addition to any out of pocket expenses, outlays and taxes, as applicable, are proposed to be paid to the Joint Statutory Auditors. Based on the approval and recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board at its meeting held on 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022, approved the aforementioned payment of additional fees / remuneration to the Joint Statutory Auditors, subject to the approval of the Members of the Bank and such other consents / permissions / sanctions as may be required from any regulatory / statutory authority.

Accordingly, approval of the Members is now being sought for the payment of additional fees / remuneration to the Joint Statutory Auditors for the financial year 2021-22, for the general increase in their efforts, depending upon their respective scope of work, in addition to the out of pocket expenses, outlays and taxes, as applicable.

Your Directors recommend the passing of the resolution at Item No. 7 of the accompanying Notice.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the passing of the Ordinary Resolution at Item No. 7 of the accompanying Notice.

#### ITEM NOS. 8 AND 9

Pursuant to the Bank's Policy on appointment of Statutory Auditors ("Policy") and the Circular of the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") bearing No. DoS.CO.ARG/SEC.01/08.91.001/2021-22 dated 27<sup>th</sup> April, 2021 ("RBI Circular" / "Guidelines") prescribing the guidelines for appointment of Statutory Central Auditors (SCAs) / Statutory Auditors (SAs) of Commercial Banks (excluding Regional Rural Banks), Urban Co-operative Banks and Non-Banking Financial Companies (including Housing Finance Companies) and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee and the Board and the further approval of the RBI, the Members of the Bank had, at the Annual General Meeting held on 25<sup>th</sup> August, 2021, re-appointed Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 001076N / N500013) as one of the Joint Statutory Auditors of the Bank, for financial year 2021-22, to hold office from the conclusion of the Thirty-Sixth Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the Thirty-Sixth Annual (Firm Registration Number: 301112E / E300264), as the other Joint Statutory Auditors of the Bank's standalone and consolidated financial statements for a period of three years, with effect from financial year 2021-22, and to hold office from the conclusion of the Thirty-Sixth Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the Thirty-Ninth Annual General Meeting of the Bank.

The term of Walker Chandiok & Co LLP as one of the Bank's Joint Statutory Auditors expires at the conclusion of the Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting of the Bank.

Pursuant to the RBI Circular and the Policy, the Bank is required to appoint Joint Statutory Auditors in place of Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, for the purpose of the audit of the Bank's standalone and consolidated financial statements for a period of three years, with effect from financial year 2022-23 i.e. till financial year 2024-25 and to hold office from the conclusion of the Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the Fortieth Annual General Meeting of the Bank.

In this regard, based on a review of the profile including the size, experience and area of specialisation and the recommendation of the Audit Committee and subject to the approval of RBI, the Board had on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, *inter alia*, approved and recommended for the approval of the Members, the appointment of KKC & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 105146W / W100621), as the second Joint Statutory Auditor of the Bank, for a period of three years with effect from financial year 2022-23, to hold office from the conclusion of the Thirty-Seventh Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the Fortieth Annual General Meeting of the Bank for the purpose of the audit of the Bank's standalone and consolidated financial statements, from financial year 2022-23, with power to the Board (including the Audit Committee of the Board or any other person(s) authorised by the Board or Audit Committee in this regard), to do all such acts, matters, deeds and things as may be necessary or desirable in connection with or incidental for giving effect to the said appointment of the second Joint Statutory Auditors, including but not limited to determination of roles and responsibilities / scope of work of the respective Joint Statutory Auditors, negotiating, finalizing, amending, signing, delivering, executing the terms of appointment, including any contracts or documents in this regard, alter and vary the terms and conditions of remuneration arising out of increase in scope of work, amendment in Accounting Standards or regulations and such other requirements resulting in the change in scope of work, without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the Members of the Bank.

KKC & Associates LLP has consented to act as the Joint Statutory Auditor of the Bank and have intimated that such appointment would be in accordance with the conditions prescribed in Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and have also confirmed their eligibility to be appointed as Statutory Auditors, in terms of Section 141 of the Act and applicable rules and RBI Guidelines.

The RBI has, vide its letter bearing Ref. No. Dos. Co. RPD. No. S2271/08.30.005/2022-23 dated 5<sup>th</sup> July, 2022, granted its approval for the aforementioned appointment of the second Joint Statutory Auditors.

The details in relation to and credentials of KKC & Associates LLP are, as follows:

KKC & Associates LLP is a firm established in 1936, with presence in Mumbai, Ahmedabad, Bengaluru and Pune with around 10 and team size of more than 200 professional and others. Two partners of the firm are the Past Presidents of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the partners have been or are associated with various banking institutions and global organisations like the International Monetary Fund, United Nations Development Programme, United Nations, International Federation of Accountants, etc. and are members of various committees constituted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Securities and Exchange Board of India, Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority, etc. The firm has a number of clients in the financial services industry including Banks, NBFCs, Insurance companies besides a number of listed companies. The firm is / has been the statutory auditors for a number of banks, both public and private as well as operations of foreign banks in India.

The Audit Committee and the Board, at their respective meetings held on 23<sup>rd</sup> July, 2022, approved an overall annual remuneration / fee of an amount not exceeding ₹ 35,000,000 (Rupees Three Crore Fifty Lakh only) in addition to any out of pocket expenses, outlays and taxes, as applicable, for financial year 2022-23, to Price Waterhouse LLP and KKC & Associates LLP, as the Joint Statutory Auditors, to be mutually agreed between the Bank and both the Joint Statutory Auditors, depending on the scope of work undertaken by each of them, for the purpose of audit of the Bank's standalone and consolidated financial statements and subject to the approval of the Members.

The approval of the Members of the Bank is being sought pursuant to the provisions of Sections 139, 141,142 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act and the relevant Rules thereunder and pursuant to Section 30 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and RBI Circular, for:

- (i) the aforementioned appointment of KKC & Associates LLP as one of the Joint Statutory Auditors;
- (ii) fixing the remuneration of the Joint Statutory Auditors for the financial year 2022-23; and
- (iii) granting authority to the Board, including the Audit Committee or any other person authorised by it, to determine roles and responsibilities / scope of work of the respective Joint Statutory Auditors, negotiate, finalise, amend, sign, deliver and execute the terms of their appointment and also to negotiate, finalise, allocate / apportion the aforesaid remuneration between the Joint Statutory Auditors, depending on their respective roles and responsibilities / scope of work, and if required, alter and vary the terms of remuneration due to any change / increase in roles and responsibilities / scope of work, any amendments in Accounting Standards or regulations and such other requirements resulting in the change / increase in roles and responsibilities / scope of work, etc., of the Joint Statutory Auditors, without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the Members of the Bank.

As per the applicable provisions of law, including the RBI Circular and the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the appointment of Joint Statutory Auditors would be subject to the approval of the RBI every year, from financial year 2023-24 onwards.

Your Directors recommend the passing of resolutions at Item Nos. 8 and 9 of the accompanying Notice.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the passing of the Ordinary Resolutions at Item Nos. 8 and 9 of the accompanying Notice.

#### ITEM NOS. 5 AND 10

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") and the approval of the Board of Directors of the Bank, the Members, at the Thirty-Fourth Annual General Meeting of the Bank held on 22<sup>nd</sup> July, 2019, approved the appointment of Mr. KVS Manian (DIN: 00031794) as a Director and Whole-time Director of the Bank for a period of three years, subject to approval of the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI").

The RBI vide its letter bearing Ref. No. DBR. Appt. No. 3299/29.40.001/2019-20 dated 24<sup>th</sup> October, 2019, approved the said appointment for a period of three years, with effect from the date of approval or date of taking charge, whichever is later. Accordingly, Mr. Manian's appointment came into effect from 1<sup>st</sup> November, 2019, the date on which he took charge of his office and is valid till 31<sup>st</sup> October, 2022.

During his tenure as the Whole-time Director of the Bank, Mr. Manian has contributed significantly to the growth of the Corporate and Institutional Banking business of the Bank.

Upon evaluation of Mr. KVS Manian's eligibility in terms of the 'Fit and Proper' criteria as laid down by the RBI and the compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 ("BR Act") and the various circulars issued by the RBI from time to time, the NRC recommended Mr. Manian's re-appointment to the Board of Directors of the Bank. The Board of Directors, at their meeting held on 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022, have

re-appointed Mr. KVS Manian as a Whole-time Director of the Bank, subject to the approval of RBI and the Members of the Bank, for a period of three years with effect from 1st November, 2022 or the date of effective approval of the RBI, whichever is later.

The terms of re-appointment and remuneration payable to Mr. Manian are, as follows:

Basic Salary	Up to ₹ 20.75 lakh per month	
Performance Bonus	As may be decided by the Board of Directors, subject to approval of RBI	
Allowances towards driver wages, furnishings, gas, electricity, water, servants, gardener, entertainment	Up to ₹ 27 lakh per annum	
Perquisites		
a) Car	Use of the Bank's car for official and private purposes	
b) Medical Reimbursement	As per the Bank's rules applicable to employees of the Bank, subject to maximum of ₹ 8 lakh per annum	
Provident Fund / Gratuity / Superannuation or allowance thereof	As per the Bank's rules applicable to employees of the Bank	
Leave Travel Allowance	Up to ₹ 6 lakh per annum	
Other benefits towards club fees for subscription to two clubs, health insurance, leave	As per the Bank's rules applicable to employees of the Bank	
Employee Stock options	As may be granted by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee	

Note: In case of absence or inadequacy of profits in any financial year, the aforesaid remuneration be paid to Mr. Manian as minimum remuneration.

Performance Bonus to be paid to Mr. Manian is in accordance with the regulations / guidelines issued by the RBI from time to time.

Mr. Manian has furnished to the Bank, his consent to act as a Whole-time Director and that he is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director of the Bank, in Form DIR-8.

The details of Mr. Manian are set out in the Annexure to the Notice. Mr. Manian has relevant knowledge and practical experience and expertise in the areas of Business Management, Finance, Accountancy, Information Technology, Banking, Small scale industry and Payment and Settlement systems, as required under Section 10A 2(a) of the BR Act and the relevant circulars issued by RBI, from time to time.

Given his skills, experience and expertise and his contribution as a Board member during his current stint and on the basis of evaluation of performance of Mr. Manian as a Whole-time Director, it is considered desirable and in the interest and of immense benefit to the Bank to re-appoint Mr. Manian as a Whole-time Director of the Bank.

Mr. Manian and his relatives may be deemed to be concerned or interested in the resolution relating to his re-appointment and remuneration. None of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank or their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the passing of the Ordinary Resolutions at Item Nos. 5 and 10 of the accompanying Notice.

Your Directors recommend the Ordinary Resolutions at Item Nos. 5 and 10 for the approval of the Members.

#### ITEM NO. 11

The size and complexity of operations of the Bank and its subsidiaries has increased substantially over the past few years and hence, there is a continued need for a larger representation of the operating management on the Board of the Bank.

In view of the desire expressed by Mr. Gaurang Shah to not continue as a Whole-time Director of the Bank after his existing term comes to an end on 31<sup>st</sup> October, 2022, it was deemed essential to consider the appointment of another Whole-time Director, to maintain adequate representation of the operating Management on the Bank's Board.

In this regard, upon evaluation of Ms. Shanti Ekambaram's (DIN: 00004889) eligibility in terms of the 'Fit and Proper' criteria as laid down by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") and the compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 ("BR Act") and the various circulars issued by the RBI from time to time, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") recommended the appointment of Ms. Ekambaram to the Board of Directors of the Bank. The Board of Directors, at their meeting held on 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022, have appointed Ms. Shanti Ekambaram as a Whole-time Director of the Bank, subject to the approval of RBI and the Members of the Bank, for a period of three years with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> November, 2022 or the date of effective approval of the RBI, whichever is later.

The terms of appointment of Ms. Ekambaram are, as follows:

Basic Salary Up to ₹ 20.50 lakh per month		
Performance Bonus	As may be decided by the Board of Directors, subject to approval of RBI	
Allowances towards driver wages, furnishings, gas, electricity, water, servants, gardener, entertainment	Up to ₹ 27 lakh per annum	
Perquisites		
a) Car	Use of the Bank's car for official and private purposes	
b) Medical Reimbursement	As per the Bank's rules applicable to employees of the Bank, subject to maximum of ₹ 8 lakh per annum	
Provident Fund / Gratuity / Superannuation or allowance thereof	As per the Bank's rules applicable to employees of the Bank	
Leave Travel Allowance	Up to ₹ 6 lakh per annum	
Other benefits towards club fees for subscription to two clubs, health insurance, leave	As per the Bank's rules applicable to employees of the Bank	
Employee Stock options	As may be granted by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee	

Note: In case of absence or inadequacy of profits in any financial year, the aforesaid remuneration be paid to Ms. Ekambaram as minimum remuneration.

Performance Bonus to be paid to Ms. Ekambaram is in accordance with the regulations/guidelines issued by the RBI from time to time.

Ms. Ekambaram has furnished to the Bank, her consent to act as a Director and Whole-time Director and that she is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director of the Bank in Form DIR-8.

Ms. Ekambaram is Group President and headed the Consumer Banking Business of the Bank up to 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2022. The details of Ms. Ekambaram are set out in the Annexure to the Notice.

Ms. Ekambaram has relevant knowledge and practical experience and expertise in the areas of Banking, Business Management, Finance, Accountancy, Payment and Settlement systems and Digital, as required under Section 10A 2(a) of the BR Act and the relevant circulars issued by RBI from time to time.

Given her vast experience in successfully leading various verticals within the Bank, her business acumen, skills and the understanding of the complexities involved in the banking and financial services business, it is considered desirable and in the interest and of immense benefit to the Bank to appoint Ms. Shanti Ekambaram as a Director and Whole-time Director of the Bank.

The Bank has received a notice in writing under the provisions of Section 160 of the Act, from a Member proposing the candidature of Ms. Ekambaram for the office of Director.

Except for Ms. Ekambaram and her relatives, none of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank or their respective relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Ordinary Resolution at Item No. 11 of the accompanying Notice.

Your Directors recommend the Ordinary Resolution at Item No. 11 for the approval of the Members.

#### ITEM NOS. 12 AND 13

As per the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), transactions with related parties which are on an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business, are exempted from the obligation of obtaining prior approval of shareholders. However, such transactions, if material, require the approval of shareholders through a resolution, notwithstanding the fact that the same are at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business, as per the requirements of the provisions of Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"). As per Clause (zc) of Regulation 2(1) read with the proviso to Regulation 23(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, transactions involving transfer of resources, services or obligations between a listed entity or any of its subsidiaries on one hand and a related party of the listed entity or any of its subsidiaries on the other hand will be considered as 'related party transactions' and as 'material related party transactions', if the transaction to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds ₹ 1,000 crore or 10% of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity, whichever is lower.

Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ("Bank"), in the ordinary course of its banking business, opens accounts and receives deposits including Current Account Deposits, Savings Account Deposits, Fixed Deposits, etc. ("Deposits") from its customers and for which the Bank pays interest to such customers as per the prevailing applicable interest rates. As per the applicable regulatory directions, circulars and guidelines stipulated by the Reserve Bank of India, banks are required to accept deposits at uniform interest rates and cannot distinguish a customer vis-à-vis interest rates and other terms and conditions. All customers seeking a specific type of deposit within the slabs of amount and tenure shall earn the same rate of interest. Additionally, once a Demand Deposit Account is opened, a bank cannot legally stop amounts coming into the customer's account and it is entirely up to the discretion of the customer how much amount it seeks to place into the deposit.

The Members of the Bank had, vide postal ballot notice dated 17<sup>th</sup> December, 2021, approved related party transactions by the Bank, as potential 'material related party transactions' under the provisions of Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, with Infina Finance Private Limited ("Infina") / Mr. Uday Kotak, for financial year 2022-23, at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Bank. These transactions are recurring in nature and have previously been approved by the Audit Committee of the Bank under its omnibus approval for related party transactions for the financial year 2022-23.

With reference to a clarification issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") vide Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2022/47 dated 8<sup>th</sup> April, 2022, shareholders' approval of omnibus Related Party Transactions approved at an Annual General Meeting ("AGM") shall be valid up to the date of the next AGM or for a period not exceeding fifteen months, whichever is earlier.

Keeping in view the above clarification and to align the procedure and frequency of seeking Members' approval for the Material Related Party Transactions in subject, from AGM to AGM, it is proposed to extend the validity of the existing Members' approval for the contracts and / or transactions and / or arrangements, as stated in the resolutions at Item Nos. 12 and 13, to be entered into by the Bank and / or its subsidiaries, from the Thirty-Seventh AGM up to the date of the Thirty-Eighth AGM of the Bank ("relevant period"), at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business, with:

- (i) Infina, and
- (ii) Mr. Uday Kotak

(both, related parties of the Bank).

These transactions, during the relevant period, between the Bank and / or its subsidiaries on one side and Infina / Mr. Uday Kotak, separately on the other side, may exceed the threshold of 'material related party transactions' under the SEBI Listing Regulations i.e. ₹ 1,000 crore or 10% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Bank as per the audited financial statements of the Bank for the relevant financial years, whichever is lower. All these transactions will be executed at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Bank and / or its subsidiaries.

All transactions as mentioned under para (b) of resolutions under Item Nos. 12 and 13 mentioned above, are expected to be less than even one percent of the annual consolidated turnover of the Bank for the relevant financial years. However, these transactions, taken together with transactions as mentioned under para (a) of resolutions under Item Nos. 12 and 13, respectively, in the aggregate, may exceed ₹ 1,000 crore or 10% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Bank as per the audited financial statements for the relevant financial years, whichever is lower, wherein Deposits and interest thereon would form a substantial portion of such transaction value. It may be noted that these transactions do not relate to any loan, inter-corporate deposit, advances or investment by the Bank and / or its subsidiaries.

For transactions taking place during financial year 2022-23, the relevant financial year would be financial year 2021-22 and for transactions taking place on or after 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2023, the relevant financial year would be financial year 2022-23.

Based on the information on the proposed transactions summarised in this AGM Notice, the approval of the Members is sought for the resolutions contained at Item Nos. 12 and 13 of the accompanying AGM Notice for the period commencing from the conclusion of the Thirty-Seventh AGM until the date of the Thirty-Eighth AGM of the Bank. The Audit Committee and the Board of the Bank have already approved entering into the aforesaid Related Party Transactions for the financial year 2022-23 (i.e. up to 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2023). A separate approval from the Audit Committee and the Board of the Bank shall be sought at a later stage for the aforesaid proposed transactions for the period commencing from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2023 till the date of the Thirty-Eighth AGM of the Bank.

Mr. Suresh Kotak, father of Mr. Uday Kotak, Managing Director & CEO and a Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank and Mr. Jaimin Bhatt, Group President & Group Chief Financial Officer and a Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank, are Directors on the Board of Infina. Accordingly, Mr. Uday Kotak and Mr. Jaimin Bhatt and their respective relatives may be deemed to be concerned or interested in the resolution contained at Item No. 12 above. Mr. Uday Kotak is the Managing Director & CEO and a Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank. Accordingly, he and his relatives may be deemed to be concerned or interested in the resolution contained at Item No. 13 above.

None of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives, are in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the passing of the Ordinary Resolutions at Item Nos. 12 and 13 of the accompanying AGM Notice.

Your Directors recommend the passing of the Ordinary Resolutions at Item Nos. 12 and 13 of the accompanying AGM Notice, for the approval of the Members.

The Members may please note that in terms of provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations, no related party / ies shall vote to approve the Ordinary Resolutions at Item Nos. 12 and 13 of the accompanying AGM Notice.

By Order of the Board of Directors For Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

> Avan Doomasia Company Secretary (FCS 3430)

Mumbai 23<sup>rd</sup> July, 2022

Registered Office: 27 BKC, C 27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051 CIN: L65110MH1985PLC038137 Website: <u>www.kotak.com</u>

#### ANNEXURE TO ITEM NOS. 5, 6, 10 AND 11

Details of the Directors proposed for appointment / re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting

(Pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard 2 on General Meetings)

lame of the Director	Mr. KVS Manian	Mr. Gaurang Shah	Ms. Shanti Ekambaram
DIN	00031794	00016660	00004889
.ge	60 years	60 years	59 years
Qualification			B.Com., Chartered Accountant and Cost and Works Accountant
rief details and nature f expertise in specific unctional area	Mr. KVS Manian has been a Whole-time Director of the Bank from 1 <sup>st</sup> November, 2019. Mr. Manian has been instrumental in setting up and metamorphosing many business divisions into success stories in his over two and a half decade association with the Kotak Group. He has played a	Director of the Bank from 1 <sup>st</sup> November, 2019. He has over 36 years of rich experience primarily in financial services, of which, over 24 years have been with the Kotak Group. Mr. Shah is in charge of the Credit function of the Bank and is the Chairman of the Credit Committee of the Bank. Mr. Shah oversees the Insurance, Asset Management including Alternate Assets and Asset Reconstruction businesses. Prior to this, Mr. Shah headed the Group Risk Management function. Mr. Shah played a key role in building the Group's Consumer Banking and Life Insurance businesses and has held several positions of responsibility, including Head of Retail Assets at the Bank. Mr. Shah was the Executive Director of Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited, one of India's leading automobile finance companies from 1 <sup>st</sup> October, 1999 to 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2002 and the Managing Director of Kotak Mahindra	<ul> <li>Ms. Shanti Ekambaram is Group President and oversees Treasury, 811 and other corporate functions like Human Resources, Group Marketing &amp; Corporate Communications, Public Affairs, Vigilance, Financial Inclusion amongst others. Ms. Ekambaram has been associated with the Kotak Mahindra Group for over 30 years and has been responsible for successfully setting up and running several business units. Prior to her current role, she was Head of Consumer Banking business since April 2014 and focused on growing customer acquisition, cross-selling and digital adoption across physical and digital channels and as an integrated Consumer Banking franchise across asset and liability products. Under her leadership, the Consumer Banking business continued to record amongst the fastest pace of customer acquisition and savings account growth at an exemplary pace in the Indian banking industry. Prior to this, Ms. Ekambaram was President - Corporate &amp; Investment Banking for 11 years till April 2014.</li> <li>She was also Executive Director and CEO of Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited.</li> <li>Before joining Kotak Mahindra Group, Ms. Ekambaram had a short stint with Bank of Nova Scotia - the Canadian International Bank, with their corporate banking and treasury division.</li> <li>Ms. Ekambaram is on the Board of Indian Institute of Management – Bangalore (IIM-B). She was a member of the FICCI National Committee on Banking for financial year 2021-22.</li> <li>Business Today, one of India's leading business magazines, has recognised Ms. Ekambaram as one of the 'Most Powerful Women in Indian Business' from 2013-2017, 2019 and 2020.</li> <li>Fortune India has featured her as one of the 'Most Powerful Women in Business in India from 2016-2020. She received the 'CA Business Leader' award by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India in the 'Large Corporate – BFSI' category in 2020 and was also named 'CA Woman Business Leader' in 2013. Further, the Ladies' Wing of the IMC Chamber of Commerce and Industry recognised Ms. Ek</li></ul>

A

Name of the Director	Mr. KVS Manian	Mr. Gaurang Shah	Ms. Shanti Ekambaram
Terms and Conditions of appointment / re-appointment including remuneration	Mr. KVS Manian was appointed as a Director and Whole-time Director of the Bank, for a period of three years, from 1 <sup>st</sup> November, 2019 to 31 <sup>st</sup> October, 2022 and is liable to retire by rotation, on the terms of appointment as set out in the resolutions at Item Nos. 8 and 9 of the Notice dated 31 <sup>st</sup> May, 2019, convening Thirty-Fourth Annual General Meeting. Mr. Manian is proposed to be re-appointed as a Whole-time Director of the Bank for a period of three years. His re-appointment is subject to the approval of the Members and the RBI and the same would be effective from 1 <sup>st</sup> November, 2022 or the date of approval of the RBI, whichever is later. The terms of re-appointment of Mr. Manian have been as set out in resolution at Item No. 10. During his tenure, Mr. Manian would be	Mr. Gaurang Shah was appointed as a Director and Whole-time Director of the Bank, for a period of three years, from 1 <sup>st</sup> November, 2019 to 31 <sup>st</sup> October, 2022 and is liable to retire by rotation, on the terms of appointment as set out in the resolutions at Item Nos. 10 and 11 of the Notice dated 31 <sup>st</sup> May, 2019, convening	Ms. Shanti Ekambaram is proposed to be appointed as a Director and Whole-time Director of the Bank for a period of three years. Her appointment is subject to the approval of Members and the RBI and the same would be effective from 1 <sup>st</sup> November, 2022 or the date of approval of the RBI, whichever is later. The terms of appointment of Ms. Ekambaram have been as set out in resolution at Item No. 11. During her tenure, Ms. Ekambaram would be liable to retire by rotation.
Remuneration last drawn	liable to retire by rotation. ₹ 690.02 lakh	₹ 670.08 lakh	Ms. Ekambaram's appointment as a Whole-time Director of the Bank is yet to come into effect.
Date of appointment	1 <sup>st</sup> November, 2019 Re-appointment would be effective from 1 <sup>st</sup> November, 2022 or the date of approval of the RBI, whichever is later.	1 <sup>st</sup> November, 2019	Appointment would be effective from 1 <sup>st</sup> November, 2022 or the date of approval of the RBI, whichever is later.
Directorships in other companies / Positions in other entities	<ul> <li>Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited</li> <li>Kotak Securities Limited</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited</li> <li>Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited</li> <li>Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited</li> <li>Kotak Investment Advisors Limited</li> <li>Kotak Mahindra UK Limited</li> <li>Kotak Mahindra INC.</li> <li>Kotak Mahindra Asset Management (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Kotak Investment Advisors Limited</li> <li>Kotak Mahindra Financial Services Limited</li> </ul>
Listed entities from which the Director resigned in the past three years	Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited* Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited*	None	Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited*
Details of Memberships / Chairmanships of Committees (includes only Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee)	Nil	Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited • Audit Committee, Member Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited • Audit Committee, Member	Kotak Investment Advisors Limited • Audit Committee, Member
Relationship between Directors inter-se and Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank	None	None	None
Shareholding in the Bank (including as beneficial owner) as at 23 <sup>rd</sup> July, 2022	97,721	865,370	1,562,020

\* Debt listed entities

By Order of the Board of Directors For Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

> Avan Doomasia Company Secretary (FCS 3430)

Mumbai 23<sup>rd</sup> July, 2022

Registered Office: 27 BKC, C 27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai – 400 051 CIN: L65110MH1985PLC038137 Website: <u>www.kotak.com</u> Integrated Annual Report 2021-22



# CHANGE

# About this Report

Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited<sup>1</sup> ('We' or 'the Bank' or 'Kotak Mahindra Bank') and our subsidiaries (hereby collectively referred to as 'Kotak Mahindra Group' or 'Kotak' or 'We') present our second Integrated Annual Report ('Report') for the financial year ('FY') 2021-22. The first Report was prepared for FY 2020-21 and is available on the Bank's website-www.kotak.com.

We have been publishing information on sustainability practices through our annual Business Responsibility Report (BRR). This year onwards, our Group's sustainability performance will be integrated into this Report. This Integrated Annual Report endeavours to provide a holistic depiction of Kotak's financial and non-financial performance across our businesses and subsidiaries. It also outlines information on our strategy, governance, risks and prospects to offer better insights into our activities and progress. This has been showcased through the quantitative and qualitative information presented for the material topics identified during FY 2021-22 (i.e. from <sup>1st</sup> April, 2021 up to 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022<sup>2</sup>).

#### Reporting Principles<sup>3</sup>

This Report is prepared in accordance with the applicable regulatory requirements and voluntary reporting standards and frameworks. Our financial performance has been disclosed in line with the requirements of:

- The Companies Act, 2013 (including the rules made thereunder)
- >> The Indian Accounting Standards
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
- The Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and other relevant RBI regulations

This Report has also been prepared in accordance with the National Guidelines on Responsible Business Conduct (NGRBC) and meets the requirements stated in the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Reporting (BRSR) format stipulated by SEBI. Further, this Report has been prepared in accordance with the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Standards: Core option<sup>4</sup> and in line with the International Integrated Reporting Council's (IIRC's) <IR> Framework. The Report also discloses actions initiated by the Bank to align its climate risk management framework to the recommendations proposed by the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD). Additionally, the Report is aligned to United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

#### Feedback

For any suggestions, views and opinions related to this Report, please reach out to investor.relations@kotak.com<sup>5</sup>

<sup>1</sup>GRI 102-1, GRI 102-5 <sup>2</sup>GRI 102-50 <sup>3</sup>GRI 102-12 <sup>4</sup>GRI 102-54 <sup>5</sup>GRI 102-53

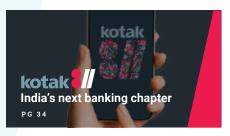
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> When everything can change, anything is possible PG 06

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You can reach by writing into us investor.relations@kotak.com

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# CHANGE

Change is inevitable. Change is exciting. It not only empowers humanity to ride the ebb and flow of life, but also enables people to thrive in the new. Pushing the limits of human ingenuity and triggering breakthrough innovation, the oftenunprecedented nature of change, only exemplifies its need to keep the wheels of progress rolling, akin to the unfolding of events during the past two years.

The banking industry too, witnessed a wave of changes as everything from business models to operations reoriented to a digital-first world. From traditionally being inward looking, banks are adopting an outside-in approach. New operating models around customers are taking shape, processes are evolving to keep governance in focus, and technological advancements are becoming a constant companion. At Kotak Mahindra Group (Kotak), we understand the inevitability of change. We are thus focusing on ways and means to transition to the next with customers, technology and talent as our anchors While strengthening our balance sheet and risk management, we are investing in new technologies, digitalisation and process efficiencies. We are also building a future-ready workforce and resilient communities, thereby creating sustainable value for our stakeholders in the decades to come.

#### ABOUT US

# Addressing aspirations of a **CHANGING WORLD**

Kotak has always been at the forefront of transformation in the Indian financial services landscape. Kotak continues to evolve and invest in making a bouquet of products and solutions affordable, accessible and customizable using trust, technology and teams for the ever-changing needs and aspirations of its customers.

Kotak is one of India's leading diversified and integrated financial services conglomerates, providing a wide span of solutions covering banking (consumer, commercial, corporate), credit and financing, asset management, life and general insurance, stock broking, investment banking, private banking, microfinance and asset reconstruction, across customer and geographic segments within India. As a group, we also operate in overseas markets through international subsidiaries or branches in key geographies. With greater focus on customers, technology and talent, we are emerging through a transition to achieve a business transformation.

Our consolidated asset base was at ₹5.5 trillion while our market capitalisation stood at ₹3.5 trillion (as on 31st March, 2022).



#### **KOTAK UNIVERSE<sup>^, 1</sup>**

₹**5,46,498 cr** Total assets

₹**3,04,474 cr** Total advances

5,75,000+ Shareholder base

~₹6.41.000 cr

Private banking, priority and investment advisory relationship value

₹**1,15,907 cr**\* Total investments

32.7 mn Number of customers of the Bank

# **₹3.10.087 cr**

**Total deposits** 

90.000+ Full time employees

#### **REIMAGINING CUSTOMER JOURNEY ACROSS PLATFORMS**

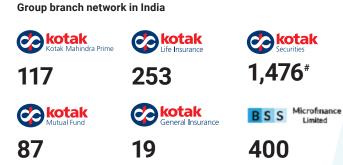
#### PHYSICAL FOOTPRINT<sup>2</sup>

Our wide distribution network of branches and franchises across India enables us to reach out to a wide customer base. We also have an international banking unit in Gujarat International Finance Tec-City (GIFT City), a bank branch in Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC), and international offices in New York, London, Mauritius, Dubai, Singapore, and Abu Dhabi.

**1.700**<sup>°</sup> Bank branches

2.705 Bank ATMs

812 Bank Pan-India operating locations



We have designed our digital universe to complement our physical infrastructure and create a seamless experience between the two ecosystems.



^All numbers are on a consolidated basis except where stated | <sup>1</sup>GRI 102-7, GRI 201-1 | \*Excludes Policyholders' investments

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#### Change

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Metro

Urban

761 45%

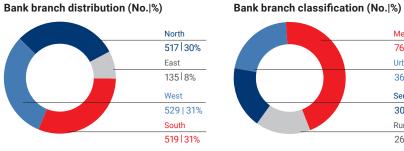
365 21%

Semi Urban

308 | 18%

266 16%

Rural





Group branch network in India

#### **DIGITAL ECOSYSTEM**

Our digital ecosystem complements our physical infrastructure and enables our customers access, round the clock, to financial services from anywhere. Our services are available on a wide range of digital channels such as WhatsApp, missed call, chatbot, voicebot, mobile app and kiosk. To provide ease of access, information and short videos are made available in English, Hindi and other vernacular languages. Bots are deployed to automate services, go paperless and deliver faster.

- » Our digital strategy and initiatives are centered around our customers across acquisition, engagement and service and across our value proposition of saving, lending, payment, investment protection, powered by artificial intelligence and machine learning.
- » We continue to focus on each of the aspects of technology, infrastructure, applications and DIY customer journeys towards scalability, agility, and resilience.

#### Digital universe







97%+

Savings account transactions through digital or non-branch modes

**Our Phygital strategy finds relevance** in today's day and age of accelerated digital transformation. It has helped redefine bank-customer relationships, placing greater focus on increased customer engagement, on customer centricity, and on cost efficiencies.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS





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#### MESSAGE FROM UDAY KOTAK

# When everything can change, **ANYTHING IS POSSIBLE**

The word that has resonated the most with me, especially post-COVID, is humility. Whether it is political leaders, central bankers, business leaders or the householder, change is on us and at us - like we have never seen before, and none of us can pretend we know its contours and how things will play out.

With the COVID era hopefully behind us, the world feels like a different place. Whether it's war, inflation, supply shortages, deteriorating service standards everywhere or crazy airline travel prices, something seems to have snapped. We are on a road never travelled. The geopolitical order is also at the altar of change. But, I am also convinced that this is where new vistas of opportunity are, as we reshape our planet.

#### THE GLOBAL MARKETS BECOME THE FIRST INDICATORS OF CHANGE

In the past few years, much private capital, supported by liberal printing of money by central banks, has chased a host of new-age companies, with an intent to create value through access, affordability, efficiency and usually an asset-light model hinged on technology. The valuations have been off the charts, with investors chasing unicorns, gazelles and anything that can resemble a disruptor of traditional business models. Like every rise in history, this one also came to a fall, a meltdown, to be more precise, with trillions of dollars of investor wealth eroding globally at speed. We moved from a world where money had zero price to money does come at a price! From here, where do we go?

#### THE INDIAN ECONOMY PERFORMED **RESILIENTLY AMIDST THE CHAOS**

The delta wave enveloped Q1, perhaps also driving an unprecedented scale of vaccination across the nation. By Q2 though, the economy had begun to revive at speed. The scale of festive spending, travel and tourism, job creation and GDP growth touched prepandemic levels signaling the robustness of a large domestic economy, fueled by a captive population riding on deferred spending and aspirations. By Q4, digital

Change

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payments crossed the USD1 trillion mark, and the stock markets rose to an all-time high, riding on a new breed of part-time retail investors. Real estate, one of the most preferred asset classes for Indians, saw a revival on the back of demand for premium housing and bigger units. Lower interest rates coupled with large unsold inventory were like manna from heaven for homebuyers.

The Government's pledge to promote ease of business and faster implementation of large projects kept India a decent performer amidst tough global conditions. The efforts made in the past few years started connecting to build an ecosystem led by technology, access and affordability in the rural and urban markets.

Amidst this resurgence, the global economic impact began weighing in, fuel prices boosting inflation and curtailing access to easy money, affecting spending and investments in some segments of corporate India. The ripple effect of lockdowns in China created supply chain challenges, deferred supplies and chip shortages, the full impact of which will take time to register. However, this disruption has indeed brought the need to explore India as a key alternate procurement destination for many sectors worldwide. This opportunity clearly ties in with the ambitious 'Make in India' vision of the Hon'ble Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi.

#### IT IS TIME TO TAKE WING, BUT WITH PARACHUTES ON

India continues to have a fundamentally sound growth story. The core of any strategy lies in its execution, and while taking an unpaved road, one needs to balance enthusiasm with a sense of alertness. Given the fluidity of the global economy, geopolitical landscape and inflation, the immediate few months ahead may pose multiple challenges.

India will need to balance its aspiration for growth with maintaining macro-economic stability. India cannot choose its neighbourhood, which adds to the challenges at hand. Prudence on the fiscal deficit, current account and monetary policy are key requirements.

"The word that has resonated the most with me, especially post-**COVID**, is humility. Whether it is political leaders, central bankers, business leaders or the householder, change is on us and at us - like we have never seen before, and none of us can pretend we know its contours and how things will play out."

#### AT KOTAK, OUR STRATEGY IS ALIGNED TO THE POSSIBILITIES UNFOLDING

We, at Kotak, envisage the future around excellence, relevance and sustainability

Excellence is all about delivering cutting edge products and customer experience. Our investments in people and technology have enabled us to accelerate in a dynamic market space.

Relevance is all about creating a significant and meaningful presence in our chosen customer, product and geographical segments. We have continued to foray and scale up our presence in key growth segments.

While many companies have meteoric growth, few sustain in the long run. This brings me to the final pillar, sustainability. It is all about insulating the business as well as creating value, while investing in risk management, processes, and brand and ESG consciousness.

"We, at Kotak, envisage the future around excellence, relevance and sustainability."

#### CHANGE IS A CONSTANT, AS WELL AS AN **OPPORTUNITY**

In the past few years, we have reimagined banking, outlining customised platforms to empowering diverse customer profiles through technology, comprehensive need analysis and on-demand delivery from branches to fingertips. We have built a robust business model eyeing the challenges. Being a conservative institution by nature helped us build moats around credit products, technology reliance and pan-India presence. And we have continued to overhaul them, never taking anything for granted.

Being optimistic through actions helped us set new directions to the Kotak growth story. We try to predict and adapt to change. In FY 2021-22, we rebranded Kotak811 to offer the essentials of banking through a tech-first user experience to millions of Indians. Kotak811 is changing the way India banks every day, offering a gateway to a rich ecosystem of Kotak financial products to aspirants and achievers alike.

As a Group with innovation at its core, we launched our ambitious investment app, Kotak Cherry. It is our endeavour to offer DIY investing across all asset classes and make it accessible to all investor types. The major change at Kotak is the new courage to experiment and learn. We are fervently working on innovative changes across the group, including in securities, asset management and alternate assets.

"In FY 2021-22, we rebranded Kotak811 to offer the essentials of banking through a tech-first user experience to millions of Indians. Kotak811 is changing the way India banks every day, offering a gateway to a rich ecosystem of Kotak financial products to aspirants and achievers alike."

#### **OUR PERFORMANCE HAS BACKED OUR EFFORTS**

In FY 2021-22, our net profit at the consolidated level witnessed a 21% YoY growth to ₹ 12,089 crore. Our consolidated net interest margin was 4.7% (up 20 bps against FY 2020-21). The Return on Assets (ROA) at the consolidated level was 2.36% for FY 2021-22 (2.16% for FY 2020-21). Our Bank's Standalone CASA stood at 60.7%, capital adequacy ratio (CAR) at 22.7%, with CET1 at 21.5%.

As of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, the total assets under management (AuM) for Kotak Group was more than ₹ 3,82,500 crore. As a responsible, homegrown ecosystem, we cater to the diversified financial needs of our customers in addition to banking and financing, be it mutual funds, insurance (life and general), investment banking, institutional and retail broking services, investment advisory, alternate assets, et al.

#### WE CONTINUE TO PUSH BOUNDARIES

When it comes to making an impact, actions matter. At Kotak we have ensured that our businesses are compliant and socially responsible. We have built a culture of identifying areas of improvement and are leading the change. During FY 2021-22, we focused on women representation and ESG efforts. During the year, the growth in our group's workforce improved women's

"As a responsible, homegrown ecosystem, we cater to the diversified financial needs of our customers in addition to banking and financing"

09

#### Change

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"In this Report, we are addressing the enhanced disclosure requirements regarding ESG parameters through the 'Business **Responsibility and Sustainability Report'. Our efforts shall continue** to see more promising results doing forward."

representation to 28%. We doubled down on our pandemic relief efforts, assisting both employees and communities. We instituted an ESG policy framework, undertook a materiality assessment and initiated a climate risk and opportunity assessment. We have also begun to bring our Indian subsidiaries into the fold of monitoring emissions generated, paving the way for us to streamline our ESG strategy. In this Report, we are addressing the enhanced disclosure requirements regarding ESG parameters through the 'Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report'. Our efforts shall continue to see more promising results going forward.

#### THE JOURNEY HAS JUST BEGUN

To paraphrase Steve Jobs, the future unfolds every passing moment, and one can only make sense of it in hindsight, meanwhile trusting that the dots will eventually connect. Much like navigating an uncharted terrain – with no precedents or map or guide. That's where possibilities lie in abundance.

Change is the new comfortable feeling. Let's make anything possible with humility at the core!

**Uday Kotak** July 14, 2022

#### BUSINESS OVERVIEW<sup>1</sup>

# **Inspiring performance ACROSS THE BOARD**

Provides a bouquet of products and services like

deposits, lending solutions and transaction services

for retail customers, small businesses, NRIs, retail

institutions, government departments and entities,

backed by convenient, innovative and digital-first



#### **Consumer Banking** Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

Focus

solutions.

#### **39%**<sup>+</sup>

Growth in Home Loan and Loans Against Property loan book

#### 35%\*

Growth in Consumer Assets

#### 89%

CASA and TDs below ₹5 cr as a percentage of total deposits

#### Over 12 lakh

New credit cards issued in FY 2021-22

#### 2 mn+

Kotak FASTag milestone crossed in March 2022

# **Commercial Banking**

Key highlights

trading platform

Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

#### 15%

Growth in commercial banking loan book\*

## 10%

Market share^ and 3.7 lakh customers spread over 500 districts in tractor and farm equipment

#### Offerings

Savings and Current Accounts, Term Deposits, Home Loans and Loans Against Property, Personal Loans, Consumer Finance, Business Banking, Credit Cards, Priority Banking, Small Business loans, Private Banking, Rural Housing, Business Loans, and FASTag.

Key highlights

Loans

#### >> Pursued an aggressive home loan acquisition strategy by offering customers competitive interest rates, a better product proposition and the convenience of a digital in-principle sanction on Kotak Digi Home

- >> Launched Pay your Contact, enabling customers to send money to a mobile number registered against any app
- » Maintained focus on building a stable, retail deposit base through Current Account and Savings Account (CASA) and Term Deposits

#### Focus

Plays a significant role in meeting financial inclusion goals and financing deep into 'Bharat'.

#### Offerings

Finances food and agro-processing segments, tractors, commercial vehicles, construction equipment, small and medium enterprises and microfinance

» Successfully launched payment gateway on » Agri Business Group funded farmers for solar-powered pump sets contributing to green energy initiatives



#### Wholesale Banking Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

#### Focus

Despite another challenging year, witnessed low credit enhanced ROE

Reported welldistributed growth across all customer segments in assets and non-credit income streams, such as current account deposits,

debt syndication and

foreign exchange

Offers portfolio of products and services, including Caters to a wide range of corporate customer segments, including large Indian corporates, working capital finance, medium-term finance, costs and recorded an conglomerates, financial institutions, public sector foreign exchange services, trade finance, other undertakings, multinational companies, new-age transaction banking services, custody services, debt companies, small and medium enterprises and capital markets and treasury services. realty businesses.

#### Key highlights

- Continuing focus on risk-return metrics like Risk-Adjusted Return on Capital (RaRoC) a Economic Value Add (EVA), leading to favo outcomes like higher business profitability, lowered credit costs and improved ROE of business
- Improved focus and growth in advances offered to customers from the SME and priority sectors



#### Focus

The first Designated Depository Participant (DDP) Custodian to issue a FPI License to an AIF III at GIFT City

One of India's largest local custodians and a lea provider of custody, clearing and fund accounti services.

#### Key highlights

- » Continued interest from family offices for >> Launched a customised digital onboarding solution for online Demat Account Opening Custody Services and expect this to be a for PMS investors and continue to expand strong driver of the domestic business our offering in this emerging space » Handled large ticket FX flows as well as
- Saw good growth across all custody businesses with the domestic franchise showing a substantial increase in inflows. Marquee names being onboarded across the FPI, FDI and PE space, despite various COVID-19 waves

↑ YoY | \*Includes microfinance loan book | ^Tractor and Mechanization Association (TMA) website | <sup>1</sup>GRI 102-2, GRI 102-9

the National Agriculture Market electronic

Integrated Annual Report 2021-22

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#### Year in Review **Business Overview**

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- Deeper relationships with top-tier corporates and a higher share of wallet from these clients, on account of an integrated corporate and investment banking approach
- >> Launched the new portal 'Kotak FYN' for its corporate customers to provide, in a phased manner, all-in-one experience across product platforms, such as trade and service, account services, payments and collections
- » There is a framework to evaluate ESG compliance in the Bank's lending business

#### Offerings

iding	Caters to domestic as well as overseas asset
ng	managers from jurisdictions like the Middle
	East, North America, Europe, United Kingdom,
	Mauritius, and the Far East region.

complicated control transactions and continue to grow our market share in this fast growing space

#### BUSINESS OVERVIEW

51%	Focus	Offerings
f India's top 100 amilies managed y Kotak Private anking	Offers a comprehensive and holistic platform covering a gamut of financial services for UHNI and HNI clients comprising entrepreneurs, business families and professionals.	<ul> <li>Strives to be the trusted partner for its client families for all their diverse wealth creation and preservation needs.</li> <li>A wide proposition of products and services are offered to private banking clients through product partners and providers.</li> </ul>
tource: Forbes India Ich List 2021)	<ul> <li>Key highlights</li> <li>Unveiled Kotak Private – a comprehensive platform for UHNIs and HNIs with the new brand theme - 'Live Your Purpose', focusing on enabling clients to pursue their deeper calling in life, beyond managing their wealth</li> </ul>	Strengthened the technology infrastructure to provide digital solutions to meet both investment and banking needs of clients
	Recovery nindra Bank Limited	
<b>1</b> uyout transactions xecuted*	<b>Focus</b> Looks at potential turnaround cases and structured funding opportunities basis genuine borrower profile backed by commensurate cash flows and collaterals. Also considers opportunities in the retail stressed assets space.	<b>Offerings</b> Amongst few banks that provides vital financing, required to revive stressed companies back to mainstream banking. Also provides an effective option to other lending institutions in retail space to exit their stressed assets by offering to buy the same.
	<ul> <li>Key highlights</li> <li>As the economy is exposed to global crisis due to war, rising commodity prices and inflation, we continue to monitor the impact</li> </ul>	and adopt various measures empathetically and diligently to resolve the stressed and bad accounts with compassion
0-0	nd Two-Wheeler Loans	
<b>47%</b> <sup>↑</sup> Growth in retail auto loan disbursement Acquired portfolios	<b>Focus</b> Caters to retail customers and dealers in the passenger vehicles and two-wheelers segments.	Offerings Offers loans for the entire range of passenger cars, multi utility vehicles, pre-owned cars and two-wheelers. Provides complete financing solutions through a single window to car and two wheeler dealers for their working capital and infrastructure setup requirements in the form of inventory funding and term loans.
of Ford Credit India and Volkswagen Finance, with ~50,000 customers	<ul><li>Key highlights</li><li>&gt; Launched a digital-friendly online journey for customers to avail loans</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Continued geographical expansion with car and two-wheeler finance business</li> </ul>

لى

0.48%

Lending NBFC Kotak Mahindra Investment Limited

assets (0.57% as at 31st March, 2021)

Focus Net NPA on customer Lends to real estate and other sectors, provides structured financing and holds strategic investments.

#### Key highlights

>> Leveraged our deep knowledge in real esta to refocus the portfolio towards residentia sector (69% as on 31st March, 2022 vs. 53 on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021), improving profitabili while maintaining a high quality book

# D

# Infrastructure Financing

Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund

₹620 cr Customer assets

#### Focus

Provides long-term finance to operational infrastructure projects and forges relationships multiple infrastructure developers.

#### Key highlights

>> Continued to be judicious about credit underwriting and selection of customers



# Stock Broking

Kotak Securities Limited

#### Focus

Offers services to retail and institutional invest across Indian market.

Increase in client acquisitions 10.6%

Market share in cash<sup>1</sup>

#### 2.7%

**79%**↑

Market share in options<sup>1</sup>

**113%**<sup>↑</sup>

Growth in Margin Trading Facility (MTF) book

## Key highlights

- » A subscription based 'Trade Free Youth' laur encourage youth to experience the markets worrying about brokerage
- >> Trade Free plan, launched in November 2020 up to contribute to 65% of total FY 2021-22 acquisitions
- » To meet funding needs of investors, 'Trade I Max' Plan was introduced offering Margin 1 Facility (MTF) at 7.75% per annnum, one of t competitive rates in the industry

\*Retail assets portfolio purchased by the Bank has been considered as a single portfolio | † YoY

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#### Year in Review **Business Overview**

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25	<b>Offerings</b> The real estate division lends to developers across the entire spectrum- residential, commercial and retail. The structured finance team offers a trusted and dedicated platform with expertise in structuring complex transactions, thereby broadening access to capital.
tate ) al 3% as ity	Focused on acquiring securitised pools, acquisition finance and the education sector in the Corporate Loan portfolio
os with	<b>Offerings</b> Long-term finance.
)	<ul> <li>Nil delinquency in entire book, indicating quality of the book built</li> </ul>
tors	<b>Offerings</b> Wide array of services including investment options in equities, derivatives (equities, commodities, currency) and mutual funds. Also provides research services, margin trading funding, depository services and third-party products like insurance.
nched to s without 20, scaled client Free Frading the most	<ul> <li>Launched 'Ace Portfolios' that offers curated portfolios from registered investment advisors to our clients. We enabled wider reach of our research made available via videos and PDFs.</li> <li>As part of the organisation strategy to partner with fintechs, completed acquihire of TradeGyaani and made investments in Kredent Infoline Ltd and Flipitmoney</li> </ul>

 $\uparrow$  YoY | <sup>1</sup>Retail and institutional market share after excluding BSE derivative and proprietary segments

#### BUSINESS OVERVIEW

50 lew institutional nvestors (global nd local) added	FocusOfferingsLeading institutional broker in India, catering to both global and domestic institutional equity investors.Comprehensive offerings include top-ranked equity research, trade execution in cash equities and equity derivatives and corporate access. Also executes equity capital market transactions such as IPOs/ QIPs/ OFS/ block.	
	Key highlights         Executed 43 equity capital market transactions    Introduced ESG research	
	ment Banking nindra Capital Company Limited	
anking in IPOs with sue size of over 1,000 cr with 16 out f 20 IPOs of over 1,500 cr executed in Y 2021-22	FocusOfferingsLeading investment banking firm with leadership across capital market and advisory products.Capital markets and advisory services.	
<b>33%</b> Market share across CM transactions in Y 2021-22	<ul> <li>Key highlights</li> <li>Advised on 21 domestic and cross-border M&amp;A transactions with a cumulative value* of USD 10.4 billion</li> <li>Successfully completed 36 Equity Capital Markets (ECM) transactions raising a total of ₹1,16,556 crore in FY 2021-22</li> <li>Continued to be the Banker of Choice having led large and marquee transactions like Zomato, Star Health, FSN E-Commerce Ventures Ltd, PB Fintech, Sona BLW Precision Forgings during FY 2021-22</li> </ul>	
	ISUFANCE nindra Life Insurance Company Limited	
<b>31.1%</b> 'alue of New 'usiness (VNB) Margin	98.82%     Focus     Offerings       Individual Claim     With a customer-first approach, offers superior value proposition across all customer touchpoints -     Offers wide range of life insurance solutions under individual and group platforms through its multi-channel	
80%↑ Trowth in VNB at 895 cr	99.58%       from policy purchase to servicing to claim or maturity settlement.       distribution network.         Group Claim Settlement Ratio       settlement Ratio       distribution network.	
57% <sup>↑</sup> srowth in non-par usiness 39.4% ndividual conservation ratio	<ul> <li>Key highlights</li> <li>Covered ~2.15 crore new lives in FY 2021-22, up 34%<sup>↑</sup></li> <li>Gross Written Premium registered a healthy growth of 17.3%<sup>↑</sup></li> <li>Indian Embedded Value (IEV) ₹10,679 crore</li> <li>About 74% of customer servicing transactions through digital mode, up from 46% in FY 2019-20 and 67% in FY 2020-21</li> <li>Launched new products in Participating and Annuity space - 'Kotak Fortune Maximizer' and 'Kotak Assured Pension'</li> </ul>	

\*Cumulative deal value does not include the transactions where value is not disclosed |  $\uparrow$  YoY

15 

# 

#### General Insurance

Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited

#### Focus

Growth in Gross Written Premium (GWP)

Caters to the growing non-life insurance needs individual customers and businesses.

#### **33%**⁺

**36%**↑

5<sup>th</sup>

7.42%

QAAUM\*

Market share in

**38%**↑

Premium growth reported in health and personal accident . insurance

Premium growth in

motor insurance

- Key highlights >> Maintained a well-diversified product mix
  - with 51% Motor, 38% Health and 11% other FY 2021-22 » Number of policies issued has grown by m
  - than 50%<sup>\*</sup>

#### J. Mutual Fund

Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited

#### Focus

Largest fund house in Offers schemes that cater to investors with vary the country in terms of QAAUM\* as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022

#### Key highlights

risk-return profiles.

- >> Highest ever NFO collection, amongst all Kotak MF schemes, of ~₹3,500 crore in Kotak Multicap Fund
- >> 44%<sup>•</sup> increase in cumulative SIP count



#### Year in Review **Business Overview**

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of	<b>Offerings</b> Provides motor, health, home and commercial insurance with a strong focus on digital for ease of doing business.
rs in nore	<ul> <li>&gt; Expanding digital reach and footprint; ramped up our digital distribution to more than 50 partners</li> <li>&gt; Scaled up employee strength by over 50% while adding 42% more female employees in FY 2021-22</li> </ul>
rying	<b>Offerings</b> Diversified product portfolio across a wide range of equity, debt, exchange-traded funds (ETFs), index funds and overseas funds.
	<ul> <li>&gt; 52%<sup>•</sup> growth in number of unique investors in FY 2021-22</li> <li>&gt; Focus on training – more than 260 distributor training events conducted in FY 2021-22 covering 17,000+ participants</li> </ul>

↑ YoY | \*Quarterly Average Assets under Management

#### BUSINESS OVERVIEW

	on Fund hindra Pension Fund Limited	
42% <sup>↑</sup> Growth of Assets Under Management (AUM)	Focus Authorised pension fund management company under National Pension System (NPS), licensed by the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA) in April 2009. Manages nine schemes across asset classes.	<b>Offerings</b> Pension fund management.
	<ul> <li>Key highlights</li> <li>Best performing equity fund (NPS Tier 1) over 10-year period as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022</li> <li>Among top 2 performing funds in 1-year, 3-year and 7-year periods</li> </ul>	Best performing government debt fund (NPS Tier 1) in FY 2021-22 Source: NPS trust website
	ative Assets	
USD 5.1 bn Funds raised / managed / advised as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Focus Diversified multi-asset investment manager providing private capital to Indian companies since 2005 across different verticals.	Offerings Manages/advises funds across six verticals - Private Equit Real Estate, Infrastructure, Special Situations, Listed Equit Strategies and Investment Advisory, all led by independent investment teams. Kotak Cherry, an investment superapp, offers one-stop solution for all investments across mutual funds, stocks, REITs, gold, NPS and bonds.
	<ul> <li>Key highlights</li> <li>Raised ₹ 2,940 crore across funds and strategies in FY 2021-22</li> <li>Raised ~₹2,000 crore Pre-IPO</li> </ul>	Real Estate Credit Strategy (KPRECS) fund committed ~50% of the fund corpus >> Kotak Realty Fund has made 11 new

significant capital in 8 marque companies

diverse sectors and successfully exited two

» Kotak Realty vertical deployed and divested

significant capital inspite of the extended

COVID-19 pandemic. Kotak Performing

>> Kotak Special Situations Fund (KSSF)

consummated 5 investments across

during FY 2021-22

debt investments

- Optimus, a discretionary investment advisory business increased its AUM by 58% and expanded its client base by 40% in FY 2021-22
- >> Private equity team continued its focus on proprietary investments in early-stage healthcare and life sciences companies and made investments in 5 companies including two follow-ons in FY 2021-22

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#### International Business

(Singapore) Pte. Limited | Kotak Mahindra Financial Services Limited

#### Focus USD 3.9 bn

Assets Under Management (AUM)

Provides financial services through offices in N York, London, Dubai, Abu Dhabi, Mauritius, and Singapore.

#### Key highlights

- » Established a dedicated fund to invest in opportunities arising from IPOs in India investing a total of USD 1.1 billion in Indian IPOs. In addition, through Kotak Pre-IPO Opportunities Fund, an AIF in India, establi a fund with the goal of investing in late-sta new age businesses
- Secured a new mandate from a marquee pension fund during the year

#### Microfinance

Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited and BSS Microfinance Limited

Growth in microfinance loan book

#### 400

**50%**<sup>+</sup>

Branches of BSS rural and semi-urban markets

#### Focus

Active in the microfinance sector for over a deca Kotak Mahindra Bank's approach to mainstrear financial inclusion is four-pronged - 1) Directly reaching borrowers through its wholly-owned subsidiary, BSS Microfinance 2) Reaching out to borrowers through business correspondents 3) microfinance cater to Lending to MFIs and retail focused NBFCs for onlending and 4) Investing in securitised papers for loans originated by MFIs.

#### Key highlights

- >> Funded over 8 lakh women customers through small ticket non-collateralised micro loans below ₹30,000 for allied agricultural activities
- > Provided credit facilities to 30 MFIs and retail focused NBFCs, enabling them to on-lend

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#### Kotak Mahindra (UK) Limited | Kotak Mahindra (International) Limited | Kotak Mahindra Inc. | Kotak Mahindra Asset Management

lew		<b>Offerings</b> Offerings include India bound Asset Management, Investment Advisory and Alternate Assets; India bound Institutional Equities and Prime Brokerage; Global Bond Trading and Proprietary Investments and International Wealth Management for private clients.
ished ige JS	<b>»</b>	Since 2018, Kotak Mahindra Asset Management (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (KMAMS) has been a signatory to the United Nations Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI). KMAMS' flagship funds in Luxembourg are now reclassified as Article 8 products of the EU Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR). In addition, the fund based in the United States updated its investment strategy, with ESG being integrated more deeply into the fund's strategy

ade,	
ning	

#### Offerings

Caters primarily to women customers. Provides credit facilities to MFIs and NBFCs for onward lending to microfinance customers engaged in allied agri, micro enterprises and various income generating activities.

>> Undertook CSR initiatives, such as integrated livestock development programme and improved classroom infrastructure of 72 government schools across four states, benefiting poor households in rural communities

**KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS** 

# **Sustainable** VALUE CREATION

#### All numbers are on a consolidated basis except where stated

**OPERATIONAL** 

18%°

50.8

CAGR

#### **PROFIT & LOSS**

Our Net Interest Margin (NIM)\* is driven by our risk adjusted pricing and stood at 4.7% for FY 2021-22.

A high CASA ratio has significantly contributed in lowering our cost of funds and enabled the engine to grow the asset book.

**Current Account and Savings Account** 

60.4

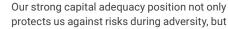
60.7

(CASA) Balances (Bank standalone)

56.2

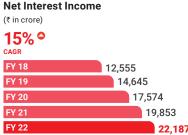
FY 18 FY 19 FY 20 FY 21 FY 22

52.5



**BALANCE SHEET** 

protects us against risks during adversity, but also positions us well for growth.



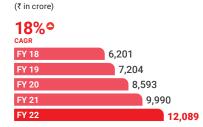
**Operating Profit** 

(₹ in crore)

#### 1/% 9

14/0	
CAGR	
FY 18	10,053
FY 19	11,689
FY 20	13,842
FY 21	16,021
FY 22	16,720

#### Net Profit



#### Earnings Per Share (EPS)

(₹ in crore) 

17% <b>으</b>	
FY 18	32.7
FY 19	37.6
FY 20	44.7
FY 21	50.5
FY 22	60.7

Deposits (₹ in crore) 13%° CAGR

FY 19         2,24,824           FY 20         2,60,400           FY 21         2,78,871           FY 22         2,10,000	FY 18	1,91,236
FY 21 2,78,871	FY 19	2,24,824
	FY 20	2,60,400
EV 22	FY 21	2,78,871
3,10,08/	FY 22	3,10,087

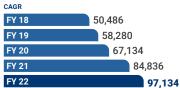
Advances	
(₹ in crore)	
<b>10%으</b>	
FY 18	2,05,984
FY 19	2,43,444
FY 20	2,49,859
FY 21	2,52,170
FY 22	3,04,474

**Bank Capital Adequacy Ratio** and Tier 1 Capital (%) 22.3 2 18.2 17.6 17.9 6.9



**Capital and Reserves and Surplus** (₹ in crore)

#### 18%°



Total Assets	
(₹ in crore)	
13%° CAGR	
FY 18	3,37,707
FY 19	3,95,154
FY 20	4,43,153
FY 21	4,78,854
FY 22	5,46,498

VALUATION METRICS	

Our growing book value per share amid volatility reflects the confidence of our shareholders in us.

#### **GROUP COMPANIES**

of our business model.



**Market Capitalisation** (₹ in crore) 15%0

CAGR	
FY 18	1,99,674
FY 19	2,54,723
FY 20	2,47,939
FY 21	3,47,416
FY 22	3,48,080

28.9X

Price-to-earnings (P/E) as on 31st March. 2022

**3.6X** Price-to-book (P/B) as on 31st March, 2022

2.36% Return on Assets (ROA) for FY 2021-22

# 13.4%

Return on Equity (ROE) for FY 2021-22

#### (PAT) for FY 2021-22, reflecting the diversity

#### Total Assets Under Management

Iotal Assets Under	wanay
(₹ in crore)	
20%°	
CAGR	
FY 18	1,83,37

Kotak Securities – Average Volume (ADV) <sup>^</sup>
(₹ in crore)
73%°
CAGR
FY 18 11,799
FY 22

Kotak Life Insurance - Gross Written Premium
(₹ in crore)
19%°
CAGR
FY 18 6,599
FY 22

(₹ in crore) 34%° CAGR FY 18 40.348 FY 22

Kotak Mahindra Asset

• 5-Year CAGR | \*excluding dividend and interest on income tax refunds

#### Year in Review Key Performance Indicators

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Our subsidiaries and associates contributed 29% of the consolidated Profit after Tax

3.82.504

e Dailv

1.05.105

13,015

Management – AAUM<sup>#</sup> - Equity

1,30,488

#### ESG

We are committed to the sustainability agenda. We focus on responsible deployment of funds for shared prosperity and long-term growth of people and communities.

## **Environmental impact**

6%

Reduction in Scope 1+ Scope 2 emissions intensity at the Bank@

# 12%

Electricity from renewable sources used in the Group's large offices

# **65%**

Waste recycled of the waste generated at the Group's large offices

# ~31 hours

Average hours of training per Bank employee

## 26%\*

Growth in Bank's **Customer Base** 

# ₹226 cr

**Total CSR expenditure** (Group)

Governance

21 years Average tenure of the

executive leadership team at the Bank

# ₹162 cr

**Total CSR expenditure** (Bank)

# 'Leadership' category

as assessed by IiAS on the IFC-BSE-liAS Indian Corporate Governance Scorecard based on G20/ OECD corporate governance principles.

5-Year CAGR | \* includes both full-time and part-time employees | ^excluding BSE Derivative and Proprietary Segments | #Average assets under management |@Reduction in intensity despite expansion in scope of emission coverage | TYoY

28%\* Women employees across the Group

Social impact

SPOTLIGHT STORY

# **Evolving with**

2021-22

Our transition from what the world christened the 'new normal' to 'never normal' has taught us that there will always be unforeseen volatilities to overturn the status quo.

It has taught us that the mark of a sustainable enterprise is its ability to reinvent, recalibrate and reconfigure for the 'next normal' and the evolved expectations of customers, in line with the paradigm shift.

As an organisation, we put our customer first, and this philosophy feeds our ethos and motivates us to do better. Our collective strengths are consolidated on driving change at the core of everything we do - whether it is taking on radical technology transformations for the future across our businesses, launching new initiatives or building and nurturing our talent pool.

Customer

centricity

ဂိုဂိုဂို

Talent

Winning in the 'next normal'



Evolved and new-age customer preferences coupled with growing comfort to transact digitally, inspired us to meet customers where they are. This led us to moving from products to solutions to offer greater value to customers.

#### **KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK**

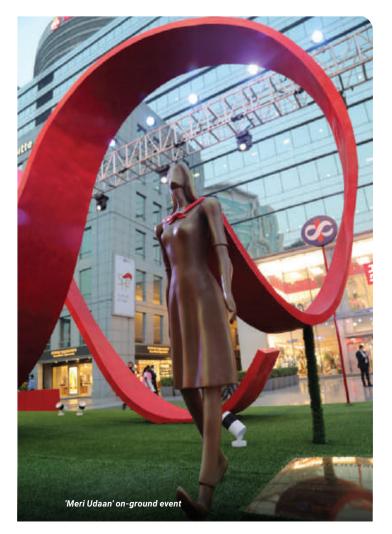
#### **PAY YOUR CONTACT**

Pay your Contact, a new feature on the Kotak app now enables customers to send money to any number registered against ANY app. We are one of the three providers of this service in India.

#### 82,000+ Average daily transactions per day

within 10 months, amounting to 2.5 mn transactions for March 2022

**8.5X** Increase in transactions





# **NRI: ZOOMING UP**

<sup>4</sup>GRI 102-2, GRI 102-9

Digital prowess

and technology

#### Year in Review Evolving with Change

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#### **EMPOWERING WOMEN**

We continue to partner with women in their financial journey to independence with 'Silk', a banking programme tailored for them. The 'Meri Udaan' sculpture, unveiled on International Women's Day, was specially commissioned to honour the indomitable spirit of Aatmanirbhar Indian woman.

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE SERVICES: **EXCLUSIVE MANDATE**

Our Bank is the only Indian Bank authorised by the German embassy to provide a 'German Blocked Account' that ensures a sustenance fund for education and employment visa applicants.

We tied up with a leading NBFC to provide domestic and international education loans.

Launch of NR Service Desk at 225 branches across India to better serve the unique banking requirement of our NRI customers.

10+ mn

Reach on social media

#### FASTag

We enabled all major recharge methods like BBPS, UPI, PG, NEFT/IMPS/RTGS and agent recharge at all major toll plazas and local CSCs. Our user base multiplied 4X with monthly FASTag spends increased by 85%\*.

## 2 mn+

Kotak FASTag milestone crossed in March 2022

#### **DEBIT CARDS**

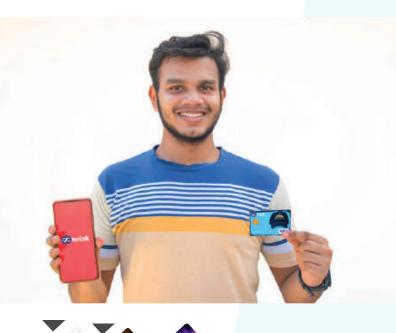
In partnership with IPL teams, we launched the 'MyTeam Image Card', with six original franchises that renewed their partnerships with Gujarat Titans added in the roster. In partnership with PVR, we launched a co-branded debit card i.e. 'Kotak PVR Debit Card'. This Debit card comes with various benefits on movies and food & beverages at PVR cinemas.

₹2.000 cr Crossed monthly debit card spends for the first time in October 2021

# **2.2 lakh**

MyTeam image cards issued in FY 2021-22







#### **CREDIT CARDS**

We partnered with Indigo Airlines to launch Ka-ching, an exclusive credit card for travellers. Launched multiple cards customised to different customer segments: White, Zen and Mojo. We also launched the 'Veer Card' dedicated to the armed forces.

To make credit card journeys of customer seamless, we migrated to a new technology stack for assisted & Do It Yourself digital origination, loan origination system, business rule engine, STP underwriting and built virtual card capabilities for mobile Banking/online spends experience.

Digital usage experience was enhanced with features like limit management, Card usage controls, integrated rewards redemption, setting up auto payment or future payment, among others.

3.6X<sup>↑</sup>

applications

Increase in digitally

sourced credit card

Over 12 lakh New credit cards issued

in FY 2021-22



sourced digitally in FY 2021-22

#### **CONSUMER FINANCE**

23

We onboarded online partners such as Shopse, Paytm, PayU, for wider presence and enabled EMI in many categories like travel, online education, general Insurance, Wellness etc. Grew 4X in value. All major dealers in consumer durable, digital and lifestyle finance are partnered with Kotak Consumer Finance.

#### **BUSINESS BANKING**

Instant, easy-to-avail, pre-approved loan/ ad-hoc/renewal journeys were launched for existing customers. We introduced Relationship Manager assisted journeys for business loan applicants and end-to-end digital cash flow-based lending. We are actively upgrading legacy systems to bring in new features and services. Instant OD/ ad-hoc limits for working capital clients were introduced on net banking.

#### **ALLIANCES**

In order to enhance consumers' shopping experiences, we have partnered with marquee brands across categories. In addition to Apple, OnePlus, Amazon, Flipkart, Tata Clig, Myntra and MakeMyTrip, there were 2000+ brand offers to delight our customers during the festive season. 'Everyday Specials' & 'Monthly Special' programs were designed to drive repeat purchase on Kotak Credit & Debit Cards across categories such as grocery, food delivery, apparel, travel, pharmacy, etc. These initiatives, on Kotak Cards along with Credit Card & Debit Cards EMIs increased affordability, which led to improved spends and create virtuous cycle of spending.

#### **EMPOWERING FARMERS AND** WOMEN

We harnessed the power of regional languages with Kotak's 'Tez Rupaya', which facilitates 'On Tap' funding for dairy farmers' cash flow needs. Farmers can request loans in regional languages via mobile phone, receiving payment directly in bank account, thus eliminating the need for a branch network in some areas.

#### MERCHANT

We launched a payment collection app -'Kotak.biz', focused on MSME segment in partnership with Payswiff (technology partner). The app enables merchants to accept cards, Bharat QR and UPI payments on their mobile phones. From payment services such as POS/QR/UPI to CMS to overdraft facilities, we enabled merchants to sign up for and avail multiple services right at the time of on-boarding. We were among the first to introduce the 'Micro-ATM' facility on merchants' POS machines, helping them offer cash withdrawal services to their customers and earn on every transaction.

Same day settlement, merchant portal, and debit and credit card EMIs are new features, which have earned merchant delight.

Digital savings accounts were introduced to help microfinance women customers, track income and expenses and invest their savings with an intention to grow. To promote financial inclusion, we helped establish Micro-ATMs and AEPS Business Correspondents networks.

#### **KOTAK FYN**

In our endeavour to constantly evolve and provide the best of services and experiences to our clients, we continued our technological journey with the launch of our new enterprise portal - Kotak FYN.

FYN is a future-ready, one-stop digital portal, exclusively crafted for business banking and corporate clients, which revolutionises the way our customers bank. It aims to provide customers with a seamless experience in a unified view across product platforms. Bank's customers can currently use the portal to carry out trade and services transactions and going forward the portal will include all the other services, including Account services, Payments and Collections.

Its end-to-end digital architecture increases speed and improves efficiency while

T YoY

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Our partnership with Pine Labs has been instrumental in taking customised payment solutions to some of the largest retailers in India. Mosambee and Ezetap partnerships have enabled us to offer versatile payment options on android platform.



Co kotak

Now merchants can earn more using the KOTAK POS

Presenting **MICRO-ATM feature** 





strengthening security protocols, contributing to a growing digital ecosystem. It provides status updates, thereby reducing queries/ document retrieval submitted along with a secure channel with an authentication process.

The portal offers a host of features like widget libraries, workflows, data analytics, 30+ reports, report designers, customisable and all in one dashboard, audit trails, tracking of limit utilisations on a real-time basis, access to past transactions, upcoming transaction events, among others.

Our customers can currently use the portal to carry out trade transactions. Going forward, the portal will include all other services, including account services, payments and collections.

# **o**cherry

#### A super app that helps you invest like a pro!

Save, invest and track your portfolio through Kotak Cherry.



#### **KOTAK CHERRY**

Kotak Cherry – is an investment execution platform designed to offer a holistic investing experience to users via a robust digital app. It provides investment options ranging from stocks, bonds, mutual funds, fixed deposits and National Pension Scheme (NPS) to progressive investment opportunities like Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs).

There are Investment options that are designed to fit individual financial goals: Mutual Fund baskets, stock baskets, bonds, and more.

A one-stop shop that eliminates the need to download multiple apps to invest in different assets and help people invest like experts.

# Think Money, Think Cherry!

#### STOCK BROKING (KOTAK SECURITIES)

To meet the funding needs of investors, we introduced 'Trade Free Max' plan offering margin trading facility at the most competitive rates. We also launched 'ace portfolios,' offering curated portfolios from registered investment advisors, enabling wider reach of our research made available via videos and PDFs. Our subscription based 'Trade Free Youth' was built specifically to encourage the youth to trade in the markets, without worrying about brokerage.

To augment customer experience, we facilitated seamless digital account opening in under 6 minutes. As a result, 44% of DIY accounts opened in Q4FY22 were entirely digital i.e. did not require any human assistance. We enhanced the online digital account application process by displaying customised pricing plans. We also migrated telephony to cloud with multilingual IVR capability for faster query resolution. Multilingual chatbots in 9 languages was launched, whereby customers can get their queries solved in their preferred language. We also devised a social media strategy with a fresh tonality and content approach aimed at educating and engaging with the customers.

#### LIFE INSURANCE (KOTAK LIFE INSURANCE)

Increasing awareness on the importance of long-term protection has seen customers being more responsive to holistic solutions than just traditional product benefits. We aim to change from the conventional product and pricing offerings to predict and personalise solutions to deliver positive outcomes and experience to our customers. We launched a Beta variant of our health and wellness app with focus on risk assessment, physical activity, and expert intervention for diet and nutrition along with self-help tools on daily habits like sleep tracking, water intake, among others.

Next steps include orchestrating an ecosystem for hyperpersonalised engagements based on customers' health risk and demonstrated lifestyle behaviours to influence health outcomes with favourable price revisions.

#### GENERAL INSURANCE (KOTAK GENERAL INSURANCE)

We launched multiple DIY services to help customers with their policy servicing requirements such as intimating claims, submitting documentation, among others. A customer engagement framework was actioned for increasing customer-stickiness and experience. We are revamping the website to provide an extremely seamless and simple customer experience.

To provide impetus to our aspiration of growing the health insurance portfolio, we have carved out a dedicated agency vertical solely focused on distributing health insurance products. The General Insurance business onboarded significant digital partners like Policy Bazaar, Paytm, OLA, Cars24, Spinny and PhonePe, taking our products to 50+ digital platforms. We created a similar focus on our digital bancassurance modelthrough dedicated digital campaigns, small-ticket products and micro customer journeys.



Discover how BALANCED ADVANTAGE FUNDS CAN HELP YOU GROW

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# Kotak Health Premier



#### MUTUAL FUND (KOTAK MUTUAL FUND)

To increase awareness on mutual fund investing, we launched the 'Investmentor' campaign\* educating audience on financial planning, mutual funds types and their categories. The campaign ran for two seasons with ten episodes in each.

Additionally, investor awareness programmes were conducted at 113 venues, educating the participants on mutual funds and its benefits. We conducted such programmes in adopted cities such as Bhagalpur, Solapur, Kullu, Agra, Rohtak, Panipat, Gwalior, Kangra, Mandi and Gorakhpur.

At Kotak, we have always believed in simplifying our customers' financial journey. We come up with innovative solutions to the ever-evolving challenges, enabling our customers to adapt seamlessly to the new realities.

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## **Digital Prowess**

Since our inception, we have always been a bank at the forefront of transformation in the industry. To stay ahead of the accelerated shift in the delivery model to digital, we undertook several initiatives aimed at enhancing customer delight and convenience by creating industry first, hassle-free, user-friendly journeys for existing and new-to-bank customers. As the Bank heads into FY 2022-23, the pace of digital transformation will only accelerate.

#### **CONSUMER BANKING**

#### **MOBILE APP: SUPER APP FOR ALL FINANCIAL NEEDS**

Kotak Mobile Banking offers a feature rich mobile banking experience with 250+ features live. App continues to be amongst the top rated banking app in both IOS and Android. We augmented its versatility by adding vernacular language support; payment systems such as pay your contact, gifting, pay confirmation, and foreign remittances; free credit score, re-KYC and address update, search for a home, investment research, NPS, dedicated loan section among others. At the same time, the app now empowers consumers with controls across payment gateway limits, transaction limits, and quick access to report frauds and raise disputes. Other features include Insta Overdraft, NPS and pre-approved offers on all products.



Increase in Growth in transaction transaction value volumes

Among the top-rated banking apps

40%\* Increase in monthly active users for mobile app



#### **NET BANKING**

We continued to focus on improving our revamped net banking platform. New loan products such as Insta Business Loan, DigiOD and Loan Against Securities were added. Pre-approved offers in insurance were rolled out, along with a redesigned policy section. We also revamped one-stop service request section with 70+ options.



Increase in 30 day active users

#### **CONVERSATIONAL BANKING**

Keya and WhatsApp banking emerged as mainstream banking channels, offering improved responsiveness of the contact centre and frictionless services to our customers.

Now, Kotak811 customers can enquire about features and charges, and carry out mobile and DTH recharges. We also improved our Artificial Intelligence (AI) Natural Language Processing (NLP) capabilities, which resulted in 95% accuracy in query responses.

### 19 lakh+ Customers served by Keya

5.7 lakh+ Customers served on WhatsApp banking



#### **IN-APP SHOPPING ECOSYSTEM** 'KayMall'

We offer a curated selection of shopping and travel options on the mobile banking app for customer convenience, called 'KayMall'. Merchants added during FY 2021-22 include TATA 1MG, QwikCilver (gift voucher partner), Myntra, Meatigo, Cheelizza, Mad Over Donuts and Meatigo. We are soon going to onboard 15+ merchants.

#### **DIGITAL PAYMENTS**

We went live with the Bharat Bill Payment System (BBPS) integration, enabling new categories like Housing Societies, Hospitals, Education, Clubs and Associations to make payments.

**154%**<sup>+</sup> Growth in UPI remittance volume



↑ YoY | \*March 2022 vs. March 202

Integrated Annual Report 2021-22

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**1.9X<sup>↑</sup>** Growth in KayMall transactions

115% Increase in e-commerce category **66%**<sup>+</sup> Growth in travel category

#### **DIGITAL LENDING**

We are digitalising end-to-end journeys, both DIY and assisted, from product discovery to loan servicing. All platforms and downstream systems are being migrated to more robust systems to enhance these offerings and improve customer experience. Further, we implemented various digital enablers to improve efficiency and reduce TAT for processing loan applications.

4.3X<sup>↑</sup> Increase in digital sourcing of Home Loans

10.4X<sup>+</sup> Increase in digital sourcing of Personal Loans

#### SPOTLIGHT STORY

#### **COMMERCIAL BANKING**

- Extended electronic commodity-based funding (eCBF) platform for commodity funding over internet, empowering collateral managers in bank with improvement in TAT
- Capitalised on WhatsApp's engagement capabilities to increase e-consent, reaching 38% WhatsApp consent penetration with 90% on incremental commercial vehicle portfolio in March 2022
- Made the WhatsApp service available in English and Hindi languages, and are due to launch seven regional languages
- Increased overall volume of customer interactions via WhatsApp banking by 55% between August 2021 and March 2022
- Sent e-welcome loan kits to customers saving paper and other allied costs



#### **STOCK BROKING (KOTAK SECURITIES)**

- Helped pivot Kotak Securities as a leader in digital services by launching a future-ready, cloud-based trading stack, Kotak Neo, in March 2022.
- > Created open API architecture to enable customers to manage and execute their trading plan
- Reduced time to open DIY trading accounts to under six minutes with customised pricing plans
- > Unlocked greater financial freedom for customers by enabling pledging of mutual funds as collateral to increase trading limits
- Enabled guest IPO applications on <u>ipo.Kotaksecurities.com</u>, which smoothens IPO application process even without opening Demat account with Kotak Securities

↑ YoY | \* Trading at least once a month | ^March 2022 vs. March 2021

#### Integrated Annual Report 2021-22



#### WHOLESALE BANKING

- Continued to upgrade our mobile and API banking platform, and enabled CMS 24x7 and instant CMS services to provide a unique, open-banking and on-the-go experience.
- Launched escrow platform, in addition to upgrading reporting modules, to offer an end-to-end DIY journey
- Continued to widen our partnership ecosystem with fintech players in trade, supply chain and acquiring and launched seamless B2B CUG card programme, frictionless international bin sponsorship programme and white labelled SCM platform



#### LIFE INSURANCE (KOTAK LIFE INSURANCE)

- Strengthened bionic capabilities in traditional distribution channels to provide quality customer advisory and engagements
- Used an analytical model to dynamically assess customer needs along with 'likely-to-buy' product recommendations for better productivity and need-based selling
- > Enabled a 2-click insurance purchase journey for simplified term products
- >> Ensured faster claims process for customers on the website/ digital medium for submission and end-to-end tracking of claims settlements
- Facilitated 100% digital on-boarding of distributors through KLI-Recruit
- Registered 25,000+ new entries in BOOST app (mobile app for advisors with full business visibility and nudge mechanism)

#### 74%

Service transactions processed digitally viz. OPM, webchat, WhatsApp, call centre IVRs 4X Policies under non-med limit issued within 3 hours\*



### Based on the true story of Yogita Satav #DriveLikeALady

C kotak

#### MUTUAL FUND (KOTAK MUTUAL FUND)

- > Continued to focus on enhancing customer touch points to strengthen overall experience
- Launched a new website and enhanced our WhatsApp bot to service the customer on the fly

**41%**<sup>\*</sup>

Enhanced our distributor portal 'Business Hub' and our e-learning portal with an aim to reach and service distributors digitally

**42%**⁺

**30%**<sup>↑</sup>

Investor base growth through website

Growth in Assets Under Management (AUM) through website Growth in Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) through website

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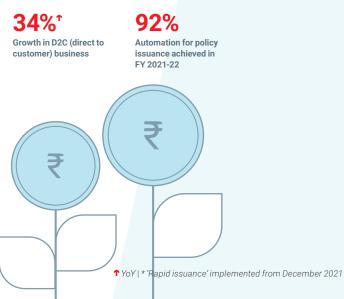
## 🐼 kotak life

# Ab delay mat karo Guru, karo life ki search shuru!



#### GENERAL INSURANCE (KOTAK GENERAL INSURANCE

- » Launched multiple initiatives across the customer journey, from buying to policy issuance, servicing to claims
- » Made renewals easy with 2-click voice guided journey on mobile
- Launched DIY self-service on website for policy servicing related needs and online buying of cyber insurance
- Stablished a dedicated digital business unit with a mandate to significantly grow the D2C and digital partnership business.
- » Ramped up digital distribution to include 50+ partners
- Launched video-based streaming service to deliver better claims experience, while an external surveyor portal was created for endto-end claims settlement, making the claims process faster and more efficient



#### **Technology strengths**

The never normal, ever changing world of financial services has only made our resolve stronger to consolidate and reinforce its technology environment. Focused technology and digital investments are pivotal to Kotak to usher in the new age of digital banking and experiences for its customers.

The significant investments we made in transformation projects, and in up-fronting technology spends towards strengthening our core, are building granularity across our businesses.

#### SALESFORCE

The Bank has invested in a multi-year enterprise contract with 'Salesforce' allowing all the Bank's employees to use the cloud based 'Salesforce' platform for various sales and service processes. Salesforce is a market leading platform to create digital applications for customers and partners, such as CRM, partner portals, customer on-boarding journeys, among others.

Our aim is to provide customers an Omni-channel DIY and assisted experience transforming servicing through automated processes and single integrated view across multiple business lines & systems and at the same time to improve employee productivity.

The benefits expected are:



Few years back, adoption of cloud technology was nascent, the widespread acceptance began only in FY 2021-22. As a result of Kotak's adoption of a cloud-first strategy, we witnessed a significant increase in the number of projects requesting cloud hosting. Our primary goal is to establish a model that makes it possible to adopt cloud computing in a meaningfully shorter period with minimal friction



#### **RISK AND ANALYTICS**

In consumer banking, we strengthened our in-house risk and analytics, and built data capabilities across internal and external sources. This made it easier for various businesses to adapt these capabilities, complementing our inherent risk-oriented and prudence approach.

With a renewed focus on consumer insights, we aim to develop consumer-centric strategies in a hyper-personalised way by integrating Business Analytics (what is happening) and Consumer Insights (why it is happening). We are currently improving existing products and services, driving product and feature innovation, and exploring new opportunities.

In commercial banking, we extensively used data to predict repayment behaviour of our customers for efficient receivable management, analyse historical delinguencies and predict future defaults. Segmental analysis and portfolio evaluation were also powered by analytics on a regular basis.

Wholesale banking is digitising its support services to enhance and automate customer journeys by implementing solutions like DIY journeys, digital signing, Robotics Process Automation (RPA) and by way of implementing 'One Customer - One Service Relationship Manager'. For increase in productivity and addition to bottom line, we are moving towards new-age analytics like graph data science, big data implementation, among others. We are also tying up with fintechs to widen presence across analytics lifecycle, including the descriptive, diagnostic, predictive and prescriptive aspects.

#### **CONNECTED AND API BANKING**

Kotak Connected Banking Platform, launched in FY 2021-22, enabled business banking customers to link their Kotak Bank account to platforms used for accounting, invoicing, collections, logistics, among others. Such an integration completely automates processes, which significantly cut down collection cycle time among other benefits. This feature is live for customers using Zoho Books and Hylobiz platforms (logos) for their GST accounting and invoice collection.

#### 1.000+

Active accounts till March 2022

across lending and

payment products

We also provide 40 APIs via a sandbox environment, which enables customers/fintechs to integrate banking services inside their own ERP and accounting platforms

312 234

Partners onboarded Partners live

**Registrations on** sandbox till March 2022

200+

Bank has enhanced service request (SR) offerings across all digital channels with 65% of overall SRs raised via digital. An Automation Centre of excellence (CoE) was created to scale automation projects to enhance Customer Experience (CX), risk mitigation and build 2X business efficiencies. The customer now has the option of tracking their cheques on the cheque portal and updating the address via net banking.

Bank joined the Account Aggregator (AA) ecosystem to empower customers to control the access to their data. AA ecosystem data will be utilised in lending journeys to start with. OCEN platform was integrated for realtime, cashflow-based lending to existing customers. We are live on the GeM (Government e-Marketplace) Sahay platform.

#### **FINTECH COLLABORATION**

Bank is building a thriving partnership ecosystem of fintechs, aggregators and startups with Open Banking. These partners will enable us to provide quality, tailormade financial solutions through collaborations in the emerging technology areas of AI, automation, lending, payments, API banking and blockchain.

Our Life Insurance business recently launched a digital business unit, offering a wide range of insurance solutions to customers across a host of digital mediums - website, mobile app and partners' digital assets.

Our brokerage business is also constantly collaborating with fintechs. For instance, we acqui-hired TradeGyaani and made investments in Kredent Infoline Ltd and Flipitmoney.

#### **CYBERSECURITY AND FRAUDS**

Bank enhanced its security monitoring and incident response capability by implementing advanced solution with extensive AI/ML functionality. We deployed SIMBINDING and device management. Customers have the option to report frauds for blocking channels - on net banking, website, transaction Alert SMS and contact centre, and dedicated fraud helpline Card control options for debit, credit and forex cards, with management capabilities. The Card Security Standard (PCIDSS) was implemented for enhancing security controls.

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#### **DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION**

#### **PARTICIPATION IN PUBLIC ECOSYSTEMS**

75% mprovement in TAT for inward remittances



Improvement in TAT for eGBO (electronic General Banking Operations) services for corporates

We prioritise nurturing of a talent pool, which will remain aligned to organisational goals and help us transform customer experience. We are also imbuing future readiness into the workforce by ensuring organisation-wide digital dexterity.

#### **TALENT ACQUISITION**

To attract the right talent, Bank is leveraging the 'Being Future Ready' strategy, which focuses on making Kotak 'young' through various hiring programmes. We hire the best minds who can be groomed and nurtured to be future leaders at Kotak under our flagship programmes: Kotak Young Leaders, Kotak Young Managers and Kotak Young Bankers.

Across campuses, Bank has conducted Hackathons for better engagement and branding, participated in Techfest by IIT-Bombay, dedicated campus hiring and induction programme for Science, Technology, Engineering, and Math (STEM). To bridge the skill gap for roles especially in IT, digital and business intelligence, we have introduced STEM and critical to quality parameters during the candidate screening process to ensure the hiring of candidates with the right skill sets to meet future demand.



Kotak's most valued assets are its people. The Group has built a formidable, resourceful and dedicated talent pool that embraces opportunities, push the levers of change, and create lasting value.



#### **TALENT MANAGEMENT**

Building a diverse and inclusive culture has been a focus for the bank over the last few years. We framed the diversity and inclusion statement and launched policies such as 'New Mother Benefit' for Kotak Wonder Women to promote gender equity. The policy aims to aid those Kotak Wonder Women who are returning to work, by setting up a reliable support system to take care of their infants. To improve diversity mix, small steps such as theme- based events like 'YES SHE CAN' was broadcasted on YouTube, efforts like 'Break the Bias', broke barriers and offered more opportunities to women. Change is visible with the rising percentage of women working across the Board.

**27%** Bank's women employee base

We worked towards increasing focus on e-learning for delivering programmes at various stages of the employee lifecycle. Interventions such as Learning A-Fair, which focused on 7 themes spanning 73 sessions was launched in February 2022. We invested in key learning interventions to upskill our employees to become more future-ready, such as DREAM (Digital Readiness Enabler and Awareness Measure), an opportunity to increase digital quotient for employees. With a key focus on automating HR processes, transactions and making work-life easy for employees, we launched Kotak Worklife Mobile App in FY 2021-22.

We continue to work on strengthening our listening culture and platforms for top-down communication. Kotakites are given the opportunity to voice their opinion through an annual employee engagement survey, 'My Kotak My Say'. To strengthen organisational preparedness, Kotak Life has institutionalised **'Digitude'**, a programme to enhance talent capabilities with specific focus on digital dexterity and skill transformation for its managerial workforce.

#### **TALENT RETENTION**

We also launched K-Applaud, our rewards and recognition platform to keep alive our culture of appreciation via monetary and non-monetary reward programmes.

Various interventions were rolled out for future leadership capability building for key talent such as 'Kotak Young Leaders Council (KYLC). KYLC is a flagship initiative, where young Kotakites, who become part of the council, get to interact with the leadership team and work as a cohort with them.

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#### EDUCATING OUR PEOPLE AND PARTNERS

Kotak Mutual Fund empowers the Independent Financial Advisors (IFA) and their employees with ProStart - the online training platform with 28 training modules in 10 languages. It hosted 260+ live training programmes, where 17,000+ IFA and their employees participated in FY 2021-22. It also empowered 22,000+ MFDs with Kotak Business Hub, where they could efficiently manage their business and market the products with co-branded content.

Great Place to Work<sup>®</sup> Institute certifies Kotak Mahindra Bank as

'One of India's Best Employers Among Nation-Builders' in 2021

**kotak** 34

SPOTLIGHT STORY

# kotak **India's Next Banking Chapter**

Kotak811 is a full-fledged banking solution for young and digital savvy customers, who are transaction heavy, credit hungry and prefer sachet products



Right from its launch on 29<sup>th</sup> March, 2017, Kotak811 has brought a full-fledged bank to the house of every Indian customer digitally. It started as an acquisition and fulfilment engine to acquire customers at scale with zero balance Savings A/c and convenience as the core proposition. Starting 2021, as Kotak811 operates as a 'Semi-Autonomous' Digital Bank within Kotak Bank, additional focus has been on engagement and cross sell.

As a digital Bank within Kotak, Kotak811 employees get to dabble in the new with the trust of the legacy. Expectedly, the average age of the team is under 33 years with ~50% of the team coming from diverse backgrounds, such as engineering, data science, and product and design, among others.

# 5 years

Of successfully bringing digital banking to 12.3 million customers completed on 29th March, 2022. Ranveer Singh, the brand ambassador of the Bank, also celebrated this milestone with the team

# kotak



~50%1

Growth in

57%

Growth in

customer base





Growth in cross sell units



Growth in savings A/c throughput#



Bank's new savings A/c

savings A/c balances\*

sourced through Kotak811 in Q4FY22

#### Of overall credit cards, personal loan, trading accounts and recurring deposits were cross sold to Kotak811 customers in

>50%

Q4FY22

#### 2// New Brand Identity

Inspired by indispensable symbols in the world of web, colon and forward slash at the beginning of every URL

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kotak

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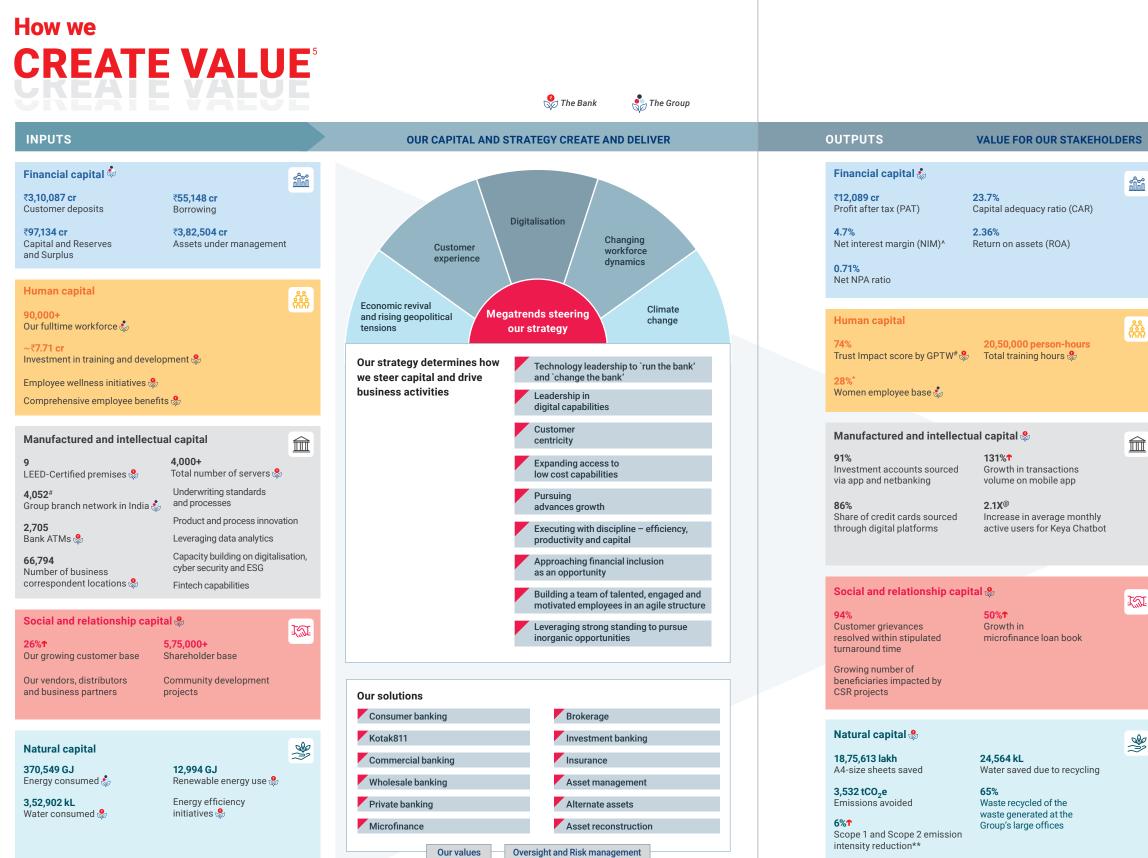
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#Indialnvited **#BankingKaLatestUpdate** 

At Kotak811, the goal is to embrace change and build a tech enabled future proof banking ecosystem that is accessible to every customer.

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VALUE CREATION MODEL



<sup>#</sup>Kotak Securities network includes branches, franchises and referral co-ordinators; doesn't include Bank branches in GIFT City and DIFC (Dubai) | <sup>5</sup>GRI 102-9 | **†** YoY

^Excluding dividend and interest on income tax refunds | <sup>#</sup>For details please refer chapter Empowering our Employees | <sup>\*</sup>includes both full-time and part-time employees | <sup>↑</sup>YoY | @Q4FY22 vs. Q4FY21 | <sup>\*\*</sup>Reduction in intensity despite expansion in scope of emission coverage

#### Value Creation Strategy Value Creation Model

#### Change

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👶 The Bank





# **Prepared for an EVERCHANGING WORLD**



#### Economic revival and rising geopolitical tensions

After disruptions caused by the pandemic, the Indian economy has started recovering to reach pre-pandemic levels. The economy reported a growth of 8.7% in FY 2021-22 and is projected to grow by 7.2% in FY 2022-23, as per the Reserve Bank of India (RBI). Widespread vaccine coverage, waning impact of pandemic's successive waves and growing preference as an alternative manufacturing destination are driving India's growth prospects.

However, the recovery is being impacted owing to the ongoing geopolitical conflict between Ukraine and Russia, which has pushed up global energy and commodity prices and created an inflationary environment, which may require a less accommodative monetary policy by the global central banks including RBI.

#### Staying relevant in an agile world

The previous two financial years were heavily disrupted by the pandemic. Banks and financial institutions across the world accelerated technology adoption to embrace the change and stay relevant. The time is rife to institutionalise the change and move ahead in the world of new normal.

#### WHAT HAS CHANGED

- Access to platforms providing information and knowledge has led to greater empowerment of customers, who are now more demanding in terms of experience as well as sustainability
- >> The new-age fintech players are disrupting the business landscape and requiring traditional banks to adapt their business model, increase the level of digitisation and enhance focus on customer centricity
- » The Government is continuously pushing the envelope to create a stronger digital economy

#### HOW ARE THE BANKS RESPONDING

- Adopting the digital ecosystem and introducing innovative offerings to create their distinctive value proposition
- » Creating agile workforce to enable superior customer experience in an omnichannel environment
- » Increasingly implementing artificial intelligence and machine learning to decouple revenue and headcount
- » Accelerating towards 'zero operations', eliminating waste and latency from their back-office processes



Banks and financial institutions across the world accelerated technology adoption to embrace the change and stay relevant. The time is rife to institutionalise the change and move ahead in the world of new normal.

#### **Recalibrating customer experience**

Elevating customer experience is a key imperative in retaining the existing customers as well as attracting new ones. Over the last several years, customer needs have evolved beyond frictionless and instant banking to personalised banking. Customers now expect banks to not just understand their specific situation but anticipate their needs and offer personalised experiences that are contextual and timely. They expect consistent service and communication across all touchpoints with utmost privacy of their personal data.

In response, banks are transforming from just transaction-focused services providers to value-driven advisory services providers, to build a long-term relationship with their customers. Banks are leveraging technology to empower their relationship managers with the right data and intelligence on the customers to offer customised products and solutions across the lifetime of a customer. They are investing consistently in analytics along with intuitive mobile apps, virtual chatbots, and relationship managers, to drive customer engagements.

Banks are transforming from just transaction-focused services providers to value-driven advisory services providers, to build a long-term relationship with their customers.

<u>]</u>

#### Sustainability has taken centre stage

The Indian banking sector has a key role to play in the country's climate and development goals through green financing and financial inclusion respectively. Financial sector is expected to focus on electrification of the transport sector, energy-efficient buildings, financing emission reducing activities across industries, and help recalibrate the grid to supply clean electricity. Besides this, there's increased focus on having a diverse workforce and contributing to community development. Sustainability is playing a role in influencing business decisions going forward.

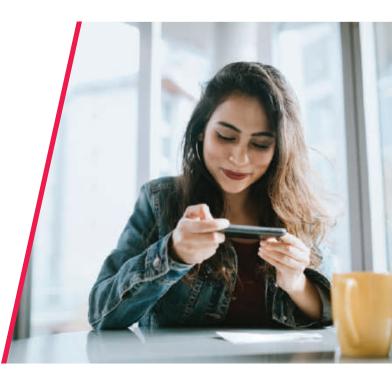
#### Value Creation Strategy Megatrends and Strategy

#### Chang

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#### Talent is emerging as a key differentiator

The wave of 'great resignations' had a deep impact across industries globally with an increased amount of attrition and job-hopping. While India has been relatively immune to this phenomenon, there is a perceptible change in the expectations of employees towards flexible workplace, empowered job profile and long-term goals.

In the face of increased competition for talent, progressive banks are working on creating integrated plans to address these issues. They are leveraging technology and automation to retain the existing talent and attract the best-fit talent for roles that are not only relevant today, but also critical in the medium and long term. Banks are increasingly investing in the skill development of the employees in order to upgrade their roles. They are also re-assessing their culture, work practices, and organisational structure from hierarchical to agile, to create an inspiring work environment.



The Indian banking sector has a key role to play in the country's climate and development goals through green financing and financial inclusion, respectively.

MEGATRENDS AND STRATEGY

#### Strategic priorities

Our strategic priorities are focused around customers, technology and talent to build a future ready financial services group. We are leveraging emerging opportunities and building our brand through superior customer experience, engaged and talented employees, innovative products and services and community engagement. Our strategy is underpinned by strong governance and risk management to provide a secure platform and risk-adjusted returns.

#### Technology leadership to 'run the Bank' and 'change the Bank'

#### SDG linkage:



We have continued to invest in our engagement platform, front-end customer journeys and analytics to deepen our engagement with our customers.

This has enabled faster product roll-out, enriched functionalities and better ecosystem connect through open banking as well as built resiliency at our core and back-end for superior customer experience and scalability.

#### Impact

- >> Enabled mobile-first strategy through dedicated mobile apps for retail and corporates
- » State-of-the-art trade and cash management platform for transaction banking

Kotak.biz

#### KPIs

#### **Kotak FYN**

Digitised merchant Enterprise portal offerings through launched for launch of merchant Business Banking and Corporate clients app in FY 2021-22 in FY 2021-22

- » DIY. STP and automation journey, providing a seamless, frictionless and convenient banking for our customers
- >> Use of analytics for optimising pricing, cross sell, and employee productivity
- >> Regulatory compliance, improved cyber security and proactive risk management

#### **Capitals impacted**

Manufactured Capital, Social and Relationship Capital, Intellectual Capital

#### ESG linkage:

Kotak Mahindra Group recognises that technology is a critical enabler to providing superior products and solutions, and to enhance customer experience, both of which are essential to customer centricity, a key ESG focus area.

Embedding fintech, artificial intelligence (AI), robotic process automation (RPA) in products and services have also enabled us to drive efficiency, ensure privacy and accountability across processes, products and services

# Leadership in digital capabilities





Our digital strategy is focused on customer acquisition, engagement and experience.

Kotak811, which started as an acquisition and fulfilment engine to acquire customer at scale, now operates as a 'semi-autonomous' digital bank within our Bank, with additional focus on engagement and cross sell.

We have also created simplified, technology-driven journeys and processes for customer acquisition across payments and lending.

Kotak Mobile Banking offers a feature rich mobile banking experience with 250+ features live. App continues to be amongst the top rated banking app in both IOS and Android.

across payments, deposit, loans and investment, largely through mobile

#### KPIs

Impact

#### 32.7 mn 26% Bank customers Growth in Kotak811

4.8 Kotak mobile app rating on iOS

> $83\%^{\text{RDs}}80\%^{\text{FDs}}$  and  $57\%^{\text{MF/SIPs}}$ booked digitally

#### **Capitals impacted** Social and Relationship Capital, Intellectual Capital

#### ESG linkage: Digital capabilities enable Kotak Mahindra Bank

to design and provide innovative products and services to its customers



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#### Change

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» Strong growth in banking customer base >> Increasing share of digital transactions

Digital acquisition and servicing of merchants by leveraging partnerships with fintechs

#### ~50%

accounts

4.4 Kotak mobile app rating on Android

**131%**<sup>↑</sup> Growth in transaction volume on mobile app

222% Growth in in-app UPI remittance volume

99%\* Growth in Digital share of Home Loans

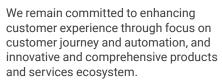
86% Share of credit cards sourced through digital platforms

This also facilitates platforms that enable last-mile financial access to underserved populations. Digitalisation plays a key role in reducing carbon footprint while still delivering services to customers in marginalised or otherwise unbanked geographies

#### MEGATRENDS AND STRATEGY

# SDG linkage:

Customer centricity



We have expanded our public ecosystem play by enabling Account Aggregator and OCEN framework to connect seamlessly as customers increase adoption on these open platforms.



#### Impact

- » DIY services across our voice and chatbot Keya and WhatsApp, leading to higher customer adoption rates
- Digital home loan and home buying journey wherein the new to bank customers can get a sanction letter in 10 minutes
- >> Strong growth in asset, cross-sell and distribution fee income as we continue

#### KPIs

2.1X\* Average monthly active users for Keya Chatbot

#### 1.9X<sup>↑</sup>

Volume growth of KayMall in-app shopping

#### 86%

Of DIY requests comes online

**Capitals impacted** Social and Relationship Capital

#### ESG linkage:

This pillar of strategy aligns with one of the key material topics of 'Enhancing customer experience'

It enables the Bank to curate a positive experience towards building long-term relationships through improved customer acquisitions, engagement, and satisfaction

usage of analytics and CRM platform to

>> Kaymall has integrated with e-commerce,

>> Straight Through Processing (STP) for most

customers

experience

service requests

57%

Of total bank

customer requests

processed real-time

penetrate and deepen engagement with our

OTT and travel platforms to provide one-stop

Expanding access to low-cost liabilities	
SDG linkage:	2-6-1
<b>íí</b>	

#### Our focus has been on granular growth of savings accounts, current accounts and term deposits across physical and digital channels. We continued to use the Kotak811 platform for significant acquisition through digital savings account. Our solutions-led approach for business banking and corporate clients has helped in delivering strong growth Cost of funds in current account. For our business banking customers, we offer paperless, seamless end-to-end digital experience with one unified view across trade, collection, payment and account services. We onboarded merchants, served them digitally and delivered targeted offers on multiple banking and value-added services.

Impact >> We have been able to make significant

KPIs\* 3.2%

3.52%

Cost of SA

#### Pursue advances growth, ensuring right asset quality additions at risk adjusted pricing, and appropriate risk management

SDG linkage:



We continue to maintain a balanced mix between secured and unsecured loans with consistent focus on improving customer TATs and risk-adjusted pricing by strengthening our technology backend and use of analytics, and customerfriendly front-end applications to grow aggressively. We are prudently growing our analytics-driven unsecured loans and credit card exposures. Our digital journeys on lending have helped us increase adoption amongst customers.



#### Impact

Disciplined credit risk management

KPIs\* **21%**<sup>+</sup> Growth in advances

2.34% Gross NPA

2.13% Return on Assets (ROA)

#### 2.2X\* Monthly active users on WhatsApp

#### Change

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inroads into lowering cost of funds and our cost of funds is now at a historic low

>> High CASA ratio positions us well for future arowth



89% CASA and TDs below ₹5 crore, as % of total deposits

#### **Capitals impacted**

**Financial Capital** 

#### ESG linkage:

This strategy, through its attractive offerings and seamless digital services, enhances customer experience and also supports in reaching out to new customers. It also provides the Bank an avenue to manage customer's data in a responsible manner, ensuring data protection and customer privacy



>> Sustainable balance sheet growth

55 bps Bank credit cost on advances (excl. COVID reversal)

0.64% Net NPA

- >>> Strong asset quality
- >> Risk-adjusted return on capital

#### **Capitals** impacted

Financial Capital

#### ESG linkage:

Kotak Mahindra Group is a responsible financial institution and integrates ESG evaluation into its lending and investment processes. Kotak Mahindra Bank has initiated a climate risk assessment in FY 2021-22, which upon completion, would give direction to include more climate-aligned exposures in its portfolio

#### MEGATRENDS AND STRATEGY

#### Executing with discipline efficiency, productivity and capital

#### SDG linkage:



We continue to invest in various digital initiatives and technology infrastructure to make internal operations efficient, bringing cost-efficiency.

We are consistently improving employee productivity levels through automation of repetitive tasks, thereby reducing operating costs. Our capital adequacy ratio has continued to be higher despite the addition of risk assets, reflecting our strong earnings generation capability. We have maintained low duration of our fixed income portfolio in a volatile operating environment.



Cost efficiency

KPIs

22.7%

ratio (CAR)

» Reduced operational risk

Bank capital adequacy

Cross-functional center of excellence

(CoE) platform and team for scaling

automation (RPA, OCR\*, and Workflows)

>> Higher employee productivity

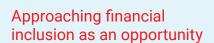
#### Capitals impacted

Financial Capital, Human Capital

#### ESG linkage:

Our execution practices in generating revenues for the Company impinges upon responsible customer engagement. This not only improves customers' trust, but also ensures expanded and long-term relationships with them.

Our investments in employee training and development not only enhance their productivity, but also contribute to positive customer experience



#### SDG linkage:



Our asset growth focus continues to be granular high quality, profitable and sustainable businesses. We continue to increase the base of Jan Dhan accounts to lower-income groups, distribute government-sponsored lending/ insurance schemes and offer services such as Aadhar Enabled Payment Systems through our branch and BC network.

Our digital ecosystem has further opened opportunities for us to offer financial services to a vast population by leveraging our partner network. We are rapidly expanding fintech partnership network for new use cases and business models. We plan to leverage regulatory network of Account Aggregator and OCEN for broad based retail and MSME lending.

#### Impact

>> Expanded financial services reach to unbanked/underbanked population

#### **KPIs**

All PSL (Priority Sector Lending) targets achieved

#### Capitals impacted

Social and Relationship Capital

#### ESG linkage:

This strategy directly aligns with our material topic of 'Promoting Financial Inclusion'. This strategic focus on providing last mile access to financial services and products to the underbanked and unbanked population of the country through investments and advancements in its 'Phygital' footprint has enabled the bank to expand its operations to newer regions. We also have taken initiatives to create awareness among our existing and potential customers on financial products and services

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Attracting, retaining and building a team of talented, engaged and motivated employees in an agile structure

SDG linkage:



Our focus in on increasing productivity of our employees by increasing use of technology and data analytics in a secure environment. With increasing digital banking, we are upskilling our workforce and creating an agile structure. We promote diversity in gender and backgrounds, and have structured programmes for career development.

Leverage strong standing

to pursue inorganic

opportunities

employee 27% Bank's women

employee base

~31 hours

Average hours of

training per Bank

Impact

KPIs

#### Impact

- Disciplined credit risk management

#### KPIs Volkswagen Finance

Vehicle finance portfolio acquisition providing access to high-quality customers

We are continuously evaluating acquisition and investment opportunities in order to expand our market share and get access to new

geographies and capabilities.

SDG linkage:







#### Value Creation Strategy Megatrends and Strategy

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Customer-centric organisation
Higher employee productivity

#### **One of India's Best Employers Among** Nation-Builders'

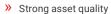
certification to Bank by Great Place to Work<sup>®</sup> Institute in 2021

#### **Capitals** impacted **Financial Capital**

#### ESG linkage:

This strategy, through its attractive offerings and seamless digital services enhances customer experience and also supports in reaching out to new customers. It also provides the Bank an avenue to manage customer's data in a responsible manner, ensuring data

>> Sustainable balance sheet growth



>> Risk-adjusted return on capital



Acquired 9.9% stake

#### **Capitals** impacted

Intellectual Capital, Financial Capital

#### ESG linkage:

This strategy focuses on mergers and acquisitions, which creates more employment opportunities and offers role diversity for our employees. It also expands our impact on the community by improving our ability to serve more customers and provide a diverse product suite

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

# Managing Risks and UNCERTAINTIES

Robust risk management policies, protocols and processes have enabled us to preserve and generate value for our stakeholders. In FY 2021-22, we initiated the process of expanding our risk management process to assess climate risks to help identify risks and opportunities arising from climate change.

We have instituted an Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) framework that lays the foundation for identification, assessment and management of risk. It facilitates the alignment of risk and capital management with business strategy. The ERM policy sets out the approach for risk management and is adopted by each company in the Group, with suitable modifications, as appropriate for their individual businesses. Our risk governance approach has a 'three lines of defence' (as depicted in Figure 3) structure. which ensures that risk is managed in line with the risk appetite as defined by our Board. The responsibilities for risk management at each line of defence are defined, thereby providing clarity in the roles and responsibilities towards the risk management function.

Our Group annually undertakes the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process ('ICAAP'), which provides management with a view of overall risks, assessment and capital allocated to cover the risks. The ICAAP is linked to overall business planning and establishes a strategy for maintaining appropriate capital levels. The ICAAP outcomes are reviewed by senior management and formally approved by the Board. The ICAAP is periodically enhanced to include greater detail and more in-depth analysis.



#### Figure 1: Three Lines of Defence

1 <sup>st</sup> Line of Defence	Risk-Taking   Business and Support Units
2 <sup>nd</sup> Line of Defence	Framework, Oversight and Validation Support   Risk Management   Financial Control   Compliance
3 <sup>rd</sup> Line of Defence	Independent Assurance   Internal Audit   External Audit

We have a Board-approved stress testing policy, which is aligned to regulatory guidelines and covers material risks. Stress testing is a key element of the ICAAP and an integral tool in the Risk Management framework as it provides management a better understanding of how portfolios perform under adverse economic conditions. Stress testing is integral to strengthening the predictive approach to risk management and supplements other risk management tools by providing an estimate of tail risks. During the year, the Bank was well above the regulatory and internal target capital ratios under all approved stress scenarios. Further details can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis section in this Report.

Regular risk management education is provided to our Board of Directors. Along with the executive directors on our Board, three of our non-executive directors also have expertise in enterprise risk management. Further details on risk management including categories of risks assumed, independence of the risk management function, governance structure, risk categories, approach, controls, risk management metrics, stress testing, mitigation and management can be found in the Risk Management section of the Management Discussion and Analysis from page 259 onward.<sup>6,7</sup>

#### **RISK CULTURE**

We are committed to creating a disciplined risk culture where risk management is perceived as a shared responsibility amongst all our employees. This is enabled through clear communication and appropriate training. A structured induction programme is in place to help new employees identify and mitigate business risks, providing insights on how risk management culture and practices support in building and strengthening the organisation. All our employees are required to be familiar with risk management policies relevant to their roles and responsibilities and are encouraged to escalate any potential risk issues to senior management on a timely basis. The risk culture in the Group emphasises on responsible business practices, prioritisation of customers' needs and appropriate disclosures. The business leaders and senior management receive regular updates on emerging risks for their respective business lines. Risk is a key consideration while formulating business plans and when launching new products. Further, performance review of senior management includes an assessment of risk management performance. Details of risk culture can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis section of this Report.

#### Geopolitical risk

**EMERGING RISKS** 

Geopolitical risk is the risk associated with wars, terrorist acts, and tensions between states that affect the normal and peaceful course of international relations. It encompasses both the risk that these events materialise, and the new risks associated with an escalation of existing events. With uncertainty around international relations and political leadership, geopolitical risk has emerged as a significant risk across the globe. Geopolitical events are bound to create financial market volatility, delay in investment decisions and have an adverse effect on macro-economic outcomes. Geopolitics and regulatory uncertainty can have significant impact on markets at large as it could dampen the risk appetite

of investors. There are no reliable historical streams of data that one can easily plug into a model to quantify geopolitical risks. Major geopolitical events can often arise guickly and unpredictably and originate externally, and therefore have limited mitigation options. We use Value-at-Risk (VaR) to quantify the potential price risk in the portfolio. This employs metrics like stressed VaR, and periodic stress testing to measure exposure to market movements. We also have a comprehensive market risk limit framework. including limits on sensitivity measures. Further, an enterprise-wide Early Warning Signal (EWS) framework for credit risk has been instituted in line with RBI guidelines.

#### Cybersecurity risk

Over the last 18 months, industries have undergone rapid digitalisation especially with the transition to remote or hybrid work environments, which has resulted in the growth of cybersecurity threats. This shift to remote work has accelerated the adoption of platforms and devices that allow sensitive data to be shared with third parties-cloud service providers, data aggregators, application programming interfaces (APIs) and other technology-related intermediaries. Lower barriers to entry for cyber threat actors, more aggressive attack methods and a dearth of cybersecurity professionals and patchwork governance mechanisms contribute to aggravating this risk.

6GRI 102-30 | 7GRI 102-15

#### Value Creation Strategy Risk Management

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As cyber threats continue to grow, insuring against such risks will become increasingly precarious, with insurers themselves facing retaliatory attacks for attempting to curb ransomware payments. Thus, when an attack occurs, businesses might suffer reputational, financial, regulatory and legal consequences of cyberattacks. Whether it be the personally identifiable information (PII) of customers or proprietary data that gives an edge over competitors, data exposure is a major issue. The impact of disruptive cyberattacks could be financially devastating for businesses that fail to invest in digital infrastructure.

We have established a programmatic approach encompassing a cyber-resilience framework to mitigate threats such as data breaches, malware, denial-of-service attacks etc. We conduct cyber drills to assess the effectiveness of prevention, detection and response controls. We have also invested in best-in-class IT infrastructure to proactively detect malicious behaviour or anomalies. Further details on our approach to cybersecurity can be found in the Governance section. Climate change has long been a matter of concern for regulators, policymakers and investors. It has emerged as one of the most pertinent risks especially for financial institutions. Climate change risks can result from the physical changes of future climatic conditions as well as due to economies transitioning towards a green and a low carbon future. These physical and transition-related changes also give rise to many climate-related opportunities. Recognising the financial institutions' crucial role in regulating the impacts of climate change, we have initiated a forward-looking, scenario-based climate risk and opportunity assessment in alignment with the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) recommendations.

We are employing a two-pronged approach to understand the potential of climate-linked risks impacting our operations and portfolio. A physical risk assessment based on Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) - Representative Concentration Pathways (RCP) scenarios 4.5 and 8.5 has been initiated. Projected changes in various climatic parameters such as temperature and precipitation are being studied under each scenario to identify risks such as health impacts on employees, increase in operating costs, infrastructure damage and/or service disruption.

In addition to assessing climate risks on our operations, we have also initiated an assessment of climate risks on select sectors in our corporate lending portfolio. For this, we are basing our analysis on Paris Agreement Capital Transition Assessment (PACTA) tool for Banks developed by 2° Investing Initiative. We intend to undertake the analysis in a phase-wise manner in



select sectors from the select high emission sectors such as power, oil and gas and coal.

In addition, we also plan to utilise the scenarios provided by the Network for Greening the Financial System (NGFS) to assess the Probability of Default (PD) and Expected Credit Loss (ECL) due to climate risks and vulnerabilities in our portfolio. While these are the tools and methods being adopted for the current assessment, we would modify and adapt the framework for climate risk assessment based on publicly available information and advancement in measurement techniques from time to time.

The outputs from these assessments are expected to provide insights to inform our future decision-making and financial planning with regards to our operations as well as our corporate lending portfolio.

**Climate change has** emerged as one of the most pertinent risks, especially for financial institutions. We are employing a two-pronged approach to understand the potential of climate linked risks impacting our operations and portfolio.

A few climate risks being considered for the climate risk assessment have been enlisted below:

#### **Physical risks**

Physical risks cover acute physical risks, such as extreme weather events, which could damage our operations or assets hypothecated as security.

Physical risks would also cover chronic physical risks such as a rise in temperatures, water scarcity, increased demand for energy due to climate events

#### **Transition risks**

Policy and regulatory risks Given India's growing policy interventions on climate, the Bank's exposure to companies subject to these evolving policies (such as strengthening energy efficiency schemes, Renewable Purchase Obligation (RPO), the introduction of carbon price) could act as a driver for increase in credit risk.

#### **Reputation risks**

In light of growing stakeholder expectations on ESG performance, failure to demonstrate enhanced climate action and relevant disclosures could have an adverse impact on our reputation.

#### Legal risks

With rising awareness of climate change issues, our borrowers might be exposed to increased climate change litigation, translating into increased credit risk for the Bank.

#### **Climate-related opportunities**

While climate change could create the risks described above, there could also be opportunities for investments and lending to support the incremental capital expenditure in the transition period. Our risk assessment exercise will help us identify such opportunities in emerging sectors and technologies.



#### Value Creation Strategy Risk Management

#### Change

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and rise in sea levels, which could affect both our and our clients' operations.

#### Technology risks

With new and advanced low carbon technologies impacting the overall cost of production and competitiveness in various sectors, exposure to companies that are unable to transition could result in increased credit losses.

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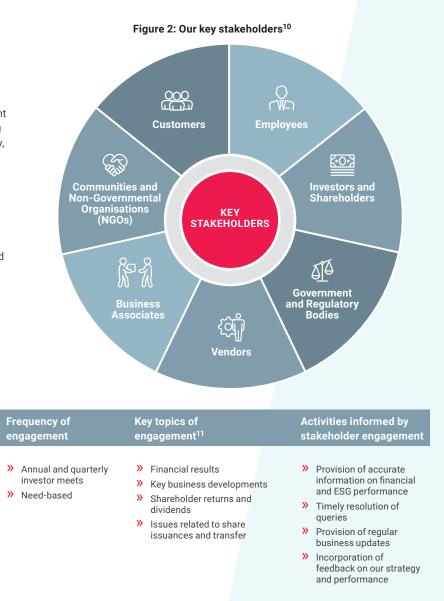
#### STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

# Anchors of **VALUE CREATION**

#### STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT<sup>9</sup>

Deep and meaningful engagement is vital to foster stakeholder relationships based on transparency, trust and respect. Our Group has developed a structured approach to stakeholder engagement with the objective of identifying stakeholders' current and emerging needs and expectations. The ongoing engagement serves as an input to business strategy, risk management and operational excellence, and also as a framework to apprise stakeholders on key developments.

We have identified seven stakeholder groups to be most crucial for our business. Since each stakeholder group has a set of unique needs and expectations, we adopt a customised and structured approach to engage with each of them<sup>7</sup>.



# Table 1: Stakeholder Engagement Process

stakeholders	engagement	engagement	engagement <sup>11</sup>	stakeholder engagement
nvestors and Shareholders	<ul> <li>e-mails</li> <li>Letters</li> <li>Earning calls</li> <li>Meetings/ conferences</li> <li>Investor Grievance Cell</li> <li>Media</li> <li>Website</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Annual and quarterly investor meets</li> <li>Need-based</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Financial results</li> <li>Key business developments</li> <li>Shareholder returns and dividends</li> <li>Issues related to share issuances and transfer</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provision of accurate information on financial and ESG performance</li> <li>Timely resolution of queries</li> <li>Provision of regular business updates</li> <li>Incorporation of feedback on our strategy and performance</li> </ul>
Customers and Clients	<ul> <li>One-on-one interactions</li> <li>Customer meets</li> <li>Customer satisfaction surveys</li> <li>Customer helpline</li> <li>Customer grievance cell</li> <li>Social media</li> <li>Website</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Periodic structured feedback meetings</li> <li>Ongoing</li> <li>Need-based</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Needs of customers</li> <li>Customer experience and service quality</li> <li>Product features and benefits</li> <li>Technology interface for banking experience</li> <li>ESG initiatives and disclosures</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Product and process innovation</li> <li>Digital solutions</li> <li>Service quality and relationship management</li> <li>Timely resolution of grievances</li> </ul>

Key stakeholders	Medium of engagement	Frequency of engagement		
Employees	Induction programme	Ongoing		
	> Town halls	Need-base		
	» e-mails			
	» Skip-level meetings			
	> Leadership meetings			
	Employee engagement initiatives			
	Rewards and recognition programmes			
	Employee grievance cell			
	Employee portal			
	> HR helpdesk			
	Employee satisfaction surveys			
	Employee volunteering initiatives			
Government and	Regulatory filings	» Need-base		
Regulatory Bodies	» Compliance statements			
	» Meetings			
	» Letters			
	» e-mails			
Vendors and	» Meetings	>> Ongoing		
Business Associates	» e-mails	» Need-base		
	» Letters			
	Supplier and business associates' performance reviews			
Communities and NGOs	<ul> <li>Community development initiatives including need-based local</li> </ul>	» Need-base		
	interventions identified by Kotak Mahindra Group's employees			
	Funding support			
	Proposals and requests for new initiatives			

#### <sup>9</sup>GRI 102-9, GRI 102-21, GRI 102-29 | <sup>10</sup>GRI 102-40, GRI 102-42, GRI 102-43

#### Change

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Key topics of	Activities informed by
engagement <sup>11</sup>	stakeholder engagement
<ul> <li>Policies and procedures</li> <li>Performance appraisal and rewards</li> <li>Training and career development</li> <li>Work environment</li> <li>Health and wellness</li> <li>Safety and security</li> <li>Community development</li> <li>Employee volunteering</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Talent development programmes</li> <li>Career succession planning</li> <li>Flexible mode of working</li> <li>Diversity and Inclusion initiatives</li> <li>Health and well-being initiatives</li> <li>Employee volunteering opportunities</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>License request and renewal</li> <li>Compliance with filings and other regulatory requirements</li> <li>Participation in government financial sector plans and programmes</li> </ul>	On-time submission of regulatory and statutory filings
<ul> <li>Product/Service/ Technology quality and support</li> <li>Contract commercial and technical terms and conditions</li> <li>Supplier and business associates' statutory compliances</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Supplier friendly terms</li> <li>On-time vendor payments</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Community development needs</li> <li>Financial Inclusion</li> <li>Financial infrastructure</li> <li>Human and organisational support</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Need-based community development programs</li> <li>Skill upgradation for the supporting staff</li> </ul>

#### STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY ANALYSIS

#### MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT<sup>12</sup>

Material topics are defined as focus areas derived from stakeholder views and form a key input to our strategy and ESG Policy Framework. Our Group applies the principle of materiality to identify topics for disclosure and ESG strategy development. These topics also reflect our business's impact on the economy, environment and society. In FY 2021-22, we at the Group conducted a materiality assessment exercise in accordance with the requirements of the GRI standards.

The material topic universe was identified based on peer analysis and the material topics recommended by sustainability standards and frameworks for the financial sector. The key business outcomes for the exercise were identified by our Group's senior leadership by evaluating the spectrum of impacts that the material topics could have on the business.

Figure 3: Our Materiality Assessment Process <u></u>ίί ல 2  $\begin{bmatrix} \downarrow \end{bmatrix}$ The responses from our stakeholders and

Customised surveys were digitally executed, and key internal and external stakeholders responded with their views on the relative importance of each of the identified material topics. Inputs from our senior leadership were sought to evaluate the impact of each material topic on the business outcomes.

Our Group has categorised the material topics as under:

#### **Value Drivers**

Topics that ensure our Group's growth and position as one of the leading financial service conglomerates

#### **Value Enablers** Topics that underscore our Group's people

centric approach to deliver value to employees and customers



#### Value Catalysts

Topics that catalyse broader positive environmental and social impact across ecosystems

Identify a list of potential topics

Engage with the internal and

and business outcomes

external stakeholders

leaders

Analysis of the

materiality matrix

responses

Develop a

our senior leadership were collated and

were applied to analyse the responses.

The materiality matrix helped our Group

This has been plotted in the figure below.

analysed. These responses were collected

using a Likert scale and quantitative methods

identify topics that drive our most significant

economic, environmental and social impacts.

Inputs from our business

Categorise topics based on

strategic leadership inputs

- A Enhancing customer experience
- **B** Corporate governance
- **•** Ethical business processes
- **D** Regulatory compliance
- Data security
- Customer data privacy
- **G** Brand and reputation
- Financing with a focus on environmental sustainability
- Minimising risk impact of climate change due to investments/ advances
- **I** Promoting employee health, safety and well-being
- **()** Promoting diversity, equity, and inclusion amongst employees
- Enabling learning, development, and an open work culture for employees
- M Promoting financial inclusion
- **()** Contributing to development of regulations and policies
- **O** Minimising environmental impact of operations
- Community well-being

Our Group's management is committed to contributing to the inclusive sustainable development of India and believes that incorporating social and environmental factors in our financial decision-making is critical to bringing this goal to fruition. In view of the above, 'Financing with a focus on environmental sustainability' and 'Minimising risk impact of climate change due to investments/ advances' have been categorised as value drivers and 'Promoting financial inclusion' as a value enabler.

#### Key Material Topics<sup>13</sup>

Material topic	Description	Chapter linkage
	Value Drivers	
Enhancing customer experience	Enhancing customer satisfaction via product innovation, efficient processes, digital solutions, easy access to products and services, fair marketing practices and efficient complaint resolution	Generating value for ou customers
Corporate governance	Covers Board and management effectiveness and integrity, remuneration policies and practices, audit and financial reporting practices that promote high level of transparency, accountability and Board oversight	Ethics and Governance Corporate Governance
Ethical business processes	Ethical conduct of business including in areas such as taxation and accounting, anti- corruption, anti-money laundering, anti-competitive practices, insider trading and intellectual property issues	Ethics and Governance Corporate Governance
Regulatory compliance	Adherence to laws, regulations and guidelines	Ethics and Governance Corporate Governance
Data security	Preventing and addressing IT system failures and major cybersecurity incidents	Ethics and Governance
Customer data privacy	Measures taken to ensure safe and secure use and maintenance of customer data	Generating value for ou customers, Ethics and Governance
Brand and reputation	Building and enhancing the reputation and brand to enable stakeholder confidence	Generating value for ou customers
Financing with a focus on environmental sustainability	Identify and leverage sustainable financing opportunities with positive environmental impact.	ESG overview
	Offer products and services with a focus on sustainability	
Minimising risk impact of climate change due to investments/ advances	Mitigate climate risks by managing the investment and advances portfolio mix to minimise expected losses resulting from climate change	Managing Risks and Uncertainties
	Value Enablers	
Promoting employee health, safety and well-being	Providing a safe workplace and proactively addressing health and safety-related concerns through trainings, safety drills, ergonomics, insurance, etc.	Empowering our emplo
Promoting diversity, equity, and inclusion amongst employees	Providing fair and equal remuneration and advancement opportunities to all employees. Running programmes and activities to promote workforce diversity and inclusion	Empowering our emplo
Enabling learning, development, and an open work culture for employees	Initiatives to improve collaboration and mutual respect, towards creating an open and approachable work culture.	Empowering our emplo
	Conducting training and leadership development programmes	
Promoting financial inclusion	Ensuring the availability of and access to financial services for unbanked and underbanked people	Supporting our commu
	Value Catalysts	
Contributing to development of regulations and policies	Providing views and ideas to assist the development of regulations and policies for building sustainable practices in the industry	Ethics and Governance
Minimising environmental impact of operations	Optimising energy and water use along with reducing greenhouse gas emissions and waste, and investments in environmentally sustainable programmes	Managing our environ footprint
Community well-being	Programmes to address the developmental needs of communities through CSR (social service initiatives)	Supporting our comm

The outcomes of the materiality assessment exercise helped us identify strategic focus areas and weave together an ESG Policy Framework. Key performance indicators have been identified for each focus area and underlying material topics. Performance against each material topic has been reported in respective sections of this Report.

Integrated Annual Report 2021-22

<sup>12</sup>GRI 102-21, GRI 102-29

#### Change

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#### ESG OVERVIEW

# **Sustainability** ΑΤ ΚΟΤΑΚ

Our Group's commitment to ESG is deep rooted in our ethos of ethics, stakeholder inclusiveness and sustainability. We have embedded a long-term time horizon in our business and risk management processes to enable sustained value creation.

We strive to deliver value to our stakeholders by embedding social and environmental parameters in operations and financial decision making. Systematic efforts are underway to sensitise our workforce on ESG aspects and empower each employee to drive impact through their professional pursuits.

We have developed an ESG Policy Framework that elucidates our approach to align our business strategy, processes and disclosures with national and international standards and frameworks which can be accessed here. Some of the Bank's subsidiaries have their ESG policies available on their respective websites.

Our Group undertook a materiality assessment as detailed on page 52 to guide our ESG strategy and disclosures. The material topics were determined using a structured process based on interactions with various internal and external stakeholders along with inputs from our Group's senior management. This process has enabled us to realign our ESG strategy and disclose pertinent information on these material topics. The following sections of this report describe our commitment, management processes and performance across the identified material topics.

#### **REPORTING BOUNDARY<sup>14</sup>**

We have been publishing our ESG disclosures annually<sup>15</sup>, with the most recent disclosure published for FY 2020-21<sup>16</sup>. This year the ESG disclosures made in this report will cover our Group's national footprint including our branches, ATMs, large and small offices. The Group boundary for the reporting

period's environment and employee related disclosures include the bank and 14 of its subsidiaries, four of which were covered in last year's ESG disclosures. The four subsidiaries covered last year were Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited, Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited, Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited and Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited. The scope of reporting has been expanded for select parameters to include 10 additional subsidiaries this reporting period onward, namely: Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited, Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited, Kotak Securities Limited, Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited, Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited, Kotak Investment Advisors Limited, Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited, Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Limited, IVY Product Intermediaries Limited and BSS Microfinance Limited. The boundary for BRSR disclosure is Bank standalone and is indicated in the BRSR section of this report. Boundary for specific disclosures is mentioned in relevant

There are no restatements made in comparison to the previous year<sup>17</sup>. We, at the Group, adopt a precautionary approach in risk management and lending decisions to mitigate any adverse impacts on the environment.18

#### ASSURANCE

sections

Our Group ensures the quality of information contained in this Report by undertaking a robust assurance process, leveraging our internal expertise as well as external assurance. A limited assurance on certain

agreed/ identified sustainability indicators in this report has been provided by Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP, in accordance with the International Standards on Assurance Engagements (ISAE) 3000 (revised), Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and AA1000 Assurance Standard (AA1000AS v3). The subject matter, criteria, procedures performed and limited assurance conclusion are presented in the assurance report attached at the end of this report.

#### **GOVERNANCE<sup>19</sup>**

In FY 2021-22, we at the Bank, renamed our erstwhile Committee of the Board on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) to reflect its widened scope that previously included ESG disclosures to also include ESG performance and strategy. This committee is now called the CSR and ESG Committee and the details of its terms of reference can be found on page 213 of the Corporate Governance Report. The CSR and ESG Committee consists of three members, viz. Mr. Prakash Apte (Non-Executive Chairman, Independent), Mr. C. Jayaram (Non-Executive Director), and Mr. Dipak Gupta (Joint Managing Director), with all the three members forming the quorum.

We strive to deliver value to our stakeholders by embedding social and environmental parameters in operations and financial decision making.

The Committee has been instrumental in defining the focus areas of the ESG Policy Framework. The Committee reviews and monitors our ESG impact, risks, opportunities, and performance annually and provides a strategic direction. This Committee is also responsible for reviewing and approving our ESG disclosures.

We have a dedicated ESG function at the Bank which acts as a nodal team, responsible for the overall implementation of the ESG-

#### INTEGRATION OF ESG IN CORE BUSINESS<sup>20</sup>

#### **3x Increase**

In electric vehicles financed by KMPL in FY 2021-22 compared to FY 2020-21

#### ~₹500 cr

Number of lending proposals evaluated for ESG aspects

680 MWp

Solar power financing by

KIAL advised funds

1.500 +

Enabled settlements on e-NAM platform

#### Material topic(s) covered Financing with a focus on environmental sustainability

We, at the Bank, limit our exposure to environmental (including climate), social and governance-related risks by integrating ESG factors in our credit appraisal processes. We have instituted an ESG Management Systems Plan (EMSP) based on the IFC guidance and other ESG evaluation frameworks to identify, review and manage the ESG risks in our credit portfolio.

The EMSP sets out the criteria for due diligence and evaluation of borrowers from an ESG perspective. These borrowers are categorised based on their activities and their social and environmental impact. Based on the category, evaluation is undertaken for capital expenditure and working capital loans above a certain size and tenure, against ESG criteria. This evaluation provides a score, which is adjusted downwards for borrowers from sectors that have an adverse

environmental or social impact. Final scores are included in the Credit Assessment Note. Further, our EMSP defines an exclusionary list which prescribes thresholds/ ceilings on exposure limits for certain industries and activities. We, at the Bank, are also in the process of integrating external ESG ratings of companies in our evaluation of ESG performance.

The EMSP includes guidelines for periodic supervision and monitoring for the financed projects on an ongoing basis. The administration and oversight of this plan rests with our Credit team, while the ESG function is responsible for facilitating training to the staff accountable for implementation of the EMSP. It is reviewed periodically to determine its alignment with new and modified regulations or guidance.

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ESG Performance ESG overview

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related policies and processes. Further, this team reviews the ESG performance across functions, communicates our organisation's progress through periodic reports to internal and external stakeholders including the Board Committee. The ESG function works alongside a task force comprising of representatives from relevant functions and group companies for the implementation of ESG strategy at the Group level.

We also engage with Government agencies, think tanks and industry associations to contribute views and ideas to assist development of regulations and policies for building sustainable practices in the industry. In FY 2021-22, we became a member of Climate Finance Leadership Initiative (CFLI) India. CFLI is a global initiative promoted by Bloomberg LP, that convenes leading financial institutions to mobilise private capital for climate solutions.



Kotak is a member of Climate Finance Leadership Initiative (CFLI) India

During FY 2021-22, we, reviewed more than 1,500 lending proposals that included ESG evaluation as per EMSP. We will strive to enhance integration of sustainable finance principles while making financing decisions, to contribute to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), and relevant national and international frameworks.

We also drive social impact through our service offerings and our work as settlement banker on e-National Agriculture Market (e-NAM) platform is an example of this. We had been shortlisted along with five other banks as a settlement banker on the e-NAM payments platform and have settled transactions worth over ₹500 crore in FY 2021-22. The platform provides opportunity for farmers in farfetched villages to sell their produce and receive payments through digital mode.

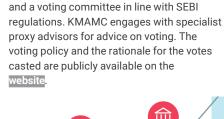
#### **KMAMC'S APPROACH TO ESG**

Among our subsidiaries, KMAMC, our asset management arm, is a signatory to the Principles for Responsible Investments (PRI) and a member of Climate Action 100+. PRI is a United Nations supported network of investors who work towards promoting sustainable investment through the incorporation of environmental, social and governance factors. Climate Action 100+ is an investor-led initiative that facilitates corporates to commit to cutting emissions, improve governance and strengthen climate related financial disclosures.

KMAMC has instituted an ESG framework and responsible investment policy that governs its investment activities. KMAMC has embedded ESG into its valuation and investment philosophy using third-party ESG scores and ratings. KMAMC's ESG Opportunities Fund – Growth has showcased a growth of 16.40% during this financial year. Its commitment to ESG is evident as the Company links the remuneration of its MD, Chief Investment Officer, Head of Equity Research along with research analysts and ESG Coordinator (for fixed income) to incorporate ESG principles.

ESG linked KRAs have been formulated for **KMAMC's executive** leadership and investment team.

KMAMC has developed a well- defined stewardship policy applicable to all investment strategies and products.



It has instituted a proxy voting policy

# S

#### Approaches adopted to promote Responsible Investing

sectors involved in non-

etc. in specific funds

ESG aligned activities like

weapons, tobacco, gambling,

coal, controversial weapons,

**Exclusion List** 

KMAMC adopted a materiality-based approach to ESG Investing that considers ESG factors, such as, but not limited to climate change, talent management, and Board composition

#### Best-in-class Approach

- Companies with high ESG scores are considered for investment
- » KMAMC also focuses on companies that are improving on their ESG performance

#### Active Ownership

- » Screening of companies and > KMAMC engages with companies twice a year on ESG
  - » Plays an active investor role by voting on all the resolutions



#### Engagement with a transportation company

57



KMAMC has engaged with one of its portfolio companies, a two-wheeler manufacturer, to initiate work on climate strategy development, including promoting electric vehicles, adoption of SBTi and TCFD recommendations as well as setting an internal carbon price.

KIAL has initiated adoption and incorporation of ESG into its investments. It has developed an ESG Policy Framework and is in the process of establishing an environmental and social management system for its funds. It is slated to launch new funds in alignment with national and state governments' environment and social development priorities, which will endeavour to promote IFC's Good International Industry Practices (GIIP) and responsible use of natural resources.

In January 2022, KIAL signed up to become exercise of becoming a PRI signatory.

KIAL's Optimus/advised funds incorporated ESG scoring as one of the parameters while reviewing the investments held by clients. It has also implemented training programmes to enhance the investment teams' capabilities. In FY 2021-22, KIIF (Kotak Infrastructure Investment Fund) managed by KIAL, has instituted an ESG system and policy in alignment with international and national ESG principles. KIIF has also adopted an exclusion list for screening its investments for ESG related risks. Another fund managed by KIAL the Kotak India Affordable Housing Fund I (KIAHF-I) also ensures third-party ESG due diligence for prospective investee companies. Post the investment, environmental and social compliances are monitored periodically.

KIAL-managed funds have also made 13 investments in companies in the life sciences domain in various sub-segments viz. biotech, targeted therapies, medical devices, healthcare delivery and consumer wellness. These include a company working on developing a heat-stable COVID vaccine and a company that offers a novel radiation-free, non-touch, accurate, breast cancer screening solution in India. Further, KIAL has also recently launched an Angel Fund which will invest in early-stage healthcare, medtech and life sciences companies.

#### ESG Performance ESG overview

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a TCFD supporter and it has also initiated the

**KIAL-managed** funds have made 13 investments in companies in the life sciences domain in various sub-segments viz. bio-tech, targeted therapies, medical devices, healthcare delivery and consumer wellness.

KGI is in the process of launching an innovative health insurance product that offers discounts on the premium amount to customers who demonstrate performance on wellness parameters.

It is also working on a special motor insurance product for women drivers to encourage women in this growing industry. Overall KGI's health insurance business has grown 35% year-on-year.

#### ENVIRONMENT

# Managing our ENVIRONMENTAL FOOTPRINT

**65%** 

Waste recycled out of the waste

generated at the Group's large offices

Our environmental management practices are focused on reducing the operational carbon footprint through transition to 'Phygital' service delivery, clean energy procurement, responsible resource utilisation, and conscious energy reduction measures.

6% Reduction in Scope 1 + Scope 2 emission intensity for the Bank\*

12% Electricity from renewable sources used in the Group's large offices

\*Reduction in intensity despite expansion in scope of emission coverage

We, at Kotak, are cognisant of the impact created on the natural environment through both our own operations as well as lending and investment activities. We acknowledge the role of financial institutions in anchoring the transition to a sustainable future, given our contribution to the growth of every sector in the economy.

#### There is global consensus on the

indispensable role of financial institutions in addressing climate change. The ongoing transition to a low-carbon economy creates both risks and opportunities for the sector. We have decided to put in place frameworks to measure, monitor, and manage climaterelated risks to mitigate any losses arising from climate-sensitive assets as detailed in the **risk management** section. Our Group has been integrating an ESG lens in select financing and investment decisions at the Bank and in some of our subsidiaries. Further details are available in the **ESG overview** section of this Report.

#### **OPERATIONAL FOOTPRINT**

Our Group's efforts to minimise our operational carbon footprint are focused on digitalisation of products and services, procurement of renewable energy, responsible utilisation of resources and waste recycling, among others. The **Technology Strengths** section elucidates our approach to digitalisation, which in turn reduces our carbon footprint.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE**

#### GHG emissions<sup>21</sup>

We, at Kotak in FY 2021-22 have expanded our scope of environmental performance disclosures to include all our locations in the Indian geography. Along with 10 new additional large offices covered this year, our Bank's 123 small offices have also been added. Our large offices are considered as Bank premises, even as they are shared with our subsidiaries. Some large and small offices also include some of our Bank's and subsidiaries' branches. The data pertaining to the Bank's and subsidiaries' branches has been represented separately. Scope 1 and scope 2 emissions have been calculated in accordance with the GHG Protocol.

This year, our Scope 1 coverage expanded to include emissions from firefighting equipment, diesel consumed in DG sets and refrigerants used for air conditioning. Our Scope 1 emissions stood at 7,820 tCO<sub>2</sub>e. The Bank's Scope 1 emissions are given in **Principle 6** of BRSR. The total Scope 2 emissions for the group are 76,064 tCO<sub>2</sub>e. Details of Bank's Scope 2 emissions are

#### Kotak Mahindra Group - Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions

# 45,688 22,678 FY 18

additional offices (wit en in Principle 6 of B

given in **Principle 6** of BRSR. The Group's emission intensity is 0.93 tCO<sub>2</sub>e/FTE. Details of Bank's emission intensity can be found in BRSR under **Principle 6**. The Scope 2 calculation for FY 2021-22 is based on the latest emission factor for electricity, as published by the Central Electricity Authority (CEA).



Material topic(s) covered

Minimising environmental

impact of operations

#### ESG Performance Managing our Environmental Footprint

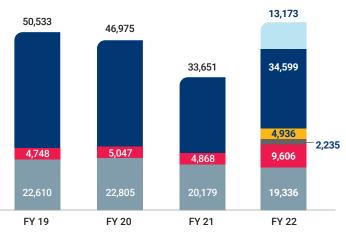
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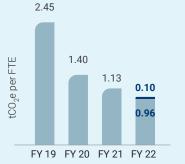


Subsidiaries' branches = Bank branches = Small offices = 10 new large offices (added in 2021)
 8 additional offices (with historical data from 2019) = 6 large offices (with historical data since 2017)

We have consistently worked towards strengthening our GHG inventory monitoring systems and increased our scope of coverage over the years, as depicted in the above graph.

#### ENVIRONMENT

#### **Emission Intensity Trend for** Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited<sup>22</sup>



Note: The comparable segments of the above graph displays emission intensity trend for 14 large offices and Bank branches with historical data, i.e. 0.96 tCO2e/FTF for FY 2021-22. The additional 0.10 tCO2/ FTE represents the emission intensity for expanded coverage considered for emission calculation. Denominator used for the calculation is the total number of Bank employees.

A steady decrease in emission intensity indicates our commitment to progressively lowering our carbon footprint

Reduction in Scope 1+ Scope 2

over FY 2020-21: 6%

emissions per FTE in FY 2021-22

#### Energy consumption<sup>23</sup>

Over a period, we have enhanced coverage of reporting total energy consumption. Energy consumed includes diesel used for DG sets, and electricity consumed across offices and branches. During FY 2021-22, we consumed a total of 3,70,549 GJ of energy, which includes electricity from both renewable and non-renewable sources. Our energy intensity for the Group which includes fuel and electricity is 4.09 GJ/FTE. Details of the Bank's energy consumption and intensity can be found in BRSR under Principle 6.

#### Scope 3 emissions<sup>24</sup>

During FY 2021-22, we strengthened our monitoring mechanisms to expand the coverage of our Scope 3 inventory. We identified and added new sources of Scope 3 emissions. Our inventory now covers 7 out of the 15 categories of Scope 3 prescribed in the GHG protocol based on our monitoring mechanisms. This includes emissions

#### Kotak Mahindra Group's Scope 3\* GHG emissions by category



#### \*Expansion of Coverage of Scope 3 emissions in FY 2021-22:

- Coverage of Business Travel in FY 2021-22 has been expanded to include train travel. Overall emissions from Business Travel in the prior reporting period were relatively lower because business travel was restricted during the COVID-19 pandemic
- Coverage of capital goods in EY 2021-22 has expanded to also cover ATMs, furniture & fixtures, upgrade to premises, office equipment and vehicles, beyond what has been reported in FY 2020-21 (which was limited to IT hardware for select large offices)
- Purchased Goods has been added as an emission source in FY 2021-22 to include emissions from paper consumed during the reporting period
- Emissions from 'Upstream Leased Assets' has been added as a source in FY 2021-22 to include fuel consumed in leased DG sets and electricity consumed at leased sites (that house offsite ATMs)
- · Waste related emissions have been added as a source of emissions in FY 2021-22 to include emissions from waste generated across select large offices. Emissions have been calculated based on the waste disposal method
- · This year the newly added category of 'Fuel and energy related emissions' accounts for ~35% of Scope 3 emissions. The expansion of coverage of Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions has a proportionate impact on this category

generated from employee commute, business travel (air and rail), capital goods, purchased goods and services, waste generated in operations, fuel and energy related emissions as well as upstream leased assets. Electricity consumption at offsite ATMs has been included under the category of upstream leased assets. After inclusion of the new sources, our Group's Scope 3 emissions for FY 2021-22 is 55,493 tCO<sub>2</sub>e (versus 224.2 tCO<sub>2</sub>e for FY 2020-21). Details of Bank's Scope 3 emissions are mentioned in the BRSR under Principle 6

#### Renewable energy

#### We procure energy from renewable sources to meet part of our energy requirements in three of our large corporate offices. During FY 2021-22, we procured 12,994 GJ of renewable energy and helped avoid 3,532 tCO2e.

We, at the Bank, have installed charging points for electric vehicles in two of our large corporate offices.

#### Purchased Electricity from non-renewable sources (in MWh)



- 10 new large offices (added in 2021)
- 8 additional offices (with historical data from 2019)
- 6 large offices (with historical data since 2017)

#### Energy conservation initiatives<sup>25</sup>

The key initiatives undertaken for energy efficiency across some of our Group's offices in FY 2021-22 include:

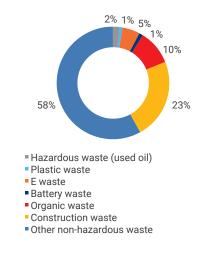
- Installation of LED glow sign boards at key branches
- Installation of occupancy sensor-based lighting across offices

#### Waste management<sup>27</sup>

Being a service sector organisation, the waste generated from our operations primarily consists of stationary waste, and organic waste (generated through our canteen). Other categories of waste monitored include e-waste, construction waste, plastic as well as scrap metal.

The waste generated at our large offices totaled up to 104.75 MT and a breakdown is given in the below pie chart. Waste is segregated across our offices into e-waste, organic, hazardous and other non-hazardous waste. Hazardous waste generated from our operations is negligible and includes used oil from diesel generators. We collect and safely dispose all the hazardous waste, we generate through authorised waste management agencies. We reuse and recycle most of the waste generated, with nearly 75% of the waste generated at our large offices being reused or recycled.

#### Kotak Mahindra Bank: Waste generated by category, FY 2021-22



>> Optimisation of natural light usage by design in buildings

We, at Kotak, are also exploring opportunities for IoT-based monitoring system for energy consumption and resource optimisation. As a pilot project, an IoT-based energy saving model has been installed across 85 branches for air-conditioning systems.

Some key initiatives undertaken for waste management across some of our Group's offices in FY 2021-22 include:

- >> Ban of Single Use Plastic (SUP): We have banned the use of SUP water bottles rooms and cafeterias.
- >> Installation of Organic Waste Converters (OWC): Wet waste generated from cafeteria, pantries, and landscaping is converted into manure by using OWCs at six of our large offices. This manure is utilised for captive use and is also donated to our employees and their gardens
- initiatives are conducted to sensitise placed at strategic locations to create maximum impact and regular e-mail. Waste generated each day in cafeterias is measured and displayed to sensitise employees.
- » Responsible disposal of e-waste: All the IT and e-waste generated is responsibly disposed through authorised vendors
- >> Paper waste minimisation: Overall paper has been achieved due to these efforts.

During FY 2021-22, we calculated the emissions arising from the waste generated across the Bank offices. This was computed using the waste disposal method for

<sup>22</sup>GRI 305-4 | <sup>23</sup>GRI 302-1, GRI 302-3 | <sup>24</sup>GRI 305-3

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#### Water management<sup>26</sup>

Over time, we have strengthened our monitoring mechanisms and enhanced the coverage of reporting water consumption. Recycled water is used in toilets for flushing in three of our largest corporate offices. Further details of our water consumption are given in the BRSR section under Principle 6.

across our large offices including meeting

neighbouring housing societies for use in

» Minimisation of food wastage: Awareness employees on food wastage, with posters

consumption across our operations has been reduced through implementation of default duplex printing on all printers and avoiding physical account statements and envelopes. A cost saving of over ₹45 lakh



Organic Waste Converter at our 27 BKC office

each category of waste and included in Scope 3 category of our GHG inventory. The categories of waste monitored and included in GHG inventory during FY 2021-22 were used oil, e-waste, organic waste, construction waste, paper and cardboard, plastic, scrap metal and batteries.

We, at Kotak, are committed to continue to make conscious efforts to reduce our operational and portfolio environmental footprint. Over the next few years, we propose to further strengthen our GHG inventory monitoring systems and undertake initiatives to try and limit emissions. We are also in the process of formulating a Group-wide low carbon transition plan with scientific targets and goals.

PEOPLE

# **Empowering our EMPLOYEES**

A talented, diverse and empowered workforce is at the core of our success. Our Group's concerted training and development efforts, coupled with active employee engagement, augments employee well-being and productivity.



1,20,000+\* Total employees at our Group

the Bank

28%\* Women employees at our Group

at the Bank

~20.5 lakh person-hours Training on skill upgradation

66.000+ Full-time employees of

27% Women employees at the Bank

~31 Average training hours at the Bank

Material topic(s) covered



Promoting diversity, equity, and inclusion amongst employees

Enabling learning, development, and an open work culture for employees

Capital Linkage

Human Capital

Impact on SDGs



OUR GROWING WORKFORCE<sup>28</sup>

Our Group has seen a healthy influx of new talent in the first-year post-COVID-19. It was business as usual for the talent acquisition team with 56,000+ new employees joining during the reporting period. The total workforce inclusive of temporary employees for our Group stands at 1,21,483 (includes part-time employees hired as insurance agents), of which 66,424 employees work at the Indian offices of the Bank (there are 49 employees based out of international locations). The details of the reporting boundary of our employee data can be found in the ESG overview section. Nearly 940 of our Bank employees changed their roles through our internal hiring programme, Kotak FastTrack (out of which 355 were contractual employees earlier). Our women-focused recruitment drives also showed success with the representation of women in our

workforce increasing to 27% at the Bank level and 28% at the Group level. Further details on new joinees and workforce breakdown can be found on page 369 of the ESG data tables section of this Report

#### **EMPLOYEE DEVELOPMENT<sup>29</sup>**

Our Group adopts a holistic approach to talent management that caters to the overall development needs of our employees. We embed fair, inclusive and transparent practices across the employee management lifecycle from hiring to retirement. Datadriven people analytics-based tools are employed for identifying of skilling requirements, hiring, employee engagement, employee performance management and strategic workforce planning. 100% of our eligible employees underwent performance reviews during the year, out of which 14% were elevated to higher positions.<sup>30</sup>

#### Flagship Initiatives for employee development

igital Readiness Enabler nd Awareness Measure			
<ul> <li>Programme to upgrade Senior Management's technology-focused skills</li> </ul>	Time bound, transparent and structured programme to fast track career growth of retail		
<ul> <li>Personalised digital content, tailored to the unique needs of employees</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>sales force</li> <li>Incentive opportunities to boost employee morale</li> </ul>		
DREAM			

\*includes 90,000+ full-time employees and 30,000+ part-time employees

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#### **ESG** Performance Empowering our Employees

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#### Our growing workforce in India\*\*



\* as described in the reporting boundary \*\*includes both full-time and part-time employees

#### Kotak Young Leader Council (KYLC)

- » Unique platform for young employees to get an opportunity to become change makers and thinkers cocreating innovation and differential thinking
- > Chosen few interact with Kotak Leadership Team (KLT) and work as a shadow board to the Group Management Council (GMC) comprising the Top Management team

#### Internal Growth through Kotak Fast Track

This internal job posting initiative helps fast track careers of employees by leveraging opportunities within Kotak Mahindra Group



#### PEOPLE

We offer a variety of learning and development opportunities to our employees encompassing technical and behavioural training to enhance competencies. During the pandemic, training was primarily conducted virtually and gradually, we aim to transition to hybrid formats.

We identify and address four types of training needs, namely, need of the role, need of the individual, need of the organisation and need of the hour. Employees' eligibility for participating in these activities depends on their job role, managerial level and business needs. These programmes are organised to enhance and enrich our employee's career progression. Customised training courses are facilitated to ensure employees are upskilled

#### and role-ready. We also extend support for degree programs and certifications based on the employee aspiration and role requirements. We have a dedicated external learning policy that elucidates the process of employee self-nomination for external training programmes.

We have adopted a pull-based learning approach to empower learners to choose their learning priorities and participate in voluntary learning interventions. In FY 2021-22, we transitioned our flagship programme named 'Learning Affair' to a first-of-its-kind virtual reality-based experience.

#### Figure 4: List of flagship training programmes

Orientation and Functional	Skill Development	Managerial Training	Transition and
Knowledge Programmes	Programmes	Programmes	Succession Programmes
<ul> <li>Company Orientation: Kotak Orientation for New Employees (K-One)</li> <li>Business and Role Induction-License to Operate</li> <li>Cultural Orientation- Kotak DNA and Code of Conduct</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Personal Effectiveness</li> <li>Personal Productivity</li> <li>Planning and Prioritisation</li> <li>Communication and Presentation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>» New-Age Managers</li> <li>» First Time Managers</li> <li>» Kotak Young Leader Council</li> <li>» Digi Q</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>» Quantum Leadership</li> <li>» Managing for Excellence</li> <li>» K-League</li> <li>» Charismatic Leadership</li> </ul>



#### More on our flagship learning initiatives

- >> Quantum Leadership It is a learning journey to share global best practices about innovation, linearity to leapfrog, customer centricity, and transformational leadership
- » Digi Q This is a customised intervention for senior leaders, which supports them to lead in the banking sector through a rapid transformation and focused disruption, pivoting on digital initiatives.
- >> K-League A light-touch, high-impact learning series introduced for senior leaders, that offers perspectives on strategic agility, digital adoption and innovation.



Each employee of the

average of ~31 person-

hours of training during

**Bank underwent an** 

FY 2021-22

KLI conducts leadership development programmes for its middle and senior management. This plan institutes the 3E approach i.e. Experience, Exposure and Education, wherein activities like workshops and assessments are organised.

#### **HEALTH AND WELL-BEING**

We believe that a healthy and engaged workforce is a key enabler of business success. Health and well-being initiatives are vital to retain good talent, maintain employee satisfaction and address turnover and absenteeism. We adopted an Occupational, Health and Safety Management System (OHSMS) and a Manual in compliance with ISO 45001:2018<sup>31</sup>, certified by a third-party. This system has been implemented across six of our corporate offices. We plan to increase our scope over the years to include all our workplaces.

We have instituted OHSMS manuals that set out a structured framework and action plan

#### with respect to internal audits, reporting frequency and overall management of representative maintains a monitoring plan that identifies what will be measured, where and when it should be measured, and what methods should be used for the same. The senior management is responsible for the overall evaluation of our OHS performance

Systems are in place to ensure consultation and participation of our employees in the OHSMS where they contribute towards the development, planning, implementation, performance evaluation and actions for

#### **STANDING BY OUR EMPLOYEES DURING THE SECOND COVID-19** WAVE

We rolled out a series of measures to enable our employees' health, well-being and comfort during the devastating second wave. Some key initiatives include:

- Introduction of remote working allowance to cover work-related expenses
- » Transfer of employee systems to internet-first and mobile-first platforms, ensuring seamless access from home
- >> Establishing standard operating procedures for safety protocols
- » Vaccination drives free of cost for our employees and their families and reimbursement for those who paid for their vaccinations
- >> Launch of Kotak VaxShield portal to ensure a seamless process for registration along with tracking the status of the vaccination
- >> Special leave for COVID-19 positive employees and reimbursement of medical cost
- Launch of a war room with employee volunteers to put in place a series of

and determining the effectiveness of the OHSMS during the review. emergency measures including tie-

ups for medical emergency response services, provision of oxygen cylinders, isolation facilities, doctor consultation and telemedicine services and financial assistance for medical expenses. Some initiatives undertaken by the war room were:

- Instituted dedicated COVID-19 24X7 voice helpline and e-mail
- Tied up with 1mg, an online Star Health were introduced for COVID-19 care support
- and avail COVID-19 care support
- response services such as or isolation facility identification,

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encompassing the scope and responsibilities employee well-being<sup>32</sup>. The OHS management

helpline support via WhatsApp, SMS,

pharmacy company to provide free doctor consultation sponsored by us for any employee who tested positive. Further, telemedicine services from

 Collaborated with hospitals and set up isolation facilities in select cities for our employees as well as their immediate dependents to guarantine

 Introduced 24X7 Medical emergency ambulance arrangement, Doctors or Paramedics on call, COVID-19 bed blood or plasma donor identification,

improvement<sup>33</sup>. We encourage all our employees to report on hazardous situations, enabling us to take corrective and preventive action. Periodic fire evacuation drills and trainings are also conducted for our employees led by appointed fire wardens across our large and small offices<sup>34</sup>. Further, pre-emptive medical check-ups, in-house doctor consultations and ambulance facilities are provided at a few of our large office locations<sup>35</sup>.

During FY 2021-22, we instituted several policies and initiatives to promote the wellbeing of our employees. Remote working, part-time working and other such policies are aiding our employees to slowly transition back to office. We provide term life insurance, health insurance and group personal accident insurance to all our employees.

> diagnostic services, medicine and equipment delivery arrangements from StanPlus, India's largest private ambulance service provider

- · Facilitated an emotional assistance program where employees could reach out to professional counsellors 24X7
- Provided need-based special financial assistance of up to ₹5 lakh per employee to COVID-19 infected employees and their immediate relatives
- Fitness allowance through the 'Health' to the Power Infinity' programme (#HumFitKotakHit)



Introduction of the Pandemic Benevolent Policy for the entire group which enabled the families of deceased employees to receive fixed CTC for two years. Further, our Group's mediclaim insurance continued to cover the enrolled spouse and minor children of the deceased employees for FY 2021-22.

#### **DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION<sup>36</sup>**

Diversity in the workplace is critical to fuel innovation and enable better decision making. Our Group recognises the value of a diverse workforce and is committed to take initiatives to advance diversity, inclusion and equity across the organisation.

In FY 2020-21, we constituted a Diversity and Inclusion Council with leaders from each of the business segments. This Council is led by Ms. Shanti Ekambaram, who is a member of Kotak's apex executive leadership body termed as the GMC. The Diversity and Inclusion Council aims to drive change in culture, policies, processes and systems to build an inclusive work environment. The Council has been instrumental in promoting diversity by instituting the Diversity, Inclusion and Equity (DIE) Statement.

A senior member of the HR function has been appointed as the Diversity Champion to oversee implementation of the DIE Statement. Our Human Resources (HR) team has been entrusted with the responsibility for the on-ground compliance of this statement which also involves conducting annual trainings and generating stakeholder awareness on diversity issues. In line with



the strengthened commitment to diversity, we aspire to have women represent at least a third of our workforce.

Further, we have an Equal Employment Opportunity Policy which is aligned to the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016. We at the Bank have 14 persons with disabilities employed in our workforce. Three of our Group's largest offices which have a combined capacity to house more than 8,000 employees are equipped with differently-abled friendly infrastructure. This helps facilitate access to differently-abled employees, workers and visitors.

In addition, we undertake several initiatives to promote diversity and inclusion in the workforce. Certain flagship initiatives have been listed here.

#### DIE Statement

We recognise the value of a diverse workforce and aim to create an inclusive workplace where all employees, are treated with respect and dignity. To this end, we are committed to providing equal opportunities to all in employment, without any discrimination on the grounds of age, disability, gender, marriage, civil partnership, maternity, race, ethnicity, social and indigenous origin, nationality, colour, religion or belief, sexual orientation, socio-economic status of an individual or other basis prohibited by law. We are committed to providing a safe, healthy and conducive work environment for our employees.



#### Figure 5: Gender Diversity Initiatives



Dedicated recruitment drive for women candidates

Established a leadership pipeline for women talent from non-banking background

Launched the Kotak Wonder Women (KWW) Returns that reached out to ex-employees for opportunities

Our Group has continued to strengthen its gender diversity programmes over the past few years and there has been a steady improvement in our diversity.

Percentage of women employees at the Group (%)\*



\*includes both full-time and part-time employees



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Launched an internal job posting portal for KWW that is accessible to all Kotak Mahindra Group companies

Participated in job fairs that promoted Diversity, Equity and Inclusion like the India Diversity Forums and WiT Ignite – Job Fair for Women in the IT Industry

Launched the KWW Wonderful Welcome that greets the women employees in the organisation, sensitising the workforce

Launched a Special Career Programme for KWW that forecasts a clear roadmap of career opportunities available in-house

Instituted a New Mother Benefit Policy that supports new mothers with a fixed allowance to address their child caring needs for a full year Beyond promoting gender diversity, our Group also believes that age diversity among employees adds diverse perspectives, and experiences to the workforce. Moreover, young employees infuse higher motivation levels into the work environment. We conduct dedicated campus recruitment drives to hire young talent from premier institutes across the country. Over the past two years, we have recruited around 400 such students and aim to groom and nurture future leaders through our flagship programmes such as Kotak

Young Leaders, Kotak Young Managers and Kotak Young Bankers.

Diversity in educational backgrounds of incoming employees strengthens our inhouse expertise, and we conduct specialised campus hiring for STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics) talent through our Kotak Young Tech Leader, Kotak Young Tech Managers and Kotak Young Tech Bankers programmes. We also participated in technology-focused events

Figure 5: List of Benefits

Remote working allowance and health

Part-time working opportunities

and well-being programmes

Internal iob opportunities

Pandemic benevolent policy

like the Techfest by IIT-Bombay (Asia's Largest Science and Technology Festival) to attract diverse talent base.

We are committed to further improve gender diversity through our women-focused talent management initiatives. To further our goal of establishing an inclusive workforce, we intend to encourage recruitment of differently-abled employees across businesses.

Personal emergency loan

Kotak worklife app

Emotional assistance programme

#### **EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

We provide various benefits to our full-time employees, some of which are customised to select employees based on their grade and role. The benefits provided to the employees include accident insurance, health insurance, parental benefits, provident fund and gratuity. Details of these benefits are available in employee specific policies.



Kotak's Worklife app: We transitioned from the employee intranet portal to launch the Kotak Worklife Mobile app. This platform provides functionalities, such as attendance and leave management, team communication, helpline via chatbot, among others. Additionally, it provides access to HRMS, payroll portal, travel bookings, mediclaim, internal job postings, office seat bookings, vaccination slot bookings, IT helpdesk, etc.

The Bank's congenial parental care policies have ensured that the return-to-work rate is 99% for our permanent employees

Each of our employees is eligible for availing parental leaves. We introduced a 'New Mother Benefit Policy' in FY 2021-22 to financially support new mothers. Amongst other benefits, new mothers can avail flexible working hours and part-time work facility.



We introduced a 'New Mother Benefit Policy', one-of-its-kind initiative that provides financial benefit to all KWW mothers returning to work. New Mother benefit policy allows new mothers a fixed amount of ₹7,500 every month, payable for a period of 12 months. This creates a reliable support system for mothers

#### **EMPLOYEE ENGAGEMENT**

Our Group promotes a collaborative and inclusive work environment. Through our annual 'My Kotak My Say' engagement survey, we collect feedback from our employees on our HR practices.



The results of the survey are presented to the leadership team for strategic integration in the human resource management strategy. This process enables quantification and measurement of employee satisfaction being translated into continuous improvement in

HR practices. Over the last two years, we partnered with an external global research and consulting firm, Great Place to Work® Institute (GPTW) to carry out the annual employee engagement survey. Since this partnership, the overall trust impact score has increased from 69% to 74%. We have established a standardised process for implementing an action plan recommended by the GPTW as shown in figure 3 below. Through this process, we aim to enhance our employees' satisfaction.

KLI conducts an Employee Experience Survey called 'Umatter'. This process fosters a healthy work environment and promotes employee engagement. Some initiatives taken are employee and alumni referral programme and 'DuskaDum', which is a connect series with top 10 employees.

#### Figure 3: Process for implementing action plan recommended by Great Place to Work<sup>®</sup> Institute (GPTW)







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The results and action plan are presented to our GMC

On acceptance of the plan by the GMC, the results are then cascaded to the leaders in each business segment



Manager Scorecards are shared, and a training session is conducted along with their respective HR relationship managers to help them interpret data

Actions are categorised business segment-wise and made available on the Trust Impact Portal wherein more granular details and results are available



Employee Volunteering at Kotak was formally launched on our Foundation Day under the brand name 'Caring Kotakite'. The Employee Volunteering Policy allows leave for up to three days a year for physical or





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Great Place to Work<sup>®</sup> Institute certified Kotak Mahindra Bank as 'One of India's Best Employers **Among Nation-Builders'** in 2021



Detailed results are conveyed to the leaders along with their respective business HR-Heads through a meeting

> virtual volunteering. A fully digital platform allows our employees to enroll for curated volunteering activities and also post about their volunteering activities through photos and videos.





#### **AWARDS AND RECOGNITION**

We believe in encouraging and appreciating our exemplary employees through formal recognition programmes. This motivates us to stay ahead of the curve and nurture a driven workforce. Some of our recognition platforms have been detailed below:

K Applaud: This is an online appreciation platform that encourages our employees to express gratitude to other employees and celebrate their achievements. 'Cheers for Peers' is one of the seven programs hosted on the platform, where employees appreciate their peers by sending badges. Over 1,250 employees received badges in FY 2021-22



- > Kudos to Kotakites: This programme identifies and appreciates employees, who go above and beyond to deliver excellent customer-centric performance in line with our values
- Infinity Award: This is an annual excellence award that celebrates outstanding performers



Long Service Awards: Acknowledging loyalty and dedication of our employees; this appreciates employees, who have been growing with us for more than five years Our Group entities have their individual recognition programmes. For example, KLI presents the Managing Director Excellence Awards annually for its outstanding employees.

Kotak considers its people to be the most valued assets and is committed to providing the best opportunities to them.

#### HUMAN RIGHTS<sup>37</sup>

Our Group respects human rights of all our stakeholders and ensures adherence with laws safeguarding these universal rights. We have formulated a Human Rights and Anti-Discrimination policy that outlines our commitment to the United Nations' Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Labor Organisations' (ILO) core labour standards and national laws. Our HR function also oversees the implementation of this policy. We have zero tolerance for forced and child labour and support freedom of association, right to collective bargaining and equal remuneration. Nearly 3.4% of our permanent employees (i.e. 1,694) are members of Employees' Associations (Indian Banking Association)<sup>40</sup>.

In FY 2021-22, no human rights grievances were raised but seven complaints on workplace discrimination were received, which have been addressed. We are

#### PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT (PoSH)

Our Group has a zero-tolerance policy on sexual harassment, and we have established systems, processes and policies to safeguard our women employees. The policy on Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace aims to prevent, prohibit and redress any misconduct. Further, our Code of Conduct enables disciplinary action for sexual harassment irrespective of gender.

In accordance with the requirement of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace Act, 2013, our Group has set up a dedicated internal committee. Details of sexual harassment complaints are provided in the BRSR disclosure<sup>38</sup>.

#### **GRIEVANCE MECHANISM<sup>39</sup>**

Our Group implemented a robust and efficient grievance redressal mechanism with a defined escalation matrix. Our employees are made aware through periodic e-mails and the Code of Conduct, the different platforms through which they can raise concerns, the resolution process and contact details of the grievance officer.

Further, our Group has a Whistle Blower policy and framework for all our stakeholders to raise any concerns over a digital platform that safeguards confidentiality of the whistle blower's identity. We also have zero tolerance for workplace retaliation.



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committed to undertaking periodic human rights assessment to identify, assess and mitigate potential human rights risks. We cover human rights as part of our Code of Conduct training and are in the process of developing a dedicated module on human rights for our employees.



COMMUNITY

# **Supporting our COMMUNITIES**

We are cognisant of the critical role we can play in creating a positive impact in the lives of communities through financial inclusion efforts and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) initiatives.

> ₹226 cr Total CSR expenditure (Group)

Material topic(s) covered

Community well-being

Promoting financial inclusion

Capital Linkage



Social and Relationship

Impact on SDGs





Kotak Mahindra Bank (KMBL) and its subsidiary companies are fully compliant with the regulatory requirement to spend 2% of PBT (calculated as per applicable law) on Corporate Social responsibility projects. Please refer to the Director's Report for more details. Similarly, the Annual disclosures of our relevant subsidiary companies contain the details of their CSR projects respectively.

#### KOTAK MAHINDRA GROUP'S KEY CSR PROJECTS<sup>41</sup>

The CSR projects in FY 2021-22 had been implemented directly and through partner organisations, which have a proven track record. Please refer to the Bank's website for more details on CSR Projects at https:// www.kotak.com/en/about-us/corporateresponsibility.html. Similarly, details of CSR Projects of subsidiaries are available on their websites.

Kotak's CSR projects are designed to bring about meaningful and measurable social impact, and are in line with United **Nations Sustainable Development Goals** (UN SDGs).

#### Kotak Mahindra Group's CSR expenditure for FY 2021-22



Education and livelihoo Healthcare

- Relief and rehabilitation
- Environment and sustain development

For FY 2021-22, the mandated CSR expenditure for the Group was ₹225.7 crore and the actual CSR expenditure was ₹226.0 crore. The breakdown of actual CSR expenditure (excluding overheads) towards various focus areas is depicted above.

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#### Kotak Mahindra Bank's CSR expenditure for FY 2021-22



d	73%
	14%
1	10%
inable	
	3%

Education and livelihood	78%
Healthcare	5%
<ul> <li>Relief and rehabilitation</li> </ul>	12%
Environment and sustainable	
development	5%

For FY 2021-22, the mandated CSR expenditure for the Bank was ₹161.8 crore and the actual CSR expenditure was ₹162.0 crore. The breakdown of actual CSR expenditure (excluding overheads) towards various focus areas is depicted above.

Further details of the Bank's CSR projects for FY 2021-22 can be found in the Director's Report

COMMUNITY

#### Kotak's key CSR projects



#### RELIEF AND REHABILITATION

In light of the second wave of the COVID-19 pandemic which disrupted the Indian communities further, we continued strong pandemic relief efforts, some in collaboration with partner organisations. In FY 2021-22, we continued implementing CSR projects on COVID-19 relief to save lives and livelihood, by facilitating ambulance services and upgrading healthcare infrastructure across the country. Our employees participated in relief and rehabilitation-related volunteering activities, including on-ground support for COVID-19 relief operations, such as ensuring distribution of COVID-19 kits and coordinating access to healthcare infrastructure for communities.

Apart from initiatives taken specifically for COVID-19, we supported relief measures like providing food and shelter to communities impacted by floods in Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, and Bihar.



#### EDUCATION AND LIVELIHOOD WITH KOTAK MAHINDRA GROUP'S PRIMARY CSR PARTNER, KOTAK EDUCATION FOUNDATION

Kotak Education Foundation (KEF) is our primary CSR partner to implement our CSR interventions in the areas of education and livelihood. KEF supports children and youth from underprivileged families through different education and livelihood-based interventions. The COVID-19 (second and third wave) led to repeated closure of schools and other academic institutions for major part of the academic year 2021-22. The lack of access to digital facilities had significant impact on the students from underprivileged backgrounds. KEF adapted to the challenges



#### through hybrid models of intervention across all its projects and managed to reach over 39,000 beneficiaries.

#### **KEY CSR PROJECTS WITH KEF**

Digital Learning Solutions (DLS) In FY 2020-21, Kotak Mahindra Bank with KEF launched Project Digital Learning Solutions (DLS) with an aim to improve learning outcomes in KEF partner schools by providing digital support to teachers and students. Lack of access to digital devices during the pandemic led to students being left outside the ambit of the education system. Further, teachers also often lacked access to digital devices restricting them from facilitating online classes. Through the DLS initiative, teachers and students were provided tablets pre-loaded with grade 10<sup>th</sup> content.

#### Project Excel

Project Excel is a collaborative ongoing CSR Project being funded by our Group companies and implemented by KEF. The CSR Project has three distinct offerings – 10+, 12+ and Kotak Kanya Scholarship (KKS). The 10+ scholarship is provided to select meritorious students pursuing senior secondary (11<sup>th</sup>/12<sup>th</sup>) while 12+ scholarship is provided to meritorious students pursuing graduation.

#### Kotak Shiksha Nidhi (KSN)

KSN is a collaborative ongoing CSR Project on Education and Livelihood being funded by Group companies and implemented by KEF. KSN was launched in FY 2021-22 to provide financial assistance to students who have lost a parent or a primary earning family member to COVID-19 to continue their education.





#### EDUCATION AND LIVELIHOOD INITIATIVES WITH OTHER PARTNER ORGANISATIONS

#### Indian Institute of Science (IISc)

As part of our ongoing CSR project (from FY 2021-22 to FY 2024-25), we have partnered with IISc to establish an AI-ML (artificial intelligence-machine learning) centre at their campus in Bengaluru. The Centre will offer graduation, post-graduation, and short-term courses, while also promoting research and innovation. The project will enable development of a talent pool from across the country to provide cutting-edge solutions to meet industry's emerging and future requirements.



भारतीय विज्ञान संस्थान

#### Pratham Education Foundation (Pratham)

Various companies of our Group have partnered with Pratham to train youth from disadvantaged backgrounds across multiple areas including healthcare, construction, entrepreneurship, and hospitality.

#### Khan Academy India (KAI)

Under our ongoing CSR Project with KAI (from FY 2021-22 to FY 2022-23), KAI is working towards developing science content for grades 9<sup>th</sup> to 12<sup>th</sup> and making it available to students across India.

#### Indian Institute of Management, Bengaluru (IIMB)

In FY 2021-22, we partnered with IIMB to launch Women Start-up Programme (WSP) as an ongoing project to be implemented across three financial years (from FY 2021-22 to FY 2023-24). WSP aims to support ambitious and innovative women entrepreneurs by enabling them to transform their ideas into business ventures. It is designed to focus on the enhancement of the entrepreneurial and managerial skills of women leading early and ideation stage ventures.

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#### Youth4Jobs (Y4J)

Under our ongoing CSR project with Y4J, being implemented across three financial years (from FY 2021-22 to FY 2024-25), Y4J is developing SwarajAbility, India's first AI-enabled jobs platform for differently-abled persons.

### Society of Parents of Children with Autistic Disorders (SOPAN)

KMBL partnered with SOPAN to construct SHANAY, an Autism Resource Centre under its ongoing CSR project of FY 2020-21. While the Centre was inaugurated in December 2021, the CSR project has been extended to FY 2022-23 as some capex related items are pending as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022. In FY 2021-22, we initiated a fresh CSR Project with SOPAN, which is being implemented through FY 2021-22 and FY 2022-23 for operating the Autism Resource Centre. Currently, children with special needs are offered educational, psychological, and therapeutic services at the Centre.





#### **HEALTHCARE**

#### Medical Vans/Ambulances for various hospitals / NGOs

We partnered with seven different charitable hospitals in the states of West Bengal, Gujarat, Maharashtra, and Telangana under five separate CSR projects to provide eight equipped medical vans. We provided ambulance to NGO PRAWES in Indore to address healthcare problems of destitution and beggars in the city. We also provided an ambulance to New Civil hospital in Surat. Additionally, KMAMC provided an equipped medical emergency Van to Rotary Club of the Nilgiris to provide services to people of Conoor district.

#### Parivaar Education Society (Parivaar)

KMAMC partnered with Parivaar to address healthcare requirements in five districts of Madhya Pradesh. Under KMAMC's ongoing CSR project with Parivaar, which is being implemented across two financial years (from FY 2021-22 to FY 2022-23), Parivaar will work towards improving access to healthcare services in the tribal areas of Madhya Pradesh.

#### CanKids...KidsCan

In FY 2020-21, KMBL partnered with CanKids for ongoing CSR project which is being implemented across three financial vears (from FY 2020-21 to FY 2022-23), to provide medical assistance to patients and support their families by facilitating lodging during the treatment period.

In FY 2021-22, Cankids operated five 'Home Away from Home' centres. In FY 2021-22, KLI and KSL separately partnered with Cankids to provide support through hospital intervention programme to patients.

#### Kotak believes its business is only as sustainable as the communities in which it operates. The Group's community investment prioritises emphasis areas, where it can make a substantial difference.

#### Wockhardt Foundation

Three Group companies Kotak Mahindra Bank, KMPL and KLI have separately partnered with Wockhardt Foundation for their respective ongoing CSR Projects to provide primary medical services through 36 Mobile Medicare Units to underprivileged sections of the urban population in large cities like Chennai, Kolkata, Hyderabad, Surat, Ahmedabad, Jalandhar, etc.

#### ENVIRONMENT AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

We are enhancing our CSR footprint in the environment and sustainability domain. The current focus of CSR initiatives is to reduce energy consumption, encourage greener energy solutions and biodiversity conservation.

#### Indian Institute of Technology, Madras (IITM)

Under our ongoing three CSR projects with IITM being implemented across two financial years (from FY 2021-22 to FY-2023-24), 'IITM Kotak Save Energy Mission' will establish five centres across India with an aim to improve energy efficiency and performance of MSMEs by conducting energy audits and encouraging adoption of various energy conservation measures.

#### Nature Forever Society (NFS)

The NFS was founded by Mohammed Dilawar (Sparrow Man) in 2009. In FY 2020-21, we partnered with NFS to develop phase I of Nectar and Biodiversity Park at Sanjay Gandhi National Park, Borivali. The CSR project was completed in FY 2021-22 with completion of phase I activities. Under our new ongoing CSR project with NFS we are developing phase II of the Biodiversity Park

#### SPORTS

We have partnered with leading sportsmen and sports focused institutions in India to upgrade sports infrastructure as well as to provide quality training and care to budding athletes focusing on Olympic sports.

#### **Pullela Gopichand Badminton Foundation** (PGBF)

In FY 2020-21, under our ongoing CSR project with PGBF, KMBL initiated development of a world class badminton training facility in Hyderabad. The facility will have six air-conditioned badminton courts, a residential block for athletes, a swimming pool, a jogging track and a sports science centre. In FY 2021-22, we supported the PGBF to continue development of the badminton training facility. The facility is expected to be ready in FY 2022-23.



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#### Inspire Institute of Sport (IIS)

Under our CSR project with IIS, which was implemented over 18 months (from 1st October, 2020 to 31st March, 2022), IIS provided world-class training environment for aspiring wrestlers and boxers, some of whom also participated in the Tokyo Olympics.

#### **FINANCIAL LITERACY AND INVESTOR EDUCATION**

Besides our CSR projects, we also undertake financial literacy and inclusion programmes to positively impact our communities through our business activities. A brief overview of these thrust areas has been elucidated below.

Financial literacy is a step towards educating customers for effective usage of banking services, which will help underserved segments of our economy to move into the formal banked economy. To spread financial literacy as per regulatory guidelines, we organise financial literacy camps through our rural branches. During FY 2021-22, we conducted 1,148 such camps. We also regularly conduct various digital campaigns to educate customers.

In FY 2021-22, KMAMC conducted various investor education seminars and a large campaign to make investors familiar with fund categories. For instance, a seminar focused on 'Balanced Advantage Funds' was conducted with an intent of helping investors take a step towards investing in equity funds and understanding asset allocation.

As part of KGI's insurance awareness programme, insurance education is actively promoted across social media channels. Two districts (Palamu in Jharkhand and Rajgarh in Madhya Pradesh) have been adopted as part of insurance awareness programme to promote insurance education.



#### **FINANCIAL INCLUSION (FI)**<sup>42</sup>

We, at Kotak Mahindra Bank, continuously strive to make our products and services accessible to the under banked segments of society. During FY 2021-22, our FI function, which was earlier a part of our consumer bank, was carved out as an independently focused horizontal function to give a greater thrust to the FI strategy.



#### Participation in Government schemes

Under this area, we drive the distribution of multiple government lending schemes and delivery of services under other government obligations, such as Aadhaar Seva Kendras and customer service points for beneficiaries of basic savings accounts and Mahatma Gandhi NREGA scheme.

- » Participation in government promoted schemes like Aadhaar and micro-ATM enabled payment systems
- » Strengthening microfinance lending solutions
- PM Mudra Scheme: During FY 2021-22 we disbursed over ₹965 crore by providing micro enterprises loans for up to ₹10 lakh
- » Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY): We disbursed ₹890 crore in FY 2021-22 to bolster infrastructure growth and provide Economically Weaker Section (EWS), Lower Income Group (LIG) and Middle Income Group (MIG) access to affordable housing
- » PM Agri Infrastructure Scheme: We also disbursed ₹272 crore to develop agriculture, especially at the post-harvest stage



In FY 2021-22, we received approval from UIDAI to set up 'Aadhaar on Wheels' (AOW), a mobile network to offer Aadhaar enrolment and update facilities at the customer's doorstep.

We set up camps in housing societies, educational institutions, office premises, etc. providing an easy option to avail of this service at the customer's convenience. As of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, we have deployed three such vans at Pune, Surat, and Mumbai, and have fulfilled a total of 4,074 Aadhaar update and enrolment transactions.

>> Other government schemes: We also actively disbursed loans under PM Stand Up India a scheme which provides entrepreneurship support to women and scheduled caste (SC) and scheduled tribe (ST) communities. We also provide loans under the PM SVANidhi scheme, which supports street vendors with working capital loans

- Atal Pension Yojana (APY) scheme: The scheme aims at providing financial stability to the unorganised sector after retirement with pension amount of ₹1,000 to ₹5,000 per month. As on 31st March, 2022, we had a total of 22.731 APY subscriptions out of which, 9,650 were sourced during FY 2021-22. Out of these, 75 percent were sourced using the new APY Mobile banking application which was launched in October 2021
- Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Yojana (PMJJBY) and Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana (PMSBY): We also continued to offer PMJJBY and PMSBY schemes which were launched in FY 2015-16 with an objective to provide life insurance and accident insurance benefits up to ₹2 lakh respectively

Our premises host Aadhaar service centres for enrolment and updation services. As of 31st March, 2022 we had 160 such at select locations across India.

#### Expansion of distribution network of business correspondents (BC)

This focus area involves expanding our distribution footprint through BSS Microfinance's BC services and collaboration with other corporate BC networks

BSS Microfinance provides microfinance loans and is expanding its distribution network to multiple states as a part of our growth plan for microfinance lending. Leveraging the growing reach of BSS Microfinance, we are also extending our

In FY 2021-22, we piloted banking services for milk supply chains in village clusters across Gujarat and Punjab, and opened over 2,400 saving accounts



#### PRIORITY SECTOR LENDING

We continue to grow our advances towards PSL in each of our business verticals. We continue to build our PSL advances in businesses such as SME lending, tractor financing, agri-SMEs, microfinance and on-lending to NBFCs for their PSL advances. Apart from being a commercially viable business, such PSL advances support small and marginal farmers, weaker sections of society (as defined by RBI). women borrowers and microenterprises, thus, enabling last-mile financial access

42GRI 103-2, GRI 103-3

#### ESG Performance Supporting our Communities

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traditional products, such as savings accounts, term deposits, property loans, vehicle loans and insurance to these segments of customers.

We have commenced the process of deepening our distribution beyond branches by setting up BC outlets in geographical circles around its city and town locations to enhance the reach of select banking services. This network of BC outlets are proposed to be linked to agricultural supply chains, such as milk, or as independent outlets to augment the extended geographical territory around the Bank's existing branch and ATM network.

We will leverage technological solutions such as opening Aadhar-based savings account through biometric verification, Aadharenabled payment services and micro-ATM machines to expand the reach of our financial services far beyond the confines of our physical branch and ATM network.



In FY 2021-22, our priority sector lending (including purchase and sale of priority sector lending certificates) was around 44% of the applicable adjusted net banking advances (prior to district weightage adjustments) for the year. We crossed the achievement of regulatory targets for PSL, not just on an overall basis, but also in each of the categories and subcategories viz. small and marginal farmers (SMF), total individual farmers, total agricultural lending, micro-SME lending and lending to weaker sections of society.



# **Generating value for OUR CUSTOMERS**

Our Group is committed to maintaining a meaningful and long-lasting relationship with our customers and has adopted a customer centric approach that blends our digital capabilities and market insights to deliver seamless and differentiated customer experience. In addition, our Group commits to implement quality systems and processes to secure our customers' personal data.<sup>42</sup>

> **26%**<sup>+</sup> Growth in Bank's Customer Base

22% Growth in Customer Assets

32.7 mn Kotak Mahindra Bank's Customer Base

**Customer data** privacy

Material topic(s) covered

experience

**Enhancing customer** 

Capital Linkage





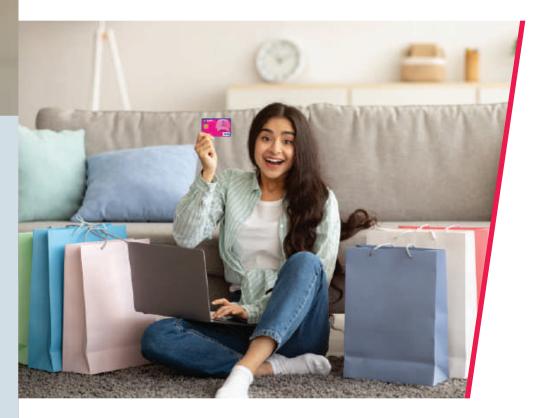
Customer centricity is our Group's key strategic driver that focuses on improving customer engagement, experience and satisfaction. The transition to digital solutions has been a key factor enabling the shift from a 'product-centric' to a 'holistic customer experience' approach. Each business within our Group has launched a suite of digital products and solutions that cater to unique needs of customers across different segments. This has been discussed at length in the 'Technology Strengths' chapter.

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Our Group believes that continued engagement is vital to build trust and gain on-ground insights from our customers. Numerous policies have been formulated to embed a responsible customer centric approach to our business operations. Nearly 900 of our branches and ATMs are equipped with ramps to enable access to Persons with Disability (PwD). Details of our policies and practices are available in the BRSR disclosure found in this Report.

We have a dedicated 'Customer Experience' vertical that is responsible for gauging and addressing our customer feedback through surveys to identify areas of improvement across all customer segments. In FY 2021-22, we launched an enhanced customer relationship management channel and adopted a customised software to strengthen our systems. We also sought interactive customer feedback from our employees who gave their views through a survey.

We track Net Promoter Score (NPS) at two levels- Relationship NPS (R-NPS) and Transaction NPS (T-NPS). We closely track our R-NPS to understand our customers' perception of the Bank as a whole and carry out a survey for our customers in the retail, wealth management, SME, commercial and wholesale banking segments. Surveys are conducted annually for all our customers except for retail banking where they are conducted on a half yearly basis.



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#### Change

Financial Highlights

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The Customer Service Committee of the Board oversees performance across numerous metrics that track customer experience and loyalty. This Committee meets quarterly to provide guidance on measures to augment our performance. A service framework tracks a suite of metrics that measure both customer engagement and service delivery. Engagement metrics include service and digital activation by customers, and service delivery metrics include complaint resolution effectiveness and first contact resolution among, others. With the support of a team of experts, we also track social media linked customer perception. The service framework links these quality metrics to performance of employees responsible for enabling customer satisfaction.

We also have Relationship Management teams at branches and a Customer Contact Centre with a team of Virtual Relationship Managers, who regularly connect with customers telephonically and digitally. Such regular engagement helps us provide transparent information about financial products and services to support wellinformed financial decisions and to enable an overall seamless customer experience. Through such engagements our customer facing teams are able to carry out processes such as root cause analysis and identify any process bottle necks. Accordingly, corrective actions are rolled out to enhance customer experience.

Our Group strives to provide our customers with a superior digital experience by leveraging our technology and digital capabilities. Continuous upgradation and digital transformation of internal and customer facing processes are at the core of continually improving our customer experience. Some of the key initiatives undertaken include digitalisation of lending processes and use of digital signatures to administer wealth transactions. While enhancing our dependence on digital solutions, our Group also focuses on strengthening our data privacy systems. In FY 2021-22, there have been zero instances of data breaches.

#### LEVERAGING DATA ANALYTICS **TO UNDERSTAND CUSTOMER BEHAVIOUR**

Data analytics is at the core of our growth strategy. It is used to acquire, on-board, service, up-sell, cross-sell, assess risk, detect and prevent fraud, and improve process efficiency across our functions. Our growth in customer acquisition for lending as well as deposits can be credited to data analytics and advanced data science applications. We have added over a hundred

data science and data engineering experts in the recent past to support the ambition of data-led personalised customer service delivery. Personalised offers for instant loan applications, pre-approved loan offers for existing relationships, merchant offers for shopping, and EMI offers for purchases are some of the examples of leveraging data analytics for real-time decisions and better customer experience. With customer touch points augmented by data analytics and data science, this is becoming the new normal for our customers.

We have added over a hundred data science and data engineering experts in the recent past to support the ambition of data-led personalised customer service delivery.

#### **GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL**

We have established a robust multi-channel customer grievance redressal mechanism across our operations as outlined in our grievance redressal policy. We have a complaint handling protocol that guides our customer facing employees to efficiently categorise and capture complaints. Further, we also leverage social media channels to address some of them. We launched a 'Do it Yourself' (DIY) help centre that enables our customers to raise complaints on the mobile banking application. We

encourage them to share their grievances through e-mails, letters, faxes, or branch visits. We are also committed to resolving complaints in a timely manner and in this financial year alone, we trained and tested around 16% of our Consumer Banking staff on complaint management. In FY 2021-22, about 94% of complaints were resolved within the stipulated turnaround time (TAT). Additionally, we re-vamped our grievance redressal systems to focus on improving our resolution TAT and quality of response which has indirectly helped in reducing the number of complaints.





It is our constant endeavour to elevate customer experience and we translate the findings from our engagement surveys and studies into strategic actions. We aspire to build relationships with our customers that inspire emotive transactions and expand the breadth of services we provide. In our effort to emerge as the banking partner of choice, we are working towards digitally transforming our operations to enhance process efficiency and robustness. We are working towards building seamless customer journeys and equipping our employees to further improve customer servicing.

Kotak firmly believes that strong customer relationships are crucial to the growth and success of a business. Therefore, customers are at the core of all business decisions to provide them with a positive experience and build long-term relationships.





#### ESG Performance

#### Generating Value for our Customers

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GOVERNANCE

# Ethics and GOVERNANCE

Business ethics and corporate governance are key value drivers, and we ensure our practices are aligned to the regulatory requirements as well as global best practices. Policies, systems, and procedures, are in place to ensure transparency, efficiency and accountability.<sup>43</sup>

**21 years** Average tenure of the Executive leadership team

at the Bank

#### Zero Reported breaches of customer privacy

## 'Leadership' category

as assessed by IiAS on the IFC-BSE-IiAS Indian Corporate Governance Scorecard based on G20/OECD corporate governance principles. Material topic(s) covered Corporate governance Ethical business processes Regulatory compliance Data security Brand and reputation Contributing to development of regulations and policies





At Kotak Mahindra Group, we believe that strong governance is the foundation to continued success. Our principles of governance encompassing accountability, responsibility, integrity, independence, transparency in dealings as well as fair and timely disclosures guide our business processes and are intrinsic to our work culture. We have instituted Codes of Conduct for our employees and Directors, which outline our ethical practices, culture, values, and standards. We have a zero-tolerance policy to any violations of the Code of Conduct. Our Board of Directors along with our top management team play an indispensable role in ensuring a strong governance

approach in all our business functions. Dedicated Board level committees oversee the formulation, implementation and revision of various policies that guide our operations and we also have management level committees that closely guide and monitor the functional teams. Our Board provides a combination of professionalism knowledge and experience required in the banking industry bringing a wealth of experience. Details of our governance structure and its effectiveness can be found on page 197 onwards in the Corporate Governance Report. Further, details on evaluation of Board effectiveness can be found on page 171 onwards in the Directors' Report.

#### FOSTERING A CULTURE OF ETHICS<sup>43</sup>

We are invested in nurturing the values of ethics, transparency and humility that are fundamental to our work culture. We inspire commitment to our corporate values through training programmes, employee engagement sessions and through daily interactions of our leadership team with employees. We have curated a suite of programmes that aim to entrench our values and standards of corporate ethics in the minds of our workforce. The employee induction programmes and other mandatory trainings covers the Bank's commitment to ethics while cultivating a risk management oriented mindset.

We are steadfast in our approach to combat corruption, money-laundering and associated malpractices. Our Vigilance Committee is responsible for instituting the anti-corruption measures and the vigilance policy covers both preventive and detective vigilance. We also have a Board-approved Anti-Money Laundering (AML) policy that promotes high ethical and professional standards to prevent us from being used, intentionally or unintentionally by criminal elements. This policy is supported by Board approved KYC standards, which enable us to understand our customers or beneficial owners and their financial dealings in turn helping us to manage risks prudently. In addition, we have numerous self-paced mandatory ethics focused courses and classroom trainings on various ethics and governance topics that are crucial to effectively running a financial institution.

We established a Trading Code of Conduct that governs our employees by laying down standard procedures for seeking compliance approval before trading shares and states the reporting requirements for securities trades carried out by our employees and their immediate relatives. Further details can be found in the Director's Report under Code for prevention of insider trading.

Integrated Annual Report 2021-22

#### ESG Performance Ethics and Governance

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We imparted over 22,200 hours of training on Anti-Money Laundering at the Bank

We also collaborate with various associations to understand industry-wide issues and opportunities. We leverage this knowledge to update and modify our internal policies. We are also member of prestigious Indian industry bodies. These industry associations enable us along with our stakeholders to collectively identify, understand and address industry-wide issues, as well as implement responsible decisions within the organisation. Further, details can be found in our BRSR disclosures under **Principle 7.**<sup>44</sup>

## INFORMATION SECURITY AND DATA PRIVACY<sup>45</sup>

Digital transformation backed with robust information technology (IT) infrastructure plays an indispensable role in meeting the ever-evolving needs of our customers. In recent times, the role of IT in facilitating business continuity and customer servicing has grown significantly. In this context, we recognise our fiduciary duty to protect the integrity of our IT systems and customers' data. Our Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) is responsible for the implementation, oversight, review, and monitoring of our cybersecurity strategy and Information and Cyber Security Policy.

We ensure compliance with Unique Identification Authority of India (UIDAI), EU General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) in applicable geographies, as well as other relevant domestic and international protection and cyber security. We have instituted a Privacy Policy that applies to all our employees and contractors of our non-resident business where GDPR is applicable. Further, this policy also applies wherever Aadhar is used for conducting business activities in India. For our operations where EU GDPR is applicable, we inform our customers about privacy protection issues which include the nature of customer information captured, the use of collected information, information on data protection, and third-party disclosure policy among others. We have appointed a Data Protection Officer (DPO) who is responsible for monitoring privacy compliance. The DPO is supported by a data protection task force which includes staff from different teams such as Information Risk Management (IRM), Operational Risk Management team and Legal team to assist with privacy compliance.

regulations on data privacy, personal data

#### **Apex Information Technology Policy**



We have instituted an Apex Information Technology Policy to ensure the effective protection and proper usage of the computer systems within the Bank. The Board-approved Policy focuses on ensuring the integrity, reliability, and availability of the IT systems and processes, while also providing guidance for dealing with violations and exceptions appropriately. The IT Policy applies to all our employees, consultants, contractors, vendors, and third parties.

#### APPROACH TO CYBERSECURITY

We are cognisant of cyber threats and associated risks. A programmatic approach encompassing a cyber-resilience framework has been established to mitigate threats such as data breaches, malware, denial-ofservice attacks, etc. We conduct cyber drills to assess the effectiveness of prevention, detection, and response controls. We have invested in best-in-class IT infrastructure to proactively detect malicious behavior or anomalies. Our Information Systems are ISO 27001 certified and periodic third-party security assessments are conducted to assure its security. These systems are continually upgraded through significant investments in information security systems. Each new digital product offering is assessed for cybersecurity risks before roll out and subsequently monitored on an ongoing

basis. Periodic audits or assessments and thematic assessments of critical systems are conducted to assess the robustness of technology controls and minimise the impact of incidents, if any. A designated e-mail address has been put in place for reporting cyber security incidents or weaknesses. We did not have any instances of reported data breaches during FY 2021-22.<sup>46</sup>

A layered technology architecture is implemented to manage risks due to system failures, cyber-attacks etc. Disaster recovery and Business Continuity Plans (BCP) have been established and various functional and technology initiatives have been taken to enhance system resilience. The Information Security Management Systems are ISO 27001 certified. Periodic third-party vulnerability analysis is conducted to assure the security of IT systems.

#### Cyber Crisis Management Plan (CCMP)

We have developed a CCMP as part of our cyber resilience framework to respond to and counter cyber-crisis. The CCMP lays out the governance mechanism for dealing with a cyber-crisis scenario, and also guides our responses to act in similar scenarios.

We have also taken initiatives to spread awareness and train employees and other stakeholders to effectively respond to a cyber-crisis.

Amongst our subsidiaries, KMAMC has subscribed to various services like threat intelligence and Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS) prevention. It has deployed solutions like Data Loss Prevention (DLP), USB blocking, hybrid proxy solutions, data encryption, simulated attacks, and Vulnerability Assessment and Penetration Testing (VAPT) activities, amongst others to ensure data privacy and information security.

#### TRAINING ON INFORMATION SECURITY AND DATA PRIVACY

During FY 2021-22, we undertook several initiatives to generate employee and management awareness on information security. An induction training is provided to all new joiners, which includes a dedicated module on information and cyber security awareness. Employees are also required to complete an Information Security course annually and to ensure completion periodic reminders are sent. The IRM team and CISO team also send periodic e-mails with security



tips and cyber-security related updates to our employees (including contractual employees). Additionally, we conduct regular phishing awareness exercises to increase awareness amongst our employees.

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With our investments, training, and awareness sessions, we make sure that we do not have any instances of data breaches. AWARDS AND ACCOLADES

Recognition of **EXCELLENCE** 

Kotak Mahindra Group (Kotak) is a trendsetter in the Indian BFSI industry since its inception, and continues to contribute to nation-building and sustainable value creation. We are honoured to be recognised for our success as we continue our journey.



Kotak Mahindra Bank awarded as one of the **Best Brands 2021** by The Economic Times. Elizabeth Venkataraman accepts the award on behalf of the Bank

Kotak Mahindra Bank featured in the **'Leadership'** category as assessed by IiAS on the IFC-BSE-IiAS Indian Corporate Governance Scorecard based on G20/ OECD corporate governance principles

> Deepak Sharma honoured with CXO BFSI Tech Champion Awards 2021 by Techplus Media and India's Inspiring Leaders Awards 2021 by Elets Technomedia, The Banking & Finance Post magazine

Kotak Securities Limited honoured with two awards by Quantic India - **Best Stock Broking Company of the Year and Best Cloud Initiative (Stock Broking Company).** (L-to-R) - Sandeep Chordia, Manish Jain, Amit Shah, Vibhor Singhvi and Hardik Joshi receive the award on behalf of Kotak Securities Limited





#### Rewards and Recognition Awards and Accolades

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Himanshu Vasa receives the **2022 Roll of Honour** under the category 'Collaboration' at CFO100 India by CFO India

Sanjay Gupta conferred with India's Inspiring Leaders Award 2021 by Elets Technomedia, The Banking & Finance Post magazine

#### **KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK**

- » Elizabeth Venkataraman recognised in the Impact Digital Power 100 list 2022
- » Devendra Sharnagat recognised as one of the **50 Most** influential AI Leaders in India 2021 by Analytics India Magazine
- » Devendra Sharnagat honoured as one of the Top 150 AI & Analytics Leaders & Influencers by 3AI - AI & Analytics Association
- Haresh Hiranandani wins India's Inspiring Leaders Awards 2021 by Elets Technomedia, The Banking & Finance Post magazine
- » Kulin Thaker recognised at the CXO BFSI Tech Champion Award 2021 by Techplus Media
- » Siddharth Saxena honoured at the Insights CXO Awards 2021 by CXOAxis
- » Great Place to Work® Institute certifies Kotak Mahindra Bank as 'One of India's Best Employers Among Nation-Builders' in 2021
- » 10<sup>th</sup> ACEF Global Customer Engagement Awards 2021 'Gold' for Best Use of Celebrity for Kotak811 VKYC campaign
- » Reader's Digest Trusted Brand Awards 2021 Winner under the category 'Banks - Private'
- **KOTAK PRIVATE BANKING**
- >> Asiamoney Private Banking Awards 2021
- Best Domestic Private Bank. India
- Best for HNW. Asia
- Asiamoney Private Banking Awards 2022
- Digital Private Bank, India
- · Best for Investment Research, India
- » FinanceAsia Country Awards 2021 Best Private Bank, India
- » PWM Wealth Tech Awards 2021 Best private bank for digitally empowering relationship managers, Asia

- » Asian Banking & Finance Wholesale Banking Awards 2021 -Domestic Digital Onboarding Initiative of the Year, India
- » The Asian Banker Transaction Finance Awards 2021 Best Trade Finance Bank, India
- » Asian Banking and Finance Corporate & Investment Banking Awards 2021
- · Equity Deal of the Year, India
- Debt Deal of the Year. India

#### » MADDYS 2021 by the Advertising Club of Madras

- Kotak Home Loans campaign wins Silver under the category 'Best use of integrated media'
- #DreamInvited campaign wins Bronze under the category 'Best use of integrated media'
- » UiPath Automation Excellence Award 2021 Excellence in Core Banking & Insurance Processes

#### >> The Asset Triple A Country Awards 2021

- · Best Corporate & Institutional Adviser, India

Management AUM - Ranked #1

Bank. India

Trade Finance in India

» Asian Private Banker India 2020 Private Banking & Wealth

» The Asset Triple A Private Capital Awards 2021 - Best Private

» World's Best Private Banks Awards for 2022 by Global Finance

Domestic Private Bank (Digital Innovation and Services), India

» Asian Private Banker's Awards for Distinction 2021 - Best

- Best Private Bank Entrepreneurs (Global)

**KOTAK INVESTMENT BANKING** 

#### » FinanceAsia Country Awards 2021

- · Best Investment Bank, India
- Best ECM House, India

#### » The Asset Triple A Country Awards 2021

- Best equity adviser, India
- Best IPO, India (Deal Zomato USD1.3 billion IPO)
- Best QIP, India (Deal Embassy Office Parks Reit 36.80 billion rupees follow-on offering)

#### **KOTAK LIFE INSURANCE**

» Kirti Patil recognised with India's Inspiring Leaders Awards 2021 by Elets Technomedia, The Banking & Finance Post magazine

#### » CFONext100 2021 by CFO India

- · Muralikrishna Cheruvu honoured under the category 'Excellence in Capital Management'
- · Vishal Dhingra honoured under the category 'Excellence in Finance Transformation'
- » ASSOCHAM 13th Global Insurance Summit and Awards 2021 -Overall Achievement (Mature Companies - Life Insurance)

#### Disclaimer

The Awards & Accolades won by entities and employees of the Kotak Mahindra Group as disclosed in this Annual Report have been awarded based on an independent assessment by the award organisers and have been selected from amongst various other contenders. Kotak Mahindra Group is not associated with the organisers in any way. The organisers are credible and legitimate entities in their field of work. Information on most of the awards and their organisers is available publicly on their respective websites. The above disclosures are to the best of our information and knowledge

· Best bond adviser, India

» Asiamoney Trade Finance Survey 2022 - 1<sup>st</sup> – Best Services for

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#### **KOTAK GENERAL INSURANCE**

- » Suresh Sankaranarayanan honoured with the CXO BFSI Tech Champion Award 2021 by Techplus Media
- » India's Inspiring Leaders Awards 2021 by Elets Technomedia, The Banking & Finance Post magazine recognises
- Rajesh Dongre
- Suresh Sankaranarayanan

#### **KOTAK MUTUAL FUND**

- » Ananth Subramanian honoured with the CXO BFSI Tech Champion Award 2021 by Techplus Media
- » Refinitiv Lipper Fund Awards 2021
- · Kotak Asset Allocator Regular Growth (3 Years India Fund Awards)
- Kotak Dynamic Bond Regular Growth (5 Years India Fund) Awards)
- Mixed Assets (India Group Awards)



# Kotak welcomes you to Tax 2.0

Paying tax just became easier. A whole lot easier. We are delighted to be one of the first banks to be on board the new e-filing tax portal for direct tax payment. Just log in and choose Kotak Mahindra Bank as your payment partner. Get an instant confirmation/challan on your tax payment. No hassles, no hiccups, no detours. You're welcome.



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# **Consolidated Financial Highlights 2021-2022**

					(₹ In crores)
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22
Advances	205,984	243,444	249,859	252,170	304,474
Investments*	68,741	76,858	81,334	116,565	115,907
Total Assets	337,707	395,154	443,153	478,854	546,498
Net Profit	6,201	7,204	8,593	9,990	12,089
KEY FINANCIAL INDICATORS					
Net Interest Margin (NIM)^	4.3%	4.2%	4.6%	4.5%	4.7%
Return on Average Assets (RoAA)	2.0%	2.0%	2.1%	2.2%	2.4%
Book Value Per Share (₹)	265	303	348	426	487
Earnings Per Share (EPS) Face Value ₹ 5 per share	32.7	37.6	44.7	50.5	60.7
Return on Equity (RoE)	13.5%	13.3%	13.7%	12.8%	13.4%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	18.4%	17.9%	19.8%	23.4%	23.7%
Gross NPA (₹ crore)	4,071	4,789	5,488	8,276	7,334
Net NPA (₹ crore)	1,769	1,696	1,745	3,106	2,149
Gross NPA Ratio	2.0%	1.9%	2.2%	3.2%	2.4%
Net NPA Ratio	0.9%	0.7%	0.7%	1.2%	0.7%

\* Excludes Policyholders' investments

^ Excluding dividend and interest on income tax refunds.

MARKET RELATED RATIOS	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	FY 2021-22
Market Price (₹)	1,048	1,335	1,296	1,753	1,754
Market Capitalisation (₹ crore)	199,674	254,723	247,939	347,416	348,080
Price to Book Ratio	4.0	4.4	3.7	4.1	3.6
Price to Earnings Ratio	32.1	35.5	29.0	34.7	28.9

# **Standalone Financial Highlights 2021-2022**

					(₹ In crores)
Financial Highlights	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
Deposits	192,643	225,880	262,821	280,100	311,684
Advances	169,705	205,677	219,728	223,670	271,254
Investments	64,562	71,189	75,052	105,099	100,580
Total Assets	264,920	312,155	360,232	383,470	429,428
Net Interest Income	9,472	11,206	13,500	15,340	16,818
Fee Income	2,825	3,444	3,779	3,384	4,555
Other Non Interest Income	1,168	1,277	1,532	1,622	1,800
Operating profit	7,039	8,412	9,960	11,762	12,051
Provisions and Contingencies	821	1,026	2,156	2,459	690
Tax Provision	2,134	2,520	1,857	2,338	2,789
Net Profit	4,084	4,865	5,947	6,965	8,573
Key Financial Indicators					
Net Interest Margins	4.3%	4.3%	4.6%	4.4%	4.6%
Cost to Income Ratio	48%	47%	47%	42%	48%
Return on Average Assets	1.7%	1.7%	1.9%	1.9%	2.1%
Fee / NII Plus other Income	21.0%	21.6%	20.1%	16.6%	19.7%
NII / NII Plus other Income	70.3%	70.4%	71.8%	75.4%	72.6%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	18.2%	17.5%	17.9%	22.3%	22.7%
Tier I	17.6%	16.9%	17.3%	21.4%	21.7%
Gross NPA Ratio	2.2%	2.1%	2.3%	3.3%	2.3%
Net NPA Ratio	1.0%	0.8%	0.7%	1.2%	0.6%

Note: Prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation

Change

#### **Financial Highlights**

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# **Consolidation at a Glance**

						(₹ in crore)
	2021-22		2020-2021		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
	Profit before Tax	Profit after Tax	Profit before Tax	Profit after Tax	Capital & Reserves and Surplus*	Capital & Reserves and Surplus*
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited	11,361.31	8,572.69	9,302.99	6,964.84	72,456.47	63,726.97
Subsidiaries						
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	1,179.79	885.51	720.40	534.71	7,494.41	6,622.88
Kotak Securities Limited	1,333.50	1,001.33	1,057.43	792.64	6,290.75	5,321.42
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited	315.70	244.75	110.94	82.28	885.47	688.83
Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited	596.49	425.38	897.47	691.93	4,389.20	4,045.47
Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited	(82.98)	(82.98)	1.63	1.63	233.35	191.34
Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	498.57	371.15	345.84	257.75	2,488.54	2,117.39
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited	455.51	338.94	395.99	294.83	1,282.70	1,003.35
Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Limited	145.18	115.18	69.14	51.45	344.56	229.37
Kotak Mahindra (International) Limited	69.40	44.03	92.29	86.42	840.18	767.58
Kotak Mahindra (UK) Limited	20.41	13.74	38.24	31.32	400.40	372.88
Kotak Mahindra, Inc.	25.85	25.43	5.62	5.58	67.13	10.56
Kotak Investment Advisors Limited	79.42	58.65	50.50	40.03	763.45	404.85
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited	3.99	3.04	3.40	2.56	26.49	23.46
Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited	32.35	32.35	33.10	33.10	449.17	416.87
Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited	(1.54)	(1.54)	0.45	0.21	56.10	25.64
Kotak Mahindra Financial Services Limited	(1.14)	(1.14)	(0.69)	(0.69)	6.22	7.11
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management (Singapore) Pte. Limited	40.42	36.07	34.89	31.51	225.37	181.86
IVY Product Intermediaries Limited	0.29	0.22	0.32	0.12	6.19	5.98
BSS Microfinance Limited	109.51	82.81	30.87	23.17	329.42	246.60
Total	16,182.03	12,165.61	13,190.82	9,925.39	99,035.57	86,410.41
Add: Associates		157.52		87.30	1,186.23	1,028.89
Less: Dividend, Inter company and other adjustment		233.74		22.49	3,087.77	2,602.85
Consolidated Profit After Tax / Capital & Reserves and Surplus*		12,089.39		9,990.20	97,134.03	84,836.45
Consolidated Earnings per Share (₹)		60.73		50.49		
Consolidated Book Value per Share (₹)					486.90	425.55

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Members of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

#### **REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Opinion

- other explanatory information.
- 2. their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

З. 18 of the "Other Matters" section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

4. thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Change

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1. We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ('the Bank' or 'the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group'), and its associates, (refer Schedule 17 - note 1(a) and 1(b) to attached consolidated financial statements), which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022, the Consolidated Profit and Loss Account, and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associates, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 as well as Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') and circulars and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India (the 'RBI') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associates as at 31 March 2022 and their consolidated profit and

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report We are independent of the Group and its associates, in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in paragraph

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of the subsidiaries and associates, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion

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We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

#### Identification of Non-performing Assets ("NPAs") and provisioning on advances:

Total Loans and Advances (Net of Provision) as at March 31, 2022: ₹ 2,71,254 Crores

Provision for NPAs as at March 31, 2022: ₹ 4,733 Crores

Provision Coverage Ratio (including technical write offs) as at March 31, 2022: 79.05% (Refer Schedule 9, Schedule 17(C)(2), Schedule 18(A) note 9 and note 11 of Standalone financial statements of the Bank)

#### Key audit matter

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

The Bank is required to comply with the Master Circular dated 1 October Our audit procedures included the following: 2021 issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") on "Prudential Norms for Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning pertaining to Advances" (the "IRAC norms") and amendments thereto which prescribes the guidelines for identification and classification of Non-performing Assets ("NPAs") and the minimum provision required for such assets. The Bank is also required to apply its judgement to determine the identification and provision required against NPAs considering various quantitative as well as qualitative factors.

The identification of NPAs is also affected by factors like stress and liquidity concerns in certain sectors

The provision for identified NPAs is estimated based on ageing and classification of NPAs, value of security, recovery estimates etc. and is also subject to the minimum provisioning norms specified by RBI.

In addition, the Bank is also required to implement "Resolution Framework - 2.0: Resolution of COVID-19 related stress of Individuals and Small Businesses" and "Resolution Framework - 2.0: Resolution of COVID-19 related stress of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs)" issued . by the RBI on 5 May 2021 (collectively "Resolution Framework - 2.0"), and consider the same in identification of NPAs and measurement of provision against advances.

Since the identification of NPAs and provisioning for advances requires . considerable level of management estimation, application of various regulatory requirements and its significance to the overall audit, we have identified this as a key audit matter.

Understood the process and controls, and tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls, including Information Technology based controls, and focused on the following:

- Approval of new lending facilities in accordance with the Bank's credit policies.
- Performance of annual review/renewal of loan accounts.
- Monitoring of credit guality which amongst other things includes the monitoring of overdue loan accounts, drawing power limit, pending security creation;
- Identification and classification of NPAs in accordance with IRAC norms, other regulatory guidelines issued by the RBI and consideration of qualitative aspects; and
- Assessment of adequacy of NPA provisions.

Tested the Bank's process for identification of loans with default events and/ or breach of other qualitative factors, and for a sample of performing loans, independently assessed as to whether there was a need to classify such loans as NPAs.

On a test check basis, verified the accounts classified by the Bank as Special Mention Accounts ('SMA') in RBI's Central Repository of Information on Large Credits ('CRILC').

- Inquired with the management of the Bank on sectors where there has been stress and the steps taken by the Bank to mitigate such sectorial risks.
- With respect to provisions recognised towards NPAs, we reperformed the provision calculations on a sample basis taking into consideration the value of security, where applicable, the IRAC norms and NPA policy of the Bank, and compared our outcome to that prepared by the management and tested relevant assumptions and judgements which were used by the management.
- Assessed whether the Bank's Board approved policy is in line with the Resolution Framework - 2.0. On a sample basis, tested that restructuring was carried out in accordance with the Resolution Framework - 2.0 and re-computed the provision made in accordance with the said framework.
- With respect to additional provisions held by the Bank on account of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic, we assessed the underlying assumptions and estimates used by the management for such provisions.
- Read the RBI Annual Financial Inspection report and management's response to the extent provided for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 and other communication with regulators and checked whether the observations therein so far as those relate to identification of NPAs and provisions made against advances, have been addressed by the Bank

#### Information Technology ("IT") Systems and Controls impacting Financial Reporting

#### Key audit matter

The IT environment of the Bank is complex and involves a large number of independent and interdependent IT systems used in the operations the Bank for processing and recording a large volume of transaction As a result, there is a high degree of reliance and dependency on such systems for the financial reporting process of the Bank.

Appropriate IT general controls and IT application controls are require to ensure that such IT systems are able to process the data as require completely, accurately, and consistently for reliable financial reporting.

We have identified certain key IT systems ("in- scope" IT systems) whic have an impact on the financial reporting process and the related contri testing as a key audit matter because of the high level of automation significant number of systems being used by the Bank for processin financial transactions, the complexity of the IT architecture and its impart on the financial records and financial reporting process of the Bank.

The following Key Audit Matters were included in the audit report da 5. purpose financial statements of Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited, a independent firm of Chartered Accountants reproduced by us as under:

**Investments Limited** 

#### Key audit matter

(Refer Notes 12, 13, 15, 18 and 24 of the special purpose financi statements)

Advances (including credit substitutes) aggregating to ₹ 720,249.24 lakhs constitute a significant portion of the Company's assets. Gros Non•Performing Assets aggregating to ₹ 6,687.32 lakhs and th associated provision for non-performing assets ('NPA provision aggregating to ₹ 3,211.03 lakhs are significant to the special purpose financial statements and involves judgement around the calculation of the NPA provision

The Reserve Bank of India's ("RBI") guidelines prescribe the prudentia norms for identification and classification of NPAs and the minimum provision required for such assets. The Company is also required t apply its judgement to determine the identification and provision require against NPAs by applying quantitative as well as qualitative factors.

The provisioning for identified NPAs is estimated based on ageing an classification of NPAs, recovery estimates, value of security and other qualitative factors and is subject to the minimum provisioning norm specified by RBI

The Company has detailed its accounting policy in this regard Significant accounting policies disclosed in the special purpose financia statements. Since the identification of NPAs and provisioning for advances require significant level of estimation and given its significant to the overall audit, we have ascertained identification and provisionin for NPAs as a key audit matter.

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anc		porting				
	How	our audit addressed the key audit matter				
	Our a	Our audit procedures with respect to this matter included the following:				
of ns. IT	the bank, we involved our technology specialists to obtain an understanding of the IT environment					
red ed,	controls of the "in- scope" LL systems identified as relevant for our audit					
ich rol on,		uch "in-scope" IT systems, we have tested key IT general controls respect to the following domains:				
ng act	a.	Program change management, which includes that program changes are moved to production environment as per defined procedures and relevant segregation of environment is ensured.				
	b.	User access management, which includes user access provisioning, de-provisioning, access review, password management, sensitive access rights and segregation of duties to ensure that privilege access to applications, operating system and databases in the production environment were granted only to authorized personnel.				
	C.	Program development, which comprises IT operations and system development life cycle for relevant in-scope applications, operating systems, and databases, which are relied upon for financial reporting.				
	d.	Other areas that were assessed under the IT control environment included backup management, business continuity, disaster recovery, incident management, batch processing and monitoring.				
	key I <sup>-</sup> testir syste	Iso evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of application controls within key business processes, which included g automated calculations, automated accounting procedures, m interfaces, system reconciliation controls and key system rated reports, as applicable.				
		e control deficiencies were identified, we tested compensating ols or performed alternative audit procedures, where necessary.				
		April 2022 containing an unmodified audit opinion on the special ary of the Holding Company issued by Kalyaniwalla & Mistry LLP, an				

#### Provision for Non-Performing Assets (NPA) in respect of Loans and Advance (including credit substitutes) relating to Kotak Mahindra

	How	our audit addressed the key audit matter
ial	The a	udit procedures performed, among others, included
24 ss	•	We understood and evaluated the design effectiveness and tested the operating effectiveness of the key controls over the identification of NPAs and computation of NPA provision.
he n') se of	•	We independently assessed the appropriateness of NPA provisioning methodologies and policies followed by the Management and verified the compliance of the same vis-à-vis RBI norms.
ial ım to ed		Performing other procedures including substantive audit procedures covering the identification of NPAs by the Company. These procedures included: Reviewing borrower accounts and other related information on a sample basis, selected based on quantitative and qualitative risk factors.
nd Ier ns in	•	Review of the security pledged to the Company for a selected sample by verifying the valuation reports etc. for the collateral.
	•	With respect to provisioning of advances, we recomputed the NPA provision to ensure arithmetical accuracy and compliance with RBI guidelines.
ial for ce	•	We performed look back analysis to assess the adequacy of NPA provision in terms of actual loss incurred in the past four years vis- à-vis the provision carried in the books as at the balance sheet date.
ng	of pr	d on the above procedures performed, the management's assessment ovision for NPA in respect of loans and advances (including credit itutes) is considered to be reasonable.



transactions, which impacts significant account balances.

**Cokotak** 

The following Key Audit Matters were included in the audit report dated 28 April 2022 containing an unmodified audit opinion on the special purpose financial statements of Kotak Securities Limited, a subsidiary of the Holding Company issued by Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP, an independent firm of Chartered Accountants reproduced by us as under:

#### Key information technology (IT) systems used in financial reporting process relating to Kotak Securities Limited

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
The Company's operational and financial processes are dependent on IT	Principal Audit procedures:
systems due to large volume of transactions that are processed daily.	We involved our IT specialists to obtain an understanding of the
The Company uses $\ensuremath{Oracle}$ system as the General Ledger for overall	related control environment. Furthermore, we conducted a risk as

e entity's IT issessment financial reporting which is interfaced with other systems that process and identified IT applications, databases and operating systems that are relevant to our audit.

The Company relies on automated processes and controls for recording. For the key IT systems relevant to financial reporting, our areas of audit of its transactions and accordingly, our audit was focussed on key focus included Access Security (including controls over privileged access), IT systems and controls due to the pervasive impact on the financial Program Change controls and Network Operations. In particular: statements

- we obtained an understanding of the entity's IT environment and key changes if any during the audit period that may be relevant to the audit
- we tested the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the General IT controls over the key IT systems that are critical to financial reporting. This included evaluation of entity's controls to ensure segregation of duties and access rights being provisioned / modified based on duly approved requests, access for exit cases being revoked in a timely manner and access of all users being re- certified during the period of audit. Further, controls related to program change were evaluated to verify whether the changes were approved, tested in an environment that was segregated from production and moved to production by appropriate users;
- we tested key automated business cycle controls, related interfaces and logics for system generated reports relevant to the audit for evaluating completeness and accuracy;
- we also tested the controls over network segmentation, restriction of remote access to the entity's network, controls over firewall configurations and mechanisms implemented by the entity to prevent, detect and respond to network security incidents; and we tested compensating controls or performed alternate procedures to assess whether there were any unaddressed significant IT risks that would materially impact the Financial Statements.
- 7. The following Key Audit Matters were included in the audit report dated 29 April 2022 containing an unmodified audit opinion on the special purpose financial statements of Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited, a subsidiary of the Holding Company issued by joint auditors M M Nissim & Co LLP and Mukund M. Chitale & Co an independent firm of Chartered Accountants reproduced by us as under:

#### Assessment of Provision for Non-Performing Assets (NPA) in respect of Loans and Advances relating to Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter			
(Refer Notes 13, 14, 16, 19 and 25 of the special purpose financial	Our audit procedures on the NPA provision included the following -			
statements) The loan balances (including credit substitutes) towards Vehicle Finance, Loans against Securities / Collaterals, Structured Loans, Personal and other Loans aggregates to ₹ 24,69,131 lakhs, which also include Gross	) We performed end to end process walkthroughs to identify t systems, applications and controls used in the NPA provis processes.	,		
Non- Performing Assets ₹79,745 lakhs. These balances are significant to the special purpose financial statements and involves judgement around the calculation of the NPA provision.	<ul> <li>We understood and evaluated the design effectiveness and the operating effectiveness of the key controls over the asses and computation of NPA provision.</li> </ul>			
NPA provision represents management's estimate of losses incurred within the loan portfolios at the balance sheet date and are inherently	<li>We independently assessed the appropriateness of NPA provise policies and methodologies followed by the Management.</li>	sioning		
judgmental. NPA provision is calculated in accordance with the NPA policy which is in compliance with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) guidelines read with the notifications issued by the RBI. Qualitative factors like nature of loan, deterioration in credit guality, reduction in the value of collateral,	<ul> <li>For sample of loans across the portfolio, we recomputed th provision to ensure arithmetical accuracy and complianc the NPA policy as referred to in the Component's special pu financial statements.</li> </ul>	e with		
uncertainty over realisability of collateral, erosion over time and other related factors are taken into consideration to assess need and extent of NPA provision.	<ul> <li>We evaluated the adequacy of presentation and disclo in relation to NPA provisions in the special purpose fin statements.</li> </ul>			
Given the significant judgment and the complexity of audit procedures				

#### IT systems and controls relating to Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited

#### Key audit matter

highly dependent on the automated controls in information systems, included the following: such that there exists a risk that gaps in the IT control environment could result in the financial accounting and reporting records being materially misstated

We have focused on user access management, change management, segregation of duties, system reconciliation controls and system ii) application controls over key financial accounting and reporting systems.

dated 02 May 2022 which are reproduced by us as under:

#### IT systems and controls relating to Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited

#### Key audit matter

We identified IT systems and controls over financial reporting as a keep audit matter for the Group because its financial accounting and reportir systems are fundamentally reliant on IT systems and IT contro to process significant transaction volumes. Automated accountin procedures and IT environment controls, which include IT governance general IT controls over program development and changes, access programs and data and IT operations, are required to be designed an to operate effectively to ensure accurate financial reporting. Of particula importance are system calculations, other IT application controls an interfaces between IT systems.

#### Valuation of investments relating to Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited

#### Key audit matter

The Company's investment portfolio represents substantial portio of the Company's total assets as at March 31, 2022 which are value in accordance with accounting policy framed as per the extent of th regulatory guidelines.

Investment in Non-linked and shareholders' portfolio is ₹ 32,794.74 crore

All debt securities are valued at amortised cost and investment proper is valued in accordance with Company's valuation policy. The liste equity shares, preference shares, liquid mutual fund and Equity Exchance Traded Funds (ETF) investments are valued using quoted prices a per stock exchanges. These investments are tested for impairment accordance with the Company's impairment policy.

#### Investment in unit linked portfolio is ₹ 22,693.90 crore

Government securities are valued at prices provided by CRISIL. Other debt securities are valued on a yield to maturity basis, by using sprea over the benchmark rate. The listed equity shares, preference shares liquid mutual fund and ETF investments are valued using guoted price as per stock exchanges.

The valuation of these investments was considered to be one of the area which required significant auditor attention and was one of the matter of most significance in the standalone financial statements due to th materiality of total value of investments to the financial statements.

involved, we determined this to be a key audit matter.

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#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- The Component's key financial accounting and reporting processes are Our audit procedures to assess the IT system access management
  - We tested a sample of key controls operating over the information technology in relation to financial accounting and reporting systems including system access and system change management and computer operations.
  - We tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls over user access management which includes granting access right, new user creation, removal of user rights and preventative controls designed to enforce segregation of duties
  - For a selected group of key controls over financial and reporting system, we independently performed procedures to determine that these controls remained unchanged during the year or were changed following the standard change management process.
  - Evaluating the design, implementation, and operating effectiveness of the significant accounts-related IT automated controls which are relevant to the accuracy of system calculation, and the consistency of data transmission.

The following Key Audit Matters were reported to us by the joint auditors S. R. Batliboi & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants and Haribhakti & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants of Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited, a subsidiary of the Holding Company vide their communication

	How	our audit addressed the key audit matter
ey ng ols ng ce, to nd lar nd	Our p	rocedures in relation to the IT systems and controls included:
	•	understanding and assessing the overall IT control environment and the controls in place which included controls over access to systems and data, as well as system changes.
	•	tailoring our audit approach based on the financial significance of the system and whether there were automated procedures supported by that system.
	•	procedures performed included testing the operating effectiveness of controls over appropriate access rights and validating that only appropriate users had the ability to create, modify or delete user accounts for the relevant in-scope applications.
	•	testing the operating effectiveness of controls around system development and program changes to establish that changes to the system were appropriately authorised and also developed and implemented properly.

	How our audit addressed the key audit matter					
on ed he re:		rocedures for this area included but were not limited to the following:				
	•	Tested the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of key controls over the valuation process, including the Company's review and approval of the estimates and assumptions used for the valuation including key authorization and data input controls;				
rty ed ge as	•	Assessed appropriateness of the valuation methodologies with reference to Investment Regulations issued by Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India ("IRDAI"/ "Authority") and Company's own valuation policy;				
in	•	For listed equity shares, preference shares, liquid mutual fund and ETF investments, performed independent price checks using external quoted prices and by agreeing the observable inputs that were used in the Company's valuation techniques to external data; and				
ad es, es as er he		For other investments, evaluated the valuation assessment and resulting conclusions by the Company in order to determine the reasonableness of the valuations recorded. This included an evaluation of the methodology and assumptions used in the valuation with reference to the Company's valuation policy.				

#### Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

9. The Holding Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report including the Pillar 3 Disclosure under the New Capital Adequacy Framework (Basel III disclosures) but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate action as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 10. The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Holding Company's Board of Directors. The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its associates, the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and provisions of section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and circulars and guidelines issued by the RBI from time to time. The Holding Company's Board of Directors is also responsible for ensuring accuracy of records including financial information considered necessary for the preparation of consolidated financial statements. Further, in terms of the provisions of the Act, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its associate companies, covered under the Act, are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and its associate companies and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. These financial statements have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.
- 11. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associates to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 12. The respective Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the companies included in the Group and of its associates

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

- 13. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.
- 14. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
  - . Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates to cease to continue as a going concern;
  - . Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation; and
  - Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial statements/ financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associates, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial statement of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements, of which we are the

independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by the other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion

- including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- related safeguards.
- benefits of such communication.

#### Other Matters

the aforesaid subsidiaries and associates, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Further, of these subsidiaries, 5 subsidiaries are located outside India whose financial statements and other financial information have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries and which have been audited by other auditors under generally accepted auditing standards applicable in their respective countries. The Holding Company's management has converted the financial statements of such subsidiaries located outside India from accounting principles generally accepted in their respective countries to accounting principles generally accepted in India. An Independent firm of Chartered Accountants appointed by the Holding Company's management in India have audited these conversion adjustments made by the Holding Company's management. Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the balances and affairs of such subsidiaries located outside India, is based on the report of other auditors and the conversion adjustments prepared by the management of the Holding Company and audited by the Independent firm of Chartered Accountants appointed by the Holding Company's management in India.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done by and the reports of the other auditors.

Group

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matter with respect to our reliance on the financial information certified by the management.

Chandiok and Co LLP, another Joint auditor of the holding company has placed reliance on the report of other joint auditor.

Our opinion above on consolidated financial statements is not modified in respect of this matter.

report dated 03 May 2021 expressed an unmodified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

Our opinion above on consolidated financial statements is not modified in respect of this matter.

of the Bank, issued by the joint auditors of KLIFE vide their report dated 29 April 2022:

"The actuarial valuation of liabilities for life policies in force and for policies in respect of which premium has been discontinued but liability exists as at March 31, 2022 is the responsibility of the Company's Appointed Actuary (the "Appointed Actuary") and has been duly certified by him. The actuarial valuation of these liabilities for life policies in force and for policies in respect of which premium has been discontinued but liability exists as at March 31, 2022 has been duly certified by the Appointed Actuary and in his opinion, the assumptions for such valuation are in accordance with the guidelines and norms issued by the IRDAI and the Institute of Actuaries of India in concurrence with the IRDAI. We have relied upon Appointed Actuary's certificate in this regard for forming our opinion on the valuation of liabilities for life policies in force and for policies in respect of which premium has been discontinued but liability exists in financial statements of the Company."

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter

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15. We communicate with those charged with governance, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,

16. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable,

17. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest

18. We did not audit the financial statements of 18 subsidiaries, whose financial statements reflect total assets of ₹ 122,231.73 crores and net assets of ₹ 25,814.96 crores as at 31 March 2022, total revenues of ₹ 26,477.42 crores and net cash inflows amounting to ₹ 1,761.31 crores for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit of ₹ 157.53 crores for the year ended 31 March 2022, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of 2 associates, whose financial statements have not been audited by us. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and associates, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to

The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net loss of ₹ 0.01 crores for the period from 01 April 2021 to 18 December 2021, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of 1 associate, whose financial information have not been audited by us. This financial information is unaudited and have been furnished to us by the management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of the aforesaid associate, is based solely on such unaudited financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, this financial information is not material to the

One of the subsidiary company whose financial statement reflects total assets of ₹ 1,030.15 crores and net assets ₹ 763.45 crores as at 31 March 2022, total revenues of ₹ 237.36 crores and net cash inflows of ₹ 128.37 crores for the year ended 31 March 2022, as considered in the consolidated financial statement, has been audited by Price Waterhouse LLP, one of the joint auditor of the Holding Company. In respect of this subsidiary, Walker

21. The consolidated financial statements of the Bank for the year ended 31 March 2021, were audited by M/s Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, who vide their

22. The following other matter paragraph has been included in the audit report of Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited ('KLIFE') the subsidiary

23. The following other matter paragraph has been included in the audit report of Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited ('KMGICL') the subsidiary of the Bank, issued by the joint auditors of KMGICL vide their report dated 25 April 2022.

"Pursuant to IRDAI (Appointed Actuary) Regulations 2017, the actuarial valuation of liabilities in respect of claims incurred But Not Reported ("IBNR"), claims incurred But Not Enough Reported ("IBNER") and Premium Deficiency Reserve ("PDR") as at March 31, 2022, has been duly certified by the Appointed Actuary. They have also certified that assumptions used for such valuation are appropriate and in accordance with the guidelines and norms issued by the IRDAI and the Institute of Actuaries of India in concurrence with the IRDAI. Accordingly, we have relied upon the aforesaid certificate from the Appointed Actuary while forming our opinion on the financial statements of the Company".

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

24. With respect to the matter to be included in the auditor's report under section 197(16) of the Act, we report that since the Bank is a Banking Company as defined under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, Section 197 is not applicable to the Bank by virtue of section 352B(2A) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. Accordingly, the reporting under Section 197(16) in relation to whether the remuneration paid by the Bank is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act and whether any excess remuneration has been paid in accordance with the aforesaid section is not applicable.

Based on the consideration of audit report of the statutory auditors of Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited, a subsidiary company, the remuneration paid to their directors during the year ended 31 March 2022 was in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act, read with section 34A of the Insurance Act, 1938, and based on the report of statutory auditors of Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited, another subsidiary company, the remuneration paid to their directors during the year ended 31 March 2022 was in accordance with the provision of section 197 of the Act read with Section 34A of the Insurance Act, 1938. Further, based on the consideration of audit reports of the statutory auditors of seven subsidiaries, Kotak Securities Limited, Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited, Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited, Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Limited, Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited, BSS Microfinance Limited and Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited, the remuneration paid to their directors during the year ended 31 March 2022 was in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

Further, for one associate as described in paragraph 19 of our report, whose financial information is not audited for the period 01 April 2021 to 18 December 2021, and for five subsidiaries and two associates in India, covered under the Act, in absence of reporting by statutory auditors of such entities with respect to compliance of the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act, as applicable, during the year ended 31 March 2022, we are unable to comment on such compliance for the said entities as required to be reported by us under section 197(16) of the Act.

- 25. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements and other financial information of the subsidiaries and associates incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose a) of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors;
  - c) The consolidated Balance Sheet, the consolidated Profit and Loss Account, and the consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report. are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021, to the extent they are not inconsistent with the accounting policies prescribed by RBI;
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies and associate companies covered under the Act, none of the directors of the Group companies and its associate companies covered under the Act, are disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements of the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies and associate companies covered under the Act, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure A': and
  - With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, q) 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group, and its associates as detailed in Schedule 12.I, Schedule 17 Note 2(X) and Schedule 17 Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements;
    - Provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements, as required under the applicable law or the Accounting Standards, for material foreseeable losses, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts as detailed in Schedule 12.II, Schedule 17 - Note 2(G), Schedule 17 – Note 2(X) and Schedule 17 – Note 8 and Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements;
    - There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding iii. Company, and its subsidiary companies, and associate companies as applicable, during the year ended 31 March 2022;
    - The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies and associate companies incorporated in India (a) iv. whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associates respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in Schedule 17 - Note 26 to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Bank or any of such subsidiaries and associates to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that

the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates (the "Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- (b) any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (c)
- companies, is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.

#### For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No:001076N/N500013

#### Murad D. Daruwalla

Partner Membership No:043334 UDIN:22043334AIJALU8188

Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May 2022 Change

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The respective Managements of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associate companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associates respectively, to the best of their knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in Schedule 17 - Note 26 to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company or any of such subsidiaries and associates from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Bank or any of such subsidiaries and associates shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide

Based on such audit procedures, that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, performed by us and those performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries and associates which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditor's notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.

The dividend declared and paid during the year ended 31 March 2022 by the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies, and associate

For Price Waterhouse LLP Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No:301112E/E300264

**Russell I Parera** Partner Membership No:042190 UDIN:22042190AIJNPZ1292

Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May 2022

#### ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE TO THE MEMBERS OF KOTAK MAHINDRA

#### Bank Limited on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

#### Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as 'the Group'), and its associates as at and for the year ended 31 March 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies, which are companies covered under the Act, as at that date.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

2. The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies, which are companies covered under the Act, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Bank's business, including adherence to the Bank's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

- Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies, as aforesaid, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing issued by the ICAI prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies as aforesaid.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A Bank's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Bank's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Bank are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Bank; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Bank's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

8 In our opinion and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the subsidiary companies and associate companies, the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies, which are companies covered under the Act, have in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

#### **Other Matters**

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- a on the reports of the other auditors.
- 10 report of the other joint auditor.
- 11. ('KLIFE') the subsidiary of the Bank, issued by the joint auditors of KLIFE vide their report dated 29 April 2022:

"The actuarial valuation of liabilities for life policies in force and policies where premium is discontinued is required to be certified by the Appointed Actuary as per the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (Preparation of Financial Statements and Auditor's Report of Insurance Companies) Regulations, 2002 (the "IRDA Financial Statements Regulations"), and has been relied upon by us, as mentioned in "Other Matter" para of our audit report on the financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended March 31, 2022. Accordingly, the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in respect of the valuation and accuracy of the aforesaid actuarial valuation is also certified by the Appointed Actuary and has been relied upon by us."

Our opinion above is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done and the report of the other auditors.

12 ('KMGICL') the subsidiary of the Bank, issued by the joint auditors of KMGICL vide their report dated 25 April 2022:

"Pursuant to IRDAI (Appointed Actuary) Regulations 2017, the actuarial valuation of liabilities in respect of claims incurred But Not Reported ("IBNR"), claims Incurred But Not Enough Reported ("IBNER") and Premium Deficiency Reserve ("PDR") as at March 31, 2022, has been duly certified by the Appointed Actuary. They have also certified that assumptions used for such valuation are appropriate and in accordance with the guidelines and norms issued by the IRDAI and the Institute of Actuaries of India in concurrence with the IRDAI. We have relied upon the aforesaid certificate while forming our opinion on the financial statements of the Company as mentioned in Other Matter paragraph in our Audit Report on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022. Accordingly, our opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements does not include reporting on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal controls over the valuation and accuracy of the aforesaid actuarial liabilities. Our opinion is not modified in respect of the above matter".

Our opinion above is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done and the report of the other auditors.

# For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No:001076N/N500013

#### Murad D. Daruwalla

Partner Membership No:043334 UDIN:22043334AIJALU8188

Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May 2022 Change

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We did not audit the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in so far as it relates to 13 subsidiary companies, which are companies covered under the Act, whose financial statements reflect total assets of ₹ 120,404.48 crores and net assets of ₹ 24,275.65 crores as at 31 March 2022, total revenues of ₹ 26,154.71 crores and net cash inflows amounting to ₹ 1,736.70 crores for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit of ₹ 157.53 crores for the year ended 31 March 2022, in respect of 2 associate companies, which are companies covered under the Act, whose internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements have not been audited by us. The internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements in so far as it relates to such subsidiary companies and associate companies have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements for the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies and its associate companies, as aforesaid, under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act in so far as it relates to such subsidiary companies and associate companies is based solely on the reports of the auditors of such companies. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done by and

One of the subsidiary company, which is a company covered under the Act, whose financial statements reflects total assets of ₹ 1,030.15 crores and net assets of ₹ 763.45 crores as at 31 March 2022, total revenues of ₹ 237.36 crores and net cash inflows amounting to ₹ 128.37 crores for the year ended on that, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, has been audited by Price Waterhouse LLP, one of the joint auditor of the Holding Company. In respect of this subsidiary, Walker Chandiok and Co LLP, another Joint auditor of the holding company has placed reliance on the report of other joint auditor. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done by and on the

The following other matter paragraph has been included in the Annexure 'A' to the audit report of Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited

The following other matter paragraph has been included in the Annexure 'A' to the audit report of Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited,

# For Price Waterhouse LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No:301112E/E300264

#### **Russell I Parera**

Partner Membership No:042190 UDIN:22042190AIJNPZ1292

Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May 2022

# **Consolidated Balance Sheet** as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022

			(₹ in thousands)
	Schedule	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
CAPITAL AND LIABILITIES			
Capital	1	14,923,309	14,909,178
Employees' Stock Options (Grants) Outstanding		313,063	21,588
Reserves and Surplus	2	956,416,988	833,455,267
Deposits	3	3,100,868,928	2,788,714,108
Borrowings	4	551,482,650	477,389,014
Policyholders' Funds		506,667,901	420,715,151
Other Liabilities and Provisions	5	334,306,239	253,337,867
Total		5,464,979,078	4,788,542,173
ASSETS			
Cash and Balances with Reserve Bank of India	6	160,491,782	125,280,021
Balances with Banks and Money at Call and Short Notice	7	366,163,061	351,886,180
Investments	8	1,645,294,067	1,569,455,494
Advances	9	3,044,735,955	2,521,697,527
Fixed Assets	10	19,096,314	17,401,626
Other Assets	11	221,060,369	194,683,795
Goodwill on Consolidation		8,137,530	8,137,530
Total		5,464,979,078	4,788,542,173
Contingent Liabilities	12	2,744,766,841	2,022,900,524
Bills for Collection		387,092,819	412,727,990
Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to Accounts forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements	17		
The schedules referred to above form an integral part of this Consolidated Balance Sheet			

As per our report of even date attached.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 001076N/N500013

Murad D. Daruwalla Partner Membership No. 043334

For Price Waterhouse LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 301112E/E300264

Russell I Parera Partner Membership No. 042190

Mumbai 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**Prakash Apte** Chairman

Dipak Gupta Joint Managing Director

Jaimin Bhatt President and Group Chief Financial Officer Avan Doomasia Senior Executive Vice President and Company Secretary

Uday Kotak

Uday Khanna

Director

Managing Director and

Chief Executive Officer

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# **Consolidated Profit and Loss Account** for the year ended 31st March, 2022

Int Oti To II. EX Int Op Pro To III. PF Ne Ad Co Ad To IV. AF Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra V. EA Ba Dil		le 17)	hedule	31** March, 2022 337,403,960 253,106,094 590,510,054 115,532,912 307,777,684 47,880,723 471,191,319 119,318,735 1,575,180 120,893,915 435,222,135	For the year end 31st March, 20: 328,198,3 235,876,7 564,075,0 129,665,4 274,201,8 61,178,7 465,046,1 99,028,9 873,0 99,902,0 364,358,5
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Provide a constraint of the second se	rovisions and Contingencies (Refer Note 8.B - Schedu otal ROFIT et Profit for the year dd: Share in profit / (loss) of Associates onsolidated Profit for the year attributable to the Gro dd : Balance in Profit and Loss Account brought forwa otal PPROPRIATIONS ransfer to Statutory Reserve	up	16	47,880,723 471,191,319 119,318,735 1,575,180 120,893,915 435,222,135	61,178,7 <b>465,046,1</b> 99,028,9 873,0 <b>99,902,0</b>
To III. PF Ne Ad Co Ad To IV. AF Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Co V. EA Ba Dil	otal ROFIT et Profit for the year dd: Share in profit / (loss) of Associates onsolidated Profit for the year attributable to the Gro dd : Balance in Profit and Loss Account brought forwa otal PPROPRIATIONS ransfer to Statutory Reserve	up		<b>471,191,319</b> 119,318,735 1,575,180 <b>120,893,915</b> 435,222,135	<b>465,046,1</b> 99,028,9 873,0 <b>99,902,0</b>
III. PF Nee Ad Co Ad To IV. AF Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Civ Ba Dil	ROFIT et Profit for the year dd: Share in profit / (loss) of Associates onsolidated Profit for the year attributable to the Gro dd : Balance in Profit and Loss Account brought forwa obtal PPROPRIATIONS ransfer to Statutory Reserve	-		119,318,735 1,575,180 <b>120,893,915</b> 435,222,135	99,028,9 873,0 <b>99,902,0</b>
Ne Ad Co Ad To IV. AF Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra V. EA Ba Dil	et Profit for the year dd: Share in profit / (loss) of Associates onsolidated Profit for the year attributable to the Gro dd : Balance in Profit and Loss Account brought forwa otal PPROPRIATIONS ransfer to Statutory Reserve	-		1,575,180 <b>120,893,915</b> 435,222,135	873,0 <b>99,902,0</b>
Add Co Add IV. AF Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Div Ba Ov. EA Ba Dil	dd: Share in profit / (loss) of Associates onsolidated Profit for the year attributable to the Gro dd : Balance in Profit and Loss Account brought forwa otal PPROPRIATIONS ransfer to Statutory Reserve	-		1,575,180 <b>120,893,915</b> 435,222,135	873,0 <b>99,902,0</b>
Co Ad To IV. AF Tra Tra Tra Tra Div Ba Div Ba V. EA Ba Dil	onsolidated Profit for the year attributable to the Gro dd : Balance in Profit and Loss Account brought forwa otal PPROPRIATIONS ransfer to Statutory Reserve	-		<b>120,893,915</b> 435,222,135	99,902,0
Ad To IV. AF Tra Tra Tra Tra Div Ba To V. EA Ba Dil	dd : Balance in Profit and Loss Account brought forwa <b>btal</b> <b>PPROPRIATIONS</b> ransfer to Statutory Reserve	-		435,222,135	
To IV. AF Tra Tra Tra Tra Div Ba To V. EA Ba Dil	PROPRIATIONS ransfer to Statutory Reserve	rd from previous year			364 358 5
IV. AF Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Div Ba To V. EA Ba Dil	PPROPRIATIONS ransfer to Statutory Reserve				504,550,5
Tra Tra Tra Tra Tra Div Ba <b>To</b> V. EA Ba Dil	ransfer to Statutory Reserve			556,116,050	464,260,5
Tra Tra Tra Tra Div Ba <b>To</b> V. EA Ba Dil					
Tra Tra Tra Div Ba <b>To</b> V. EA Ba Dil		Transfer to Statutory Reserve			17,412,1
Tra Tra Div Ba <b>To</b> V. EA Ba Dil	Transfer to Special Reserve u/s 45 IC of RBI Act, 1934			2,580,601	1,651,7
Tra Tra Div Ba <b>To</b> V. EA Ba Dil	Transfer to Special Reserve u/s 36(1)(viii) of Income Tax Act, 1961			950,000	1,100,0
Tra Div Ba <b>To</b> V. EA Ba Dil	Transfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve			65,000	118,0
Div Ba <b>To</b> V. EA Ba Dil	Transfer to Capital Reserve			94,700	145,0
Ba To V. EA Ba Dil	Transfer to Investment Fluctuation Reserve Account			4,000,000	8,206,5
To V. EA Ba Dil	Dividend			2,189,625	405,0
V. EA Ba Dil	alance carried over to Balance Sheet			524,804,324	435,222,1
Ba Dil	otal			556,116,050	464,260,5
Dil	ARNINGS PER SHARE [Refer Note 12 - Schedule 17]				
	asic (₹)			60.76	50.
Ea	iluted (₹)			60.73	50.
Гd	ace value per share (₹)			5.00	5.
	ant Accounting Policies and Notes to Accounts formir al Statements	ng part of the Consolidated	17		
The sch Account	nedules referred to above form an integral part of this it	Consolidated Profit and Loss			
As per c	our report of even date attached.	For and on behalf of the B	Board of Dire	ectors	
For Wal	lker Chandiok & Co LLP	Prakash Apte		Uday Kotak	
	red Accountants	Chairman		Managing Director	
Firm Re	egistration No. 001076N/N500013			Chief Executive Offi	cer
<b>Murad E</b> Partner	D. Daruwalla	Dipak Gupta		<b>Uday Khanna</b> Director	
	ership No. 043334	Joint Managing Director		DIFECTOR	
For Pric	ce Waterhouse LLP	Jaimin Bhatt		Avan Doomasia	
	red Accountants	President and		Senior Executive Vie	
Firm Re	egistration No. 301112E/E300264	Group Chief Financial Offi	icer	Company Secretary	/

Membership No. 042190

Mumbai 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 Change

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Consolidated Financial Statements

# **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement** for the year ended 31st March, 2022

		(₹ in thousands)
	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Profit before share in profit / (loss) of Associates	119,318,735	99,028,957
Add: Provision for tax	40,164,275	32,654,415
Net Profit before taxes	159,483,010	131,683,372
Adjustments for :-		
Employee Stock Options Expense	314,383	18,223
Depreciation on Group's property	4,803,507	4,610,504
(Write back) in the value of Investments	(792,650)	(279,916)
(Profit) / Loss on revaluation of Investments (net)	2,700,205	(32,049,489)
Profit on sale of Investments (net)	(18,510,497)	(17,677,747)
Amortisation of Premium on Investments	5,613,196	4,275,065
Provision for Non Performing Assets, Standard Assets and Other Provisions	8,509,098	28,804,242
Profit on sale of Fixed assets	(264,297)	(386,560)
	161,855,955	118,997,694
Adjustments for :-		
(Increase) / Decrease in Investments - Available for Sale, Held for Trading and Stock-in-Trade	41,237,045	(302,721,243)
(Increase) in Advances	(535,265,591)	(43,732,780)
(Increase) in Other Assets	(27,904,685)	(39,444,597)
Increase in Deposits	312,154,820	184,712,031
Increase in Policyholders' Funds	85,952,750	105,626,982
Increase in Other Liabilities and Provisions	83,593,062	57,634,003
Sub-total	(40,232,599)	(37,925,604)
Direct Taxes Paid	(37,443,422)	(32,260,778)
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	84,179,934	48,811,312
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Fixed assets	(6,697,695)	(3,685,902)
Sale of Fixed assets	364,430	684,491
(Increase) in Other Investments (including investments in HTM securities)	(104,510,692)	(108,159,952)
NET CASH FLOW (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)	(110,843,957)	(111,161,363)

# **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement** for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022

			(₹ in thousands)
		Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-	-
Dividend paid including corporate dividend tax		(2,189,625)	(405,000)
Money received on issue of Equity Shares / exercise of stocl	k options	3,585,634	78,437,487
Share issue expenses		(533)	(374,794)
Increase/(Decrease) in borrowings		74,093,636	(178,378,154)
NET CASH FLOW FROM / (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVIT	IES (C)	75,489,112	(100,720,461)
Increase / (Decrease) in Foreign Currency Translation Re	serve (D)	663,553	(561,770)
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIV	/ALENTS (A + B + C + D)	49,488,642	(163,632,282)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF TH	HE YEAR	477,166,201	640,798,483
(Refer Note below)			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	3	526,654,843	477,166,201
(Refer Note below)			
Note:			
Balance with banks in India in Other Deposit Accounts (As p	er Schedule 7 I (i) (b))	60,497,233	50,273,554
Balance with banks in India in Current Account (As per Schedule 7 I (i) (a))		4,662,792	2,969,795
Money at call and short notice in India with Banks (As per Schedule 7 I (ii) (a))		41,523,088	25,858,793
Money at call and short notice in India with Other Agencies (	(As per Schedule 7 I (ii) (b))	200,000,000	153,000,000
Cash in hand (As per Schedule 6 I)		17,640,231	14,895,619
Balance with RBI in Current Account (As per Schedule 6 II)		142,851,551	110,384,402
Balance with banks Outside India:			
(i) In Current Account (As per Schedule 7 II (i))		50,554,242	15,909,393
(ii) In Other Deposit Accounts (As per Schedule 7 II (ii))		8,925,706	103,874,645
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEA	AR	526,654,843	477,166,201
As per our report of even date attached.	For and on behalf of the Board	of Directors	
For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP	Prakash Apte	Uday Kotak	
Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 001076N/N500013	Chairman	Managing Directo Chief Executive Of	
<b>Murad D. Daruwalla</b> Partner Membership No. 043334	Dipak Gupta Joint Managing Director	<b>Uday Khanna</b> Director	
For Price Waterhouse LLP	Jaimin Bhatt	<b>Avan Doomasia</b> Senior Executive V	(inconversionant and

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 301112E/E300264

Russell I Parera Partner Membership No. 042190

Mumbai 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 Change

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President and Group Chief Financial Officer Senior Executive Vice President and Company Secretary



Schedules Forming part of Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022

## SCHEDULE 1 - CAPITAL

		(₹ in thousands)
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Authorised Capital		
2800,000,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 5/- each	14,000,000	14,000,000
(31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021: 2800,000,000)		
1000,000,000 Perpetual Non Cumulative Preference Shares of ₹ 5/- each	5,000,000	5,000,000
(31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021: 1000,000,000)		
	19,000,000	19,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital		
1984,661,760 Equity Shares of ₹ 5/- each (31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021: 1981,835,668) fully paid-up (Refer Note 3 - Schedule 17)	9,923,309	9,909,178
1000,000,000 Perpetual Non Cumulative Preference Shares of ₹ 5/- each	5,000,000	5,000,000
(31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021: 1000,000,000) fully paid-up		
Total	14,923,309	14,909,178

## **SCHEDULE 2 - RESERVES AND SURPLUS**

			(₹ in thousands)
		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I.	Statutory Reserve		
	Opening Balance	99,537,883	82,125,783
	Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account	21,431,800	17,412,100
	Total	120,969,683	99,537,883
II.	Capital Reserve		
	Opening Balance	3,427,286	3,282,286
	Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account	94,700	145,000
	Total	3,521,986	3,427,286
III.	General Reserve		
	Opening Balance	6,540,937	6,540,937
	Total	6,540,937	6,540,937
IV.	Securities Premium Account		
	Opening Balance	246,745,777	169,001,781
	Add: Received during the year (Refer Note 3 - Schedule 17)	3,594,411	78,118,790
	Less: Utilised for Share Issue Expenses	533	374,794
	Total	250,339,655	246,745,777

	On a sid December window Oceation AFIO of the DDI Act. 1024
V.	Special Reserve under Section 45IC of the RBI Act, 1934
	Opening Balance
	Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account
	Total
VI.	Capital Reserve on Consolidation
	Opening Balance
	Total
VII.	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve
	(Refer Note 2(G)(viii) and (xii)- Schedule 17)
	Opening Balance
	Increase / (Decrease) during the year
	Total
VIII.	Special Reserve under Section 36(1)(viii) of the Income Tax Act,
	Opening Balance
	Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account
	Total
IX.	Investment Fluctuation Reserve
	Opening Balance
	Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account
	Total
Х	Capital Redemption Reserve
	Opening Balance
	Total
XI.	Amalgamation Reserve
	Opening Balance
	Total
XII.	Investment Allowance (Utilised) Reserve
	Opening Balance
	Total
XIII.	Debenture Redemption Reserve
	Opening Balance
	Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account
	Total
XIV.	Balance in the Profit and Loss Account

Total (I to XIV)

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		(₹ in thousands)
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
	15,721,646	14,069,937
	2,580,601	1,651,709
	18,302,247	15,721,646
	1,475,671	1,475,671
	1,475,671	1,475,671
	2,716,736	3,278,506
	663,553	(561,770)
	3,380,289	2,716,736
961		
	6,842,000	5,742,000
	950,000	1,100,000
	7,792,000	6,842,000
	13,746,850	5,540,254
	4,000,000	8,206,596
	17,746,850	13,746,850
	101,800	101,800
	101,800	101,800
	1,224,046	1,224,046
	1,224,046	1,224,046
	500	500
	500	500
	152,000	34,000
	65,000	118,000
	217,000	152,000
	524,804,324	435,222,135
	956,416,988	833,455,267

#### SCHEDULE 3 - DEPOSITS

			(₹ in thousands)
		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Α.			
I.	Demand Deposits		
	i. From Banks	3,504,995	3,560,326
	ii. From Others	631,711,381	510,655,843
	Total	635,216,376	514,216,169
II.	Savings Bank Deposits	1,244,721,650	1,172,257,389
III.	Term Deposits		
	i. From Banks	6,492,720	2,697,369
	ii. From Others	1,214,438,182	1,099,543,181
	Total	1,220,930,902	1,102,240,550
	Total Deposits (I to III)	3,100,868,928	2,788,714,108
В.			
I.	Deposits of Branches in India	3,099,240,547	2,786,443,226
II.	Deposits of Branches Outside India	1,628,381	2,270,882
	Total Deposits (I + II)	3,100,868,928	2,788,714,108

# **SCHEDULE 4 - BORROWINGS**

			(₹ in thousands)
		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I.	Borrowings in India		
	(i) Reserve Bank of India	-	-
	(ii) Other Banks	225,304,155	182,840,744
	(iii) Other Institutions and Agencies (Refer Note 14 - Schedule 17)	274,229,881	236,979,489
	Total	499,534,036	419,820,233
II.	Borrowings outside India		
	Banks and Other Institutions	51,948,614	57,568,781
	Total	51,948,614	57,568,781
	Total Borrowings (I + II)	551,482,650	477,389,014
	Secured Borrowings (other than CBLO and Repo Borrowings included in I above)	161,988,704	141,685,340

## SCHEDULE 5 - OTHER LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS

		(₹ in thousands)
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I. Bills Payable	33,086,059	23,965,426
II. Interest Accrued	8,881,264	14,082,634
III. Provision for tax (net of advance tax and tax deducted at source)	6,820,943	5,285,393
IV. Standard Asset provision	15,516,212	11,321,066
V. Others (including provisions) (Refer Note 4, 7 and 23 - Schedule 17)	270,001,761	198,683,348
Total	334,306,239	253,337,867

## SCHEDULE 6 - CASH AND BALANCES WITH RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

			(₹ in thousands)
		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Ι.	Cash in hand (including foreign currency notes)	17,640,231	14,895,619
11.	Balances with RBI in Current Account	142,851,551	110,384,402
	Total	160,491,782	125,280,021

## SCHEDULE 7 - BALANCES WITH BANKS AND MONEY AT CALL AND SHORT NOTICE

			(₹ in thousands)
		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I.	In India		
	(i) Balances with Banks		
	(a) In Current Accounts	4,662,792	2,969,795
	(b) In Other Deposit Accounts (Refer Note 5 - Schedule 17)	60,497,233	50,273,554
	Total	65,160,025	53,243,349
	(ii) Money at Call and Short Notice		
	(a) With Banks	41,523,088	25,858,793
	(b) With Other Institutions	200,000,000	153,000,000
	Total	241,523,088	178,858,793
	Total (i + ii)	306,683,113	232,102,142
П.	Outside India		
	(i) In Current Accounts	50,554,242	15,909,393
	(ii) In Other Deposit Accounts	8,925,706	103,874,645
	Total (i + ii)	59,479,948	119,784,038
	Total (I + II)	366,163,061	351,886,180

# **SCHEDULE 8 - INVESTMENTS**

	Total	13,075,175	11,534,446
	Add: Post-acquisition profit / (loss) and Reserve of Associates (Equity method)	11,864,168	10,288,988
	Cost of Investment in Associates	1,211,007	1,245,458
	Less: Proceeds from Voluntary Liquidation (Refer Note 27 - Schedule 17)	33,500	-
	Less: Capital reserve on Consolidation (Share of pre-acquisition profits)	3,375	3,375
	Less: Provision for diminution	4,857	3,906
	Add: Goodwill on acquisition of Associates	4,962	4,962
	Equity Investment in Associates	1,247,777	1,247,777
	* Investment in Associates		
	Total Investments (I + II)	1,645,294,067	1,569,455,494
	Total	23,995,657	10,993,050
iv.	Others [Venture, Private Equity and other similar funds]	745,762	585,226
iii.	Debentures and Bonds	19,078,782	7,326,076
ii.	Shares	12,471	12,471
i.	Government Securities	4,158,642	3,069,277
II.	Investments Outside India in		
	Total	1,621,298,410	1,558,462,444
	vi. Others [Units, Certificate of Deposits (CD), Commercial Paper (CP), Security Receipts, Pass Through Certificates (PTC), Alternate Asset and Other similar funds]	82,643,757	71,324,769
	v. Associates*	13,075,175	11,534,446
	iv. Debentures and Bonds	286,881,055	213,333,739
	iii. Shares	181,165,478	141,064,596
	ii. Other approved Securities	-	-
	i. Government Securities	1,057,532,945	1,121,204,894
I.	Investments in India in [Refer Note 6 - Schedule 17]		
		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
			(₹ in thousands)

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#### **SCHEDULE 9 - ADVANCES**

		(₹ in thousands)
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
A. (i) Bills purchased and discounted <sup>#</sup>	67,871,000	85,500,483
(ii) Cash Credits, Overdrafts and Loans repayable on demand	930,012,423	767,945,275
(iii) Term Loans	2,046,852,532	1,668,251,769
Total	3,044,735,955	2,521,697,527
# Bills purchased and discounted is net of bills rediscounted ₹ 2,792.10 crore (previous year Nil)		
B. (i) Secured by tangible assets*	2,280,240,957	1,880,609,723
(ii) Covered by Bank / Government guarantees	117,842,801	121,557,707
(iii) Unsecured	646,652,197	519,530,097
Total	3,044,735,955	2,521,697,527
* including advances secured against book debts		
C. I Advances in India		
(i) Priority Sector	1,245,186,615	903,508,152
(ii) Public Sector	1,431,818	3,184,858
(iii) Banks	18,156	6,597
(iv) Others	1,754,103,272	1,582,052,207
Total	3,000,739,861	2,488,751,814
C. II Advances outside India		
(i) Due from banks	-	-
(ii) Due from others		
a) Bills purchased and discounted	-	-
b) Syndicated and term loans	43,996,094	32,945,713
c) Others	-	-
Total	43,996,094	32,945,713
Grand Total (C.I and C.II)	3,044,735,955	2,521,697,527

#### **SCHEDULE 10 - FIXED ASSETS**

			(₹ in thousands
		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As a 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Α.	Premises (including land)		
	Gross Block		
	At cost on 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	11,332,150	11,629,87
	Add: Additions during the year	4,948	
	Less: Deductions during the year	18,823	297,723
	Total	11,318,275	11,332,150
	Depreciation		
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	2,181,752	2,065,47
	Add: Charge for the year	187,047	188,88
	Less: Deductions during the year	8,127	72,61
	Depreciation to date	2,360,672	2,181,75
	Net Block	8,957,603	9,150,398
B.	Other Fixed Assets (including furniture and fixtures)		
	Gross Block		
	At cost on 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	33,513,678	31,827,49
	Add: Additions during the year	6,593,380	3,700,43
	Less: Deductions during the year	2,364,508	2,014,24
	Total	37,742,550	33,513,678
	Depreciation		
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	25,419,434	22,939,24
	Add: Charge for the year	4,616,460	4,421,61
	Less: Deductions during the year	2,275,071	1,941,42
	Depreciation to date	27,760,823	25,419,43
	Net Block (Refer Note 24 - Schedule 17)	9,981,727	8,094,24

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			(₹ in thousands)
		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
С	Leased Fixed Assets		31 <sup>22</sup> March, 2021
0.	Gross Block		
	At cost on 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	1,540,585	1,540,585
	Add: Additions during the year	-	
	Less: Deductions during the year	-	-
	Total	1,540,585	1,540,585
	Depreciation		
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	1,383,601	1,383,601
	Add: Charge for the year	-	-
	Less: Deductions during the year	-	-
	Depreciation to date	1,383,601	1,383,601
	Net Block	156,984	156,984
_	Net Block Total (A) + (B) + (C)	156,984 19,096,314	· · ·
SCH			<b>·</b>
SCH	Total (A) + (B) + (C)		· · ·
SCH	Total (A) + (B) + (C)		17,401,626 (₹ in thousands)
	Total (A) + (B) + (C)	19,096,314 As at	<b>17,401,626</b> (₹ in thousands) As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I.	Total (A) + (B) + (C) IEDULE 11 - OTHER ASSETS	19,096,314 As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	17,401,626 (₹ in thousands) As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021 43,421,443
I. II.	Total (A) + (B) + (C) IEDULE 11 - OTHER ASSETS Interest accrued	As at           31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022           46,216,479	17,401,626 (₹ in thousands) As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021 43,421,443
I. II. III.	Total (A) + (B) + (C) IEDULE 11 - OTHER ASSETS Interest accrued Advance tax (net of provision for tax)	As at           31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022           46,216,479           206,426	(₹ in thousands) As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021 43,421,443 255,827 78,651
I. II. III. IV.	Total (A) + (B) + (C) IEDULE 11 - OTHER ASSETS Interest accrued Advance tax (net of provision for tax) Stationery and stamps	As at           31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022           46,216,479           206,426           114,328	(₹ in thousands) As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021 43,421,443 255,827 78,651
5CH I. III. IV. V. VI.	Total (A) + (B) + (C) IEDULE 11 - OTHER ASSETS Interest accrued Advance tax (net of provision for tax) Stationery and stamps Cheques in course of collection	As at           31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022           46,216,479           206,426           114,328	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021 43,421,443 255,827

\* Deposits placed with NABARD / SIDBI ₹ 5,572.40 crore (previous year ₹ 6,314.51 crore)

# SCHEDULE 12 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

		(₹ in thousands)
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I. Claims not acknowledged as debts	8,693,759	17,309,832
II. Liability on account of outstanding forward exchange contracts	1,575,022,126	1,014,448,537
III. Guarantees on behalf of constituents		
i) In India	237,436,367	229,843,917
ii) Outside India	112,972	109,695
IV. Acceptances, Endorsements and Other Obligations	232,694,713	158,797,456
V. Other items for which the Group is contingently liable:		
i) Liability in respect of interest rate, currency swaps and forward rate agreements	636,652,131	510,085,899
ii) Liability in respect of other derivative contracts	37,911,545	71,162,179
iii) Capital commitments not provided	13,213,233	18,538,126
iv) Unclaimed customer balances*	3,029,995	2,604,883
Total	2,744,766,841	2,022,900,524

\* includes amount transferred to RBI DEA Fund Scheme

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#### **SCHEDULE 13 - INTEREST EARNED**

		(₹ in thousands)	
		For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	
Ι.	Interest / discount on advances / bills (Refer Note 9 - Schedule 17)	226,033,185	216,205,291
II.	Income on investments	95,950,179	92,749,669
III.	Interest on balances with RBI and other inter-bank funds	10,043,788	14,809,129
IV.	Others	5,376,808	4,434,217
	Total	337,403,960	328,198,306

# **SCHEDULE 14 - OTHER INCOME**

		(₹ in thousands)	
		For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I.	Commission, exchange and brokerage	77,191,461	56,917,075
II.	Profit on sale of Investments (net)	18,510,497	17,677,747
III.	Profit / (Loss) on revaluation of investments (net) (Refer Note 8.A - Schedule 17)	(2,700,205)	32,049,489
IV.	Profit on sale of building and other assets (net)	264,297	386,560
V.	Profit on exchange on transactions (net) (including derivatives)	19,042,447	9,796,802
VI.	Premium on Insurance business	133,393,885	113,673,954
VII.	Profit on recoveries of non-performing assets acquired	1,794,608	1,720,909
VIII.	Miscellaneous Income	5,609,104	3,654,228
	Total	253,106,094	235,876,764

#### SCHEDULE 15 - INTEREST EXPENDED

			(₹ in thousands)
		For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	
Ι.	Interest on Deposits	92,766,562	100,853,643
11.	Interest on RBI / Inter-Bank Borrowings	10,472,868	12,714,372
111.	Others (Refer Note 15 - Schedule 17)	12,293,482	16,097,469
	Total	115,532,912	129,665,484

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# SCHEDULE 16 - OPERATING EXPENSES

		(₹ in thousands)	
		For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	For the year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I.	Payments to and provision for employees (Refer Note 4 and 13 - Schedule 17)	71,409,320	58,556,999
II.	Rent, taxes and lighting (Refer Note 18 - Schedule 17)	8,088,815	7,701,167
III.	Printing and Stationery	1,297,870	820,355
IV.	Advertisement, Publicity and Promotion	4,844,577	3,395,948
V.	Depreciation on Group's property	4,803,507	4,610,504
VI.	Directors' fees, allowances and expenses	64,910	54,302
VII.	Auditors' fees and expenses*		
	Statutory Audit fees	103,671	85,276
	Other Matters	6,466	13,929
VIII.	Law Charges	397,042	550,548
IX.	Postage, telephones etc.	3,413,754	2,335,411
Х.	Repairs and maintenance	8,151,752	6,495,436
XI.	Insurance	3,574,830	3,233,275
XII.	Travel and Conveyance	1,126,517	829,425
XIII.	Professional Charges	11,431,492	7,722,302
XIV.	Brokerage	10,303,052	6,439,496
XV.	Stamping Expenses	1,045,940	1,267,849
XVI.	Policyholders' Reserves	88,629,406	106,806,165
XVII.	Insurance Business Expenses (claims and benefits paid)	61,846,541	43,567,503
XVIII.	Other Expenditure	27,238,222	19,715,998
	Total	307,777,684	274,201,888

\* The audit fees is aggregate of statutory audit fees of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited and its subsidiaries. Of the above ₹ 3.87 crore (previous year ₹ 2.48 crore) has been paid to the statutory auditors of the Bank, of which ₹ 0.20 crore is subject to shareholder's approval at AGM. This does not include ₹ Nil (previous year ₹ 0.72 crore) paid towards QIP issuance, which has been adjusted against Securities Premium Account.

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#### SCHEDULE 17 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. GENERAL:

#### **OVERVIEW**

Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ('the Bank' or 'KMBL'), together with its subsidiaries (collectively, 'the Group'), is a diversified financial services group providing a wide range of banking and financial services including Consumer Banking, Commercial Banking, Treasury and Corporate Banking, Investment Banking, Stock Broking, Vehicle Finance, Advisory Services, Asset Management, Life Insurance and General Insurance, The Bank set up and commenced operations in May 2016, at its International Financial Services Center Banking Unit (IBU) in Gujarat International Finance Tec (GIFT) City, Gujarat. The Bank has commenced operations in October 2019 at its first overseas branch at the Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC), Dubai, UAE,

#### **BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared in accordance with Accounting Standard 21 (AS-21), "Consolidated Financial Statements". Investment in Associates are accounted by the Group under the equity method in accordance with Accounting Standard 23 (AS-23), "Accounting for Investments in Associates in Consolidated Financial Statements" specified under Section 133 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time. The Bank consolidates entities in which it holds, directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, more than 50% of the voting rights or where it exercises control, on a line by line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses in accordance with AS-21. The Goodwill or Capital Reserve on consolidation represents the difference between the Group's share in the networth of the subsidiary and the cost of acquisition at the time of making investment in the subsidiary. Intragroup balances, intragroup transactions and resulting unrealised profits, if any, are eliminated in full. Unrealised losses resulting from intragroup transactions are also eliminated unless cost cannot be recovered. Goodwill on consolidation is not amortised. Assessment is done at each balance sheet date as to whether there is any indication that goodwill may be impaired.

Minority interest representing the part of net results of operations and of the net assets of subsidiary attributable to interests not owned directly or indirectly through subsidiaries is presented separately from liabilities and the equity. Further, the Group accounts for investments in entities where it holds 20% to 50% of the voting rights or exercises significant influence by the equity method of accounting in accordance with AS-23. The financial statements of the subsidiaries and associates used in consolidation are drawn up to the same reporting date as that of the holding Company ie 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022

#### The list of subsidiaries is as under: a.

Name of the Subsidiary	Country of Origin	% Shareholding of Group (31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022)	% Shareholding of Group (31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021)
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	India	100.00	100.00
Kotak Securities Limited	India	100.00	100.00
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited	India	100.00	100.00
Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited	India	100.00	100.00
Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	India	100.00	100.00
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited	India	100.00	100.00
Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Limited	India	100.00	100.00
Kotak Mahindra (International) Limited	Mauritius	100.00	100.00
Kotak Mahindra (UK) Limited	UK	100.00	100.00
Kotak Mahindra, Inc.	USA	100.00	100.00
Kotak Investment Advisors Limited	India	100.00	100.00
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited	India	100.00	100.00
Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited	India	100.00	100.00
Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited	India	100.00	100.00
Kotak Mahindra Financial Services Limited	UAE	100.00	100.00
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management (Singapore) PTE. Limited	Singapore	100.00	100.00
Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited	India	100.00	100.00
IVY Product Intermediaries Limited	India	100.00	100.00
BSS Microfinance Limited	India	100.00	100.00

As per AS-23, the Consolidated Financial Statements incorporate the audited results of the following associates except as indicated. b.

Name of the Associate	Country of Origin	% Shareholding of Group (31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022)	% Shareholding of Group (31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021)
Infina Finance Private Limited	India	49.99	49.99
Phoenix ARC Private Limited	India	49.90	49.90
ECA Trading Services Limited (Unaudited) (upto 18 <sup>th</sup> December, 2021) (Refer Note 27)	India	20.00	20.00

#### 2. ACCOUNTING METHODOLOGY AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

#### A. ACCOUNTING METHODOLOGY

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on historical cost basis of accounting. The Group adopts the accrual method of accounting and historical cost convention unless stated otherwise. The Group has prepared these consolidated financial statements to comply in all material respects with the Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI), Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (IRDAI) from time to time as applicable and the generally accepted accounting principles prevailing in India. In case the accounting policies followed by consolidating entities are different from those followed by Bank, the same have been disclosed separately.

#### **B. USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements requires the management to make estimates and assumptions in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as at the date of the financial statements and the reported income and expenses during the reporting period. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Any revision in the accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in the current and future periods.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### C. REVENUE RECOGNITION

#### Banking / Investing: a.

- i. Interest income is recognised on accrual basis.
- ii the internal rate of return method to provide a constant periodic rate of return.
- iii. is recognised at their effective interest rate.
- iv.
- V as per the terms of engagement.
- vi. rate of return.
- vii when due
- assigned assets and sale consideration received.
- xi
- is recognised as expense under other expenses in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI.

#### b. Investment Banking:

of milestones specified in the contract.

#### Life Insurance: C.

- premium is recognised when associated units are created.
- ii revived.
- Top Up / Lump sum contributions are accounted as a part of the single premium. iii
- iv. accounted for as income when due.

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Interest income in respect of retail advances (except in case of Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited (KMPL)) is accounted for by using

Interest income on investments in Pass-Through-Certificates (PTCs) and loans bought out through the direct assignment route

KMPL accounts for vehicle finance income by using the internal rate of return method to provide a constant periodic rate of return after adjustment of brokerage expenses on the net investment outstanding on the contract. The volume-based incentives and brokerage are accounted as and when the said volumes are achieved. Income also includes gains made on termination of contracts.

Service charges, fees and commission income are recognised when due. The guarantee commission and letter of credit commission is recognised over the period of the guarantee and letter of credit respectively. Syndication / arranger fee is recognised as income

Interest income on discounted instruments is recognised over the tenure of the instruments so as to provide a constant periodic

Upon an asset becoming non-performing assets (NPAs) the income accrued gets reversed, and is recognised only on realisation, as per the RBI guidelines. Penal interest is recognised as income on realisation other than on running accounts where it is recognised

viii. Gain on account of securitisation of assets is amortised over the life of the securities issued in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI. Loss on account of securitisation of assets is recognised immediately in profit and loss account.

ix. Gain on account of assignment of assets on bilateral basis is recognised based on the difference between the book value of the

Dividend income is accounted on an accrual basis when the right to receive the dividend is established

In respect of non-performing assets acquired from other Banks / FIs and NBFCs, collections in excess of the consideration paid at each asset level or portfolio level is treated as income in accordance with the RBI guidelines and clarifications.

xii. Fees received on sale of Priority Sector Lending Certificates is considered as Miscellaneous Income, while fees paid for purchase

Issue management fees and placement fees, underwriting commission and financial advisory fees are accounted on completion

Premium (net of indirect tax) is recognised as income when it is due from policyholders except on unit linked policies, where the

In accordance with the terms of insurance policies, uncollected premium on lapsed policies is not recognised as income until

Income from unit linked policies, which include fund management fees, policy administration charges, mortality charges and other charges, if any, are recovered from the linked fund in accordance with the terms and conditions of the insurance contracts and is



v. Reinsurance premium ceded is accounted on due basis at the time when related premium income is accounted in accordance with the terms and conditions of the relevant treaties with the reinsurer. Profit commission on reinsurance ceded is accounted as income in the year of final determination of profit. Profit commission on reinsurance ceded is netted off against premium ceded on reinsurance.

#### General Insurance: d.

- Interest income is recognised on accrual basis. Accretion of discount and amortisation of premium relating to debt securities is recognised over the maturity period of such securities on a constant yield.
- Premium net of indirect tax (including reinsurance accepted) is recognised on commencement of the risk. In case of policies ii where payments are received in installment, the revenue is recognized at the time of receipt of installment. Premium earnings are recognised over the period of the policy or period of risk. Any revisions in premium amount are recognised in the year in which they occur and over the remaining period of the policy. Any subsequent cancellations of policies are recognised in the period in which thev occur.
- Commission on reinsurance ceded is recognised as income on ceding of reinsurance premium. Profit commission under reinsurance iii treaties, wherever applicable, is recognised in the year of final determination of the profits and as intimated by the reinsurer.
- Proportional Reinsurance premium ceded is accounted on due basis at the time when related premium income is accounted iv. for. Non-proportional reinsurance cost is accounted as per terms of the reinsurance arrangements. Any revisions in reinsurance premium ceded are recognised in the period in which it occur. On cancellation of policies, related reinsurance premium ceded are recognised in the same period in which it occur. Reinsurance inward acceptances are accounted for on the basis of reinsurance slips, accepted from the reinsurer.
- In respect of policies booked where risk inception date is subsequent to the balance sheet date, the premium collected is presented V in balance sheet as premium received in advance.
- Premium deficiency is recognised when sum of expected claim cost, related expenses and maintenance cost (related to claims vi. handling) exceed related reserve for unexpired risk. It is recognised on an annual basis and at segment level for the insurance company viz., fire, marine and miscellaneous. Premium deficiency reserve is estimated and certified by the appointed actuary.

#### e. Broking:

- Placement and other fee based income are accounted for on the basis of the progress of the assignment.
- ii Brokerage Income (net of indirect tax):
  - On primary market subscription / mobilisation is accounted on receipt of intimation of allotment.
  - On secondary market transaction is recognised upon completion of brokerage services to customers.
- Depository Fees (net of indirect tax), is recognised on accrual basis and as per terms agreed with the customers. Other charges iii. recovered from secondary broking customers are recognised upon completion of services.
- Securities lending or borrowing fees are recognised on pro-rata basis over the tenure of the contract. İV.

#### Asset Management and Advisory Services:

- Investment management fees are recognised on rendering of services and are dependent on the net asset value and expenses as recorded by the schemes of the funds.
- ii Management fee (net of indirect tax) from venture funds, private equity funds and other similar funds is recognised on accrual basis at the rates specified in the investment management agreement from the date of initial closing of funds under management. Advisory fees (net of indirect tax) is recognised on accrual basis as per the terms of contract.
- Revenue from rendering of investment advisory business is recognised on a straight line basis over the period when services iii. are rendered, which is in accordance with the terms of the mandate letters entered between the company and the high networth individual client
- Portfolio advisory service fees are recognised on accrual basis in accordance with the terms of agreement. iv
- V. Portfolio management service fees are recognised on accrual basis in accordance with the terms of agreement between the Company and the respective clients.
- Income on account of distribution from venture capital funds/ alternate investment fund is recognised on the receipt of the vi. distribution letter or when right to receive is established.
- vii. The Group receives fees for providing research to clients and records the income at the time services are provided.

#### D. FIXED ASSETS (PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS)

Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets have been stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortisation and adjusted for impairment, if any. Cost includes cost of purchase inclusive of freight, duties and other incidental expenses and all expenditure like site preparation, installation costs and professional fees incurred on the asset before it is ready to put to use. Subsequent expenditure incurred on assets put to use is capitalised only when it increases the future benefit / functioning capability from / of such assets. Gain or loss arising from the retirement or disposal of a Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of assets and recognised as income or expense in the profit and loss account. Profit on sale of premises of the Bank, net of taxes and transfer to statutory reserve is appropriated to capital reserve as per the RBI guidelines.

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#### **DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION**

Depreciation / amortisation is provided on a pro-rata basis on a straight line method over the estimated useful life of the assets at rates which are equal to or higher than the rates prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 in order to reflect the actual usage of the assets. The estimated useful lives of assets based on technical evaluation by management are as follows:

#### Asset Type

Premises

Leasehold land Improvement to leasehold premises

Office equipments (High capacity chillers, Transformers, UPS, DG Fire Suppression, HVAC, PAC & Elevators) Office equipments (other than above) Computers Furniture and Fixtures Motor Vehicles ATMs Software (including development) expenditure Goodwill (Other than on consolidation) Membership Card of the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited Asset Management Rights

Used assets purchased are depreciated over the residual useful life from the date of purchase.

Assets costing less than ₹ 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of purchase

#### E. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### Defined Benefit Plans: i .

#### Gratuity:

The Group provides for gratuity covering employees in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, service regulations and service awards as the case may be. The Group's liability is actuarially determined using projected unit credit method at the balance sheet date. The Bank and seven of its subsidiaries make contributions to a gratuity fund administered by trustees and managed by Life Insurance companies. In other subsidiaries gratuity obligation is wholly unfunded. The contribution made to the trusts is recognised as planned assets.

#### Pension

In respect of pension payable to certain employees of erstwhile ING Vysya Bank Limited (eIVBL) under Indian Banks' Association (IBA) structure, the Bank contributes 10% of basic salary to a pension fund and the difference between the contribution and the amount actuarially determined by an independent actuary is trued up based on actuarial valuation conducted as at the balance sheet date. The pension fund is managed by a Life Insurance company. The present value of the Bank's defined pension obligation is determined using the projected unit credit method as at the balance sheet date.

Employees covered by the pension plan are not eligible for employer's contribution under the provident fund plan.

The contribution made to the pension fund is recognised as planned assets.

by the fair value of the plan assets.

Actuarial gains or losses in respect of all defined benefit plans are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account in the year in which they are incurred.

#### ii -Defined Contribution Plans:

#### **Provident Fund:**

Contribution as required by the statute made to the government provident fund or to a fund set up by the Bank and administered by a board of trustees is debited to the profit and loss account when an employee renders the related service. The Group has no further obligations.

#### Superannuation Fund:

The Group makes contributions in respect of eligible employees, subject to a maximum of ₹ 0.01 crore per employee per annum to a fund administered by trustees and managed by Life Insurance companies. The Group recognises such contributions as an expense in the year when an employee renders the related service. The Group has no further obligations.

#### New Pension Scheme:

The Group contributes upto 10% of eligible employees' salary per annum, to the New Pension Fund administered by a Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA) appointed pension fund manager. The Group recognises such contributions as an expense in the year when an employee renders the related service

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	Useful life in years
	58
	Over the lease period Over the period of lease subject to a maximum of 6 years
G set,	10
	5
	3
	6
	4
	5
	3
	5
	20
	5

The defined benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as reduced

The Bank's branch in DIFC contributes up to 8.33% of eligible branch employees' salary per annum to the DIFC Employee Workplace Savings Scheme (DEWS). The Bank recognises such contributions as an expense in the year when an employee renders the related service. The Bank has no further obligation.

#### Compensated Absences: Other Long-Term Employee Benefits: iii.

The Group accrues the liability for compensated absences based on the actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date conducted by an independent actuary, which includes assumptions about demographics, early retirement, salary increases, interest rates and leave utilisation. The net present value of the Group's obligation is determined using the projected unit credit method as at the balance sheet date. Actuarial gains or losses are recognised in the profit and loss account in the year in which they arise.

#### iv. Other Employee Benefits:

As per the Group policy, employees are eligible for an award after completion of a specified number of years of service with the Group. The obligation is measured at the balance sheet date on the basis of an actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method.

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised during the period when the employee renders the service. These benefits include performance incentives.

#### F INVESTMENTS

#### For the Bank:

**Solved Kotak** 

Classification: 1.

> In accordance with the RBI guidelines on investment classification and valuation, investments are classified on the date of purchase into Held for Trading (HFT), Available for Sale (AFS) and Held to Maturity (HTM) categories (hereinafter called "categories"). Subsequent shifting amongst the categories is done in accordance with the RBI guidelines at the lower of the acquisition cost or carrying value and market value on the date of the transfer and depreciation, if any, on such transfer is fully provided.

> Under each of these categories, investments are further classified under six groups (hereinafter called "group/ groups") - government securities, other approved securities, shares, debentures and bonds, investments in associates and other investments for the purposes of disclosure in the balance sheet.

> The Bank follows 'Settlement Date' accounting for recording purchase and sale transactions in securities, except in the case of equity shares where 'Trade Date' accounting is followed.

#### Basis of classification:

Investments that are held principally for resale within 90 days from the date of purchase are classified under HFT category. As per the RBI guidelines, HFT securities, which remain unsold for a period of 90 days are reclassified as AFS securities as on that date. Investments which the Bank intends to hold till maturity are classified as HTM securities in accordance with the RBI regulations. Investments which are not classified in either of the above two categories are classified under AFS category.

#### 2. Acquisition Cost:

The cost of investments is determined on a weighted average basis. Broken period interest on debt instruments and government securities are considered as a revenue item. The transaction costs including brokerage, commission etc. paid at the time of acquisition of investments are recognised in profit and loss account.

- Disposal of investments: 3.
  - Investments classified as HFT or AFS Profit or loss on sale or redemption is recognised in the profit and loss account.
  - Investments classified as HTM Profit on sale or redemption of investments is recognised in the profit and loss account and is appropriated to capital reserve after adjustments for tax and transfer to statutory reserve. Loss on sale or redemption is recognised in the profit and loss account.
- 4. Short Sale:

The Bank undertakes short sale transactions in central government dated securities in accordance with the RBI guidelines. The short position is categorised under HFT category and netted off from investments in the balance sheet. The short position is marked to market and loss, if any, is charged to the profit and loss account while gain, if any, is ignored. Gain or loss on settlement of the short position is recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### 5. Valuation:

The valuation of investments is performed in accordance with the RBI guidelines as follows:

- a. Investments classified as HTM These are carried at their acquisition cost. Any premium on acquisition of debt instruments / government securities is amortised over the balance maturity of the security on a straight line basis. Any diminution, other than temporary, in the value of such securities is provided.
- b. Investments classified as HFT or AFS - Investments in these categories are marked to market and the net depreciation, if any, within each group is recognised in the profit and loss account. Net appreciation, if any, is ignored. Further, provision for other than temporary diminution is made at the individual security level. Except in cases where provision for other than temporary diminution is made, the book value of the individual securities is not changed as a result of periodic valuations.

- India Private Limited (FBIL) as at the year end.
- Ь carrying cost.
- e.
- under
  - purpose:
  - recognised in the profit and loss account until received;

  - as per the RBI guidelines. Such investments are required to be transferred to AFS thereafter;
  - Company or estimated recoverable value, whichever is lower.
- q. performing investments is not recognized in the profit and loss account until realised.
- interest income or interest expense over the period of the transaction.

#### For the Life Insurance Company:

- a.
- b the 'ex-rights date'.
- realised gain / loss is net of brokerage and taxes, if any.

#### Valuation - Shareholders' Investments and non-linked policy-holders' investments

- amortised or accreted over the period to maturity on an internal rate of return basis.
- e. shares are classified as held to maturity and stated at historical cost.

In case of diminution in the value of investment as at the balance sheet date which is other than temporary, the amount of such diminution is recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account to the extent of difference between the remeasured fair value of the investment and its acquisition cost as reduced by any previous impairment loss recognised in profit and loss account. Any reversal of impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

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c. The market or fair value of quoted investments included in the 'AFS' and 'HFT' categories is measured with respect to the market price of the scrip as available from the trades or quotes on the stock exchanges, SGL account transactions, price list of RBI or prices declared on Fixed Income Money Market and Derivatives Association of India (FIMMDA) website by Financial Benchmark

Treasury bills, exchange funded bills, commercial paper and certificate of deposits being discounted instruments, are valued at

Market value of units of mutual funds is based on the latest net asset value declared by the mutual fund.

Market value of investments where current quotations are not available are determined as per the norms prescribed by the RBI as

In case of unquoted bonds, debentures and preference shares where interest/dividend is received regularly (i.e. not overdue beyond 90 days), the market price is derived based on the Yield to maturity for Government Securities as published by FIMMDA/ FBIL and suitably marked up for credit risk applicable to the credit rating of the instrument. The matrix for credit risk mark-up for each categories and credit ratings along with residual maturity issued by FIMMDA/ FBIL is adopted for this

In case of bonds and debentures (including PTCs) where interest is not received regularly (i.e. overdue beyond 90 days), the valuation is in accordance with prudential norms for provisioning as prescribed by the RBI. Interest on such securities is not

Equity shares, for which current quotations are not available or where the shares are not quoted on the stock exchanges, are valued at break-up value (without considering revaluation reserves, if any) which is ascertained from the company's latest balance sheet. In case the latest balance sheet is not available, the shares are valued at ₹ 1 per investee company;

Units of Venture Capital Funds (VCF) held under AFS category where current valuations are not available are marked to market based on the Net Asset Value (NAV) shown by VCF as per the latest audited financials of the fund. In case the audited financials are not available for a period beyond 18 months, the investments are valued at ₹ 1 per VCF. Investment in unquoted VCF made after 23rd August, 2006 are categorised under HTM category for an initial period of three years and valued at cost

Security receipts are valued as per the NAV obtained from the issuing Asset Reconstruction Company or Securitisation

Non-performing investments are identified and provision is made thereon based on the RBI guidelines. The provision on such non-performing investments are not set off against the appreciation in respect of other performing securities. Interest on non-

Repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions - Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (Repos) and securities purchased under agreements to resell (Reverse Repos) are accounted as collateralised borrowing and lending transactions respectively. The difference between the consideration amount of the first leg and the second leg of the repo is recognised as

Investments are recorded at cost on trade date which includes brokerage, transfer charges, transaction taxes as applicable, etc. but excludes pre-acquisition interest, if any and indirect tax on brokerage where input tax credit is being claimed

Bonus entitlements are recognised as investments on the 'ex-bonus date'. Rights entitlements are recognised as investments on

c. Gain / Loss on transfer or sale of securities is the difference between the transfer or sale price and the net amortised cost / carrying value which is computed on a weighted average basis as on the date of transfer or sale. Sale consideration for the purpose of

d. All debt securities are classified as "HTM" for the purpose of valuation and are accordingly recorded at historical cost (excluding interest paid, if any). Debt securities including government securities are stated at net amortised cost. Money market instruments are valued at historical cost subject to accretion of discount. The premium or discount, if any, on purchase of debt securities is

Listed equity shares as at the balance sheet dates are stated at fair value being the quoted closing price on National Stock Exchange Limited (NSE). If an equity share is not listed or traded on NSE, then closing share price on BSE (formerly known as Bombay Stock Exchange) is used. Unlisted shares or shares awaiting listing are stated at historical cost subject to provision for diminution, if any. In case of Infrastructure Investment Trusts (InvIT), where market quote is not available for the last 30 days, the units shall be valued as per the latest NAV (not more than 6 months old) of the units published by the trust. All redeemable unlisted preference

- **Cokotak** 
  - f Investments in mutual funds are valued at the latest NAV of the funds in which they are invested. Investments in Alternative Investment Funds are valued at the latest NAV.

The investment in Additional Tier 1 Bonds are valued at an applicable market yield rates provided by Credit Rating Information Services of India Limited (CRISIL) on the basis of CRISIL Bond Valuer

- Unrealised gains due to change in the fair value of the investments is taken to a fair value change account and is adjusted in the a. carrying value of investment. The unrealised loss due to change in the fair value of investments, other than due to reversal of the gains recognised in fair value change account, is recognised in the profit and loss account. The gain or loss on sale of investments includes the accumulated changes in the fair value change account.
- Real estate investment property represents building held for investment purpose to earn rental income or for capital appreciation h. and is not occupied. Such investment property is initially valued at cost including any direct attributable cost. Investment in the real estate investment property is valued at historical cost plus revaluation, if any. Revaluation of the investment property is done at least once in three years. Any change in the carrying amount of the investment property is accounted to revaluation reserve forming part of "Reserves and Surplus". Impairment loss, if any, exceeding revaluation reserve is recognised as expense in the profit and loss account.

Unlisted units of Real Estate Investment Trusts (REIT) awaiting listing are stated at historical cost subject to provision for diminution, if any. Investment in units of REIT are valued at market value (last quoted price should not be later than 30 days). Where market quote is not available for the last 30 days, the units shall be valued as per the latest NAV (not more than 6 months old) of the units published by the trust.

Certain guaranteed products offered by the Life Insurance subsidiary assure the policy holders a fixed rate of return for premiums to be received in the future and the Life Insurance subsidiary is exposed to interest rate risk on account of re-investment of interest & principal maturities at future date & guarantee risk on premiums from already written policies. The Life Insurance subsidiary is following hedge accounting for all derivative transactions.

For derivatives which are designated as a cash flow hedge in a hedging relationship, hedge effectiveness is ascertained at the time of inception of the hedge and periodically.

- The portion of fair value gain / loss on interest rate derivative that is determined to be an effective hedge is recognized directly • in policyholders' funds.
- . The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of such instruments is recognized in profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.
- If the hedging relationship ceases to be effective or it becomes probable that the expected forecasted transaction will no longer occur, hedge accounting is discontinued and the cumulative gains or losses that were recognized earlier in balance sheet shall be reclassified to the profit and loss account in the same period or periods during which the hedged forecasted cash flows affect the profit and loss account.

**Recognition of Derivatives in Balance Sheet** 

- Initial Recognition: All derivatives are initially recognized in the Balance sheet at their fair value, which usually represents their cost.
- . Subsequent Recognition: All derivatives are subsequently re-measured at their fair value, with change in fair value is recognized as per hedge accounting principles. All derivatives are carried as assets when the fair values are positive and as liabilities when the fair values are negative.
- All assets where the interest and/or instalment of principal repayment remain overdue for more than 90 days at the balance sheet date are classified as NPA and provided for in the manner required by the IRDAI regulations in this regard.

Valuation – Unit linked Business

- k. All Government securities, except treasury bills, held in linked business are valued at prices obtained from CRISIL. Debt securities other than government securities are valued on the basis of CRISIL bond valuer. The discount on purchase of treasury bills, certificate of deposit, commercial papers and triparty repois accreted over the period to maturity on an internal rate of return basis. Listed shares and Exchange Traded Funds (ETF) are valued at fair value, being the last guoted closing price on the NSE (In case of securities not listed on NSE, the last guoted closing price on the BSE is used). Equity shares awaiting listing are stated at historical cost subject to provision for diminution, if any, in the value of such investments. Such diminution is determined separately for each individual investment. Unrealised gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.
- Mutual fund units are valued at the latest NAV of the fund in which they are invested.
- All unlisted redeemable preference shares are considered as held to maturity and stated at historical cost. m.
- Transfer of investments (other than debt securities) from Shareholders' fund to the Policyholders' fund is at book value or market n price, whichever is lower. Transfer of debt securities from Shareholders' to Policyholders' fund is transacted at the lower of net amortised cost or market value. Transfers of investments between unit-linked funds are done at prevailing market price.

For General Insurance Company:

- а. Investments are recorded at cost and include brokerage, transfer charges, stamps etc., and exclude pre acquisition interest, if any.
- b. Debt securities and non-convertible preference shares are considered as 'HTM' and stated at historical cost adjusted for amortisation of premium or accretion of discount determined on constant yield to maturity basis over the holding / maturity period.

- of realised gain / loss is net of brokerage and taxes, if any.
- e. change account' in balance sheet and are included in the carrying value of investment.

For other entities:

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Investments, other than stock-in-trade are classified into long term investments and current investments in accordance with Accounting Standard 13 (AS-13) "Accounting for Investments". Investments, which are intended to be held for more than one year from the date, on which the investments are made, are classified as long term investments and investments, which are intended to be held for less than one year from the date, on which the investments are made, are classified as current investments. Long term investments are carried at cost and provision for diminution in value is made to recognise a decline other than temporary in the value of investment, such reduction being determined and made for each investment individually. The fair value of PTC is determined based on the yield to maturity for government securities as published by FIMMDA and suitably marked up for credit risk applicable to the credit rating of the instrument.

Current investments are valued at cost (calculated by applying weighted average cost method) or market/ fair value whichever is lower. In case of investments in units of a mutual fund, the NAV of units is considered as market or fair value. The securities acquired with the intention to trade are classified as Stock-in-Trade. Investments classified as "Stock-in-Trade" by some of the subsidiaries are valued at cost (calculated by applying weighted average cost method) or market price, whichever is lower determined by the category of investments. Brokerage, stamping and additional charges paid are included in the cost of investments. The profit or loss on sale of investments (including Stock-in-trade) is recognised on trade date in the profit and loss account.

#### G. FOREIGN CURRENCY AND DERIVATIVE TRANSACTIONS

#### For the Bank:

- Dealers' Association of India (FEDAI) and the resultant gain or loss is accounted in the profit and loss account.
- ii. office (which are integral in nature) expenses, which are translated at the monthly average rate of exchange.
- iii.
- iv.
- vi. the fair value of derivatives other than those designated as hedges are recognised in the profit and loss account.
- option. Option contracts are marked to market on every reporting date.
- as "Foreign Currency Translation Reserve" forming part of "Reserves and Surplus"

#### For other entities

- ix. the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.
- Х date.

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c. Mutual fund units are stated at their NAV as at the balance sheet date. Any unrealised gain / loss is accounted for under fair value change account and is included in the carrying value of investment. In case of any net mark to market loss, the additional provision to the extent of the loss in fair value change account on the balance sheet date is recognised in profit and loss account.

d. Gain / loss on transfer or sale of securities is the difference between the transfer or sale price and the net amortised cost / carrying value which is computed on a weighted average cost basis as on the date of transfer or sale. Sale consideration for the purpose

The realised gain or loss on mutual funds is the difference between sale consideration and carrying cost as on the date of sale, determined on a weighted average cost basis. Any unrealised gain or loss in respect of mutual funds are recognised in 'fair value

Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated as at the balance sheet date at rates notified by the Foreign Exchange

Income and expenditure items are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction except for representative

Outstanding forward (other than deposit and placement swaps) and spot foreign exchange contracts outstanding at the balance sheet date are revalued at rates notified by FEDAI for specified maturities and at the interpolated rates of interim maturities. In case of forward contracts of greater maturities where exchange rates are not notified by FEDAI are revalued at the forward exchange rates implied by the swap curves in respective currencies. The forward profits or losses on the forward contracts are discounted using discount rates and the resulting profits or losses are recognised in the profit and loss account as per the regulations stipulated by the RBI.

Foreign exchange swaps "linked" to foreign currency deposits and placements are translated at the prevailing spot rate at the time of swap. The premium or discount on the swap arising out of the difference in the exchange rate of the swap date and the maturity date of the underlying forward contract is amortised over the period of the swap and the same is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Contingent liabilities on account of letters of credit, bank guarantees and acceptances and endorsements outstanding as at the balance sheet date denominated in foreign currencies and other foreign exchange contracts are translated at year-end rates notified by FEDAI.

Notional amounts of derivative transactions comprising of swaps, futures and options are disclosed as off balance sheet exposures. The Bank recognises all derivative contracts (other than those designated as hedges) at fair value, on the date on which the derivative contracts are entered into and are re-measured at fair value as at the balance sheet date. Derivatives are classified as assets when the fair value is positive (positive marked to market) or as liabilities when the fair value is negative (negative marked to market). Changes in

vii. Outstanding derivative transactions designated as "Hedges" are accounted in accordance with hedging instrument on an accrual basis over the life of the underlying instrument. Option premium paid or received is recognised in the profit and loss account on expiry of the

viii. The financial statements of IBU and DIFC branch which are in the nature of non-integral overseas operations are translated on the following basis: (a) Income and expenses are converted at the average rate of exchange during the year and (b) All assets and liabilities are translated at closing rate as at Balance sheet date. The exchange difference arising out of year end translation is debited or credited

On initial recognition, all foreign currency transactions are recorded by applying to the foreign currency amount exchange rate between

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are reported using the closing rate of exchange as at the balance sheet

xii. The financial statements of all subsidiaries incorporated outside India which are in the nature of non-integral foreign operations are translated on the following basis: (a) Income and expenses are converted at the average rate of exchange applicable for the year and (b) All assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate as at the balance sheet date. The exchange difference arising out of year end translation is debited or credited as "Foreign Currency Translation Reserve" forming part of "Reserves and Surplus".

On the disposal / partial disposal of a non-integral foreign operation, the cumulative / proportionate amount of the exchange differences which has been accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve and which relates to that operation are recognised as income or expenses in the same period in which gain or loss on disposal is recognised.

#### Currency/ Interest rate derivatives / Equity index / equity futures, equity index / equity options, embedded derivatives / other derivatives (Not designated as hedges):

- Outstanding derivative contracts, including embedded derivatives, are measured at fair value as at each balance sheet date. Fair value xiii of derivatives is determined using quoted market prices in an actively traded market, for the instrument, wherever available, as the best evidence of fair value. In the absence of quoted market prices in an actively traded market, a valuation technique is used to determine the fair value. In most cases the valuation techniques use observable market data as input parameters in order to ensure reliability of the fair value measure.
- xiv. Initial Margin Derivative Instrument representing the initial margin paid and / or additional margin paid over and above the initial margin, for entering into contracts for equity index / stock futures and equity index / stock options / other derivatives, which are released on final settlement / squaring-up of the underlying contracts, are disclosed under Other Assets. "Deposit for Market to Market Margin - Derivative Instrument" representing the deposit paid in respect of marked to market margin is disclosed under other assets.
- xv. On final settlement or squaring up of contracts for equity index / stock futures / other derivatives, the realised profit or loss after adjusting the unrealised loss already accounted, if any, is recognised in the profit and loss account and shown as profit on exchange transactions (net) (including derivatives).
- xvi. On settlement or squaring up of equity index / stock options / other derivatives before expiry, the premium prevailing in option contracts on that date is recognised in the profit and loss account.
- xvii. When more than one contract in respect of the relevant series of equity index / stock futures or equity index / stock options / other derivatives contract to which the squared-up contract pertains is outstanding at the time of the squaring-up of the contract, the contract price of the contract so squared-up is determined using the weighted average cost method for calculating the profit or loss on squaring-up.

#### H. ADVANCES

#### Classification:

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- Advances are classified as performing and non-performing advances (NPAs) based on the RBI guidelines and are stated net of bills rediscounted, inter-bank participation with risk, specific provisions, interest in suspense for non-performing advances and claims received from Export Credit Guarantee Corporation, claims received under the emergency credit line guarantee scheme (ECLGS), provisions for funded interest term loan and provisions in lieu of diminution in the fair value of restructured assets. Also, NPAs are classified into sub-standard, doubtful and loss as required by the RBI guidelines. Interest on NPAs remaining uncollected is transferred to an interest suspense account and not recognised in the profit and loss account until received.
- ii Amounts paid for acquiring non-performing assets from other Banks and NBFCs are considered as advances. Actual collections received on such non-performing assets are compared with the cash flows estimated while purchasing the asset to ascertain over dues. If such over dues are in excess of 90 days, the Group classifies such assets into sub-standard, doubtful or loss as required by the RBI guidelines on purchase of non-performing assets.

#### For Bank and NBFC subsidiaries- Provisioning :

- Provision for non-performing assets comprising sub-standard, doubtful and loss assets is made in accordance with the RBI guidelines. iii. In addition, the Bank and its NBFC subsidiaries consider accelerated specific provisioning that is based on past experience, evaluation of security and other related factors. Specific loan loss provisions in respect of non-performing advances are charged to the profit and loss account. Any recoveries made in case of NPAs written off are recognised in the profit and loss account.
- iv. The Bank and its NBFC subsidiaries consider a restructured account as one where the Bank, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, grants to the borrower concessions that they would not otherwise consider. Restructuring would normally involve modification of terms of the advance / securities, which would generally include, among others, alteration of repayment period / repayable amount / the amount of installments / rate of interest (due to reasons other than competitive reasons). Restructured accounts are classified as such only upon approval and implementation of the restructuring package. Necessary provision for diminution in the fair value of a restructured account is made.

In accordance with the RBI guidelines, the Bank and its NBFC subsidiaries create general provision on standard assets including credit exposures computed as per the current marked to market values of interest rate and foreign exchange derivative contracts, and gold at levels stipulated by the RBI from time to time. The Bank also creates additional standard asset provision for overseas step down subsidiaries of Indian corporates and standard provision at higher than the prescribed rates in respect of advances to stressed sectors as per the framework approved by Board of Directors. In case of frauds, the Bank and its NBFC subsidiaries makes provision for amounts it is liable for in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI.

- V more of the Bank's total assets based on the rates laid down by the RBI.
- vi. Provisions for Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure of borrowers are made by the Bank as per the RBI guidelines.
- vii. considered as restructured.

Further in accordance with Resolution Framework for COVID-19 and Restructuring of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) sector advances both announced by the RBI on 6<sup>th</sup> August, 2020, 5<sup>th</sup> May 2021, the Bank and its NBFC subsidiaries have implemented one-time restructuring for certain eligible borrowers and such borrowers are classified as Standard in accordance with the above framework at the time of implementation.

In respect of borrowers restructured under the Resolution Framework - 1.0 and Resolution Framework 2.0 for COVID-19 related stress, the Bank and its NBFC subsidiaries holds provisions higher than the provisions as required by the RBI guidelines.

#### For other entities:

- viii. Life insurance subsidiary provides general provision on standard assets at 0.40% in accordance with the IRDAI guidelines.
- ix written off when there is no possibility of recovery.

#### STRUCTURED LIABILITIES 1

The Group has issued structured liabilities wherein the return on these liabilities is linked to non-interest benchmarks. Such structured liabilities have an embedded derivative which is the non-interest related return component. The embedded derivative is separated from the host contract and accounted separately {Refer Note 2 (G)(xiii)}.

The resultant debt component of such structured liabilities is recognised in the balance sheet under borrowings and is measured at amortised cost on a yield to maturity basis.

#### J. LIABILITY FOR POLICIES

- and the Institute of Actuaries of India.
- expiry of the revival period.
- Linked liabilities comprise of unit liability representing fund value of policies and are shown as 'Policyholders' Funds'. iii

#### K. ACTUARIAL METHOD – LIFE INSURANCE

- 'Policyholders' Funds'.
- mortality and morbidity.
- iii plus a non-unit reserve to provide for expenses and mortality benefits.

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Further to provisions required as per the asset classification status, provisions are held by Bank for individual country exposure (except for home country) as per the RBI guidelines. Exposure is classified in the seven risk categories as mentioned in the Export Credit Guarantee Corporation of India Limited (ECGC) guidelines and provisioning is done for that country if the net funded exposure is one percent or

In accordance with the RBI guidelines relating to COVID-19 Regulatory Package dated 27<sup>th</sup> March, 2020, 17<sup>th</sup> April, 2020 and 23<sup>rd</sup> May, 2020 and clarification issued by the RBI through Indian Bankers Association dated 6th May, 2020, the Bank and its NBFC subsidiaries have granted a moratorium on the payment of instalments and / or interest, as applicable, falling due between 1st March, 2020 and 31st August, 2020 ('moratorium period') to eligible borrowers classified as Standard, even if overdue, as on 29th February, 2020. In accordance with the RBI guidelines, the moratorium period, wherever granted, is excluded by the Bank and its NBFC subsidiaries from the number of days past-due for the purpose of asset classification under RBI's Income Recognition and Asset Classification norms. A general provision on the entire amount outstanding from borrowers who had an overdue on 29<sup>th</sup> February, 2020 and to whom moratorium was given is made by Bank and its NBFC subsidiaries. In accordance with the said guidelines, such accounts where moratorium has been granted are not

Receivables/ Sundry Debtors (included in Schedule 11-Other assets) are stated at original invoice amount less provision for any uncollectible amounts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are

Provision is made for policy liabilities in respect of all "in force" policies and "lapsed policies" that are likely to be revived in future based on actuarial valuation done by the appointed actuary in accordance with generally accepted actuarial practices, requirements of IRDAI

Liabilities in respect of unit-linked policies which have lapsed and are not likely to be revived, are shown as Policyholders' liabilities until

Actuarial method and assumptions: The actuarial liabilities have been calculated by the appointed actuary in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles, the requirements of the Insurance Act 1938 as amended by the Insurance Laws (Amendment) Act, 2015, the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority Act, 1999 and the regulations framed thereunder, the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (Preparation of Financial Statements and Auditor's Report of Insurance Companies) Regulations, 2002, the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (Assets, Liabilities and Solvency Margin of Life Insurance Business) Regulations, 2016, and other relevant regulations, orders/ directions issued by IRDAI in this regard and the prescribed guidance notes issued by the Institute of Actuaries of India. In respect of unit linked policies, a unit reserve equal to the value of units as at the balance sheet date and an additional non-unit reserve calculated on gross premium prospective valuation method is created. The method adopted for par policies (accumulation contracts) is the value of the accumulated fund and an additional non-unit reserve calculated on gross premium prospective valuation method. In respect of individual conventional business / Group business where premiums are guaranteed for more than one year, gross premium prospective method is used. Additional reserve on lapsed unit-linked policies is created and shown as

The assumptions used in the gross premium valuation are based on best estimates together with appropriate margins for adverse deviations from experience. The principal assumptions are interest, inflation, return to policyholders' accounts, lapses, expenses,

Reserves for group life one year renewable policies are calculated as the risk premium for the unexpired term with an allowance for expenses and a margin for adverse deviations. The actuarial liability for Group fund based is equal to account value as at valuation date iv

- Reserve for freelook cancellation is held to meet any premium refunds from policy freelook cancellations. The reserve held is equal to assumed probability of freelook cancellations.
- The Life Insurance subsidiary, on the basis of past available COVID-19 death experience and current pandemic situation along with V vaccination drive across the country holds additional reserves which would be sufficient to meet any expected additional claims likely to emerge under the current COVID - 19 situation. Further, the Prudence in the Best Estimate (BE) mortality basis and Margins for Adverse deviation (MAD) will also help to meet expected additional claims due to COVID-19. The Life Insurance subsidiary reinsures mortality with an optimum level of retention on guaranteed premiums bases, with financially strong reinsurers. They also carry out resilience test on balance sheet and its impact on solvency margin.

#### L. **RESERVE FOR UNEXPIRED RISK – GENERAL INSURANCE**

Reserve for unexpired risk is recognised net of reinsurance ceded and represents premium written that is attributable and to be allocated to succeeding accounting periods for risks to be borne by the Group under contractual obligations over a contract period basis or period of risk, whichever is applicable. As per circular vide IRDA/F&A/CIR/CPM/056/03/2016 dated 4th April, 2016 such reserves are calculated on a pro-rata basis under 1/365 basis subject to 100% for marine hull business, on all unexpired policies at balance sheet date.

#### M. DISCOUNTED INSTRUMENTS

The liability is recognised at face value at the time of issuance of discounted instruments, less unexpired discount. The discount on the issue is amortised over the tenure of the instrument.

#### N. ACQUISITION COSTS OF INSURANCE CONTRACTS

Acquisition costs such as commission and medical fees are costs that vary with and are primarily related to the acquisition of new and renewal insurance contracts. Such costs are recognised in the year in which they are incurred.

#### 0. Securities lending and borrowing

The broking subsidiary enters into security lending and borrowing transaction which is accounted as below:

- Initial margin and / or additional margin paid over and above the initial margin, for entering into contracts for equity shares which are a. released on final settlement / squaring - up of the underlying contracts, are disclosed under other assets.
- h On final settlement or squaring up of contracts for equity shares the realised profit or loss after adjusting the unrealised profit or loss already accounted, if any, is recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### P. BULLION

The Bank imports bullion including precious metal bars on a consignment basis for selling to its wholesale customers. The difference between the sale price to customers and actual price quoted by supplier is reflected under other income.

The Bank also borrows and lends gold, which is treated as borrowings or lending as the case may be in accordance with the RBI guidelines and the interest paid or received is classified as interest expense or income and is accounted on an accrual basis.

#### Q. TAXES ON INCOME

The income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid in India in respect of taxable income for the year in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 enacted in India. Tax expenses relating to overseas subsidiaries are determined in accordance with the tax laws applicable in countries where such subsidiaries are domiciled.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in a year is charged to the profit and loss account as current tax. The Group recognises MAT credit available as an asset only to the extent that there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period, i.e. the period over which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward and is reviewed at each balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for the future tax consequences of timing differences being the difference between the taxable income and the accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent period.

Deferred tax assets on account of timing differences are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. In case of carry forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation, under tax laws, all the deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Changes in deferred tax assets / liabilities on account of changes in enacted tax rates are given effect to in the profit and loss account in the period of the change. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date. The Group writesdown the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realised.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are off set when there is legally enforceable right to set-off assets against liabilities representing current tax and where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities across various entities are not set off against each other as the Group does not have a legal right to do so.

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#### **R. SEGMENT REPORTING**

In accordance with guidelines issued by the RBI and Accounting Standard 17 (AS-17) on "Segment Reporting"; the Group's business has been segregated into the following segments whose principal activities are as under:

Segment	Prin	cipal activity		
Treasury, BMU and Corporate centre	and	ey market, forex market, derivat Balance Sheet Management un ch primarily comprises of suppo		
Retail Banking	Inclu	udes:		
	1.	Lending		
		Commercial vehicle finance, p exposures which fulfill the fo Supervision document "Inter Revised Framework".		
	2.	Branch Banking		
		Retail borrowings covering sa services including distributior		
	3.	Credit Cards		
		Receivables / loans relating to		
Corporate / Wholesale Banking		lesale borrowings and lendings iil Banking.		
Vehicle Financing	Reta	il vehicle finance and wholesale		
Other Lending Activities	Financing against securities, secur Corporate / Wholesale Banking fro			
Broking	Brokerage income on market trans of financial products from its Subsi			
Advisory and Transactional Services	Providing financial advisory and tra debt issue management services fr			
Asset Management		Management of funds and investme Subsidiary Companies.		
Insurance	Life	and General Insurance business		

A transfer pricing mechanism between segments has been established by Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) for allocation of interest cost to its segments based on borrowing costs, maturity profile of assets / liabilities etc. and which is disclosed as part of segment revenue.

Segment revenues consist of earnings from external customers and inter-segment revenue as stated above. Segment expenses consist of interest expenses including those allocated, operating expenses and provisions.

Segment results are net of segment revenue and segment expenses.

Segment assets include assets related to segments and exclude tax related assets. Segment liabilities include liabilities related to the segment excluding net worth, minority interest and employees' stock option (grants outstanding), proposed dividend and dividend tax thereon.

Since the business operations of the Group are primarily concentrated in India, the Group is considered to operate only in the domestic segment.

#### S. EMPLOYEE SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

#### Equity-settled:

The Employee Stock Option Schemes (ESOSs) of the Bank are in accordance with SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021. The schemes provide for grant of options to employees of the Group to acquire the equity shares of the Bank that vest in cliff vesting or in a graded manner and that are to be exercised within a specified period.

RBI, vide its clarification dated 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2021 on Guidelines on Compensation of Whole Time Directors / Chief Executive Officers / Material Risk Takers and Control Function Staff, advised Banks that the fair value of share-linked instruments on the date of grant should be recognised as an expense for all instruments granted after the accounting period ending 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021.

In accordance with the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 and the Guidance Note on "Accounting for Employee Share-based payments" issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the cost of equity-settled transactions is measured using the intrinsic value method for all options granted on or before 31st March, 2021. The intrinsic value being the excess, if any, of the fair market price of the share under ESOSs over the exercise price of the option is recognised as deferred employee compensation with a credit to Employee's Stock Option (Grant) Outstanding account.

The Bank and its subsidiaries have changed its accounting policy from intrinsic value method to fair value method for all share-linked instruments granted after 31st March, 2021 in accordance with the RBI guidance. The fair value of the option is estimated on the date of grant using Black-Scholes model and is recognised as deferred employee compensation with a credit to Employee's Stock Option (Grant) Outstanding account.

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tives and investments and primary dealership of Government securities nit (BMU) responsible for Asset Liability Management and Corporate Centre ort functions

personal loans, home loans, agriculture finance, other loans / services and four criteria for retail exposures laid down in Basel Committee on Banking rnational Convergence of Capital Measurement and Capital Standards: A

avings, current and term deposit accounts and Branch Banking network and on of financial products.

to credit card business.

and other related services to the corporate sector which are not included in

le trade finance to auto dealers from its Subsidiary Company.

tisation and other loans / services not included under Retail Banking and m its Subsidiary Companies.

actions done on behalf of clients, interest on delayed payments, distribution idiary Company.

nsactional services such as mergers and acquisition advice and equity / rom its Subsidiary Companies.

ents on behalf of clients and investment distribution (Cherry) from its

ss of its Subsidiary Companies.

The deferred employee compensation cost is amortised on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of the option. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the number of equity instruments that are outstanding.

The options that do not vest because of failure to satisfy vesting condition are reversed by a credit to employee compensation expense in "Payment to and provision for employee", equal to the amortised portion of the cost of lapsed option and credit to deferred employee compensation equal to the unamortised portion. In respect of the options which expire unexercised the balance standing to the credit of Employee's Stock Option (Grant) Outstanding account is transferred to General Reserve. The fair market price is the latest available closing price, preceding the date of grant of the option, on the stock exchange on which the shares of the Bank are listed.

Where the terms of an equity–settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognised in 'Payments to and provision for employees' is the expense as if the terms had not been modified. An additional expense is recognised for any modification which increases the total intrinsic/ fair value of the share–based payment arrangement, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

#### Cash-settled:

The cost of cash-settled transactions, stock appreciation rights (SARs) having grant date on or before 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 is measured initially using intrinsic value method at the grant date taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted. Similar to Equity settled options, SARs granted after 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 are measured on fair value basis.

The intrinsic / fair value is amortised on a straight-line basis over the vesting period with a recognition of corresponding liability. This liability is remeasured at each balance sheet date up to and including the vesting date with changes in intrinsic / fair value recognised in the profit and loss account in 'Payments to and provision for employees'. The SARs that do not vest because of failure to satisfy vesting conditions are reversed by a credit to employee compensation expense, equal to the amortised cost in respect of the lapsed portion.

#### T. CLAIMS / BENEFITS

In respect of Life Insurance subsidiary, benefits paid comprise of policy death benefit, maturity, surrenders, survival benefits, discontinuance and other policy related claims and change in the outstanding provision for claims at the year end. Claims by death and surrender are accounted when intimated. Survival benefits are accounted when due. Maturity claims are accounted on the date of maturity. Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are accounted for in the same period as the related claim. Repudiated claims disputed before judicial authorities are provided for, based on the best judgment of the management considering the facts and evidence in respect of each such claim. Withdrawals under unit-linked policies are accounted in respective schemes when the associated units are cancelled. Death claim benefit includes specific claim settlement costs wherever applicable.

In respect of General Insurance subsidiary, claims incurred includes claims paid net of reinsurance recovery and salvage value retained by the insured, change in loss reserve during the period, change in claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) & change in claims incurred but not enough reported (IBNR). Claims incurred also include survey fees, legal fees and other expenses directly attributable to claim cost. Claims are recognised as and when intimation of it is received and provision is determined (net of reinsurance recovery) by the management on the best estimate of claims likely to be paid based on survey reports, based on information received from various sources and from past experience.

Any subsequent information may result in revision of likely amount of final claim payment and accordingly provision for outstanding claims gets restated.

Estimated liability for IBNR and IBNER has been estimated by the appointed actuary in compliance with the relevant regulations and guidelines issued by IRDAI and the same is duly certified by the appointed actuary.

#### U. LOSS ON SALE OF ADVANCES TO ASSET RECONSTRUCTION COMPANY

Loss on sale of advances sold to Asset Reconstruction Company is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

#### V. SECURITISATION

The Group enters into purchase/ sale of corporate and retail loans through direct assignment/ Special Purpose Vehicles (SPVs). In most cases, post securitisation, the Group continues to service the loans transferred to the SPV. The Group also provides credit enhancement in the form of cash collaterals and / or by subordination of cash flows to senior PTCs holders. In respect of credit enhancements provided or recourse obligations (projected delinquencies, future servicing etc.) accepted by the Group, appropriate provision / disclosure is made at the time of sale in accordance with Accounting Standard 29, (AS-29) "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

In accordance with the RBI guidelines on Securitisation of Standard Assets dated 24<sup>th</sup> September 2021, the profit, loss or premium on account of securitisation of assets at the time of sale is computed as the difference between the sale consideration and the book value of the securitised asset. Any resultant profit, loss or premium realised on account of securitisation is recognised to the Profit and Loss Account in the period in which the sale is completed.

#### W. LEASES

#### As Lessee:

Leases where all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### As Lessor:

Leases where the Group has substantially retained all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases and included in fixed assets. Lease income is recognised in the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Initial direct costs in respect of operating leases such as legal costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognised as expense immediately in the profit and loss account.

In respect of leases of tangible assets where the Group has substantially transferred all the risks and rewards incidental to legal ownership, such leases are classified as finance leases. Such assets are recognised as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. The lease payment is apportioned between finance income and the repayment of principle i.e. the net investment in the lease.

#### X. ACCOUNTING FOR PROVISIONS, CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

The Group has assessed its obligations arising in the normal course of business, including pending litigations, proceedings pending with tax authorities and other contracts including derivative and long term contracts. In accordance with Accounting Standard - 29 on 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets', the Group recognises a provision for material foreseeable losses when it has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are measured based on best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. These are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

In cases where the available information indicates that the loss on the contingency is reasonably possible but the amount of loss cannot be reasonably estimated, a disclosure to this effect is made as contingent liabilities in the financial statements. The Group does not expect the outcome of these contingencies to have a materially adverse effect on its financial results. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

The Bank estimates the liability for credit card reward points and cost per point using actuarial valuation conducted by an independent actuary, which includes assumptions such as mortality, redemption and spends.

#### Y. SCHEME EXPENSES

New fund offer expenses and other expenses not chargeable to schemes, in accordance with applicable circulars and guidelines issued by SEBI and Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) are borne by the Asset Management Company of the Group. Brokerage paid for close ended schemes before 22<sup>nd</sup> October, 2018 circular issued by SEBI in relation to upfront brokerage are amortised by the Asset Management Company of the Group over the tenor of each scheme on a straight line basis

## Z. CONTRIBUTION TO TERRORISM POOL

In accordance with the requirements of IRDAI, the General Insurance subsidiary, together with other insurance companies, participated in the Terrorism Pool. This Pool is managed by General Insurance Corporation of India (GIC). In accordance with the terms of the agreement, GIC retro cedes, to the Group, terrorism premium to the extent of shares agreed to be borne by the Group in the risk which is recorded as reinsurance accepted. Such Insurance accepted is recorded based on quarterly confirmation received from GIC. Reinsurance accepted on account of Terrorism Pool is recorded based on statement received from GIC.

The entire amount of reinsurance accepted for the current year on this account, net of claims and expenses up to the above date, is carried forward to the subsequent accounting period as changes in unearned premium for subsequent risks, if any, to be borne by the Group.

#### AA. CONTRIBUTION TO SOLATIUM FUND

As per the requirements of IRDAI, the General Insurance subsidiary provides for contribution to solatium fund at 0.10% on the gross direct premium of motor third party policies.

#### AB. SHARE ISSUE EXPENSES

Share issue expenses are adjusted from securities premium account as permitted by section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### AC. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for events of bonus issue and stock split.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year.

#### AD. IMPAIRMENT

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. Impairment loss, if any, is recognised in the profit and loss account to the extent carrying amount of assets exceeds their estimated recoverable amount.

#### AE. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise Cash in hand, Balances with Reserve Bank of India and Balances with Banks and Money at Call and Short Notice (including the effect of changes in exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents in foreign currency).

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#### 3. CAPITAL ISSUANCE

The Bank on 31<sup>st</sup> May, 2020, had concluded a Qualified Institutions Placement (QIP) of 65,000,000 equity shares at a price of ₹ 1,145 per equity share aggregating to ₹ 7,442.50 crore. Accordingly, share capital increased by ₹ 32.50 crore and share premium increased by ₹ 7,372.72 crore which is net of share issue expenses of ₹ 37.28 crore.

#### 4. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

a. The Group has recognised the following amounts in the profit and loss account towards contributions to provident fund and other funds.

	(₹ in crore)		
	Year Ended		
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021		
Provident Fund	265.67	207.67	
Superannuation Fund	1.63	1.71	
New Pension Fund	10.47	8.17	
DIFC Employee Workplace Savings Scheme (DEWS)	0.67	0.61	

b. The gratuity plan provides a lumpsum payment to vested employees at retirement or on termination of employment based on respective employee's salary and years of employment with the Group subject to a maximum of ₹ 0.20 crore. There is no ceiling on gratuity payable to directors and certain categories of employees subject to service regulations and service awards.

c. Reconciliation of opening and closing balance of the present value of the defined benefit obligation for gratuity benefits is given below.

				(₹ in crore)
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> Ma	rch, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> Marc	ch, 2021
	Funded	Unfunded	Funded	Unfunded
Change in benefit obligations				
Liability as at the beginning of the year	610.16	7.98	552.47	6.60
Transfer from Unfunded to Funded	-	-	-	-
Current Service cost	78.30	1.35	73.37	1.14
Interest cost	38.96	0.54	36.45	0.46
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	25.14	1.07	21.50	0.56
Past Service cost	-	-	-	-
Liabilities assumed on acquisition / (settled on divestiture)	(0.57)	0.48	0.22	(0.26)
Benefits paid	(110.65)	(1.06)	(73.85)	(0.52)
Liability as at the end of the year	641.34	10.36	610.16	7.98
Change in plan assets				
Fair value of plan assets as at the beginning of the year	666.73	-	498.16	-
Expected return on plan assets	42.98	-	36.69	-
Actuarial Gain / (loss)	38.57	-	65.24	-
Benefits paid	(110.65)	(1.06)	(73.85)	(0.52)
Employer contributions	67.16	1.06	140.49	0.52
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	704.79	-	666.73	-

Reconciliation of present value of the obligation and the fair value of the plan assets

				(₹ in crore)
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> Mar	ch, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
	Funded	Unfunded	Funded	Unfunded
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	704.79	-	666.73	-
Liability as at the end of the year	641.34	10.36	610.16	7.98
Net Asset / (Liability) included in "Others" under "Other Assets"/ "Other Liabilities"	63.45	(10.36)	56.57	(7.98)
Expenses recognised for the year				
Current service cost	78.30	1.35	73.37	1.14
Interest cost	38.96	0.54	36.45	0.46
Expected return on plan assets	(42.98)	-	(36.69)	-
Actuarial (gain) / loss	(13.43)	1.07	(43.74)	0.56
Past Service Cost	-	-	-	-
Effect of the limit in Para 59(b)	-	-	-	-
Net gratuity expense recognised in Schedule 16.I	60.85	2.96	29.39	2.16
Actual return on plan assets	81.54	-	101.92	-

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# Reconciliation of the Liability recognised in the Balance Sheet

Net (Asset) / Liability as at the beginning of the year	
Transfer from Unfunded to Funded	
Expense recognized	
Liabilities assumed on acquisition / (settled on divestiture)	
Employer contributions	
Effect of the limit in Para 59(b)	
Net (Asset) / Liability included in "Others" under "Other Assets" or "Other Liabilities"	

#### Investment details of plan assets

The plan assets are invested in insurer managed funds. Major categories of plan assets as a percentage of fair value of total plan assets:

Equity shares
Government securities
Bonds, debentures and other fixed income instruments
LIC managed funds <sup>#</sup>
Money market instruments and other assets
Total

# The plan assets are invested in a fund managed by Life Insurance Corporation of India. In the absence of detailed information regarding plan assets of the fund, the composition of each major category of plan assets, the percentage or amount for each category of the fair value of plan assets has not been disclosed.

#### Actuarial assumptions used

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Discount rate	6.10% to 6.79% p.a.	5.65% to 6.37% p.a.
Salary escalation rate	5.50% (IBA) and 12.00% until year 1, then 7.00 %- 8.00% p.a. (Others)	5.50% (IBA) and 7.00% - 8.00% (Others) p.a.
Expected rate of return on plan assets	6.10% to 7.25% p.a.	5.65% - 7.00% p.a.

The estimates of future salary increase, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

Expected rate of return on plan assets is based on expectation of the average long term rate of return expected on investments of the Fund during the estimated term of the obligations.

#### Experience adjustments

Amounts for the current and previous four years are as follows:

					(₹ in crore)
Que to ite	Year ended 31st March,				
Gratuity	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Defined benefit obligation	651.68	618.14	559.07	489.11	450.12
Plan assets	704.80	666.73	498.16	470.41	342.00
Surplus / (deficit)	53.12	48.59	(60.91)	(18.70)	(108.12)
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	28.32	12.38	42.40	20.25	13.28
Experience adjustments on plan assets	38.56	65.23	(43.65)	11.25	(0.90)

The Group expects to contribute ₹ 48.46 crore to gratuity fund in financial year 2022-23.

The above information is as certified by the actuaries of the respective companies and relied upon by the auditors.

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			(₹ in crore)
As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> M	larch, 2021
Funded	Unfunded	Funded	Unfunded
(56.57)	7.98	54.31	6.60
-	-	-	-
60.85	2.96	29.39	2.16
(0.57)	0.48	0.22	(0.26)
(67.16)	(1.06)	(140.49)	(0.52)
-	-	-	-
(63.45)	10.36	(56.57)	7.98

As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022 %	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021 %
48.35	43.24
30.84	36.73
9.24	8.72
0.19	6.47
11.38	4.84
100.00	100.00

#### Pension

Pension liability relates to employees of eIVBL

Pursuant to the revision in family pension payable to employees of the Bank covered under 11th Bi-Partite settlement and Joint Note dated November 11, 2020, the Bank recognised the entire additional liability of ₹ 115.15 crore in the Profit and Loss Account during the year ended 31st March, 2022. There is no unamortised expenditure in the Balance Sheet on account of Family Pension.

Reconciliation of opening and closing balance of the present value of the defined benefit obligation for pension benefits is given below.

		(₹ in crore)
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
	Funded	Funded
Change in benefit obligations		
Liability as at the beginning of the year	1,891.94	1,600.48
Current Service cost	69.14	58.49
Interest cost	109.56	98.39
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	182.71	349.45
Past Service cost	-	-
Benefits paid	(344.04)	(214.87)
Liability as at the end of the year	1,909.31	1,891.94
Change in plan assets		
Fair value of plan assets as at the beginning of the year	1,872.49	1,514.34
Expected return on plan assets	119.35	130.32
Actuarial Gain / (loss)	34.13	(1.52)
Benefits paid	(344.04)	(214.87)
Employer contributions	271.50	444.22
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	1,953.43	1,872.49

Reconciliation of present value of the obligation and the fair value of the plan assets

	(₹ in crore		
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
	Funded	Funded	
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	1,953.43	1,872.49	
Liability as at the end of the year	1,909.31	1,891.94	
Net Asset/ (Liability) included in "Others" under "Other Assets" or "Other Liabilities"	44.12	(19.45)	
Expenses recognised for the year			
Current service cost	69.14	58.49	
Interest cost	109.56	98.39	
Expected return on plan assets	(119.35)	(130.32)	
Actuarial (gain) / loss	148.58	350.97	
Effect of the limit in Para 59(b)	-	-	
Net pension expense recognized in Schedule 16.I	207.93	377.53	
Actual return on plan assets	153.48	128.80	

Reconciliation of the Liability recognised in the Balance Sheet

		(₹ in crore)
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
	Funded	Funded
Net (Asset) / Liability as at the beginning of the year	19.45	86.14
Expense recognized	207.93	377.53
Employer contributions	(271.50)	(444.22)
Effect of the limit in Para 59(b)	-	-
Net (Asset)/ Liability included in "Others" under "Other Assets" or "Other Liabilities"	(44.12)	19.45

#### Investment details of plan assets

The plan assets are invested in a fund managed by Life Insurance Corporation of India. In the absence of detailed information regarding plan assets of the fund, the composition of each major category of plan assets, the percentage or amount for each category to the fair value of plan assets has not been disclosed.

## Actuarial assumptions used

Discount r	ate		
Salary esc	alation rate		
Expected	rate of return or	ı plan assets	
Inflation			

The estimates of future salary increase, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors like settlement with employee unions.

Expected rate of return on plan assets is based on expectation of the average long term rate of return expected on investments of the Fund during the estimated term of the obligations.

#### **Experience adjustments**

Amounts for the current year and previous years are as follows:

					(₹ in crore)
Pension	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2020	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2019	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2018
Defined benefit obligation	1,909.31	1,891.94	1,600.48	1,156.33	1,057.85
Plan assets	1,953.43	1,872.49	1,514.34	1,159.16	1,063.69
Surplus / (deficit)	44.12	(19.45)	(86.14)	2.83	5.84
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	248.33	199.72	440.57	102.64	208.24
Experience adjustments on plan assets	34.13	(1.52)	(7.85)	(6.46)	(0.72)

The Bank expects to contribute ₹ 248.38 crore to pension fund in financial year 2022-2023.

#### **Compensated absences**

The actuarially determined liability for compensated absences (accumulated leave) of the employees of the Group is given below:

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Total actuarial liability	282.18	288.46
Assumptions:		
Discount rate	6.10% to 6.79% p.a. 2.45% p.a. (DIFC)	5.65% to 6.37% p.a. 1.72% p.a. (DIFC)
Salary escalation rate	5.50% (IBA) and 12.00% until year 1, then 7.00% - 8.00% p.a. (Others); 3.00% p.a (DIFC)	5.50% (IBA) and 7.00% - 8.00% (others) p.a. and 3% p.a. (DIFC)

#### Long Service Award

The actuarially determined liability in respect of Long Service Award of the employees of the Group is given below:

Total actuarial liability	
Assumptions:	
Discount rate	

#### 5. DEPOSIT UNDER LIEN

Balance with Banks in other deposit accounts include ₹ 5,837.40 crore (previous year ₹ 4,987.36 crore) which are under lien.

#### 6. SECURITIES PLEDGED AND ENCUMBERED

- (a)
- ₹ 679.26 crore (previous year ₹ 829.72 crore).

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As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
6.79% p.a.	6.37% p.a.
5.50% p.a.	5.50% p.a.
7.25% p.a.	6.50 % p.a.
 10.00 % p.a.	10.00 % p.a.

	(₹ in crore)
As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
18.92	19.52
 6.70% p.a	6.20% p.a.

Investments include Government Securities with face value of ₹ 13,349.35 crore (previous year ₹ 10,024.63 crore) pledged and encumbered for availment of fund transfer facility, clearing facility, margin requirements and with the RBI for liquidity adjustment facility (LAF).

(b) Investments pledged with National Securities Clearing Corporation Limited towards exposure in derivatives segment as at 31st March, 2022



(₹ in ororo)

7. "Others" in Other Liabilities and Provisions (Schedule 5) include the following items of provisions in respect of contingencies and other provisions, which have been recognised in the accounts in respect of obligations arising from past event, the settlement of which is expected to result in an outflow embodying economic benefits.

#### Provision for Credit Card Reward Points a)

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, movement in actuarially determined provision for credit card account reward points:

		(CITCIOLE)
	Year Ended	
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Opening provision for reward points	19.78	17.97
Provision for reward points made during the year	78.10	35.19
Utilisation/write-back of provision for reward points	(69.37)	(33.38)
Closing provision for reward points*	28.51	19.78

\* This amount will be utilised towards redemption of the credit card accounts reward points.

#### b) Legal:

	(₹ in crore)
	Year Ended
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Opening Provision	30.80 34.01
Add: Addition during the year	13.23 1.32
Less: Reduction during the year	(0.25) (4.53)
Closing Provision	43.78 30.80

#### Fraud and Other Provisions: c)

		(₹ in crore)
	Year Ended	
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Opening Provision	44.48	27.63
Add: Addition during the year	4.56	24.66
Less: Reduction during the year	(3.93)	(7.81)
Closing Provision	45.11	44.48

As per the Master Direction on Financial Statements - Presentation and Disclosures issued by the RBI dated August 30, 2021, provision / (write-8. Α. back) of mark-to-market depreciation on investments has been classified under Other Income. The Bank was classifying such Provisions / (write-back) under Provisions and Contingencies till the issuance of this Master Direction. Figures for the previous year have been regrouped to conform to current year presentation.

#### PROVISIONS AND CONTINGENCIES: Β.

Breakup of "Provisions and Contingencies" shown under the head Expenditure in Profit and Loss Account:

		(₹ in crore)
Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March,	2022	2021
Provision for Taxation (Refer Note 10 below)	4,016.43	3,265.44
Provision for Non-performing Assets (including write-offs and net of recoveries)	1,222.72	2,062.31
Provision for Standard Assets	382.27	46.28
General Provision – COVID-19 Deferment Cases*	(835.49)	682.40
Provision for Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure	19.46	3.14
Provision for Diminution in value of Investments (Refer Note 8.A)	(79.27)	(27.99)
Provision for country risk exposure	4.79	-
Other Provision and Contingencies	57.16	86.29
Total	4,788.07	6,117.87

\* Provision/ (write-back) in respect of borrowers for which moratorium is granted by the Bank (₹ 732.00) crore (previous year ₹ 629.00 crore) and its NBFC subsidiaries (₹ 103.49) crore (previous year ₹ 53.40 crore) in accordance with RBI guidelines.

COVID-19 pandemic has had an extraordinary impact on macroeconomic conditions in India and around the world during the previous financial C. year. The impact of COVID-19, including changes in customer behaviour and pandemic fears, as well as restrictions on business and individual activities, has led to volatility in global and Indian financial markets and a decrease in global and local economic activities. The uptake of economic activity has since improved supported by relaxation of restrictions due to administration of the COVID vaccines to a large population in the country. The extent to which any new wave of COVID-19 pandemic will impact the Bank and its subsidiaries' results will depend on ongoing as well as future developments, including, among other things, any new information concerning the severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, and any action to contain its spread or mitigate its impact whether government-mandated or elected by us.

required on crystallisation of such liability was credited to interest earned during the year ended 31st March, 2022.

#### 10. PROVISION MADE FOR TAXES DURING THE YEAR:

		(₹ in crore)
Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March,	2022	2021
Current tax	3,902.83	3,540.16
Deferred tax	113.60	(274.72)
Total	4,016.43	3,265.44

#### 11. DESCRIPTION OF CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

Sr. No.	Contingent Liability*	Brief Description
1.	Claims not acknowledged as debts	This includes liability on filed against the Group.
		The Group is a party to does not expect the out financial conditions, res department with higher appellate stage, and wh no contingent liability is
2.	Liability on account of outstanding forward exchange contracts	The Group enters into for customers. Forward exc date at the contracted r
3.	Guarantees on behalf of constituents in and outside India	Primarily as part of its b Guarantees generally re event of customer failin
4.	Acceptances, endorsements and	These include:
	other obligations	• Documentary cre of the Group
		<ul> <li>Bills re-discounter have been securit</li> </ul>
		Underwriting con
5.	Other items for which the Group is	These include:
	contingently liable	<ul> <li>Liabilities in respective options and other Bank participants flows by way of in rates. Interest rat flows. The notion benchmark for th</li> </ul>
		• Liability in respect in respect of investigation of the second
		Amount transferr

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The Bank and its subsidiaries held an aggregate COVID-19 related provision of ₹ 1,396.08 crore as of 1st April, 2021. Based on the improved outlook, the Bank and its subsidiaries have reversed provisions amounting to ₹ 835.49 crore during the year ended 31st March, 2022. On a prudent basis, the Bank and its subsidiaries continue to hold provisions aggregating to ₹ 560.59 crore as at 31st March, 2022 against the

9. RBI circular dated 7<sup>th</sup> April, 2021 required Banks and NBFC's to refund/adjust the 'interest on interest' charged to the borrowers during the moratorium period, i.e. 1st March, 2020 to 31st August, 2020 in conformity to the Honourable Supreme Court of India judgement on 23rd March 2021. Pursuant to the said order and as per the RBI circular, the methodology for calculation of the amount of such 'interest on interest' was finalised by the Indian Banks Association (IBA). The Bank and its subsidiaries had created a liability towards estimated interest relief of ₹ 128.63 crore and had reduced the same from Interest / discount on advances / bills in Schedule 13 - Interest Earned during the year ended 31st March, 2021. Amount no longer

on account of income tax, sales tax, property tax demands and legal cases

various legal proceedings in the normal course of business. The Group Itcome of these proceedings to have a material adverse effect on the Group's sult of operations or cash flows. In respect of appeals filed by the Income Tax r authorities, where the matter was settled in favour of the Group at the first here in view of the Management, it gives rise to an item of timing difference, is envisaged by the Group.

foreign exchange contracts with inter-bank participants and with its xchange contracts are commitments to buy or sell foreign currency at a future rate

banking activities, the Group issues guarantees on behalf of its customers. epresent irrevocable assurances that the Group will make payments in the ing to fulfill its financial or performance obligations.

edit such as letters of obligations, enhance the credit standing of the customers

ted by the Group and cash collateral provided by the Group on assets which itised.

mmitments in respect of Debt Syndication

pect of interest rate swaps, currency swaps, forward rate agreements, futures, her derivative contracts. The Bank enters into these transactions with inter ts and its customers. Currency Swaps are commitments to exchange cash interest/ principal in one currency against another, based on predetermined ate swaps are commitments to exchange fixed and floating interest rate cash nal amounts that are recorded as contingent liabilities are amounts used as a he calculation of interest component of the contracts.

ct of capital commitments relating to fixed assets and undrawn commitments estments.

red to RBI under the Depositor Education and Awareness Fund ('DEA Fund').

#### 12. EARNINGS PER EQUITY SHARE:

Particulars	Year E	Year Ended		
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021		
Reconciliation between weighted shares used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:				
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computation of basic earnings per share	1,983,099,747	1,969,046,454		
Effect of potential equity shares for stock options outstanding	852,749	1,391,770		
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computation of diluted earnings per share	1,983,952,496	1,970,438,224		
Following is the reconciliation between basic and diluted earnings per share:				
Nominal value per share (₹)	5.00	5.00		
Basic earnings per share (₹)	60.76	50.53		
Effect of potential equity shares for stock options (₹)	0.03	0.04		
Diluted earnings per share (₹)	60.73	50.49		
Profit for the year after tax (₹ in crore)	12,089.39	9,990.20		
Less : Preference dividend including tax (₹ in crore)	40.50	40.50		
Earnings used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share (₹ in crore)	12,048.89	9,949.70		

#### 13. EMPLOYEE SHARE BASED PAYMENTS:

At the General Meetings, the shareholders of the Bank had passed Special Resolutions on 28th July, 2000, 26th July, 2004, 26th July, 2005, 5th July, 2007, 21st August, 2007 and 29th June, 2015, to grant options to the eligible employees of the Bank and its subsidiaries and associate companies. Pursuant to these resolutions, the following Employees Stock Option Schemes had been formulated and adopted:

- (a) Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2001-02;
- (b) Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2002-03;
- (c) Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2005;
- (d) Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2007; and
- (e) Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2015.

Further, pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation of ING Vysya Bank Limited with the Bank, the Bank has renamed and adopted the Employees Stock Option Scheme of the eIVBL, as given below:

- . Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited (IVBL) Employees Stock Option Scheme 2005;
- . Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited (IVBL) Employees Stock Option Scheme 2007;
- Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited (IVBL) Employee Stock Option Scheme 2010; and .
- Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited (IVBL) Employees Stock Option Scheme 2013. •

In pursuance of the above referred Employee Stock Option Schemes, the Bank has granted, in aggregate 158,807,703 options as at 31st March, 2022 (Previous year 157,606,163) to the eligible employees of the Group.

Of the above referred Employee Stock Option Schemes, only the Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2015 is in force presently and, in aggregate, 4,270,658 options are outstanding as at 31st March, 2022 (Previous year 6,159,212) under the Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2015. Except this, no options are outstanding under any other Employee Stock Option Schemes of the Bank.

#### **Equity-settled options**

The Bank has granted options to employees of the Group vide various employee stock option schemes. During the year ended 31st March, 2022, the following schemes were in operation:

	Plan 2015
Date of grant	Various Dates
Date of Board Approval	Various Dates
Date of Shareholder's approval	29 <sup>th</sup> June, 2015
Number of options granted	18,494,049
Method of Settlement (Cash / Equity)	Equity
Vesting Period	0.01 - 4.09 years
Exercise Period	0.03 – 1 year
Vesting Conditions	Graded / Cliff vesting
	KMBL (IVBL) Plan 2013
Number of options granted (addition on amalgamation)	4,642,198
Method of Settlement (Cash / Equity)	Equity

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#### The details of activity under Plan 2015 have been summarised below:

	Year ended 31	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022		<sup>st</sup> March, 2021
	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price (₹)	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price (₹)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	6,159,212	1,321.54	8,278,402	1,236.30
Granted during the year	1,201,540	1,801.00	1,698,840	1,307.48
Forfeited during the year	217,852	1,443.90	259,074	1,300.95
Exercised during the year	2,826,092	1,268.76	3,488,720	1,116.54
Expired during the year	46,150	1,300.21	70,236	1,193.09
Outstanding at the end of the year	4,270,658	1,485.35	6,159,212	1,321.54
Out of the above exercisable at the end of the year	1,011,709	1,349.27	960,009	1,145.12
Weighted average remaining contractual life (in years)		1.30		1.36
Weighted average fair value of options granted		495.45		378.71

# The details of activity under KMBL (IVBL) Plan 2013 have been summarised below:

	Year ended 31	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022		<sup>st</sup> March, 2021
	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price (₹)	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price (₹)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	308,610	379.72
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-
Exercised during the year	-	-	308,610	379.72
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	-	-	-	-
Out of the above exercisable at the end of the year	-	-	-	-
Weighted average remaining contractual life (in years)		-		-

The details of exercise price for stock options outstanding at the end of the year are:

#### 31st March, 2022

Range of exercise prices (₹)	Number of options outstanding	Weighted average remaining contractual life of options (in years)	Weighted average exercise price (₹)
801-900	8,764	0.25	900.00
901-1,000	152,280	1.30	1,000.00
1,001-1,100	24,728	1.00	1,050.00
1,201-1,300	496,361	0.34	1,268.41
1,301-1,400	913,422	1.60	1,341.00
1,401-1,500	1,510,393	0.74	1,460.00
1,801-1,900	1,164,710	2.20	1,801.00

#### 31st March, 2021

Range of exercise prices (₹)	Number of options outstanding	Weighted average remaining contractual life of options (in years)	Weighted average exercise price (₹)
601-700	1,000	0.25	700.00
801-900	23,528	1.00	900.00
901-1,000	540,181	0.82	967.69
1,001-1,100	63,674	1.28	1,057.99
1,201-1,300	1,977,359	0.79	1,269.91
1,301-1,400	1,440,640	2.04	1,341.00
1,401-1,500	2,112,830	1.57	1,460.00

#### Stock appreciation rights

At the General Meeting on 29th June, 2015, the shareholders of the Bank had passed Special Resolution to grant SARs to the eligible employees of the Bank, its subsidiaries and associate companies. Pursuant to this resolution, Kotak Mahindra Stock Appreciation Rights Scheme 2015 had been formulated and adopted. Subsequently, the SARs have been granted under this scheme.

The SARs are settled in cash and vest on the respective due dates in a graded manner as per the terms and conditions of grant. The contractual life of the SARs outstanding range from 1.00 to 4.13 years.

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The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for stock options exercised during the year was ₹ 1,819.07 (Previous year ₹1,638.05).

#### Detail of activity under SARs is summarised below:

		(₹ in crore)
	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	2,135,672	2,253,629
Granted during the year	609,330	990,190
Settled during the year	924,303	1,046,905
Forfeited during the year	107,481	61,242
Outstanding at the end of the year	1,713,218	2,135,672

#### Fair value of Employee stock options

The fair value of the equity-settled options is estimated on the date of grant using Black-Scholes options pricing model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The fair value of the cash-settled options is remeasured at each Balance Sheet date. The following table lists the inputs to the model used for equity-settled and cash-settled options:

Year ended 31st March.	2022		2021	
	Equity-settled	Cash-settled	Equity-settled	Cash-settled
Exercise Price ₹	1,341-1,801	0-1,801	1,000-1,341	0-1,460
Weighted Average Share Price ₹	1,797.38	1,538.28	1,375.80	1,385.00
Expected Volatility	27.79%-43.76%	26.92%-37.68%	27.95%-43.21%	21.40%-45.71%
Historical Volatility	27.79%-43.76%	26.92%-37.68%	27.95%-43.21%	21.40%-45.71%
Life of the options granted (Vesting and exercise period)				
- At the grant date	0.51-4.34		1.25-3.87	
- As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March		0.08-3.71		0.06-3.46
Risk-free interest rate	3.58%-5.94%	3.82%-6.04%	3.61%-5.22%	3.32%-5.51%
Expected dividend rate	0.05%	0.05%	0.05%-0.07%	0.04%

The expected volatility was determined based on historical volatility data and the Bank expects the volatility of its share price may not differ from historical volatility. The measure of volatility used in the Black-Scholes options pricing model is the annualised standard deviation of the continuously compounded rates of return on the stock over a period of time. For calculating volatility, the daily volatility of the stock prices on the National Stock Exchange, over a period prior to the date of grant for equity settled options and remeasurement date for the cash settled options, corresponding with the expected / residual life of the share-linked instruments has been considered.

Effect of the employee share-based payment plans on the Profit and Loss Account and on the financial position:

		(₹ in crore)
Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March,	2022	2021
Total Employee compensation cost pertaining to share-based payment plans	139.48	161.08
Compensation cost pertaining to equity-settled employee share-based payment plan included above	31.44	1.82
Liability for employee stock options outstanding as at year end	71.28	14.92
Deferred Compensation Cost	39.97	12.76
Closing balance of liability for cash-settled options	130.51	154.61
Expense arising from increase in intrinsic value of liability for cash stock appreciation plan	149.45	184.40

RBI, vide its clarification dated 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2021 on Guidelines on Compensation of Whole Time Directors / Chief Executive Officers / Material Risk Takers and Control Function Staff, advised Banks that the fair value of share-linked instruments on the date of grant should be recognised as an expense for all instruments granted after the accounting period ending 31st March, 2021. Accordingly, the Bank have changed its accounting policy from intrinsic value method to fair value method for all share-linked instruments granted after 31st March, 2021 and accordingly, additional cost of ₹ 22.31 crore has been recognised in the financial statements under the head "Employee cost" for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022.

Had the Group recorded the compensation cost for all share-linked instruments granted on or before 31 March 2021 on the basis of fair valuation method instead of intrinsic value method, employee compensation cost would have been higher by ₹ 41.64 crore (Previous year ₹ 83.07 crore) and the profit after tax would have been lower by ₹ 30.85 crore (Previous year ₹ 62.18 crore). Consequently the basic and diluted EPS would have been ₹ 60.60 (Previous year ₹ 50.11) and ₹ 60.58 (Previous year ₹ 50.07) respectively.

#### 14. TIER II BONDS

Lower Tier II Bonds outstanding as at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 351.00 crore (previous year ₹ 536.60 crore).

- 15. Interest Expended Others (Schedule 15.III) includes interest on subordinated debt (Lower and Upper Tier II) ₹ 35.57 crore for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (previous year ₹ 53.86 crore).
- 16. The Group charges off to the Profit and Loss Account all expenses related to acquisition costs of advances in the year in which they are incurred. Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited, a subsidiary of the Bank, charges off such costs based on the Internal Rate of Return of a contract. On account of this difference in accounting policy, unamortised brokerage amounting to ₹ 93.83 crore for the year ended 31st March, 2022 (previous year ₹ 80.21 crore) is carried forward in the Balance Sheet under "Other Assets".

## **17. SEGMENT REPORTING**

The summary of the operating segments of the Group for the year ended 31st March, 2022 are as given below:

31 <sup>st</sup> March,
Segment Revenues:
Treasury, BMU and Corporate Centre
Retail Banking
Corporate / Wholesale Banking
Vehicle Financing
Other Lending Activities
Broking
Advisory and Transactional Services
Asset Management
Insurance
Sub-total
Add: Unallocated Income
Less: inter-segment revenues
Total Income
Segment Results:
Treasury, BMU and Corporate Centre
Retail Banking
Corporate / Wholesale Banking
Vehicle Financing
Other Lending Activities
Broking
Advisory and Transactional Services
Asset Management
Insurance
Sub-total
Add: Unallocated Income / (Expense)
Total Profit before tax, minority interest and associates
Provision for tax
Net Profit before share of Associates and Minority
Segment Assets:
Treasury, BMU and Corporate Centre
Retail Banking
Corporate / Wholesale Banking
Vehicle Financing Other Lending Activities
5
Broking Advisory and Transactional Services
Asset Management
Insurance
Sub-total
Less: inter-segment assets
Total
Add: Unallocated Assets
Total Assets as per Balance Sheet
Segment Liabilities:
Treasury, BMU and Corporate Centre
Retail Banking
Corporate / Wholesale Banking
Vehicle Financing
Other Lending Activities
Broking
Advisory and Transactional Services
Asset Management
Insurance
Sub-total
Less: inter-segment liabilities
Total
Add: Unallocated liabilities
Add: Unallocated liabilities Add: Share Capital, Reserves and Surplus and Minority Interest

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	(₹ in crore)
2022	2021
8,926.16	9,604.66
15,262.93	13,815.48
13,583.44	12,947.06
2,004.04	1,921.37
1,476.30	1,438.40
2,594.83 657.89	1,901.36
1,492.34	1,162.70
18,180.68	18,242.43
64,178.61	61,419.71
-	
(5,127.60)	(5,012.20)
 59,051.01	56,407.51
4,516.45	3,609.56
846.21	577.41
6,379.46	5,698.86
630.01	239.30
763.56	534.33
1,082.52	787.75
375.73	123.74
840.81	698.44
513.55	898.95
15,948.30	13,168.34
-	
15,948.30	13,168.34
 4,016.43 <b>11,931.87</b>	3,265.44
 11,931.07	9,902.90
1,43,527.02	150,098.25
2,69,857.05	240,488.37
1,88,132.89	162,450.23
18,463.33	16,459.07
15,370.87	14,399.41
13,959.09	8,679.90
375.31	297.19
4,544.45	3,753.21
58,662.31	48,785.22
7,12,892.32	645,410.85
 (1,67,856.71)	(168,138.28)
 5,45,035.61	477,272.57
 1,462.30	1,581.65
 5,46,497.91	478,854.22
1 00 022 20	101 065 00
1,09,023.20	121,065.38
2,53,410.95	226,362.26
10,662.01	9,400.28
6,652.31	6,028.30
12,839.45	7,795.01
100.99	95.71
515.77	739.49
53,707.45	44,558.81
6,16,507.16	561,625.28
(1,67,856.71)	(168,138.28)
 4,48,650.45	393,487.00
712 42	530.77
713.43	000.11
 97,134.03 <b>5,46,497.91</b>	84,836.45

		(₹ in crore)
31 <sup>st</sup> March,	2022	2021
Capital Expenditure:		
Treasury, BMU and Corporate Centre	67.97	52.14
Retail Banking	392.15	217.11
Corporate / Wholesale Banking	37.23	22.07
Vehicle Financing	8.69	2.14
Other Lending Activities	0.71	4.79
Broking	76.49	15.98
Advisory and Transactional Services	2.39	2.25
Asset Management	16.12	9.05
Insurance	58.08	44.51
Total	659.83	370.04
Depreciation / Amortisation:		
Treasury, BMU and Corporate Centre	82.18	86.29
Retail Banking	271.30	253.95
Corporate / Wholesale Banking	28.39	27.40
Vehicle Financing	4.89	4.67
Other Lending Activities	2.32	2.30
Broking	25.91	23.75
Advisory and Transactional Services	3.12	5.11
Asset Management	11.41	10.48
Insurance	50.83	47.10
Total	480.35	461.05

Segment information is provided as per the management information system available for internal reporting purposes, which includes certain estimates and assumptions.

#### 18. ASSETS TAKEN ON LEASE

- (i) The Group has taken various premises and equipment under operating lease. The lease payments recognised in the Profit and Loss Account are ₹ 661.75 crore (previous year ₹ 621.43 crore).
- The future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating lease not later than one year is ₹ 558.16 crore (previous year ₹ 543.68 (ii) crore), later than one year but not later than five years is ₹1,577.27 crore (previous year ₹1,621.45 crore) and later than five years ₹770.53 crore (previous year ₹ 912.70 crore)

The lease terms include renewal option after expiry of primary lease period. There are no restrictions imposed by lease arrangements. There are escalation clauses in the lease agreements.

#### 19. ASSETS GIVEN ON LEASE

The lease income recognised in the Profit and Loss Account in respect of premises and equipment under operating lease is ₹ 0.01 crore (previous year ₹ 0.01 crore).

The future minimum lease payments expected to be received under non-cancelable operating lease - not later than one year is Nil (previous year Nil), later than one year but not later than five years is Nil (previous year Nil) and later than five years is Nil (previous year Nil).

Details of gross investments, unearned finance income and present value of rentals in respect of assets given under finance lease are as under:

		(₹ in crore)
As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March,	2022	2021
Gross Investments (A):		
(i) Not later than 1 year	52.99	60.74
(ii) Between 1-5 years	80.48	94.31
Total	133.47	155.05
Unearned Finance Income (B):		
(i) Not later than 1 year	10.95	13.09
(ii) Between 1-5 years	10.53	12.86
Total	21.48	25.95
Present Value of Rentals (A-B):		
(i) Not later than 1 year	42.04	47.65
(ii) Between 1-5 years	69.95	81.45
Total	111.99	129.10
Accumulated provision on the Gross Investments	1.35	1.38

crore). The revaluation gains have been included in policyholders' funds.

The life insurance subsidiary has entered into agreements for leasing out its real estate investment properties. These arrangement are in the nature of operating lease. There are no restrictions imposed by lease arrangement and the rent is not determined based on any contingency. The lease payments recognised in profit and loss account in the current year is ₹ 17.55 crore (previous year ₹ 16.75 crore).

21. The Group enters into various types of derivative contracts such as interest rate swaps, cross currency interest rate swaps, foreign currency swaps,

#### (i) Derivative instrument outstanding as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022

As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March,
Particulars of Derivatives
Futures
S&P CNX Nifty Futures Short
Bank Nifty Futures Short
Stock Futures Long
Stock Futures Short
S&P CNX Nifty Futures Long
Options
S&P CNX Nifty Options Long
S&P CNX Nifty Options Short
Stock Options Long
Stock Options Short
Bank Nifty option Long
Bank Nifty option Short
Forward Exchange Contracts
USD-INR Long
USD-INR Short
Interest Rate Swap
Total Return Swap
Forward rate agreement (₹ crore)#

# Total outstanding notional principal amount of forward rate agreement entered by Life insurance subsidiary to hedge Interest rate risk on its liability side

Unhedged forex exposure outstanding as at the Balance Sheet date

# Particulars

Amount Receivable in foreign currency

Amount Payable in foreign currency

22. Additional information to consolidated accounts at 31st March, 2022, (Pursuant to Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013)

								(( 1101010)
	Net Assets* Share in Profit or Loss							
Name of the Entity	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> Ma	rch, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022					
	As % of Consolidated Net Assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated Net Assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated Profit or Loss	Amount	As % of Consolidated Profit or Loss	Amount
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited	74.59%	72,456.47	75.12%	63,726.97	70.91%	8,572.69	69.72%	6,964.84
Indian Subsidiaries:								
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	7.72%	7,494.41	7.81%	6,622.88	7.32%	885.51	5.35%	534.71
Kotak Securities Limited	6.48%	6,290.75	6.27%	5,321.42	8.28%	1,001.33	7.93%	792.64
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited	0.91%	885.47	0.81%	688.83	2.02%	244.75	0.82%	82.28
Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited	4.52%	4,389.20	4.77%	4,045.47	3.52%	425.38	6.93%	691.93

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20. In accordance with the IRDAI Financial Statements Regulations, the Life Insurance subsidiary revalues its investment property at least once in three years, the market value being the lower of valuations performed by two independent valuers. The real estate investment property is accordingly valued at ₹ 208.30 crore at 31st March, 2022 (previous year ₹ 208.30 crore). The historical cost of the property is ₹ 158.56 crore (previous year ₹ 158.56

forwards, forward rate agreements, index / equity futures and options. The details of such derivatives for subsidiaries (other than bank) are as under:

2022	2021	Purpose
Quantity	Quantity	Fulpose
-	23,100	Trading
-	200	Trading
215,600	1,227,750	Trading
54,311,321	62,396,313	Trading
50	-	Trading
185,000	759,975	Trading
131,500	674,100	Trading
-	37,925	Trading
-	40,050	Trading
2,025	34,300	Trading
1,525	29,200	Trading
USD 1,000,000	USD 1,000,000	Hedging
-	-	Hedging
USD 13,000,000	USD 16,000,000	Hedging
-	USD 25,128,219	Trading
3,521.97	3,161.94	Hedging

	(₹ in crore)
As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
3.99 (USD 527,000)	3.10 (USD 424,690)
0.34 (GBP 35,000)	0.66 (EURO 77,237)
	0.26 (GBP 25,610)
8.35 (USD 1,102,000)	2.59 (USD 353,877)
0.90 (SGD 161,000)	0.75 (SGD 138,632)

(₹ in crore)

		Net As	sets*			Share in Pro	ofit or Loss	
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> Ma	rch, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> Ma	rch, 2021	For the yea 31 <sup>st</sup> March		For the year 31 <sup>st</sup> March,	
Name of the Entity	As % of Consolidated Net Assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated Net Assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated Profit or Loss	Amount	As % of Consolidated Profit or Loss	Amount
Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited	0.24%	233.35	0.23%	191.34	(0.69%)	(82.98)	0.02%	1.63
Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	2.56%	2,488.54	2.50%	2,117.39	3.07%	371.15	2.58%	257.75
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited	1.32%	1,282.70	1.18%	1,003.35	2.80%	338.94	2.95%	294.83
Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Limited	0.35%	344.56	0.27%	229.37	0.95%	115.18	0.52%	51.45
Kotak Investment Advisors Limited	0.79%	763.45	0.48%	404.85	0.49%	58.65	0.40%	40.03
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited	0.03%	26.49	0.03%	23.46	0.03%	3.04	0.03%	2.56
Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited	0.46%	449.17	0.49%	416.87	0.27%	32.35	0.33%	33.10
Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited	0.06%	56.10	0.03%	25.64	(0.01%)	(1.54)	0.00%	0.21
IVY Product Intermediaries Limited	0.01%	6.19	0.01%	5.98	0.00%	0.22	0.00%	0.12
BSS Microfinance Limited	0.34%	329.42	0.29%	246.60	0.68%	82.81	0.23%	23.17
Foreign Subsidiaries:								
Kotak Mahindra (International) Limited	0.86%	840.18	0.90%	767.58	0.36%	44.03	0.87%	86.42
Kotak Mahindra (UK) Limited	0.41%	400.40	0.44%	372.88	0.11%	13.74	0.31%	31.32
Kotak Mahindra, Inc.	0.07%	67.13	0.01%	10.56	0.21%	25.43	0.06%	5.58
Kotak Mahindra Financial Services Limited	0.01%	6.22	0.01%	7.11	(0.01%)	(1.14)	(0.01%)	(0.69)
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management (Singapore) Pte. Limited	0.23%	225.37	0.21%	181.86	0.30%	36.07	0.32%	31.51
Minority Interests in subsidiary	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	0.00%	-
Associates:								
Infina Finance Private Limited	-	-	-	-	0.92%	111.81	0.76%	75.43
Phoenix ARC Private Limited	-	-		-	0.38%	45.72	0.12%	11.81
ECA Trading Services Limited (Refer Note 27)	-	-	-	-	0.00%	(0.01)	0.00%	0.06
Inter-company and Other adjustments	(1.96%)	(1,901.54)	(1.86%)	(1,573.96)	(1.91%)	(233.74)	(0.24%)	(22.49)
Total	100.00%	97,134.03	100.00%	84,836.45	100.00%	12,089.39	100.00%	9,990.20

\* Total assets minus total liabilities

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Deferred Tax Assets as follows:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Deferred Tax Assets		
Provision for non-performing and doubtful debts, general provisions and contingencies	610.09	708.05
Depreciation on assets	67.63	71.86
Provision for investments	5.00	5.31
Unamortised Income	3.34	1.83
Expenditure allowed on payment basis and others	159.31	143.96
Total Deferred Tax Assets	845.37	931.01
Deferred Tax Liabilities		
Deferred expenses	25.51	21.66
Depreciation on assets	1.62	-
Deduction u/s. 36(1)(viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	187.39	163.48
Others	2.98	4.41
Total Deferred Tax Liabilities	217.50	189.55
Net Deferred Tax Assets / (Liabilities)	627.87	741.46

#### 24. Fixed Assets

Fixed Assets as per Schedule 10 include intangible assets, details of which are as follows:

#### Particulars

# PURCHASED SOFTWARE AND SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE Gross Block At cost on 31<sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year Add: Additions during the year Less: Deductions during the year Total Amortisation As at 31<sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year Add: Charge for the year Less: Deductions during the year Amortisation to date Net Block MEMBERSHIP CARDS OF STOCK EXCHANGE Gross Block At cost on 31<sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year Add: Additions during the year Less: Deductions during the year Total Amortisation As at 31<sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year Add: Charge for the year Less: Deductions during the year

Amortisation to date

Net Block

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23. "Others - Other Liabilities and Provisions" (Schedule 5.V) includes Deferred Tax Liability and "Others - Other Assets" (Schedule 11.VI) includes

(₹ in crore)

	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
RE		
	898.45	819.54
	238.82	116.66
	36.68	37.75
	1,100.59	898.45
	736.10	642.48
	137.69	130.16
	36.55	36.54
	837.24	736.10
	263.35	162.35
	4.66	4.66
	-	-
	-	-
	4.66	4.66
	4.66	4.66
	-	-
	-	-
	4.66	4.66
	-	-

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
ASSET MANAGEMENT RIGHTS		
Gross Block		
At cost on 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	15.90	15.90
Add: Additions during the year	-	-
Less: Deductions during the year	-	-
Total	15.90	15.90
Amortisation		
As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	15.90	15.90
Add: Charge for the year	-	-
Less: Deductions during the year	-	-
Amortisation to date	15.90	15.90
Net Block	-	-

# 25. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES:

Nature of relationship	Name of Related Party				
Individual having significant influence over the enterprise					
Other Related Parties:					
Associates /Others	ECA Trading Services Limited (upto 18 <sup>th</sup> December, 2021) Infina Finance Private Limited Phoenix ARC Private Limited ING Vysya Foundation				
Key Management Personnel	Mr. Uday S. Kotak, Managing Director and CEO - KMBL Mr. Dipak Gupta - Joint Managing Director – KMBL Mr. Gaurang Shah - Whole-time Director – KMBL Mr. KVS Manian - Whole-time Director – KMBL				
Enterprises over which KMP relatives of KMP have contro significant influence	/ Aero Agencies Private Limited (formerly known as Aero Agencies Limited)				

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Nature of relationship	Name of Related Party
Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Manie of Related Party Ms. Pallavi Kotak Mr. Suresh Kotak Mr. Jay Kotak Mr. Dhawal Kotak Mr. Dhawal Kotak Ms. Aarti Chandaria Ms. Arita Gupta Ms. Urmila Gupta Mr. Arnav Gupta Mr. Parthav Gupta Mr. Parthav Gupta Ms. Seetha Krishnan Ms. Seetha Krishnan Ms. Lalitha Mohan Ms. Shruti Manian Mr. Shashank Manian Ms. Asha Shah Ms. Divya Shah Ms. Manasi Shah Ms. Mahima Shah Mr. Chetan Shah

## Details of related party transactions as at / for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022:

						(₹ in crore)
Ite	ns/Related Party	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprises over which KMP /relatives of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
Ι.	Liabilities					
	Other Liabilities	15.18		0.02	#	15.19
		(0.53)	(#)	(3.82)	(#)	(4.35)
	Deposits	100.57	2,459.75	21.56	202.43	2,784.31
		(89.57)	(3,501.12)	(81.91)	(208.60)	(3,881.20)
	Interest Payable	0.30	0.01	0.07	0.13	0.51
		(0.21)	(0.55)	(0.56)	(0.02)	(1.34)
II.	Assets					
	Investments –Gross	177.15		#		177.15
		(199.62)	(-)	(#)	(-)	(199.62)
	Diminution on Investments	-				
		(0.39)	(-)	(#)	(-)	(0.39)
	Advances	55.31	4.62	2.45	3.73	66.11
		(-)	(5.07)	(2.88)	(4.86)	(12.81)
	Other Assets	1.95	0.02	4.13	0.01	6.11
		(1.74)	(0.03)	(0.07)	(0.02)	(1.86)
	Non Fund/ Commitments					
	Bank Guarantees			1.13		1.13
		(-)	(-)	(1.00)	(-)	(1.00)
	Forward/CIRS o/s				3.72	3.72
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
III.	Expenses					
	Salaries (Include ESOP cost)* / fees		21.15		0.30	21.45
		(-)	(15.90)	(-)	(0.29)	(16.19)
	Interest Paid	2.61	120.18	1.05	7.34	131.18
		(2.57)	(154.38)	(5.10)	(8.05)	(170.10)
	Other Expenses	0.22	0.08	1.01		1.31
		(0.03)	(0.08)	(0.86)	(#)	(0.97)
IV.	Income					
	Interest Income	8.30	0.33	0.20	0.33	9.16
		(5.33)	(0.46)	(0.25)	(0.44)	(6.48)
	Others	0.84	0.84	1.10	0.04	2.82
		(0.99)	(7.28)	(1.30)	(0.07)	(9.64)

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						(₹ in crore)
Ite	ms/Related Party	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprises over which KMP /relatives of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
V.	Other Transactions					
	Dividend Paid	-	46.16	0.07	0.32	46.54
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	Loan Disbursed	60.00	-	-	-	60.00
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	Loan Repaid	4.69	-	-	-	4.69
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	Purchase of Investments	-	-	-	-	-
		(25.00)	(-)	(22.35)	(-)	(47.35)
	Sale of Investments	-	43.03	-	-	43.03
		(-)	(345.05)	(53.78)	(-)	(398.83)
	Swaps/Forwards/Options Contracts	-	-	-	3.72	3.72
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(1.88)	(1.88)

## Material transactions/outstanding with related parties:

						(₹ in crore)
Ite	ms/Related Party	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprises over which KMP /relatives of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
I.	Liabilities:					
	Other liabilities					
	Kotak Commodity Services Limited	-		-	-	
		(-)	(-)	(3.82)	(-)	(3.82)
	Infina Finance Private Limited	15.17	-	-	_	15.17
		(0.53)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.53)
	Others	#		0.02	#	0.02
		(-)	(#)	(#)	(#)	(0.01)
П.	Assets:					
	Investments					
	Phoenix ARC Private Limited	176.05	-	-	-	176.05
		(174.75)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(174.75)
	Others	1.10	-	#	-	1.10
		(24.87)	(-)	(#)	(-)	(24.87)
	Advances					
	Phoenix ARC Private Limited	55.31	-	-	-	55.31
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	True North Enterprises	-	-	2.45	-	2.45
		(-)	(-)	(2.88)	(-)	(2.88)
	Others	-	4.62	-	3.73	8.35
		(-)	(5.07)	(-)	(4.86)	(9.93)
	Diminution on investments					
	ECA Trading Services Limited	-	-	-	-	-
		(0.39)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.39)
	Others	-	-	-		
		(-)	(-)	(#)	(-)	(#)
	Other Assets					
	Kotak Commodity Services Private Limited	-	-	4.09		4.09
	-	(-)	(-)	(#)	(-)	(#)
	Phoenix ARC Private Limited	1.93	-	-		1.93
		(1.56)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1.56)
	True North Enterprises	-	-	0.01	-	0.01
	•	(-)	(-)	(0.01)	(-)	(0.01)
	True North Enterprises	(1.56)		0.01		

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						(₹ in crore)
Iten	ns/Related Party	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprises over which KMP /relatives of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
	Brij Disa Parthav Trust	-		0.01	-	0.01
		(-)	(-)	(0.03)	(-)	(0.03)
	Brij Disa Arnav Trust	-		0.01	-	0.01
		(-)	(-)	(0.03)	(-)	(0.03)
	Others	0.01	0.02	#	0.01	0.05
		(0.17)	(0.03)	(#)	(0.02)	(0.22)
	Non Fund Commitments					
	Bank Guarantees					
	Aero Agencies Private Limited			1.00		1.00
		(-)	(-)	(1.00)	(-)	(1.00)
	KF Trust (formerly known as USK Benefit Trust II)			0.13		0.13
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	Forwards/CIRS o/s			-	3.72	3.72
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
III.	Expenses:					
	Salaries (Includes ESOP cost)					
	Mr. Uday S. Kotak*	-	#	-	-	#
		(-)	(1.55)	(-)	(-)	(1.55)
	Mr. Dipak Gupta*	-	7.52	-	-	7.52
		(-)	(5.76)	(-)	(-)	(5.76)
	Mr. KVS Manian*		6.78	-		6.78
		(-)	(4.29)	(-)	(-)	(4.29)
	Mr. Gaurang Shah*	-	6.85	-	-	6.85
		(-)	(4.29)	(-)	(-)	(4.29)
	Mr. Jay Kotak	-	-	-	0.30	0.30
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.29)	(0.29)
	Interest Paid					
	Infina Finance Private Limited	0.66	-	-	-	0.66
		(1.25)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1.25)
	Phoenix ARC Private Limited	1.23	-	-	-	1.23
		(0.57)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.57)
	ECA Trading Services Limited	0.62	-	-	-	0.62
		(0.63)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.63)
	Aero Agencies Private Limited	-	-	0.11	-	0.11
		(-)	(-)	(0.14)	(-)	(0.14)
	Asian Machinery & Equipment Private Limited	-	-	0.13	-	0.13
		(-)	(-)	(0.15)	(-)	(0.15)
	Harisiddha Trading & Finance Private Limited	-	-	0.16	-	0.16
		(-)	(-)	(0.19)	(-)	(0.19)
	Amrit Lila Enterprises Private Limited	-	-	0.15	-	0.15
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	Others Parties	0.10	120.18	0.50	7.34	128.12
		(0.12)	(154.38)	(4.62)	(8.05)	(167.17)
	Other Expenses					
	Infina Finance Private Limited	0.22		-		0.22
		(0.03)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.03)
	Aero Agencies Private Limited	-	-	0.92		0.92
	-	(-)	(-)	(0.38)	(-)	(0.38)
	Business Standard Private Limited			0.09		0.09
	·····	(-)	(-)	(0.47)	(-)	(0.47)
	Others	#	0.08	0.01		0.09
		(#)	(0.08)	(-)	(#)	(0.09)
				()		(0.03)

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Items/Related Party

				(₹ in crore)						(₹ in crore)
Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprises over which KMP /relatives of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total	Items/Related Party	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprises over which KMP /relatives of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
		5			V. Other Transactions:			5		
					Dividend Paid					
8.30	-	-	-	8.30	Mr. Uday S. Kotak	-	45.98	-	-	45.98
(5.33)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(5.33)		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
-	-	0.20		0.20	Ms. Pallavi Kotak	-	-	-	0.10	0.10
(-)	(-)	(0.25)	(-)	(0.25)		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
-		-	0.33	0.66	Ms. Indira Kotak				0.18	0.18
(-)	(0.46)	(-)	(0.44)	(0.90)		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
					Others	-	0.18	0.07	0.04	0.28
						(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
0.01	-	-	-	0.01	Purchase of Investments					
(#)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(#)	Phoenix ARC Private Limited	-				-
0.09	-	-	-	0.09		(25.00)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(25.00)
(0.08)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.08)	Kotak Trustee Company Private Limited	-				-
-	-	0.30	-	0.30		(-)	(-)	(22.35)	(-)	(22.35)
(-)	(-)	(0.85)	(-)	(0.85)	Loan Disbursed					
-	-	-	-	-	Phoenix ARC Private Limited	60.00				60.00
(-)	(-)	(-)	(#)	(#)		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
-		0.25	-	0.25	Loan Repaid During the Year				=	
(-)	(-)	(0.14)	(-)	(0.14)	Phoenix ARC Private Limited	4.69	-	-		4.69
0.02	0.63	0.16	0.02	0.82		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
(0.03)	(#)	(0.08)	(#)	(0.11)	Sale of Investments					
					Kotak Trustee Company Private Limited	-				-
0.01		-	-	0.01		(-)	(-)	(53.78)	(-)	(53.78)
(0.01)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.01)	Mr. Uday S. Kotak	-	43.03	-		43.03
0.01	-	-	-	0.01		(-)	(345.05)	(-)	(-)	(345.05)
(0.01)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.01)	Swaps/Forwards/Options Contracts					
-	-	0.05		0.05	Others			-	3.72	3.72
(-)	(-)	(0.03)	(-)	(0.03)		(-)	(-)	(-)	(1.88)	(1.88)
-	-	-			* includes incentive paid during the year					
(-)	(-)	(0.01)		(0.01)	# In the above table denotes amounts less than ₹ 50,000					
-	-	0.01		0.01	Note: Figures of previous year (FY 2021) are given in bracket.					
(-)	(-)	(0.01)	(-)	(0.01)						
-	0.18	0.01	0.02	0.21						
(-)	(0.18)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.21)						
0.71	-	-	-	0.71						

		Others	Personnel	of KMP have control / significant influence	Management Personnel	1010
Ι.	Income:					
	Interest Income					
	Phoenix ARC Private Limited	8.30	-	-		8.3
	-	(5.33)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(5.33
	True North Enterprises	(0.00)		0.20		0.2
		(-)	(-)	(0.25)	(-)	(0.25
	Others	(-)	0.33	(0.20)		0.6
	Others	-		- ()	0.33	
		(-)	(0.46)	(-)	(0.44)	(0.90
	Others Income					
	Fee & Other Income					
	Phoenix ARC Private Limited	0.01	-	-		0.0
		(#)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(;
	Infina Finance Private Limited	0.09	-	-	-	0.0
		(0.08)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.0)
	KF Trust (formerly known as USK Benefit Trust II)	-	-	0.30		0.3
	-	(-)	(-)	(0.85)	(-)	(0.8
	True North Enterprises	-		-		· · · ·
	-	(-)	(-)	(-)	(#)	(
	Kotak Commodity Services Private Limited			0.25		0.2
		(-)	(-)	(0.14)	(-)	(0.1
	Others	0.02	0.63	0.16	0.02	3.0
		(0.03)	(#)	(0.08)	(#)	(0.1
	Premium Income					
	Phoenix ARC Private Limited	0.01	-	-	-	0.0
		(0.01)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.0
	Infina Finance Private Limited	0.01	-	-	-	0.0
	-	(0.01)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.0
	Komaf Financial Services Limited	-	-	0.05	-	0.0
	-	(-)	(-)	(0.03)	(-)	(0.0
	Business Standard Private Limited	-		-		<u></u>
	-	(-)	(-)	(0.01)		(0.0
	Kotak Commodity Services Private Limited	()		0.01		0.0
	Rotak Commonly Services i Tivate Limited				(-)	
		(-)	(-)	(0.01)		(0.0
	Others	-	0.18	0.01	0.02	0.2
		(-)	(0.18)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.2
	Brokerage Income					
	Infina Finance Private Limited	0.71	-	-	-	0.7
	_	(0.85)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.8
	Kotak Commodity Services Private Limited	-	-	0.32	-	0.3
	-	(-)	(-)	(0.12)	(-)	(0.1
	Mr. Uday S. Kotak	-	-	-		
	-	(-)	(7.06)	(-)	(-)	(7.0
	Kotak Trustee Company Private Limited	-		-		(
	-	(-)	(-)	(0.05)	(-)	(0.0
	Others		0.03	(0.00)		0.0
	-	- ( )				
		(-)	(0.04)	(-)	(0.05)	(0.09

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#### Maximum balance outstanding

Ite	ms/Related Party	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprises over which KMP /relatives of KMP have control / significant influence	(₹ in crore) Relatives of Key Management Personnel
I.	Liabilities				
	Deposits	492.07	3,514.64	340.69	221.36
		(360.60)	(7,506.70)	(271.90)	(234.36)
	Other Liabilities*	15.18	#	3.82	#
		(5.60)	(0.81)	(3.82)	(#)
II.	Assets				
	Investments-Gross*	199.62	-	#	-
		(201.05)	(-)	(#)	(-)
	Advances*	55.31	5.07	2.88	4.86
		(-)	(7.14)	(3.27)	(5.67)
	Other Assets*	1.95	0.03	4.13	0.02
		(1.74)	(0.05)	(0.07)	(0.02)
	Non Funded Commitments				
	Bank Guarantees*	-	-	1.13	-
		(-)	(-)	(1.00)	(-)

\* Based on maximum of opening and closing balances for the year.

# In the above table denotes amounts less than ₹ 50,000

Note: Figures of previous year (FY2021) are given in bracket.

26. The Bank, as part of its normal banking business that is conducted ensuring adherence to all regulatory requirements, grants loans and advances, makes investment, provides guarantees to and accept deposits and borrowings from its customers, other entities and persons.

Other than the transactions described above which are carried out in the normal course of business, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or deposits or any other sources or kinds of funds) by the Group to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Group ("Ultimate Beneficiaries"). The Group has also not received any funds from any parties (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Group shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

27. ECA Trading Services Limited ("ECA") is in the process of voluntary liquidation pursuant to resolution passed by its shareholders on 18th December, 2021 and hence it ceases to be an associate from that date. The Group has received interim distribution of ₹ 3.35 crore from the Official Liquidator of ECA. Investment in ECA is fully provided for, as on 31st March, 2022.

#### 28. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE

Additional statutory information disclosed in the separate financial statements of the Bank and Subsidiaries having no material bearing on the true and fair view of the consolidated financial statements and the information pertaining to the items which are not material have not been disclosed in the consolidated financial statement.

Figures for the previous year have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to conform to current year's presentation.

As per our report of even date attached.	For and on behalf of the Board of Directors			
<b>For Walker Chandiok &amp; Co LLP</b> Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 001076N/N500013	<b>Prakash Apte</b> Chairman	<b>Uday Kotak</b> Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer		
<b>Murad D. Daruwalla</b> Partner Membership No. 043334	Dipak Gupta Joint Managing Director	<b>Uday Khanna</b> Director		
For Price Waterhouse LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 301112E/E300264	<b>Jaimin Bhatt</b> President and Group Chief Financial Officer	<b>Avan Doomasia</b> Senior Executive Vice President and Company Secretary		

so to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies Pursuant to first proviso Statement containing sal

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#### Integrated Annual Report 2021-22

Russell I Parera

Membership No. 042190

Partner

Mumbai 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 Act, 2013. of Comr ant nrov

# Consolidated Financial Statements

**Financial Statements** 

#### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

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#### PART "B" : Associates

			₹ in crore
Particulars	Infina Finance Private Limited	Phoenix ARC Private Limited	ECA Trading Services Limited <sup>1, 3, 4 &amp; 5</sup>
Latest Audited Balance Sheet date	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21
Shares of Associate held by the Group on the year end			
No. of Equity Shares	1,100,240	83,832,000	21,897,850
Amount of Investment in Associates	1.10	100.02	20.42
Extent of Holding %	49.99%	49.90%	20.00%
Description of how there is significance influence	Ownership of 20% or more of the voting power	Ownership of 20% or more of the voting power	Ownership of 20% or more of the voting power
Reason why the associate is not consolidated	Ownership of less than 50% of the voting power and no control over the Board	Ownership of less than 50% of the voting power and no control over the Board	Ownership of less than 50% of the voting power and no control over the Board
Networth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	1,037.30	270.38	0.16
Profit for the year	223.82	91.62	(0.16)
i) Considered in the Consolidation	111.82	45.71	(0.01)
ii) Not considered in the Consolidation	112.00	45.91	(0.15)

#### Note:

(1) For the purpose of preparation of consolidated financial statements, the Group has considered unaudited financial statement as of 31st March, 2022.

Significant influence has been determined as per Accounting Standard 23 "Accounting for Investments in Associates in Consolidated Financial Statements". (2)

Includes adjustments for share of difference between audited and unaudited financial results for the year ended 31st March, 2021. (3)

Senior Executive Vice President and

(4) Share of audited Networth based on share holding of 20.00% as on 31st March, 2021 is ₹ 3.55 Crore.

ECA Trading Services Limited ("ECA") is in the process of voluntary liquidation pursuant to resolution passed by its shareholders on 18th December, 2021 and hence it (5) ceases to be an associate from that date. The Group has received interim distribution of ₹ 3.35 crore from the Official Liquidator of ECA. Investment in ECA is fully provided for, as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022.

#### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

<b>Prakash Apte</b> Chairman	<b>Uday Kotak</b> Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer
Dipak Gupta	Uday Khanna

Dipak Gupta Joint Managing Director

Uday Khanna Director

Avan Doomasia

**Company Secretary** 

Jaimin Bhatt President and Group Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022

#### Basel III (Pillar 3) Disclosures (Consolidated) as at 31st March, 2022

RBI circular DBOD.No.BP.BC.1/21.06.201/2015-16 dated 1st July, 2015 on 'Basel III Capital Regulations' read together with the RBI circular DBR.No.BP.BC.80/21.06.201/2014-15 dated 31st March, 2015 on 'Prudential Guidelines on Capital Adequacy and Liquidity Standards-Amendments' requires banks to make applicable Pillar 3 disclosures including leverage ratio, liquidity coverage ratio and Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) under the Basel III Framework. These disclosures are available on the Bank's website at the following link: https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/financial-results/regulatory-disclosure.html. These disclosures have not been subjected to audit or limited review.

# **Directors' Report**

#### To the Members,

#### KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK LIMITED

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the Thirty-Seventh Annual Report of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ("Bank") together with the audited Financial Statements for the financial year ("FY") ended 31st March, 2022.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

(A) Consolidated\*:

Total Income
Total expenditure, excluding provisions and contingencies
Operating Profit
Provisions and contingencies, excluding provision for tax
Profit Before Tax
Provision for Taxes
Profit After Tax
Add: Share in Profit of Associates
Consolidated Profit for the Group
Earnings per equity share:
Basic (₹)
Diluted (₹)
"The Financial Statements of the subsidiaries and associates used Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India ("GAAP") specified un statements of Indian subsidiaries (excluding insurance companies) an Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

(B) Standalone:

#### Total Income

Total expenditure, excluding provisions and contingencies Operating Profit Provisions and contingencies, excluding provisions for taxes Profit Before Tax Provision for Taxes Profit After Tax Add: Surplus brought forward from the previous year Amount available for appropriation Appropriations: Statutory Reserve under Section 17 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 Transfer to Capital Reserve Transfer to Special Reserve Transfer to Investment Fluctuation Reserve Account Dividend paid \*\*

#### Surplus carried to Balance Sheet

#### Notes:

\*\*The Bank has paid interim dividend at the rate of ₹ 0.405 per share on the Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares ("PNCPS") for FY 2021-22 (Previous Year: ₹ 0.405 per share), to all holders of PNCPS whose names appeared in the Register of Members / Beneficial holders' list on the book closure date of 18th March, 2022. Further, the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") has allowed banks to pay dividend on equity shares from the profits for FY 2021 -22, subject to the quantum of dividend being not more than the amount determined as per the dividend pay-out ratio prescribed in the RBI circular dated 4th May, 2005 and subject to the banks complying with the criteria laid down in the said circular. The Bank has complied with all the criteria specified in the above RBI circular and the Board of Directors of the Bank have proposed a dividend of ₹ 1.10 per share (Face Value ₹ 5/-) for FY 2021-22 (previous year: ₹ 0.90 per share). As per the requirements of revised AS 4 - 'Contingencies and Events Occurring after the Balance Sheet Date, this dividend pay out has been appropriated from the amount available for appropriation in the year of pay-out.

^Previous year amounts have been re-classified for consistency with the current year presentation.

Change

Financial Highlights

Consolidated Financial Statements

Bank Reports and Statements

	(₹ in crore)
FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21^
58,882.82	56,296.47
42,162.87	40,275.70
16,719.95	16,020.77
771.65	2,852.43
15,948.30	13,168.34
4,016.43	3,265.44
11,931.87	9,902.90
157.52	87.30
12,089.39	9,990.20
60.76	50.53
60.73	50.49

for preparation of the consolidated financial statements are in accordance with the inder Section 133 and relevant provisions of the Companies Act. 2013 ("Act"). The financial and associates are prepared as per Indian Accounting Standards in accordance with the

		(₹ in crore)
	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21^
	33,393.17	31,846.79
	21,342.30	20,084.76
	12,050.87	11,762.03
	689.56	2,459.04
	11,361.31	9,302.99
	2,788.62	2,338.15
	8,572.69	6,964.84
	24,749.78	20,511.81
	33,322.47	27,476.65
9	2,143.18	1,741.21
	9.47	14.50
	95.00	110.00
	400.00	820.66
	218.96	40.50
	30,455.86	24,749.78



#### **FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE**

On a Standalone basis, Profit after Tax ("PAT") of the Bank was ₹ 8,572.69 crore in FY 2021-22 compared to ₹ 6,964.80 crore in FY 2020-21. Net Interest Income ("NII") of the Bank for FY 2021-22 was ₹ 16,817.91 crore as against ₹ 15,339.60 crore in FY 2020-21.

The Consolidated PAT was ₹ 12,089.39 crore in FY 2021-22 compared to ₹ 9,990.20 crore in FY 2020-21. Further, the Group had Net Worth of ₹ 96,634.08 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 (₹ 84,336.45 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021). The book value per equity share was at ₹ 486.90 as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 (₹ 425.55 as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021).

Further, details on the financial performance of your Bank are available in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report.

#### CAPITAL

During the year, your Bank allotted 2,826,092 equity shares arising out of the exercise of Employees Stock Options granted to the Whole-time Directors and Eligible Employees of your Bank and its subsidiaries.

Post allotment of the aforesaid equity shares, the total issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital of the Bank as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 stood at ₹ 14,923,308,800 comprising 1,984,661,760 equity shares of ₹ 5 each and 1,000,000,000 preference shares of ₹ 5 each.

#### **CAPPING ON PROMOTERS' VOTING RIGHTS**

The Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"), vide its press release and guidance dated 26<sup>th</sup> November, 2021, intimated acceptance of certain recommendations of the Internal Working Group ("IWG") set up to review the Extant Ownership Guidelines and Corporate Structure for Indian Private Sector Banks including, *inter alia*, a recommendation to raise the cap of promoters' stake in banks to 26% of paid-up voting equity share capital. Accordingly, the promoters' voting rights in the Bank have now been capped at 26%, instead of 15% earlier.

#### DIVIDEND

The Board of Directors of the Bank have, at their meeting held on 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022, recommended a dividend of ₹ 1.10 per equity share for FY 2021-22. The dividend, if approved by the members, would entail a payout of approximately ₹ 218.40 crore based on the capital as on 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2022 (Previous Year: ₹ 178.46 crore). The dividend would be paid to all the equity shareholders, whose names would appear in the Register of Members / list of Beneficial owners on the Record Date fixed for this purpose i.e. 12<sup>th</sup> August, 2022.

Further, the Board of Directors of the Bank, at their meeting held on 18<sup>th</sup> / 19<sup>th</sup> March, 2022, declared an interim dividend on the Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares ("PNCPS") of the face value of ₹ 5 each issued by the Bank, carrying a dividend rate of 8.10% p.a., in respect of FY 2021-22, as per the terms of issuance of PNCPS. This has entailed a payout of ₹ 40.50 crore (Previous Year: ₹ 40.50 crore). The members are requested to confirm the payment of the aforesaid interim dividend on PNCPS at the ensuing Annual General Meeting ("AGM").

The Dividend Distribution Policy, in terms of Regulation 43A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and as reviewed and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Bank, is available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/content/kotakcl/en/investor-relations/governance/policies.html

#### **DEBENTURES AND BONDS**

During the year under review, your Bank has not issued any capital under Tier II.

As on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, outstanding Unsecured, Redeemable Non-Convertible, Subordinated Debt Bonds ("Bonds") aggregated ₹ 306 crore and outstanding Senior Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Long Term Bonds in the nature of Non Convertible Debentures aggregated ₹ 150 crore. These Bonds have been issued on a private placement basis and are listed on the Stock Exchanges viz., BSE Limited and / or National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

#### **CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO**

Your Bank has a Capital Adequacy Ratio ("CAR") of 22.69% as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 under Basel III, with Tier I being 21.67% (of which, Common Equity Tier 1 ("CET 1") being 21.51%).

#### **RATINGS OF VARIOUS DEBT INSTRUMENTS**

The details of all credit ratings obtained by the Bank for various debt instruments outstanding as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, are disclosed in the Report on Corporate Governance, forming part of this Report.

#### DEPOSITS

Being a banking company, the disclosures required under Rule 8(5)(v) and (vi) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, read with Sections 73 and 74 of the Act, are not applicable to your Bank.

#### **OPERATIONS**

Your Bank organises its principal banking business activities into the following business units viz., Consumer Banking, Commercial Banking, Corporate Banking, Treasury and Other Financial Services. The Consumer, Commercial and Corporate Banking businesses correspond to the key customer segments of the Bank. The Treasury offers specialised products and services to these customer segments and also undertakes Asset Liability Management as well as Proprietary Trading for the Bank.

In addition to the banking activities, the Kotak Group offers a significant array of other financial products and services as well, which are operated through its subsidiaries. These products and services include Banking, Financing through Non-Banking Financial Companies ("NBFCs"), Asset Management, Insurance, Broking, Investment Banking, Private Banking and Asset Reconstruction.

#### Consumer Banking

The Consumer Bank business services a wide spectrum of customers across domestic individuals and households, non-residents, small and medium business segments for a range of products from basic Savings and Current Accounts to Term Deposits, Credit Cards, Unsecured and Secured Loans, Working Capital, Digital Payments and Investments.

As on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, your Bank had 1,700 branches and 2,705 Automated Teller Machines ("ATMs") and Recyclers. The Bank also has a branch at Dubai International Financial Centre ("DIFC") and Gujarat International Finance Tec-City ("GIFT City"). Due to the continued impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, network expansion plans were gradual on the uptake.

Your Bank is always looking for innovative ways to add value to the services offered to its customers. Keeping this in mind, Micro ATM, which would cut across geographies was introduced. This enablement will widen your Bank's network presence for customers and increase the touchpoints across India, thus ensuring your Bank's reach and enhanced customer service. There were 5,020 Micro ATMs at end of March 2022.

The Privy League Program offered by your Bank is the premium banking service for the High Net worth Customers. This flagship programme of your Bank has now been extended to senior executives of premium corporates and to high ranking Defence and Police officials, through an exclusive set of curated benefits. Your Bank continues to invest in the feature enrichment of this program via introduction of a power packed premium credit card with lifestyle benefits as well as a life time price waiver, available exclusively to programme members.

Kotak Silk, your Bank's program designed especially for women, believes financial independence leads to true empowerment for women. This International Women's Day, Silk unveiled a unique sculpture #MeriUdaan as a tribute to Indian Women on their journey towards becoming 'Aatmanirbhar'. Your Bank also offered an enhanced value proposition that bundled a bouquet of product offers during this period and felicitated its women customers at branches.

Kotak Grand, your Bank's program for senior citizens, tied up with Indian Health Organization to provide a Health Card to the customers, which entitles them to discounts on consultation, treatment and healthcare procedures.

Your Bank has improved the on-boarding experience for its Savings Accounts customers during FY 2021-22 by migrating to a new platform for assisted Biometric based account opening. The new platform offers seamless on-boarding experience to your Bank's customers with an improved User Interface, instant responses and a capability to handle higher business volumes. Your Bank has also rolled out biometric account opening facility for Business Correspondent channel, in order to reach out and financially empower the unbanked masses.

Your Bank was one of the few banks to be authorised for opening Salary Accounts and Drawing and Disbursing Officer (DDO) accounts of Government departments across Maharashtra. The Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") was signed with Government of Maharashtra and with the Indian Navy for offering salary accounts to all the Naval personnel. A customised 'Veer Credit Card' was launched specially for the Armed Forces. Further, MOUs were signed with Maharashtra State Forest Department for opening salary accounts of their employees. Your Bank was the first private sector bank to sign an MOU with Prasar Bharati, India's own broadcasting company, for opening salary accounts of their employees PAN India. Apart from this, an MOU was signed with Food Safety and Standard Authority of India (FSSAI) for opening salary accounts of its employees.

'Pay your Contact', a new feature on the Kotak App that enabled customers to send money to a mobile number registered against any app was launched by your Bank this year. Being just one of the three providers of this service, it brought immense value addition to your Bank's digitally savvy customers. Further, product enhancements in this space would fuel future growth in transactions and also ensure a more engaged and loyal customer base.

During FY 2021-22, your Bank rolled out many initiatives on the Deposit side under the Financial Inclusion Program.

The 'My Team Image' cards in partnership with Indian Premier League (IPL) teams has been a very successful initiative.

In partnership with PVR, your Bank launched a co-branded debit card i.e. Kotak PVR Debit Card. This Debit Card comes with a host of exclusive privileges, such as customers earn PVR reward points on every purchase carried out using their Kotak PVR Debit Card. Reward Points earned can then be redeemed at PVR outlets for food, beverages or movie tickets.

Education loan tie-up with leading NFBCs was started to provide lending for domestic and international education.

One of the mandatory requirements of German education / employment Visa is to earmark certain sustenance fund in a blocked account. Your Bank is the only Indian bank which has been authorized to provide such facility. To ensure and enhance superior customer experience, a German Portal has been launched to service this request, end to end digitally. This would ensure more applications along with the new customer base.

Your Bank managed to break new grounds in the mobility product – 'FASTag'. Kotak FASTag count is now over 2 million as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, with monthly toll payment at more than ₹ 145 crore. In FY 2021-22, your Bank has achieved best in industry growth rate and has multiplied its user base by four times acquiring more than 10% of all FASTag users added by the Industry. Your Bank is committed to ensuring seamless experience to National Electronic Toll Collection (NETC) FASTag customers through comprehensive customer portal, widest range of FASTag Recharge Options and proactive awareness and customer education to help improve digitisation of tolling and parking payments in India. Your Bank is also working closely with National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI) / Indian Highway Management Company Limited (IHMCL) on New Technologies and Ecosystem Developments to help improve and add new mobility related use cases to FASTag.

Your Bank has rebranded/repositioned its Current Account product as a business banking solution account and has rolled out various initiatives for its business banking customers to make onboarding convenient and easy. Introduction of 'InstaKit' for all business banking constitutions has now enabled the customers to transact immediately once the account is activated. A business banking customer can now be on-boarded on various value added services with a tick on the account opening form. Your Bank provides connected banking solutions to its Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises ("MSME") customers enabling them to connect with various Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) service providers and Fintechs. Connected banking solutions would further enable a MSME to connect with industry specific ecosystem and help in improving the overall customer ease and experience. Your Bank has successfully integrated itself with multiple data source systems and platforms digitally and now effectively uses publicly available information to cross sell and upsell to its customers. Your Bank is one of the banking partners on the website of Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA").

On World MSME day, your Bank launched a campaign which celebrated the attitude of India's young entrepreneurs with a series of inspiring videos - 'Empowering Business, Empowering You', which garnered 21 million reach and 14 million views.

Financial Highlights

**Consolidated Financial Statements** 



Your Bank has been rapidly growing its presence in Digital Payments. It launched 'Kotak.biz', an Android App targeted towards merchants, enabling them to accept digital payments through cards, Bharat QR and Unified Payments Interface ("UPI"). The App is live for existing Point of Service ("POS") Merchants and Current Account customers of the Bank.

Looking at enhancing cash flows for merchants, your Bank has developed a new service called 'Same Day Settlements', which enables a POS Merchant to receive transaction settlements on the same day, instead of the next day.

In an effort to enhance the General Insurance product offering on the Insurance platform, your Bank has made available two unique propositions for its customers this year i.e. 'Cyber Insurance' and 'Kotak Protect'.

The Single Payment Protection Plan, 'Kotak Group Secure One' (KGSO), is a unique solution, especially targeting the millennial and 811 Account Holders.

Your Bank has taken a big leap into creating a digital footprint in FY 2021-22. The Non Resident Indian ("NRI") customers of your Bank can now open Investment Accounts online. This is the most convenient and safe mode of opening Investment Accounts and to start investing in mutual funds. This initiative has led to a three fold rise in NRI Investment Accounts opening in FY 2021-22.

In early FY 2021-22, your Bank enabled National Pension System ("NPS") on Mobile Platforms, both on Android and iOS and is currently, amongst the only two private banks where such facility is being offered to the existing customers. With this enablement, your Bank's individual NPS Account sourcing has moved to Mobile Banking, a big leap in digital initiatives by your Bank.

Your Bank has a complete online mechanism to invest through Bank Application Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA) and UPI in Initial Public Offer ("IPO") / Further Public Offer ("FPO") / Rights Issues / Issue of Non-Convertible Debentures (NCD) / Sovereign Gold Bond Scheme (SGB). This proposition has been further sweetened with the introduction of instant online IPO Funding facility.

Kotak811 is India's first downloadable bank account. It offers instant and paperless account opening in three minutes and full access to all banking products and services. It has brought a full-fledged bank to the house of every Indian customer, digitally. Initially, it was started as an Acquisition and Fulfilment engine to acquire customers at scale, with Zero balance Savings Account and convenience as the core proposition. From 2021, Kotak811 operates as a 'Semi-Autonomous' Digital Bank within your Bank, with additional focus on engagement and cross sell. As of FY 2021-22, Kotak811 had over 1.2 crore customers residing in more than 1,000 cities and towns across India. In FY 2021-22, while the customer base grew by approximately 50% YoY, cross sell grew by approximately 120%.

Consumer Assets team scaled up business across Unsecured Lending, Credit Cards and Home Loans / Loan against Property (LAP), in spite of the business impact in April-May 2022, on account of COVID-19 2.0.

Home Loan business volumes grew YoY by 129%, backed by a strong campaign highlighting your Bank's rate benefit. Your Bank's Credit Card business posted strong volume growth in the second half of FY 2021-22, crossing 12 lakh cards for the year. The Credit Card business launched a co-brand card, partnering with Indigo Airlines. The business also launched 'Veer Card' dedicated to the armed forces on Rupay platform. Personal Loans business also posted strong volume growth YoY from second half of FY 2021-22. Your Bank's Consumer Finance Business is now clocking over an average 50,000 loans per month, with focus on both online and offline business.

The Healthcare Finance vertical was launched with a targeted approach to meet the financial needs of Business Banking Asset segment. Multiple digital journeys for customer acquisition on assets and cards have been undertaken and will go live during FY 2022-23.

#### **Commercial Banking**

Your Bank's Commercial Banking business focuses on meeting the banking and financial needs of various segments. This business has specialised units offering financial solutions in the areas of Commercial Vehicles ("CV"), Construction Equipment ("CE") and Tractor and Agriculture Business. It services the priority sector by providing finance for Tractors, Crop Loans to small enterprises and for Allied Agricultural activities. This business plays a significant role in meeting the financial inclusion goals and financing deep into 'Bharat'.

Currently, India's CE industry is the third largest in the world, which witnessed a drop of 15% over the last financial year. The decline was primarily due to the impact of the pandemic in the first half of the year, along with irregular cash flows from State Government and its agencies. Major impact of cash flow was faced by retail and smaller contractors. Your Bank's disbursement witnessed a 20% growth and improvement in market share since the last financial year. With improvement in economy and tax collection, your Bank is hopeful that cash flows in FY 2022-23 will improve significantly and so will demand for CE equipments. Government of India's ("GOI") push on infrastructure with increased budgetary allocation and key announcements like 'GATI SHAKTI', 'Ghar Ghar Jal Mission' along with Road and Railways, are few things which will keep the industry vibrant for future. Overall order flows are improving as well as the pace of work and utilisation of equipments at ground level. The overall delinquencies percentage in CE retail portfolio has marginally increased but major improvement was seen in Q4 FY2021- 22.

Your Bank's CV business has witnessed a 54% disbursement growth, with increase of 26% in the CV industry numbers. This has led to achieving higher market share in the CV industry. The Passenger Car segment, comprising staff / school bus transportation, tour and travel and public transport operation, has seen some recovery in Q4 FY2021- 22 and is poised for stronger recovery going forward. The overall delinquency percentage of the CV portfolio has come down along with reduction in Gross Non-Performing Assets (GNPA) numbers.

The Agriculture business continued to show a growth despite a first quarter halt to business activities, due to the COVID-19 2.0. The year saw inflationary rise in commodity prices and a significant demand rise for all agro commodities, resulting into request for incremental funding needs by all customers. In FY 2021-22, your Bank completed the digitisation of the on-boarding and renewal experience for the customers, thus requiring limited physical contact / presence of the customers at branches for their banking activities. The business focus towards priority sector assets resulted in further increase in Priority Sector Lending ("PSL") qualifying assets in the division's portfolio. PSL assets now account for 80% of the division's portfolio. A spurt in demand, recommencement of eateries and increased travel also saw an improvement in the turnover and business activities of the clients. Due to late commencement of the physical Courts, the recovery rate was delayed and lower. The business faced interest rate pressure due to intense competition.

During the year, the division also focussed on a couple of new initiatives like the Agri Infrastructure Fund / Agriculture Marketing Infrastructure ("AMI"), a biometric oriented retail farmer on-boarding App and empanelment with government agencies for Farmer Producer Organisations (FPO) lending. There was increasing traction on the e-NAM platform.

The microfinance segment which had been severely impacted by the lockdowns and stoppage of business due to COVID-19 for the past two years, witnessed a significant resurgence in FY 2021-22, growing at over 60% on advances on YoY basis. There was an improvement in collection efficiency to over 95% on a monthly basis and a return to almost normal status of fresh loan disbursements.

Tractor industry had de-grown by 6% in FY 2021-22, mainly due to impact of increase in price and very high growth in FY 2020-21. Your Bank's Tractor Financing business has grown better than the industry on account of YoY growth in disbursement by 8%, improved market share in new tractors and also focus on new products and customer segments. There was a marginal impact on portfolio performance due to COVID-19 impact on cash flows of farmers.

Your Bank has Crop Loan business presence mainly in Punjab, Haryana and Western states of India. During FY 2021-22, portfolio quality improved as compared to last year, due to better resolution and collection focused manpower structure. Better monsoon and good crop yields have also helped in resolution.

In FY 2021-22, your Bank expanded Gold loan branches to 400, with about 24% of the branches being now active for Gold loan processing.

#### Corporate Banking

Your Bank's Corporate Banking business caters to a wide range of corporate customer segments, including major Indian corporates, conglomerates, financial institutions, public sector undertakings, multinational companies, new age companies, small and medium enterprises and realty businesses.

This business offers a comprehensive portfolio of products and services to these customers including working capital finance, medium term finance, trade finance, foreign exchange services, other transaction banking services, custody services, debt capital markets and treasury services. The core focus of this business has been to deepen existing relationships and acquire new quality customers on a consistent basis, delivering customised solutions through efficient technology platforms, backed by high quality service and advice. Your Bank also aims to secure value addition through cross-selling of varied products and services.

This year too, your Bank faced COVID-19 related challenges of the second and the third wave. Your Bank was better prepared to face the COVID-19 challenges and navigated this period with a suitable balance between growing the business and prudent risk management. The pickup in economic activity was mixed across sectors. The working capital utilisations remained muted during the year, led by the general approach of corporates to deleverage and bring better efficiency in their working capital management. Companies were, by and large, agile in increasing productivity and reducing costs. Significant long term fund requirements arising out of capacity enhancements are yet to be seen. Strong capital markets, both debt and equity, helped corporates raise funds which ensured that leverage remained at comfortable levels on company balance sheets. Moreover, comfortable liquidity in the banking system kept borrowing costs low for these corporates, in spite of interest rates in the bond markets moving upwards.

Your Bank has addressed these growth challenges by remaining focused on adding new customers in a profitable manner as increasing wallet share with existing customers. There is a healthy addition of New-to-Bank customers in all segments, which in turn, sets a strong foundation for future growth in the business.

Your Bank has focussed on the Small and Mid-Size Enterprises ("SME") segment and grown in advances at 25.3% with minimal slippages by gaining market share and is well poised to capture the growth opportunities in this segment. Several initiatives were taken by your Bank to grow the Priority sector business, resulting in healthy growth in Priority sector advances. Loans to NBFCs continued to grow while maintaining focus on quality. Overall, your Bank ended the year with a well-diversified growth across all customer segments.

Your Bank's share of credit substitutes increased significantly during FY 2021-22, as a result of return of liquidity to debt capital markets and replacing of bank borrowings with funds raised in the capital markets, by the corporates. Your Bank also assisted several customers in raising debt through these markets, thus significantly growing its Debt Capital Market and Loan Syndication revenue stream.

Income from other non-credit income streams including from Forex, Cash Management and other Transaction Banking products too grew well.

There has also been greater focus on increasing the liability side of the business by building core Current Account ensuring a better mix and other non-risk income streams. Assets under custody grew substantially given IPO traction and huge Private Equity inflows. Your Bank saw fund managers showing increased interest in setting up GIFT city structures, across both, Alternate Investment Fund ("AIF") II and III structures. Your Bank on-boarded a number of marquee Foreign Portfolio Investment (FPIs), AIFs and Portfolio Management Services (PMS) clients during the year, who started using the Custody, Clearing and Fund Accounting solutions.

In order to capitalise on market opportunities and offer holistic solutions to clients, your Bank has taken steps to improve integration between its different businesses, including Lending, Debt Capital Markets, Private Banking and Investment Banking. These steps have resulted in an increase in cross divisional synergies and execution of complex solutions, such as syndication of structured debt to Private Banking customers, referring of Investment Banking solutions to Wholesale Banking clients and such others. As part of this strategy, your Bank has an integrated Corporate and Investment Banking ("CIB") approach towards certain top conglomerates and large corporates. The CIB model has ramped up well over the years for your Bank.

Improved customer service and product innovations have helped your Bank to increase cross-sell and wallet share in non-credit businesses.

Your Bank has always had robust risk management practices and it is a testimony to these practices that your Bank has been able to end the year again with low credit costs, despite such a challenging environment. Across corporate segments, your Bank has been proactive in rebalancing its portfolios to reflect economic situations and reducing exposure to situations with heightened risk. Your Bank's focus on Risk management has helped the business to optimise its Risk Weighted Assets as a percentage of Assets over the past few years. The use of Risk Adjusted Return on the capital pricing model has become ingrained in the way the Corporate Banking division conducts its business and has helped to optimise pricing, better utilise capital, increase focus on non-capital intensive income streams and improve return on equity.

Your Bank continues to target productivity and efficiency improvements. There is greater focus on measuring and improving employee productivity, including of its Sales force, through use of technology and digital tools. Given high focus in this area, costs have been kept well in control, further improving profitability of the business.

Digital Initiatives and Robust Business Continuity Practices continue to remain the focus of your Bank. Your Bank was also agile in implementing digital signatures and other online platform solutions for execution of customer documentation. Various digital platforms and initiatives across the customer lifecycle were taken live so as to enable smoother and seamless customer experience, safety first for customer and employees, compliances and improvement in turn-around-time. During the year, the Cash Management Portal was upgraded along with mobile interface. Online trade portal went live with

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positive initial feedback. Digital on boarding of custody end clients was started. Your Bank has launched 'Kotak FYN', its new enterprise portal exclusive for Business Banking and Corporate clients. Kotak FYN aims to provide customers with a seamless experience in a unified view across all product platforms. The portal assures paperless transactions, straight through processing and the facility to track transactions end-to-end.

Favourable risk-return metrics, strong growth in liability and non-risk fee income, controlled credit costs and bounce back of growth across assets in this year, have ensured that your Bank has been able to grow the profitability of the Corporate Banking business and maintain a healthy Return on Equity.

Your Bank remains committed to build a high quality differentiated corporate franchise and continued to focus on maintaining the health and profitability of the business. In FY 2021-22, your Bank significantly ramped up its income from debt syndication business.

#### **Private Banking**

Your Bank's private banking arm, caters to a number of distinguished Indian families and is one of the oldest and the most respected Indian Private Banking firms, managing wealth for more than half of India's top 100 families (Source: Forbes India Rich List 2021), with clients ranging from entrepreneurs to business families and professionals.

Your Bank provides an open architecture proposition to its customers, offering a plethora of Private Banking products. This business has a strong distribution capability for private clients through distribution / referral model across equities, fixed income and alternates catering to Ultra High Net worth Individuals and High Net worth Individual ("HNI") investors. In addition to comprehensive financial solutions that go beyond investments, the division provides a strategic consolidated view on the client's overall portfolio. These also include banking and credit, consolidated reporting, referral for estate planning services and other various products and services to its Private Banking clients. With an in-depth understanding of client requirements and expertise across various asset classes, this business offers the widest range of financial solutions. Your Bank has added approximately 700 new families in FY 2021-22.

Digital and Technology are key pillars of future growth. Delivering products and services to the right set of clients in a smooth and efficient manner will require your Bank to adopt new age technologies that enhance customer experience. Customer segregation for customising their experience is also key to use of available resources in the most optimal manner. Identifying, servicing and retaining clients at scale will require your Bank to adopt best practices and help integrate the right technologies across various functions - sales, products and service.

#### International Banking Units

Your Bank has two International Banking Units ("IBUs") based at GIFT City, Gandhinagar, Gujarat and DIFC, Dubai, United Arab Emirates. The IBUs have their independent treasuries which not only manage regulatory requirements and liquidity buffers - viz., Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), etc. but also offer banking services through products like term credit facilities for various purposes, trade finance, foreign exchange solutions, etc.

The GIFT City Branch is regulated by the International Financial Services Centre Authority (IFSCA), which facilitates your Bank's participation in syndication of overseas loans, lending to clients in international markets and providing External Commercial Borrowing to eligible Indian corporates. Your Bank also undertakes offshore client's forex and derivative transactions to help them with management of interest rate and currency risks, in addition to investments in offshore bonds.

DIFC Branch is your Bank's first overseas branch at Dubai, regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority ("DFSA"). This branch complements your Bank's ability to advise and arrange global investment products, provide loans and accept deposits from its overseas private banking customers that qualify under the Professional client criteria of the DFSA. Your Bank has developed capabilities to advise and arrange global investments through this Branch. The Branch also has tie-ups with some leading names in the international investments space and arranges access to their services to eligible customers of the Branch.

#### Asset Reconstruction

Your Bank's Asset Reconstruction Division (ARD) looks at opportunities and takes exposure in distressed/ Non Performing Assets ("NPA") accounts through Security Receipts ("SR") investments, Stressed / NPA portfolio buyout from other banks, priority funding and working capital assistance with an aim to resolve and turn them around. As a Qualified Institutional Buyer (QIB), your Bank also invests in SRs issued by Asset Reconstruction Companies. Your Bank is actively participating in distressed asset buyouts and investments space for almost two decades.

The resolution of several accounts was seriously impacted on account of lockdowns due to COVID-19 pandemic and slowdown in the economy. It was impacted this year as well due to disruption in functioning of various judicial forums like Debt Recovery Tribunals (DRTs), Debt Recovery Appellate Tribunal (DRAT), High Courts, including National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT) proceedings under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) which resulted in piling of cases and delay in announcement of awards for various distressed accounts.

However, your Bank adapted to the pandemic situation and it diligently, closely monitored and spared no efforts to resolve the stressed accounts with empathy and compassion.

Now, the economy is exposed to global crises of War, with rise in commodity prices and inflation. However, your Bank is monitoring the impact and will adopt various measures thoughtfully and diligently to resolve the stressed and bad accounts with compassion

We expect a lot of opportunities in the acquisition side, both corporate and retail stressed loans, which your Bank will analyze. If the prices offered are reasonable and attractive, your Bank shall be open to acquire several of them.

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#### Treasury

Your Bank's Treasury actively contributes by way of:

- buffers and requisite investments. The BMU also manages Interest Rate and Liquidity risk within the overall risk appetite of your Bank.
- Government securities and engages in retailing of Government securities.
- for remittances, trade transactions and for managing Foreign Exchange and Interest Rate risks.
- iv. Bank also imports gold and silver to meet the needs of customers, under a license received from the RBI.

#### **RESPONSE TO COVID-19 PANDEMIC**

India began the vaccination programme in January 2021 and has stood firmly to manage the unprecedented challenge caused by COVID-19, which continued to test the Indian economy this year as well. However, with lower number of infections and increasing vaccinations, the economy has shown resilience and your Bank is confident that it will emerge out stronger.

In these challenging times, your Bank has taken steps to help, protect and provide relief to its customers, employees and society. The key approach taken by your Bank to mitigate the impact of the pandemic for its customers, employees and society is summarised below:

#### Well-being of employees

- branches and offices physically, implementing COVID-19 appropriate behavior and protocols, without affecting customer service.
- including tie-ups for medical emergency response services, isolation facilities, doctor consultation and telemedicine services.
- immediate relatives, to support emergency medical expenses, pending medical insurance approvals, on a case-to-case basis.
- employees, eligible for annual bonus, received the annual year-end bonus for FY 2020-21.
- reimbursed the cost of COVID-19 tests for employees and also waived off employees share in the medical insurance premium.
- vaccination.

#### Well-being of customers

- and checking account balances.
- option through which they can easily change their correspondence address instantly and completely online.
- offers for its debit and credit cardholders.

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Balance Sheet Management: The Balance Sheet Management Unit ("BMU") ensures maintenance of regulatory reserves and adequate liquidity

Proprietary Trading: The Proprietary Trading Desk actively trades in products such as Fixed Income Securities, Money Markets, Derivatives, Foreign Exchange and Equity. The Proprietary Desk also helps assist interbank access to teams servicing customer requirements. The Primary Dealer Desk, which is a part of the Proprietary Trading Desk, actively participates in primary auctions of Government Securities, makes market in

Customer Transactions: The customer facing desks at the Treasury assist and manage customer transactions across Foreign Exchange, Derivatives and Bullion products. The Forex and Derivatives Desk facilitates customer access to foreign currency markets through cash and derivatives products

Bullion: The Bullion desk provides efficient working capital solutions to domestic jewellery manufacturers as per the prescribed rules of RBI. Your

· Continuity with safety: Your Bank has taken all possible steps to protect the workforce including rostering, working with minimal staff presence at

Emergency response: Your Bank has created a war room amongst 'Kotakites' who volunteered and have put in place a series of emergency measures

Financial support: Your Bank offered special financial assistance up to ₹ 5 lakh per employee to needy COVID-19 infected employees and their

Your Bank introduced the Kotak Pandemic Benevolent Policy to secure the future of families of those colleagues who lost their lives from 1st April, 2020 and subsequently up to 31st March, 2022. Under this, family members / nominees of those employees who lost their lives (irrespective of the cause of death), would receive full monthly fixed salary for two years, beginning June 2021. The family members / nominee of deceased

People balance sheet over financial balance sheet: Your Bank instituted comprehensive remote working policy to protect employees during the pandemic. Also, employees were permitted to work from locations different from their base location. Your Bank introduced remote working allowance to cover wi-fi and other work-related furnishing expenses and a fitness allowance through 'Health to the Power Infinity' program (#HumFitKotakHit). Your Bank carried out a '828' program to ensure robust work-life balance, announced special leave of 15 days for those who were COVID-19 positive,

Kotak VaxShield: Your Bank conducted vaccination drives for employees and their family members and reimbursed employees who paid for their

To bring a sharper focus to the healthcare sector with a targeted set of product offerings, your Bank launched a tailored and holistic suite of healthcare financing solutions ranging from healthcare infrastructure loans, medical equipment finance and unsecured healthcare loans, catering to key stakeholders in the healthcare ecosystem including hospitals, laboratories, diagnostic centres, nursing homes, clinics, doctors and medical equipment manufacturers and dealers. Your Bank introduced a comprehensive bouquet of offerings at attractive interest rates to meet the financing requirements of all the key players. This included innovative lending facilities such as the Insta Program for quick approval of loans up to ₹ 50 lakh.

To deliver essential banking services conveniently to a larger section of consumers living in relatively far-off areas, your Bank launched Micro ATMs across the country. Customers of all banks who possess a debit card can use a Kotak Micro ATM for key banking services, such as cash withdrawals

Your Bank completed integration of its Net Banking platform with DigiLocker to allow customers to instantly update their correspondence address with the Bank. With many customers having relocated to their hometowns during the COVID-19 pandemic, this facility gives customers one more

Your Bank offered emergency personal loans exclusively for the treatment of COVID-19. The loan covers expenses incurred for medical treatment of COVID-19 for self as well as for family members. Further, your Bank tied up with leading healthcare brands to provide a range of attractive healthcare



#### Well-being of society

- During the year, your Bank provided ambulances to provide better and timely accessibility of medical services to people from different strata of the society. The ambulances will continue to offer timely and easy access to medical facilities and cater to the medical needs of local residents, largely from the lower socioeconomic background.
- Your Bank launched 'Aadhaar on Wheels' a mobile Aadhaar Seva Kendra that provides convenient Aadhaar services to citizens including senior . citizens, the differently abled, pregnant women and others. This initiative is inspired by Kotak's successful project - ATM on Wheels, which was launched last financial year during the pandemic to help customers with essential banking services during the lockdown period.

#### Key initiatives and focus areas of FY 2021-22

Kotak Edge - Key metrics reflecting scalability of the business:

- Focus on Digital and Technology has resulted in enhanced productivity and improved customer experience from onboarding and transaction processing to servicing perspective. The continuous engagement and feedback mechanism with all stakeholders has led to on-going process improvement
- 'Time to execution' and 'bespoke development' are the following two key pillars of your Bank's execution strategy: .
  - 0 Your Bank implemented low code platform and cloud based solutions to ensure quick time execution and scalability.
  - 0 Working with both, fintechs and wealthtechs, ensures that your Bank can fulfil both bespoke developments as well as adapt to technological trends and functionalities
- Green channeling the servicing of / for the Private Banking clients through soft skills and functional trainings. All complaints are addressed on priority. •

#### HUMAN RESOURCES

During FY 2021-22, your Bank witnessed the peak of the COVID-19 outbreak and then the subsequent decrease in cases and relaxation of lockdown norms. The Human Resources ("HR") Department of your Bank implemented various initiatives to transform the HR processes, policies and systems and various employee touchpoints for smooth functioning and business continuity in the new normal scenario. From making great strides in engaging with employees, numerous health and wellness drives, to centralising various HR Processes for aligning employee experience, there have been quite a few measures taken to enhance the experience of employees. It was indeed a proud moment for your Bank to have been certified as 'One of India's Best Employers Among Nation-Builders' by the Great Place to Work® Institute, in 2021.

Key HR Initiatives taken by your Bank were:

- i i Health and Wellness: Various health and wellness related initiatives were launched through online and onsite interactions such as Emotional Assistance Program, Employee Outreach program, Covid test reimbursements for employees and their families, Special Leave for employees tested COVID-19 positive and online wellness initiatives such as yoga, meditation, zumba, quiz sessions, etc.
- ii Kotak DNA: Your Bank revamped the Kotak DNA. Also, Kotak DNA microsite and mandatory learning module were launched to create awareness amongst employees.
- iii. Leadership and Manager Connect: Your Bank remains heavily invested in regional initiatives like Leadership Connect / Town Hall, Webcast, Meet forums for building manager connect and skip level and also strengthens the platform for top down communication.
- Diversity and Inclusion: Building diverse and inclusive culture has been a focus for your Bank over few years. Your Bank has framed the Diversity and Inclusion Statement and also launched policies such as New Mother Benefit Policy for Kotak Wonder Women, to promote gender equity. The policy aims to provide assistance to Kotak Wonder Women returning to work, to help set up a reliable support system for them to take care of their infants.
- Hum Fit Kotak Hit: Your Bank has launched a monthly Fitness allowance, with effect from 1st December, 2020, thereby creating a culture of fitness for Kotak employees by encouraging them to update their fitness goals online, driving focus on their health and well-being.
- Kotak Worklife Mobile App: Your Bank focused on automation and enhancing the employee experience in FY 2021-22 with regards to HR processes vi. and transactions. Your Bank moved away from the old employee intranet portal and launched the Kotak Worklife Mobile App which is also available in web format portal and provides functionalities such as attendance, leave, chat groups, chatbot and others on the same platform. Through this App, the aim is to provide all employee services at work and collaboration in a simple and effective manner. Employees are now able to mark their attendance, create and interact with workgroups like WhatsApp, raise and resolve queries on the intuitive chatbot besides various other linkages such as to HRMS, Payroll, Reimburse, Travel, Mediclaim, Fast Track (Internal Job Postings), book a seat (office hot desking), vaccination declaration and booking, IT helpdesk and many more, while employees are on the go.
- Employee Volunteering Policy: Your Bank launched the Employee Volunteering Policy in FY 2021-22 to enable and inspire employees to utilize their vii. time and skills in socially impactful volunteering activities, thereby driving a positive change in your Bank's communities through physical / virtual volunteering and payroll giving.
- Kotak Young Leaders Council: Your Bank actively engages with young talent through this flagship initative where young Kotakites become change viii makers and thinkers. It is a valuable learning opportunity where the chosen few who become the council get to interact with the leadership team and work as a cohort with them.
- ix. Eureka: Your Bank has revamped the innovation, idea generation portal where employees can submit open ideas or for specific business problems. Your Bank evaluates the ideas submitted and rewards the best ideas and makes them part of the selected idea implementation process. The platform is also available on the Kotak Worklife Mobile App, on the go for all employees.
- My Kotak My Say: Your Bank has been strengthening the platform for top down communication. At the same time, your Bank has created a listening opportunity for Kotakites to voice through, 'My Kotak My Say', a bi-annual employee engagement survey engaging with the 'Great Place to Work® Institute'. 'My Kotak My Say' Survey was conducted for the second time in August 2021, with an overall 76.15% response rate organisation wide. 77% of employees today believe that Kotak is a Great Place to Work (increased from 72% in previous year). Your Bank has been certified as 'One of India's Best Employers Among Nation-Builders' by Great Place to Work® Institute.

- to take up relevant courses and training and upskill themselves.
- during the candidate screening process to ensure it hires candidates with right skillsets to meet the future demand.
- xiii. Your Bank has launched K-Applaud, Rewards and Recognition platform. Through this platform, your Bank has been promoting a culture of appreciation appreciate their peers and can also avail discounts on various brands on the platform.
- capability building for key talent.
- Consumer Bank in identifying problem areas and proposing solutions to issues that your Bank's customers are facing.
- for the ongoing transformation.
- Digital initiatives. About 100 plus leaders have been covered so far.

#### **EMPLOYEES**

As on 31st March, 2022, the full time employee strength of the Group was over 90,000. The Statndalone Bank had over 66,000 full time employee.

In terms of the proviso to Section 136(1) of the Act, the Directors' Report is being sent to all members, excluding the annexure with respect to employees employed throughout the year who were in receipt of remuneration of ₹ 102 lakh or more per annum and employees employed for part of the year who were in receipt of remuneration of ₹ 8.5 lakh or more per month. The annexure is available for inspection by any member on request. Any member interested in obtaining a copy of the said annexure, may write an email to the Company Secretary at KotakBank.Secretarial@kotak.com.

#### INFORMATION UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

Your Bank continues with the belief of zero tolerance towards sexual harassment at workplace and continues to uphold and maintain itself as a safe and non-discriminatory organisation. To achieve the same, your Bank reinforces the understanding and awareness of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 ("POSH"). Your Bank has formulated a central Steering Board Committee and Internal Committee at three regions for reporting any untoward instance of sexual harassment. Any complaints pertaining to sexual harassment are diligently reviewed and investigated and treated with great sensitivity. The Internal Committee members have been trained in handling and resolving complaints and have also designed an online e-learning POSH Awareness module, which covers the larger employee base.

As on 1st April, 2021, eight complaints were pending for disposal. All these complaints were disposed off during FY 2021-22.

The following is a summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed off during FY 2021-22:

Number of complaints received during FY 2021-22
Number of complaints disposed off as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022
Number of complaints pending as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022

All the seven complaints pending as on 31st March, 2022, were disposed off as on the date of this Report.

#### CODE FOR PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING

The Bank has adopted the Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited - Insider Trading Code of Conduct ("Code") for the prevention of insider trading in the securities of the Bank as well as in other listed and proposed to be listed companies and the Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information ("UPSI"). The Code, inter alia, prohibits dealing in securities by insiders while in possession of UPSI. The said Code has been amended, from time to time, to give effect to the various notifications / circulars of SEBI with respect to the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.

The Bank has also formulated and adopted the Policy for Determination of Materiality of Events or Information of the Bank, in terms of Regulation 30 of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Policy for Determination of Materiality of Events / Information and the Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of UPSI of the Bank, is available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/governance/policies.html, in compliance with the SEBI Listing Regulations.

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xi. Employee Development: Your Bank increased focus on e-learning for delivering programs at various stages of employee lifecycle. Programs such as 'Learning A-fair' focused on seven themes, which spanned across 73 sessions. The event had over 10,000 unique employee registrations and cumulative attendance for these 73 sessions was over 35,000. Your Bank also framed External Learning Courses Policy, to encourage employees

xii. Talent Acquisition: Your Bank has launched 'Kotak Fast Track Plus', an exclusive Internal Job Posting portal for Grade M8 and above roles, where senior employees can explore available internal career opportunities across the Kotak group and advance their careers. To have a diverse workforce and promote women participation, your Bank has made the Internal Job Posting program more attractive for women employees to promote internal talent mobilization and has identified roles that can be filled with a woman candidate only. To bridge the skill gap for roles specially in IT, Digital and Business Intelligence Unit (BIU), your Bank introduced Science, Technology, Engineering and Math (STEM) and Critical to Quality (CTQ) parameters

via monetary and non-monetary reward programs. The platform is available to employees on Kotak Worklife Mobile App / Portal. Employees can

xiv. Talent Management: Your Bank continues to review talent at a leadership level. Various interventions have been rolled out for future leadership

xv. Kotakathon@Eureka: Your Bank launched a hackathon named Kotakathon@Eureka, with the single most critical objective of creating the highest levels of Customer Obsession in our minds, which helps deliver real value to customers. This was a challenge for the Branch Banking Business of

xvi. Your Bank launched DREAM (Digital Readiness Enabler and Awareness Measure), an opportunity to ensure that Bank employees in select grades are exposed to personalized digital awareness learning journeys, after having assessed their Digital Quotient. This is an attempt to prepare employees

xvii. Digi Q [in partnership with Catallyst Executive Education Institute (CEEI)]: Kotak DigiQ is a customized intervention for the senior leaders of your Bank, designed to instill a sense and urgency to lead in the Indian banking sector through rapid transformation and focused disruption pivoting on

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#### WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY / VIGIL MECHANISM

Your Bank is committed to its 'Vision Statement' of upholding its Global Indian Financial Services Brand, creating an ethos of trust across all constituents, developing a culture of empowerment and a spirit of enterprise thereby becoming the most preferred employer in the financial services sector.

Consistent with the Vision Statement, your Bank is committed to maintain and provide to all its employees and directors, the highest standards of transparency, probity and accountability. The Kotak Group endeavours to develop a culture where it is safe and acceptable for all employees and directors to raise / voice genuine concerns in good faith and in a responsible as well as effective manner.

A vigil mechanism has been implemented through the adoption of a Whistle Blower Policy with an objective to enable employees / directors / suppliers / vendors / service providers / all other applicable stakeholders, raise genuine concern or report evidence of activity by the Bank or its employee or director or vendor that may constitute instances of corporate fraud, unethical business conduct, a violation of Central or State laws, rules, regulations and / or any other regulatory or judicial directives, any unlawful act, whether criminal or civil, irregularities like alteration, forgery or fabrication of documents, impropriety, abuse or wrong doing, misuse of office / position, theft / embezzlement, misappropriation of asset, bribery / corruption, collusion with vendor / customers, deliberate breaches and non-compliance with the Bank's policies, processes, data leakage, questionable accounting / audit matters / financial malpractice, ethics violation, conflict of interest, dual employment and unauthorized disclosure of confidential information about the Bank or any of its customers. The concerns can be reported online on the following websites viz., URL: <a href="https://cwiportal.com/kotak">https://cwiportal.com/kotak</a> and / or <a href="https://www.speakup.co.in/">https://www.speakup.co.in/</a> which are managed by independent third parties. Safeguards to avoid discrimination, retaliation or harassment and confidentiality have been incorporated in the said policy.

All employees and Directors have access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee in appropriate and exceptional circumstances. Further, the Chairman of the Audit Committee has access rights to the whistle blower portals. The Audit Committee reviews a synopsis of the complaints received and the resolution thereof, every quarter under the said Policy.

Your Bank is taking several initiatives to encourage employees to blow the whistle and report incidences of any fraud or unusual events. During the year under review, your Bank has initiated periodic email campaigns for educating employees on the process of whistle blowing, creating awareness and encouraging employees to blow the whistle and report incidences of any concerns. In addition, the same has been reiterated and made an integral part of your Bank's Code of Conduct and training.

The Policy is available on the Bank's intranet as well as website viz., URL: <u>https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/governance/policies.html</u>

#### EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS AND STOCK APPRECIATION RIGHTS SCHEMES

The Bank has formulated and adopted the Kotak Mahindra Share Based Employee Benefit Scheme 2015 to:

- provide means to enable the Bank, its subsidiaries and associate companies, as applicable, to attract and retain appropriate human talent in the employment of the Bank, its subsidiaries and associate companies, as applicable;
- motivate the employees of the Bank, its subsidiaries and associate companies, as applicable, with incentives and reward opportunities;
- achieve sustained growth of the Bank, its subsidiaries and associate companies, as applicable and to create shareholder value by aligning the interests of the employees with the long term interests of the Bank; and
- create a sense of ownership and participation amongst the employees of the Bank, its subsidiaries and associate companies, as applicable.

The Employee Stock Options ("ESOPs") and the Stock Appreciation Rights ("SARs") granted to the employees of the Bank and its subsidiaries currently operate under the following Schemes:

- i. Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2015 ("ESOP Scheme")
- ii. Kotak Mahindra Stock Appreciation Rights Scheme 2015 ("SARs Scheme").

During the year, the Bank granted ESOPs and SARs to the eligible employees of the Bank and its subsidiaries, in accordance with the respective Schemes and as approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC").

SEBI has repealed the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 ("SEBI (SBEB) Regulations, 2014") and brought in force the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 ("SEBI (SBEB&SE) Regulations, 2021"), with effect from 13<sup>th</sup> August, 2021. The provisions of SEBI (SBEB&SE) Regulations, 2021 do not apply to cash settled SARs Scheme. As the Bank's SARs Scheme provides only for cash settlement on stock appreciation, the provisions of SEBI (SBEB&SE) Regulations, 2021, are no longer applicable.

The aforesaid Schemes complied with the SEBI (SBEB) Regulations, 2014 and SEBI (SBEB&SE) Regulations, 2021, to the extent applicable. During the year under review, no material changes were made to the Schemes.

The relevant details of the aforesaid Schemes, as required under the SEBI (SBEB&SE) Regulations 2021, are available on the Bank's website viz., URL: <a href="https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/financial-results/annual-reports.html">https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/financial-results/annual-reports.html</a> These details, along with the certificates from the Secretarial Auditor, as required under the SEBI (SBEB&SE) Regulations 2021, stating that the ESOP Scheme and the SARs Scheme have been implemented in accordance with the SEBI (SBEB&SE) Regulations, 2021 and the resolution passed by the members, would be placed and available for inspection by the members during the AGM.

#### ENVIRONMENT, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE PRACTICES AND CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

In accordance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, your Bank has constituted a Board level Corporate Social Responsibility and Environmental Social and Governance Committee ("CSR & ESG Committee").

Your Bank's CSR & ESG Committee is responsible to:

- i. identify, execute and monitor CSR projects, to assist the Board in fulfilling its CSR objectives, to ensure compliance of CSR regulations and to oversee reporting and disclosure of CSR activity;
- ii. oversee the development and implementation of the Group's ESG framework, to assist the Board in defining and fulfilling its ESG goals and objectives, to ensure compliance of ESG regulations and to oversee the reporting and disclosure of the Group's ESG performance; and
- iii. review / approve donations by the Bank, to the not for profit organisations, as per authorisation matrix approved by the Board from time to time.

#### **Environment, Social and Governance Practices**

Keeping pace with the increased global focus on Environment, Social and Governance ("ESG"), your Bank strives to improve its performance on ESG aspects. The ESG practice in the Bank is guided by a curated ESG policy framework which articulates ESG focus areas. Adherence to high standards of corporate ethics and transparency are cornerstones of your Bank's ESG approach. Current policies and processes have been updated to reflect this renewed focus on strengthening systems from a stakeholder perspective, of which, details have been covered in the profile section of this Report. On the social dimension, your Bank continues to focus on customer experience, data privacy, employee well-being and development, financial inclusion and community focused interventions. With regard to environmental performance, your Bank has elevated its focus on its operational and financing footprints. Details of your Bank's operational environmental footprint and climate risk assessment have been covered in the profile section of the Report.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

Your Bank's Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Policy sets out your Bank's vision, mission, governance and CSR focus areas to fulfil its inclusive agenda across many geographies of India. The Policy also highlights your Bank's intent to contribute towards the economic, environmental and social growth of the nation and also reflects the organization's commitment to contribute towards United Nation's ("UN") Sustainable Development Goals ("SDGs"). Your Bank has enhanced its CSR footprint in FY 2021-22 in accordance with the guidelines led out in the CSR Policy, by focusing on sustainable, scalable and perceptible CSR Projects, spreading in focused geographies and aligning to SDGs and the national narrative.

Your Bank's CSR Policy is available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/about-us/corporate-responsibility.html

Your Bank's CSR Projects and CSR Project Expenditure for FY 2021-22 are compliant with the CSR mandate as specified under Sections 134 and 135 read with Schedule VII of the Act, along with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time and in line with MCA's notifications issued from time-to-time.

The CSR expenditure for FY 2021-22, required as per Section 135 of the Act and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time was ₹ 161.83 crore. After setting off ₹ 0.72 crore from the excess CSR spent of the previous FY 2020-21, your Bank's total CSR obligation for FY 2021-22 was ₹ 161.11 crore.

The actual CSR Expenditure for FY 2021-22 was ₹162.00 crore, which is more than the prescribed CSR expenditure requirement stipulated under Section 135 of the Act. The Bank spent ₹ 62.07 crore as CSR Project Expenditure of FY 2021-22, ₹ 3.87 crore as CSR Administrative Overheads Expenditure for FY 2021-22 and the balance ₹ 96.06 crore, towards ongoing CSR Projects of FY 2021-22, remained unspent and has been accordingly transferred to the 'Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited Unspent CSR Account FY 2021-22', in April 2022. Your Bank is committed to spend the unutilised CSR Expenditure of ongoing CSR Projects of FY 2021-22 within three years i.e. between 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2022 and 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2025.

The excess CSR expenditure spend of ₹ 0.88 crore for FY 2021-22 is being carried forward to three succeeding financial years and would be available for set-off in those financial years. A separate Annual Report on CSR activities for FY 2021-22 is annexed to this Report.

Your Bank had transferred an amount of ₹ 63.59 crore to 'Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited Unspent CSR Account FY 2020-21' in April 2021, against Board approved ongoing CSR Projects of FY 2020-21. Out of this, your Bank spent an amount of ₹ 40.02 crore during FY 2021-22 and balance amount was ₹ 23.57 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022. Your Bank is committed to utilise the balance amount towards completion of Board approved ongoing CSR Projects from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2022 to 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024.

The implementation of the CSR projects in FY 2021-22 had been done either directly and / or through implementing partner organisations, having proven track record. Also, your Bank's employees have been actively volunteering and providing on the ground support for the Bank's various CSR initiatives, including specific COVID-19 relief operations.

Your Bank, under various CSR Projects, has provided support for upgrading healthcare infrastructure across various hospitals, access to vaccination and supported frontline workers like doctors, nurses, policemen via various means such as contributing masks, face shields, sanitizers, etc. during the COVID-19 pandemic.

A brief outline of the CSR Policy, including the overview of the CSR Projects undertaken, the composition of the CSR & ESG Committee, CSR Project Expenditure during the year under review, have been provided in the Annual Report on CSR activities annexed to this Report and also in the Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report ("BRSR") section of the Annual Report for FY 2021-22.

#### **Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report**

In May 2021, SEBI made an amendment to Regulation 34(2)(f) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, by introducing enhanced disclosure requirements regarding ESG parameters through a revised format called BRSR. The BRSR format replaced the previous Business Responsibility Report. The revised disclosures were introduced to increase transparency in reporting and enable market participants to identify and assess sustainability-related risks and opportunities. BRSR is voluntary for FY 2021-22 and mandatory from FY 2022-23. Your Bank endeavours to be at the forefront of sustainability reporting by being an early adopter of BRSR.

The BRSR discloses an overview of an entity's material ESG risks and opportunities, goals and targets related to sustainability and performance against them.

The Bank's disclosure on environmental performance covers aspects such as resource usage (energy and water), Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions and waste generated. Disclosure on social aspects covers the workforce diversity (by gender and differently abled employees), turnover rates, median wages, occupational health and safety, trainings, community development and customer centric approach, etc.

BRSR for FY 2021-22 is available on the Bank's website viz., URL: <u>https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/financial-results/annual-reports.html</u> Any member interested in obtaining a copy of this Report may write to the Company Secretary of the Bank at KotakBank.Secretarial@kotak.com or submit a written request to the Registered Office of the Bank.

#### **TECHNOLOGY AND DIGITISATION**

The COVID-19 crisis has created an imperative for your Bank to reconfigure its operations and an opportunity to transform them. As during the pandemic, consumers have moved dramatically towards online channels and your Bank has responded well in turn. In this situation, an area that has

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seen tremendous growth is digitisation, meaning everything from online customer service to remote working to supply-chain reinvention to the use of artificial intelligence ("AI") and machine learning has taken front seat to improve the operations and overall experience. Your Bank has ensured the speedup in creating digital or digitally enhanced offerings.

Before embarking on the Digitisation journey, your Bank's strategy has addressed the four core questions only to achieve the digital roadmap:

- Does the existing infrastructure and platform architecture enable the efficient extension of Application services, rollout of innovations and the i i achievement of processing scale and efficiencies?
- Can the platform decouple legacy workflows, augmenting them with new workflows powered by AI, blockchain, deep learning, and Internet of Things ii ("IoT")?
- iii Will the modern architecture, operating model and business strategy operate and scale across established open standards and connect to Application Programming Interfaces ("APIs")?
- iv. Can the current infrastructure adapt to regulatory and institutional changes in the next few years in response to new initiatives i.e. real-time payments, new messaging standards, more stringent requirements governing risk, security, fraud and privacy?

By considering the above points, your Bank has further accelerated the digitisation of Customer Experience and Digital Channels, Future Ready-Technology and Capability Building, so that it could address:

- i i Seamless connected journeys across the products / platforms
- ii Applications with a better user experience i.e. Personalization
- 24/7 access and frictionless service
- iv. Innovation by including data protection and security.

Your Bank introduced Supply Chain Finance by leveraging its state of the art technology for the convenience of its customers. Operations gateway supply chain will strengthen the relationship of your Bank with the Corporate World by financing their supply chain partners.

For participating in the Account Aggregation (AA) Ecosystem, your Bank has built technical framework for Financial Information Providers (FIP) and Financial Information Users (FIU). These modules seamlessly connect a company's existing solution to the AA ecosystem and act as a single point to handle all the comprehensive and tedious integration architectures, helping FIPs and FIUs save time in their integrations.

Your Bank has implemented following initiatives from the automation perspective:

- Document to document comparison
- Goods and Service Tax (GST) workflow to streamline process which includes General Ledger tally ii.
- iii Customer on-boarding journey for existing Current Account and Savings Account HNI customers to apply for Cash Management Services (CMS), Trade, loans, and other corporate products
- iv. Consent Management system.

Open Credit Enablement Network (OCEN) is a framework of APIs for interaction between small borrowers, lenders, loan service providers and account aggregators. The APIs will act as a common language connecting marketplaces to use and create innovative financial credit products. Your Bank has implemented this framework which will enable digital cash flow based lending for MSME.

Being focussed on customer first, it has been your Bank's constant endeavour to provide the most attractive proposition which meets the aspirations and preferences of customers. With travel taking off in a big way, your Bank has partnered with IndiGo to help customers go places with 'Ka-ching'. Kotak-Indigo 'Ka-ching' has been designed to deliver a magical experience to the customers who love to travel. The Kotak-IndiGo Credit Card is a valuable addition to your Bank's growing portfolio of cards and will be the preferred card in the customer's wallet.

Government Business Module (GBM) was implemented to ensure the timely rolling out of the government schemes to the customers.

Your Bank has partnered with Online PSB Loans Limited, a fintech company to provide online credit market place to various financial aspirations of borrower MSMEs and individuals, in a simple, quick and hassle-free way through Business Loan or Working Capital products.

Your Bank has also implemented 1Kosmos BlockID, a Multi Factor Authentication Solution (SAAS offering), which provides below functionalities for the customer:

- Open Authorization (Oauth) compliant
- Time based One Time Password (TOTP) option, which works offline after activation
- SMS and Email One Time Password (OTP).

Cheque Clearing being a core function, your Bank has implemented a robust application on a licensed model. This application, will in turn be provided to multiple Business Process Outsourced (BPO) vendors across geographies for processing, thereby ensuring localised continuity and faster processing.

Technology refreshes are no longer about replacing old kit with faster and slicker machines, but about creating agile, on-demand platforms that ensure your business is ready for change. Hence, your Bank has ensured that to cater to internal as well as external customer's network, devices and middleware has been upgraded. Also, contact centre software version upgrade was carried out successfully. As the importance of information has increased, the attacks in years have shown exponential growth. To counter the attacks, your Bank has implemented Machine Learning ("ML") algorithms that are used in applications to detect and respond to attacks. This is achieved by analysing big data sets of security events and identifying patterns of malicious activities. ML works so that when similar events are detected, they are automatically dealt with by the trained ML model.

The changing customer preferences is driving your Bank to provide 24x7 connectivity and increasingly digitized processes, creating new expectations and new risks. Further, your Bank is continuously evolving operational resilience to deliver critical operations through disruption.

Apart from the above, your Bank's technology direction has been formulated to address six areas of strategic importance viz., Platform Building, Modernization and Refresh of Legacy, Analytics and Reporting, Cyber Security and Regulatory, Technology Operations Automation and Adoption of Emerging Technologies.

Cyber Security and Fraud Detection is a continuous evolving space. Your Bank invests significantly in technologies to be at the forefront to prevent, detect and act in situations arising from it.

The technology platforms used by your Bank have adequate level of component / system level redundancy built into the production systems. Critical technology platforms / systems have a Disaster Recovery ("DR") set up at a DR site, which can be utilised in the case of any major outages in the corresponding production system.

#### SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

As at 31st March, 2022, your Bank had nineteen subsidiaries in various businesses, as listed below

Sr. No.	Name of the subsidiary	
i.	Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	
ii.	Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	
iii.	Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited	

- Kotak Securities Limited iv.
- Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited V
- Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited vi
- Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited Vii.
- VIII. Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited
- ix. Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Limited
- Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited X
- xi Kotak Investment Advisors Limited
- Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited Xİİ.
- Kotak Mahindra (UK) Limited XIII.
- Kotak Mahindra (International) Limited xiv.
- Kotak Mahindra Inc. XV.
- Kotak Mahindra Asset Management (Singapore) Pte. Limited xvi.
- Kotak Mahindra Financial Services Limited xvii
- IVY Product Intermediaries Limited XVIII.
- BSS Microfinance Limited xix.

#### Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited and Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited:

The Passenger Car market in India grew by 12.7% for FY 2021-22 compared to 1.6% de-growth in FY 2020-21. Profits of Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited and Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited in FY 2021-22 increased primarily due to higher disbursements, COVID-19 provision reversal, lower losses and profit from investments. Further, during FY 2021-22, KMPL acquired car finance portfolio of Volkswagen Finance Private Limited and Ford Credit India Limited.

#### Kotak Securities Limited and Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited:

In FY 2021-22, the Indian Equity Capital Markets witnessed a record fundraising year completing 53 IPOs, 1 FPO, 29 Qualified Institutional Placement ("QIP"), 22 Offer for Sale ("OFS") and 10 Rights Issues. FY 2021-22 saw exceptional response in IPOs and ensured successful completion of some of the marquee IPOs in the New Age Tech sector and other sectors such as consumer, financial, healthcare, real estate and speciality chemicals also witnessed strong investor response. Domestic Institutional Investors continued to support the markets with an inflow of US\$ 29 billion versus an outflow of US\$ 17 billion from FIIs. The market average daily volumes (excluding the proprietary segment) has shown a growth in the cash, NSE equity options and NSE equity futures segment from ₹ 48,523 crore to ₹ 51,293 crore, from ₹ 1,401,457 crore to ₹ 3,412,246 crore and from ₹ 79,698 crore to ₹ 88,948 crore, respectively, in FY 2021-22 as compared to the FY 2020-21. Accordingly, Kotak Securities Limited and Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited reported higher profits compared to the previous year.

#### Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited:

Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited ("KLI") has recorded a growth of 17.3% on the gross written premium, mainly coming from renewal premium and group new business. KLI has solvency ratio of 2.73 against a regulatory requirement of 1.50. The Net worth of KLI increased by 8.5% from ₹ 4,045.50 crore as on 31st March, 2021 to ₹ 4,389.20 crore as on 31st March, 2022. On individual Adjusted Premium Equivalent ("APE") Basis (Single 1/10), KLI was posted 8th rank within the private industry. KLI has registered a growth of 16.2% against insurance industry growth of 15.7%. KLI's market share for Individual New Business premium (APE terms) was 3.8% for FY 2021-22 amongst private insurers. On group APE Basis (Single 1/10), KLI was posted 3rd rank within the private industry. KLI's market share for Group New Business premium (APE terms) was 12.2% for FY 2021-22 amongst private insurers. KLI saw an increase in its Assets Under Management ("AUM") (including shareholders) by 19.4% YoY to ₹ 55,562.61 crore in FY 2021-22. Further, Operating expense ratio has improved to 12.8% as against 13.6% in previous year. This was possible by a 17.3% YoY growth in total premium in FY 2021-22 and is also attributed to improved productivity in addition to increase in distribution strength.

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Even though Business Continuity Planning has been an integral part of all functions across your Bank due to COVID-19, the rapid shift to remote working was seamlessly catered by Information Technology for the majority of the staff and business associates. Further, the IT operations were being carried out

Business activity	
Car Finance and other Lending	
Investments, Lending	
Infrastructure Financing	
Stock Broking, E-Broking, Distribution	
Investment Banking	
Life Insurance	
General Insurance	
Mutual Fund	
Trustee Company	
Pension Fund	
Alternate Asset Management	
Trusteeship Services	
Distribution of financial products and dealing in securities	
Advisory Services, Investments	
Broker / Dealer	
Asset Management	
Advisory services for Middle East	
-	
Banking Correspondent	

#### Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited:

The Mutual Fund industry registered a YoY growth of 20% YoY in Q4 FY 2021-22 over Q4 FY 2020-21 with the Quarterly Average Assets under Management ("QAAUM") for Q4 FY 2021-22 at ₹ 38.84 lakh crore. During the same period, on the basis of percentage growth in QAAUM, Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited ("KMAMC") was amongst the fifth fastest growing Mutual Fund House and ranked No. 5 in industry. The QAAUM of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund which stood at ₹ 286,478 crore for January - March 2022 has seen growth of around 22% in Q4 FY 2021-22 over Q4 FY 2020-21. Market Share in QAAUM has grown to 7.37% in Q4 FY 2021-22 from 7.25% in Q4 FY 2020-21 and 6.86% in Q4 FY 2019-20. The annual AAUM of KMAMC for FY 2021-22 was ₹ 272,938 crore against ₹ 202,826 crore for FY 2020-21, a growth of 35%.

#### **Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited**

During the year under review, your Bank acquired 13,080,000 equity shares (46.7% of the issued and paid up equity share capital) of Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited from KMAMC on 17th May, 2020. Post-acquisition of equity shares, KMPFL has now become a direct subsidiary with the Bank now holding 51%.

KLI is a material subsidiary of the Bank. The Bank's Policy for determining material subsidiaries, in line with the SEBI Listing Regulations, is available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/content/kotakcl/en/investor-relations/governance/policies.html

The various activities of the subsidiaries and the performance and financial position of the subsidiaries and associate companies are outlined in the Management Discussion and Analysis section appended to this Report. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 129(3) of the Act, the Statement containing the salient features of the Financial Statements of the said subsidiary companies of the Bank, in Form AOC-1, is annexed to this Annual Report.

As at 31st March, 2022, your Bank had the following Associate companies:

- Infina Finance Private Limited
- ii Phoenix ARC Private Limited.

ECA Trading Services Limited is in the process of voluntary liquidation, pursuant to resolution passed by its shareholders on 18th December, 2021 and hence, ceased to be an associate from that date.

Further, pursuant to the provisions of Section 136(1) of the Act, the Annual Report of the Bank, containing the standalone and consolidated financial statements and all other relevant documents required to be annexed thereto are available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/financial-results/annual-reports.html and the separate audited financial statements in respect of each of the subsidiaries, are available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https:// www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/financial-results/annual-reports.html

The financial statements of the subsidiaries used for consolidation of the Bank's consolidated financial statements are special purpose financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP specified under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant notifications.

#### **DESPATCH OF ANNUAL REPORT**

The MCA has issued General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated 13th January, 2021 and Circular No. 02/2022 dated 5th May, 2022 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") of India has issued Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/ CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated 12<sup>th</sup> May, 2020, Circular No. SEBI/HO/ CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated 15<sup>th</sup> January, 2021 and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated 13<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 in relation to 'Relaxation from compliance with certain provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations in view of the prevailing situation and owing to the difficulties involved in dispatching of physical copies of the Annual Report and the Notice convening the AGM. Members who wish to have physical copy may write to the Company Secretary of the Bank at KotakBank.Secretarial@kotak.com or submit a written request to the Registered Office of the Bank. In accordance with the aforesaid circulars, the weblink of the Annual Report and the Notice convening the AGM of the Bank is being sent in electronic mode only to members whose e-mail address is registered with the Bank or the Depository Participant(s). Those members, whose email address is not registered with the Bank or with their respective Depository Participant(s) and who wish to receive the Notice of the AGM and the Annual Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, can get their email address registered by following the steps as detailed in the Notice convening the AGM. The Annual Report of your Bank and its subsidiaries are available on your Bank's website viz., URL.: https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/financial-results/annual-reports.html

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Board Composition**

The composition of the Board of Directors of the Bank is governed by the Act, the BR Act and Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and is in conformity with the same. As on 31st March, 2022, the Board of Directors comprised a combination of twelve Directors viz., Mr. Prakash Apte, Independent Non-Executive Part-time Chairman, Mr. Uday Chander Khanna, Ms. Farida Khambata, Mr. Uday Shankar, Dr. Ashok Gulati and Ms. Ashu Suyash, Independent Directors, Mr. C. Jayaram and Mr. Amit Desai, both Non-Executive Directors, Mr. Uday Kotak, Managing Director & CEO, Mr. Dipak Gupta, Joint Managing Director, Mr. KVS Manian and Mr. Gaurang Shah, both Whole-time Directors. The size of the Board is commensurate with the size and business of the Bank. The Board mix provides a combination of professionalism, knowledge and experience required in the banking industry and also meets the criteria prescribed under the Board Diversity Policy adopted by the Board.

#### Change in composition of the Board during the year

At the 36<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Bank held on 25<sup>th</sup> August, 2021, the members approved the re-appointment of Mr. Uday Chander Khanna as an Independent Director of the Bank, for a second term of three years, with effect from 16<sup>th</sup> September, 2021.

At the meeting of the Board of Directors of the Bank held on 10th / 11th December, 2021, the Board had approved the appointment of Ms. Ashu Suyash as an Independent Director for a term of five years, with effect from 24<sup>th</sup> January, 2022 up to 23<sup>rd</sup> January, 2027 (both days inclusive), subject to the approval of the members of the Bank. Further, the members of the Bank had granted their consent to the aforesaid appointment of Ms. Suyash by way of Postal Ballot on 19th January, 2022.

Further, at the meeting of the Board of Directors of the Bank held on 18<sup>th</sup> / 19<sup>th</sup> March, 2022, the Board had approved the appointment of Mr. Amit Desai as an Additional Director of the Bank, with effect from 18<sup>th</sup> March, 2022, designated as a 'Non-Executive Director', subject to the approval of the members of the Bank. The members of the Bank had granted their consent to the aforesaid appointment of Mr. Desai by way of Postal Ballot on 23rd May, 2022.

The Board of Directors of the Bank at its Meeting held on 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022:

- Approved the re-appointment of Mr. KVS Manian as a Whole-time Director for a period of three years (post the expiry of his current term on 31st October, 2022), with effect from 1st November, 2022 or from the date of regulatory approvals, whichever is later;
- Accepted the request of Mr. Gaurang Shah, to not continue as a Whole-time Director and Director of the Bank, on expiry of his current term on ii 31st October, 2022; and
- iii Approved the appointment of Ms. Shanti Ekambaram as a Whole-time Director for a period of three years, with effect from 1st November, 2022 or from the date of regulatory approvals, whichever is later.

#### Directors retiring by rotation

Mr. Gaurang Shah (up to the end of his current term as a Whole-time Director i.e. 31st October, 2022), as the Directors of the Bank, liable to retire by rotation at the ensuing AGM, in terms of Section 152 of the Act.

convening the Thirty-Seventh AGM of the Bank.

#### **Declaration from Independent Directors**

All the Independent Directors of the Bank have submitted the requisite declarations stating that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed policies of the Bank.

#### Certificate on non-debarment or non-disqualification of Directors

or continuing as Directors of the companies either by SEBI or MCA or any other statutory / regulatory authority.

#### Director e-KYC

the Directors of the Bank have complied with said requirement in FY 2021-22.

#### **Directors and Officers Liability Insurance Policy**

#### Board Evaluation<sup>1</sup>

5<sup>th</sup> January, 2017.

the assessment questionnaire designed for the annual performance evaluation which broadly covered the following criteria:

- Board Competencies, composition and structure, board dynamics, process and procedure, functioning, oversight of committee composition and functioning and ethics and compliance
- Committees Composition and quality, process and procedure, terms of reference and effectiveness in terms of respective roles assigned to the Committees
- Chairman Key focus areas covering understanding of the role, commitment, team work attributes, utilisation of domain expertise, effective iii communication, etc. and certain other parameters such as efficient leadership, decision making, professionalism, impartial conduct, devotion of sufficient time, effective communication and facilitation of productive deliberation
- iv. Individual Directors Understanding of role, commitment, effective contribution, independent view to decision making, utilization of domain expertise, etc.

of its functioning and that of the Committees and of individual Directors through the annual Board Evaluation Process.

received from the Directors. Based on the assessment of the responses received to the questionnaire from the Directors on the annual evaluation of the Board, its Committees, the Chairman and the individual Directors, the Board Evaluation Report was placed before the meeting of the Independent Directors held on 24<sup>th</sup> June, 2022, for consideration. Similarly, the Board at its meeting held on 25<sup>th</sup> June, 2022, assessed the performance of the Independent Directors and the outcome of the Board performance evaluation exercise.

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- At the meeting of the Board of Directors held on 25<sup>th</sup> June, 2022, the Board approved the proposal for re-appointment of Mr. KVS Manian and
- The details of the Directors along with the rationale for their proposed appointment / re-appointment, as mentioned above, are included in the Notice
- under Section 149 (6) of the Act and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Board reviewed and assessed the veracity of the aforesaid declarations, as required under Regulation 25(9) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. In the opinion of the Board, all the Independent Directors fulfil the said conditions as mentioned in Section 149(6) of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations and are independent of the Management. All the Independent Directors of the Bank have complied with the provisions of sub rule (1) and (2) of Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 with respect to registration with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs for the Independent Directors' Data base and have passed the proficiency test or are exempted from the same. There has been no change in the circumstances affecting their status as Independent Directors of the Bank. In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors possess the requisite integrity, experience, expertise and proficiency required under all applicable laws and the
- In terms of Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Bank has obtained a certificate from Ms. Rupal D. Jhaveri, Practising Company Secretary, confirming that none of the Directors on the Board of the Bank have been debarred or disgualified from being appointed
- MCA has vide amendments to the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, mandated registration of KYC of all Directors. All
- The Bank has a Directors and Officers Liability Insurance Policy which protects Directors and Officers of the Bank for any breach of fiduciary duty.
- The Board conducted the performance evaluation of the Individual Directors, Board Committees, Board as a whole and the Chairman of the Board in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations, including the Guidance Note on Board Evaluation issued by SEBI on
- The NRC of the Board approves the criteria and the mechanism for carrying out the said performance evaluation process. Accordingly, the NRC approved

- The aforesaid questionnaire was circulated to all the Directors of the Bank for the annual performance evaluation. The Board evaluated the effectiveness
- The Bank had engaged an independent external professional services firm for issuing a report on the Board Evaluation for the Bank, based on the responses



The Directors noted that the results of the performance evaluation of the Board and its Committees, Chairman and individual directors indicated a high degree of satisfaction amongst the directors. A suggestion given by the Directors was to increase its focus on customer centricity. The Bank has accepted the said suggestion made which emanated from the Board performance evaluation. The status of compliance of the said suggestion will be reviewed and reported to the Board.

Further, the Bank has taken necessary steps to comply with the suggestions which had arisen from the Board performance evaluation for FY 2020-21.

#### **KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

The following officials of the Bank are the Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP") pursuant to the provisions of Section 203 of the Act and Rule 8 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 as on the date of this Report:

- Mr. Uday Kotak, Managing Director & CEO
- Mr. Dipak Gupta, Joint Managing Director ii
- iii Mr. KVS Manian, Whole-time Director
- Mr. Gaurang Shah, Whole-time Director iv
- Mr. Jaimin Bhatt, Group Chief Financial Officer
- Ms. Avan Doomasia, Company Secretary vi.

There were no changes in the KMPs during FY 2021-22.

#### POLICY ON APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL<sup>2</sup>

The appointment and remuneration of Directors of the Bank is governed by the provisions of Section 35B of the BR Act. The NRC has formulated the criteria for appointment of Directors and Senior Management Personnel. Based on the criteria set, the NRC recommends to the Board, the appointment of Directors and Senior Management personnel.

The NRC reviews the range of skills, experience and expertise on the Board and identifies its needs. After a detailed search, a master list of candidates is prepared. The NRC then shortlists the candidates from the master list based on the selection criteria viz., gualifications, knowledge, experience, skills, expertise, fit and proper status, positive attributes as per the suitability of the role, independent status and various regulatory / statutory requirements, as may be required of the candidate, and also keeping in view the Bank's Board Diversity Policy. After detailed discussions and deliberations, the NRC recommends the candidate to the Board.

The Bank adheres to the process and methodology prescribed by the RBI in respect of the 'Fit & Proper' criteria as applicable to Private Sector Banks, signing of Deeds of Covenants which binds the Directors to discharge their responsibilities to the best of their abilities, individually and collectively in order to be eligible for being appointed / re-appointed as a Director of the Bank. The prescribed declarations / undertakings given by the Directors, other than that of the Members of the NRC, are placed before the NRC and the declarations / undertakings given by the Members of the NRC are placed before the Board, for its review and noting.

The said declarations / undertakings are obtained from all the Directors on an annual basis and also at the time of their appointment / re-appointment, in compliance with the said laws. An assessment on whether the Directors fulfil the prescribed criteria is carried out by the NRC and the Board, on an annual basis and also at the time of their appointment / re-appointment.

The salient features of the Compensation Policy are, as follows:

Objective:

- To maintain fair, consistent and equitable compensation practices in alignment with Kotak's core values and strategic business goals
- To ensure effective governance of compensation and alignment of compensation practices with prudent risk taking
- To have mechanisms in place for effective supervisory oversight and Board engagement in compensation •
- To ensure that the compensation practices are within the regulatory framework stipulated from time to time by RBI. •

Compensation structure comprises total remuneration consisting of:

- Fixed Pay, which includes perquisite pay / benefits
- Variable Pay, which includes Performance Bonus / Incentive, Long Term Incentive Pay in the form of cash bonuses, all share-linked instruments (e.g. ESOP, SARS, etc.)
- Other payments, which includes Joining / Sign on Bonus, Severance package, Deferred Incentive Plans, etc.

Further, the employees have been broadly classified into following categories:

- Category I Comprising Managing Director & CEO and Whole-time Director ("WTDs")
- ii Category II – Material Risk Takers ("MRTs")

These include employees whose actions may have material impact on the risk exposures of the Bank and who satisfy both - qualitative and quantitative criteria, as given below:

- Qualitative Criteria: Employees in the Grade M10 and above а.
- Quantitative Criteria: Fixed Cost To Company ("FTCTC") is ₹ 1 crore p.a. and above b.

This excludes employees under Category III

<sup>2</sup> GRI 102-37

- iii. Category III Risk control and compliance employees, comprising staff in Grade M9 and above in the following Control functions:
  - **Risk & Policy function**
  - Financial Control including group consolidation
  - Compliance
  - Internal Audit
  - Back-office Operations
  - Vigilance
  - Legal
  - Secretaria
  - Human Resources
  - Corporate Social Responsibility
  - Investor Relations •
- iv Category IV: Other employees - This includes all employees, not explicitly covered in the first three categories.

The limits on the ratio of total Variable Pay (Including Cash or Non Cash Pay) to Fixed Pay and the limits on the ratio of Cash v/s Non Cash within Variable Pay, is outlined for each category of employee classification. Further, Malus and Clawback clauses are applicable as per the Compensation Policy.

The NRC of the Bank and the Board have reviewed and approved all the amendments to the said Compensation Policy.

The details of the remuneration paid to the Non-Executive Part-time Chairman, Executive and Non-Executive Directors of the Bank, for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 is provided in the Report on Corporate Governance annexed to this Report.

Mr. Prakash Apte, the Non-Executive Part-time Chairman of the Bank, receives a fixed amount of remuneration as recommended by the Board and approved by the members of the Bank and RBI, from time to time. Mr. Apte also receives remuneration by way of sitting fees for attending meetings of the Board and its Committees.

The Board of Directors of the Bank (in consultation with the NRC) has formulated and adopted a comprehensive Compensation Policy for Non Executive Directors ("NEDs") (other than Non-Executive Part-time Chairman).

RBI vide its Circular No. RBI/2021-22/24 OR.GOV.REC.8/29.67.001/2021-22 dated 26th April, 2021 titled 'Corporate Governance in Banks - Appointment of Directors and Constitution of Committees of the Board', effective from FY 2021-22, has permitted payment of fixed remuneration to the NEDs, excluding the Non-Executive Part-time Chairperson, up to a sum not exceeding ₹ 20 lakh per annum for each NED. Accordingly, the members at the Thirty-Sixth AGM held on 25<sup>th</sup> August, 2021 had approved the payment of compensation to each NED (excluding Non-Executive Part-time Chairman) of the Bank, by way of fixed remuneration up to an overall ceiling of ₹ 20 lakh per annum or such higher amount as may be prescribed by RBI, for a period of five years, with effect from FY 2021-22. The aforesaid Compensation Policy for NEDs (other than Non-Executive Part-time Chairman) was amended on 5th April, 2022 to, inter alia, give effect to the above referred members' approval.

The salient features of the Compensation Policy for NEDs are, as follows:

- Compensation structure is broadly divided into:
  - Sitting fees
  - Re-imbursement of expenses
  - Compensation in the form of Fixed Remuneration.
- Amount of sitting fees and remuneration to be decided by the Board from time to time, subject to the regulatory limits.
- iii. per annum or such other amount as may be prescribed by the RBI, from time to time.
- iv. NEDs are not eligible for any stock options of the Bank.

The Remuneration paid to the Key Managerial Personnel is in line with the Compensation Policy of the Bank which is based on the RBI Guidelines. The Compensation Policy is available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/content/kotakcl/en/investor-relations/governance/policies.html

#### DISCLOSURES PURSUANT TO RULE 5 OF COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) **RULES, 2014**

The disclosures pursuant to Rule 5 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, are annexed to this Report.

#### **REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Bank is committed to achieving and adhering to the highest standards of Corporate Governance and constantly benchmarks itself with best practices, in this regard.

Pursuant to Regulation 27 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, a separate section titled 'Report on Corporate Governance' has been included in this Annual Report along with the certificate issued by the Statutory Auditors of the Bank confirming compliance with the mandatory requirements relating to Corporate Governance under the SEBI Listing Regulations. The Report of Corporate Governance also contains certain disclosures required under the Act, including the details of the Board meetings held during the financial year ended 31st March, 2022.

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Overall cap on compensation in the form of fixed remuneration for each NED (excluding the Non-Executive Part-time Chairman) of ₹ 20 lakh

The Bank also files with the Stock Exchanges, the quarterly Report on Corporate Governance in terms of Regulation 27(2) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The said Reports are available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/content/kotakcl/en/investor-relations/governance/sebi-listing-disclosures.html

# SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Act and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Board of Directors of your Bank had appointed Parikh & Associates, Company Secretaries, Mumbai, a peer reviewed firm, to act as the Secretarial Auditor of the Bank for FY 2021-22. The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, as required under Section 204 of the Act and Regulation 24A of the SEBI Listing Regulations, is annexed to this Report. Your Bank is in compliance with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India and approved by the Central Government under Section 118(10) of the Act for FY 2021-22. The Secretarial Auditor's Report does not contain any qualifications, reservations, adverse remarks or disclaimers and is annexed to this Report.

Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited ("KLI"), the Bank's material unlisted subsidiary, has completed its secretarial audit and there are no reservations or adverse remarks or disclaimers made in the Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022. The said Secretarial Audit Report of KLI is annexed to this Report.

In terms of the SEBI circular dated 8th February, 2019, your Bank has submitted the Annual Secretarial Compliance Report for FY 2021-22 to the Stock Exchanges within the prescribed time and the same is available on websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited (www.bseindia.com), National Stock Exchange of India Limited (www.nseindia.com) and on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/content/kotakcl/en/investor-relations/governance/sebi-listing-disclosures.html

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Your Directors, based on the representations received from the operating management, confirm in pursuance of Sections 134(3) and 134(5) of the Act, that:

- your Bank has, in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, followed the applicable accounting standards i i and guidance provided by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India along with proper explanations relating to material departures, if any;
- ii. they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of your Bank as at 31st March, 2022 and of the profit of your Bank for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022;
- they have taken proper and sufficient care to the best of their knowledge and ability, for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance iii. with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of your Bank and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv. the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Bank and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating V. effectively; and
- vi. they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

## **ANNUAL RETURN**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134(3)(a) and Section 92(3) of the Act read with Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, the Annual Return of the Bank is available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/financial-results/annual-reports.html

# STATUTORY AUDITORS

Pursuant to the Bank's Policy on appointment of Statutory Auditors ("Policy") and the Circular No. DoS.CO.ARG/ SEC.01/08.91.001/2021-22 dated 27th April, 2021 issued by RBI ("RBI Circular" / "Guidelines"), prescribing the guidelines for Appointment of Statutory Central Auditors (SCAs) / Statutory Auditors (SAs) of Commercial Banks (excluding RRBs), UCBs and NBFCs (including HFCs) and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee and the Board and the further approval of the RBI, the members of the Bank had, at the Thirty-Sixth AGM held on 25th August, 2021, re-appointed Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 001076N / N500013) as one of the Joint Statutory Auditors of the Bank, for FY 2021-22, to hold office from the conclusion of the Thirty-Sixth AGM until the conclusion of the Thirty-Seventh AGM of the Bank and appointed Price Waterhouse LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 301112E/E300264), as the other Joint Statutory Auditor of the Bank, for a period of three years, with effect from FY 2021-22, to hold office from the conclusion of the Thirty-Sixth AGM until the conclusion of the Thirty-Ninth AGM of the Bank.

The term of Walker Chandiok & Co LLP as one of the the Bank's Joint Statutory Auditors expires at the conclusion of the Thirty-Seventh AGM of the Bank.

Pursuant to the RBI Circular and the Policy, the Bank is required to appoint a Joint Statutory Auditor for a period of three years with effect from FY 2022-23 till FY 2024-25, to hold office from the conclusion of the Thirty-Seventh AGM until the conclusion of the Fortieth AGM of the Bank.

In this regard, based on a review of the profile, including the size, experience and area of specialization and recommendation of the Audit Committee and subject to the approval of RBI, the Board has, on 31st March, 2022, inter alia, approved and recommended for the approval of the members, the appointment of KKC & Associates LLP (formerly, Khimji Kunverji & Co LLP), Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number: 105146W / W-100621), as the second Joint Statutory Auditor of the Bank, for a period of three years with effect from FY 2022-23, to hold office from the conclusion of the Thirty-Seventh AGM until the conclusion of the Fortieth AGM of the Bank for the purpose of the audit of the Bank's standalone and consolidated financial statements, with power to the Board (including the Audit Committee of the Board or any other person(s) authorized by the Board or Audit Committee in this regard), to do all such acts, matters, deeds and things as may be necessary or desirable in connection with or incidental for giving effect to the said appointment of the Joint Statutory Auditors, including but not limited to determination of roles and responsibilities / scope of work of the respective Joint Statutory Auditors, negotiating, finalizing, amending, signing, delivering, executing the terms of appointment, including any contracts or documents in this regard, alter and vary the terms and conditions of remuneration arising out of increase in scope of work, amendment in Accounting Standards or regulations and such other requirements resulting in the change in scope of work, without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the members of the Bank.

KKC & Associates LLP has consented to act as one of the Joint Statutory Auditors of the Bank and have intimated that such appointment would be in accordance with the conditions prescribed in Section 139 of the Act and have also confirmed their eligibility to be appointed as Statutory Auditors, in terms of Section 141 of the Act and applicable rules and RBI Guidelines.

The RBI has, vide its letter bearing No. DOS. CO.RPD. No. S2271 /08.30.005/2022- 23 dated 5th July, 2022, granted its approval for the aforementioned appointment of KKC & Associates LLP, as one of the Joint Statutory Auditors.

Further, based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board at its meeting held on 23rd July, 2022, approved an overall audit fee not exceeding ₹3,50,00,000/- (Rupees Three Crore Fifty Lakh Only), plus outlays and taxes, as applicable, for FY 2022-23, subject to the approval of the members, to be allocated by the Bank between M/s. Price Waterhouse LLP, Chartered Accountants and KKC & Associates LLP, depending upon their respective scope of work.

The approval of members of the Bank is, accordingly, being sought pursuant to the provisions of Sections 139, 141, 142 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Act and the relevant Rules thereunder and pursuant to Section 30 of the BR Act and RBI Circular for:

- i. the aforementioned appointment of KKC & Associates LLP, as one of the Joint Statutory Auditors; and
- ii. fixing the remuneration of the Joint Statutory Auditors for FY 2022-23.

As per the applicable provisions of law, including the RBI Circular and the BR Act, the appointment of Joint Statutory Auditors would be subject to the approval of the RBI every year.

As required under Regulation 33(1)(d) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Joint Statutory Auditors have confirmed that they have subjected themselves to the peer review process of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") and that they hold a valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of ICAI.

There are no gualifications, reservations, adverse remarks or disclaimers made by Walker Chandiok & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants and Price Waterhouse LLP, in the Statutory Auditors Report for FY 2021-22.

# Payment of additional fees / remuneration to the Statutory Auditors for FY 2021-22:

At the AGM of the Bank held on 25th August, 2021, the members had approved the appointment of Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number 001076N / N500013) and Price Waterhouse LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration Number 301112E / E300264), as Joint Statutory Auditors of the Bank for the purpose of the audit of the Bank's standalone and consolidated financial statements, for FY 2021-22. An overall fee of ₹ 29,000,000/- (Rupees Two Crore Ninety Lakh Only), to be allocated by the Bank between the Joint Statutory Auditors, depending upon their respective scope of work in addition to the out of pocket expenses, outlays and taxes, as applicable, had been approved by the members.

There have been various additional requirements during FY 2021-22 for which the Statutory Auditors have provided additional services, and in respect of which an additional remuneration / fees of ₹ 2,000,000 (Rupees Twenty Lakh Only) plus outlays and taxes at the applicable rates are proposed to be paid to the Joint Statutory Auditors. Based on the approval and recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board, at its meeting held on 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022, approved of the aforementioned payment of additional remuneration / fees to the Joint Statutory Auditors, subject to the approval of the members of the Bank and such other consents / permissions / sanctions as may be required from any regulatory / statutory authority, if any.

Accordingly, approval of the members is now being sought for the payment of additional fees / remuneration to the Joint Statutory Auditors, for FY 2021-22, for the general increase in their efforts, depending upon their respective scope of work, in addition to the out of pocket expenses, outlays and taxes, as applicable.

# **INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS**

The Board of Directors confirm that your Bank has laid down set of standards, processes and structure which enables it to implement internal financial controls across the organisation with reference to financial statements and that such controls are adequate and are operating effectively. Controls are reviewed / revisited / updated / deleted each year for change in processes / organisational changes / product changes, etc. Given the COVID-19 pandemic, all additional controls that were implemented due to lockdowns and consequential Work From Home requirements were also considered and incorporated. Testing is done for each of the controls with the help of an independent firm of Chartered Accountants, on behalf of Management, who confirm to the Audit Committee of the Bank, the existence and operating effectiveness of controls over financial reporting. During the year under review, no material or serious observations were observed for inefficiency or inadequacy of such controls.

# **IMPLEMENTATION OF IND AS**

The Ministry of Finance, GOI, had vide its press release dated 18th January, 2016 outlined the roadmap for implementation of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") converged Ind AS for Scheduled Commercial Bank (excluding RRBs), NBFC and Insurance companies. The RBI vide its circular dated 22nd March, 2019, deferred the implementation of Ind AS for Scheduled Commercial Banks ("SCB") till further notice, pending the consideration of some recommended legislative amendments by GOI. The RBI has not issued any further notification on implementation of Ind AS for SCBs.

The Bank has so far taken following steps for implementation of Ind AS:

- of the implementation.
- reporting and is currently in the process of implementing the solution.

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Formed Steering Committee for Ind AS implementation. The Steering Committee comprises representatives from Finance, Risk, Information Technology and Treasury. The Committee closely reviews progress of Ind AS implementation in the Bank and provides guidance on critical aspects

The Bank has identified changes required to its IT systems for automation of Ind AS reporting. The Bank has identified an IT solution for Ind AS



# **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS<sup>3</sup>**

During the year, the Bank has not entered into any materially significant transaction with its related parties, which could lead to a potential conflict of interest between the Bank and these parties. All the related party transactions that were entered into during the year were on an arm's length basis and in ordinary course of business. Hence, pursuant to Section 134(3)(h) of the Act read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, there are no related party transactions to be reported under Section 188(1) of the Act and Form AOC-2 is not applicable to the Bank.

The members of the Bank had, vide resolutions passed through postal ballot on 19th January, 2022, approved related party transactions by the Bank, as potential Material related party transactions under the then existing provisions of Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, with Infina Finance Private Limited ("Infina") and Mr. Uday Kotak for FY 2022-23, at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Bank. However, during the year, none of the related party transactions of the Bank exceeded the applicable materiality threshold.

The Bank has a Board approved 'Policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions'. The same is available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/governance/policies.html

All related party transactions are placed before the Audit Committee for its review and approval on a quarterly basis. An omnibus approval of the Audit Committee is obtained for the related party transactions which are repetitive in nature. Further, all related party transactions are reviewed by the Statutory Auditors of the Bank. Also, the Bank had engaged the services of an external professional firm for verification of the related party transactions during the year as also their disclosure and for validation of the process followed by the Bank.

Members may refer to Note 7 of Schedule 18 - Notes to Accounts of the Standalone Financial Statement and Note 25 of Schedule 17 - Notes to Accounts of the Consolidated Financial Statement of your Bank, which set out related party disclosures pursuant to Accounting Standards AS-18.

## PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

The provisions of Section 186 of the Act except sub-section (1), do not apply to loans made, guarantees given and securities provided by a banking company in the ordinary course of its business and are exempted from the disclosure requirement under Section 134(3)(g) of the Act.

The particulars of investments made by the Bank are disclosed in Schedule 8 of the Financial Statements as per the applicable provisions of Banking Regulation Act, 1949.

# **RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY**

Pursuant to Regulation 21 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, your Bank has a Risk Management Committee, details of which can be referred to in the Report on Corporate Governance forming part of this Report. Your Bank has a robust Risk Management Framework. While Risk Management is the responsibility of the Board of Directors, it has delegated its powers relating to monitoring and reviewing risks associated with the Bank to the Risk Management Committee. The Bank has also adopted a Group Enterprise-wide Risk Management framework supported by appropriate policies and processes for management of Credit Risk, Market Risk, Liquidity Risk, Operational Risk and various other Risks. Details of identification, assessment, mitigations, monitoring and the management of these risks are mentioned in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report appended to this Report.

#### CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Your Bank has undertaken various initiatives for the conservation of energy. Details of the same are available in the BRSR of the Bank which is available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/financial-results/annual-reports.html

The Bank has used information technology extensively in its operations as detailed in the para on 'Technology and Digitisation'. Further, the provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Act, read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for Foreign Exchange Earnings are not applicable to your Bank.

#### **REPORTING OF FRAUDS BY AUDITORS**

During the year under review, no instances of fraud committed in the Bank by its officers or employees were reported by the Statutory Auditors and Secretarial Auditor under Section 143(12) of the Act, to the Audit Committee or the Board of Directors of the Bank.

## MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS

Being a Banking company, your Bank is not required to maintain cost records as specified by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Act.

# SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND OPERATIONS IN FUTURE

During the year under review, no significant and / or material order was passed by any regulatory authority or Court or Tribunal against the Bank, which could impact the going concern status or its future operations.

# MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE BANK

There are no material changes and commitments which affected the financial position of your Bank, which occurred between the end of the financial year to which the financial statements relate and up to the date of this Report.



#### **ANNEXURES**

The following statements / reports / certificates are annexed to the Directors' Report:

- Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility Activities of the Bank for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022.
- Certificate confirming that none of the Directors of the Bank have been debarred or disgualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of Companies by SEBI/MCA or any such statutory authority.
- Disclosures pursuant to Rule 5 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. iii.
- Secretarial Audit Report pursuant to Section 204 of the Act and Regulation 24A the SEBI Listing Regulations. iv.
- Report on Corporate Governance pursuant to Schedule V Part C of the SEBI Listing Regulations along with Certificate from the auditors regarding V compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in para E of Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations.
- Management Discussion and Analysis Report pursuant to Schedule V Part B of the SEBI Listing Regulations. vi.

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors would like to place on record their gratitude for the valuable guidance and support received from the RBI, the SEBI, Stock Exchanges, Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority and other Government and Regulatory agencies.

Your Directors acknowledge the support of the Members for their continued support and also wish to place on record their appreciation for employees for their commendable efforts, commitment, teamwork and professionalism.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Prakash Apte Chairman

Date: 23<sup>rd</sup> July, 2022 Place: Mumbai

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# ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES OF KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK LIMITED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2021-22

# 1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company:

Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ("Bank") recognises its responsibility to bring about a positive change in the lives of the communities through its business operations and Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") initiatives.

Bank aspires to be a trusted partner and contribute significantly towards the economic, environmental and social growth of the nation. It is also committed to contribute towards United Nation's ("UN") Sustainable Development Goals ("SDGs"). The Bank's CSR policy sets out its vision, mission, governance and CSR focus areas to fulfill its inclusive growth agenda in India.

While ensuring that it's CSR Policy, projects, programmes and interventions are compliant with the CSR mandate as specified under Sections 134 and 135 read with Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") along with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time and in line with the Government of India's notifications issued from time-to-time, your Bank also endeavours to align its CSR projects, programmes and interventions with government initiated social development projects, programmes and interventions and last but not the least, UN's SDGs.

Bank's CSR Policy is available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/about-us/corporate-responsibility.html

# 2. Composition of Corporate Social Responsibility and Environmental Social Governance Committee:

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Mr. Prakash Apte	Non-Executive Part-time Chairman / Independent Director	4	4
2	Mr. C. Jayaram	Member / Non-Executive Director	4	4
3	Mr. Dipak Gupta	Member / Joint Managing Director	4	4

Web-link where composition of CSR Committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the Board are disclosed on the website of the Company: З. https://www.kotak.com/en/about-us/corporate-responsibility.html

- Details of Impact assessment of CSR Projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of Rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility 4. Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable : The Impact Assessment is mandated to be carried out post one year of completion of the CSR Projects. The CSR Projects which are eligible for impact assessment got completed on 31st March, 2021. Therefore, the impact assessment of these completed CSR Projects will be initiated in FY 2022-23 (one year after completion of these CSR Projects)."
- Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of Rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 5. 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any -

SI. No.	Financial Year	Amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in ₹)	Amount required to be set-off for the financial year, if any (in ₹)
1	2020-21	7,198,728/-	7,198,728/-
	TOTAL	7,198,728/-	7,198,728/-

Average net profit of the Company as per Section 135(5) of the Act : ₹ 80,915,052,196/-6.

- (a) Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per Section 135(5) of the Act : ₹ 1,618,301,044/-7.
  - Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years : Not Applicable (b)
  - (c) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any : ₹ 7,198,728/-
  - (d) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (7a+7b-7c) : ₹ 1,611,102,316/-
- CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year: 8. (a)

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year (in ₹)			Amount Unspent (in ₹)				
	Total Amount transfe Account as per Secti		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as pe second proviso to Section 135(5) of the Act				
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer		
65,93,87,532/-*	960,562,474/-	27 <sup>th</sup> April, 2022	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.		

\* includes administrative overhead of ₹ 3.87 crore

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9	4								Bank Reports Directors' Rep		ements	Financial	Highlights
									Directors rie	JUIT			ated Financial Staten
												Bank Rep	oorts and Statement
(11)	Mode of Implementation - Through	Implementing Agency lame CSR Registration number	CSR0000703	CSR0002046	CSR00002935	CSR0000775	CSR0000919	CSR00001762	CSR00001785	CSR00001785	CSR00001785	CSR00001785	CSR00001785
L)	Mode of Impleme	Implement Name	Deeds Public Charitable Trust	Youth 4 Jobs Foundation	IIMPACT	Vidhi Centre for Legal Policy	Head Held High Foundation	Khan Academy India	Kotak Education Foundation	Kotak Education Foundation	Kotak Education Foundation	Kotak Education Foundation	Kotak Education Foundation
(01)	Mode of	Implementation - Direct (Yes/No)	<u>8</u>	No	°Z	No	oZ	oZ	oz	No	No	No	2
(6)	Amount	transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) of the Act (in ₹)	300,000	8,200,000	4,820,000	1,120,000	300,000	5,100,000	8,700,000	6,000,000	68,00,000	10,600,000	2,200,000
(8)	Amount	spent ın the current financial Year (in ₹)	6,800,000	000'000'6	22,180,000	6,980,000	15,700,000	14,900,000	38,200,000	19,200,000	3,66,00,000	33,900,000	000'009'6
(1)	Amount	allocated for the project (in ₹)	7,100,000	17,200,000	27,000,000	8,100,000	16,000,000	20,000,000	46,900,000	25,200,000	4,34,00,000	44,500,000	11,800,000
(9)	Project	duration (in months)	24	48	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24	24
(5)	Location of the project	District	Mumbai	Pan India	Multiple Districts	Pan India	Kalaburagi, Tumkur, Raichur, Khagaria, Gaya, Araria, Nagpur, Yavatmal	Pan India	Mumbai	Mumbai	Mumbai	Mumbai	Mumbai
	Location o	State	Maharashtra	Pan India	Odisha, Bihar, Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh Madhya Pradesh and Uttarakhand	Pan India	Karnataka, Maharashtra and Bihar	Pan India	Maharashtra	Maharashtra	Maharashtra	Maharashtra	Maharashtra
(4)	Local	area (Yes/ No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Kes
(2)	Item from the list	of activities in Schedule VII to the Act	Special Education	Livelihood enhancement projects	Promoting education	Promoting education including special education	Employment enhancing vocational skills	Promoting education	Promoting education	Promoting education	Promoting education	Employment enhancing vocational skills	Promoting education
(2)	SI. Name of the Project	ŝ	Kotak-Deeds "College Preparatory Project"	Kotak-Y4J "Job Portal for Persons with Disabilities	Kotak-IIMPACT "Girl Child Education"	Kotak- Vidhi Inclusive "Education Project"	Kotak-HHH "Make India Capable"	Kotak-KAI "Create Science Content for Secondary Education"	Kotak-KEF "Lead (School Leadership Development)"	Kotak-KEF "Guru (Capacity Building of Teachers)"	Kotak-KEF "Umang (Spoken English )"	10 Kotak-KEF "Unnati (Vocational Skill)"	Kotak-KEF "Nirmaan (Infrastructure Support in schools)"

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	ation - Through Agency	CSR Registration number	CSR00001785	CSR00002915	CSR00007370	CSR0009550	CSR00012976	CSR00001865	CSR0000161	CSR00008234	CSR00003225	CSR00006377	CSR00006410
(11)	Mode of Implementation - Through Implementing Agency	Name	Kotak C Education Foundation	Nature Forever CS Society	Indian Institute CS of Science	The Ganga CS Foundation	Pragati Pratishthan	Society of C Parents of Children with Autistic Disorders	Wockhardt C Foundation	KARO Trust C	The Society CS for the Rehabilitation of Crippled Children	Blind Welfare CS Organisation	Urban Rural CS Management Empowerment and Establishment
(10)	Mode of Implementation	- Direct (Yes/No)	Q	Q	No	°N N	No	°N	No	No	° Z	ON	<u>9</u>
(6)	Amount transferred to	Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) of the Act (in ₹)	2,000,000	1,250,000	697,000,000	380,000	1,400,000	5,700,000	200,000	4,600,000	650,000	750,000	950,000
(8)	Amount spent in	the current financial Year (in ₹)	13,200,000	6,750,000	33,000,000	4,620,000	4,500,000	2,500,000	9,800,000	2,900,000	650,000	400,000	100,000
(2)	Amount allocated for	the project (in ₹)	15,200,000	8,000,000	730,000,000	5,000,000	5,900,000	8,200,000	10,000,000	7,500,000	1,300,000	1,150,000	1,050,000
(9)	Project duration	(in months)	24	20	45	24	18	00 [	30	30	с. Г	16	15
(5)	Location of the project	District	Mumbai	Mumbai	Bengaluru	Pan India	Palghar	Raigad	Hyderabad	Pan India	Mumbai	Nashik	Bune
	Location o	State	Maharashtra	Maharashtra	Karnataka	Pan India	Maharashtra	Maharashtra	Telangana	Pan India	Maharashtra	Maharashtra	Maharashtra
(4)	Local area	(Yes/ No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
(2)	Item from the list of activities in	Schedule VII to the Act	Promoting education	Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance	Promoting education	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Promoting education including special education	Promoting education including special education	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Promoting education including special education	Promoting education
(2)	Sl. Name of the Project No.		Kotak-KEF "Parvarish (Capacity building of Parents"	Kotak-NFS "Native Nectar & Biodiversity Garden"	Kotak- IISc "AI-ML Centre"	Kotak-Ganga Foundation "The Spinal India Peer Trainers Quality Rehabilitation"	Kotak-Pragati Pratishthan "School Infrastructure"	Kotak-SOPAN "Education & Livelihood"	Kotak-Wockhardt Foundation "Mobile Medical Vans (MMV)"	Kotak-KARO Trust "Cancer and Critical Illness treatment and care"	Kotak-SRCC "Aquatic Therapy Centre for Crippled Children"	Kotak-BWO "Education & Livelihood for Visually Impaired"	Kotak-URMEE "Co-scholastic Education"
Ξ	SI. No.		12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22

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													ted Financial Statemer
(LL)	Mode of Implementation - Through	Implementing Agency	CSR Registration number	le Not Applicable	CSR00017917	te CSR00003458 ent	CSR0000052	te CSR00004320 y,	cSR00000259 ble nd	al CSR00001287	CSR00004961 Jia	CSR0000608	CSR00004879
	Mode of Impl		Name	Not Applicable	Association of Mentally Handicapped Adults	Indian Institute of Management Bangalore	Parivaar education Society	Indian Institute of Technology, Madras	BAIF Institute for Sustainable Livelihoods and Development	Tata Memorial Hospital	Multiple Sclerosis Society of India	Doctors For You	Aditya Birla Education Trust
(10)	Mode of	Implementation	(Yes/No)	Yes	°Z	No	°Z	°Z	°Z	°Z	°Z	°Z	°2
(6)	Amount	transferred to	Unspent CSH Account for the project as per Section 135(6) of the Act (in ₹)	1	1,100,000	56,840,000	19,300,000	63,300,000	22,827,790	000'000'6	1,475,000	4,551,500	7,253,455
(8)	Amount	spentin	tne current financial Year (in ₹)	4,300,048	900'006	2,160,000	3,700,000	2,300,000	672,210	11,000,000	525,000	148,500	246,545
(1)	Amount	allocated for	tne project (in ₹)	4,300,048	2,000,000	59,000,000	23,000,000	65,600,000	23,500,000	20,000,000	2,000,000	4,700,000	7,500,000
(9)	Project	duration	months)	ດ	15	25	15	25	ê	13	14	13	13
(5)	Location of the project		District	Delhi, Warangal	Thrissur	Pan India	Harda, Chhindwara, Betul, Khandwa, Dewas Sehore	Chennai, Mumbai, Gandhinagar, Indore, Ropar	Mandya	Raigad	Multiple Districts	Pan India	Pan India
3	Location of		State	Delhi, Telangana	Kerala	Pan India	Madhya Pradesh	Tamil Nadu, Maharashtra, Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh, Punjab	Karnataka	Maharashtra	Delhi/ NCR, Jammu & Kashmir, Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan, Uttarakhand, Himachal Pradesh & Haryana	Pan India	Pan India
(4)	Local	area (Voc/	No)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
(3)	Item from the list	of activities in	the Act	Employment enhancing vocational skills	Promoting education including special education	Livelihood enhancement projects	Promoting education	Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance	Livelihood enhancement projects	Livelihood enhancement projects	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Promoting health care including preventive health care
(1) (2)	SI. Name of the Project	No.		23 Kotak Livelihood Enhancement "Electrical Labs"	24 Kotak-AMHA "Education For Mentally Challenged Children and Adults"	25 Kotak- IIMB WSP 4.0 "Women Entrepreneurship"	26 Kotak-Parivaar Seva Kutir "School Education Support Centres"	27 Kotak-IITM "Save Energy Mission"	28 Kotak-BAIF "Livestock Development Project"	29 Kotak- TMC "Livelihood Enhancement for Tribal Women"	30 Kotak-MSSI "Support for Multiple Solerosis Patients"	31 Kotak - DFY "Sehat Ka Safar (Truck Drivers)"	32 Kotak- ABET "Mental Healthcare for Children"

	ı - Through ency	CSR Registration number	CSR0008123	CSR00020908	CSR00014946	CSR0000181	CSR00005514	CSR00016213	CSR0000373		
(11)	entation ing Age	Reg	CSR0C	CSR0C	CSR0C	CSR0C	CSR0C	CSR0C	CSR0C		
E	Mode of Implementation - Through Implementing Agency	Name	Bharatiya Arogya Nidhi	Param Pujya Rakshak Aadinath Welfare & Educational Society	NAMCO Charitable Trust	Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Vaidyakiya Pratishthan	Vivekanand Medical Foundation & Research Centre	Andhra Mahila Sabha	All India Institute of Local Self Government		
(10)	Mode of Implementation	- Direct (Yes/No)	2	<u>0</u>	N	N	°Z	N	N		
(6)	Amount transferred to	Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) of the Act (in ₹)	1	1	1	1	1	1	5,894,729	960,562,474	
(8)	Amount spent in	the current financial Year (in ₹)	10,000,000	930,000	2,786,054	2,789,414	2,793,404	3,392,000	55,271	340,178,446	
(1)	Amount allocated for	the project (in ₹)	10,000,000	930,000	2,786,054	2,789,414	2,793,404	3,392,000	5,950,000	1,300,740,920	
(9)	Project duration	(in months)	17	13	~	13	13	0 1 0	13		
(5)	Location of the project	District	Mumbai	Indore	Nashik	Aurangabad	Latur	Hyderabad	Ratnagiri	Total	
	Location o	State	Maharashtra	Madhya Pradesh	Maharashtra	Maharashtra	Maharashtra	Telangana	Maharashtra		
(4)	Local area	(Yes/ No)	Yes	≺es	Yes	Yes	Kes	Yes	Yes		
(3)	Item from the list of activities in	Schedule VII to the Act	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Promoting education		
(1) (2)	SI. Name of the Project No.		33 Kotak-BAN "Hospital Medical Infrastructure"	34 Kotak – PRAWES "Ambulance"	35 Kotak- NAMCO "Ambulance"	36 Kotak-BAVP "Ambulance"	37 Kotak- VMRF "Ambulance"	38 Kotak- AMS "Ambulance"	39 Kotak – AIILSG "Model School Project Ratnagiri"		Notes :

Amount in paise rounded off to nearest Rupee.
 The CSR Projects which are being operated/ implemented on PAN India basis, are not restricted to pa

or District.

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(c) Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for th

(1) S.	(2) Name of the Project	(3) Item from the list	(4) Local	(5) Location of the	project	(6) Amount spent	(7) Mode of	Mode of im	(8) plementation -
No.		of activities in schedule VII to the Act	area (Yes/	State	District	for the project∗ (in ₹)	implementation - Direct		ementing agency CSR Registration
			No)				(Yes/No)		number
1	Kotak (Direct) "COVID-19"	Disaster management, including relief, rehabilitation and reconstruction activities	Yes	PAN India	PAN India	134,730,399	Yes	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
2	Kotak – TPSWT "COVID-19 –Meals to Smiles"	Disaster management, including relief, rehabilitation and reconstruction activities	Yes	Maharashtra	Mumbai	7,500,000	No	Taj Public Service Welfare Trust	CSR00000540
3	Kotak (Direct) "Ambulance"	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Yes	Gujarat, West Bengal and Maharashtra	Ahmedabad Nadia and Mumbai	10,911,630	Yes	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
4	Kotak (Direct) "COVID-19" (Round-2)	Disaster management, including relief, rehabilitation and reconstruction activities	Yes	PAN India	PAN India	25,086,328	Yes	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
5	Kotak-ITfC "Transforming School Education through Technology Integration"	Promoting education	Yes	Karnataka, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh.	Multiple Districts	#12,742,874	No	IT for Change	CSR00009141
6	Kotak -Pratham "Vocational Training"	Employment enhancing vocational skills	Yes	Madhya Pradesh, Odisha, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra, Chattisgarh, Jharkhand and Telangana.	Multiple Districts	37,500,000	No	Pratham Education Foundation	CSR00000258
7	Kotak-KEF "Health for School Children"	Promoting education	Yes	Maharashtra	Mumbai	13,400,000	No	Kotak Education Foundation	CSR00001785
8	Kotak-NSCCI "School Education"	Promoting education	Yes	Maharashtra	Mumbai	2,500,000	No	National Society for Clean Cities- India	CSR00007539
9	Kotak-DMT "Healthy Food Healthy Kids for Paediatric Cancer"	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Yes	Maharashtra	Mumbai	1,600,000	No	Dhanwantari Medical Trust	CSR00003761
10	Kotak-Samarpan "School Education"	Promoting education	Yes	Delhi	Delhi	4,400,000	No	Samarpan Foundation	CSR00000382
11	Kotak (Direct) "Flood Relief & COVID-19"	Disaster management, including relief, rehabilitation and reconstruction activities	Yes	Karnataka, Tamilnadu, Maharashtra, Bihar	Multiple districts	14,999,883	Yes	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
12	Kotak (Direct) "Swatch Bharat Mission in Lucknow"	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Yes	Uttar Pradesh	Lucknow	<sup>#</sup> 9,101,697	Yes	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
13	Kotak (Direct) "KNR University"	Promoting education	Yes	Telangana	Warangal	1,700,000	Yes	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
14	Kotak (Direct) "Ambulance"	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Yes	Gujarat	Surat	1,826,523	Yes	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
15	Kotak-GGIMS "Path Lab"	Promoting health care including preventive health care	Yes	Uttar Pradesh	Gorakhpur	2,500,000	No	Guru Gorakchha Nath Institute of Medical Sciences	CSR00006712
		Total				280,499,334			

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Financial Highlights

Consolidated Financial Statements

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#### Notes:

1. Amount in paise rounded off to nearest Rupee.

2. The CSR Projects which are being operated / implemented on PAN India basis, are not restricted to particular State or District.

3. #Includes Project specific other direct cost allocated to CSR Projects

- (d) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: ₹ 38,709,752/-
- (e) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: Not Applicable for FY'22
- (f) Total amount spent for the Financial Year: ₹ 659,387,532/-\*

# (8b+8c+8d+8e)

\*Excludes unspent amount transferred to Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited Unspent CSR Account FY 2021-22.

# (g) Excess amount for set off, if any:

SI. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rupees.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the Company as per Section 135(5) of the Act	1,618,301,044
(ii)	Total amount spent for the financial year	1,619,950,006**
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	1,648,962
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	Nil
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	1,648,962***

\*\*Includes unspent amount transferred to Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited Unspent CSR Account FY 2021-22 and administrative overheads \*\*\* Including set off amount of ₹7,198,728 for FY 2021-22, the overall surplus available for set off is ₹ 8,847,690

# 9. (a) Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years:

SI. No.		Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under	Amount spent in the reporting		sferred to any fu ile VII as per sect any		Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial
		Section 135 (6) (in ₹) *	Financial Year (in ₹) *	Name of the Fund	Amount (in ₹)	Date of transfer	years (in ₹) *
1.	2020-21	635,924,600	400,174,962	Nil	Nil	Nil	235,749,638
	TOTAL	635,924,600	400,174,962	Nil Nil Nil			235,749,638

\* Amount in Paise rounded off to Rupees

(b) Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s):

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
SI. No.	Project ID	Name of the Project	Financial Year in which the project was commenced	Project duration (in months)	Total amount allocated for the project (in ₹)	Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in ₹)	Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year (in ₹)	Status of the project - Completed / Ongoing
1.	7	Relief and Rehabilitation - COVID 19	2020-21	18	80,000,000	49,500,000	80,000,000	Completed
2.	39	Relief & Rehabilitation - COVID 19 (Dry Ration Kit, Health Hygiene Facilities)	2020-21	24	4,000,000	423,534	4,000,000	Completed
3.	45	Relief & Rehabilitation - COVID 19 (Protecting the Protector Round-2)	2020-21	18	10,000,000	5,449,956	10,000,000	Completed
4.	46	Relief & Rehabilitation - COVID 19 (Direct)	2020-21	15	16,000,000	9,051,109	16,000,000	Completed
5	59	KEF - Education & Livelihood - (Project Digital learning Solution- (DLS)	2020-21	24	127,000,000	90,000,000	127,000,000	Completed
6	10	SOPAN - Education & Livelihood (Inclusiveness)	2020-21	24	38,000,000	16,000,000	34,000,000	Ongoing
7	23A	Sarthak - Education & Livelihood (Inclusiveness)	2020-21	15	12,900,000	10,500,000	12,900,000	Completed
8	63	NM Sadguru - Education & Livelihood (Rural)	2020-21	36	52,000,000	-	18,000,000	Ongoing
9	57	ABET - Healthcare (Mental Health)	2020-21	15	7,500,000	4,500,000	7,500,000	Completed

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(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
SI. No.	Project ID	Name of the Project	Financial Year in which the project was commenced	Project duration (in months)	Total amount allocated for the project (in ₹)	Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in ₹)	Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year (in ₹)	Status of the project - Completed / Ongoing
10	66	Wockhardt - Healthcare (Primary Healthcare on wheels)	2020-21	18	27,100,000	5,000,000	27,100,000	Completed
11	62	Cankids - Healthcare (Cancer care and Home away from home)	2020-21	36	90,000,000	17,400,000	55,900,000	Ongoing
12	67	Cansupport - Healthcare (Cancer Support)	2020-21	36	12,225,000	2,770,000	6,995,000	Ongoing
13	5A	HPPCT - Environment & sustainable development (Green Crematorium)	2020-21	24	24,000,000	6,500,000	16,500,000	Ongoing
14	58	Environment and Sustainable Development (Biodiversity) )	2020-21	24	8,000,000	4,000,000	8,000,000	Completed
15	6A	Sports (Olympics)	2020-21	18	130,000,000	90,000,000	130,000,000	Completed
16	61	Sports (Olympics)	2020-21	24	340,000,000	89,080,362	189,080,362	Ongoing
	TOTAL				978,725,000	400,174,962	742,975,362	

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on or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year (asset-wise details):	creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s):
n or ac	(a) Date of creation or acquisi

10.

Integrated Annual Report 2021-22

ng Ownership of Asset	IT for change	Pratham Education Foundation w	<ol> <li>Sri Mayapur Community Hospital</li> <li>2. Sant Muni Seva Aarogya Dham (Muni Seva Hospital</li> <li>3. H J Doshi Hindusabha Ghatkopar Hospital</li> </ol>	ark Khan Academy India	1st floor, North Side, Ujagar Kotak Education Foundation Silk Mills Compound, Sunder Baug, Opp. Deonar Bus Depot, Off Sion – Trombay Road, Deonar, Mumbai – 400088	Indian Institute of Technology, Madras	hai BAIF Institutes for Sustainable ne- Livelihoods & Development	jh, Lucknow Nagar Nigam r	Bharatiya Arogya Nidhi st),	Kaloji Narayan Rao University of Health Sciences	New Civil Govt Hospital
Address of Implementing Agency / Asset Owner	No.393, 17 <sup>th</sup> Main, 35 <sup>th</sup> Cross, Jayanagar 4 <sup>th</sup> T Block, Bengaluru - 560041	llnd Floor, B-4/58 Safdarjung Enclave, New Delhi-110029	<ol> <li>Nadia district, West Bengal</li> <li>Nidhrad, taluka Sanand, district Ahmedabad</li> <li>Ghatkopar, Mumbai</li> </ol>	A-22, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor, Green Park Main Aurobindo Marg, New Delhi- 110016	1st floor, North Side, Ujagar Silk Mills Compound, Sunder Baug, Opp. Deonar Bus Depot, Off Sion – Trombay Road, Deonar, Mumbai – 400088	Indian Institute of Technology, Madras Chennai- 600 036	BAIF Bhavan, Dr. Manibhai Desai Nagar, Warje, Pune- 411058,	Triloknath Road, Lalbagh, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh -226001	N. S. Road 13, Juhu Scheme, Vile Parle (West) Mumbai- 400049	Warangal, Telangana	Surat, Gujarat
Project Location and complete address	Karnataka, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh across multiple districts	Madhya Pradesh, Odisha, Rajasthan, Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand and Telangana across multiple districts.	<ol> <li>Nadia district, West Bengal</li> <li>Nidhrad, taluka Sanand, district Ahmedabad</li> <li>Ghatkopar, Mumbai</li> </ol>	PAN India	Mumbai, Maharashtra	Indian Institute of Technology, Madras Chennai- 600 036	Malavali Taluka, Mandya District, Karanataka	Triloknath Road, Lalbagh, Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh -226001	K.C. Parikh General Hospital Juhu, Mumbai 400 049	Warangal, Telangana	Surat, Gujarat
Details of assets	Laptops and peripheral services	Computers and Printers	Four ambulances with medical equipment	Tablets and other peripherals, office equipments, etc.	Computers and Printers	Laptops- 6 nos Light Level Meter, Vane Anemometer, Tachometer-Contact & Non contact	5 Motor Cycles, Hero HF Delux i3S	Mobile handsets for empowering sanitation workers	Upgradation of medical infrastructure old bedside monitor, central monitor and ventilators	Infrastructure development of University	One ambulance
Date of creation of assets	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22
Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of asset (in ₹)	250,287	261,181	10,911,630	946,595	1,946,983	670,847	425,000	8,983,107	10,000,000	1,700,000	1,826,523
Partner NGO/Direct Implementation	IT for change	Pratham Education Foundation	Direct Implementation	Khan Academy India	Kotak Education Foundation	Indian Institute of Technology, Madras	BAIF Institutes for Sustainable Livelihoods & Development	Direct implementation	Bharatiya Arogya Nidhi	Direct implementation	Direct implementation
CSR Focus Area	Promoting education	Employment enhancing vocational skills	Healthcare	Promoting education	Promoting education	Environment & Sustainable Development	Livelihood enhancement projects	Healthcare	Healthcare	Promoting education	Healthcare

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Ownership of Asset	Guru Gorakchha Nath Institute of Medical Sciences	1. National Academy of Construction 2. Delhi Skill & Entrepreneurship University	Tata Memorial Centre	Param Puiya Rakshak Aadinath Welfare & Educational Society	NAMCO Charitable Trust	Dr Babasaheb Ambedkar Vaidkiya Pratishthan	Vivekanand Medical Foundation & Research Centre	Andhra Mahila Sabha						
Address of Implementing Agency / Asset Owner	Gram-Sonbarsa, Post Maniram, Gorakhpur Uttar Pradesh – 273007	1.Warangal Telangana 2. New Delhi	Tata Memorial Hospital, Dr. E Borges road, Parel, Mumbai - 400 012	351, Hammal Colony, Chhota Bangarda, Indore, Pin- 452002	Peth Road, Panchavati, Nashik, Maharashtra -422004,	Jawhar Colony, Garkheda Area, Aurangabad, Maharashtra	Vidya Nagar, Signal Camp, Latur, Maharashtra- 413512	University Road, Vidya Nagar, Hyderabad, Telangana- 500044		Bank ty Three Only) in Point No. 10(a) above Point No. 10(a) above	Applicable	rnance Committee		
Project Location and complete address	Gorakhpur, Uttar Pradesh	1. Warangal, Telangana 2. New Delhi	Village Donvat, Taluka Khalapur, District Raigad having City Survey No. 31	351, Hammal Colony, Chhota Bangarda, Indore, Pin- 452002	Sunderbai Goverdandas Samsukha Cancer Hospital, Nashik	Dr. Hedgewar Hospital, Aurangabad	Vivekanand Medical Foundation & Research Centre,	Durgabai Deshmukh Hospital and Research Centre		The above mentioned Capital assets are owned by the implementing agencies / institutions and none of the Capital assets are owned by the Bank Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset : ₹ 68,413,073 (Rupees Six Crore Eighty Four Lakh Thirteen thousand Seventy Three Only) Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc. : Details provided in Point No. 10(a) above Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset) : Details provided in Point No. 10(a) above	of the average net profit as per Section 135(5) of the Act : Not Applicable	Prakash Apte Chairman – Corporate Social Responsibility and Environmental Social Governance Committee		
Details of assets	Medical equipment for pathology lab	Electrical products for setting up electrician training lab infrastructure	Purchase of land City Survey No. 31 situated at Raigad District to set up livelihood training centre	One ambulance	One ambulance with medical equipment	One ambulance with medical equipment	One ambulance with medical equipment	One ambulance with medical equipment		g agencies / institutions and none 68,413,073 ( Rupees Six Crore Eigh name such capital asset is register complete address and location of	c of the average net profit as pe	porate Social Responsibility	2022	
Date of creation of assets	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22	FY 2021-22		by the implementin of capital asset : ₹ ( ciary under whose r acquired (including	end two per cent	Prakash Apte Chairman – Cor	Date : 25 <sup>th</sup> June, Place : Mumbai	
Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of asset (in ₹)	2,500,000	4,300,048	11,000,000	000'086	2,786,054	2,789,414	2,793,404	3,392,000	68,413,073	al assets are owned eation or acquisition c authority or benefic l asset(s) created or .	ıy has failed to sp			
Partner NGO/Direct Implementation	Guru Gorakchha Nath Institute of Medical Sciences	Direct implementation	Tata Memorial Centre	Param Pujya Rakshak Aadinath Welfare & Educational Society	NAMCO Charitable Trust	Dr Babasaheb Ambedkar Vaidkiya Pratishthan	Vivekananda Medical Foundation & Research Centre	Andhra Mahila Sabha		The above mentioned Capital assets are owned by the implementin Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset : ₹ Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including	Specify the reason(s), if the Company has failed to spend two per cent	·& CEO	22	
S. CSR Focus No. Area	12 Healthcare	13 Employment enhancing vocational skills	14 Livelihood enhancement projects	15 Healthcare	16 Healthcare	17 Healthcare	18 Healthcare	19 Healthcare	Total	Notes : (a) 717 (b) Ar (c) D6 (d) P7	11. Specify the re	Uday Kotak Managing Director & CEO	Date : 25 <sup>th</sup> June, 2022 Place : Mumbai	

# Bank Reports and Statements Directors' Report

# Change

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#### To, The Members **Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited** 27BKC, C 27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400051

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of **Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited** having CIN **L65110MH1985PLC038137** and having registered office at 27BKC, C 27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400051 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov.in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on March 31, 2022 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Reserve Bank of India or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of the Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company*
1	Mr. Prakash Apte	00196106	18 <sup>th</sup> March, 2011
2	Mr. Uday Khanna	00079129	16 <sup>th</sup> September, 2016
3	Ms. Farida Khambata	06954123	7 <sup>th</sup> September, 2014
4	Mr. Uday Shankar	01755963	16 <sup>th</sup> March, 2019
5	Dr. Ashok Gulati	07062601	6 <sup>th</sup> March, 2021
6	Ms. Ashu Suyash	00494515	24 <sup>th</sup> January, 2022
7	Mr. C Jayaram	00012214	1 <sup>st</sup> October, 1999
8	Mr. Amit Desai	00310510	18 <sup>th</sup> March, 2022
9	Mr. Uday Kotak	00007467	21 <sup>st</sup> November, 1985
10	Mr. Dipak Gupta	00004771	1 <sup>st</sup> October, 1999
11	Mr. KVS Manian	00031794	1 <sup>st</sup> November, 2019
12	Mr. Gaurang Shah	00016660	1 <sup>st</sup> November, 2019

\* Date of appointment is taken from MCA

Ensuring the eligibility of the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on my verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Place: Mumbai Date: June 14, 2022 Rupal Dhiren Jhaveri FCS No: 5441 Certificate of Practice No.: 4225 ICSI UDIN: F005441D000491069 Peer Review Certificate No.: 1139/2021

# DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5 OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

# 1. Ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees for the financial year:<sup>4</sup>

Directors	Title	Ratio
Mr. Prakash Apte	Non-Executive Part-time Chairman	11.18x
Mr. Uday Khanna	Independent Director	6.77x
Ms. Farida Khambata	Independent Director	4.93x
Mr. Uday Shankar	Independent Director	5.05x
Dr. Ashok Gulati	Independent Director	4.87x
Ms. Ashu Suyash (with effect from 24 <sup>th</sup> January, 2022)	Independent Director	0.80x
Mr. C. Jayaram	Non-Executive Director	8.01x
Mr. Amit Desai (with effect from 18 <sup>th</sup> March, 2022)	Non-Executive Director	0.20x
Mr. Uday Kotak	Managing Director & CEO	0.08x
Mr. Dipak Gupta	Joint Managing Director	66.64x
Mr. KVS Manian	Whole-time Director	80.24x
Mr. Gaurang Shah	Whole-time Director	77.25x

# 2. Percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year:

Directors^/Key Managerial Personnel	Title	% increase in remuneration	% increase in remuneration excluding Stock Appreciation Rights ("SARs")
Mr. Prakash Apte	Non-Executive Part-time Chairman	3.33	3.33
Mr. Uday Khanna	Independent Director	4.97	4.97
Ms. Farida Khambata	Independent Director	(9.56)	(9.56)
Mr. Uday Shankar	Independent Director	3.28	3.28
Dr. Ashok Gulati*	Independent Director	-	-
Ms. Ashu Suyash (with effect from 24 <sup>th</sup> January, 2022)	Independent Director	-	-
Mr. C. Jayaram	Non-Executive Director	10.50	10.50
Mr. Amit Desai (with effect from 18 <sup>th</sup> March, 2022)	Non-Executive Director	-	-
Mr. Uday Kotak <sup>#</sup>	Managing Director & CEO	(99.75)	(99.75)
Mr. Dipak Gupta <sup>\$</sup>	Joint Managing Director	(15.50)	(15.50)
Mr. KVS Manian <sup>\$</sup>	Whole-time Director	(1.79)	11.60
Mr. Gaurang Shah <sup>s</sup>	Whole-time Director	(5.27)	6.35
Mr. Jaimin Bhatt	Group Chief Financial Officer	20.64	36.73
Ms. Avan Doomasia®	Company Secretary	-	-

<sup>^</sup> Please refer to note (iii) below
\* Please refer to note (v) below
# please refer to note (vi) below
<sup>§</sup> Please refer to note (vii) below
<sup>@</sup> Please refer to note (viii) below

# 3. Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year:

For employees other than managerial personnel who were in employment for the whole of FY 2020-21 and FY 2021-22, increase in the median remuneration is 15.67%.

4. Number of permanent employees on the rolls of Bank at the end of the year: 66,473

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# FORM NO. MR-3

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2022

(Pursuant to Section 204 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014)

To, The Members. Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited (hereinafter called the Bank). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Bank's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Bank, to the extent the information provided by the Bank, its officers, agents and authorised representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the Management, and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India warranted due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Bank has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Bank has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records made available to us and maintained by the Bank for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made thereunder;
- The Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956 ("SCRA") and the rules made thereunder; (ii)
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings, as applicable;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ("SEBI Act"), to the extent applicable and as amended from time to time:
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; a)
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; b)
  - c)
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 and The Securities and Exchange Board of d) India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 and The Securities and Exchange Board e) of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies f) Act, 2013 and dealing with client: (Not Applicable to the Bank during the audit period);
  - q) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021: (Not Applicable to the Bank during the audit period);
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018: (Not Applicable to the Bank during the audit period); h)
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992; i)
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Bankers to an Issue) Regulations, 1994; i)
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Portfolio Managers) Regulations, 2020; k)
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018;
  - m) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Investment Advisors) Regulations 2013;
  - n) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Custodian) Regulations, 1996;
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Intermediaries) Regulations, 2008; 0)
  - p) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Certification of Associated Persons in the Securities Market) Regulations, 2007;
  - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India {KYC (Know Your Client) Registration Agency} Regulations, 2011;
  - r) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2019:
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities Market) S) Regulations, 2003;
  - t) The Securities and Exchange Board of India-guidelines for Anti-Money Laundering Measures;

# 5. Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:

For employees, other than managerial personnel, who were in employment for the whole of FY 2020-21 and FY 2021-22, the average increase was 15.67% and 16.07%, respectively, excluding SARs.

Average increase for managerial personnel is 8.18% [excluding SARs:14.15%]

#### Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Bank: 6.

The Bank is in compliance with its Compensation Policy.

#### Notes:

- i Remuneration includes Fixed Pay + Variable Pay paid during the year + perguisite value as calculated under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Remuneration does not include value of Stock Options.
- SARs are awarded as Variable Pay. These are settled in cash and are linked to the average market price / closing market price of the Bank's stock on ii specified value dates. Cash paid out during the year is included for the purposes of remuneration.
- For FY 2020-21, the Independent Directors (other than the Non-Executive Part-time Chairman) and Non-Executive Directors of the Bank were paid iii commission and sitting fees for attending meetings of the Board and Committees (including non-Board Committees), held during that year. Their remuneration for FY 2021-22 comprises compensation by way of fixed remuneration and sitting fees for attending meetings of the Board and Committees (including non-Board Committees) held during that period.
- The remuneration of the Independent Directors (other than the Non-Executive Part-time Chairman) and Non-Executive Directors of the iv Bank, for FY 2021-22, comprises (i) compensation in the form of fixed remuneration as per limits prescribed under the RBI's circular dated 26th April, 2021 on Corporate Governance in Banks - Appointment of Directors and Constitution of Committees of the Board and the relevant resolution passed by the members at the Thirty-Sixth Annual General Meeting and (ii) sitting fees for attending the Board / Committee meetings (including Non-Board Committees). The Non-Executive Part-time Chairman received sitting fees for attending meetings of the Board / Committees and a fixed remuneration, as approved by the Board and the RBI, within the limit approved by the members of the Bank.
- Dr. Ashok Gulati was appointed as an Additional Director and Independent Director of the Bank, with effect from 6<sup>th</sup> March, 2021, subject to the approval of the members of the Bank. In view of the same, the percentage increase is not given since the remuneration received for FY 2020-21, was for part of the year.
- In view of the COVID−19 pandemic, Mr. Uday Kotak had opted to forego his fixed salary and accepted a token amount of ₹ 1 for FY 2021-22. vi.
- vii. The Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") has approved the revision in remuneration of Mr. Dipak Gupta, Joint Managing Director, Mr. KVS Manian, Whole-time Director and Mr. Gaurang Shah, Whole-time Director, for FY 2021-22, as per the terms and conditions stated therein.
- The Bank appointed Ms. Avan Doomasia as the Company Secretary and Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank, with effect from 1st December, 2020, viii consequent upon the retirement of Ms. Bina Chandarana from the close of business hours on 30th November, 2020. The percentage increase has not been given since the salary received for FY 2020-21, was for part of the year.

Change

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# SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;



(vi) Other laws applicable specifically to the Bank namely:

- Banking Regulation Act, 1949, Master Circulars, Notifications and Guidelines issued by the RBI and as amended from time to time (a)
- (b) The Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2).
- The Listing Agreements entered into by the Bank with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited read with the (ii) SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the period under review, the Bank has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

#### We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Bank is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice was given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, except where meeting was held at a short notice to transact urgent business and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions at the meetings of the Board of Directors of the Bank were carried out unanimously. There were no dissenting views by any member of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Bank commensurate with the size and operations of the Bank to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period, the following events occurred during the year which have a major bearing on the Bank's affairs in pursuance of the laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards etc. referred to above.

- (i) During the year, the Bank issued 28,26,092 Equity Shares of the face value of ₹ 5 each under the Employee Stock option Scheme of the Bank.
- During the year, Unsecured, Redeemable Non-Convertible, Subordinated Debt Bonds aggregating ₹ 150 crore and Senior Unsecured Rated Redeemable (ii) Long Term Bonds in the nature of Non-Convertible Debentures aggregating ₹ 962 crore, were redeemed.

# For Parikh & Associates **Company Secretaries**

# Jigyasa N. Ved

Partner FCS No: 6488 CP No: 6018 UDIN: F006488D000529483 PR No.: 1129/2021

Place : Mumbai Date : 25.06.2022

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

'Annexure A'

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Τo, The Members

#### Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- records based on our audit.
- 2. process and practices we followed, provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- З. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Bank.
- 4 etc
- 5 examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- 6. Management has conducted the affairs of the Bank.

Place : Mumbai Date : 25.06.2022 Change

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1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the Management of the Bank. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial

We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the

Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events,

The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of Management. Our

The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Bank nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the

For Parikh & Associates **Company Secretaries** 

Jigyasa N. Ved Partner FCS No: 6488 CP No: 6018 UDIN: F006488D000529483 PR No.: 1129/2021

# FORM NO. MR-3

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

#### FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2022

(Pursuant to section 204 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014)

To, The Members, KOTAK MAHINDRA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company, the information to the extent provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxations granted by The Ministry of Corporate Affairs warranted due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records made available to us and maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 according to the provisions of:

- The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contract (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 and amendments from time to time; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
  - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 and The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 and amendments from time to time; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period) and
  - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; (Not applicable to the Company during the audit period)
- (vi) Other Regulations applicable specifically to the Company namely:-
  - Insurance Act, 1938 and Regulations, Guidelines and Directions issued by the Insurance Regulatory & Development Authority of India (IRDAI)
  - We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:
  - (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to board and general meetings.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, standards etc. mentioned above.

We report that the Company has spent an amount of  $\mathfrak{F}$  7.062 crores against the amount of  $\mathfrak{F}$  11.940 crores to be spent during the year towards Corporate Social Responsibility and has transferred the balance amount of  $\mathfrak{F}$  4.878 crores on April 25, 2022 to the Unspent CSR Account, in accordance with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Amendment Rules, 2021. 195 🔒

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice was given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance for meetings other than those held at shorter notice, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions at the Board Meetings were taken unanimously.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period no event occurred which had bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, standards, guidelines etc.

Place : Mumbai Date : April 29, 2022

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and Forms an integral part of this report.

Change

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For **Parikh & Associates** Company Secretaries

**Sarvari Shah** Partner FCS No: 9697 CP No: 11717 UDIN : F009697D000237804 PR No.: 1129/2021



#### 'Annexure A

#### To, The Members KOTAK MAHINDRA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the process and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Parikh & Associates

Company Secretaries

# Sarvari Shah

Partner FCS No: 9697 CP No: 11717 UDIN : F009697D000237804 PR No.: 1129/2021 197 1

# **Report on Corporate Governance**

## PHILOSOPHY OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Corporate Governance provides a framework for attaining the Bank's objectives and encompasses practically every sphere of Management from action plans and internal controls to performance measurement, ethics and corporate disclosures. Good Corporate Governance helps to build trust with the investors and the community and also helps in creating and enhancing long term sustainable value for all its stakeholders.

The Bank believes that Corporate Governance is a reflection of its value system, encompassing its culture, policies and its relationship with the stakeholders such as shareholders, regulators, employees, customers, vendors, government and the community at large. It is a system of practices, processes and rules which directs the affairs of an organisation in an efficient manner and helps it to maximise value for its stakeholders. It essentially involves balancing the interests of an organisation with that of its various stakeholders. Corporate Governance is more than just adherence to the regulatory and statutory requirements. It is equally about focusing on the voluntary practices that underlie the highest levels of transparency.

The Bank is committed to achieving and adhering to the highest standards of Corporate Governance and ethical practices and constantly benchmarks itself with best practices, in this regard. The Bank's philosophy on Corporate Governance is, therefore, based on the core principles of Accountability and Responsibility, Integrity, Independence, Transparency in dealings, Fair and timely disclosures, Equality and Social Responsibility.

The Bank has adopted the Codes of Conduct for Directors and employees, which lays down the values and standard of conduct that is expected from them, while performing their roles and responsibilities across various functions of the Bank. The Bank has also adopted the Board Diversity Policy, Vigilance Policy, Whistle Blower Policy, Policy against Sexual Harassment in the Workplace and the Insider Trading Code of Conduct.

The Bank is in compliance with the requirements prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), as applicable, with respect to Corporate Governance.

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS<sup>1</sup>

The Board of Directors ("Board") provide guidance to the Management and direct, oversee and supervise the activities of the Bank. The responsibilities of the Board, *inter alia*, include formulation of overall strategy for the Bank and the group, taking new initiatives, review of financial and operating performance, monitoring of plans, ensuring and monitoring due compliance with applicable laws, pursuing of policies and procedures, reviewing and approving the financial results, enhancing corporate governance practices and ensuring the best interest of the shareholders, the community, environment and its various stakeholders. The Board is responsible for the business and overall affairs of the Bank and the reporting structure of the Bank is consistent with the same.

#### Size and Composition of the Board<sup>2</sup>

The size of the Board is commensurate with the size and business of the Bank. The composition of the Board of Directors of the Bank is governed by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") and the Rules thereunder, the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 ("BR Act"), Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the guidelines/regulations/circulars issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"), from time to time, and is in conformity with the same.

The Board has a mix of Independent, Non-Executive and Executive Directors, with one-half of the Board comprising Independent Directors, including two Women Directors. The Bank's Board consists of eminent individuals having expertise and experience in various fields who understand and respect their fiduciary roles and responsibilities towards its stakeholders, including the duties prescribed under the provisions of the Act and any other applicable laws, and strive hard to meet their expectations at all times. The Board meets the criteria prescribed under Section 10 (A)(2) of the BR Act and the circulars issued by the RBI, from time to time. The Board mix provides a combination of professionalism, knowledge and experience required in the banking industry and also meets the criteria prescribed under the Board.

As on 31st March, 2022, the Board of Directors comprised a combination of twelve Directors, as mentioned below:

Category of Directorship	Name of the Director(s)
Independent Directors	Mr. Prakash Apte (Part-time Chairm
	Mr. Uday Khanna
	Ms. Farida Khambata
	Mr. Uday Shankar
	Dr. Ashok Gulati
	Ms. Ashu Suyash
Non-Executive Directors	Mr. C. Jayaram
	Mr. Amit Desai*
Executive Directors	Mr. Uday Kotak, Managing Director &
	Mr. Dipak Gupta, Joint Managing Dir
	Mr. KVS Manian, Whole-time Directo
	Mr. Gaurang Shah, Whole-time Direc

\* Mr. Amit Desai was appointed as an Additional Director with effect from 18<sup>th</sup> March, 2022. The shareholders approved his appointment on 20<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 by means of Postal Ballot.

<sup>1</sup> GRI 102-18, 102-22, 102-26 <sup>2</sup> GRI 102-24 <sup>3</sup> GRI 102-23

# Place : Mumbai Date : April 29, 2022

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A brief description of the Directors comprising their profiles, along with the companies in which they hold directorship (including in equity listed<sup>#</sup> / debt listed<sup>^</sup> entities) and the membership of the Committees of the Board of the Bank, are given below:

#### Mr. Prakash Apte, Independent Non-Executive Part-time Chairman<sup>4</sup>

(DIN: 00196106)

Mr. Prakash Apte, B.E. (Mechanical), aged 68 years, served as Managing Director of Syngenta India Limited ("SIL"), an agri-business company in India and a subsidiary of Syngenta Group, one of the largest research based agri-business across the world and was also its Non-Executive Chairman for over ten years up to September 2021. He was instrumental in setting up the Syngenta Foundation India which focuses on providing knowledge and support for adopting scientific growing systems to resource poor farmers and enabling their access to market. In a career spanning over 40 years, he has extensive experience in various areas of Management, business leadership and agriculture sector. In the more than 16 years of successful leadership experience in agriculture business, he has gained diverse knowledge in various aspects of business and has been involved with many initiatives for technology, knowledge and skills upgradation in this sector, which is vital for India's food security. He was on the Boards of Syngenta Foundation India and Indo-Swiss Centre of Excellence up to 15<sup>th</sup> July, 2021 and 8<sup>th</sup> June, 2021, respectively.

Mr. Apte was appointed as a Director of the Bank, with effect from 18<sup>th</sup> March, 2011. He was appointed as the Part-time Chairman of the Bank, with effect from 20<sup>th</sup> July, 2018 and, thereafter, re-appointed for a period up to 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2023. Mr. Apte is also the Chairman of the Corporate Social Responsibility and Environmental, Social and Governance Committee and Group Risk Management Committee of the Bank and a member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Risk Management Committee, Special Committee of the Board for Monitoring and Follow-up of Frauds and Review Committee for Classification and Declaration of Borrowers as Willful Defaulters of the Bank.

Mr. Apte is also on the Board of the following companies:

Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited (Independent Director)	Fine Organic Industries Limited# (Independent Director)
GMM Pfaudler Limited <sup>#</sup> (Independent Director) (with effect from 5 <sup>th</sup> May, 2022)	

He is the Chairman of the Audit Committee of Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited and a member of the Audit Committee of Fine Organic Industries Limited. He is also a member of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee of Fine Organic Industries Limited.

#### Mr. Uday Khanna, Independent Director

#### (DIN: 00079129)

Mr. Uday Khanna, aged 72 years, is a Chartered Accountant by qualification. Mr. Khanna was the Financial Controller and Treasurer of Hindustan Unilever Limited ("HUL") and was, thereafter, on the Board of HUL as Director - Exports. He has also worked as Vice Chairman of Lever Brothers in Nigeria and General Auditor for Unilever - North America, based in the USA and was the Senior Vice President - Finance, Unilever - Asia, based in Singapore. Thereafter, Mr. Khanna joined the Lafarge Group in Paris in June 2003 as Senior Vice President for Group Strategy, after an extensive experience of almost 30 years with Hindustan Lever/Unilever in a variety of financial, commercial and general management roles, both nationally and internationally. Mr. Khanna was also the Managing Director & CEO of Lafarge India from July 2005 to July 2011 and the Non-Executive Chairman of Lafarge India from July 20105 to July 2011 and the Non-Executive Chairman of Lafarge India from July 20105 to July 2011. Research and Industry. He was the Non-Executive Chairman of Bata India Limited till 2<sup>nd</sup> August, 2019. Mr. Khanna has been the past President of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce and Industry and also the Indo French Chamber of Commerce and Industry. He was the recipient of the 'Ordre National du Mērite' from the President of the Republic of France for his contribution in promoting Indo-French trade relations. He is a Joint Managing Trustee of the Indian Cancer Society and was the Joint Managing Trustee up to September 2020. Mr. Khanna was the recipient of the 'Best Independent Director' award by Asian Centre for Corporate Governance Sustainability in 2018.

Mr. Khanna is an Independent Director of the Bank from 16<sup>th</sup> September, 2016. He is the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Bank and a member of the Special Committee of the Board for Monitoring and Follow-up of Frauds, Review Committee for Classification and Declaration of Borrowers as Willful Defaulters and Group Risk Management Committee of the Bank.

Mr. Khanna is also on the Board of the following companies:

Pfizer Limited# (Independent Director)	Pidilite Industries Limited <sup>#</sup> (Independent Director)
Castrol India Limited# (Independent Director)	DSP Investment Managers Private Limited (Non-Executive Director)
The Anglo Scottish Education Society (Director and member of Board of Governors)	

He is the Chairman of the Audit Committees of Castrol India Limited and Pfizer Limited. He is a member of the Audit Committee of Pidilite Industries Limited and the Stakeholders Relationship Committee of Pfizer Limited.

## Ms. Farida Khambata, Independent Director

#### (DIN: 06954123)

Ms. Farida Khambata, aged 72 years, is Master of Arts in Economics from the University of Cambridge, a Master of Science in Business Management from the London Business School and a Chartered Financial Analyst and has attended the Advanced Management Program at Wharton. She is a co-founder of Cartica, a long-only emerging markets fund. Prior to Cartica, Ms. Khambata was a member of IFC's Management Group, the senior leadership team of IFC. In her last position at IFC, she served as Regional Vice President, responsible for strategy, investment operations and advisory services in East Asia and the Pacific, South Asia, Latin America and the Caribbean and oversaw all equity investments globally and investments in Agri business, Manufacturing and Services and Health and Education, regardless of geography.

Earlier, Ms. Khambata was in charge of IFC's Portfolio and Risk Management and was also its Treasurer and Director of the Central Capital Markets Department. Prior to joining IFC in 1986, Ms. Khambata worked with the World Bank where she managed pension fund assets.

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In April 1997, Ms. Khambata was named by Euromoney as one among the Top 50 Women in Finance. In February 2016, Ms. Khambata was bestowed the 'Best Woman Director' Award for 2015 by the Asia Centre for Corporate Governance & Sustainability.

Ms. Khambata is an Independent Director of the Bank from 7<sup>th</sup> September, 2014 and is the Chairperson of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Bank.

Ms. Khambata is also on the Board of the following companies:

Cartica Acquisition Corp (incorporated in Cayman Islands) (Director)	
Dragon Capital Group Limited, Vietnam (Director)	

She is a member of the Audit Committee of Tata Steel Limited.

#### Mr. Uday Shankar, Independent Director

(DIN: 01755963)

Mr. Uday Shankar, aged 60 years, is a M. Phil in Economic History from the Jawaharlal Nehru University, Delhi. Mr. Shankar is a highly successful and globally recognised Indian executive who created one of the biggest media and entertainment businesses in the Asia-Pacific region. In his new avatar, Mr. Shankar is a technology entrepreneur and the founder of Asia Initiatives, wherein he partners with Mr. James Murdoch to set up technology-led enterprises in education, media and healthcare in Asia. He is also the Past President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry ("FICCI"), India's premier industry association, and was formerly the President of the Indian Broadcasting Foundation. During his tenure as President of FICCI, he was also a member of the Start-up Advisory Council of India set up by the Government of India to promote and bolster the start-up ecosystem.

In a long and illustrious career, Mr. Shankar has served in several leadership roles including as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Star India, President of 21<sup>st</sup> Century Fox Asia and more recently President of The Walt Disney Company Asia Pacific and Chairman of Disney and Star India. Under his leadership, Star transformed into the region's leading company placed distinctively at the intersection of media, entertainment and technology. He is credited with leading the streaming and OTT revolution in India and in the APAC region. Hotstar is now one of the leading global OTT platforms. Star Sports transformed into Asia's leading sports network during his tenure. He also led the company's strong foray into regional and local language content, building a comprehensive consumer offering across entertainment and sports. Mr. Shankar started his career in news and is widely regarded as the pioneer of television news revolution in India with the launch of Aaj Tak, Star News and what's now known as India Today TV.

For his contribution to media and society, Mr. Shankar has been awarded numerous business and industry honours. He was conferred the honorary doctorate degree by Bennett University (The Times of India Group). He was recognised by Forbes India as the "Best CEO (MNC)", named "Entrepreneur of the Year (Entrepreneurial CEO)" by EY and has featured in Indian Express' "100 Most Powerful Indians" and in India Today's "50 Most Powerful People in India".

Mr. Shankar is an Independent Director of the Bank from 16<sup>th</sup> March, 2019 and is the Chairman of the Customer Service Committee and a member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Bank.

Mr. Shankar is also on the Board of the following companies:

Business Standard Private Limited (Director)	Asia Initiatives Pte. Ltd. (Singapore) (Director)
Seven Islands Inc (USA) (Co-Chairman and Director)	Marigold Park Capital Advisers Private Limited (Additional Director)
Seven Islands Capital LLC (USA) (Director)	Bodhi Tree Systems VCC (Singapore) (Director)
Asia Initiatives 2 Pte. Ltd. (Singapore) (Director)	Vidhi Centre for Legal Policy (Additional Director)
Apollo Health and Lifestyle Limited (Additional Director) (with effect from 15 <sup>th</sup> April, 2022)	The Great Eastern Shipping Company Limited <sup>#</sup> (Independent Director) (with effect from $6^{\rm th}$ May, 2022)
Federation of Indian Chamber of Commerce and Industry (Non-Executive Director)	

# Dr. Ashok Gulati, Independent Director

(DIN: 07062601)

Dr. Ashok Gulati, aged 68 years, is a M.A. and Ph.D. from Delhi School of Economics. Dr. Gulati is an eminent Indian agricultural economist and is currently Infosys Chair Professor for Agriculture at the Indian Council for Research on International Economic Relations. He was also a former Chairman of the Commission for Agricultural Costs and Prices, Government of India from 2011 to 2014 and on the Central Board of Directors of the Reserve Bank of India and National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development ("NABARD"). He is currently a member of the Tenth Audit Advisory Board of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India. He was Director at the International Food Policy Research Institute for more than 10 years from 2001 and worked as a Chair Professor NABARD at Institute of Economic Growth from 1998 to 2000. Prior to that, Dr. Gulati was Director/Chief Economist, Agriculture and Rural Development at National Council of Applied Economic Research from 1991 till 1997. Dr. Gulati has been deeply involved in policy analysis and advice in India and was the youngest member of the Economic Advisory Council of Prime Minister Late Atal Bihari Vajpayee, member of the Economic Advisory Council of the Chief Minister of Andhra Pradesh and member of the State Planning Board of Karnataka. For his contributions to the field, the President of India honoured him with the "Padma Shri" award in 2015. He has 16 books to his credit on Indian and Asian Agriculture, besides numerous research papers in National and International Journals. He has been a prolific writer in leading newspapers in India.

Dr. Gulati is an Independent Director of the Bank from 6<sup>th</sup> March, 2021. He is the Chairman of the Risk Management Committee of the Bank and a member of the Audit Committee of the Bank.

Dr. Gulati is also on the Board of the following company:

Godrej Agrovet Limited<sup>#</sup> (Independent Director)

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Tata Steel Limited <sup>#</sup> (Independent Director)	
Tata Investment Corporation Limited# (Independent Director)	

# Ms. Ashu Suyash, Independent Director

# (DIN: 00494515)

Ms. Ashu Suyash, aged 55 years, is Chartered Accountant from the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and has a Bachelor's Degree in Commerce from the University of Mumbai. Ms. Suyash is a successful leader with over 33 years of experience in the Indian financial services and the global information services sector. She has led Indian and multi-national businesses as CEO, set up companies from scratch, managed and grown complex regulated businesses and driven transformation and change. She has set up Colossa Ventures LLP, an innovative platform for daring and passionate entrepreneurs. She was the Managing Director & CEO of CRISIL Limited up to 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2021, having requisite expertise in the areas of Business Management, Finance, Accountancy, Banking, Risk Management and Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG"). Under her leadership, CRISIL Limited launched its ESG scores for companies. Ms. Suyash has strong business acumen and experience spanning banking, capital markets, asset management, ratings, research and analytics. Having set up businesses, managed them and led Mergers and Acquisitions, she brings sharp insight on strategy, execution, finance, stakeholder management, risk and regulatory affairs and in leading global teams. Ms. Suyash also serves on the Advisory Committee on Corporate Insolvency and Liquidation of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India and is an active member of several trade associations, has a keen interest in the education sector and serves on committees at Narsee Monjee Institute for Securities & Investment and the Aseema Charitable Trust. She is also a member of the Governing Board of NISM. Over the years, Ms. Suyash has received several awards and has been recognised amongst the Top 50 Women in business in India and Asia. She has authored several thought leadership articles and is deeply committed to women empowerment, right to education for all and affordable healthcare.

Ms. Suyash was appointed as an Independent Director of the Bank with effect from 24<sup>th</sup> January, 2022. She is a member of the Audit Committee and the Risk Management Committee of the Bank.

Ms. Suyash is on the Board of the following company:

Hindustan Unilever Limited# (Independent Director)

She is a member of the Audit Commitee of Hindustan Uniliver Limited.

#### Mr. C. Jayaram, Non-Executive Director

#### (DIN: 00012214)

Mr. C. Jayaram, aged 66 years, B. A. (Economics), PGDM-IIM, Kolkata, is a Non-Executive Director of the Bank. He has varied experience of over 38 years in many areas of finance and business and was earlier the Managing Director of Kotak Securities Limited. Mr. Jayaram headed the Wealth Management business, Alternative Investments business including Private Equity funds and Real Estate funds and international operations for Kotak Group till his retirement, as Joint Managing Director of the Bank, in April 2016. He was with the Kotak Group for 26 years and was instrumental in building a number of new businesses for the Kotak Group. Prior to joining the Kotak Group, he was with Overseas Sanmar Financial Limited.

Mr. Jayaram has been a Non-Executive Director of the Bank from 1<sup>st</sup> May, 2016. Mr. Jayaram is a member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Special Committee of the Board for Monitoring and Follow-up of Frauds, Corporate Social Responsibility and Environmental, Social and Governance Committee, ESOP Allotment Committee and Review Committee for Classification and Declaration of Borrowers as Willful Defaulters of the Bank.

Mr. Jayaram is also on the Board of the following companies:

Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited (Non-Executive Director)	Multi Commodity Exchange of India Limited <sup>#</sup> (Non-Executive Shareholder Director)
Multi Commodity Exchange Clearing Corporation Limited	

He is a member of the Audit Committees of Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited and Multi Commodity Exchange of India Limited.

#### Mr. Amit Desai, Non-Executive Director

#### (DIN: 00310510)

Mr. Amit Desai, aged 63 years, B. Com., LL.B., is a lawyer, with several years of experience.

Mr. Desai was appointed as a Non-Executive Director of the Bank, with effect from 18<sup>th</sup> March, 2022.

Mr. Amit Desai is on the Board of the following company:

Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Limited (Non-Executive Director and Chairman)

# Mr. Uday Kotak, Managing Director & CEO

(DIN: 00007467)

Mr. Uday Kotak, aged 63 years, the promoter of the Bank, holds a Bachelor's degree in Commerce and a MMS degree from Jamnalal Bajaj Institute of Management Studies, Mumbai. Mr. Kotak was appointed as a Director of the erstwhile Kotak Capital Management Finance Limited ("KCMFL") since its incorporation on 21<sup>st</sup> November, 1985. Later on, the name of KCMFL was changed to Kotak Mahindra Finance Limited ("KCMFL") in 1986. Mr. Kotak was appointed its Managing Director with effect from 30<sup>th</sup> July, 2002. KMFL, thereafter, converted into the Bank and Mr. Kotak was re-designated thereafter, as the Managing Director & CEO of the Bank, with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> May, 2018. Under his leadership over the past 35 years, the Kotak Group established a prominent presence in major areas of financial services including banking, stock broking, investment banking, car finance, life and general insurance and asset management. He has been a member of the International Advisory Board of GIC Private Limited, Singapore and International Advisory Panel of Monetary Authority of Singapore, Investment Advisory Committee of the Army Group Insurance Fund and was the President of the Confederation of

Indian Industry till 31<sup>st</sup> May, 2021. Mr. Kotak was the recipient of the 'Ernst & Young World Entrepreneur of the Year Award' in 2014, 'Economic Times Business Leader of the Year Award' in 2015, 'Businessman of the Year 2016' by Business India, 'Lifetime Achievement Award' at Financial Express' Best Banks' Awards 2016, 'USIBC Global Leadership Award' at the 2018 India Ideas Summit organised by the U.S.-India Business Council, 'Best CEO in Banking Sector' by the Business Today Best CEO Awards 2019 and 'India Business Leader of the Year' by CNBC-TV18 at the India Business Leader Awards 2021, amongst many others.

Mr. Kotak is the Chairman of the Share Transfer and Other Matters Committee, Special Committee of the Board for Monitoring and Follow-up of Frauds, ESOP Allotment Committee, Review Committee for Classification and Declaration of Borrowers as Willful Defaulters and Management Committee and a member of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Customer Service Committee, Risk Management Committee and Group Risk Management Committee of the Bank.

Mr. Kotak is also on the Board of the following companies:

Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited (Non-Executive Director and Chairman)
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited (Non-Executive Director and Chairman)
Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited (Non-Executive Director and Chairman)
The Anglo Scottish Education Society (Director and member of Board of Governors)

He is the Chairman of the Audit Committee of Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited.

# Mr. Dipak Gupta, Joint Managing Director

(DIN: 00004771)

Mr. Dipak Gupta, aged 61 years, B.E. (Electronics), PGDM-IIM, Ahmedabad, is the Joint Managing Director of the Bank and has over 35 years of experience in the financial services sector, 29 years of which, have been with the Kotak Group. He was appointed as Whole Time Director of Kotak Mahindra Finance Limited ("KMFL") from 1<sup>st</sup> October, 1999 and continued to hold that position after conversion of KMFL into the Bank. He was re-designated as Joint Managing Director of the Bank from 21<sup>st</sup> July, 2011. Mr. Gupta helms numerous functions of the Bank including Information Technology, Digital Initiatives, Internal Audit, Human Resources, Vigilance, Customer Experience, Marketing & Communications, Environment Social Governance, Corporate Social Responsibility and Priority Sector Lending. Mr. Gupta was responsible for leading the Kotak Group's initiatives into the banking arena. He was the Chief Executive Officer of Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited and prior to joining the Kotak Group, was with A. F. Ferguson & Co.

Mr. Gupta is the Chairman of the Committee on Derivative Products of the Bank and a member of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Share Transfer and Other Matters Committee, Special Committee of the Board for Monitoring and Follow-up of Frauds, Customer Service Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility and Environmental, Social and Governance Committee, ESOP Allotment Committee, Management Committee and Group Risk Management Committee of the Bank.

Mr. Gupta is also on the Board of the following companies:

Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited (Non-Executive Director)	Kotak In (Non-Ex
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited (Non-Executive Director)	Kotak In
Kotak Mahindra (UK) Limited (Non-Executive Director)	

He is a member of the Audit Committee of Kotak Investment Advisors Limited and Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited.

#### Mr. KVS Manian, Whole-time Director

(DIN: 00031794)

Mr. KVS Manian, aged 60 years, is an electrical engineer from IIT (BHU) - Varanasi, Post Graduate in Financial Management from Jamnalal Bajaj Institute of Management Studies Mumbai and a Cost and Works Accountant.

Mr. Manian is a Whole-time Director of the Bank from 1<sup>st</sup> November, 2019. Mr. Manian has been instrumental in setting up and metamorphosing many business divisions into success stories in his over two and a half decade association with the Kotak Group. He has played a pivotal role in Kotak's journey from an Non-Banking Financial Company to a Bank.

Currently, Mr. Manian spearheads the Corporate Banking as also the Private Banking business of the Bank and has oversight responsibilities for Investment Banking and Institutional Equities Businesses. He is responsible for building a high quality integrated and profitable franchise across these businesses. Under his leadership, the Corporate Bank has grown significantly both in terms of size and profits while maintaining best in class asset quality. The Investment Banking, Institutional Equities and Wealth Management businesses also continue to maintain and improve their leadership positions in the industry. He has also been instrumental in upgradation of technology in these businesses and has also focused on building strong transaction banking capabilities of the Bank.

Prior to his current role, Mr. Manian scripted the retail-banking narrative of Kotak. He was the President of Consumer Banking - steering the Bank from a single branch to over 600 branches and more than 1,000 ATMs across the country in a span of 10 years. He set up the Bank's Retail Liability business from scratch and later managed the entire Consumer Banking business including Consumer Asset products like Home Loans, Cards, Personal Loans, Business Loans, Loans Against Property, MSME and others, some of which were launched and grown to scale during his tenure. He synergised and evolved a coordinated business strategy across asset and liability products of the Consumer Bank. In this process, he set up one of the best consumer banking franchises in the Indian banking industry.

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Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited<sup>^</sup> (Non-Executive Director and Chairman) Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited<sup>^</sup> (Non-Executive Director and Chairman) Infrastructure Leasing and Financial Services Limited<sup>^</sup> (Chairman) (ceased with effect from 3<sup>nd</sup> April, 2022) The Mahindra United World College of India (Director and member of Board of Governors)

nvestment Advisors Limited xecutive Director) (Non-Executive Chairman, with effect from 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022) nfrastructure Debt Fund Limited^ (Non-Executive Director)



Mr. Manian is a member of the Committee on Derivative Products, Share Transfer and Other Matters Committee, Customer Service Committee and Management Committee of the Bank.

Mr. Manian is also on the Board of the following companies:

Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited^ (Non-Executive Director)	Kotak Securities Limited (Non-Executive Director)
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited (Non-Executive Director)	Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited^ (Non-Executive Director)

He is a member of the Audit Committee of Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited.

# Mr. Gaurang Shah, Whole-time Director

#### (DIN: 00016660)

Mr. Gaurang Shah, aged 60 years, is an M.Com and a Chartered Accountant. Mr. Shah is a Whole Time Director of the Bank from 1st November, 2019. He has over 36 years of rich experience primarily in financial services, of which, over 24 years have been with the Kotak Group. Mr. Shah is in charge of the Credit function of the Bank and is the Chairman of the Credit Committee of the Bank. Mr. Shah oversees the Insurance, Asset Management including Alternate Assets and Asset Reconstruction businesses. Prior to this, Mr. Shah headed the Group Risk Management function. Mr. Shah played a key role in building the Group's Consumer Banking and Life Insurance businesses and has held several positions of responsibility, including Head of Retail Assets at the Bank. Mr. Shah was the Executive Director of Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited, one of India's leading automobile finance companies from 1st October, 1999 to 31st December, 2002 and the Managing Director of Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited from 1st November, 2004 to 30th April, 2010.

Mr. Shah is a member of the ESOP Allotment Committee, Management Committee, Share Transfer and Other Matters Committee, Committee on Derivative Products and Group Risk Management Committee of the Bank.

Mr. Shah is also on the Board of the following companies:

Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited (Non-Executive Director)	Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited (Non-Executive Director) (Non-Executive Chairman, with effect from 4 <sup>th</sup> May, 2022)
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (Non-Executive Director)	Kotak Investment Advisors Limited (Non-Executive Director)
Kotak Mahindra Inc. (Non-Executive Director)	Kotak Mahindra (UK) Limited (Non-Executive Director)
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited (Non-Executive Director)	

He is a member of the Audit Committee of Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited and Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited

Detailed profiles of the Board of Directors of the Bank are available on the Bank's website viz., https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/governance.html

# Board Diversitv<sup>5</sup>

Keeping in view the significance of having a diverse Board and to harness the unique and individual skills and experiences of its members in such a way that it collectively benefits the Bank in achieving its mission and objectives, the Board of the Bank has adopted Board Diversity Policy. Emphasis is given to maintain diversity of thoughts, experience, knowledge, education, skills, perspective, culture, age and gender, while scrutinizing candidature for appointment of Directors on the Bank's Board.

The Board Diversity, inter alia, helps in ensuring (i) a balanced Board, with a wide range of attributes of its members; (ii) appropriate blend of functional and domain expertise on the Board; (iii) adequate representation of women on the Board; (iv) appropriate skills-mix on the Board and (v) adherence to the legal requirements, including the "Fit and Proper" criteria of the Reserve Bank of India, while appointing Directors on the Board. The Board Diversity Policy is available on the website of the Bank viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/governance/policies.html

The Board believes that the skills / competencies / expertise, as mentioned in the table below, are required for the business of the Bank and Directors of the Bank possess these skills / competencies / expertise for it to function effectively, in terms of the BR Act and Circular No. DBR.Appt.BC.No.39/29.39.001/2016-17 dated 24<sup>th</sup> November, 2016 titled 'Special knowledge or practical experience useful to banking companies' issued by RBI.

The names and categories of the Directors on the Bank's Board, the number of directorships and Committee positions held by the Directors in other public limited companies as also the areas of specialisation and expertise of the Directors, as on 31st March, 2022 are, given below:

Name of Director(s)	Competencies / Expertise ot		No. of Directorships in other Companies (excluding Section 8 Companies)		No. of Committee Positions held in the Bank and other Public Companies	
			Indian Public Companies	Other Indian Companies	Chairperson	Member
Mr. Prakash Apte	Independent Non-Executive Part-time Chairman	<ul> <li>Agriculture and Rural Economy</li> <li>Business Management</li> <li>Economics</li> <li>Risk Management</li> <li>Human Resources</li> </ul>	2	-	1	2
Mr. Uday Khanna	Independent Non- Executive Director	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> <li>Economics</li> <li>Finance</li> <li>Accountancy</li> <li>Law</li> <li>Human Resources</li> </ul>	3	1	3	2

<sup>5</sup> GRI 102-24, 405-1

Name of Director(s)	Category	Special Knowledge / Skills / Competencies / Expertise
Ms. Farida Khambata	Independent Non- Executive Director	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> <li>Economics</li> <li>Finance</li> <li>Risk Management</li> </ul>
Mr. Uday Shankar	Independent Non- Executive Director	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> <li>Economics</li> <li>Digital / Media</li> <li>Information Technology</li> <li>Human Resources</li> </ul>
Dr. Ashok Gulati	Independent Non- Executive Director	<ul> <li>Agriculture and Rural Eco</li> <li>Economics</li> <li>Co-operation</li> <li>Banking</li> <li>Insurance</li> <li>Small scale industry</li> </ul>
Ms. Ashu Suyash	Independent Non- Executive Director	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> <li>Finance</li> <li>Accountancy</li> <li>Banking</li> <li>Risk Management</li> </ul>
Mr. C. Jayaram	Non-Executive Director	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> <li>Economics</li> <li>Finance</li> <li>Banking</li> <li>Human Resources</li> </ul>
Mr. Amit Desai	Non-Executive Director	• Law
Mr. Uday Kotak	Managing Director & CEO	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> <li>Economics</li> <li>Finance</li> <li>Banking</li> <li>Insurance</li> <li>Risk Management</li> </ul>
Mr. Dipak Gupta	Joint Managing Director	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> <li>Finance</li> <li>Information Technology</li> <li>Banking</li> <li>Small scale industry</li> <li>Human Resources</li> <li>Payment and Settlement</li> </ul>
Mr. KVS Manian	Whole-time Director	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> <li>Finance</li> <li>Accountancy</li> <li>Information Technology</li> <li>Banking</li> <li>Small scale industry</li> <li>Payment and Settlement</li> </ul>
Mr. Gaurang Shah	Whole-time Director	<ul> <li>Business Management</li> <li>Finance</li> <li>Accountancy</li> <li>Banking</li> <li>Insurance</li> <li>Risk Management</li> <li>Law</li> </ul>

The Committee memberships mentioned above are only for the committees as per Regulation 26 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, viz., Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee

- 2 entities. Further, the Executive Directors of the Bank do not serve as Independent Directors in any company.
- 3. have been taken into consideration. All the Directors have made disclosures regarding their membership on various committees in other companies.
- In compliance with Regulation 24(1) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, Mr. Prakash Apte, an Independent Director on the Board of the Bank, is also on the Board of Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited, an unlisted material Indian subsidiary of the Bank, as an Independent Director.

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			Bank Reports ar	nd Statements		
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	Indian Public Companies	Other Indian Companies	Chairperson	Member		
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Change

None of the Directors on the Board hold directorships in more than ten public companies and serve as Directors or as Independent Directors in more than seven listed

None of the Directors on the Board of the Bank are members of more than ten committees and Chairpersons of more than five committees across all public companies in which he/she is a Director. For the purpose of the determining the limit, membership and chairpersonship of Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee

# **BOARD MEETINGS**

# Scheduling and selection of agenda items for Board meetings

The Board meetings are convened by giving appropriate notice after obtaining the approval of the Chairman and the Managing Director & CEO. The Board meets once a guarter to review the financial results and meets once a year for approval of annual budgets, strategy and as required, for such other matters as required under the applicable laws and for business exigencies. The Board also reviews business strategy, financial reports and their integrity, risk, compliance, customer protection, financial inclusion and human resources i.e. the 'Seven Critical Themes' as prescribed by RBI vide its Circular No. DBR No.BC.93/29.67.001/2014-15 dated 14th May, 2015. As required and when necessary, additional meetings are held. Dates of the Board meetings are decided in advance.

The agenda of the Board meetings is prepared by the Company Secretary. The Agenda notes are prepared in consultation with the concerned officials of the respective divisions / departments and are approved by the Managing Director & CEO and/or Joint Managing Director.

Every Director is free to suggest the inclusion of matters for meetings of the Board. All divisions/departments in the Bank are encouraged to plan their functions well in advance, particularly with regard to matters requiring discussion / approval / decision at the Board / Committee meetings. All such matters are communicated to the Company Secretary in advance so that the same could be included in the Agenda for the Board meetings.

The Agenda and Agenda notes are circulated to the Board by the Company Secretary, in advance.

Additional items on the agenda are permitted with the permission of the Chairperson and with the consent of the Chairperson and the consent of the majority of the Directors present at the meeting.

The Directors are presented with important information on operations of the Bank as well as that which requires deliberation at the highest level. Information is provided on various critical items such as annual operating plans and budgets, capital budgets, quarterly results, minutes of meetings of the Committees of the Board, details of joint ventures and non-compliance, if any, with regulatory or statutory guidelines or with the listing requirements, etc. The Directors are also kept updated on the changes in the economy and regulatory policies as also media releases by the Bank.

There were no other pecuniary relationships or transactions of the Non-Executive Directors vis-à-vis the Bank (except banking transactions in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis) during financial year 2021-22.

To address specific urgent needs, meetings are also convened at shorter notice. In case of business exigencies or urgency of matters, resolutions are also passed by the Board through circulation. Conference calls are arranged to enable the Directors to discuss, in detail, the items to be approved by circulation and seek clarification as may be required and/or discussed with individual directors, when requested. The Agenda papers for meetings of the Board are uploaded on a secured web-based portal and can be easily accessed on a tablet device or laptop or computer.

The Bank also provides an option to its Directors to attend the Board / Committee meetings through Audio-Video conferencing facility to enable the Directors to participate in the proceedings of the meeting electronically, in accordance with the various circulars issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs.

The draft minutes of the meetings of the Board are circulated to the Directors, for their comments and confirmation. The minutes of all the meetings of the Committees of the Board of Directors of the Bank and the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors of the subsidiary companies of the Bank are also placed before the Board. The minutes of the meetings of the non-Board Committees are placed at meetings of such Board Committees / Board, as agreed upon by the Board.

The quarterly, half-yearly and the annual financial results for the consolidated entity and for the Bank, are first placed before the Audit Committee of the Bank for its review and recommendation and, thereafter, are placed before the Board of Directors, for their approval.

Based on the confirmations received from the Heads of Department / Group Presidents, a Compliance Certificate, signed by the Managing Director & CEO confirming compliance with respect to various laws, rules and regulations, as applicable to the Bank, is placed before the Board, every quarter.

The Bank has put in place a post meeting follow-up, review and reporting process for the action taken on decisions of the Board and its various Board Committees. The Company Secretary submits follow-up Action Taken Report to the Board and its Committees at each meeting on the compliance of the decisions / instructions of the Board.

During the year under review, thirteen meetings of the Board of Directors were held on 3rd May, 2021, 29th May, 2021, 24th June, 2021, 29th June, 2021, 26th July, 2021, 10th August, 2021, 30th August, 2021, 14th September, 2021, 18th October, 2021, 26th October, 2021, 10th/11th December, 2021, 28th January, 2022 and 18th/19th March, 2022, at which the requisite quorum was present throughout the meeting. All recommendations made by the Committees of the Board were duly accepted by the Board.

# **Meetings and Attendance**

The details of attendance of the Directors at Board meetings held during the year commencing 1st April, 2021 and ending 31st March, 2022 and at the last Annual General Meeting ("AGM") are, as under

Name of the Director(s)	Number of Board meetings held during FY 2021 – 22	Number of Board meetings attended during FY 2021 – 22	Whether attended last AGM held on 25 <sup>th</sup> August, 2021
Mr. Prakash Apte	13	13	Yes
Mr. Uday Khanna	13	13	Yes
Ms. Farida Khambata	13	11	Yes
Mr. Uday Shankar	13	10	Yes
Dr. Ashok Gulati	13	13	Yes
Ms. Ashu Suyash (with effect from 24 <sup>th</sup> January, 2022)	2	2	Not Applicable
Mr. C. Jayaram	13	12	Yes

# Name of the Director(s)

	è
/r. Amit Desai (with effect from 18 <sup>th</sup> March, 2022)	
Лr. Uday Kotak	
Лr. Dipak Gupta	
/r. KVS Manian	
/r. Gaurang Shah	

Note

In view of the prevailing Covid-19 pandemic and relaxations given by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide various circulars, most of the Board meetings were held through Video Conferencing. Further, pursuant to General Circular No. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020, General Circular No. 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020, General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020 and General Circular No. 02/2021 dated 13th January, 2021 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the AGM of the Bank was held through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means

#### Separate meeting of Independent Directors

During the year under review, one meeting of the Independent Directors of the Bank was held on 17th March, 2022. Thereafter, at the meeting of the Independent Directors held on 24<sup>th</sup> June, 2022, the Independent Directors evaluated the performance of the Non-Independent Directors, the Board as a Whole, Chairman of the Board, after taking into account the views of the Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors. The Independent Directors also reviewed the outcome of the Board Evaluation Process

The said meetings were held without the presence of Non-Independent Directors and members of Management. All the Independent Directors of the Bank attended both the meetings.

### **Directors' Remuneration<sup>6</sup>**

The Directors' Remuneration is determined in accordance with the provisions of the BR Act, the Act, various guidelines and circulars issued by the RBI from time to time and the provisions of the Compensation Policy for the Employees (including Executive Directors) and Non-Executive Directors (other than Part-time Chairman) of the Bank. The respective Compensation Policies are available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/governance/policies.html

The remuneration paid to the Executive Directors is recommended to the Board by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, based on the evaluation of individual Director's performance and the overall Bank's performance. The Board, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, considers and decides the annual remuneration of Executive Directors, within the overall limit approved by the members of the Bank. The payment of remuneration to Executive Directors is also subject to the relevant approvals of the RBI annually.

A) The details of remuneration to the Executive Directors of the Bank during the year ended 31st March, 2022 are, as under:

				(₹ '000)
Particulars	Mr. Uday Kotak	Mr. Dipak Gupta	Mr. KVS Manian	Mr. Gaurang Shah
Basic	-	18,770.00	15,820.20	15,820.20
Allowances	-	3,371.96	2,985.55	2,985.55
Provident Fund	-	2,252.40	1,898.42	1,898.42
Superannuation	-	100.00	100.00	100.00
SARs Payout	-	-	10,026.24	10,026.24
Annual Incentive	-	7,500.00	7,000.00	6,980.00
Long Term Deferred Cash	-	1,800.00	1,534.00	1,594.00
Others	-	120.00	100.00	120.00
Number of Stock options granted during the year	N.A.	25,610	21,520	21,350

Notes.

- 1. The amount shown above excludes Gratuity payable and value of car perquisites under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- 2.
- 3 the approval of RBI
- 4
- 5 period of three months from the date of notice.
- available on the Bank's website viz., https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/governance/policies.html

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Number of Board meetings held during FY 2021 – 22	Number of Board meetings attended during FY 2021 – 22	Whether attended last AGM held on 25 <sup>th</sup> August, 2021		
1	1	Not Applicable		
13	13	Yes		
13	13	Yes		
13	13	Yes		
 13	11	Yes		

In view of the COVID-19 pandemic, Mr. Uday Kotak had opted to forego his fixed salary and accepted a token salary of Re. 1 for the financial year 2021-22.

The Annual Incentives represent an amount of Cash Bonus and Short Term Deferred Cash for financial year 2020-21, paid during the financial year 2021-22, as per

Long Term Deferred Cash represents Long Term Deferred Cash for financial year 2019-20, paid during the financial year 2021-22, as per the approval of RBI. The terms of employment of Whole-time Directors provide for termination by mutual consent or by giving three month notice in writing. In the event of termination of employment, the liability of the Bank shall be limited to providing only the salary, retiral benefits and perquisites as prescribed by the terms of employment for a

Malus & Clawback provisions apply to the variable pay of Executive Directors, as given in the Compensation Policy of the Bank. The relevant Compensation Policy is

#### During the year under review, the following Executive Directors were granted ESOPs, under the Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2015. Details B) of the same are, as under:

Name of the Director(s)	Date of Grant	No. of options granted	Exercise Price (in ₹)	Vesting %	Vesting Date	Exercise Period
Series 30/2015 of K	otak Mahindra Equi	ty Option Schem	e 2015			
Mr. Dipak Gupta	30 <sup>th</sup> May, 2021	25,610	1,801 per share	25%	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2022	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2022 to 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2022
				25%	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2023	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2023 to 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2023
				25%	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2024	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2024 to 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2024
				25%	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2025	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2025 to 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2025
Mr. KVS Manian	30 <sup>th</sup> May, 2021	21,520	1,801 per share	25%	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2022	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2022 to 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2022
				25%	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2023	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2023 to 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2023
				25%	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2024	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2024 to 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2024
				25%	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2025	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2025 to 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2025
Mr. Gaurang Shah	30 <sup>th</sup> May, 2021	21,350	1,801 per share	25%	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2022	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2022 to 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2022
				25%	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2023	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2023 to 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2023
				25%	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2024	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2024 to 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2024
				25%	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2025	30 <sup>th</sup> June, 2025 to 31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2025

C) The RBI has approved the revision in remuneration to Mr. Dipak Gupta, Mr. KVS Manian and Mr. Gaurang Shah. As per the approval of RBI, the remuneration of Mr. Dipak Gupta, Mr. KVS Manian and Mr. Gaurang Shah for financial year 2021-22 was, as below:

			(₹ in '000)
Name of the Director(s)	Fixed Pay (incl. Perks)	Variable Pay	Total Pay (Fixed + Variable)
Mr. Dipak Gupta	34,200.00	54,800.00	89,000.00
Mr. KVS Manian	30,100.00	48,500.00	78,600.00
Mr. Gaurang Shah	30,000.00	48,300.00	78,300.00

Mr. Prakash Apte, Non-Executive Independent Director and Part-time Chairman of the Bank was paid remuneration of ₹ 3,000,000 for the financial D) year ended 31st March, 2022 (₹ 2,500,000 for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021), in accordance with the approval received from RBI.

E) The Bank paid sitting fees to the Independent Directors and the Non-Executive Directors for attending meetings of the Board and Committees (including non-Board Committees). Pursuant to RBI guidelines dated 1st June, 2015 on Compensation to Non-Executive Directors of Private Sector Banks, the Independent Directors (other than the Part-time Chairman) and the Non-Executive Directors were entitled to annual Commission upto financial year 2020-21.

Pursuant to RBI's circular dated 26th April, 2021 on Corporate Governance in Banks - Appointment of Directors and Constitution of Committees of the Board and the relevant resolution passed by the members at the Thirty-Sixth Annual General Meeting, Non-Executive Directors, including the Independent Directors (other than the Part-time Chairman), are entitled to receive compensation by way of fixed remuneration for financial year 2021-22 as per the limits prescribed in the aforesaid RBI circular and the Act and as approved by the members.

The details of Sitting fees, Commission / Fixed Remuneration of Non-Executive Directors are, as under: F)

Name of the Director(s)	Sitting fees	Commission	Fixed Remuneration for
	(for financial year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022)	(for financial year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021)	financial year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022
Mr. Prakash Apte	2,580.00	Not Applicable	Refer D) above
Mr. Uday Khanna	2,380.00	1,000.00	2,000.00
Ms. Farida Khambata	1,460.00	1,000.00	2,000.00
Mr. Uday Shankar	1,520.00	1,000.00	2,000.00
Dr. Ashok Gulati (w.e.f. 6 <sup>th</sup> March, 2021)	2,180.00	250.00	2,000.00
Ms. Ashu Suyash (w.e.f. 24 <sup>th</sup> January, 2022)	400.00	Not Applicable	500.00
Mr. C. Jayaram	3,000.00	1,000.00	2,000.00
Mr. Amit Desai (w.e.f. 18 <sup>th</sup> March, 2022)	100.00	Not Applicable	500.00

Notes.

As per the Compensation Policy, Commission / Fixed Remuneration is computed on a pro-rata basis if a Non-Executive Director holds directorship for a part of the 1. financial year, based on the number of quarters for which such Director was on the Board (with a part of quarter considered as a full quarter)

The Bank paid Commission for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021, as approved by the Board at its meeting held on 29th May, 2021, during the financial year 2. ended 31st March, 2022. The Fixed Remuneration for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, as approved by the Board at its meeting held on 4th May, 2022, will be paid during the financial year ending 31st March, 2023.

The relevant disclosure with regard to criteria for making payments to Non-Executive Directors is given in the Directors' Report. З.

# Composition, Role and Meeting details of Board Committees<sup>8</sup>

The Board has constituted several Board and Non-Board Committees to deal with specific matters and has delegated powers for different functional areas, as required under the Act, the SEBI Listing Regulations and the various applicable regulations, guidelines, notifications, directions, circulars, etc. issued from time to time by the RBI. These Committees monitor the activities falling within their specific terms of reference and support the Board in discharging its functions.

The details of Board Committees are, as under

# Audit Committee<sup>9</sup>

As per RBI circular on Corporate Governance in Banks - Appointment of Directors and Constitution of Committees of the Board dated 26th April, 2021, the Chairperson of the Board could not be a member of the Audit Committee of the Board. Accordingly, during the year under review, the Audit Committee was re-constituted, with effect from 10th August, 2021 with the cessation of Mr. Prakash Apte as a member of the Committee. Also, during the year under review, Ms. Ashu Suyash was inducted as a member of the Committee, with effect from 25<sup>th</sup> January, 2022. The Audit Committee of the Bank presently comprises four members, viz., Mr. Uday Khanna (Chairman), Dr. Ashok Gulati, Ms. Ashu Suyash and Mr. C. Jayaram with the presence of three members, including at least two-thirds of the members attending the meeting being Independent Directors, forming the guorum. The composition of this Committee is in line with the provisions of the Act, SEBI Listing Regulations and RBI guidelines / circulars, issued from time to time.

All the members of the Committee are Non-Executive Directors and more than two-thirds of the members are Independent Directors of the Bank. All the members of the Audit Committee are financially literate in terms of Regulation 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and have the ability to read and understand financial statements. Mr. Uday Khanna and Ms. Ashu Suyash also possess the requisite accounting and financial management expertise.

The constitution and composition of the Audit Committee is in accordance with the provisions of Section 177 of the Act read with relevant rules made thereunder, Regulation 18 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the criteria specified by the RBI vide its various applicable regulations, guidelines, notifications, directions, circulars, etc. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Audit Committee. Mr. Uday Khanna, Chairman of the Audit Committee, was present at the last Annual General Meeting ("AGM") to answer the queries of the members.

The Bank has adopted a charter of the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors which includes the purpose, composition, roles, responsibilities and duties and powers of the Audit Committee. The said Charter also includes the purpose and composition of First Tier Audit Committee ("FTAC").

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee, as amended and forming part of its comprehensive Charter document are, as follows:

- Bank for its approval. The frequency of review shall be at least once every three years.
- completion of audit.
- to ensure that the financial statements are true, fair, sufficient and credible.
- particular reference to:
  - 0 Sub-section 3 of Section 134 of the Act.
- Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same. 0
- 0 reported amounts in financial statements.
- Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings. 0
- 0 financial statements
- Disclosure of any related party transactions. 0
- 0 Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report
- Going Concern assumption. 0
- Management Discussion and Analysis of financial condition and results of operations. 0
- 0
- To review with the Management, the quarterly financial statements / results before submission to the Board for approval
- the Board to take up steps in this matter wherever necessary.

(**₹** in (000)

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To review and update the Charter, considering regulatory requirements, business environment, etc. and place it before the Board of Directors of the

To provide directions and oversee the operation of the audit function in the Bank and issue, whenever necessary, suitable directions and timely

To have an oversight of the Bank's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure the fair presentation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, applicable regulatory requirements and provisions of the Act and

To review with the Management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with

Matters required to be included in the Directors' Responsibility Statement to be included in the Directors' Report in terms of Clause (c) of

Compliance with accounting standards, selection of accounting policies, significant judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect

Compliance with regulatory guidelines, the SEBI Listing Regulations (as amended from time to time) and other legal requirements relating to

Bank's earnings, press releases as well as financial information and earnings guidance, if any, provided to analysts and rating agencies.

To review with Management, the statement of uses / application of funds, wherever necessary, raised through an issue (public issue, right issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilised for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to



**Cokotak** 

- To approve or ratify, as may be permitted by law, transactions of the Bank with related parties (as defined under the applicable laws), and review significant transactions and matters related thereto. Grant of omnibus approval for related party transactions proposed to be entered into by the Bank subject to such conditions as prescribed and as amended from time to time. Members of the Audit Committee who are Independent Directors shall approve the related party transactions.
- To recommend policy on "materiality of related party transactions and on dealing with related party transactions" including clear threshold limits, in accordance with the SEBI Listing Regulations (as amended from time to time).
- To set forth the Policies relating to and overseeing the implementation of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 ("Regulations"), as amended from time to time and the Trading Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading ("Code") and to take on record such reports as may be required from the compliance officer under the Code and to decide penal and disciplinary action in respect of violation of the Regulations / Code and to review compliance with the provisions of the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (as amended from time to time) at least once in a financial year and shall verify that the systems for internal control are adequate and are operating effectively.
- To review valuation of undertakings or assets of the Bank, wherever it is necessary.
- To evaluate the adequacy and operational effectiveness of internal financial control of the Bank and also to evaluate risk management systems of the Bank
- To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of . dividend declared) and creditors.
- To approve appointment of Chief Financial Officer, after assessing the gualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate.
- To review reasons for revenue leakage and approve corrective action plan and monitor them at regular interval. Monitor areas of repeat occurrences, if any and ensure immediate actions are taken to prevent such repeat occurrences of revenue leakage.
- To review the financial statements of unlisted subsidiary company/ies and more particularly the investments made by them.
- To review the key audit observations pertaining to the subsidiaries presented to the respective Audit Committee / Board, as the case may be.
- To review the utilisation of loans and / or advances from / investment by the Bank in the subsidiary exceeding ₹100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments.
- To consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving Merger, Demerger, Amalgamation, etc., on the Bank and its shareholders.
- . To review details presented to the Audit Committee, at prescribed frequency, vide RBI circular dated November 10, 2010 and as updated from time to time.
- To discuss significant issues raised in the Long Form Audit Report and follow-up there on with statutory auditors.
- To scrutinise inter-corporate loans and investments to the extent applicable. .
- To review the complaints made under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.
- To perform any other function, duty as stipulated by the Board of Directors and as mentioned under the Act, the RBI, the Securities & Exchange Board of India, the Stock Exchanges and any other regulatory or statutory authority or under any applicable law, as prescribed from time to time and also to review the findings by regulatory agencies.

# Reporting Responsibilities

To recommend to the Board, the guarterly, half yearly and annual financial statements after reviewing the same.

#### Compliance

- To review the effectiveness of the system for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and the results of the Management's investigation and follow-up (including disciplinary action) of any instances of non-compliance.
- To review the findings of any examinations by regulatory agencies and any auditors' observations. •
- To review the process for communicating the Code of Conduct to the Bank's personnel and for monitoring compliance therewith.
- To obtain regular updates from the Management and the Bank's legal and compliance team regarding compliance matters. •

#### Independent Statutory Auditors

- To recommend to the Board of Directors the appointment, re-appointment, replacement and removal of the statutory auditors for both domestic and overseas operations, considering independence and effectiveness, terms of appointment, the fees and other compensation to be paid to the independent statutory auditors.
- To approve all payments for services rendered by the statutory auditors other than as statutory auditors. .
- To review and monitor auditors' independence, performance and effectiveness of audit process, both for domestic and overseas operations.
- To periodically consult with the statutory auditors in the absence of Management about internal controls and fair presentation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India, applicable regulatory requirements and provisions of the Act.
- To discuss with statutory auditors the nature and scope of the audit.
- To discuss and ascertain from the statutory auditors post the completion of the audit, areas of concern, if any. •

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- To review Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors.
- when it considers the auditor's report but not the right to vote.

#### Internal Audit Department

- other compensation to be paid to them.
- To review with Management, performance of internal auditor and adequacy of the internal control systems.
- heading the department, reporting structure, coverage and frequency of internal audit including information systems audit.
- To discuss with internal auditors any significant findings and follow-up there on.
- To review the internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses
- irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and report the matter to the Board of Directors.
- To approve, review and monitor the risk based internal audit plan each year.
- To review appointment, removal and performance of Head Internal Audit.

#### Whistleblowing/Vigil mechanism

cases

#### Statement of Deviations, if any

- Regulation 32 (1) of SEBI Listing Regulations.
- Regulation 32(7) of SEBI Listing Regulations.

#### Inspections conducted by regulators

to be taken and monitor compliance thereof.

#### **Risk Management**

Board of Directors.

#### Process Improvement

- such Judaments
- to required information.
- preparation of the financial statements.
- internal audit report.
- have been implemented.

# Internal Audit framework

- governance and operations for objective and constructive recommendations for improvement.

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To provide a right to be heard to the independent statutory auditors and the key management personnel in the meetings of the Audit Committee

To approve appointment, re-appointment, replacement and removal of the concurrent auditors and outsourced internal auditors and the fees and

To review the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official

To review the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors / vigilance department into matters where there is suspected fraud or

To review the Bank's mechanism for its Directors and Employees to raise genuine concerns; whether it provides adequate safeguards against victimisation of persons who use such mechanism and provides for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee in appropriate or exceptional

To review Quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to Stock Exchange(s) in terms of

To review Annual Statement of funds utilised for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/notice in terms of

To read the audit inspection reports of the inspection team of Reserve Bank of India or any other regulator, approve action plans for corrective actions

To review the implementation and effectiveness of the financial and risk management policies and process and highlight any gaps observed to the

To establish a process of reporting by the Management or independent statutory auditor or internal auditors, as the case may be, to the Audit Committee with regard to any significant judgment made in preparation of the financial statements along with their views on appropriateness of

To review separately with each of Management, following completion of the annual audit and internal audit plan, the statutory auditors and the internal auditing department any significant difficulties encountered during the course of the audit, including any restrictions on the scope of work or access

To review any significant disagreement among Management and the independent statutory auditors including auditors in connection with the

To review any significant disagreement among Management and the internal audit department in connection with the observations made in the

To review with Management the extent to which changes or improvements in financial or accounting practices, as approved by the Audit Committee,

To perform any other activities consistent with this Charter and governing law, as the Audit Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate.

Internal Audit Department ("IAD") in the Bank is an independent function reporting into the Audit Committee of the Bank. The Head of Internal Audit functionally reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee to ensure independence of operations. It is governed by the Internal Audit Policy approved by the Board of Directors of the Bank. The said Policy defines the independence, reporting, authority, accountability and functional responsibility.

IAD has full access to the organisation's records, personnel and activities to review, assess the effectiveness of risk management, controls,



IAD comprises 190 members located at five locations across India, majority of whom are Chartered Accountants, Certified Internal Auditors, Certified iii Information System Auditors and experienced Bankers. Internal Audit team members regularly attend audit related workshops, conferences and training on specialised topics within the banking industry. The team members are encouraged and supported for acquiring additional skillsets / certifications of topical relevance.

Besides the members of the Committee, meetings of the Audit Committee are generally attended by invitees who are representatives of the Management, viz., the Managing Director & CEO, the Joint Managing Director, the Group President & Group Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and the Head-Internal Audit. The Statutory Auditors also attend the meetings of the Audit Committee.

The members of the Audit Committee meet the Statutory Auditors independently at least once a year.

During the year, twelve meetings of the Committee were held on 3rd May, 2021, 28th May, 2021, 24th June, 2021, 28th June, 2021, 26th July, 2021, 28th July, 2021, 27th August, 2021, 26th October, 2021, 29th November, 2021, 7th January, 2022, 28th January, 2022 and 29th March, 2022. The Board has accepted all the recommendations made by the Audit Committee during the financial year.

The Bank has FTAC as per the guidelines issued by the RBI. The FTAC presently comprises four members viz., Mr. Dipak Gupta (Chairman), Mr. Jaimin Bhatt - Group Chief Financial Officer, Mr. T.V. Sudhakar, President and Head Compliance and Mr. Devang Gheewalla, President and Chief of Operations. Where the internal audit report pertains to specific businesses, the specific business head also attends the meeting. The FTAC screens the matters entrusted to the Audit Committee and also the routine matters such as overseeing the program of inspections and compliance of inspection reports so as not to burden the Audit Committee with matters of detail. During the year, 23 meetings of the FTAC were held.

# Nomination and Remuneration Committee

During the year under review, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") was re-constituted, with effect from 10<sup>th</sup> August, 2021 with the induction of Mr. Uday Shankar as a member. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Bank presently comprises four members, viz., Ms. Farida Khambata (Chairperson), Mr. Prakash Apte, Mr. C. Jayaram and Mr. Uday Shankar, with presence of three members, including half of the members attending the meeting being Independent Directors and one member of Risk Management Committee, forming the quorum.

The constitution and composition of the NRC is in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Act read with relevant rules made thereunder, Regulation 19 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the criteria specified by the RBI vide its various applicable regulations, guidelines, notifications, directions, circulars, etc. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the NRC. Ms. Farida Khambata was present at the last AGM to answer the queries of the members

The terms of reference of the NRC, as amended and forming part of its comprehensive Charter document are, as follows<sup>10</sup>:

- To identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in Senior Management in accordance with the criteria laid down, recommend to the Board their appointment and removal and specify the manner for effective Evaluation of Performance of Board, its Committees and Individual Directors to be carried out either by the Board, by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and review its implementation and compliance.
- To formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director and recommend to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration for the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other Employees.
- For every appointment of an Independent Director, to evaluate the balance of skills, knowledge and experience on the Board and on the basis of such evaluation, prepare a description of the role and capabilities required of an Independent Director. The person recommended to the Board for appointment as an Independent Director shall have the capabilities identified in such description. For the purpose of identifying suitable candidates, the Committee may:
  - use the services of external agencies, if required; 0
  - consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds, having due regard to diversity; and 0
  - consider the time commitments of the candidates. 0
- To formulate criteria for Evaluation of Performance of Independent Directors and the Board of Directors.
- To determine whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the Independent Director, on the basis of the report of Performance Evaluation of Independent Directors.
- While formulating the Policy, to ensure that:
  - the Level and Composition of Remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate Directors of the quality required to run 0 the Bank successfully:
  - 0 relationship of Remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
  - Remuneration to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Material Risk Takers involves a balance between Fixed and Incentive Pay reflecting 0 short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Bank and its goals.
- To recommend to the Board, Remuneration (in whatever form payable) to Senior Management.
- To review the current board composition and determine future requirements and making recommendations to the Board for approval.
- To devise a Policy on Board Diversity.
- To satisfy itself that plans are in place for orderly succession for appointment to the Board of Directors and Senior Management. .

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- To recommend to the Board, the appointment and changes in the following positions:
  - Chief Financial Officer; 0
  - Company Secretary; 0
  - Compliance Officer; 0
  - Chief Risk Officer: and 0
- To review adequacy and appropriateness of Human Resource Strategy of the Bank.
- To review:
  - 0
  - the Terms of Reference of the Board Level Committees and recommend the changes therein, if any, to the Board.
- other regulatory authorities.

During the year, six meetings of the Committee were held on 30<sup>th</sup> May, 2021, 9<sup>th</sup> September, 2021, 10<sup>th</sup> December, 2021, 20<sup>th</sup> December, 2021, 15th March, 2022 and 17th March, 2022.

The details of the performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors of the Bank have been mentioned in the Directors' Report. Further, the Bank has Board approved Compensation Policies in place, one for Whole-time Directors and CEO and one for the Non-Executive Directors (other than Part-time Chairman), the details of which have been mentioned in the Directors' Report.

#### Stakeholders Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Bank presently comprises four members, viz., Ms. Farida Khambata (Chairperson), Mr. C. Jayaram, Mr. Uday Kotak and Mr. Dipak Gupta, with the presence of three members including at least one Independent Director, forming the guorum.

The constitution and composition of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee is in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Act read with relevant rules made thereunder, Regulation 20 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the criteria specified by the RBI vide its various applicable regulations, guidelines, notifications, directions, circulars, etc. The Company Secretary functions as the Compliance Officer under the SEBI Listing Regulations and acts as the Secretary of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee. Ms. Farida Khambata, Chairperson of the Committee, was present at the last AGM to answer the queries of the members.

The terms of reference of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee, as amended and forming part of its comprehensive Charter document are, as follows<sup>11</sup>:

- report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings, etc.
- services
- To review measures for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- statutory notices by the shareholders of the Bank.
- Carry out such other functions as may delegated by the Board from time to time.

During the year, two meetings of the Committee were held on 17<sup>th</sup> September, 2021 and 15<sup>th</sup> February, 2022.

During the year under review, 49 investor complaints were received and 2 complaints were pending as on 31st March, 2022. Both the pending investor complaints were resolved as on 19th April, 2022 to the satisfaction of the members. No penalties or strictures were imposed on the Bank by any of the Stock Exchanges, Securities and Exchange Board of India or any other statutory authority on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.

## **Risk Management Committee**

As per RBI circular on Corporate Governance in Banks - Appointment of Directors and Constitution of Committees of the Board dated 26th April, 2021, the Chairman of the Risk Management Committee could not be the Chairman of the Board or any other Board Committee. Further, the Risk Management Committee was required to have a majority of Non-Executive Directors. Accordingly, the Risk Management Committee was re-constituted with effect from 10<sup>th</sup> August, 2021 with Mr. Dipak Gupta and Mr. Gaurang Shah ceasing to be its members and induction of Dr. Ashok Gulati as its member and Chairman. Ms. Ashu Suyash was also appointed as a member of the Risk Management Committee, with effect from 18th March, 2022. The Risk Management Committee presently comprises Dr. Ashok Gulati (Chairman), Mr. Uday Kotak, Mr. Prakash Apte and Ms. Ashu Suyash, with three members present, including of at least half members attending the meeting being Independent Directors, of which, one member having professional expertise/qualification in risk management, forming the guorum.

The constitution and composition of the Risk Management Committee is in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 21 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the criteria specified by the RBI vide its various applicable regulations, guidelines, notifications, directions, circulars, etc. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of the Risk Management Committee.

Change

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o such other official, whose appointment shall have to be recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee under applicable laws

the composition of the existing committees of the Board and to examine annually whether there is any need to have a special committee of Directors to meet the business requirements of the Bank and, accordingly, recommend to the Board the formation of a special committee.

To validate 'Fit and Proper' status of all Directors on the Board of the Bank in terms of the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") or

To resolve the grievances of the security holders of the Bank including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual

To oversee and review the performance of registrar and share transfer agents and recommend measures for improvement in the quality of investors

To review adherence to the service standards adopted by the Bank in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Transfer Agent.

To review measures and initiatives taken for reducing quantum of unclaimed dividend and ensuring timely receipt of dividend / annual report /



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The terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee, as amended and forming part of its comprehensive Charter document are, as follows:<sup>12</sup>

- To identify, monitor and measure the risk profile of the Bank.
- To develop policies and procedures pertaining to credit, market, liquidity, operational and reputation risks.
- To monitor and review the Risk Management Plan.
- To seek, if required, information from any employee, obtain outside legal or other professional advice and secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.
- To review the cyber security framework of the Bank.
- To oversee formulation of a detailed Risk Management Policy which shall include:
  - 0 A framework for identification of internal and external risks specifically faced by the Bank, in particular including financial, operational, sectoral, sustainability (particularly ESG related risks), information, cyber security risks or any other risk as may be determined by the Committee.
  - Measures for risk mitigation including systems and processes for internal control of identified risks. 0
  - Business Continuity Plan. 0
  - Overseeing the methodology, processes and systems that are in place to monitor and evaluate risks associated with the business of the Bank. 0
- To monitor and oversee implementation of the risk management policy, including evaluating the adeguacy of risk management systems.
- To periodically review the Risk Management Policy, at least once in two years, including by considering the changing industry dynamics and evolving complexity.
- To keep the Board of Directors informed about the nature and content of its discussions, recommendations and actions to be taken.
- The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Risk Officer (if any) shall be subject to review by the Risk Management Committee.
- To review and approve risk appetite statements for the Bank.
- To review performance against approved risk appetite.
- To oversee establishment of the overall risk management framework for credit, market, liquidity, operational and information risks (including technology and cyber risks).
- To review assessment of various risks on a periodic basis and overall Bank risk profile; identify emerging risks and ensure that exposures are in line with the risk appetites and approved limits.
- To review the Bank's credit concentration.
- To review exposure to industries and outlook.
- To review and comment on stress testing scenarios, methodologies and results if any, placed before the Committee.
- To monitor compliance of various risk parameters by operating departments.
- To review the adequacy of capital, under the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) and approve the outcomes for placing to the Board.
- To have an oversight over the Asset Liability Committee (ALCO), Credit Risk Management Committee (CRMC) and Operational Risk Executive Committee (OBEC)
- To coordinate activities with other Committees, in instances where there is any overlap with activities of such Committees, as per the framework laid down by the Board of Directors.

During the year, four meetings of the Committee were held on 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2021, 29<sup>th</sup> September, 2021, 24<sup>th</sup> December, 2021 and 28<sup>th</sup> March, 2022.

#### **Group Risk Management Committee**

The Group Risk Management Committee presently comprises five members viz., Mr. Prakash Apte (Chairman), Mr. Uday Khanna, Mr. Uday Kotak, Mr. Dipak Gupta and Mr. Gaurang Shah with presence of three members, including one Independent Director, forming the quorum.

The terms of reference of the Group Risk Management Committee, as forming part of its comprehensive Charter document are, as follows:

- . Issues relating to the Group from risk perspective.
- To oversee / monitor Group risk appetite.
- To analyse the material risks to which the Group, its businesses and subsidiaries would be exposed. It would discuss all risk strategies, both at an aggregated level and by type of risk and make recommendations to the Board in accordance with the Group's overall risk appetite.
- To identify potential intra-group conflicts of interest.
- To assess whether there were effective systems in place to facilitate exchange of information for effective risk oversight of the Group. .
- To carry out periodic independent formal review of the Group structure and internal controls.
- To articulate the leverage of the Group and monitor the same.

During the year, two meetings of the Committee were held on 29th September, 2021 and 30th March, 2022.

<sup>12</sup> GRI 102-29, 102-30, 102-31

# Corporate Social Responsibility and Environmental, Social and Governance Committee<sup>13</sup>

In order to enhance the terms of reference of the Committee with respect to Corporate Social Responsibility activities to bring it in line with the amendments of the Act and to amend the terms of reference of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee to include 'Oversee development of the Group's Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") framework, initiatives taken on the same and reporting and disclosure of the group's ESG activities and achievements, the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee was re-named as the 'Corporate Social Responsibility and Environmental, Social and Governance Committee ("CSR & ESG Committee"). The CSR & ESG Committee comprises three members, viz., Mr. Prakash Apte (Chairman), Mr. C. Jayaram and Mr. Dipak Gupta, with all the three members forming the guorum.

The constitution and composition of the CSR & ESG Committee is in accordance with the provisions of Section 135 of the Act read with relevant rules made thereunder. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of the CSR & ESG Committee.

The terms of reference of the CSR & ESG Committee, as amended and adopted as part of its comprehensive Charter document are, as follows:

- To review and recommend the following to the Board for its approval:
  - 0 laws and rules");
  - Bank's prescribed CSR expenditure requirement for the financial year, as per applicable CSR laws and rules; 0
  - Bank's CSR Projects, Budget and Expenditure for the financial year, as per applicable CSR laws and rules; 0
  - 0 laws and rules. The components of the Bank's CSR annual action plan are, as follows:
    - as per applicable CSR laws and rules;
    - the CSR Project Scope and Design: •
    - the CSR Project implementation plan;
    - the CSR Project expenditure payment schedule and / or plan, as applicable;
    - . monitoring and reporting mechanism of each CSR Project; and
    - Impact assessment of the Bank's CSR projects, if and where required, as applicable under CSR laws and rules.
  - 0 necessitated at any point of time and with reasonable justification to that effect.
- To review and note and update the following to the Board, for its noting:
- 0 Bank or implemented with partner organisations) as per the design and scope approved by the Board;
- 0 Expenditure / payments;
- The CSR Administrative Overheads Expenditure as per applicable CSR laws and rules; 0
- website, annual report and such other documents and communication platforms stipulated in applicable CSR laws and rules;
- Periodical update on the fund utilisation and progress of Bank's CSR Projects; and 0
- CSR Process Manual. 0
- To assist the Board in development of the Group's ESG goals and objectives.
- To oversee compliance with ESG regulations applicable to the Bank.
- To monitor progress on the Group's ESG framework implementation from time to time.
- To oversee reporting and disclosure of the Group's ESG performance in accordance with appropriate regulations and standards.
- to time

During the year, four meetings of the Committee were held on 25<sup>th</sup> June, 2021, 19<sup>th</sup> October, 2021, 1<sup>st</sup> December, 2021 and 18<sup>th</sup> February, 2022. The details of the CSR activities of the Bank have been included in the Annexure to the Directors' Report

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Bank's CSR Policy which defines the activities to be undertaken by the Bank and that the policy conforms to the CSR mandate as specified under Sections 134 and 135 of the Act read with Schedule VII to the Act and the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time and in line with the Government of India's notifications issued from time to time ("applicable CSR

Bank's CSR annual action plan for implementing the Board approved CSR Projects, Budget and Expenditure, payments as per applicable CSR

the list of CSR projects or CSR programmes or CSR activities ("CSR Projects") that are approved to be undertaken in areas or subjects

Amendment of the Bank's CSR annual action plan, budget, design and scope of CSR Projects including the budget and expenditure, if

Periodical review / progress of CSR projects, including ensuring adherence to the CSR Projects (both - the ones implemented directly by the

Certification by the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) or the person responsible for financial management regarding the utilisation of the CSR

Disclosures of the Bank's CSR Projects, Expenditure and all such information as per applicable CSR laws and rules as available on the Bank's

To oversee the development and implementation of a framework for achievement of the Group's ESG goals and objectives.

To periodically review / approve donations by the Bank to not for profit organisations, as per authorisation matrix approved by the Board from time

# Special Committee of the Board for Monitoring and Follow-up of Frauds

The Special Committee of the Board for Monitoring and Follow-up of Frauds has been constituted for effective detection of frauds and immediate reporting of the frauds and actions taken against the perpetrators of frauds to the concerned regulatory and enforcement agencies, recovery position, ensure that staff accountability is examined at all levels and timely disciplinary actions are taken and review the efficacy of the remedial actions taken to prevent recurrence of frauds. Pursuant to the directives of the RBI, the Committee exclusively monitors and reviews all the frauds involving amounts of ₹ 1 crore and above.

The Committee presently comprises five members, viz., Mr. Uday Kotak (Chairman), Mr. Dipak Gupta, Mr. Prakash Apte, Mr. Uday Khanna and Mr. C. Jayaram, with three members present, including one Independent Director and the MD&CEO being the Chairman, forming the guorum.

The constitution and composition of the Special Committee of the Board for Monitoring and Follow-up of Frauds is in accordance with the criteria specified by the RBI vide its various applicable regulations, guidelines, notifications, directions, circulars, etc.

The terms of reference of the Special Committee of the Board for Monitoring and Follow-up of Frauds, as amended and forming part of its comprehensive Charter document are. as follows:

It's terms of reference include:

- To monitor and review all frauds, involving an amount of ₹ 10 million (i.e., ₹ 1 crore) and above. •
- To identify the systemic lacunae, if any, that facilitated perpetration of the fraud and put in place measures to plug the same.
- To identify the reasons for delay in detection, if any, reporting to Top Management of the Bank and RBI/Serious Fraud Investigation Officer ("SFIO"), etc.
- . To monitor recovery position.
- To ensure that staff accountability is examined at all levels and disciplinary actions, if required, are taken timely.
- To review the efficacy of the remedial action taken to prevent recurrence of frauds such as strengthening of internal control environment. .
- To monitor and review red flag accounts as and when they are classified as per the guidelines prescribed by the RBI which shall include the synopsis of the remedial action taken together with their current status
- To review electronic banking frauds and monitor the progress of mitigating steps taken by the Bank in case of electronic frauds and the efficacy of the same in containing fraud numbers and values.

During the year, four meetings of the Committee were held on 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2021, 31<sup>st</sup> August, 2021, 15<sup>th</sup> December, 2021 and 9<sup>th</sup> February, 2022.

### Customer Service Committee<sup>14</sup>

The Bank has constituted a Customer Service Committee comprising four members, viz., Mr. Uday Shankar (Chairman), Mr. Uday Kotak, Mr. Dipak Gupta and Mr. KVS Manian, with presence of three members including one Independent Director, forming the quorum.

The constitution and composition of the Customer Service Committee is in accordance with the criteria specified by the RBI vide its various applicable regulations, guidelines, notifications, directions, circulars, etc.

The Committee has been constituted to bring about ongoing improvements in the quality of customer services provided by the Bank. The Committee would also oversee the functioning of the Customer Service Standing Committee, compliance with the recommendations of the Customer Service Standing Committee on Procedures and Performance Audit and Public Services and also mount innovative measures for enhancing the quality of customer service and improving the level of customer satisfaction for all categories of cliental, at all times.

The terms of reference of the Customer Service Committee of the Board, as amended and forming part of its comprehensive Charter document are, as follows:

- To bring about ongoing improvements in the quality of customer services provided by the Bank. .
- To oversee the functioning of the Customer Service Standing Committee, compliance with the recommendations of the Committee on procedures and performance audit and public services and also mount innovative measures for enhancing the quality of customer service and improving the level of customer satisfaction for all categories of cliental, at all times.
- To review and monitor Comprehensive Deposit Policy, setting out the rights of the depositors in general and small depositors in particular and other aspects as laid down in the guidelines of the RBI.
- To review the status of settlement of claims in regard to deceased depositors.
- To review and monitor the product approval processes.
- To review and monitor Banking Ombudsman Awards passed by Banking Ombudsman relating to the Bank.
- To review and monitor the steps and remedial actions taken by the Bank to reduce the customer complaints.
- To review and monitor the service delivery channels. •
- To review and monitor the customer rights policy as mandated by RBI.
- To formulate, review and monitor comprehensive policies for customer satisfaction and conduct annual survey of customer satisfaction. •
- To review the feedback obtained from the periodical audit of customer services.
- To review branding, marketing, digital and customer engagement activities of the Bank

<sup>14</sup> GRI 102-33, 102-34

- third-party products and appropriateness of products to different customer segments.
- To examine any other issues having a bearing on the quality of customer services rendered.

During the year, three meetings of the Committee were held on 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2021, 23<sup>rd</sup> November, 2021 and 24<sup>th</sup> March, 2022.

# Review Committee for Classification and Declaration of Borrowers as Willful Defaulters

The Review Committee for Classification and Declaration of Borrowers as Willful Defaulters was re-constituted on 11th January, 2022, keeping in view the requirements of the circular issued by the RBI on Non-Cooperative Borrowers dated 22<sup>nd</sup> December, 2014, and presently comprises four members, viz., Mr. Uday Kotak (Chairman), Mr. Prakash Apte, Mr. Uday Khanna and Mr. C. Jayaram, with three members present, including one Independent Director and the MD&CEO being the Chairman, forming the quorum. The Committee was constituted to hear the grievance of the borrowers who represent that they have been wrongly classified as willful defaulters.

The constitution and composition of the Review Committee for Classification and Declaration of Borrowers as Wilful Defaulters is in accordance with the criteria specified by the RBI vide its various applicable regulations, guidelines, notifications, directions, circulars, etc.

A comprehensive charter of the Review Committee for Classification and Declaration of Borrowers as Willful Defaulters has been adopted by the Board. The purpose of the Committee is to hear the grievance of the borrowers who represent that they have been wrongly classified as wilful defaulters.

During the year, two meetings of the Committee were held on 14<sup>th</sup> January, 2022 and 14<sup>th</sup> March, 2022.

# Share Transfer and Other Matters ("STOM") Committee

The STOM Committee presently comprises four members, viz., Mr. Uday Kotak (Chairman), Mr. Dipak Gupta, Mr. KVS Manian and Mr. Gaurang Shah, with any three members forming the quorum.

The terms of reference of the STOM Committee, as amended and forming part of its comprehensive Charter document are, as follows:

- share, debenture or any other securities certificates of the Bank to the extent permitted in line with the provisions of applicable laws.
- To issue new / duplicate share / debenture certificates.
- establishment authorities and to do or perform all matters relating to such matters.
- matters relating to such applications.
- To authorise persons to sign on behalf of the Bank, share certificates, share allotment letters and fixed deposit receipts.
- dates, in consultation with the stock exchanges.
- Bank of India.
- line of credit sanctioned to the Bank.
- vehicles.
- connection with the business of the Bank and, if required, to issue power of attorney in favour of such persons for the purpose.
- specific purpose or purposes and, if required, issue power of attorney in favour of such persons for the purpose.
- To appoint or change nominees to hold shares for and on behalf of the Bank in any subsidiary / associate companies.
- To grant permission and authorise incorporation of companies, with a prefix "Kotak Mahindra" before the name.
- be affixed.
- circumstances to protect the interest of the Bank's exposures / investments in such companies.
- interest of the Bank's exposures / investments in such companies.

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To understand the broad trends and concentration in the growth of customer grievances and their resolution including mis-selling, particularly

To approve transfer, transmission, transposition, name deletion, dematerialisation, rematerialisation, consolidation and splitting / sub-division of

To apply for registration of the Bank with various authorities of any state or centre including GST tax authorities, income tax authorities, shops &

To apply, in the name of and for the Bank for telephone, telex, fax and other telecommunication and electrical / electronic connections and to do all

To open, operate and close bank accounts of the Bank and change the operating instructions of existing bank accounts of the Bank.

To authorise persons to represent the Bank at General meetings of any company or cooperative society, of which the Bank is a shareholder / member.

To fix the dates for closure of the Bank's register of members and debenture holders and transfer books of shares or debentures and / or fixing record

To authorise the opening of securities general ledger account or any other account with any scheduled banks or with any department of the Reserve

To authorise persons to execute loan agreements, demand promissory notes and any other documents as may be necessary for lending out of any

To authorise officials of the Bank to sign documents for registration of motor vehicles and to do all acts and things for the transfer of any such motor

To authorise employee(s) or others to execute, for and on behalf of the Bank, agreements, applications, deeds, documents and any other writings in

To authorise employee(s) or others to represent the Bank before any court, tribunal, consumer redressal forum or any statutory or other authority on any matter relating to the operations of the Bank or with which the Bank is in any way connected or to represent the Bank generally or for any

To authorise the use of the common seal of the Bank and to appoint persons to sign / countersign documents, etc. on which the common seal is to

To approve the appointment of any employee / Director of the Bank or any other person as a nominee on the Board of other companies under certain

To approve appointment of any employee of the Bank as a part-time employee of any other company under certain circumstances to protect the



- To approve appointment of any employee /director of the Bank or any other person as an appointee on the Board of other companies (including . Section 8 companies) LLPs, firms, if so invited.
- To carry out the following activities in respect of equity shares of erstwhile ING Vysya Bank Ltd, being rights shares held in abeyance for various reasons
  - To allot shares in respect of rights shares held in abeyance and bonus entitlement thereon, after the resolution of the court case, transmission, 0 dispute, etc. as the case may be and upon receipt of application money and other necessary documents.
  - To authorise officials of the Bank to take necessary action for credit of shares to the demat account of the concerned shareholder(s) or issue 0 of physical share certificates as the case may be.
  - To authorise officials of the Bank to make the necessary applications to the Stock Exchanges for listing and trading of the shares so allotted, 0 file the various regulatory returns and refund the excess share application money received, if any.
- To authorise employee(s) to delegate authority to any other employee(s) or others in respect of any of the matters stated herein subject to it being permissible under applicable law.
- To authorise employee(s) to execute, for and on behalf of the Bank, agreements, applications, or documents in connection with the minority investments made by the Bank, which have been approved in accordance with Bank's policies or by the Board and its various Committees, from time to time
- To authorise employee(s) to execute, for and on behalf of the Bank, non-binding term sheets, expression of interest and any other writings in connection with evaluation of inorganic growth opportunities (such as acquisitions, mergers, joint ventures, asset purchases, etc.) or minority financial investments.
- To evaluate tie ups with multiple insurers after assessing the overall impact of the open architecture regime in insurance distribution and studying • the market conduct under the applicable regulations, and recommend to the Board for further tie up with other insurance companies, as permitted by regulations

During the year, one meeting of the Committee was held on 31st March, 2022, for approximately fifteen minutes. The Committee also passes resolutions by circulation on a need basis.

# **Management Committee**

The Bank has constituted a Management Committee which presently comprises four members, viz., Mr. Uday Kotak (Chairman), Mr. Dipak Gupta, Mr. KVS Manian and Mr. Gaurang Shah, with any three members present forming the quorum.

The Management Committee has been constituted to bring operational flexibility in processing of credit proposals and also to discharge other responsibilities prescribed in different RBI directives, including periodical calendar of reviews.

During the year, two meetings of the Committee were held on 15th December, 2021 and 31st March, 2022.

# **Committee on Derivative Products**

During the vear under review, the Committee on Derivative Products was re-constituted on 15th April, 2021, with the induction of Mr. Gaurang Shah as a member and presently comprises three members, viz., Mr. Dipak Gupta (Chairman), Mr. KVS Manian and Mr. Gaurang Shah, with presence of three members forming the guorum.

The terms of reference of the Committee on Derivative Products, as amended and forming part of its comprehensive Charter document are, as follows:

- To examine and accord approval, after approval from the Senior Management Committee of the Bank, for the new products after their comprehensive evaluation (including of various parameters), before being offered to the customers of the Bank; and
- To decide on the implementation of regulatory guidelines and framework regarding foreign exchange and rupee derivative products including Suitability and Appropriateness (S&A) framework for derivative products

During the year, two meetings of the Committee were held on 13<sup>th</sup> May, 2021 and 29<sup>th</sup> December, 2021.

# ESOP Allotment Committee

The Committee was re-constituted on 15th April, 2021 with the induction of Mr. Gaurang Shah as a member and currently comprises four members, viz., Mr. Uday Kotak (Chairman), Mr. Dipak Gupta, Mr. C. Jayaram and Mr. Gaurang Shah, with any three members forming the guorum.

A comprehensive charter of the ESOP Allotment Committee of the Board of Directors has been adopted by the Board. The Committee has been constituted to allot shares arising out of the options exercised in accordance with the terms and conditions of the ESOP Scheme(s) of the Bank.

During the year, eleven meetings of the Committee were held on 6<sup>th</sup> May, 2021, 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2021, 6<sup>th</sup> August, 2021, 8<sup>th</sup> September, 2021, 30th September, 2021, 9th November, 2021, 7th December, 2021, 31st December, 2021, 3rd February, 2022, 7th March, 2022 and 30th March, 2022.

# Attendance at the Board Committee meetings held during Financial Year 2021-22

The details of the meetings attended by the members of the respective Board Committees are, as under:

Name of Director						Name of t	he Board Com	mittees					
	Audit Committee	Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Stakeholders Relationship Committee	Risk Management Committee	Group Risk Management Committee	Corporate Social Responsibility and Environmental, Social and Governance Committee	Special Committee of the Board for Monitoring and Follow-up of Frauds	Customer Service Committee	Review Committee for Classification and Dclaration of Borrowers as Willful Defaulters	Share Transfer and Other Matters Committee	Management Committee	Committee on Derivative Products	ESOP Committee
Mr. Prakash Apte	6/6	6/6	-	4/4	2/2	4/4	4/4	-	2/2	-	-	-	-
Mr. Uday Khanna	12/12	-	-	-	2/2	-	4/4	-	2/2	-	-	-	-
Ms. Farida Khambata	-	6/6	2/2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Uday Shankar	-	5/5	-	-	-	-	-	3/3	-	-	-	-	-
Dr. Ashok Gulati	12/12	-	-	3/3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ms. Ashu Suyash	2/2	-	-	1/1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. C. Jayaram	12/12	6/6	2/2	-	-	4/4	4/4	-	2/2	-	-	-	9/11
Mr Amit Desai	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Uday Kotak	-	-	2/2	4/4	2/2	-	4/4	3/3	2/2	1/1	2/2	-	11/11
Mr. Dipak Gupta	-	-	2/2	1/1	1/2	4/4	3/4	3/3	-	0/1	1/2	2/2	11/11
Mr. KVS Manian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3/3	-	1/1	2/2	2/2	-
Mr. Gaurang Shah	-	-	-	1/1	2/2	-	-	-	-	1/1	2/2	2/2	11/11

Notes

- The above table shows the number of meetings attended against the number of meetings held during tenure as a member.
- 2. Conferencina
- Ms. Ashu Suyash (DIN: 00494515) was appointed as an Independent Director of the Bank, with effect from 24th January, 2022. 3.
- Mr. Amit Desai (DIN: 00310510) was appointed as a Non-Executive Director of the Bank, with effect from 18th March, 2022. 4
- 5. All the recommendations made by the Committees of the Board were accepted by the Board.

# Code of Conduct

The Bank has adopted the Codes of Conduct which are applicable to the Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel, respectively.

Both the Codes of Conduct have been posted on the website of the Bank viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/governance/policies.html

All the Directors of the Board and Senior Management Personnel of the Bank have affirmed compliance with their respective Codes. A declaration signed by the Managing Director & CEO to this effect is given at the end of this Report.

# Familiarisation programme for Independent Directors and Non-Executive Directors<sup>15</sup>

The Bank believes in familiarizing the Independent Directors and Non-Executive Directors with the nature of the industry in which the Bank operates, business model and other important matters relating to the Bank's business through induction programmes at the time of their appointment.

The Directors of the Bank attended the Cyber Security Awareness Session conducted by KPMG Advisory Services Private Limited, covering topics: viz., i) Around the World and ii) Boards Role in Effective Cyber Strategy and case simulation. Presentations on critical parameters, such as, business strategy, financial outlook, financial reports and their integrity, risk, compliance, customer protection, ESG, CSR, financial inclusion, Human Resources, Consumer Banking Business, Wholesale Banking Business were also made to the Directors periodically.

The complete details of the familiarisation programs conducted for the Directors of the Bank are available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/governance/familiarisation-programme.html

# Induction programme for new Directors

Presentations were made to familiarise the new Directors with the nature of the industry in which the Bank operates. Two sessions were conducted covering areas, such as, Consumer Bank, Commercial Bank, Corporate, Institutional & Investment Banking (CIIB), Wealth, Digital and IT Priorities. The sessions also covered presentations on the Bank's Structure / Overview, Financials, Compliance, Risk Management, Human Resources, Treasury and Secretarial operations and subsidiary businesses of Kotak Securities, Asset Management, Insurance & Pension and Asset Reconstruction.

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In view of the prevailing pandemic and relaxation given by Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide various notifications, most of the Board meetings were held through Video

# FEES PAID TO THE STATUTORY AUDITORS

The Profit and Loss Account of the Bank and the Statement of Profit and Loss of subsidiaries for the year ended 31st March, 2022, include the following fees paid / payable to their respective Statutory Auditors of the Bank and its subsidiaries:

				(₹ in crore)
Entity Name	Auditor's Name	Statutory / Audit Fees	Other Matters	Total
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited*	Walker Chandiok & Co LLP and Price Waterhouse LLP	3.10	0.25	3.35
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited (Overseas Branch and Representative Office)	Grant Thorton UAE	0.15	0.04	0.19
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited	Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP	0.21	-	0.21
Kotak Investment Advisors Limited	Price Waterhouse LLP	0.32	0.01	0.33
Kotak Mahindra, Inc.	Citrin Cooperman & Company, LLP	0.23	-	0.23
Kotak Mahindra (International) Limited	Ernst & Young Mauritius	0.33	0.01	0.34
Kotak Securities Limited	Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP	1.10	-	1.10
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	M M Nissim & Co LLP and Mukund M. Chitale & Co.	1.24	0.06	1.30
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited	Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP	0.33	0.00	0.33
Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Limited	V. C. Shah & Co	0.03	0.00	0.03
Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	Kalyaniwalla & Mistry LLP	0.30	0.07	0.37
Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited	Gokhale & Sathe	0.02	-	0.02
Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited	Gokhale & Sathe	0.06	0.01	0.07
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited	Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP	0.05	-	0.05
Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited	S.R. Batliboi & Associates LLP Haribhakti & Co. LLP	0.80	0.12	0.92
Kotak Mahindra (UK) Limited	Ernst and Young LLP	1.11	0.00	1.11
Kotak Mahindra Financial Services Limited	Ernst & Young Middle East	0.11	0.01	0.12
Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited	V. C. Shah & Co. MSKA & Associates	0.35	0.06	0.41
IVY Product Intermediaries Limited	V. C. Shah & Co.	0.01	0.00	0.01
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management (Singapore) Pte. Limited	Ernst & Young LLP	0.38	0.00	0.38
BSS Microfinance Limited	Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP	0.14	0.00	0.14
Total		10.37	0.64	11.01

\* Excludes fees paid for audit of Overseas Branch which is done by non-network firm. Audit fee of ₹ 0.20 crore is payable to the Statutory Auditors of the Bank, subject to the approval of the members, at the ensuing AGM.

The fees paid / payable by the Bank and its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, to the Statutory Auditors of the Bank and their network firms, during the financial year 2021-22 are, as under:

		(₹ in crore)
Entity	Name of the Firm	Total Fees
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited	Walker Chandiok & Co LLP and Price Waterhouse LLP	1.85 1.50
Kotak Investment Advisors Limited	Price Waterhouse LLP Price Waterhouse & Co. LLP	0.33 0.13
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited	Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP	0.33
Total		4.14

Audit fee of ₹ 0.20 crore is payable to the Statutory Auditors of the Bank, subject to the approval of the members, at the ensuing AGM.

# SHAREHOLDER RELATED INFORMATION

## General Meetings

During the last three years, the General meetings of the Equity Shareholders held are, as detailed below:

General Meetings	Day, Date, Time and Location	Sp	ecial Re
Thirty-Sixth Annual General Meeting	Wednesday, 25 <sup>th</sup> August, 2021, 11.00 a.m. IST through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual Means, deemed to be held	i.	Re-ap of the 15 <sup>th</sup> Se
	at Registered Office of the Bank at 27BKC, C 27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400 051	ii.	lssuar other ₹ 5,00
		iii.	Paym Direct ceiling RBI, fo
Thirty-Fifth Annual General Meeting	through Video Conferencing / Other Audio visual Means, deemed to be held at Registered	i.	Re-ap perioc his rer
	Office of the Bank at 27BKC, C 27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400 051	ii.	lssuar amou
Thirty-Fourth Annual General	at Walchand Hirachand Hall of the Indian	i.	Re-ap a secc
Meeting	Merchants Chamber, 4 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Churchgate, Mumbai - 400 020	ii.	Re-ap for a s
		iii.	lssuar amoui

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Act read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time and the provisions of Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the Bank has been providing remote e-voting facility to its members to enable them to cast their votes by electronic means on all resolutions.

#### Postal Ballot

#### Postal Ballot conducted during December 2021 - January 2022:

The Board of Directors of the Bank, at its meeting held on 10<sup>th</sup>/11<sup>th</sup> December, 2021, had approved and recommended the following items for approval of the members of the Bank:

- Appointment of Ms. Ashu Suyash as an Independent Director of the Bank
- Material Related Party Transaction with Infina Finance Private Limited ii.
- iii. Material Related Party Transaction with Mr. Uday Kotak
- iv. Issuance of Redeemable Unsecured Non - Convertible Debentures / Bonds / other debt securities on a private placement basis

In accordance with the General Circular No. 14/2020 dated 8th April, 2020 and General Circular No. 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020 read with other relevant circulars, including General Circular No. 10/2021 dated 23rd June, 2021 and General Circular No. 20/2021 dated 8th December, 2021, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India ("MCA circulars"), the approval of the members of the Bank for the aforementioned resolutions was obtained through postal ballot (only through the remote e-voting process).

In compliance with Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and pursuant to the provisions of Sections 108 and 110 of the Act read with the Rules and the MCA circulars, the Bank had extended only the remote e-voting facility for its members, to enable them to cast their votes electronically instead of submitting the postal ballot form.

The Board of Directors of the Bank had appointed Ms. Rupal D. Jhaveri (Membership No. 5441 and Certificate of Practice No. 4225), Practising Company Secretary and Partner in RJSY & Associates, as the Scrutiniser and Ms. Sadhana Yadav (Membership No. 27559 and Certificate of Practice No. 16932), Practising Company Secretary and Partner in RJSY & Associates, as an Alternate Scrutiniser to Ms. Rupal D. Jhaveri, for conducting the Postal Ballot only through the e-voting process, in a fair and transparent manner.

The Bank had engaged the services of National Securities Depository Limited ("NSDL") for providing remote e-voting facilities to the members, enabling them to cast their vote in a secure manner.

The Notice of Postal Ballot dated 17th December, 2021 along with Explanatory Statement and remote e-voting instructions were sent to all the members in electronic form only, on Monday, 20th December, 2021, for recording their assent or dissent through electronic means. The remote e-voting commenced on 21st December, 2021 (9.00 a.m. IST) and ended on 19th January, 2022 (5.00 p.m. IST). Voting rights of Members were reckoned in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Bank as on 17th December, 2021.

Change

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#### Resolutions passed thereat

- ppointment of Mr. Uday Khanna (DIN 00079129) as an Independent Director e Bank for a second term, with effect from 16<sup>th</sup> September, 2021 up to September, 2024.
- ance of Redeemable Unsecured Non-Convertible Debentures / Bonds / debt securities on a private placement basis for an amount not exceeding 00 crore
- nent of Compensation by way of Fixed Remuneration to Non-Executive ctors (excluding the Non-Executive Part-time Chairperson), up to the overall ig of ₹ 20 lakh per annum or such higher amount as may be prescribed by for a period of 5 years, with effect from the financial year 2021-22.
- ppointment of Mr. Prakash Apte as Part-time Chairman of the Bank for a d of three years from 1<sup>st</sup> January, 2021 to 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2023 and fixing emuneration
- ance of Unsecured, Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures / Bonds for an unt up to ₹ 5.000 crore.
- ppointment of Mr. Prakash Apte as an Independent Director of the Bank for cond term from 18<sup>th</sup> March, 2019 to 17<sup>th</sup> March, 2024.
- ppointment of Ms. Farida Khambata as an Independent Director of the Bank second term from 7<sup>th</sup> September, 2019 to 6<sup>th</sup> September, 2022.
- ance of Unsecured, Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures/ Bonds for an ount up to ₹ 5,000 crore.



The Scrutiniser had submitted her report dated 21st January, 2022 on postal ballot (through remote e-voting process). All the resolutions, as set out in the Postal Ballot Notice dated 17th December, 2021 were passed with requisite majority. The resolutions were deemed to have been duly passed on the last date specified for remote e-voting i.e. 19th January, 2022. The details of the voting pattern are, given below:

# Resolution No.

Interest

Resolution required: (Ordinary / Special) SPECIAL - Appointment of Ms. Ashu Suyash as an Independent Director of the Bank

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank or their respective relatives were in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Special Resolution contained at Item No. 1

Category	Mode of Voting	No. of shares held (1)	No. of votes polled (2)	% of Votes Polled on outstanding shares (3)=[(2)/(1)]* 100	No. of Votes – in favour (4)	No. of Votes – against (5)	% of Votes in favour on votes polled (6)=[(4)/ (2)]*100	% of Votes against on votes polled (7)=[(5)/ (2)]*100
Promoter and	E-Voting	515,564,896	515,330,540	99.9545	515,330,540	0	100.0000	0.0000
Promoter Group	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
oroup	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	515,564,896	515,330,540	99.9545	515,330,540	0	100.0000	0.0000
Public-	E-Voting	1,127,606,800	1,064,638,554	94.4158	1,063,967,160	671,394	99.9369	0.0631
Institutions	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	1,127,606,800	1,064,638,554	94.4158	1,063,967,160	671,394	99.9369	0.0631
Public- Non	E-Voting	340,416,513	147,137,889	43.2229	147,119,303	18,586	99.9874	0.0126
Institutions	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	340,416,513	147,137,889	43.2229	147,119,303	18,586	99.9874	0.0126
	Total	1,983,588,209	1,727,106,983	87.0698	1,726,417,003	689,980	99.9600	0.0400

Interest

Resolution required: (Ordinary / Special) ORDINARY - Material Related Party Transaction with Infina Finance Private Limited

Mr. Suresh Kotak, father of Mr. Uday Kotak, Managing Director & CEO, Promoter and a Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank is a Director on the Board of Infina Finance Private Limited ("Infina"). Accordingly, Mr. Uday Kotak and his relatives may be deemed to be concerned or interested in the resolution contained at Item No. 2. Except as above, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank or their respective relatives were in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Ordinary Resolution contained at Item No. 2.

Category	Mode of Voting	No. of shares held (1)	No. of votes polled (2)	% of Votes Polled on outstanding shares (3)=[(2)/(1)]* 100	No. of Votes – in favour (4)	No. of Votes – against (5)	% of Votes in favour on votes polled (6)=[(4)/ (2)]*100	% of Votes against on votes polled (7)=[(5)/ (2)]*100
Promoter	E-Voting	515,564,896	0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
and Promoter	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
Group	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	515,564,896	0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
Public-	E-Voting	1,127,606,800	1,064,003,173	94.3594	1,064,003,173	0	100.0000	0.0000
Institutions	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	1,127,606,800	1,064,003,173	94.3594	1,064,003,173	0	100.0000	0.0000
Public- Non	E-Voting	340,416,513	144,104,310	42.3318	144,074,520	29,790	99.9793	0.0207
Institutions	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	340,416,513	144,104,310	42.3318	144,074,520	29,790	99.9793	0.0207
	Total	1,983,588,209	1,208,107,483	60.9052	1,208,077,693	29,790	99.9975	0.0025

Note: Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 23(4) of SEBI Lisiting Regulations, 2,097,035 votes of related parties have not been considered under 'No. of votes polled' and 'No. of votes in favour'

3

Resolution required: (Ordinary / Special) ORDINARY - Material Related Party Transaction with Mr. Uday Kotak

Interest

Resolution No.

Category	Mode of Voting	No. of shares held (1)	No. of votes polled (2)	% of Votes Polled on outstanding shares (3)=[(2)/(1)]* 100	No. of Votes – in favour (4)	No. of Votes – against (5)	% of Votes in favour on votes polled (6)=[(4)/ (2)]*100	% of Votes against on votes polled (7)=[(5)/ (2)]*100
Promoter	E-Voting	515,564,896	0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
and Promoter	Poll		0					
Group	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	515,564,896	0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
Public-	E-Voting	1,127,606,800	1,064,003,173	94.3594	1,064,003,173	0	100.0000	0.0000
Institutions	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	1,127,606,800	1,064,003,173	94.3594	1,064,003,173	0	100.0000	0.0000
Public- Non	E-Voting	340,416,513	144,102,788	42.3313	144,071,695	31,093	99.9784	0.0216
Institutions	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	340,416,513	144,102,788	42.3313	144,071,695	31,093	99.9784	0.0216
	Total	1,983,588,209	1,208,105,961	60.9051	1,208,074,868	31 ,093	99.9974	0.0026

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 23(4) of SEBI Listing Regulations, 2,097,035 votes of related parties have not been considered under 'No. of votes polled' and 'No. of votes in favour'.

Resolution No.	4
Resolution required: (Ordinary / Special)	SPECIAL - Issuance of Redeemable U private placement basis
Interest	None of the Directors, Key Managerial or interested, financially or otherwise, i

Category	Mode of Voting	No. of shares held (1)	No. of votes polled (2)	% of Votes Polled on outstanding shares (3)=[(2)/(1)]* 100	No. of Votes – in favour (4)	No. of Votes – against (5)	% of Votes in favour on votes polled (6)=[(4)/ (2)]*100	% of Votes against on votes polled (7)=[(5)/ (2)]*100
Promoter	E-Voting	515,564,896	515,330,540	99.9545	515,330,540	0	100.0000	0.0000
and Promoter	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
Group	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	515,564,896	515,330,540	99.9545	515,330,540	0	100.0000	0.0000
Public-	E-Voting	1,127,606,800	1,064,003,173	94.3594	1,064,003,173	0	100.0000	0.0000
Institutions	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	1,127,606,800	1,064,003,173	94.3594	1,064,003,173	0	100.0000	0.0000
Public- Non	E-Voting	340,416,513	147,136 390	43.2225	147,120,005	16,385	99.9889	0.0111
Institutions	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	340,416,513	147,136,390	43.2225	147,120,005	16,385	99.9889	0.0111
	Total	1,983,588,209	1,726,470,103	87.0377	1,726,453,718	16,385	99.9991	0.0009

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Mr. Uday Kotak is the Managing Director & CEO, Promoter and a Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank. Accordingly, he and his relatives may be deemed to be concerned or interested in the resolution contained at Item No. 3. Except as above, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank or their respective relatives were in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Ordinary Resolution contained at Item No. 3.

Unsecured Non - Convertible Debentures / Bonds / other debt securities on a

I Personnel of the Bank or their respective relatives were in any way concerned in the Special Resolution contained at Item No. 4.



# Postal Ballot conducted during April 2022 - May 2022:

The Board of Directors of the Bank, vide resolution passed on the 11<sup>th</sup> April, 2022, had approved and recommended the resolution for the appointment of Mr. Amit Desai as a Director of the Bank, for the approval of the members of the Bank.

In accordance with the MCA circulars, the approval of the members of the Bank for the aforementioned resolution has been obtained through postal ballot (only through the remote e-voting process).

In compliance with Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and pursuant to the provisions of Sections 108 and 110 of the Act read with the Rules and the MCA circulars, the Bank had extended only the remote e-voting facility for its members, to enable them to cast their votes electronically instead of submitting the postal ballot form.

The Board of Directors of the Bank had appointed Ms. Rupal D. Jhaveri (Membership No. 5441 and Certificate of Practice No. 4225), Practising Company Secretary and Partner in RJSY & Associates, as the Scrutiniser and Ms. Sadhana Yadav (Membership No. 27559 and Certificate of Practice No. 16932), Practising Company Secretary and Partner in RJSY & Associates, as an Alternate Scrutiniser to Ms. Rupal D. Jhaveri, for conducting the Postal Ballot only through the e-voting process, in a fair and transparent manner.

The Bank had engaged the services of NSDL for providing remote e-voting facilities to the members, enabling them to cast their vote in a secure manner.

The Notice of Postal Ballot dated 18th April, 2022 along with Explanatory Statement and remote e-voting instructions were sent to all the members in electronic form only, on Wednesday, 20th April, 2022 for recording their assent or dissent through electronic means. The remote e-voting commenced on 21st April, 2022 (9.00 a.m. IST) and ended on 20th May, 2022 (5.00 p.m. IST). Voting rights of members were reckoned in proportion to their share in the paid-up Equity Share Capital of the Bank as on 15<sup>th</sup> April, 2022.

The Scrutiniser had submitted her report dated 23rd May, 2022 on postal ballot (through remote e-voting process). The resolution, as set out in the Postal Ballot Notice dated 18th April, 2022 was passed with requisite majority. The resolution was deemed to have been duly passed on the last date specified for remote e-voting i.e. 20<sup>th</sup> May, 2022. The details of the voting pattern are, given below:

Resolution No.

Interest

Resolution required: (Ordinary / Special)

ORDINARY - Appointment of Mr. Amit Desai as a Director of the Bank

Except for Mr. Amit Desai and his relatives, none of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank or their respective relatives were in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the Ordinary Resolution contained at Item No. 1

Category	Mode of Voting	No. of shares held (1)	No. of votes polled (2)	% of Votes Polled on outstanding shares (3)=[(2)/(1)]* 100	No. of Votes – in favour (4)	No. of Votes – against (5)	% of Votes in favour on votes polled (6)=[(4)/ (2)]*100	% of Votes against on votes polled (7)=[(5)/ (2)]*100
Promoter and	E-Voting	515,562,396	515,518,396	99.9915	515,518,396	0	100.0000	0.0000
Promoter Group	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0	0
Oroup	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0	0
	Total	515,562,396	515,518,396	99.9915	515,518,396	0	100.0000	0.0000
Public-	E-Voting	1,127,397,721	1,062,638,297	94.2558	1,002,229,441	60,408,856	94.3152	5.6848
Institutions	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0	0
	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0	0
	Total	1,127,397,721	1,062,638,297	94.2558	1,002,229,441	60,408,856	94.3152	5.6848
Public- Non	E-Voting	341,701,643	138,219,259	40.4503	138,102,007	117,252	99.9152	0.0848
Institutions	Poll		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Postal Ballot (if applicable)		0	0.0000	0	0	0.0000	0.0000
	Total	341,701,643	138,219,259	40.4503	138,102,007	117,252	99.9152	0.0848
	Total	1,984,661,760	1,716,375,952	86.4820	1,655,849,844	60,526,108	96.4736	3.5264

There is no immediate proposal for passing any resolution by means of Postal Ballot

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# **INVESTOR INFORMATION**

#### Date of Incorporation : 21<sup>st</sup> November, 1985 Registration No. : 11-38137 TA Corporate Identification No. : L65110MH1985PLC038137 Registered Office : 27BKC, C 27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex. Bandra (E), Mumbai- 400 051 Tel. No. (022) 61661615 Fax No.: (022) 67132403 Website: www.kotak.com Email : investor.grievances@kotak.com Contact (Nodal officer - IEPF) Ms. Avan Doomasia Company Secretary **KFin Technologies Limited** Registrar & Transfer Agent (For Equity and Non-Convertible Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares) Website : www.kfintech.com ii Mumbai-400 001. Fax No.: (022) 66235333 Registrar & Share Transfer Agent Link Intime India Private Ltd. · i

(For Debt Securities)	-	C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vi Tel No. : (022) 49186000 Fax No. : (022) 49186060 Website : <u>https://linkintime.co.ir</u> Email : mumbai@linkintime.co.i
		ii. Bigshare Services Private Ltd. 1 <sup>st</sup> Floor, Bharat Tin Works Build Mumbai 400059. Tel No. : (022) 62638200 Fax No. : (022) 62638299 Website : <u>www.bigshareonline.co</u> Email : info@bigshareonline.com
Debenture Trustees	:	IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited (Contact Person: Mr. Aditya Kapil, Vice Asian Building, Ground Floor, 17, R Kar Tel No.: (022) 40807001 Fax No.: (022) 66311776
Annual General Meeting, Date and Time	:	Saturday, 27 <sup>th</sup> August, 2022 at 10.00 a
Venue	:	Through Video Conferencing / Other A Venue of meeting shall be deemed to
Financial Year	:	1 <sup>st</sup> April, 2021 to 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022

Dividend Payment Date

# **Financials Compliance Calendar**

For each calendar guarter, the guarterly and annual standalone and consolidated financial results of the Bank are reviewed and taken on record / approved by the Board, within the statutory prescribed time period and then disclosed to the Stock Exchanges as required under Regulation 30 read with sub-para 4 of Para A of Part A of Schedule III of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The said financial results along with the earnings update and investor presentation, are posted on the website of the Bank and are available for the current as well as last five financial years. Every guarter, the Managing Director & CEO and the Joint Managing Director along with the Senior Management officials participate on a call with the analysts / investors, the transcripts of which are posted on the website of the Bank. The Bank also has dedicated personnel to respond to queries from investors.

The meetings of the Board to, inter alia, review and approve the quarterly / half yearly unaudited / audited financial results of the Bank, are held in the month following the guarter and the annual financial results, in the end of April or early May. The Annual General Meeting to consider such annual accounts is held in the second quarter of the financial year.

Change

Financial Highlights

Consolidated Financial Statements

Bank Reports and Statements

Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32 Financial District, Nanakramguda Serilingampally Mandal, Hyderabad- 500 032, Telangana Email Id : einward.ris@kfintech.com Toll free number : 1- 800-309-4001 https://ris.kfintech.com/ 24/B, Raja Bahadur Compound, Ambalal Doshi Marg, Behind Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Fort,

Tel No. : (022) 66235412 / 66235406

/ikhroli (West), Mumbai – 400083

.in in ilding, Opp. Vasant Oasis, Makwana Road, Marol, Andheri East,

.com om e President) amani Marg, Ballard Estate, Mumbai – 400 001

a.m. (Indian Standard Time) Audio Visual Means. be the Registered Office of the Bank Between 29<sup>th</sup> August, 2022 and 2<sup>nd</sup> September, 2022 (subject to declaration at the AGM)



# **Equity Shares**

The Equity Shares of the Bank are listed on BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited. The International Security Identification Number ("ISIN") in respect of the Equity Shares is INE237A01028 and the Market Scrip Code / Symbol are, as under:

Name & Address of Stock Exchange(s)	Market Scrip Code / Symbol
BSE Limited Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai 400 001	500247
National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, 5 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra, Mumbai 400 051	KOTAKBANK

The annual listing fees for FY 2022-23 have been paid to BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited, where the shares of the Bank are listed. Annual Custody / Issuer fees for financial year 2022-23 have also been paid to the Depositories, based on invoices received.

As required under Regulation 40(9) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, Mr. S. Anand SS Rao, Company Secretary in Practice, has examined the records relating to share transfer, on an annual basis and has issued a certificate confirming compliance with the said provisions. The Bank has, accordingly, submitted the same to the Stock Exchanges where its equity shares are listed.

#### Trading of shares to be in compulsorily dematerialised form

The equity shares of the Bank can be traded only in dematerialised form. The dematerialisation facility is available with National Securities Depository Limited and Central Depository Services (India) Limited. The ISIN of the equity shares of the Bank is INE237A01028. Pursuant to the amendment to Regulation 40 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, transfer of shares held in physical form cannot be processed and hence, the equity shares are to be compulsorily traded in electronic form by all investors. Investors holding shares in physical form are advised to dematerialize their existing holdings.

#### Issuance of Securities in dematerialised form in case of Investor Service Requests

Pursuant to the amendment to the SEBI Listing Regulations on 24<sup>th</sup> January, 2022, the Bank shall (i) effect issuance of certificates in dematerialised form only, for any requests received for subdivision, split, consolidation, renewal, exchanges, endorsements or issuance of duplicate certificates; and (ii) execute requests for transmission and transposition of securities, held in physical or dematerialised form, in dematerialised form only.

## Simplified Norms for processing investor's service request by RTAs and norms for furnishing PAN, KYC details and Nomination

Pursuant to the circular issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") dated 3rd November, 2021, SEBI has, inter alia, mandated:

- a) furnishing of details of PAN, postal address, email address, mobile number, bank account details and nomination by holders of physical securities;
- b) processing of any service request in respect of physical securities only upon registration of the details of PAN, bank account and nomination; and
- c) linking of PAN with Aadhaar number to avoid freezing of folio.

In terms of the said SEBI circular:

- a) Folios, wherein any of the above mentioned document / details are not available on or after 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2023, shall be frozen by the Registrars and Transfer Agent of the Bank and concerned shareholders will not be eligible to lodge any grievance or avail service request from the Registrars and Transfer Agent or receive any dividend from the Bank in physical mode.
- b) The folios which continue to remain frozen (as mentioned above) as on 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2025, shall be referred by Registrars and Transfer Agent / Bank to the administering authority under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 and / or Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002.

The Bank has written individually, to the concerned shareholders to take appropriate action in this regard. Shareholders holding Equity Shares of the Bank in physical mode are advised to contact the Registrar and Transfer Agent of the Bank, viz., KFin Technologies Limited for further details or for updating their PAN, KYC and Nomination details.

### Break-up of the shares held in physical and electronic mode as on 31st March, 2022

Equity Shares:

Physica	al mode*	Electronic mode		
Total Shares	% to Equity	Total Shares	% to Equity	
4,723,979	0.24	1,979,937,781	99.76	

\*Includes 288,029 equity shares allotted on exercise of options by employees, for which the credit was pending as on 31st March, 2022.

#### Preference Shares:

Physica	l mode	Electronic mode		
Total Shares	% to Preference	Total Shares	% to Preference	
NIL	N.A.	1,000,000,000	100.00	

The Bank issued Non-Convertible Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares ("PNCPS") in 2018. The PNCPS were listed with BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited, both with effect from 6<sup>th</sup> August, 2018 and the ISIN is INE237A04014. These PNCPS were issued and allotted in dematerialised form.

# Debentures and Bonds

As on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, outstanding Unsecured, Redeemable Non-Convertible, Subordinated Debt Bonds ("Bonds") aggregated ₹ 306 crore and outstanding Senior Unsecured Rated Listed Redeemable Long Term Bonds in the nature of Non Convertible Debentures aggregated ₹ 150 crore. These Bonds have been issued on a private placement basis and are listed on the Stock Exchanges viz., BSE Limited and / or National Stock Exchange of India Limited.

#### Investor Helpdesk

Investors are requested to write to the Registered Office address of the Bank or to KFin Technologies Limited ("KFin"), our Registrars & Share Transfer Agents, for addressing their correspondence or complaints or may address their correspondence or complaints to designated email address viz., <u>investor.grievances@kotak.com</u> or <u>einward.ris@kfintech.com</u>, in terms of Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations.

For queries, etc. related to dividend payments, IEPF claims and all other investor related activities as also for lodgment of any documents or for any grievances / complaints, investors may contact or write to the Bank or KFin. The Company Secretarial Department regularly monitors and reviews the status of the investor correspondence and complaints received at the Registered Office and also by KFin, to ensure timely redressal of complaints.

As advised by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), the Bank has a designated email id of its Compliance Officer i.e. investor.grievances@kotak.com for the purpose of registering complaints by the investors. The same has also been displayed on the website of the Bank.

#### Transfer to the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority

Pursuant to Sections 124 and 125 of the Act and the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("Rules"), any dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years shall be transferred by the Bank to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF") established by the Central Government. Further, all shares in respect of which the dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more shall be transferred to the said Fund.

In this regard, during the financial year 2021-22, the Bank has transferred ₹ 0.55 crore, pertaining to the unclaimed dividend for the financial year 2013-14 declared by the Bank and ING Vysya Bank, to IEPF.

The table given below gives the dates of dividend declaration and the corresponding dates when unclaimed dividends are due to be transferred to the Fund:

Financial Year	Dividend-Type	Date of Declaration	Due Date of Transfer
2014-15	Final	29 <sup>th</sup> June, 2015	3 <sup>rd</sup> August, 2022
2015-16	Final	22 <sup>nd</sup> July, 2016	21 <sup>st</sup> August, 2023
2016-17	Final	20 <sup>th</sup> July, 2017	19 <sup>th</sup> August, 2024
2017-18	Final	19 <sup>th</sup> July, 2018	18 <sup>th</sup> August, 2025
2018-19	Final	22 <sup>nd</sup> July, 2019	21 <sup>st</sup> August, 2026
2019-20	As per the notification of RBI dated 17 financial year 2019-20.	<sup>th</sup> April, 2020, banks were advised not to	declare dividend on equity shares for
2020-21	Final	25 <sup>th</sup> August, 2021	24 <sup>th</sup> September, 2028

No dividend has remained unclaimed / unpaid on the PNCPS since their issuance.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Rules and the subsequent various circulars / notifications issued by MCA in this regard, the Bank has transferred a total of 3,764,397 equity shares to IEPF Authority till date. The voting rights in the equity shares transferred to the IEPF Authority shall remain frozen till the rightful owner claims the shares. The details of such equity shares transferred to IEPF are available on the Bank's website viz., URL: <a href="https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/investor-information/investor-info.html">https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/investor-information/investor-info.html</a>

The Bank has initiated necessary steps for the transfer of relevant unclaimed / unpaid amounts and Equity Shares to IEPF Authority during the financial year 2022-23. The Bank has also uploaded on its website, the details of unpaid and unclaimed amounts lying with the Bank as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 and the same can be accessed at <a href="https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/investor-info.html">https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/investor-info.html</a>

The details of Equity Shares liable to be transferred during the financial year 2022-23 as also those already transferred to the IEPF Authority are available on the website of the Bank viz., URL: <a href="https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/investor-info.html">https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-info.html</a>

#### Share Price Details

The Monthly high and low quotation of equity shares traded on BSE Limited:

Month	High (₹)	Low (₹)	Close (₹)	S&P BSE 100	S&P BSE Bankex
April 2021	1,845.00	1,668.75	1,748.60	14,833.77	37,304.97
May 2021	1,812.80	1,685.70	1,807.80	15,822.33	40,344.68
June 2021	1,828.00	1,698.95	1,706.40	16,009.72	39,349.98
July 2021	1,768.55	1,627.25	1,654.95	16,108.48	39,190.11
August 2021	1,824.40	1,657.65	1,754.45	17,375.21	41,469.62
September 2021	2,077.90	1,738.00	2,004.10	17,880.57	42,727.61
October 2021	2,252.45	1,931.00	2,032.25	17,921.27	44,650.66
November 2021	2,127.70	1,933.45	1,962.15	17,319.15	40,779.11
December 2021	1,990.00	1,721.75	1,796.30	17,625.51	40,408.50
January 2022	1,976.00	1,782.70	1,857.50	17,618.04	43,569.48
February 2022	1,947.80	1,740.05	1,842.65	17,043.27	41,635.83
March 2022	1,828.05	1,674.10	1,754.70	17,723.94	41,753.80

Financial Highlights

**Consolidated Financial Statements** 

The Monthly high and low quotation of equity shares traded on National Stock Exchange of India Limited:

Month	High (₹)	Low (₹)	Close (₹)	NIFTY 50	Nifty Bank
April 2021	1,845.45	1,669.20	1,748.80	14,631.10	32,781.80
May 2021	1,813.25	1,685.00	1,807.70	15,582.80	35,526.65
June 2021	1,827.95	1,698.45	1,705.85	15,721.50	34,772.20
July 2021	1,768.50	1,626.00	1,654.80	15,763.05	34,584.35
August 2021	1,824.90	1,657.50	1,753.70	17,132.20	36,424.60
September 2021	2,077.80	1,738.00	2,005.50	17,618.15	37,425.10
October 2021	2,253.00	1,931.00	2,031.15	17,671.65	39,115.60
November 2021	2,127.60	1,932.70	1,961.90	16,983.20	35,695.30
December 2021	1,989.90	1,721.00	1,796.10	17,354.05	35,481.70
January 2022	1,976.15	1,782.20	1,857.25	17,339.85	37,975.35
February 2022	1,948.00	1,737.95	1,842.75	16,793.90	36,205.30
March 2022	1,830.00	1,672.55	1,753.85	17,464.75	36,373.60

# Shareholding - Equity Shares

		As on 31 <sup>st</sup> M	larch, 2022	As on 31 <sup>st</sup> M	arch, 2021
Cate	egory	No. of Equity Shares held	Percentage of Equity Shares	No. of Equity Shares held	Percentage of Equity Shares
4.	Promoters Holding Promoters	515,562,396	25.98	515,585,264	26.02
	Sub-Total	515,562,396	25.98	515,585,264	26.02
3.	Non-Promoters Holding				
	Institutional Investors				
	a. Mutual Funds & UTI	183,791,869	9.26	159,119,902	8.03
	<ul> <li>Banks, Financial Institutions, Insurance Co (State / Central Govt. Institutions)</li> </ul>	ompanies 140,980,777	7.10	104,889,910	5.29
	c. Foreign Institutional Investors	810,989,456	40.86	876,560,440	44.23
	Sub-Total	1,135,762,102	57.22	1,140,570,252	57.55
).	Others				
	a. Private Corporate Bodies	32,510,259	1.64	39,098,010	1.97
	b. Indian Public including Directors & Relativ	es 215,664,080	10.87	198,182,338	10.00
	c. NRIs/ OCBs/Foreign Bodies DR	15,374,250	0.77	16,772,076	0.85
	d. Foreign Bank	32,813,072	1.65	32,813,072	1.66
	e. Foreign Bodies	25,966,992	1.31	25,966,992	1.31
	f. Foreign Nationals	1,450	0.00	1,450	0.00
	g. Qualified Institutional Buyer	0	0.00	0	0.00
	h. NBFCs	652,343	0.03	646,783	0.03
	i. Alternative Investment Fund	4,675,084	0.24	4,213,977	0.21
	j. Clearing Members	2,324,717	0.12	4,739,848	0.24
	k. IEPF Authority	3,355,015	0.17	3,245,606	0.16
	Sub-Total	333,337,262	16.80	325,680,152	16.43
	Grand Total	1,984,661,760	100.00	1,981,835,668	100.00

Note:

The increase in capital during the financial year 2021-22 is due to allotment of 2,826,092 equity shares of ₹ 5/- under various Employee Stock Option Plan Schemes of the Bank.

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# Shareholding – Preference Shares

		As on 31 <sup>st</sup> N	1arch, 2022	As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
Cate	gory	No. of Preference Shares held	Percentage of Preference Shares	No. of Preference Shares held	Percentage of Preference Shares
A.	Promoters Holding Promoters	-	-	-	-
	Sub-Total	-	-	-	-
В.	Non-Promoters Holding				
	Institutional Investors				
	a. Mutual Funds & UTI	-	-	-	-
	b. Banks, Financial Institutions, Insurance Companies (State / Central Govt. Institutions)	-	-	-	-
	c. Foreign Institutional Investors	-	-	-	
	Sub-Total	-	-	-	
C.	Others				
	a. Private Corporate Bodies	899,630,000	89.96	737,735,000	73.77
	b. Indian Public including Directors & Relatives	50,265,000	5.03	90,265,000	9.03
	c. NRIs/ OCBs/Foreign Bodies DR	40,000,000	4.00	40,000,000	4.00
	d. Foreign Bank	-	-	-	
	e. Foreign Bodies	-	-	-	
	f. Foreign Nationals	-	-	-	
	g. Qualified Institutional Buyer	-	-	132,000,000	13.20
	h. NBFCs	-	-	-	
	i. Alternative Investment Fund	-	-	-	
	j. Clearing Members	10,105,000	1.01	-	
	k. IEPF Authority	-	-	-	
	Sub-Total	1,000,000,000	100.00	1,000,000,000	100.00
	Grand Total	1,000,000,000	100.00	1,000,000,000	100.00

# Shareholding of Directors of the Bank

	As on 31 <sup>s</sup>	As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022		
Name of the Director(s)	No. of Equity Shares held	Percentage of Equity Shares held		
Mr. Prakash Apte				
Mr. Uday Khanna	3,00	0.00		
Ms. Farida Khambata	68,00	0.00		
Mr. Uday Shankar	49	0.00		
Dr. Ashok Gulati				
Ms. Ashu Suyash				
Mr. C. Jayaram	928,04	0.05		
Mr. Amit Desai	1,584,69	7 0.08		
Mr. Uday Kotak	510,927,10	25.74		
Mr. Dipak Gupta	652,98	5 0.03		
Mr. KVS Manian	117,58	4 0.01		
Mr. Gaurang Shah	858,42	3 0.04		

None of the Directors hold any PNCPS issued by the Bank.

Change

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# Top 10 Equity Shareholders of the Bank

Sr. No.	Name of the investors	Total Equity Shares held as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	% to Total Equity Shares
1.	Mr. Uday Suresh Kotak	510,927,100	25.74
2.	Life Insurance Corporation of India	104,928,895	5.29
З.	Canada Pension Plan Investment Board	86,310,661	4.35
4.	Invesco Developing Markets Fund	69,732,701	3.51
5.	SBI Mutual Fund	62,886,353	3.17
6.	Europacific Growth Fund	60,405,823	3.04
7.	Capital World Growth And Income Fund	50,852,404	2.56
8.	New World Fund Inc.	43,052,531	2.17
9.	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	32,800,000	1.65
10.	Axis Mutual Fund	31,050,015	1.56

There is no stipulation in the Bank's Articles of Association concerning any qualification shares to be held by its Directors.

# Top 10 Preference Shareholders of the Bank

Sr. No.	Name of the investors	Total Preference Shares held as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	% to Total Preference Shares
1.	Signet Chemical Corporation Private Limited	100,000,000	10.00
2.	Aditya Birla Finance Limited	70,000,000	7.00
3.	Vicco Products Bombay Private Limited	68,000,000	6.80
4.	ICICI Lombard General Insurance Company Limited	66,000,000	6.60
5.	Bajaj Allianz General Insurance Company Limited - PO	66,000,000	6.60
6.	Ms. Dimple Sanghi	40,000,000	4.00
7.	Famy Care Private Limited	30,000,000	3.00
8.	Pidilite Industries Limited	30,000,000	3.00
9.	KLP Tradelink LLP	30,000,000	3.00
10.	Kotta Enterprises Limited	26,448,662	2.64

# Distribution Schedule as on 31st March, 2022

0			Equity	Shares			Prefe	rence Shares	
Sr. No.	Category	No. of Holders	% to Holders	No. of Shares	% to Equity	No. of Holders	% to Holders	No. of Shares	% to Preference
1.	1 - 100	496,918	81.37	10,082,373	0.51	1	1.79	100	0.00
2.	101 - 200	47,061	7.71	7,130,826	0.36	-	-	-	-
З.	201 - 300	17,631	2.89	4,444,890	0.22	-	-	-	-
4.	301 - 400	9,599	1.57	3,450,282	0.17	-	-	-	-
5.	401 - 500	6,442	1.05	2,998,462	0.15	-	-	-	-
6.	501 - 1000	12,826	2.10	9,470,140	0.48	-	-	-	-
7.	1001 - 2000	8,053	1.32	12,184,356	0.61	-	-	-	-
8.	2001 - 3000	2,979	0.49	7,519,693	0.38	-	-	-	-
9.	3001 - 4000	2,759	0.45	10,270,883	0.52	-	-	-	-
10.	4001 - 5000	1,257	0.21	5,858,889	0.30	-	-	-	-
11.	5001 - 10000	2,308	0.38	16,454,697	0.83	-	-	-	-
12.	10001 and above	2,881	0.47	1,894,796,269	95.47	55	98.21	999,999,900	100.00
	TOTAL	610,714	100.00	1,984,661,760	100.00	56	100.00	1,000,000,000	100.00

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# **CREDIT RATINGS**

Details of Credit ratings obtained by the Bank for securities outstanding as on 31st March, 2022 are, as under:

_ower Tier-II Bonds (Ur	nder Basel II)*
nfrastructure Bonds	
Fixed Deposits	
Certificate of Deposits	
Non-Convertible Perpet	tual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares

\* Originally issued by erstwhile ING Vysya Bank Limited

\*\* Reaffirmed vide letter letter dated 30<sup>th</sup> April, 2022

\*\*\* Consequent to migration in the rating scale by CRISIL (for standardisation and alignment of rating scale with the SEBI-standardised scale), the aforesaid rating has been migrated to CRISIL AAA/Stable from FAAA/Stable, vide letter dated 23rd June, 2022. The migration represents only recalibration of the rating from one scale to another and does not reflect any change in the credit risk profile of the Fixed Deposit programme. It is neither an upgrade nor a downgrade of the Fixed Deposit programme. <sup>S</sup> Consequent to redemption of Infrastructure Bonds, the amount covered under the credit rating has been reduced by CRISIL, to Rs. 838 crore (comprising the existing outstanding amount of Infrastructure Bonds and the unutilised limit) vide letter dated 23rd June, 2022.

The S&P rating of the Bank for long-term instrument is BBB-/Stable and for short term instrument is A-3/Stable.

There has been no change in the Credit Ratings during the year.

#### DISCLOSURES

transactions which were not in the ordinary course of business or at an arm's length basis.

The Audit Committee reviews the Related Party Transactions of the Bank on a quarterly basis. The Bank's Policies on dealing with Related Party Transactions, determining 'material' subsidiaries and determination of materiality of events or information are available on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/governance/policies.html

- statutory authorities on matters relating to capital market.
- None of the Directors are related to any other Director.
- are exempted from the same.
- The Bank has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy. The same was amended on 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 so as to extend the application of the Whistle Blower Policy been denied access to the Audit Committee.
- Schedule V thereto.
- statutory authority.
- Redressal) Act, 2013 have been mentioned in the Directors' Report of the Bank.
- viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/content/kotakcl/en/investor-relations/governance/policies.html
- on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/governance/policies.html
- Listing Regulations.
- as specified in Part B of Schedule II of the SEBI Listing Regulations.
- The Bank presently does not have any demat suspense account / unclaimed suspense account

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	Amount	Credit Rating/Outlook
	₹ 306 crore	CRISIL AAA/Stable (Reaffirmed**)
₹ 1,800 crore <sup>\$</sup> CRISIL AAA/Stable (Reaffirmed**)		CRISIL AAA/Stable (Reaffirmed**)
		FAAA/Stable*** (Reaffirmed**)
	₹ 17,000 crore	CRISIL A1+ (Reaffirmed**)
	₹ 500 crore	CRISIL AA+ (Stable) (Reaffirmed**)

During the year, the Bank has not entered into any materially significant transactions with its related parties, which could lead to a potential conflict of interest<sup>16</sup> between the Bank and these parties. The members of the Bank have, vide Postal Ballot notice dated 17<sup>th</sup> December, 2021, approved related party transactions by the Bank, as potential "material related party transactions" under the provisions of Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, with Infina Finance Private Limited (Mr. Suresh Kotak, father of Mr. Uday Kotak, Managing Director & CEO and a Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank and Mr. Jaimin Bhatt, Group Chief Financial Officer and a Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank, who are Directors on the Board of Infina Finance Private Limited), and with Mr. Uday Kotak, Managing Director & CEO and Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank, for financial year 2022-23, with respect to Deposits and other banking transactions / arrangements / service, etc., at an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business of the Bank. The Bank has not entered into any material financial or commercial transactions with its subsidiaries and other related parties as per AS-18 and the SEBI Listing Regulations that may have potential conflict with the interest of the Bank at large. Further, there were no related party

During the last three years, there were no penalties or strictures imposed on the Bank by the Stock Exchange(s) and / or SEBI and / or any other

The Board has received declarations from the Independent Directors and in its opinion, the Independent Directors fulfil the conditions as specified in the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations and are independent of the management. The Independent Directors have also complied with the provisions of sub rule (1) and (2) of Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 and have passed the proficiency test or

to not just employees and directors, but also suppliers, vendors, service providers and other applicable stakeholders of the Bank to enable them to raise their concerns relating to the fraud, malpractice or any other untoward activity or event which is against the interest of the Bank or society as a whole. The Bank has a digital platform through which concerns may be raised and the same is managed and hosted by an independent third party service provider who has proven expertise in this area, thereby ensuring absolute confidentiality. The Bank hereby affirms that no personnel has

The Bank has complied with the mandatory requirements regarding Corporate Governance under the SEBI Listing Regulations, including those covered under Regulations 17 to 27, Clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 and those covered under paras (2) to (10) of Clause C of

The Bank has obtained a certificate from Ms. Rupal D. Jhaveri, Company Secretary in practice confirming that none of the Directors of the Bank have been debarred or disgualified from being appointed or continuing as directors of companies by SEBI / Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such

The relevant disclosures in relation to the number of complaints under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and

The Bank's Policy for determining material subsidiaries, in line with the SEBI Listing Regulations, is available on the Bank's website

In terms of the SEBI Listing Regulations relating to Corporate Governance, the Bank's Policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions is available

During the year under review, the Bank has not raised any funds through preferential allotment as specified under Regulation 32(7A) of the SEBI

The Managing Director & CEO and the Group Chief Financial Officer of the Bank have duly provided the compliance certificate to the Board of Directors,



# **PLANT LOCATIONS**

Being in the banking business, the Bank does not have plants. However, the Bank has 1,700 branches (excluding branches at DIFC, Dubai and GIFT city, Gujarat) and 2,705 ATMs as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022. The locations of the branches are displayed on the Bank's website viz., URL: https://www.kotak.com/en/reach-us.html

# DISCLOSURE REGARDING COMMODITY RISKS

During financial year 2021-22, the Bank had no exposure / positions of its own account in commodities.

#### COMPLIANCE WITH MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS

The Bank has complied with all the mandatory requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance stipulated under the SEBI Listing Regulations.

#### COMPLIANCE WITH NON-MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS

The Bank has complied with most of the non-mandatory requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance stipulated under the SEBI Listing Regulations, as under:

#### 1. The Board:

The office of Non-Executive Chairman of the Bank is maintained by the Bank at its expense and all the expenses incurred in performance of his duties are reimbursed by the Bank.

## 2. Shareholder Rights:

The quarterly results of the Bank are published in one English and one Marathi newspaper. Further, the quarterly results are also posted on the website of the Bank viz., URL: <a href="https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/financial-results.html">https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/financial-results.html</a> and on the websites of the Stock Exchanges on which the securities of the Bank are listed. Along with the quarterly results, detailed earnings update and investor presentation are also given on the website of the Bank. Further, a quarterly investors' / analysts' conference call is made to discuss the financial results and performance of the Bank and the Group, the transcripts and links to the audio / video recordings of which are posted on the website of the Bank. The quarterly results and important announcements made under Regulation 30 of the SEBI Listing Regulations are sent by email to those members whose email Ids are registered with the Bank / Depository Participant(s) for communication purposes.

## 3. Audit qualifications:

During the period under review, there were no audit qualifications in respect of the Bank's standalone and consolidated financial statements. The Bank continues to adopt best accounting practices and has complied with the Accounting Standards and there is no difference in the treatment.

#### 4. Separate Posts of Chairman and Managing Director & CEO:

Mr. Prakash Apte, a Non-Executive Independent Director, is the Part-time Chairman and Mr. Uday Kotak is the Managing Director & CEO of the Bank.

#### 5. Reporting of Internal Auditor:

The Head - Internal Audit reports to the Audit Committee of the Board.

# **OTHER DISCLOSURES**

## A. The Management Discussion & Analysis Report

The Management Discussion & Analysis Report, giving an overview of the industry, the Bank's business and its financials is provided separately as a part of this Annual Report.

## B. Means of Communication

The Board of Directors of the Bank approve the unaudited financial results on a quarterly basis within the prescribed timeframe. The results are promptly forwarded to the Stock Exchanges and published in one English and one Marathi (Regional Language) newspaper, within 48 hours of the conclusion of the Board meeting. The results and earnings update are posted on the Bank's website viz., URL: <a href="https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/financial-results.html">https://www.kotak.com/en/investor-relations/financial-results.html</a> as well as the press release are posted on the Bank's website viz., URL: <a href="https://www.kotak.com/en/about-us/media.html">https://www.kotak.com/en/about-us/media.html</a> simultaneously. The website also displays all official news releases by the Bank from time to time as also the earnings update and investor presentations. Further, the financial results are sent by email to those members whose email lds are registered with the Bank / Depository Participant(s). The Bank also publishes its Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account together with the Auditors' Report in a newspaper as required in terms of Section 31 of the BR Act and Rule 15 of the Banking Regulation (Companies) Rules, 1949.

Pursuant to the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and keeping in view the relaxations granted by the MCA circulars and circulars of SEBI, the Bank proposes to send the financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, only by electronic mode, to the members whose email address is registered with the Bank / Depository Participant(s). Those members, whose email address is not registered with the Bank or with their respective Depository Participant(s), and who wish to receive financial statements for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, can get their email address registered by following the steps as detailed in the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting.

The financial results and other information filed by the Bank from time to time are also available on the website of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited. The said Stock Exchanges have introduced NSE Digital exchange, NSE Electronic Application Processing System (NEAPS) and BSE Listing centre. Various compliances as required / prescribed under the SEBI Listing regulations are filed through these systems.

For Kotak Mahindra Bank LimitedPrakash ApteUday KotakChairmanManaging Director & CEO

Place : MumbaiPlace : MumbaiDate : 25th June, 2022Date : 25th June, 2022

# Integrated Annual Report 2021-22

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# DECLARATION

In accordance with Schedule V (D) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, I hereby confirm that all the Directors and the Senior Management Personnel of the Bank have affirmed compliance to the Code of Conduct for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022.

#### For Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

# Uday Kotak

Managing Director & CEO

Place : Mumbai Date : 25<sup>th</sup> June, 2022 Change

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

## To the Members of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

- This certificate is issued in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 20 May 2022 1.
- We have examined the compliance of conditions of corporate governance by Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ('the Bank') for the year ended on 2. 31 March 2022, as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2), and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations').

#### Management's Responsibility

3 The compliance of conditions of corporate governance is the responsibility of the management. This responsibility includes the designing, implementing and maintaining operating effectiveness of internal control to ensure compliance with the conditions of corporate governance as stipulated in the Listing Regulations.

# Auditor's Responsibility

- 4. Pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Regulations, our responsibility is to express a reasonable assurance in the form of an opinion as to whether the Bank has complied with the conditions of corporate governance as stated in paragraph 2 above. Our responsibility is limited to examining the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Bank for ensuring the compliance with the conditions of corporate governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Bank.
- We have examined the relevant records of the Bank in accordance with the applicable Generally Accepted Auditing Standards in India, the Guidance 5. Note on Certification of Corporate Governance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'), and Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purposes issued by the ICAI which requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI
- 6. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

#### Opinion

Based on the procedures performed by us and to the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us, in our opinion the Bank 7. has complied, in all material respects, with the conditions of corporate governance as stipulated in the Listing Regulations during the year ended 31 March 2022

We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Bank nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Bank.

#### Restriction on use

8. This certificate is issued solely for the purpose of complying with the aforesaid Listing Regulations and may not be suitable for any other purpose.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 001076N/N500013

Murad D. Daruwalla Partner Membership No.: 043334

Place: Mumbai Date: 25 June 2022 UDIN: 22043334ALRCXA9848

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

# MACRO-ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT

The world economy witnessed a sharp revival in economic activity in early 2021 led by worldwide relaxations in lockdown restrictions and pent-up demand. As per the International Monetary Fund (IMF), global GDP grew by 6.10% in 2021 as against a contraction of 3.1% in 2020. However, the economic prospects were evolving with a lopsided favourable pickup in activity amongst the advanced economies (AEs) compared to the emerging economies (EMEs). The divergence in economic outlook was primarily led by the large disparities in vaccine access and in policy support, especially after the global resurgence of the highly transmissible Delta variant further postponed the return to pre-pandemic normalcy. The different variants of pandemic outbreaks worsened the supply chain disruptions, further reinforcing the slow-growth high inflation trends. The persistence of supply-led inflation posing risk of inflation expectations getting un-anchored prompted several Central Banks's into frontloading its policy withdrawal in H1FY22.

In India, the start to FY 2021-22 was mired with the sharp rise in infections due to the spread of the Delta variant, resulting in localized lockdowns. However, the localized nature of the lockdowns helped minimize disruptions to activity. While a favourable base aided the sharp jump in Q1FY22 growth to 20.08% (2.53% in Q4FY21), the sequential momentum fell sharply across the board due to the second Covid wave. Real GVA growth contracted sequentially by 14.49% (compared to +6.05% qoq in Q4FY21). As expected, due to the mobility restrictions in place, service sector was most affected (with trade and transportation declining the most). The manufacturing sector though sequentially lower, remained above the corresponding pre-pandemic guarter levels (Q1FY20). As activity continued its recovery, after the waning of the second wave and the easing of mobility restrictions, Q2FY22 real GDP and GVA posted positive sequential growth across all categories except for government spending. In Q3FY22, while the momentum slowed, real GVA growth remained steady with a growth of 4.71% led by service sector pick-up of 8.10%. Despite a slower momentum, components of GVA were all higher than their levels in the corresponding pre-pandemic period (Q3FY20).

FY 2021-22 real GDP growth came in at 8.68% against -6.60% in FY 2020-21. On a value added basis, real GVA would grew by 8.11% against -4.80% in FY 2020-21. The industrial sector grew by 10.27% in line with NSO estimates compared to -3.26% in FY 2020-21. Service sector posted a growth of 8.44% (-7.82% in FY 2020-21).On the expenditure side, private consumption grew by 7.91%, government consumption by 2.57% and investments by 15.80%.

In order to support growth, keeping in mind the muted sequential momentum, the government's announcement of its pro-growth budget is expected to facilitate investments in infrastructure and manufacturing through its sector-specific proposals like government incentives under various production-linked incentive (PLI) schemes for 'new' sectors, tariff protection through judicious use of high customs duties in the case of select sectors, and establishment of policy framework to encourage private sector investment in emerging areas (clean energy). The focus of the Union Budget on the public capex cycle is expected to crowd-in private investment in due course.

#### **Domestic Price Dynamics**

Inflation was very volatile in FY 2021-22 as the year started with a 4.23% reading in April 2021 and ended with 6.95% in March 2022, with five out of ——CPI Inflation ——Food Inflation ——Core CPI Inflation the twelve months exceeding the MPC's upper threshold of 6%. Persistence of supply chain disruptions, high food and fuel prices and pass-through of 1 high input prices remained the primary drivers of high inflation. While tax cuts on fuel, supply side government interventions and favourable base effects helped ease pressures, the rise in inflation became more broadbased. Headline CPI inflation breached the 6% threshold of the MPC in May and June 2021 before moderating below 5% between September-November 2021. However, with the escalation of the Russia-Ukraine war, supply-side pressures worsened and commodity prices surged sharply, especially oil and gas. The oil prices moved up to more than USD 130/bbl before moderating lower near the USD 100/bbl mark. The Brent oil prices surged by 69.83% in FY 2022. The successive shocks to the global economy Apr. Junyunul Sep. Junyunul Apr. Apr. has led to a broad based sustained price increases across commodities base metals, agriculture, input raw materials, fuels. The headline inflation Source: CEIC. Kotak Economic Research has averaged 5.51% in FY 2021-22 against 6.18% in FY 2020-21, with the moderation aided only by favourable base effect. Food inflation ranged between 0.7-7.68%, averaging 3.80%. Meanwhile, the core inflation (CPI inflation excluding food and fuel) ranged between 5.10 -6.59%, averaging 6.08%.

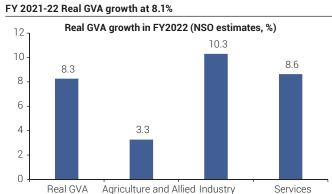
Going ahead, while the record high food grain production in FY 2021-22 should augment supply and enable some softening of food prices, the Bank expects the inflationary pressures to be skewed to the upside due to the persistence of global supply chain bottlenecks amidst the ongoing geopolitical conflicts along with resurgence of covid cases. There are clear risks of average inflation being higher than the MPCs upper threshold of 6% for the next two quarters which is expected to pose significant challenges for the MPC given that the Q4FY22 average inflation is already above the 6% threshold.

Change

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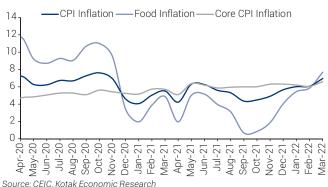
Consolidated Financial Statements

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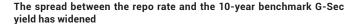
Source: CEIC, Kotak Economic Research

# CPI inflation averaged 5.5% in FY 2021-22 against 6.2% in FY 2020-21



# **Monetary Policy and Interest Rates**

RBI-MPC's heavy-lifting from the onset of the first wave of COVID-19 helped in stabilizing domestic financial markets. With rates and stance on an ultra-accommodative zone and the uncertainty with regard to how the economy will evolve from the pandemic, the MPC decided to shift its forward guidance to state-based rather than time-based in the April 2021 meeting. Further, the emergence of the risk of super reflationary cycle amongst the advanced economies in early 2021 disrupted the global financial market sentiments with spillovers witnessed in Indian markets as well, especially the bond markets. To mitigate the impact and ensure the orderly evolution of the yield curve with an objective to manage the heavy borrowing program smoothly, the RBI announced G-sec acquisition programme (G-SAP), a first time commitment by the Central Bank to upfront specify the amount of open market (OMOs) purchases of government securities. For Q1FY22, RBI announced ₹ 1 trillion of outright OMO purchases under G-SAP 1.0, with an intention to purchase ₹ 100 billion of State bonds too. Special refinance facilities of additional liquidity support of ₹ 500 billion for fresh lending during FY 2021-22 was extended to All India Financial Institutions (AIFIs)





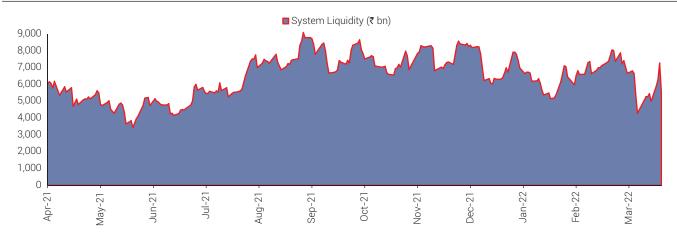
(ALELS) Source: Bloomberg, Kotak Economic Research

after ₹ 750 billion provided for in FY 2020-21. Additionally, the RBI restored the cash reserve ratio (CRR) to its pre-pandemic level of 4% of net demand and time liabilities (NDTL), effective 22<sup>nd</sup> May, 2021.

In Q2FY22, to continue with the accommodative stance with the objective of supporting the bond market, the RBI announced ₹ 1.2 trillion of outright OMO purchases under G-SAP 2.0. The RBI's support to the bond markets and the focus of the MPC to support growth over inflation continued till early September 2021 through continuation of the existing liquidity and policy stance. However, as the global supply shocks persisted posing sustained risk to inflation in the advanced economies (AEs), the central banks' acknowledged the need for early reversal in accommodative stance causing a stir in the bond markets. Rates globally saw the floor in mid-September 2021. Accordingly, the RBI began moving towards liquidity normalization and the G-Sap programme was discontinued by August 2021 given the then existing liquidity overhang. Instead, RBI conducted special OMO sale and purchases from September and later OMO sales (₹ 229.50 billion in H2FY22). In H1FY22, RBI has conducted net OMO purchases of ₹ 2.37 trillion (₹ 250 billion of T-Bills and SDLs and rest was Gsec). At the same time, the MPC decided to step up the use of Variable Rate Reverse Repo (VRRR) auctions, gradually increasing its quantum from ₹ 2 trillion in Q1FY22 to ₹ 7.50 trillion by 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2021.

RBI's rapid liquidity management through VRRRs led to a surge in the weighted average reverse repo rate to 3.99% (closer to the Repo rate which earlier was hovering near the reverse repo rate of 3.35%). Early halt of G-SAP 2.0, OMO sales in the secondary market along with adverse global conditions amidst escalating US bond yields and higher commodity prices unnerved the domestic bond markets. By mid-Q3FY22, some key AE central banks had turned hawkish (either starting their rate hike cycle or indicating an end to their asset purchase programme or indicating the timing of rate hikes). Further, weighing on the market sentiment was the announcement of significantly higher-than-expected gross market borrowing of ₹ 14.95 trillion in the FY 2022-23 budget and the absence of any mention of Indian bonds' inclusion in global bond indices. The yield on the 10-year benchmark moved from the years' low of 5.95% in May 2021 to 6.95% post the Union budget in February 2022. In a bid to mitigate the adverse impact, the RBI provided a very soft tone in the subsequent February policy reeffirming its stance of supporting durable growth and postponing the market expectation of early policy reversal. Additionally, auction and switch cancellations aided market sentiments towards the end of Q4FY22. However, the Russia-Ukraine war prompted a swift reversal in the RBI's stance in April 2022 with the focus reverting back to inflation over growth. Effectively, the benchmark 10-year yield rose by 67 bps during FY 2021-22 to end at 6.84%.

# The system liquidity remains well in surplus



Source: RBI, Kotak Economic Research

#### **External Sector Dynamics and the USD/INR**

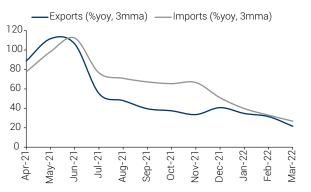
The external sector, while comfortable in Q1FY22, had started to come under pressure since Q2FY22 on account of the widening trade deficit and net capital outflows. As per the official release, for 9MFY22 the current account deficit is at 1.16% of GDP, with Q1FY2022 registering a surplus (0.91% of GDP) and while the following two quarters registering a deficit (-1.30% and -2.74%, respectively). With the recovery of domestic demand, import growth has outpaced export growth for most of FY 2022 even as exports have recorded their best year yet (crossing the US\$400 billion-mark). The capital account, on the other hand, has remained in surplus territory till Q3FY22, with the 9MFY22 capital account registering a surplus of 3.88% of GDP aided by net foreign investment inflows in 9MFY22 (USD 24.95 billion), and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs) inflow from IMF in Q2FY22 (USD 17.86 billion). The external sector

started to show signs of weakness from 2HFY22 amidst elevated commodity prices and capital outflows on account of diverging monetary policies reaction functions. In FY 2021-22, net foreign portfolio investments have registered an outflow of USD 17.23 bn in compared to an inflow of USD 36.14 billion in FY 2021-22. Meanwhile net FDI flows have been robust at USD 39.38 billion in FY 2021-22.

While FPI inflows and the potential inclusion of Indian bonds in the global bond index strengthened the INR in Q1FY22, the currency came under pressure from Q2FY22 onwards as advanced economies began the process of raising policy rates to tackle elevated inflation. The RBI MPC also preferred to remain accommodative to help nurture growth and achieve durable recovery, especially as inflation mostly remained below the MPC's upper threshold limit of 6% (except in May and June 2021). INR continued to remain under depreciation pressure due to elevated global financial market volatility on the back of rising US Treasury yields, higher crude oil and other commodity prices and FPI outflows. Consequently, the INR average fell from 73.79 in Q1FY22 to 74.09 in Q2FY22 and to 74.95 in Q3FY22. The onset of the Russia-Ukraine war in February 2022, led to the worsening of global sentiments which weighed further on the INR pushing the Q4FY22 average further lower to 75.24. In FY 2021-22, the INR moved in the range of ₹ 72.44-76.97. On the whole, the INR depreciated by 3.66% to end the year at ₹ 75.79.

Overall, India's FX reserves stood firm at around USD 618 billion at the end of FY 2021-22. The robust external sector in H1FY22 created room for RBI to purchase around USD 40 billion of US Dollars, with the peak FX reserves being around USD 642 billion in September 2021. However, Dollar sales in H2FY22 to avert volatility in INR and adverse valuations has led to around USD 24 billion of fall in FX reserves from the peak.

## Import growth has outpaced the healthy export growth



Source: CEIC, Kotak Economic Research

#### CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE<sup>1</sup>

The Bank, along with its subsidiaries (the Group), offers a comprehensive range of financial products and services to its customers. The key businesses are commercial banking, investment banking, stock broking, vehicle finance, advisory services, asset management, life insurance and general insurance.

The financial results of the subsidiaries and associates used for preparation of the consolidated financial results are in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India ('GAAP') specified under Section 133 and relevant provision of Companies Act, 2013.

COVID-19 a global pandemic affected the world economy over last two years. The revival of economic activity has improved in FY 2021-22 supported by wide vaccination coverage, improved business outlook and relaxation of restrictions. Based on the improved outlook, the Bank and its subsidiaries have reversed COVID-19 related provision amounting to ₹ 835.49 crore during FY 2021-22. On a prudent basis, the Bank and its subsidiaries continue to hold provisions aggregating to ₹ 560.59 crore as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 against the potential impact of COVID-19 based on the circumstances at this point in time. The extent to which COVID19 pandemic will impact the Bank and its subsidiaries' results will depend on future developments owing to the nature and duration of COVID-19.

The Bank and the major entities in the Group continued to be rated "AAA" rating during the year.

## **Entity-Wise Capital and Reserves of the Group**

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Kotak Mahindra Bank	72,456.47	63,726.97
Kotak Mahindra Prime	7,494.41	6,622.88
Kotak Mahindra Investments	2,488.54	2,117.40
Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund	449.17	416.87
Kotak Securities	6,290.75	5,321.42
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company	885.47	688.83
Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance	4,389.20	4,045.47
Kotak Mahindra General Insurance	233.35	191.34
Kotak Mahindra AMC & Trustee Co	1,627.25	1,232.73
International Subsidiaries	1,539.31	1,339.99
Kotak Investment Advisors	763.45	404.85
Other Entities	418.20	301.68
Total	99,035.57	86,410.43

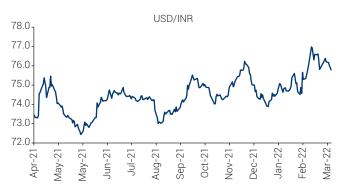
<sup>1</sup> GRI 103-2, 103-3

Financial Highlights

**Consolidated Financial Statements** 

Bank Reports and Statements





Source: Bloomberg, Kotak Economic Research



		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Add: Share in Associates	1,186.35	1,028.90
Less: Consolidated Adjustments	(3,087.85)	(2,602.85)
Consolidated Capital and Reserves*	97,134.03	84,836.45

\*Includes Preference Share Capital

# **Consolidated Performance**

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Total Income	58,882.82	56,296.47
Consolidated PAT	12,089.39	9,990.20
Consolidated Capital and Reserves (As at year-end)	97,134.03	84,836.45
Key Ratios		
Return on Average Assets (RoAA) %	2.36%	2.16%
Return on Average Networth %	13.42%	12.80%
Earnings per equity share (diluted) (₹)	60.73	50.49
Book-value per equity share (₹)	486.90	425.55
Net Interest Margin (NIM) %	4.69%	4.47%
Gross NPA %	2.37%	3.22%
Net NPA %	0.71%	1.23%
Consolidated Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) %*	23.68%	23.38%
CET I*	22.70%	22.49%

\*As per Basel III norms issued by RBI

The Group had capital and reserves of ₹ 97,134.03 crore as on 31st March, 2022 (₹ 84,836.45 crore as on 31st March, 2021) The Group's return on average net worth was 13.42% for FY 2021-22 compared to 12.80% for FY 2020-21. The Bank maintained high capital adequacy ratio in uncertain times, which resulted in lower return on equity.

The financial results of subsidiaries are explained later in this discussion. A snapshot of the entity-wise Profit before Tax (PBT) and Profit after Tax (PAT) is as follows:

# **Financial Results of Subsidiaries**

			(₹ in crore)
FY 202	FY 2021-22		1
PBT	PAT	PBT	PAT
11,361.31	8,572.69	9,302.99	6,964.84
1,179.79	885.51	720.40	534.71
498.57	371.15	345.84	257.76
32.35	32.35	33.10	33.10
109.51	82.81	30.87	23.17
1,333.50	1,001.33	1,057.43	792.64
315.70	244.75	110.94	82.28
596.49	425.38	897.47	691.93
(82.98)	(82.98)	1.63	1.63
600.69	454.13	465.14	346.29
154.94	118.13	170.36	154.14
82.16	60.37	54.67	42.93
16,182.03	12,165.61	13,190.84	9,925.41
	157.57		87.31
	(233.79)		(22.51)
	12,089.39		9,990.20
	PBT 11,361.31 1,179.79 498.57 32.35 109.51 1,333.50 315.70 596.49 (82.98) 600.69 154.94 82.16	PBT         PAT           11,361.31         8,572.69           1,1,79.79         885.51           498.57         371.15           32.35         32.35           109.51         82.81           1,333.50         1,001.33           315.70         244.75           596.49         425.38           (82.98)         (82.98)           600.69         454.13           154.94         118.13           82.16         60.37           16,182.03         12,165.61           (233.79)         (233.79)	PBT         PAT         PBT           11,361.31         8,572.69         9,302.99           1,179.79         885.51         720.40           498.57         371.15         345.84           32.35         32.35         33.10           109.51         82.81         30.87           1,333.50         1,001.33         1,057.43           315.70         244.75         110.94           596.49         425.38         897.47           (82.98)         (82.98)         1.63           600.69         454.13         465.14           154.94         118.13         170.36           82.16         60.37         54.67           16,182.03         12,165.61         13,190.84           (233.79)         (233.79)         157.57

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# Contribution of the Affiliates\* to the Net Profit of the Group

Name of the Company	Investment by Kotak Group	% shareholding of the Group	Group's share for FY 2021-22
Infina Finance Pvt Ltd	1.1	49.99%	111.89
Phoenix ARC Pvt Ltd	100.0	49.90%	45.72

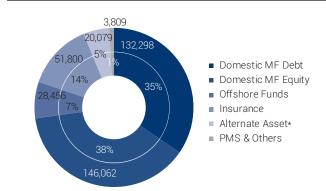
associate from that date.

Assets under Management (AUM) as on 31st March, 2022 were ₹ 382,504 crore (₹ 323,762 crore as on 31st March, 2021), comprising assets managed and advised by the Group.

Relationship value of Private Banking, Priority and Investment Advisory business was ~ ₹ 641,000 crore as on 31st March, 2022 (~₹ 382,000 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021).

# Split of the Assets Under Management (AUM) Across the Group

AUM - ₹ 382,504 crore – 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022



\*including undrawn commitments, wherever applicable

The Group has a wide distribution network of branches and franchisees across India, an International Business Unit at Gujarat International Finance Tec-City (GIFT), overseas branch at the Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC), and international offices in London, New York, Dubai, Abu Dhabi, Mauritius and Singapore.

# Bank, Its Subsidiaries and Associates: Financial and Operating Performance

#### **Bank Highlights**

Kotak Mahindra Bank (the Bank) is the flagship company of the Kotak Group. The principal business activities of the Bank are organised into consumer banking, commercial banking, corporate banking, treasury, private banking and recovery of acquired stressed assets. The consumer, commercial and corporate banking businesses correspond to the key customer segments of the Bank. The treasury offers specialised products and services to these customer segments and also undertakes asset liability management as well as proprietary trading for the Bank.

Profit Before Tax (PBT) of the Bank for FY 2021-22 was ₹ 11,361.31 crore as against ₹ 9,302.99 crore for FY 2020-21. Profit After Tax (PAT) of the Bank was ₹ 8,572.69 crore in FY 2021-22 compared with ₹ 6,964.84 crore in FY 2020-21. RoAA for FY 2021-22 was 2.13% compared to 1.85% for FY 2020-21.

# **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

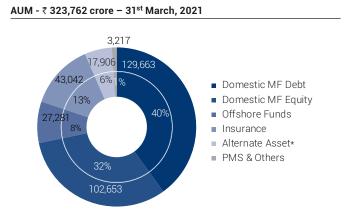
# A synopsis of the Profit and Loss Account

Particulars	
Net Interest Income	
Other Income	
Net Total Income	
Employee Cost	
Other Operating Expenses	
Operating Expenditure	
Operating Profit	
Provision & Contingencies (Net)	

Change

Financial Highlights

**Consolidated Financial Statements** 



	(₹ in crore)
FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
16,817.91	15,339.65
6,354.35	5,006.51
23,172.26	20,346.16
4,582.35	3,729.13
6,539.04	4,855.01
11,121.39	8,584.14
12,050.87	11,762.03
689.56	2,459.04

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
- Provision on Advances (Net)	1,494.78	1,875.96
- General Provision COVID-19 related	(732.00)	629.00
- Provision on Other Receivables	18.15	(1.52)
- Provision on Investments	(91.37)	(44.40)
PBT	11,361.31	9,302.99
Provision for Tax	2,788.62	2,338.15
РАТ	8,572.69	6,964.84

# Net Interest Income

Net Interest Income (NII) of the Bank for FY 2021-22 was ₹ 16,817.91 crore compared to ₹ 15,339.65 crore for FY 2020-21. The Bank had a Net Interest Margin (NIM), excluding dividend income and interest on income-tax refund, of 4.62% for FY 2021-22 compared to 4.41% for FY 2020-21. During the year:

- The yield on interest earning assets decreased from 7.73% for FY 2020-21 to 7.43% for FY 2021-22 mainly due to decrease in yields of advances and investments and change in asset mix.
- Cost of funds decreased from 3.81% in FY 2020-21 to 3.23% in FY 2021-22 primarily due to decrease in rates offered on savings account deposits • and term deposits and change in liability mix.
- The average interest earning assets increased by 4.57% from ₹ 347,049.15 crore for FY 2020-21 to ₹ 362,925.31 crore for FY 2021-22. .

# Non-Interest Income

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Commission, Exchange and Brokerage	4,554.79	3,384.08
Profit on Sale of Investments	(0.92)	272.53
Profit on Revaluation of Investments	(933.95)	(452.68)
Profit on Exchange on Transactions (Net) (Including Derivatives)	1,859.46	1,233.41
Profit on Recoveries of Non-Performing Assets Acquired	163.68	172.09
Income From Subsidiaries/Associates Towards Shared Services	117.78	111.56
Dividend From Subsidiaries	201.76	15.62
Others	391.75	269.90
Total Other Income	6,354.35	5,006.51

Non-interest income increased from ₹ 5,006.51 crore in FY 2020-21 to ₹ 6,354.35 crore in FY 2021-22 due to:

- . Increase in commission, exchange and brokerage income mainly due to increase in services charges on loans, direct banking fees and charges, credit card fees, third party distribution income and referral fees.
- Increase in Profit on exchange on transactions (net) (including derivatives) compared to the previous year .
- Increase in dividend income from subsidiaries .
- Increase in others is primarily due to higher income received from sale of Priority Sector Lending (PSL) certificates

This was offset, in part, by:

- Lower profit on sale of investments
- Increase in mark-to-market provision on investments

# **Employee Cost**

Employee cost of the Bank has increased to ₹ 4,582.35 crore for FY 2021-22 compared to ₹ 3,729.13 crore for FY 2020-21 primarily due to increase in employee count, employee incentives, offset, in part, by decrease in retirement obligations. The employee base increased from 51,734 as on 31st March, 2021 to 66,473 as on 31st March, 2022.

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# **Other Operating Expenses**

#### Particulars

Rent, Taxes And Lighting
Printing and Stationery
Advertisement, Publicity and Promotion
Depreciation on Bank's Property
Directors' Fees, Allowances and Expenses
Auditors' Fees and Expenses
Law Charges
Postage, Telephone Etc.
Repairs And Maintenance
Insurance
Travel and Conveyance
Professional Charges
Brokerage
Stamping Expenses
Other Expenditure
Reimbursement From Group Companies
Total

Other operating expenses were ₹ 6,539.04 crore for FY 2021-22 compared to ₹ 4,855.01 crore for FY 2020-21, primarily due to:

- . Increase in brokerage expenses consistent with increased business volumes

- Increase in promotional spends
- FY 2020-21
- Increase in other expenses is primarily on account of:
  - 0 card transactions
  - Increase in ATM acquiring fees and subvention expenses 0
- Increase in GST write-off expenses 0
- 0 Increase in recovery expenses and legal charges
- Higher expenditure on corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities 0

The Bank's Cost to Income ratio was at 47.99% for FY 2021-22 as compared to 42.19% for FY 2020-21

# Provisions and Contingencies (excluding tax)

Provisions and contingencies (excluding tax) were ₹ 689.56 crore for FY 2021-22 compared to ₹ 2,459.04 crore for FY 2020-21 primarily due to lower specific provision on loans (excluding COVID-19 related provisions) by ₹ 381.2 crore and reversal of COVID-19 related provision of ₹ 732.00 crore compared to a provision of ₹ 629.00 crore in FY 2020-21. This, was offset, in part, by higher reversal of provision on investments by ₹ 46.97 crore in FY 2021-22.

The Bank held an aggregate COVID-19 related provision of ₹ 1,279 crore as of 1st April, 2021. Based on the improved outlook, the Bank has reversed provisions amounting to ₹ 732 crore during FY 2021-22. On a prudent basis, the Bank continues to hold provision of ₹ 547 crore as at 31st March, 2022 against the potential impact of COVID-19.

Credit cost on Advances (excluding COVID-19 related provisions) was 55 bps for FY 2021-22 compared to 84 bps for FY 2020-21.

# Provision for tax

Provision for tax increased from ₹ 2,338.15 crore for FY 2020-21 to ₹ 2,788.62 crore for FY 2021-22 primarily due to higher profits in FY 2021-22.

Change

**Financial Highlights** 

Consolidated Financial Statements

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	(₹ in crore)
FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
718.06	687.39
101.07	57.33
174.87	104.64
380.99	366.77
2.82	2.05
3.55	2.62
26.79	46.32
258.50	174.33
625.43	508.86
356.02	323.69
64.18	52.24
1,162.19	796.37
485.87	193.41
11.90	4.90
2,186.06	1,555.00
(19.26)	(20.91)
 6,539.04	4,855.01
6,539.04	4,855.01

Increase in repairs and maintenance expenses due to increase in repairs and refurbishment of branches and increase in number of branches

Increase in 811 acquisition cost and higher amount of fee payments to business correspondents, which is consistent with business volumes.

Increase in postage, telephone and printing and stationery expenses due to resumption of regular office work compared to remote working during

Increase in credit card expenses mainly due to higher POS expenses, credit card promotional/association charges and increase in volume of

# **BALANCE SHEET**

The assets and liabilities composition of the Bank is as follows:

		(₹ in crore)
Liabilities	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Capital and Reserves	72,456.47	63,726.97
Deposits	311,684.11	280,100.05
- Current Account Deposits (CA)	64,661.98	52,086.98
- Fixed Rate Savings Account Deposits (SA)	117,908.39	106,100.64
- Floating Rate Savings Account Deposits (SA)	6,563.78	11,125.10
- Term Deposits (TD) Sweeps	21,905.59	20,923.65
- Other TDs	100,644.38	89,863.67
Borrowings	25,967.12	23,650.65
Other Liabilities and Provisions	19,320.69	15,992.50
Total	429,428.40	383,470.16

		(₹ in crore)
Assets	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Cash and Bank Balances	42,923.94	39,626.53
Investments	100,580.22	105,099.19
- Government Securities	75,135.09	85,344.87
- Credit Substitutes	21,227.48	15,168.40
- Other Securities	4,217.6	4,585.9
Advances	271,253.60	223,670.16
Fixed Assets and Other Assets	14,670.64	15,074.28
Total	429,428.40	383,470.16

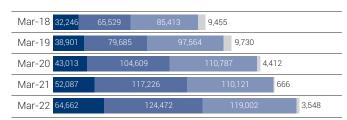
The Bank's capital adequacy continue to be healthy with overall CRAR at 22.69% (CET1 ratio 21.51%) as compared to 22.26% (CET1 ratio 21.20%) as on 31st March, 2021.

#### Deposits

The Bank's strategy is based on its fundamental philosophy to build a lowcost and stable liability franchise. The Bank's deposits grew to ₹ 311,684.11 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 compared to ₹ 280,100.05 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021. CASA deposits increased to ₹ 189,134.14 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 to ₹ 169,312.72 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021. CASA ratio stood at 60.68% as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 compared to 60.45% as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021.

Fixed Rate Savings account (SA) deposits grew by 11.13% to ₹ 117,908.42 crore and Current account (CA) deposits grew by 24.14% to ₹ 64,661.98 crore. Total Term deposits (TD), including certificate of deposits, grew by 10.62% to ₹ 122,549.97 crore.

# Deposits (₹ crore)



CA SA TD CD

During FY 2021-22, average SA increased by 10.46% to ₹ 120,193.91 crore compared to ₹ 108,811.94 crore in FY 2020-21 and average CA increased by 26.07% to ₹ 49,775.84 crore from ₹ 39,481.36 crore in FY 2020-21.

CASA plus term deposits below ₹ 5 crore account for 89% of the total deposits.

# Advances

The classification of advances of the Bank is as follows:

		(₹ in crore)
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Corporate Banking	66,212.09	62,401.22
Small and Medium Enterprises (SME)	20,905.91	16,682.14
Commercial Vehicles & Construction Equipment (CV/CE)	22,489.91	20,377.49
Agriculture Division	25,207.49	21,707.89
Tractor Finance	10,765.83	9,411.0
Micro Finance	3,052.09	2,032.77
Home Loans and Loan Against Property (LAP)	76,076.63	54,749.16
Consumer Bank Working Capital (Secured)	26,444.30	21,839.22
Personal Loans, Business Loans & Consumer Durables	10,070.92	7,022.08
Credit Cards	5,572.05	3,968.51
Other Loans	4,456.38	3,478.68
Total Advances	271,253.60	223,670.16
Credit Substitutes	21,227.48	15,168.40
Total Customer Assets	292,481.08	238,838.56

Integrated Annual Report 2021-22

# **~**

Advances grew at 21.3% to ₹ 271,253.60 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 compared to ₹ 223,670.16 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021. Customer Assets grew at 22.46% to ₹ 292,481.08 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 compared to ₹ 238,838.56 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021. The growth in Advances was seen across all the segments with a higher contribution from retail banking from home loans and loans against property (LAP), consumer bank working capital (Secured), personal loans, business loans and consumer durables and credit cards as a result of an increase in demand in these segments.

The Bank's credit deposit ratio stood at 87.03% as of 31st March, 2022 over 79.85% as of 31st March, 2021.

# **Asset Quality**

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While some stress has been observed in segments such as Personal Loans, Business Loans & Consumer Durables, Working Capital, Credit cards, CV/CE and Agriculture division, the Bank has an overall healthy asset quality.

The position of Gross and Net NPA is as under:

			(₹ in crore)
Particulars		31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Gross NPA		6,469.74	7,425.51
Gross NPA %		2.34%	3.25%
Net NPA		1,736.71	2,705.17
Net NPA %		0.64%	1.21%
Clippogoo for EV 2021 22 wore ₹ 4,216 prore (EV 2020 21)	₹ E 499 arara) whataga recovering and ungred	an wora ₹ 1042 orora	(EV 2020 21, ₹ 2 462

Slippages for FY 2021-22 were ₹ 4,316 crore (FY 2020-21: ₹ 5,488 crore) whereas recoveries and upgrades were ₹ 4,042 crore (FY 2020-21: ₹ 2,462 crore). The provision coverage ratio, including technical write off, was 79.05% as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 as compared to 70.23% as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021. Total provisioning towards advances (including specific, standard, COVID related, etc.) held as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 was ₹ 6,710 crore.

# Restructuring

In accordance with Resolution Framework for COVID-19 announced by RBI on 6<sup>th</sup> August, 2020, the Bank has implemented one-time restructuring for certain eligible borrowers and such borrowers are classified as Standard in accordance with the above framework.

Standard Restructured FB o/s under COVID resolution frameworks was ₹ 417 cr as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 [0.15% of Advances] and under MSME resolution frameworks was ₹ 788 cr as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 [0.29% of Advances]. The Bank has made an additional provision over regulatory requirement on standard restructured book of ₹ 120 crore (10% of the book).

# Directed Lending

# **Priority Sector Lending and Investments**

The RBI guidelines on priority sector lending require banks to lend 40.00% of their adjusted net bank credit (ANBC), to fund certain types of activities carried out by specified borrowers. Out of the overall target of 40.00%, banks are required to lend a minimum of 18.00% of their ANBC to the agriculture sector. Sub-targets of 9.00% for lending to small & marginal farmers (out of agriculture) and 7.50% lending target to micro-enterprises were introduced from fiscal 2016. Average lending to non-corporate farmers is notified by RBI on basis of the banking system's average level at the beginning of each year. RBI notified a target level of 12.73% of ANBC for this purpose for fiscal 2022 (FY 2020-21: 12.14%). The banks are also required to lend 11.00% of their ANBC to certain borrowers under the 'weaker section' category. Priority sector lending achievement is evaluated on a quarterly average basis.

The shortfall in the amount required to be lent to the priority sectors and weaker sections may be required to be deposited in funds with government sponsored Indian development banks like the National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development, the Small Industries Development Bank of India, the National Housing Bank, MUDRA Limited and other financial institutions as decided by the RBI from time to time. These deposits have a maturity of up to seven years and carry interest rates lower than market rates. At 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, the Bank's total investment in such bonds was ₹ 5,572.40 crore (31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021; ₹ 6,314.51 crore).

As prescribed in the RBI guideline, the Bank's priority sector lending achievement is computed on a quarterly average basis. Total average priority sector lending for FY 2021-22 was ₹ 98,905.01 crore (FY 2020-21: ₹ 95,155.68 crore) constituting 44.19% (FY 2020-21: 43.95%) of ANBC, against the requirement of 40.00% of ANBC.

A brief analysis of the performance of various divisions of the Bank is as follows:

# Consumer Banking

# Branch Banking

The Bank continued to roll out several initiatives aimed at offering a superior and differentiated customer experience.

# Network

The Bank had 1,700 branches (excluding GIFT and DIFC) and 2,705 ATMs as on 31st March, 2022.

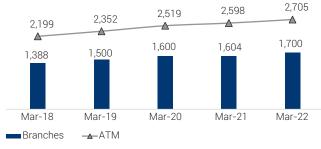
Introduced Micro ATM (Card + Pin) that will cut across geographies. Micro ATM services is a dedicated offering by the Bank appointed Business Correspondents (BC) to deliver basic banking services like cash withdrawal and balance inquiry. With this enablement, the Bank will widen its network presence for customers and increase the touchpoints across India, hence, ensuring its reach and enhanced customer service.

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#### **Branches and ATM growth**



Key initiatives taken during the year are:

# **Products and Services**

Launch of Pay your Contact – a new feature on the Kotak app that enabled customers to send money to a mobile number registered against any app. As just 1 of the 3 providers of this service, this brought immense value addition to the Bank's digitally savvy customers. The launch and the usage were supported by an aggressive channel and marketing campaign akin to e-com brands. In a short span of 9 months the daily transactions rose to 82,000 a day and 2.3 million a month (February 2022) and still growing. Further, product enhancements in this space will fuel future growth in transactions and also ensure a more loyal customer base

Kotak Silk, banking program designed especially for women, believes financial independence leads to true empowerment for women. This International Women's Day, Silk unveiled a unique sculpture #MeriUdaan as a tribute to Indian Women on their journey towards becoming 'Aatmanirbhar'. As a part of this initiative, Kotak Silk tied up with many influential women to share their journey towards financial independence and conducted webinars for customers to share information on financial success. The Bank also offered an enhanced value proposition that bundled a bouquet of product offers during this period, and felicitated its women customers at branches.

The Privy League Program of the Bank is the premium banking offering for the High Net worth Customers. Continuing with the agenda of expanding the programme outreach to meet the need states of newer customer segments, this flagship programme of the Bank has now been extended to Senior executives of Premium Corporates through an exclusive set of curated benefits. The Bank has also extended the exclusive Privy League Programme to high ranking defence and Police officials.

Kotak Grand, the banking program for senior citizens, tied up with Indian Health Organization to provide a Health Card to its customers, which entitled them to discounts on consultation, treatment and healthcare procedures.

The Bank improved on-boarding experience for its Savings customers during the current financial year by migrating to a new platform for assisted Biometric based account opening. The new platform offers seamless on-boarding experience to its customers with an improved User Interface, instant responses and a capability to handling higher business volumes. The Bank has also rolled out biometric account opening facility for 'Business Correspondent' channel in order to reach out and financially empower the unbanked masses.

The Bank managed to break new grounds in the mobility product – Fastag. Kotak FASTag count is now over 2 million with toll payment at nearly ₹ 145 crore for FY2021-22. In FY2021-22, the Bank has achieved best in industry growth rate and have multiplied its user base by 4 times acquiring more than 10% of all Fastag user added by the Industry.

Introduced end-to-end eSignature and eStamping of documents, these solutions help the Bank to send all requirement documents to customer electronically and get esigned and stamped by the customer and send it back to the Bank. This brings speed and reduces customer physical touch points and seamlessly process the documentation

The Bank continues to actively participate in various Financial Inclusion initiatives:

Along with the existing 150 plus Aadhaar enrolment centres at branches, the Bank has also launched a new initiative of "Aadhaar on Wheels" - a mobile vehicle based services, which will allow the customer to Enrol / update Aadhaar with ease at a preferred location close to their residence or offices. Camps will be setup at pre-decided date and time at various locations such as housing societies, schools, colleges, government offices, etc. The said initiative has already been live in Pune, Surat, Mumbai, Delhi and the Bank is also planning to extend this facility at various other locations across Pan India.

The Bank has been leveraging various digital platforms with a view to provide a seamless services to its customers. The Bank has gone live with the Digital account opening solution for business correspondents wherein customers can open accounts using biometric e- KYC option and have opened over 55,000 accounts using this option.

The Bank has launched Atal Pension Yojana (APY) booking on mobile application in October 2021. With this enablement the Bank has already sourced over 9100 APY subscriptions for the year.

The Bank has also initiated a tie-up with various Milk Mandlis across Gujarat to provide banking solutions to the Milk Farmers and their families. With this the sale proceeds of the milk, poorer farmers will be credited directly in customer account at regular intervals and customers can access their funds using the Kotak ATM setup in the selected villages. So far four village cluster's had been identified and ATMs are already setup at these locations.

In partnership with PVR, the Bank launched a co-branded debit card i.e. Kotak PVR Debit Card. This Debit Card comes with a host of exclusive privileges, such as customers earn PVR reward points on every purchase carried out using their Kotak PVR Debit Card. Reward Points earned can then be redeemed at PVR outlets for food, beverages or movie tickets.

Education loan tie-up with leading NFBCs to provide lending for domestic and international education.

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One of the mandatory requirements of German education/employment Visa is to earmark certain sustenance fund in a blocked account. KMBL is the only Indian bank, which has been authorized to provide such a facility. To ensure and enhance superior customer experience a German Portal has been launched, to service this request end to end digitally. This would ensure more applications move to its counters and along with that new customer base.

The Bank has rebranded/repositioned its current account product as a business banking solution account. The Bank has rolled out various initiatives for its business banking customers to make onboarding convenient and easy. Introduction of InstaKit for all business banking constitutions has now enabled the customer to transact immediately once the account is activated. Now a business banking customer can be onboard on various value added services with a tick on the account opening form. The Bank now provides connected banking solutions to its MSME customers enabling them to connect with various ERP service providers and Fintechs. Connected banking solutions will further enable a MSME to connect with industry specific ecosystem and help in improving the overall customer ease and experience. The Bank has successfully integrated itself with multiple data source systems and platforms digitally and now effectively uses publicly available information to cross sell and upsell its customers. The Bank is one of the banking partners on the website of Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA).

On World MSME day, the Bank has launched a campaign which celebrated the attitude of India's young entrepreneurs with a series of inspiring videos -'Empowering Business, Empowering You'.

The Bank has taken a big leap into creating a digital footprint in FY2021-22. The NRI customers of the Bank can now open Investment Accounts online. This is the most convenient and safe mode of opening investment accounts and to start investing in mutual funds. This initiative has led to a 3-fold rise in NRI investment account opening in the last six months of the fiscal year.

In early FY2021-22, the Bank enabled National Pension System ("NPS") on Mobile Platform both on Android and iOS Platforms. Currently, the Bank is among the only 2 Private Banks where such facility is being offered to the existing bank customer. With this enablement, of individual NPS account sourcing has moved to Mobile Banking, a big leap in digital initiatives by the Bank.

The Bank has a completely online mechanism to invest through Bank ASBA and UPI in IPO/FPO/Rights Issues/NCD/SGB. This proposition has been further sweetened with the introduction of instant online IPO Funding facility.

Kotak811, which started in March 2017 as a digital acquisition engine to acquire customers with zero balance savings accounts, now operates as a "Semi-Autonomous" Digital bank within the Bank with an additional focus on engagement and cross-sell. During FY2021-22, customer base grew by 50% YoY and cross-sell grew exponentially.

#### **Customer Convenience**

Customer convenience remains the core thread intertwining of the Bank's digital initiatives during the year. This year, technology was leveraged to deliver customer experience, business efficiency, business collaborations and cybersecurity.

# **Digital Payments**

New "Pay Your Contact" feature on the App uses UPI to enable customers to send money to a contact by selecting or entering the beneficiary's mobile number.

"Unified Dispute and Issue Resolution (UDIR)" allows customers to check UPI status and raise dispute from Third Party Application Providers (TPAP). Customers can set auto debit mandate from TPAPs. E-Rupi - prepaid voucher functionality via UPI. Customers can withdraw cash at POS using UPI. "Spendz" enables customers to do UPI transactions from pre-funded account.

Bharat Bill Payment System (BBPS) integration was taken live, enabling new categories like Housing Societies, Hospitals, Education, Clubs and Associations.

### Transformation

The Bank has enhanced digital offerings on service requests across all digital channels with 65% of overall SRs happening via digital for instant processing. An automation CoE has been created to scale automation projects to enhance CX, risk mitigation and build 2X business efficiencies.

The customer now has the options of tracking his cheques on the cheque portal and updating the address via Net Banking channel. Inward remittances have now an improved turnaround time by almost 75%. TAT for eGBO services for corporates has been improved by 50%.

# Net Banking

Constant improvement of the revamped Net banking platform is the focus. New loan products in the form of Insta Business loan, DigiOD and Loan against securities. Pre-approved offers in insurance and KGI Health Premier, KLI Health Shield, Kotak Assured Savings Plan and a revamped Policy section. Revamped one-stop service request section with 70+ options.

# **Mobile Banking**

Kotak Mobile Banking offers a feature rich Mobile Banking experience with 250 + features live. App continues to be amongst the Top rated Banking app in both IOS and Android.

Support for vernacular languages has been added, starting with Hindi and more to follow. New payment features were launched such as Pay your Contact, Gifting, Positive pay confirmation, and foreign remittance, while empowering consumers with controls across PG limits, transaction limits and quick access to report frauds and raise disputes. Other new launches include Smart EMI, Insta Overdraft, NPS and pre-approved offers for all products.

- Among the top rated banking apps on app stores with an iOS rating of 4.8 and Android rating of 4.4
- Monthly active user growth of 40% YoY
- Growth of 123% in transaction volumes and 53% in transaction value YoY

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# **Conversational Banking**

Keya and WhatsApp Banking have emerged as mainstream banking channels, with improved responsiveness of the contact centre and providing frictionless and convenient services to Kotak customers. 811 customers can now enquire about features and charges. Customers can do Mobile and DTH recharges. AI NLP capabilities have been improved resulting in 95% accuracy in query responses.

#### New business and new models

A dedicated app for merchants has been launched, called Kotak.biz. This enables merchants to accept Cards, Bharat QR and UPI payments through their own mobiles. Payswiff is the Bank's technology partner for its Merchant App – Kotak.biz. The partnership with Pine Labs has enabled the Bank to foray into some of the largest retailers in the country. Mosambee and Ezetap partnerships have enabled the Bank to offer versatile payment options built on the Android platform.

## Digital Lending

Focus is on digitalizing end-to-end journeys, from product discovery to loan servicing. New journeys have been built to apply for loan products across the various digital channels. All platforms and downstream systems are being migrated to more robust systems in order to enhance these offerings and improve customer experience. A new home search platform and various calculators have been launched on the website. Various digital enablers were implemented to improve the efficiency of internal channels and reduce TAT for fulfilling loan applications.

## **Innovation Lab**

End consumers using partner software can now access Kotak banking services directly from their business applications. Enabled balance enquiry and bank statement as the first services.

Kotak Bank has joined the Account Aggregator ecosystem to empower customers to control access to their data for their own benefit. AA ecosystem data is to be utilized in lending journeys to start with OCEN platform has also been integrated for real time cashflow-based lending to existing customers.

#### **Consumer Assets**

Under the Consumer Assets portfolio, the Bank offers a wide range of products. The key ones are home loans, loans against property, personal loans, gold loans, working capital loans (for small businesses). Consumer Bank advances increased by 34.67% in FY2021-22.

Consumer Assets team scaled up business across both Unsecured Lending, Credit Cards & Home Loans/LAP inspite of the business impact in April-May 2022 on account of Covid 2.0.

The Bank continued to focus on building a significant book from active engagement with existing liability customers of the Bank.

### **Products and Services**

Home Loan business volumes grew YoY by 129% backed by a strong campaign highlighting the Bank's rate benefit.

Credit Card business posted strong volume growth in the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of the FY, crossing 12 lakh cards for the year. The credit business also launched a cobrand card partnering with Indigo airlines. The business also launched Veer card dedicated to the armed forces on Rupay platform.

Personal loans business also posted strong volume growth YoY.

Consumer Finance Business is now clocking over 50,000 loans per month (on an average) with focus on both online and offline business.

On the Business Banking Assets front, the Bank also launched its Healthcare Finance vertical for a targeted approach to meet the financial needs of this segment.

Multiple digital journeys for customer acquisition on assets and cards have been undertaken and will go live during FY2022-23.

#### **Commercial Banking**

The Commercial Banking business focuses on meeting the banking and financial needs of various segments. The Commercial Bank has specialised units which offer financial solutions in the areas of commercial vehicles, construction equipment, tractor, gold loans and agriculture business. It services the priority sector by providing finance for tractor, crop loans, to small enterprises and for allied agricultural activities. The business plays a significant role in meeting financial inclusion goals and financing deep into 'Bharat' through an expanding network of branches and associates.

Trend of commercial advances over the last five years is as below: **Commercial Banking Advances** (₹ crore)

# Mar 18 38,795 Mar 19 47,259 Mar 20 48,547 Mar 21 54,162 Mar 22 62,236

# **Commercial Equipment (CE)**

India's CE industry, currently the 3<sup>rd</sup> largest in the world, witnessed a drop of 15% over last FY. The decline was primarily due to the impact of pandemic in first half of the year along with irregular cash flows from State government and its agencies. Major impact of cash flow was faced by retail and smaller contractors.

The Bank's disbursement witnessed 20% growth and improvement in market share over last year.



With improvement in economy and tax collection, the Bank is hopeful that cash flows in current FY will improve significantly and so will demand for CE equipment. GOI push on infrastructure with increased budgetary allocation and key announcement like GATI SHKATI, Ghar Ghar Jal Mission along with Road and Railways are few things which will keep the industry vibrant for future. Overall order flows are improving and so is the pace of work and utilisation of equipment at ground level. The overall delinquencies percentage in CE retail portfolio has marginally increased but major improvement was seen in the March quarter.

# **Commercial Vehicle (CV)**

The Bank's CV business has witnessed 54% disbursement growth with increase of 26% in CV industry numbers. This has led to achieving higher market share in CV industry. The Passenger segment, comprising staff/ school bus transportation, tour and travel and public transport operation, has seen some recovery in Q4FY22 and is poised for stronger recovery going forward. The overall delinquency percentage of the CV portfolio has come down along with reduction in GNPA numbers.

# **Agri Business**

The Agribusiness continued to show growth despite a first quarter halt to business activities due to the COVID wave 2. The year saw inflationary rise in commodity prices and a significant demand rise for all agro commodities resulting into request for incremental funding needs by all customers. This year, the Bank also completed the digitisation of the onboarding and renewal experience for the customer, thus requiring very limited physical contact/presence of the customer for their banking activities. The business focus towards priority sector assets resulted in further increase in PSL qualifying assets in the division's portfolio. PSL assets now account for 80% of the division's portfolio. A spurt in demand, recommencement of eateries and increased travel also saw an improvement in the turnover and business activities of its clients. The recoveries could have been higher but for the late commencement of the courts. The business however faced interest rate pressure due to intense competition.

The division also focussed on a couple of new initiatives like the Agri Infra Fund / AMI, a biometric oriented retail farmer onboarding app and empanelment with govt. agencies for FPO lending. The business also witnessed increasing traction on the e-NAM platform.

## **Micro Finance**

The microfinance segment saw a significant resurgence, growing at over 60% on advances on YoY basis. The portfolio quality also saw improved collection efficiency to over 95% on a monthly basis and a return to almost normal status of fresh loan disbursements. This segment had been severely impacted by the lockdowns and stoppage of business due to COVID for the past two years.

#### Tractor Finance

Tractor industry has de-grown by 6% in last financial year mainly impact of price increase and also due to very high growth in FY 2020-21. The Bank's Tractor Financing business has grown better than the industry, YoY growth in disbursement of 8%, improved market share in new tractors and also focus on new products and customer segments. There is a marginal impact on portfolio performance due to COVID-19 impact on cash flows of farmers.

# **Crop Loan**

The Bank has Crop Loan business presence in Punjab, Haryana and Western states of India. Portfolio quality has improved in last year due to better resolution and collection focused manpower structure .Better monsoon and good crop yields have also helped in resolution.

# **Gold Loan**

In last year, the Bank expanded Gold loan branches to 400, now 24% of its branches are active for Gold loan processing.

#### Wholesale Banking

The Bank's Wholesale Business has a number of units catering to various customer and industry segments, including major Indian corporates, conglomerates, financial institutions, public sector undertakings, multinational companies, new age companies, small and medium enterprises and realty businesses offering a wide range of banking services covering their working capital, medium term finance, trade finance, foreign exchange services, other transaction banking requirements, custody services, debt capital markets and treasury services. The focus has been on customised solutions delivered through efficient technology platforms backed by high quality service. The Bank's core focus has been to acquire quality customers on a consistent basis and ensure value add through cross-sell of the varied products and services.

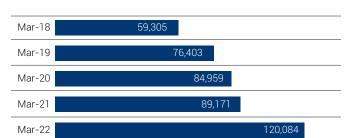
This year too, due to the 2<sup>nd</sup> and the 3<sup>rd</sup> wave, the Wholesale Banking business faced Covid related challenges. As economic activity rebounded, the Bank navigated this period by judiciously balancing growth and prudent risk management. Working capital utilisations remained muted during the year led by the general approach of corporates to deleverage and bring better efficiency in their working capital management. Robust equity capital markets helped many of these corporates to also bolster their balance sheets and keep leverage at comfortable levels. Companies were, by and large, agile in increasing productivity and reducing costs. Even as companies kept a tight leash on their balance sheets, the Bank continued its proactive approach towards risk and sought to rebalance its portfolio in response to the economic situation.

The Bank addressed these growth challenges by remaining focussed on both adding new customers in a profitable manner as well as increasing wallet share with existing customers and ended the year with well-diversified growth across all customer segments.

A focussed approach towards priority sector lending led to healthy growth in priority sector advances. A significant ramp up was seen in SME during the year through focussed acquisition strategy and several initiatives to reduce response times. The Bank also increased its exposures to NBFC customers and loans to this segment witnessed a strong growth.

Liquidity returned to the debt capital markets and this led to a significant uptick in corporates raising funds through these markets. Larger corporates started replacing their bank borrowings from funds raised in the capital markets through listed debentures and other instruments. In line with this trend, the Bank also significantly ramped up its investment portfolio in these debt instruments enabling it to gain a higher share of a shrinking wallet of such large corporates. The Bank assisted several customers in raising debt through these markets; thus, significantly growing its Debt Capital Market and Loan Syndication revenue stream.





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Income from other non-credit income streams including from Forex, Cash Management and other Transaction Banking products too grew well.

The mix between funded and non-funded (Letter of Credit and Bank Guarantees) for last five years is as follows:

## Wholesale Banking Advances (₹ crore)

Mar-18	71,605	39,166
Mar-19	82,015	42,542
Mar-20	86,222	40,531
Mar-21	80,337	38,552
Mar-22	88,933	43,166

## Funded Non-Funded

The Bank follows an integrated Corporate and Investment Banking approach to large conglomerates and corporate groups. Over the years, this strategy has helped strengthen the position of the Bank with clients and increase the wallet share. The Bank witnessed good growth in its non-credit business streams with these clients with improved customer service and product innovations.

There has also been greater focus on increasing the liability side of our business, mainly core current account and other non-risk income streams. Assets under custody grew substantially, given IPO traction and huge PE inflows. Over the years, the Bank has ensured that growth has been achieved in a profitable manner without compromising the health of the book. Its portfolio is well-diversified and industry, group and company specific exposure limits are reviewed periodically. The entire portfolio is rated by our internal credit rating tools, which facilitates appropriate credit selection & monitoring. Exposure, over the years, has been confined to segments with credit comfort in terms of better rated exposure, industries with a positive outlook and where pricing has been adequate for the risk being underwritten. These practices helped ensure that the overall portfolio continued to show robust characteristics throughout the year and the Wholesale Bank, this year again witnessed low credit cost, delivering continued improvement in the risk reward ratio. Pricing models such as Risk Adjusted Return on Capital (RaRoC) measurements are now embedded in the system. Due to these initiatives, focus is high on ensuring the right risk-return balance and on maximising non-credit income streams. The Bank's focus on Risk management has helped the business to optimise its Risk Weighted assets as a percentage of Assets over the past few years. Improvement in productivity helped ensure costs were kept under control.

The Bank has a co-operation agreement with ING Bank globally covering a number of countries which helps the Bank in targeting a greater number of multinational corporates in India. Dedicated marketing efforts have helped the Bank to make significant inroads into identified corridors such as Singapore, Hong Kong, Italy, Germany, Switzerland and Austria. The two-way co-operation agreement has also helped the Bank deliver cross border products to its clients in India. The Bank has also set up a Korea desk to cater to Korean clients in India and has been able to achieve significant success. Replicating this model, the Bank has now formed a dedicated desk to cater to newer MNCs entering India, offering end-to-end solutions by partnering with various agencies to co-create a sustainable ecosystem.

The Bank continues its strong momentum in Global Transaction Services (GTS). With its long-term strategy of providing an integrated portal across all its product suites, the Bank continued its focus on innovation, digitisation, structured solutions and fee income.

The Bank endeavours to provide its clients with a comprehensive product-suite to help their businesses grow in a sustainable and holistic manner. The Bank was also agile in implementing digital signatures and other online platform solutions for execution of customer documentation. During the year, the Cash Management Portal was upgraded, the online trade portal went live, and digital on-boarding of custody end clients was launched. The Bank launched Kotak FYN, its new enterprise portal exclusively for Business Banking and Corporate clients. Kotak FYN aims to provide customers with a seamless experience and a unified view across all product platforms. The portal enables paperless transactions and the facility to track transactions end-to-end. The Bank also continued on its journey towards providing a unified portal for all of its transaction banking customers by investing in new technologies and upgrading its processing engines.

In summary, a good growth in Assets and Fee Incomes, favourable risk-return metrics through the year, strong liability incomes and controlled credit costs have helped the Wholesale Bank grow its profitability and maintain a healthy After Tax Return on Equity (ATROE) despite the challenges faced during the year.

The Bank continues to focus on strengthening its organisation platform and placing the Corporate Bank in a strong position in the market.

## **Private Banking**

The Bank's private banking arm, caters to a number of distinguished Indian families and is one of the oldest and the most respected Indian wealth management firms, managing wealth over half of India's top 100 families (Source: Forbes India Rich List 2021), with clients range from entrepreneurs to business families and professionals.

It provides an open architecture proposition to its customers, offering a plethora of wealth products. This business has a strong distribution capability for private clients through distribution/referral model across equities, fixed income & alternates catering to Ultra HNI and HNI (High Networth Individual) investors. In addition to comprehensive financial solutions, the division provides a strategic consolidated view on the client's overall portfolio, in addition to comprehensive financial solutions that go beyond investments. These also include banking and credit, consolidated reporting, referral for estate planning services etc. With an in-depth understanding of client requirements and expertise across various asset classes, this business offers the widest range of financial solutions.

In addition, the Bank has also built a large Priority Banking business, assisting mass affluent customers with products and solutions developed to meet their financial requirements. The total relationship value of Private Banking, Priority Banking and Investment Advisory offerings is ~₹ 641,000 crore (as of 31st March, 2022). It has added ~700 new families in 2022.

- Customer centricity and bespoke development are the two key pillars of Kotak Private banking:
- 0
- 0 functionalities
- It services wealth clients and provides them with soft skills and functional trainings.

Kotak Private banking Management has been consistently featured as the Best Private Bank, India across multiple Global and Domestic Surveys, in 2020. Some of the recent accolades include:

- Best for Serving Business Owners, India by Euromoney Private Banking and Wealth Management Survey, 2022
- Best Private Bank for Entrepreneurs Global by Global Finance Private Bank Awards 2022
- Best Private Bank, India by FinanceAsia Country Awards, 2021
- Best for High Net Worth Clients, Asia by Asiamoney Private Banking Awards, 2021
- Best Private Bank Digital Innovation & Services, India by Asian Private Banker Awards for Distinction, 2021

## **GIFT CITY**

The GIFT City branch commenced operations in FY 2017. The GIFT Branch caters to the banking needs - including requirements of managing currency and interest rate risks, of the Bank's overseas customers and import funding as per extant guidelines. Additionally, the branch also caters to the account and clearing requirements for the Exchange & its members at GIFT IFSC.

International Financial Services Centres Authority [IFSCA] - a unified regulator, augments the landscape with its vision to provide a world-class regulatory environment and fostering ease of doing business at IFSC. The branch is regulated by the IFSCA.

The Branch operates from the domestic operations of the Bank, building on the infrastructure of support services basis a formal SLA. Global excess liquidity and relatively stable global rates provided the Branch with an opportunity to build a short tenor investment portfolio. The Branch has established transactional relationships with leading players in the Asia Pacific region. In addition to the building of the bond portfolio, the Branch also built on its Advances portfolio - growing at about 25% YoY in USD terms (~ 30% in INR terms), while maintaining prudence in credit & underwriting standards.

The Branch is also working on extending its product & client reach in consultation with the regulator at GIFT. For FY 2021-22, the Branch operated efficiently, seamlessly [with only intermittent disruptions on account of COVID] - maintaining high standards of operational efficiency, prudence and heightened vigil.

## **DIFC BRANCH**

DIFC Branch - the Bank's first overseas branch at Dubai International Financial Centre [DIFC], Dubai, started operations in October 2019; in addition to providing clients a choice of international destination for offshore banking services, DIFC Branch also complements the Bank with ability to advise and arrange global investment products, provide loans and accept deposits with overseas customers that gualify the professional client criteria of the DFSA.

The Branch, during FY 2021-22, embarked its journey to enable integrate India services for offshore customers - enlarging the canvas for operations. The Branch also initiated its client lending operations in FY 2021-22 while strengthening its Private banking offering by way of product diversification and international tie ups. Given a transient business environment in the global markets, the Branch is calibrating its scaling up of operations with a cautious and prudent approach.

## Treasury

FY 2021-22 may be best characterised as the year of preparing to transition from COVID related disruptions towards normalisation and pangs of global realignments. The year saw the inertia of extra accommodative central bank policies starting to give way to phased normalisation - global liquidity [as also in India] presaging to wane; global interest rates heralding ascension; impact of return of demand but supply yet to be restored manifesting in threat of inflation.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Net Move	Range
Yield on 10yr Indian Govt Bond	6.20	6.96	5.96	6.84	0.64 🛧	1.00
Yield on 10yr US Treasury Bond	1.74	2.56	1.13	2.35	0.61 个	1.43
Indian Rupee	73.17	77.16	72.31	75.90	2.73 🛧	4.85
EUR / USD	1.1730	1.2266	1.0804	1.1065	(0.07) 🗸	0.15
GOLD (USD/Troy ounce)	1,708	2,070	1,684	1,937	229 🛧	386
BRENT Crude	63.12	139.13	61.25	107.91	45 🛧	77.88
NIFTY	14,798	18,604	14,151	17,465	2,666 🛧	4,453

Horizon: FY2022; Source: Refinitiv

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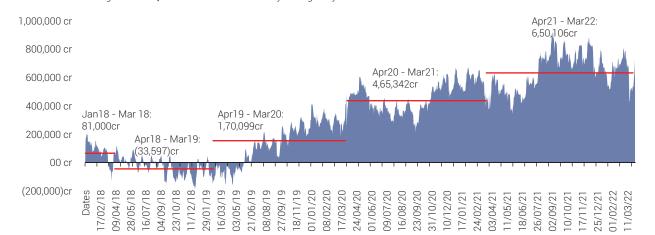
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Focus on Digital & Technology has resulted in enhanced productivity and improved customer experience from onboarding and transaction processing to servicing perspective. The continuous engagement and feedback mechanism with all stakeholders has led to sustained process improvement.

Kotak Private banking implemented low-code platform and cloud-based solutions to ensure quick time to execution and scalability

It works with both fintechs and wealthtechs to ensure that it can fulfil both bespoke developments as well as adapt to technological trends and

Markets in India also swayed with global cues. The adjoining table gives the extent of movement in key market benchmarks for FY 2021-22. The range [difference between the High and Low] is indicative of the volatility during the year.



## Net System Liquidity [incl.MSS]; Source: Kotak Mahindra Bank Research

FY 2021-22 witnessed a cruel second COVID wave and a milder third wave, with makings of gradual opening up post unprecedented disruptions. Through most of FY 2021-22, the regulators globally continued with the accommodative and supportive policies. In India too, the systemic liquidity grew from levels of the previous year. However, by the end of FY 2021-22, the early signs of withdrawal of the liquidity and 'ultra'-accommodation appeared on the horizon. Benchmark yields started pulling up and tenor flattening also started becoming more conspicuous. Lag in recovery of supply lines manifested in rising inflation globally. In this context, the Ukraine – Russia flare only set back the supply chain recovery. Led by spiking of commodity prices – inflation started to morph into a stickier mire. The MPC and RBI - used the available policy tools to effectively anchor the markets for most part of the year, wrapping up a large government borrowing program with élan.

Segmental disconnects, turning tides and volatility were the central theme of the markets in FY 2021-22. Pockets of opportunity required agility and alacrity. The Bank's Treasury fared well in this period, delivering high revenues – second year in a row. Marred by pandemic disruptions, the Treasury teams – matched colleagues at other parts of the Bank, in displaying grit, determination; rising above personal struggles, joining hands to deliver a seamless and efficient outcomes.

The Bank's Treasury began the year on a conservative tone and progressively built upon strategy of aligning customer flows and managing surplus liquidity. As per prudence norms, the Treasury maintained more than adequate liquidity in preparedness for any eventuality. Across various desks, Treasury's investment strategy aligned with emerging liquidity situation - maintained higher investments of short duration liquid assets.

Fixed Income Trading Desk, with a positive outlook, careful data backed analysis and a cautious approach, anticipated & managed the trading portfolio durations optimally and with agility. Well-thought and composed positions yielded desired outcomes. The Primary Dealer (PD) desk at Treasury, in addition to gainful positioning on the Trading portfolio, improved upon the distribution and retailing of sovereign securities. The PD desk also successfully met its regulatory obligations of bidding and success ratios in primary auctions and trading volumes in the secondary market for Government Securities.

FY 2021-22 was characterised by domestic demand led buoyancy in the equity markets and healthy amount of capital raising in form of IPOs. Treasury Equity desk took measured calls on the market with a modest portfolio - a profitable mix of primary and secondary markets, delivering value to the Bank.

In a market interspersed with events, bouts of volatility mirroring global currency movements and accompanied by RBI's efforts to smoothen volatility - FX Trading desk continued its measured stance with calibrated position taking, delivering remarkable outcomes. The FX desk also facilitated customer flows and market requirements of the Bank's customers.

As the economy re-opened through the year, the customer FX flows recouped – almost to the pre-pandemic levels. The Treasury FX Sales team reached out to Bank's customers - helping in understanding of the markets, efficient channelling of flows through the Bank with the help of array of products, pricing efficacy and efficient servicing. The FX Sales desk continued on its efforts on technology based solutions, pricing efficiency, process optimisation and fine-tuning of desk organisation to deliver experiential service to its customers.

The Bullion desk continued building the annuity book of Gold Loans - providing stability and sustained profitability.

Higher systemic liquidity with a waning bias, budding credit demand & appetite resulted in better deployment of surplus liquidity. The Balance Sheet Management Unit (BMU) managed the liquidity needs of nascent credit growth and liquidity buffers along with deployment at optimal yields. The duration of combined investments of Fixed Income Prop Desk & BMU Desk stood at about 1.2 years at the end of FY 2021-22. The BMU maintained heightened vigil while managing Liquidity and Interest Rate Risks and regulatory investments of the Bank. Regulatory requirements on reserves and liquidity ratios were maintained well above the stipulated thresholds.

The Technology team within the Treasury contributed by not only maintaining Treasury applications through the year, but also by delivering enhanced technology solutions towards increased efficiency, enhanced computational, monitoring and reporting capabilities. Amidst choppy markets and intermittent pandemic disruptions, seamless continuation of operations at the Bank Treasury is a testimony of the Bank's agility, preparedness and resilience of its systems and processes.

The Bank's Asset Liability Committee (ALCO), which also functions as the Investment Committee, maintained a cautious and vigilant approach with a conservative risk appetite in its oversight of Market Risk, Interest Rate and Liquidity Gaps, counterparty and country exposures.

## Subsidiaries Highlights

## Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited (KMP)

KMP is primarily engaged in vehicle financing; financing of retail customers of passenger cars, Multi-Utility Vehicles (MUVs) and term funding to car dealers. KMP finances new and used cars under retail loan, hire purchase and lease contracts. KMP is also engaged in corporate loans, developer finance, two-wheeler finance and other lending.

## **Financial Highlights**

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Net Interest Income	1,456.68	1,211.69
Other Income	330.77	220.38
Total Income	1,787.45	1,432.08
PBT	1,179.79	720.40
РАТ	885.51	534.71

Particulars
Net Customer Assets
- Car advances
Net NPA %
RoAA %
Capital Adequacy Ratio %
Tier I %

The passenger car market in India grew by 12.68% for FY 2021-22 compared to 1.58% de-growth in FY 2020-21. The sale of cars and MUVs crossed 30.60 lakh units in FY 2021-22 compared to 27.16 lakh units in FY 2020-21. KMP added 76,956 contracts in FY 2021-22 compared to 61,878 contracts in FY 2020-21.

In Q2FY22, the Company acquired standard car finance portfolio of ~₹ 1,100 crore from Volkswagen Finance Private Limited (VWFPL). Further, in Q3FY22, the Company acquired standard car finance portfolio of ₹ 425 crore from Ford Credit India Private Limited (FCIPL).

PBT for FY 2021-22 at ₹ 1,179.79 crore was higher than ₹ 720.40 crore for FY 2020-21 primarily due to higher disbursements, income from acquisition of portfolio from VWFPL and FCIPL, covid provision reversal, lower loss provisions and higher investment profits. NIM for FY 2021-22 was 5.65% compared to 4.96% for FY 2020-21.

Gross NPA was ₹ 797.44 crore (3.56% of gross advances) while net NPA was ₹ 377.24 crore (1.71% of net advances) as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022.

## Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited (KMIL)

KMIL is primarily engaged in real estate developer finance, corporate loans other activities such as holding long-term strategic investments.

**Real Estate:** KMIL's Real Estate finance team offers one of the most trusted real estate finance platforms in the country with expertise across all key asset classes. From structuring complex transactions to broadening the access to capital, its comprehensive financing solutions have made it a leading choice for real estate developers and investors for nearly a decade. KMIL is well-positioned to harness all opportunities that are available in the current economic environment.

Given the depth of its coverage, it is able to capture the growth opportunities offered by the all-round growth in the residential market across major cities. Its asset quality has remained strong through FY 2021-22 even as it ensure strong growth in this space. KMIL continues to be judicious about the borrowers that it works with and remain confident of its asset quality.

**Corporate Lending:** KMIL is focusing on increasing the non-LAS part of its Corporate Lending book. M&A, PE exits / acquisitions / leveraged buyouts across sectors with a focus on senior secured performing credit at holding / operating company level. Besides, the Company has identified new areas of growth like Venture Debt Funding to meet business requirement of new age companies and start-ups and continue to build the lending portfolio in education space.

## **Financial Highlights**

		(₹ In crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Net Interest Income	427.27	354.49
Other Income	141.22	73.96
Total Income	568.49	428.45
PBT	498.57	345.84
PAT	371.15	257.76

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(₹	In	crore)	

(<del>\*</del> ·

31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
24,250.76	21,803.91
18,157.35	15,800.81
1.56%	1.66%
3.32%	1.99%
30.07%	29.39%
29.24%	28.44%

PBT for FY 2021-22 at ₹ 498.57 crore was higher than ₹ 345.84 crore for FY 2020-21 primarily due to higher disbursements, covid provision reversal and higher investment profits.

Customer assets Increased to ₹7,170.33 crore as on 31st March, 2022 as compared to ₹6,795.44 crore as on 31st March, 2021. Increase of 43.9% in PAT to ₹ 371.15 crore for FY 2021-22 from ₹ 257.76 crore in FY 20202-21. NIM for FY 2021-22 was 6.10% compared to 6.02% for FY 2020-21.

Gross NPA and Net NPA as on 31st March, 2022 was at ₹ 66.87 crore (1.05% of Advances) and ₹ 34.76 crore (0.55% of Advances) respectively.

## Kotak Securities Limited (KS)

Kotak Securities Limited (KSL) provides broking services in equity cash and derivatives segments, commodity derivatives, currency derivatives, depository and primary market distribution services. KSL is a member of Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE), National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE), National Commodity & Derivatives Exchange Limited, Multi Commodity Exchange Limited, and Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited. KSL is also a depository participant with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services Limited (CDSL) and is also registered as a portfolio manager with Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). Further, it is registered as a Mutual Fund Advisor with Association of Mutual Funds in India. The Company is having a composite license issued by IRDA and also acts as Corporate Agent of Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited and Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited.

## **Financial Highlights**

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Total Income	2501.66	2021.05
PBT	1,333.50	1,057.43
PAT	1,001.33	792.64

PBT for FY 2021-22 at ₹ 1,333.50 crore was higher than ₹ 1,057.43 crore for FY 2020-21 primarily due to higher brokerage income supported by market volumes, higher interest income on margin funding, higher IPO income, offset, in part, by increase in borrowings cost, employee cost and technology costs.

The financial year FY 2021-22 witnessed a volume growth in cash market, equity derivative, currency segment and volume de-growth in commodity segment over FY 2020-21. Market average daily volumes (excluding proprietary segment) for FY 2021-22 increased from ₹ 1,529,679 crore for FY 2020-21 to ₹ 3,552,488 crore for FY 2021-22.

Kotak Securities average daily volumes (excluding proprietary segment) for FY 2021-22 has increased to

- ₹ 5,428 crore from ₹ 4,518 crore for FY 2020-21 for cash segment
- ₹ 91,642 crore from ₹ 22,331 crore for FY 2020-21 for NSE equity options segment .
- ₹ 8,036 crore from ₹ 6,214 crore for FY 2020-21 for NSE equity futures segment •

Kotak Securities market share (excluding proprietary segment) for FY 2021-22 increased to:

- 10.58% compared to 9.31% in FY 2020-21 for cash segment
- 2.69% compared to 1.59% in FY 2020-21 for NSE options segment
- 9.03% compared to 7.80% in FY 2020-21 for NSE futures segment

Note: Market share excludes BSE derivatives and proprietary segment volumes

With the help of seamless digital account opening, KS witnessed an increase in its client acquisition by 79% (YoY) and the NSE active client base increased from ₹ 7.43 lakh in FY 2020-21 to ₹ 12.56 lakh in FY 2021-22. Kotak Securities' Trade Free Plan (TFP) accounted for 65% of the total acquisitions during FY 2021-22. Due to the continued thrust on digital, mobile trading application of KS, registered a massive adoption resulting in 380% growth in the trading volume through the Kotak Securities Mobile app.

Multiple initiatives were adopted to improve KS value proposition. Provided below are the key initiatives:

- . A subscription based 'No Brokerage Plan' was launched to encourage youth to experience the markets without worrying about brokerage
- Trade Free Max Plan was introduced that offered Margin Trading Facility at 7.75% per annum i.e. one of the most competitive rates in the industry
- Launched 'Ace Portfolios' that offers curated portfolios from Registered Investment Advisors to our clients
- Set up an investment fund to partner with Fin-Techs through product collaborations, investments and acquihires. Acquired TradeGyani and investments done in Kredent Infoline Ltd and Flipitmoney
- Research reports are made available in video and crisp PDF documents, to enable better access and improved understanding



- Revamped and migrated the entire platform stack Mobile app, Web platform and Desktop platform to enhance user trading experience
- To be future ready, launched a second platform stack Neo in March 2022. This is a cloud-based platform built on latest technologies and practices. It is aimed to pivot Kotak Securities Limited as a leader in digital offerings
- user profile
- To enhance customer inbound call experience, migrated telephony to cloud with multilingual IVR capability
- Launched multi-lingual chat-bot in 9 languages for 15 self-service options
- Digital servicing has been made available to self-update Nominee, bank, mobile, email-id, address and activate trading segment

As on 31st March, 2022, KS had a national footprint of 1,476 branches, franchisees and referral co-ordinators across 376 cities in India serving its customers. The cumulative number of registered authorised persons stood at 2,152 for NSE and 1,744 for BSE.

The Institutional Equities division of KS registered a stellar growth in revenues and showed very strong performance in distribution of IPOs, QIPs, open offers and execution of block trades. The Institutional Equities research team is highly rated by institutional clients across sectors and it continues to add new sectors and companies to its coverage list. KS continues to upgrade its IT infrastructure through investment in cutting-edge technology in order to further improve the quality of trade execution for its institutional clients and enhance overall operational efficiency.

Awards and Recognitions

- The Best Stock Broking Company of The Year (By Quantic India)
- Best Cloud Initiative Stock Broking category (By Quantic India)

## Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited (KMCC)

KMCC is a leading, full-service investment bank in India offering integrated solutions encompassing high-quality financial advisory services and financing solutions. The services include Equity Capital Market issuances, M&A Advisory and Private Equity Advisory.

## **Financial Highlights**

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Total Income	439.91	202.22
PBT	315.70	110.94
PAT	 244.75	82.28

## **Equity Capital Markets**

In FY 2021-22, the Indian Equity Capital Markets continued to witness strong momentum in fundraising completing 53 IPOs, 1 FPO, 29 QIPs, 22 OFS and 10 Rights Issues. A total of ₹ 2,03,327 crore (vs ₹ 2,70,139 crore in FY 2020-21) was raised across Initial Public Offerings (IPOs), Qualified Institutional Placements (QIPs), Further Public Offering (FPO), Rights Issues and Offers for Sale (OFS). FY 2021-22 saw exceptional response in IPOs and ensured successful completion of some of the marquee IPOs in the New Age Tech sector such as Zomato, FSN E-commerce (Nykaa), PB Fintech and Sona BLW Precision Forgings among others. Other sectors such as Consumer, Financials, Healthcare, Real estate and Speciality Chemicals also witnessed strong investor response. Domestic Institutional Investors continued to support the markets with an inflow of USD 29 billion vs an outflow of USD 17 billion from FIIs

KMCC successfully completed 36 transactions, including 19 IPOs, 4 QIPs, 9 Block Deals, 2 Rights Issues, 1 OFS and 1 InVIT raising a total of ₹ 1,16,556 crore in FY 2021-22. KMCC continued to be the Left Lead Banker of Choice having led large IPO transactions like Zomato. Star Health, FSN E-Commerce Ventures Ltd, PB Fintech, Sona BLW Precision Forgings etc.

KMCC was ranked No. 1 in IPOs more than ₹ 1,500 crore having led 16 out of 20 such IPOs. KMCC had a 55% market share in FY 2021-22 across all ECM transactions. (Source: Prime Database). Top Equity Deals that were concluded by KMCC during the year include:

IPO: Zomato - ₹ 9,375 crore, Star Health & Allied Insurance - ₹ 6,019 crore, PB Fintech - ₹ 5,710 crore, Sona BLW Precision Forgings - ₹ 5,500 crore, FSN E-Commerce Ventures Ltd - ₹ 5,350 crore, Adani Wilmar - ₹ 3,600 crore, Vedant Fashions - ₹ 3,149 crore, CarTrade Tech - ₹ 2,999 crore, Aptus Value Housing Finance - ₹ 2,780 crore, Aditya Birla Sun Life AMC - ₹ 2,768 crore, Macrotech Developers - ₹ 2,500 crore, Krishna Institute of Medical Sciences - ₹ 2,144 crore, Vijaya Diagnostic Center - ₹ 1,894 crore, Devyani International - ₹ 1,838 crore, Clean Science & Technology - ₹ 1,547 crore, Glenmark Lifesciences -₹1,514 crore, Rategain Travel Technologies - ₹1,336 crore, C.E. Info Systems - ₹1,040 crore, GR Infraprojects - ₹962 crore.

Rights: Bharti Airtel Ltd - ₹ 20,987 crore, Indian Hotels Co. Ltd - ₹ 1,982 crore.

OFS: ONGC - ₹ 3,017 crore.

InVIT: NHAI InVIT - ₹ 5.046 crore.

QIP: Macrotech Developers LTD. - ₹ 4,000 crore, Aarti Industries - ₹ 1,200 crore, Route Mobile - ₹ 868 crore, Brigade Enterprises - ₹ 500 crore.

## Mergers & Acquisitions and Private Equity Advisory

to 3,700 in FY 2021-22 from 2,084 in FY 2020-21. (Source: Bloomberg, as on 13th April, 2022)

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Enhanced online journey to facilitate seamless account opening under six minutes. 44% of DIY accounts opened in Q4FY22, are completely digital i.e. opened without any assistance. The application process was further enriched with the ability to offer multiple pricing plans and customize basis



In FY 2021-22, amongst the investment banks, KMCC was ranked #4 by volume of deals and #2 by value of deals in the M&A league tables (Source: Bloomberg, as on 13<sup>th</sup> April, 2022). KMCC advised on a diverse array of 17 M&A transactions across a range of products and sectors, for a total deal value of USD 9.6 billion (not considering deals where values have not been disclosed):

- Across products, ranging from Acquisitions, Divestments, Mergers, Private Equity investments, Demerger, Open Offers, Buyback Offers;
- Across sectors, ranging from Digital, Consumer, Technology, Industrials, Financial Services, Healthcare, Infrastructure etc.

Deal values in FY 2021-22 shown growth of ~20% vis-à-vis the previous year despite disruptions like COVID-19 pandemic and geo-political conflicts. In FY 2021-22, financial sponsors accounted for around 41% of the transactions by value vis-à-vis 33% in FY 2020-21 and constituted significant part of India's M&A activity.

The deal activity during FY 2021-22 was largely contributed by inbound minority investments in the Digital and financial services sectors. Consolidation by market leaders, divestment of non-core assets and acquisitions by new age technology companies were major drivers for M&A transactions in FY 2021-22 and the trend is expected to continue in FY 2022-23. Other factors such as investment by global strategic players, exits by private equity funds, restructuring and simplification of corporate structures are also expected to drive the M&A activity in FY 2022-23.

Some of the key advisory deals that were announced by KMCC during the financial year include:

- Sell-side advisor to the Founders of the Billdesk (Indialdeas.com Ltd.) for acquisition of Billdesk by PayU (payments and fintech business of Prosus N.V.)
- Buy-side advisor to Tata Digital for acquisition of Supermarket Grocery Supplies (BigBasket)
- Buy-side advisor to API Holdings and advisor to the open offer for acquisition of controlling stake in Thyrocare Technologies
- Financial advisor for preferential allotment in IRB Infrastructure Developers
- Financial advisor & fairness opinion provider to Tata Consumer Products for reorganization with Tata Coffee
- Sell-side advisor to Fortum for divestment of 500 MW solar PV assets and greenfield partnership for future assets
- Buy-side advisor & manager to the open offer to Crompton Greaves Consumer Electricals for acquisition of controlling stake in Butterfly Gandhimathi Appliances
- Buy-side advisor to Delhivery for acquisition of SpotOn Logistics Pvt. Ltd
- Manager to the open offer by Pantone Finvest Ltd. (Tata group) for acquisition of controlling stake in Tejas Networks
- Sell-side advisor to Kogta Financial for Series D funding round and exit to IIFL fund
- Buy-side advisor to Tata Digital for acquisition of 1MG Technologies
- Sell-side advisor to Encube Ethicals and Multiples PE for investment by Quadria Capital in Encube Ethicals
- Sell-side advisor to iD Fresh Food & Helion Venture Partners for investment by NewQuest Capital Partners in iD Fresh Food
- Fairness opinion to Brookfield India REIT for acquisition of grade A office asset in Noida
- Manager to the Buyback offer to the shareholders of Infosys through open market route
- Manager to the Buyback offer to the shareholders of The Great Eastern Shipping Company through open market route

## Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited (KLI)

Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited (KLI), a 100% subsidiary of Kotak Bank is in the business of Life Insurance, annuity and providing employee benefit products to its individual and group clientele. KLI has developed a multi-channel distribution network to cater to its customers and markets through agency, alternate group and online channels on a pan-India basis.

The financial performance of KLI for the current and previous financial year is given below:

## Network

KLI had 253 life insurance outlets across 147 locations. KLI has 110,730 life advisors, 23 Banc assurance partners and 213 brokers and corporate agency tie-ups.

## **Financial Highlights**

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Gross Premium Income	13,015.11	11,100.22
First Year Premium ( Incl. Group and Single)	6,142.77	5,256.51
Profit Before Tax – Shareholders' Account	596.49	897.47
Profit after Tax – Shareholders' Account	425.38	691.93
Solvency Ratio (as on)	2.73	2.90

The Indian Embedded Value (IEV) was ₹ 10,679 crore (31st March, 2021: ₹ 9,869 crore) as on 31st March, 2022. This is computed based on the principles prescribed by APS10. The methodology, assumptions and results have been reviewed by Willis Towers Watson Actuarial Advisory LLP.

## Integrated Annual Report 2021-22

The Value of New Business (VNB) for FY 2022 was ₹ 895 crore and the VNB margin was 31.1%.

Networth of KLI increased by 8.50% to ₹ 4,389.20 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 from ₹ 4,045.47 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021. KLI has solvency ratio of 2.73 against a regulatory requirement of 1.50.

PBT (Shareholders') of the Company for FY 2021-22 stood at ₹ 596.49 crore compared to ₹ 897.47 crore in FY 2020-21. The lower profit is primarily on account of higher death claims reported to the Company during the second wave of COVID-19 wherein there was an unprecedented increase in fatalities in the country. Overall death claims (net of reinsurance) increased from ₹ 1,013.41 crore in FY 2020-21 to ₹ 1,679.73 crore in FY 2021-22.

## **Revenue Performance**

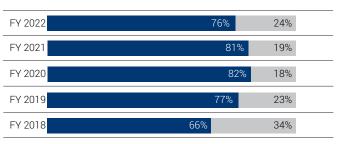
KLI has recorded a growth of 17.25% on the gross written premium, mainly coming from renewal premium and Group New business. The summary of premiums is as under:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	During FY 2022	During FY 2021
Individual Regular	1,980.81	1,693.35
Individual Single	1,320.28	1,251.25
Group Premium	2,841.68	2,311.91
Total New Business Premium	6,142.77	5,256.51
Renewal	6,872.35	5,843.71
Gross Premium	13,015.11	11,100.22

## Distribution Mix (Individual business APE (Single 1/10)

The distribution mix for Individual business APE (Single 1/10), is 51.40% for the Bancassurance channel and 48.60% for Agency & other channels.

## Individual Regular Product Mix



Reg - Traditional Reg - ULIP

This year product mix of KLI in individual regular premium inclines towards traditional business being 75.79% and 24.21% of ULIP.

## **Protection Share**

Protection share as % of Individual New Business and Total Group Business stood at 32.86%. Overall protection business for FY 2021-22 has grown by 45.40% from ₹ 1,481.41 crore to ₹ 2,153.92 crore YoY.

## **Group Product Mix**

The group employer-employee business has grown by 34.02% and group Credit business has grown by 54.75%. The overall group business has grown by 24.21% in FY 2021-22 over FY 2020-21 from ₹ 2,619.17 crore in FY 2020-21 to ₹ 3,253.27 crore in FY 2021-22.

## **Conservation & Persistency**

Conservation ratio has improved to 89.36% in FY 2021-22 compared to 85.00% in FY 2020-21. KLI has set up a dedicated retention team to improve the retention of the premiums of KLI. As of Feb'22, the persistency was -82.35% (13<sup>th</sup> month), 75.23% (25<sup>th</sup> month), 65.94% (37<sup>th</sup> month), 62.07% (49<sup>th</sup> month) and 51.47% (61<sup>st</sup> month).

## Industry comparison

KLI has registered a growth of 16.19% against insurance industry growth of 15.75%. KLI market share for Individual New Business premium (APE terms) is 3.84% for FY 2021-22 among private insurers. KLI market share for Group New Business premium (APE terms) is 12.24% for FY 2021-22 among private insurers.

## **Claims Settlement Ratio**

Both individual and group settlement ratio's for FY 2021-22 has shown improvement over FY 2020-21. The individual claims settlement ratio for FY 2021-22 stood at 98.82% (FY 2020-21: 98.50%) while the group claims settlement ratio for FY 2021-22 stood at 99.58% (FY 2020-21: 99.43%).

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## Assets Under Management

KLI saw an increase in its AUM (including shareholders') by 19.44% YoY to ₹ 55,562.61 crore as on 31st March, 2022.

## **Digital Initatives**

## KLI focused on below 4 areas

- Customer experience
  - Digital servicing deepened: >70% service requests through digital channels 0
  - Rapid issuance project: >36% cases saw one-day policy issuance in Feb-Mar 2022 0
- Distributor engagement
  - o KLI Recruit advisor onboarding platform with OCR, OTP-based consent, online payment saw 100% adoption
  - Boost advisor mobile app with full business visibility saw >25,000 new registrations 0
- New business opportunities
  - Deepened integration with Policybazaar: 27% more same-month issuance in Mar 22 compared to Nov 21 0
  - D2C journeys covering Term, Health, ULIP and Annuity enabled and/or enhanced 0
  - D2C journeys for KMBL customers (in mobile or net banking platform) covering Term, Health, Savings and ULIP enabled and/or enhanced 0
- Data as an asset
  - Embarked on organization-wide Data Warehouse project: structured and unstructured data in a single repository 0
  - Propensity model for cross-sell utilized by sales channels 0

## Social and Rural Obligations

KLI has written rural policies 77,609 (FY 2021: 77,394) representing 22.82% of total policies against regulatory requirement of 20%. Further, KLI has covered 9,580,400 (FY 2021: 6,736,586) social lives which is more than the regulatory requirement of 5% total lives. KLI takes the social sector target not as an obligation, but with a sense of duty to the community as a life insurance company.

## Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited (KGI)

KGI was incorporated on 20th December, 2014 under Companies Act, 2013 as a 100% subsidiary of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited. The Company received certificate of registration from Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDAI) on 18th November, 2015 with registration no. 152 and subsequently commenced operations on 17th December, 2015. The Company is in the business of underwriting general insurance policies relating to Fire, Marine and Miscellaneous lines of business

The general insurance industry as a whole registered a YoY growth of 11.05% in FY 2021-22, in which the private sector (excluding standalone health insurance companies) grew by 11.89%. KGI grew its premium (excluding re-insurance) from ₹ 543.99 crore in FY 2020-21 to ₹ 742.47 crore in FY 2021-22, registering a growth of 36.49%.

## **Financial and Other Highlights**

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Gross Written Premium (GWP) (including re-insurance)	753.88	548.29
Profit/(Loss) Before and After Tax	(82.98)	1.63
Claims Ratio	77.04%	66.99%
Combined Ratio	121.91%	107.13%

## **Revenue Review**

For the year KGI registered a growth of 52.77% by issuing 34.53 lakh number of policies in FY 2021-22 against 22.60 lakh number of policies in FY 2020-21.

## Product Mix

In order to maintain a balanced product mix, KGI product mix for Motor, Health and Others has moved from 53:38:9 in FY 2020-21 to 51:38:11 in FY 2021-22.

## **Distribution Mix**

For the year Bancassurance Channel grew by 18.27% from ₹ 262.81 crore in FY 2020-21 to ₹ 310.82 crore in FY 2021-22 and including FIG growth at 22.44%. Multi Distribution channel registered 56.76% growth from ₹ 236.18 crore in FY 2020-21 to ₹ 370.24 crore in FY 2021-22.

## Solvency

As on 31st March, 2022, the solvency ratio of KGI stood at 1.79 against the regulatory requirement of 1.50

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## Investments

Investments of KGI as on 31st March, 2022 stood at ₹ 1,231.37 crore against the previous year amount of ₹ 932.11 crore, registering a growth of 32.11%.

## Distribution Network

KGI has a network of 19 branches catering to more than 300 locations. KGI has registered 22 Corporate Agents, 1712 Individual Agents, 2592 Point of Sale agents and 21 Micro Insurance Agents.

## **Rural and Social Obligations**

KGI has written a premium of ₹ 97.71 crore under rural obligation representing 13.16% of total premium. Further, KGI has covered 244,570 social lives against the regulatory requirement of 71,741.

## **Claim Servicing**

The number of claims settled by the Company has increased from ~ 56,000 in 2021 to ~ 89,000 in 2022, an increase of 58.92%. Also, during the year the Company has settled Covid-19 claims amounting to ₹ 31 crore.

# Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited (KMAMC) and Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Limited (KMTCL)

KMAMC is the asset manager of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund (KMMF) and KMTCL acts as the trustee to KMMF

## **Financial Highlights**

		(₹ in crore)
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Total Income	771.13	602.29
PBT	455.51	395.99
PAT	338.94	294.83
AAUM	272,938	202,826
		(₹ in crore)
Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Limited	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Total Income	148.49	71.83
PBT	145.18	69.14
PAT	115.18	51.45

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The mutual fund industry registered a YoY growth of 20.0% YOY in Q4FY22 over Q4FY21 with the Quarterly Average Assets under Management (QAAUM) for Q4FY22 at ₹ 38.84 lakh crore.

During the same period, on the basis of percentage growth in QAAUM, KMAMC was the fifth fastest growing Mutual Fund House - and ranked no. 5 in industry. The QAAUM of KMMF which stood at ₹ 286,478 crore for Jan-Mar 2022 has seen growth of around 22% in Q4FY22 over Q4FY21. Market Share in QAAUM has grown to 7.37% in Q4FY22 from 7.25% in Q4FY21 and 6.86% in Q4FY20. The annual AAUM of KMAMC for FY 2021-22 was ₹ 272,938 crore against ₹ 202,826 crore FY 2020-21, a growth of 35%.

KMAMC has 39.2 lakh unique investors basis the RTA data against industry of 337 lakh, a market share of 11.7% in March 2022, against a share of 11.4% in March 2021.

KMAMC ended the year with discretionary AUM under the portfolio management business of ₹ 1,227 crore as on 31st March, 2022 against ₹ 1,645 as on 31st March, 2021.

It launched its maidan Alternate Investment Fund – Kotak India Renaissance Fund 1 in Feb 2022 and the corpus as on 31st March was ₹ 204.45 crore.

There is an increase in revenue from operations to ₹768.41 crore from ₹599.29 crore largely on account of increase in AAUM. The overall costs increased to ₹ 315.62 crore in FY 2021-22 against ₹ 206.29 crore in FY 2020-21. Hence, the overall profit before tax has increased to ₹ 455.51 crore in FY 2021-22 compared to ₹ 395.99 crore in FY 2020-21.

The Funds managed by KMAMC continued to deliver consistent risk adjusted return to their investors over the long-term.

For KMTCL, the growth in PBT is also partially due to the Long term capital gain of ₹ 46 crore booked in FY 2021-22 on account of switch made of its long term investments in Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund schemes, for better returns, other than the normal growth in trustee fees due to increase in AAUM.

## Average AUM (₹ crore)



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## Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited (KMPFL)

## **Financial Highlights**

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Total Income	3.39	3.81
PBT	(1.54)	0.45
PAT	(1.54)	0.21
AUM	2,230	1,572

The Company manages nine schemes under the National Pension System. The Company had total assets under management (AUM) of ₹ 2,230 crore as at the end of the financial year, a growth of 42% over the previous year (₹ 1,572 crore). The overall pension fund industry AUM (including the private and public sector) has grown by over 27% year-on-year to ₹ 736,593 crore as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022.

The Government debt fund (NPS Tier 1) for FY 2021-22 and among the top two best performing Equity funds (NPS Tier 1) for the financial year. Besides, it was the top performing equity fund (NPS Tier 1) over 10-year period and among the top two the best performing equity funds (NPS Tier 1) over 3 and 7-year periods as on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022.

PFRDA has, vide their letter dated 19<sup>th</sup> April, 2021, approved the transfer of 46.7% of equity shareholding of the Company held by KMAMC whereby the Bank will become co-sponsor of KMPFL with 51% shareholding along with KMAMC with 49% shareholding.

Further, in response to Request for Proposal (RFP) dated 23<sup>rd</sup> December, 2020 issued by Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA), a proposal was submitted by KMBL and KMAMC as co-sponsors on 20<sup>th</sup> January, 2021 for managing NPS Corpus through existing Pension Fund Company –KMPFL. PFRDA has approved the sponsors vide letter of appointment dated 19<sup>th</sup> May, 2021 and issued a Certificate of registration no. PFRDA/PF/2021/006 dated 1<sup>st</sup> June, 2021 which shall remain valid unless suspended or cancelled by the Authority. Under the terms of the RFP, the revised Investment Management Fees as applicable w.e.f. 1<sup>st</sup> June, 2021 is as follows (prior it was charged at 0.01% p.a for Tier I and Tier II schemes and 0.0102% p.a. for NPS Lite Scheme – Govt Pattern);

Slabs of AUM (₹ in crore)	Investment Management Fees
Upto 10,000 crore	0.09%
10,001-50,000 crore	0.06%
50,001- 150,000 crore	0.05%
Above 1,50,000 crore	0.03%

There has been an increase in revenue from operation to  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  1.48 crore in FY 2021-22 as compared to  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  0.13 crore in FY 2020-21 primarily on account of increase in rate of Management fees from 0.01% to 0.09%. The overall costs increased to  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  4.93 crore in FY 2021-22 against  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  3.36 crore in FY 2020-21. Hence, there is a loss of  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  1.54 crore in FY 2021-22 as compared to PBT of  $\overline{\mathbf{x}}$  0.45 crore in FY 2020-21.

## Kotak Investment Advisors Limited (KIAL)

KIAL, a leading alternate assets manager, is in the business of managing and advising funds across the following asset classes namely (a) Special Situations and Credit (b) Real Estate (c) Infrastructure (d) Listed Strategies (e) Private Equity and (f) Investment Advisory. It is amongst select alternate asset managers in India to be present across these six asset classes and managing large number of active funds in these asset classes. During the year, KIAL has also started the Investment Distribution services through Cherry platform.

## **Financial Highlights**

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Total Income	243.96	140.84
PBT	79.42	50.50
PAT	58.65	40.03
AUM	20,079	17,906

During the year, KIAL has received new capital commitments of around ₹2,940 crore. The aggregate alternate assets managed / advised (including undrawn commitments, wherever applicable) by KIAL as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 were ₹ 20,079 crore. It managed 19 domestic funds, advised 1 domestic fund and 6 offshore funds during the year.

Of the new capital commitments received during the year, the Kotak Pre-IPO Opportunities Fund completed its first and final close with commitments of ~ ₹ 2,000 crore. The Kotak Pre-IPO Opportunities Fund will target high-quality companies across sectors, especially with a strong technology focus, robust unit economics, scalable business models and exit visibility. The focus will be on technology oriented companies including technology-enabled companies in traditional industries. KIAL also raised further commitments in AIFs under the Optimus brand to garner ₹ 940 crore. KIAL also continues to actively deploy capital in the Indian special situations, credit and distressed space through Kotak Special Situations Fund (KSSF) and in the Indian real estate space through its existing real estate funds/mandates. KSSF has committed around 90% of the USD billion dollar corpus across real estate, chemicals, technology, cement, data center, roads and pharmaceuticals space

KIAL also has Investment Advisory business for Private Clients with ₹ 63,005 crore assets under Advice as on 31st March, 2022.

## Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited (KMTSL)

KMTSL acts as a trustee to estate planning trusts set up by high net worth individuals to achieve their succession and financial planning. It also acts as a trustee to domestic venture capital, private equity and alternate investment funds.

## Financial Highlights

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Total Income	11.93	9.77
PBT	3.99	3.40
PAT	3.04	2.56

## **Kotak International Subsidiaries**

## **Financial Highlights**

Particulars	FY 2021-22	(₹ in crore) FY 2020-21
Total Income	324.05	331.11
PBT	154.94	170.36
PAT	118.13	154.14
Kotak International subsidiaries consist of following entities:-		

- 1. Kotak Mahindra (UK) Limited
- 2. Kotak Mahindra (International) Limited
- 3. Kotak Mahindra, Inc.
- 4. Kotak Mahindra Asset Management (Singapore) Pte. Limited
- 5. Kotak Mahindra Financial Services Limited (KMFSL)

The international subsidiaries have offices in Singapore, UK, Mauritius, US and UAE. During FY 2021-22, KMFSL redomiciled from Dubai International Financial Centre to Abu Dhabi Global Markets in UAE. The Company has been granted a prudential "Category 4" license by the Financial Services Regulatory Authority (FSRA) in FY 2021-22.

The international subsidiaries are mainly engaged in investment management, advisory services, dealing in securities, broker-dealer activities and investments on own accounts.

The funds managed or advised by the International Subsidiaries are India centric equity and debt funds and target investors from across the globe seeking to invest into India. Though the International Subsidiaries have the right blend of products to be offered to global investors through its network of subdistributors, it is heavily dependent on the performance of the Indian capital markets and funds and also the investment appetite of the global investors seeking to invest into India.

## **Business update**

The closing assets managed/ advised (AUM) by the International Subsidiaries increased from ₹ 28,236.97 crore (USD 3.86 billion) as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 to ₹ 29,448.23 crore (USD 3.89 billion) as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022. The increase in AUM on account of positive movements in Indian capital markets was offset by redemptions witnessed in the funds. The redemptions were mainly because of profit taking and dividend payouts (as per the fund's dividend policy).

As regards the bond dealing business, FY 2021-22 remained subdued mainly due to lack of volatility across the globe and also concerns over real estate sector in China.

## **Financial update**

The total income earned by international subsidiaries marginally reduced from ₹ 331.11 crore during the FY 2020-21 to ₹ 324.05 crore during FY 2021-22, drop of ₹ 7.06 crore.

Global fixed income securities had witnessed panic selling and corresponding fall in prices during March 2020 after the World Health Organisation (WHO) declared COVID-19 as a global pandemic. The prices subsequently bounced back during FY 2020-21 which led to high revenue through recovery of marked-to-market losses on own investments recognised at the start of the pandemic in March 2020. Resultantly, the income from investments during FY 2021-22 was lower by ₹ 40.02 crore when compared with previous year.

This was partly offset by higher income from investment management, advisory and other services (₹ 35.33 crore) and higher interest income from investments and dividend income (₹ 7.57 crore). Income from dealing in securities was lower as mentioned above by ₹ 9.90 crore.

The overall expenses increased marginally from ₹ 163.18 crore during the previous year to ₹ 166.85 crore during the current year.

Resultantly, PBT for the year stood at ₹ 154.94 crore compared to a profit of ₹ 170.36 crore for the previous year.

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## Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited (KIDFL)

KIDFL, is an Infrastructure Debt Fund, set up under NBFC route. It is engaged in providing finance for infrastructure projects, with more than one year of satisfactory operational history.

During the year, KIDFL has forged strong relationships with multiple infrastructure clients. It continues to be judicious about credit underwriting and selection of customers.

## **Financial Highlights**

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Total Income	73.58	76.20
PBT / PAT	32.35	33.10

Customer Assets decreased to ₹ 620.35 crore as on 31st March, 2022 compared to ₹ 734.94 crore as on 31st March, 2021 mainly due to repayments.

## IVY Product Intermediaries Limited (IVYPIL)

At present, IVYPIL earns income from investment of its surplus money in fixed deposits.

## **Financial Highlights**

		(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	FY 20	020-21	FY 2019-20
Total Income		0.30	0.35
PBT		0.29	0.32
PAT		0.22	0.12

## **BSS Microfinance Limited (BSS)**

BSS is a wholly owned subsidiary of KMBL and working as Business Correspondent (BC) of the Bank. BSS facilitates Microfinance Loans to Rural and Semi-urban poor women and having 400 branch offices across Karnataka, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Tamil Nadu and Bihar. Loans originated by BSS are eligible for priority sector advances of the Bank.

## **Financial Highlights**

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2020-21	FY 2019-20
Total Income	268.25	205.81
PBT	109.51	30.87
PAT	82.81	23.17

It also provides first loss default guarantee to Bank on the loans originated by it. The PBT is higher compared to previous year, mainly on account of increase in AUM and decrease in provisions.

## **Associates Highlights**

## Infina Finance Private Limited

Infina Finance Private Limited is a non-banking financial company engaged in the business of investments, trading in securities and providing finance against securities.

## **Financial Highlights**

		(₹ in crore)	
Particulars		FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Total Income		494.97	276.60
PBT		307.36	202.26
PAT		223.82	150.89
Share of Kotak Group		111.89	75.43

The profit for the current year is higher due to increase in Loan against shares book as compared to previous year and Prop trading.

## **Phoenix ARC Private Limited**

Phoenix ARC Private Limited is into asset reconstruction business and provides stress asset recovery service to banks and NBFCs.

## **Financial Highlights**

(₹ ir		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Total Income	226.00	166.29
PBT	130.37	38.68
PAT	91.62	23.67
Share of Kotak Group	45.72	11.81

PAT of the Company saw an increase due to substantially increase in revenue from fee income during FY 2021-22.

## **RISK MANAGEMENT<sup>2</sup>**

## A. Risk Management

The Group views risk management as a core competency and tries to ensure sound management of risks through timely identification, assessment and management. Risk management is a key internal process and is aimed at ensuring the profitability of business activity by ensuring control of the risk level and maintaining it within the risk tolerance. Risk management capabilities are critical in sustaining the current growth and profitability. The Group has continued to develop and fine-tune relevant policies, tools and processes and over the years, enhanced risk management system and processes to be in compliance with the changing regulatory requirements. The Group manages Risk under an Enterprise wide Risk Management (ERM) framework that aligns risk and capital management to business strategy, protects its financial strength, reputation and ensures support to business activities for adding value to customers while creating sustainable shareholder value. The ERM policy sets the approach for Risk Management and is adopted by legal entities in the group, with suitable modifications, as appropriate for their individual businesses. The policy guides the organization of the risk management function and the identification, measurement, management and reporting of risks. The ERM policy is complemented by policies that are aligned to individual risks. These specific policies set the principles, standards and core requirements for the effective management of those risks. The ERM framework supports the MD & CEO and CRO in embedding strong risk management and risk culture. The ERM framework lays down the following components for effective Risk Management across the Group

- •
- Governance standards and controls to identify, measure, monitor and manage risks
- Policies to support and guide risk taking activities across the Group
- **Risk Appetite statements**
- Standardised risk metrics and risk reports to identify and communicate and risks

Periodic stress testing to assess the impact of adverse business conditions on earnings, capital and liquidity

The Bank has adopted the three lines of defence model towards risk management. Business units and the independent risk management function, work in collaboration to ensure that business strategies and activities are consistent with the laid down policies and limits. Responsibilities for risk management at each line of defence are defined, thereby providing clarity in the roles and responsibilities towards risk management function.

At the first line of defence are the various business lines that the Bank operates, who assume risk taking positions on a day to day basis within approved framework and boundaries.

The second line of defence is made up of Risk Management, Finance and Compliance functions. This line provides independent review, challenge and oversight of the activities conducted by the first line and periodic reporting to the Board. The Bank's second line risk management function is responsible for monitoring the risk management and reviewing the risks that the bank is exposed to and ensures that the management and the Board is sufficiently informed of the risk exposure.

The third line of defence is the audit function that provides an independent assessment of the first and second line of defence and reports to the audit committee of the Board.

The risk management framework based on the three lines of defence governance model is further strengthened by a strong risk culture that is present at all levels. All employees are responsible for understanding and managing risks within the context of their individual roles and responsibilities.

The Chief Risk Officer (CRO), who is appointed by the Board of Directors and reports directly to the MD & CEO, heads the independent risk function in the Bank. A disciplined, structured and integrated approach is adopted to managing risks. The Risk function provides an independent and integrated assessment of risks across various business lines.

The risk management process is the responsibility of the Board of Directors which approves risk policies and the delegation matrix. The Board is supported by an experienced executive management team and various management committees as part of the Risk Governance framework. The Bank and every legal entity in the Group, operates within overall limits set by the Board and Committees to whom powers are delegated by the Board.

Every quarter, the CRO reports to the Risk Management Committee (RMC) and the Board, on the performance against risk appetite and the risk profile. Besides this, formal updates on various portfolios are provided to the RMC, Board periodically. Such regular and transparent risk reporting and discussion at senior management level, facilitates communication and discussion of risks and mitigating strategies, across the organisation. The RMC and Board members are appropriately qualified to discharge their responsibilities, have appropriate balance of industry knowledge, skills, experience, professional qualifications and relevant technical, financial expertise in risk disciplines or businesses.

The risk management processes of the Bank's subsidiaries are the responsibility of their respective boards. A Group Risk Management committee (GRMC) ensures that there is a holistic view of risks at overall Group level. The Board has oversight of the management's efforts to balance growth and prudent risk management, while creating value for stakeholders.

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An Independent Risk organisation and governance structure with a clear common framework of risk ownership and accountability

During the year, the Bank and major entities of the Group continued to be rated "AAA", reflecting the Group's strong financial risk profile, sound asset quality, robust liquidity and strong capital adequacy.

## B. Capital Adequacy

The Group's approach to capital adequacy is driven by strategic and organisational requirements while taking into account the regulatory and macroeconomic environment. Capital management involves an on-going review of the level of capitalisation against key objectives and to maintain a strong capital base to support long-term stability, planned business growth and risks inherent in various businesses. The strong Tier I capital position of the Group is part of the overall business strategy and a source of competitive advantage. It provides assurance to regulators and credit rating agencies, while protecting the interests of depositors, creditors and shareholders. Strong capitalisation also enables the Group to take advantage of attractive business opportunities. The Group strives to strike a balance between the need for retaining capital for strength and growth, while providing an adequate return to shareholders. The Group sets an internal capital adequacy ratio target that includes a discretionary cushion in excess of the minimum regulatory requirement.

In addition to the regulatory risk-based capital framework, the Group is also subject to minimum Leverage Ratio requirement. The leverage ratio is calculated by dividing Basel III tier 1 capital by the total of on-balance sheet assets and off-balance sheet items at their credit equivalent values. The strong tier 1 position of the group ensures a high leverage ratio for the group.

Capital planning is an important element of overall financial planning and capital requirements of businesses are assessed based on the growth plans. The Capital utilisation & requirement is monitored every quarter to ensure sufficient capital buffer above regulatory and internal requirement. Senior management considers the implications on capital, prior to making strategic decisions. During the year, the Bank and each legal entity in the Group placed emphasis on capital and liquidity to ensure that they were capitalised above internal and regulatory minimum requirements at all times, including under stress conditions.

## C. Risk Appetite

The risk appetite is set by the Board and is a top-down process consisting of specific quantitative and gualitative factors and provides an enforceable risk statement on the amount of risk the Group is willing to accept in support of its financial and strategic objectives. The risk appetite statements set the "Tone from the Top" and cover all key risk factors and clearly define the boundaries of risk taking. The risk appetite is a key building block of the Bank's risk management culture and risk management framework. Risk Appetite forms a key input to the business and capital planning process by linking risk strategy to the business strategy, through a set of comprehensive indicators. The Risk appetite statements are reviewed by senior management who recommend it to the Board for approval. Annual financial plans are tested against key risk appetite measures to ensure alignment. Regular monitoring of risk exposures is carried out to ensure that risk taking activity remains within risk appetite. Performance against approved risk appetite is measured every quarter and reviewed by the Senior Management, RMC & Board. Action is taken as needed, to maintain balance of risk and return. The framework is operational at the consolidated level as well as for key legal entities.

## D. Credit Risk

Of the various types of risks which the Group assumes, credit risk contributes to the largest regulatory capital requirement. Credit risk arises as a result of failure or unwillingness on part of customer or counterparties' to fulfil their contractual obligations. These obligations could arise from wholesale, retail advances, off balance sheet items or from investment and trading portfolio by way of issuer risk in debt paper, counterparty risk on derivative transactions and downgrade risk on non SLR investments and OTC contracts. The Group assumes credit risk in areas that are well understood and where there is sufficient expertise, resources and infrastructure to effectively measure and manage the risk and balance risk with reward.

The Group has a comprehensive top down credit risk framework defined by Credit policies & Standards that sets out the principles and control requirements under which credit is extended to customers in various business divisions. The policies and standards cover all stages of the credit cycle including origination; client ratings, risk assessment; credit approval; risk mitigation; documentation, administration, monitoring and recovery. These provide guidance in the formulation of business-specific credit policies and standards. The Group aims to have a consistent approach across legal entities when measuring, monitoring and managing credit risk.

Credit and investment decisions must comply with established policies, guidelines, business rules and risk assessment tools used to help make these decisions. Managing credit risk is the responsibility of several levels of employees - from those who deal directly with clients to authorizing officers. The Group has credit approving authorities and committee structures and a set of formal limits for the extension of credit, linked to the risk levels of the borrower and transaction. Authorities are delegated to positions commensurate with their function and the level of credit knowledge and judgement that employees holding that position are required to possess. The delegation of authority is reviewed at least annually.

The Credit philosophy in the Bank mandates that lending is based on credit analysis, with full understanding of the purpose of the loan and is commensurate to customer financials and ability to repay from business operations without compromising business continuity or finances. Off balance sheet transactions are subjected to the same rigorous credit analysis as on balance sheet transactions. Appropriate levels of collateralization is obtained based upon the nature of the transaction and the credit quality, size and structure of the borrower.

The Group evaluates the credit of every loan applicant and guarantor before approving any loan. The evaluation and approval process differs depending on whether the loan is a wholesale loan or a retail loan. The wholesale and retail portfolios are also managed separately owing to difference in the risk profile of the assets.

Wholesale lending is managed on a name-by-name basis for each type of counterparty and borrower Group. Credit rating models provide a consistent and structured assessment. Wholesale borrowers are assessed individually, and further reviewed and evaluated by experienced credit managers who consider relevant credit factors and supplement it with their expert judgment in the final determination of the borrower's risk. Depending on exposure and credit rating, levels of authority are defined so that credit decisions are always made at a level adequate to the risk involved. Wholesale credit is monitored at an aggregate portfolio, industry, individual client and borrower Group level. Annual credit reviews of borrowers are a key credit control measure. Parameters for new underwritings are clearly specified and internal ratings are assigned when a credit is initially approved. The ratings are reviewed at least once annually, with updated information on financial position, market position, industry economic condition and account conduct. Besides client account reviews, sector outlook and performance of borrowers within sectors are monitored and reported to senior management.

Retail clients are monitored on pools of homogeneous borrowers and products. Business-specific credit risk policies and procedures including client acceptance criteria, approving authorities, frequency of reviews, as well as portfolio monitoring frameworks and robust collections and recovery processes are in place.

The Bank's credit process is divided into three stages - pre-sanction, sanction and post -sanction.

At the pre-sanction stage, the independent credit function conducts credit appraisal and assign a borrower credit rating based on internal rating model. The credit rating takes into consideration the borrowers current and anticipated financial position and other relevant risk factors like Business risk, Industry and Management quality. The Bank has various rating models depending upon the borrower size and segment. Each credit rating assigned maps into a borrower's probability of default. The borrower rating is supplemented by a separate risk rating assigned at the facility level, that takes into consideration additional factors, such as security, seniority of claim, structure, and any other form of approved credit risk mitigation. At a minimum, two independent credit officers are involved in the rating decisions and the ratings are finalised by a senior credit officer. Credit approval procedures follow the check-and-balance principle. There is a multi-level credit approval process requiring loan approval at successively higher levels depending on the size and collateral of the proposal.

In the post sanction process, the Credit Administration team processes documentation, on the completion of which, credit is disbursed. There is regular reporting on portfolio distribution by risk grades, monitoring of covenants prescribed as part of sanction and pending documentation if any.

An independent loan review team conducts reviews of credit exposures covering compliance to internal policies, sanction terms, regulatory guidelines. account conduct and suggests remedial measures to address irregularities if any. The Bank has an enterprise wide Early Warning Signal (EWS) framework that considers various financial and non-financial parameters to identify signs of credit weakness at an early stage. In case of loans where there is significant deterioration, the Bank employs various recovery mechanisms, including transferring the account to an internal unit specialised in managing problem accounts, to maximise collection from these accounts.

## E. Collateral and Credit Risk Mitigation

Credit Risk mitigation, begins with proper customer selection through assessment of the borrower, along financial and non-financial parameters, to meet commitments. The Group uses a number of methods to mitigate risk in its credit portfolio (on and off balance sheet), depending on suitability of the mitigant for the credit, legal enforceability, type of customer and internal experience to manage the particular risk mitigation technique. Common credit risk mitigation techniques are facility structuring, obtaining security / collateral, guarantees and lending covenants. While collateral cannot replace a rigorous assessment of a borrower's ability to meet obligations, it is an important complement. Mitigating mechanisms like syndication, loan assignments as well as reduction in the amount of credit granted are also used. While unsecured facilities may be provided, within the Board approved limits for unsecured lending, collateral is taken wherever needed, depending upon the level of borrower risk and the type of loan granted.

The Bank has an approved Collateral management policy that sets out the acceptable types of collateral, valuation framework and the hair cut applicable. The haircut applied depends on collateral type and reflects the risk due to price volatility, time taken to liquidate the asset and realization costs. Collateral values are assessed at the time of loan origination by an independent unit and the valuations are updated, as per policy, depending on the type of collateral, legal environment and creditworthiness of the borrower. In cases where the value of collateral has materially declined, additional collateral may be sought to maintain the cover as per sanction terms.

The main types of collateral / security taken include cash & cash equivalents, immovable property, movable fixed assets, inventory and receivables. Guarantees from higher rated entities are also obtained in cases where credit worthiness of the standalone borrower is not sufficient to extend credit. Guarantees that are treated as eligible credit risk mitigation are monitored along with other credit exposures to the guarantor

Legal enforceability of collateral obtained is critical, to improve recoveries in the event of a default. The Bank has specific requirements in its internal policies with regards to security verification and appropriate legal documentation. Periodic inspections of physical collateral are performed where appropriate and where reasonable means of doing so are available. The Credit Administration and Legal function ensure that there is timely registration, adequate legal documentation, in line with internal policies, to establish recourse to any collateral, security or other credit enhancements.

## F. Credit Risk Concentration

To avoid undue concentration in credit exposures and maintain diversification, the Bank operates within Board approved limits or operational controls in its loan portfolio, that include -

- · Single / Group borrower & Substantial exposure limits
- Sector and Industry limits
- Exposure limits on below investment grade accounts
- Country / Bank exposure limits

The Bank has defined internal limits for managing borrower concentrations, which are tighter than regulatory norms. Exposures are monitored against approved limits to guard against unacceptable risk concentrations, and appropriate actions are taken in case of any excess. Concentration limits represent the maximum exposure levels the Bank will hold on its books. Besides controlling fresh exposure generation, loan sell-downs are used as a key tool in managing concentrations. Concentration levels in the credit portfolio are reported to senior management. Based on evaluation of risk and stress in various sectors, the Bank identifies stressed sectors and makes provisions for standard assets at rates higher than the regulatory minimum. in such sectors.

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Retail portfolios typically consist of a large number of accounts of relatively small value loans. They comprise of mortgage loans, vehicle loans, personal loans, credit cards, small business loans etc. These are mainly schematic lending within pre-approved parameters. The credit assessment in such portfolios is typically done using a combination of client scoring, product policy, external credit reporting information such as credit bureaus where available and is also supplemented by Credit officer's judgment. Internal historical information from previous borrowers also forms an input into credit decisions. There are specific guidelines for each product and the credit decision will take into account the parameters like loan to value,



Concentration is also monitored in geographic locations in the retail portfolio, delinquency trends, types of credit facilities and collaterals. The risk appetite of the Bank mandates a diversified portfolio and has suitable metrics for avoiding excessive concentration of credit risk. Through periodic monitoring, analysis and reporting, the Bank ensures that the overall risk in the portfolio is diversified and consistent with the risk appetite mandate while achieving financial objectives.

## G. Market Risk in Trading Book

Market Risk is the risk of possible economic loss arising from adverse changes in market risk factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, credit spreads, commodity & equity prices and implied volatilities. Market Risk in the Bank is managed through the Board Approved Investment Policy – which sets out the Investment Philosophy of the Bank and its approach to Market Risk Management. The Risk Management Committee of the Bank approves and reviews performance against the Bank's Market Risk Appetite. The Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) of the Bank approves the market risk & limit framework, the allocation of limits to business units & desks, the risk monitoring systems and risk control procedures. The Bank's Board Committee for Derivative Products and the Senior Management Committee for Derivatives are responsible for the oversight of the derivatives business.

The Bank has a comprehensive market risk limit-framework including limits on sensitivity measures like PV01, Duration, Option Greeks (Delta, Gamma, Vega etc.) and other limits like Value at Risk (VaR) limits, loss-triggers, value-limits, gap-limits, deal-size limits, tenor restrictions and holding-period limits.

The Market Risk Management unit reports directly to the Chief Risk Officer and ensures that all market risks are identified, assessed, monitored and reported for management decision making. The unit is responsible for identifying and escalating any risks, including deviations & limit breaches on a timely basis. Major market risk limits like PV01, Bond Position Limits, Desk-wise Fx Position limits, Greek limits etc. are monitored on an intraday basis. The market risk control framework is enhanced by systems, policies & procedures.

The Bank uses Value at Risk (VaR) to quantify the potential loss from adverse moves in the financial markets. The VaR model is based on historical simulation and a confidence level of 99% for a one-day holding period. The effectiveness of the VaR model is periodically evaluated through a process of back-testing. The Bank periodically performs Stress testing & Scenario analysis to measure the exposure of the Bank to extreme, but low probability market movements.

## H. Country and Counterparty Credit Risk

Country Risk is the risk of loss that the bank faces, which is specifically attributed to events in a specific country. Country risk may be triggered by deterioration of economic conditions, political and social turmoil, asset nationalization or expropriation, government's refusal to pay external debt, foreign exchange control or currency depreciation in a country or a region.

The Bank has a Board approved Country Risk Policy, which takes into account direct and indirect risk (both funded and non-funded exposures) for the purpose of identifying, measuring, monitoring and controlling country risk. As per the Policy, ALCO of the Bank is empowered to approve country limits.

Financial institutions are interrelated because of trading, clearing, counterparty, funding or other relationships. The Bank has exposure to many counterparties in the financial industry, directly and indirectly, including clearing houses, commercial banks, investment banks, mutual funds, and other clients with which it regularly executes transactions. The Bank is exposed to counterparty risk arising from the potential inability of counterparties, to fulfil their obligations under transactions.

The Bank manages these exposures through careful selection of market counterparts as well as by placing concentration limits on particular counterparty exposures.

As per the Investment Policy of the bank, ALCO of the bank fixes counterparty limits for inter-bank participants based on their capital adequacy, resource raising ability, asset quality, earning, management & systems evaluation, liquidity and so on. These limits are reviewed from time to time. Pre-settlement credit risk for traded products arising from a counterparty potentially defaulting on its obligations is generally quantified by evaluation of the market price plus potential future exposure. This is used to calculate the regulatory capital and is included within the overall credit limits to counterparties for internal risk management.

With a view to reduce counterparty and systemic risk, there are regulatory initiatives directing OTC trades to be cleared through Central Counterparties (CCPs). The Bank has a dedicated team that manages the interface with CCPs and understands the implications of the risk transfer from being distributed among individual bilateral counterparties to CCPs. The Bank operates within ALCO approved limits on individual CCP.

## I. Interest Rate Risk in Banking Book (IRRBB)

IRRBB consists primarily of risk inherent in ALM activities and relates to the potential adverse impact of changes in market interest rates on future net interest income. IRRBB arises from mismatches in re-pricing of interest rate sensitive assets (RSA), rate sensitive liabilities (RSL) and rate sensitive off-balance sheet items in the banking book. The intensity of the impact depends largely on timing mismatches in the maturity and repricing of assets and liabilities and off-balance sheet positions. The aim of managing interest-rate risk is to ensure that exposure to fluctuations in interest rates is kept within acceptable limits. The Group assesses and manages interest rate risk in its banking book as well as including trading book.

ALCO is the guiding body for management of IRRBB in the bank and sets the overall policy and risk limits. Balance Sheet Management Unit (BMU), which is part of the treasury, is entrusted with the responsibility of managing IRRBB and uses Funds Transfer Pricing (FTP) to transfer risk from business units to centralised treasury. No interest rate risk is retained within any business other than treasury. Measuring interest rate risk in the banking book, includes conventional parallel yield curve shifts as well as scenarios in which the curvature of the yield curve changes.

As interest rate risk can impact both net interest income (NII) and value of capital, it is assessed and managed from both earning and economic perspective. Bank uses earnings at risk (EaR) as a short term risk indicator to assess the sensitivity of NII and NIM over a one-year period, to change in interest rates. From an economic perspective, which is a long term risk indicator, it uses duration approach to determine the sensitivity of economic value of equity (EVE) to changes in interest rates.

## J. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its obligations when they fall due without adversely affecting its financial condition or not being able to finance growth of its assets without incurring a substantial increase in costs. The efficient management of liquidity is essential to the Group in order to retain the confidence of the financial markets and maintain the sustainability of the business. Liquidity is managed through the Group Liquidity policy, which is designed to maintain high quality liquid assets to protect against adverse funding conditions and to support day-today operations while maintaining a diversified funding profile. Diversification of funding sources is a key element of the funding strategy and funding sources are well diversified by source, instrument, term and geography. The choice of funding sources and instruments is based on a number of factors, including relative cost and market capacity as well as the Group's objective to achieve an appropriate balance between the cost and the stability of funding. The organization strives to maintain a long term funding structure in line with the liquidity of its assets, with maturity profiles that are compatible with the generation of stable and recurrent cash flows, so that the balance sheet can be managed without liquidity strains in the short term. The funding of lending activity is fundamentally carried out using stable customer funds.

Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO) of the Bank defines its liquidity risk management strategy and risk tolerances. Balance Sheet Management Unit (BMU) of the bank is responsible for managing liquidity under the liquidity risk management framework. The framework is designed to maintain liquidity resources that are sufficient in amount, quality and funding tenor profile to support the liquidity risk appetite. Liquidity risk management strategies and practices are reviewed to align with changes to the external environment, including regulatory changes, business conditions and market developments. Actual and anticipated cash flows generated are monitored to ensure compliance with limits. Liquidity risk tolerance is an integral part of the Board approved risk appetite statements.

There is an in internal funds transfer pricing mechanism under which each business is allocated the full funding cost required to support its assets, Businesses that raise funding are compensated at an appropriate level for the liquidity benefit provided by the funding. Limit setting and transfer pricing are tools designed to control the level of liquidity risk taken and drive the appropriate mix of funds.

Liquidity risk is assessed in the Bank from both structural and dynamic perspective and the bank uses various approaches like Stock approach, cash flow approach & stress test approach to assess this risk. Bank has also set prudential internal limits in addition to regulatory limits on liquidity gaps, call borrowing, interbank liabilities, etc. Cash flow management is critical for liquidity risk management and the Bank has developed models for predicting cash flows for products with indeterminate maturity, products with embedded options, contingents, etc. The outcome of the models is periodically back tested to test their effectiveness.

The Bank also manages its intra-day liquidity positions so that payments and settlement obligations are met on a timely basis. The Bank dynamically manages the queue of payments, forecasts the quantum and timing of cash flows, prioritizing critical payment transactions, assessing the drawing power of intraday liquidity facilities, etc.

The Bank follows a scenario based approach for liquidity stress testing to evaluate the impact of stress on the liquidity position. The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) aims to promote short-term resilience of a bank's liquidity risk profile and measures the extent to which a Banking Group's High-quality liquid assets (HQLA) are sufficient to cover short-term expected cash outflows in a stressed scenario, over the next 30 calendar days. The expected cash outflows are arrived by applying specific run off rates, prescribed by the regulator, against outstanding liabilities and off-balance sheet commitments. These outflows are partially offset by inflows, which are calculated at regulatory prescribed inflow rates. The HQLA have to meet the defined eligibility criteria laid down by the regulator. The Group monitors and manages the composition of liquid assets to ensure diversification by asset class, counterparty and tenor.

The Group is well above the minimum regulatory requirement of 100% for the LCR. The Group considers the impact of its business decisions on the LCR and regularly monitors the LCR as part of the liquidity risk management framework.

Besides LCR, the Basel III liquidity framework also envisage the Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR), which measures the ratio between available stable funding (>1 year) and the required stable funding (> 1 year) to support long-term lending and other long term assets. The NSFR came into effect from October 1, 2021 and the Group is well above the regulatory requirement of 100%.

To supplement the monitoring of liquidity risk under normal business conditions, a framework has been designed to prevent and manage liquidity stress events. The bank has a contingency liquidity plan (CLP) approved by ALCO and the Board, that plays an important role in its liquidity risk management framework. The CLP incorporates early warning indicators (EWIs) to forewarn emerging stress liquidity conditions and to maximize the time available to undertake appropriate mitigating strategies. The plan establishes an appropriate governance structure, lines of responsibility, contact lists to facilitate prompt communication with all key internal and external stakeholders and also defines strategies and possible actions to conserve or raise additional liquidity, under stress events of varying severity, to minimize impact on the Bank.

## K. Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people, systems and external events. The objective of operational risk management at the Bank is to manage and control operational risk in a cost effective manner within targeted levels as defined in the risk appetite. The centralised and independent operational risk management function manages this risk as guided by the Board approved operational risk management policy.

The Board of Directors, Risk Management Committee and the Operational Risk Executive Committees (ORECs) have overall oversight function for operational risk management. The Group level IT Security Committee provides direction for mitigating the operational risk in IT security. There is a group wide IT security programme (ARISTI) to ensure complete data security and integrity. There is also a Committee on Frauds, which reviews all frauds above a threshold amount. Further, an Executive level Fraud Risk Management Committee has been constituted under the chairmanship of the Chief Risk Officer.

The Business Units and support functions, are accountable for operational risks and controls in their respective areas, which they manage under the policies, standards, processes, procedures; and operational risk management framework laid down by the independent Operational Risk Management (ORM) function. The ORM function defines standardised tools and techniques such as Risk and control self-assessment (RCSA) to identify and assess operational risks and controls. The RCSA programme is executed by Business and support functions in accordance with the standards established by the ORM function. The ORM team provides independent challenge to the RCSAs and evaluates the residual risks. Key Risk Indicators (KRIs) are

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defined and tracked to monitor trends of certain key operational risk parameters. Internal audit and Internal Control teams provide oversight and assurance that activities are conducted as per laid down guidelines.

The Bank has an internal framework for reporting and capturing operational risk incidents. Significant incidents reported are investigated to assess weaknesses in controls and identify areas for improvement. The Bank has a Whistle blower policy and platform, which is open to employees and vendors for raising their concerns, with full confidentiality, on any fraud, malpractice or any other untoward activity or event. Disaster recovery and Business Continuity Plans (BCP) have been established for significant businesses to ensure continuity of operations and minimal disruption to customer services. These plans are periodically tested and reviewed to ensure their effectiveness.

Risk transfer via insurance is a key strategy to mitigate operational risk exposure at the Bank. The Operational Risk team helps to review and provide inputs on key insurance coverage basis trends and triggers emerging from unusual events or changes in risk profile basis introduction of new products or developments in the external environment.

## L. Technology Risks

The Bank has committed significant resources to manage technology risk. A layered technology architecture is implemented to manage risks due to system failures, cyber-attacks etc. Disaster recovery and Business Continuity Plans (BCP) have been established and various functional and technology initiatives have been taken to enhance system resiliency.

End of Life/out of support systems pose operational and security risks such as vendor support, patch, bug fixes etc. The Bank has a process for planned upgrades of out of support systems.

Effective access control mechanism is a key technology control to prevent unauthorised access. The access to business applications is provisioned by an independent team. The access is provided based on the roles and segregation of duties. Technology and Operational controls are implemented to manage privileged access to systems.

Cyber threats and the associated risks in the external environment have increased and the Bank works continuously to improve processes and controls to mitigate these risks. Cyber resilience framework is established to mitigate the threats such as data breaches, malware, denial-of-service attacks etc.

New digital product offerings are thoroughly assessed for cyber risks prior to roll out and on an ongoing basis.

During the year cyber drills were conducted to assess the effectiveness of the prevention, detection and response controls. Bank has enhanced its security monitoring and incident response capability by implementing advanced solution with extensive AI/ML functionality.

Thematic assessments were conducted for IMPS and API management systems. Several initatives were taken to enhance the security posture such as 2 factor authentication for critical systems, secure remote access etc.

The Bank constantly monitors the technology risk environment, emerging regulatory requirements and mitigation strategies.

Ongoing audits/tests are conducted to assess the robustness of its technology controls and minimize the impact of incidents.

## N. Reputation Risk

Trust is the foundation for the banking industry and is critical to building a strong customer franchise. Reputation risk is the risk of current or prospective loss arising from stakeholder's adverse experience while dealing with the institution, which results in an adverse perception / loss of Trust in the institution. Reputation Risk most often results from the poor management of other risks and can arise from a variety of sources including direct sources like poor financial performance, poor governance and indirect sources like increased operational risk or control failures. Reputation is critical to achieving Group Objectives and targets and damage to it can have negative effects on its business. Managing reputation is a priority area for the Group and there is Zero tolerance for knowingly engaging in any activities that are not consistent with its values, Code of Conduct or policies and have the potential for unacceptable regulatory or reputational risk. The Group ERM policy lays down the framework to ensure reputation is managed effectively and consistently across the Group. This is supplemented by business procedures for identifying and escalating transactions that could pose material reputation risk, to senior management. Each employee has the responsibility to consider the impact on reputation of the Group, when engaging in any activity. The framework seeks to proactively identify and avoid areas that may result in potential damage to reputation and guidelines for managing crisis situations, if a reputation risk incident has occurred. The reputation risk management process is integrated with the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process. While reputation risk can be difficult to quantify, the Bank has adopted a scorecard approach, based on expert judgment, to assess various reputation risk drivers and the overall level of reputation risk.

## O. Conduct Risk

Conduct risk means any action that would cause harm to consumer protection, market integrity or competition. The Bank has identified conduct risk arising out of: Manipulation of financial benchmarks / markets, Mis-selling, Fair dealing with customers & Compliance with laws of the land. Minimising conduct risk is critical to achieving long term business goals and meeting regulatory standards. The Bank has processes for managing conduct risk and policies that guide staff in dealing with prevention of conflict of interest, employee conduct and dealing with proprietary and confidential information, so that they conduct themselves ethically and in compliance with the law. Product approval, product review processes, Suitability and appropriateness policies, are some of the measures embedded in the Bank's framework to mitigate conduct risk. Conduct risk is managed by maintaining a positive and dynamic culture that emphasizes acting with integrity. Respective policies ensure that business decisions are guided by standards that take into account right conduct apart from commercial considerations. Conduct risk management is incorporated into HR practices, including recruiting, training, performance assessment, promotion and compensation processes. The group places zero tolerance on instances of professional or personal misconduct. Conduct risk is assessed in the ICAAP through a scorecard that considers the various drivers of conduct risk.

During the year, in the context of continuing impact of COVID-19, the Bank maintained its focus on customers and culture. The Bank implemented measures to support customers and ensure continuity of service. The Bank supported its employees in these unprecedented conditions, adapting its controls and risk management processes in view of the significant levels of remote working throughout the year.

## P. Risk Culture

Culture and values are a priority area for the Group. Risk culture refers to desired attitudes and behaviors relative to risk taking. The Group embeds a strong risk culture, through clear communication and appropriate training for employees. The objective is to develop a disciplined risk culture where managing risk is a responsibility shared by all employees. The Group only assumes those risks that can be managed, with clear understanding of the implications. Senior Management receives regular and periodic information on various matters for the respective business lines and clearly communicate their plans, strategy and expected outcomes to team members. The Bank has a structured induction programme for new employees to help them in understanding various businesses across the Group and how risk management culture and practices support in building and sustaining the organization. All employees are required to be familiar with risk management policies relevant to their roles and responsibilities and it is their responsibility to escalate potential risk issues to senior management, on a timely basis. The risk culture in the group lays emphasis on responsible business plans and when launching new products. These objectives are backed by suitable policies and processes for implementation.

The enterprise risk management framework outlines the methodology used to manage the risks inherent in its activities, while ensuring the outcomes of risk-taking are aligned with its overall strategy and mandate. The framework reinforces a risk culture across the organization that ensures a high level of risk awareness and makes risk management an integral part of organisational decision-making. The Bank's risk management practices and culture enables it to take the risks necessary to fulfill its mandate while ensuring the organization is financially sustainable.

## Q. Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process ('ICAAP')

Every year, the Group undertakes the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process ('ICAAP'), which provides management with a view of overall risks, assessment and capital allocated to cover the risks. The ICAAP is linked to overall business planning and establishes a strategy for maintaining appropriate capital levels. ICAAP is an assessment of all significant risks (Pillar II), other than Pillar I risks, to which the Group is exposed and covers the consideration of whether additional capital is required, based on internal assessment. Once the risks are identified, the Group determines the method and extent of risk mitigation. Risk mitigation takes place through strengthening policies, procedures, improving risk controls and having suitable contingency plans. Finally, the Group determines the risks that will be covered by capital and the level of capital sufficient to cover those risks. The ICAAP outcomes are reviewed by senior management and formally approved by the Board. The ICAAP is periodically enhanced to include greater detail and more in-depth analysis. The Group was adequately capitalised to cover Pillar I sks.

## R. Stress Testing

Stress testing is a key element of the ICAAP and an integral tool in the Risk Management framework as it provides management a better understanding of how portfolios perform under adverse economic conditions. Stress testing is integral to strengthening the predictive approach to risk management and supplements other risk management tools by providing an estimate of tail risks.

The Bank has a Board approved Stress testing policy which is aligned to regulatory guidelines and covers material risks. Indicative stress scenarios are defined in the policy. Liquidity stress tests are also part of this framework and aim to ascertain whether the Bank has recourse to adequate liquidity to withstand the impact of approved stress scenarios. As actual events can sometimes be more severe than anticipated, management considers additional stresses outside these scenarios, as necessary. Reverse stress testing is used to explore extreme adverse events that would cause capital adequacy to fall below the internal capital threshold.

The results of stress tests are interpreted in the context of the Bank's internal risk appetite for capital adequacy and reported to management and the Board. The stress testing exercise provides an opportunity to develop suitable mitigating response prior to onset of actual conditions exhibiting the stress scenarios. The ICAAP integrates stress testing with capital planning and during the year, the Bank was above regulatory and internal target capital ratios under all approved stress scenarios.

## R. COVID-19

The COVID-19 pandemic is the worst public health crisis in modern history. The Covid-19 outbreak and its effect on the global economy affected customers, and the future effects of the outbreak remain uncertain. Many business models and income were impacted by the economic downturn caused by the Covid-19 outbreak, requiring them to take support from both governments and banks. The government responded at unprecedented levels to protect public health, economy and livelihoods, through a combination of lockdowns to limit the spread of infection and to avoid overburdening the healthcare system. The lockdowns restricted public life and led to a significant decline in sales in many sectors, such as restaurants, hotels, recreation, transportation, tourism and retailing. Different areas of economic policy, such as monetary policy and fiscal policy have operated in synergy during the crisis. Going forward, the impact is expected to be less severe, with the expected normalisation and given that most economic sectors are allowed to operate. The ongoing vaccination programme as well as fiscal and monetary support, is expected to lift sentiment and growth. Throughout this period, the Bank has continued to support its customers and maintained its levels of service as its people, processes and systems responded to changes in the operating environment. The strong balance sheet and liquidity position also helped it to support its customers.

## Compliance

The Bank has, since inception, a well-established and comprehensive compliance framework and structure to identify, monitor and manage the Compliance Risk in the Bank. The framework, policy and the structure are also adhering to all the regulatory prescriptions issued by the RBI in this regard. In addition, all key subsidiaries of the Bank have independent Compliance Function. The Compliance officials of the Bank and the Group interact on various issues periodically to ensure that all the supervisory and regulatory instructions are interpreted and implemented in letter and spirit. This also helps exchange of views on best practices and to understand compliance risk across the group. Guidance or directions are extended to the subsidiary companies Compliance Officers, keeping in the mind the overall responsibility of the Bank as the Holding Company. The Compliance Function is responsible for all aspects of regulatory compliance across the Bank. Compliance is given utmost importance with the tone from the Top and Senior Management of the Bank and subsidiaries are directly monitoring the same.

The compliance framework, approved by the Board, broadly sets out the compliance risk management processes and tools to be used by businesses, management and Compliance Officers for managing its compliance risks. Apart from the Bank's compliance framework, the Bank and all the subsidiaries have their own operating procedures. The Compliance team supports top management and manages and supervises the compliance framework along with providing compliance assistance to various businesses/support functions. The Bank has a Board approved New Products/

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Process approval policy and all new products/processes or modifications to the existing product/processes are approved by Compliance by satisfying that these products are compliant with not only various RBI regulations but that of SEBI / IRDAI / PFRDA. As prescribed by RBI, Bank has a system of compliance review of its new products within six months of its launch to satisfy that all the regulatory prescriptions have been adhered to. These Review reports are issued to the concerned businesses / Product Heads.

The Compliance Department ensures that the applicable regulatory prescriptions apart from Anti-Money Laundering / Combating Financing of Terrorism / KYC aspects are dovetailed in to the new products / processes notes. Compliance Department senior executives are members of various internal and external committees, which enable them to monitor the compliance risk of the institution effectively.

The Bank uses the knowledge management tools for monitoring the changes in existing regulations as well as new regulations. The Bank has put in place Compliance tracking and Monitoring system to ensure that the regulatory instructions are implemented effectively within the organisation. The Bank also looks at regulatory websites and participates in industry working groups that discuss evolving regulatory requirements. In-house compliance newsletter keeps the employees abreast of the key regulatory updates affecting the businesses of the Bank and its subsidiaries. Compliance also disseminates the changes in the regulations by way of compliance alerts to all the employees. Training on compliance matters is imparted to employees on an ongoing basis both online and classroom. The Compliance Department keeps the management/Board informed about important compliance related matters through monthly, guarterly and annual compliance reviews.

## Internal Controls

The Bank has put in place adequate internal controls, driven through various policies and procedures, which are reviewed periodically. Businesses have an Internal Risk Control Unit or Internal Controls functions to assess the efficacy of the control designs placed to mitigate identified risks and to identify new risks. Senior officers of the operating and business units, also monitor the mitigating measures taken

The Bank has an Internal Audit (IA) function that is responsible for independently evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of all internal control designs and implementation, risk management, governance systems and processes. IA is manned by appropriately skilled, experienced and gualified personnel. This team of IA includes qualified Information technology, data security and cyber security related risks personnel as well.

The Internal Audit department and Compliance function ensure business units adhere to internal processes and procedures as well as to the regulatory and legal requirements and provide timely feedback to Management for corrective action. The audit function also proactively recommends improvements in operational processes and service quality, wherever necessary. The Bank takes corrective actions to minimise the design risk, if

The IA department adopts a risk based audit approach in congruence to the RBI Guidelines on Risk Based Internal Audit (RBIA). Audits are conducted across various businesses and functions i.e. Consumer, Commercial, Wholesale, Treasury (for domestic and overseas businesses). This include audit of Operations units. Risk and Support functions. Information Security Audits. Information Technology audits. IT Governance and Infrastructure audits etc. These are conducted to independently evaluate the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls on an ongoing basis and pro-actively recommending enhancements thereof.

An oversight on the critical areas of operations is also kept through continuous off-site monitoring (COM) using centralised data led analysis and exception monitoring within IA. Further, using a risk based approach, critical units of the bank including retail branches are subjected to Independent Concurrent Audit process in line with the RBI guidelines. These concurrent audits are conducted through reputed external CA firms under the supervision of IA team of the bank. The senior leadership and the Audit Committee of the Board regularly review the IA reports and concurrent audit reports along with COM findings and their remediation.

The IA function ensures dynamic reviews of risk classifications of auditable areas and IT elements within the bank using its Risk Based Audit Plan and calendar. These reviews take into consideration the banks' overall strategic plans, risk trends as well as risk classifications evaluated periodically by the Strategy, Risk and Information Risk management functions of the bank.

Proactive and collaborative work practices amongst Compliance, Risk, Fraud Control and Internal Audit functions of the bank are ensured using cross-functional committee representations for these functions.

To ensure Independence, the Internal Audit function has a reporting line to the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Board with a dotted line reporting to the Joint Managing Director of the bank. The Audit team and the Compliance team undergo regular training both in-house and external to build the required subject matter expertise across domains of business, risks, technology and regulations. The Audit Committee of the Board reviews the effectiveness of controls, compliance with regulatory guidelines as also the performance of the Audit and Compliance functions in the Bank and provides guidance and direction that may be required.

## Human Resources

As on 31st March, 2022, the full time employee strength of the Group was over 90,000. The standalone Bank had over 66,000 full time employees as on 31st March, 2022.

In the FY 2021-22, there was increased focus on process automation, employee wellness, engagement and development. With its undeterred efforts and exceptional employee initiatives, the bank has been certified as a 'Great Place to Work' again by the GPTW institute. Key areas where several employee initiatives were introduced and re-engineered are as follows:

## A. Employee Health & Wellness:

Bank has championed Health and Wellness drives with the initiative, #HumFitKotakHit. It has addressed a holistic welfare of Kotakites, including Physical, Social, Financial and Emotional welfare.

- Various health and wellness related initiatives were launched through online and onsite interactions such as Employee Outreach program, Covid test reimbursements for Kotakites and their families, Special Leave - COVID-19 positive and online wellness initiatives such as yoga, meditation, Zumba, guiz sessions, etc.
- Offering fitness allowance through the 'Health to the Power Infinity' programme (#HumFitKotakHit), thereby creating a culture of fitness for Kotakites by encouraging them to update their fitness goals online, driving focus on their health and wellbeing

- were conducted to help Kotakites combat physical and mental stress.
- insurance premium is waived off.
- Emotional Assistance Programme was continued to support and guide Kotakites emotionally.

## B. Diversity and Inclusion:

- across grades.
- and leave and equal employment opportunity policy.
- The Bank has been focussing on increasing the gender diversity with currently 1/4<sup>th</sup> base of women
- Employee Assistance Programme was continued for all KWW.

## C. Employee Engagement Initiatives:

- with the leadership team and work as a cohort with them.
- available on the Kotak Worklife Mobile app, on the go to all Kotakites.
- are facing.
- been certified twice in a row by Great Place to work<sup>®</sup> Institute
- physical/virtual volunteering and payroll giving.
- Besides, Kotakites at regional levels celebrated festivals and other occasions ensuring Covid Safety Protocols.

## **BANK'S BUSINESS STRATEGY**

There are nine key strategic drivers identified by the Bank, as set forth below, to ensure that it maintains its leadership position:

## 1. Technology at the Core: Investing in cutting edge technology for both infrastructure and applications with a dual objective: 'run the Bank' and 'change the Bank'

The Bank recognises the importance of building technology capabilities focused on providing improved customer experience, increasing employee productivity, improving operational performance, capabilities for superior regulatory compliance and proactive risk management. The Bank's investment in technology are focused towards following business imperatives:

- 1.1. Adoption of emerging technology
- 1.2. Automation in development and technology operations
- 1.3. Platform convergence
- 1.4. Strengthen capabilities in cyber security
- 1.5. Regulatory compliance
- 1.6. Analytics and reporting for decision making and improved customer interactions
- 1.7. Modernisation of legacy systems

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Doctors, counsellors, psychiatrists, nutritionists are available online for all Kotakites. Online yoga, Zumba, meditation and mindfulness

All Kotakites are covered under Term life + Personal accident policy and also Mediclaim policy. The employee's share of the Mediclaim

Bank has created an opportunity for multi-generations with current average age of 31.1 years, creating an opportunity for younger talent

Bank also framed the Diversity and Inclusion Statement. The statement is aligned with the principles laid out in its employee code of conduct, prevention of sexual harassment (POSH) policy, whistle blower policy, human rights and anti-discrimination policy, attendance

Launched policies such as New Mother Benefit Policy for Kotak Wonder Women to promote gender equity. The policy aims to provide assistance to Kotak Wonder Women returning to work, to help set up a reliable support system for them to take care of their infants.

Regional R&R events were organised where Kotak Wonder Women (KWW) were felicitated under different categories.

Kotak Young Leaders Council - The Bank actively engages with young talent through this flagship initiative where young Kotakites become change makers and thinkers. It is a valuable learning opportunity where the chosen few who become the council get to interact

Eureka: The Bank has revamped the innovation, idea generation portal where Kotakites can submit open ideas or for a specific business problems. These ideas are evaluated and the best ideas are rewarded and implemented across the organization. The platform is also

Kotakathon @ Eureka: The Bank launched a hackathon named Kotakathon @ Eureka, with the single most critical objective, of how we can create highest levels of Customer Obsession in our minds, which helps us deliver real value to our customers. This was a challenge for the Branch Banking Business of Consumer Bank in identifying problem areas, and propose solutions to issues that our customers

My Kotak My Say: The Bank has been strengthening the platform for top down communication. At the same time, the Bank has created a listening opportunity for Kotakites to voice through, 'My Kotak My Say', a bi-annual employee engagement survey engaging with the 'Great Place to Work<sup>®</sup> Institute'. My Kotak My Say Survey was conducted for the 2<sup>nd</sup> time in August 2021, with an overall 76.15% response rate org wide. 77% of Kotakites today believe that Kotak is a Great Place to Work (Increased from 72 %in previous year). We have also

K-Applaud Policy: The Bank has launched K-Applaud, Rewards and Recognition platform. Through this platform, the Bank has been promoting a culture of appreciation via monetary and non-monetary reward programs. The platform is available to Kotakites on Kotak Worklife Mobile App/ Portal. Kotakites can appreciate their peers and can also avail discounts on various brands on the platform

Employee Volunteering Policy: The Bank launched the Employee Volunteering Policy in FY 2021-2022 to enable and inspire Kotakites to utilize their time and skills in socially impactful volunteering activities, thereby, driving a positive change in our communities through

## 2. Leadership in digital capabilities: Continue journey on best-in-class digital processes and interface at speed

2.1. Digital customer acquisition and servicing: The Bank recognises the importance of digital capabilities for scaling up its pace of customer acquisition and providing a best-in-class customer experience.

With a promise of quick account opening through an entirely digital journey, at any time of the day, Kotak 811 continues to be instrumental in driving acquisition of savings account customers for the Bank. Across many other products, as part of its core digital focus, the Bank is investing to create simplified, technology-driven journeys and processes for customer acquisition and servicing.

- 2.2. Best-in-class digital banking experience: In FY 2020-21 the Bank undertook a complete revamp of its net-banking platform to make it more user friendly, faster, safer and more convenient. The Bank will continue to invest in digital transaction channels for enhancing customer acquisition, safety, servicing, transaction processing capability, especially across payments and transfers.
- 2.3. Partnerships with Fintechs: In order to remain at the cusp of fast evolving technologies in the areas of customer acquisition, customer servicing and customer experience, the Bank will actively partner with multiple Fintechs and other such startups.
- 2.4. 'Digital Everything' experience: The Bank aims to head towards a 'Digital Everything' experience and plans on continuing to invest in delivery of multiple products and services through an integrated value proposition across acquiring, lending & transactions.

## 3. Customer centricity: Keep customer at the core of the business in order to provide a positive experience and build long term relationships

The Bank has and will continue to be customer-centric using technology as core by building enablers across customer acquisition, customer experience and customer deepening (cross-sell) and provide a frictionless experience for customers through comprehensive products and services ecosystems

## 3.1. Customer Acquisition

The Bank believes that digital banking experience, and trust and convenience of branch presence are amongst the most important factors influencing customers' choice of banks. The Bank proposes to take a 'Phygital' approach to expansion and plans to undertake a measured growth of its branch network, focusing on value creation, and to expand customer reach. At the same time, Kotak 811 and other digital banking initiatives will continue to be the main driver of customer acquisition. This 'Phygital' strategy will help the Bank consolidate its experience of conventional and modern banking to make customers' journey seamless and complete.

## 3.2. Customer Experience

The Bank endeavours to enhance customer experience through the development and delivery of a large array of financial products and services using cost-efficient, convenient-to-access, and easy-to-use delivery channels, including various digital and technological initiatives.

The Bank wants to add a delightful experience layer at all customer touchpoints to potentially surpass customer expectations. Towards this, the Bank has invested across various customer engagement channels such as virtual relationship manager, Keya - voice and chat bot and WhatsApp banking. Further, process capabilities such as paperless and biometric processing will help the Bank in creating a 'Customer Wow' experience.

The Bank relentlessly pursues to be amongst the most trusted financial services conglomerates in India and has continuously striven to create an ethos of trust across all the businesses. The Bank tracks "Net Promoter Score" on a regular basis and uses it as a basis for understanding the customer delight, loyalty and satisfaction levels with the Bank.

## 3.3. Customer Deepening (cross-sell)

The Bank aims to strengthen its data and analytics capability, leading to improved actionable customer insights. The Bank believes that such investments in advanced analytics shall improve product holding by anticipating customer needs and uptiering risk analytics on lending (both for smarter lending and portfolio management). Additionally, enhanced customer experience is also expected to lead to higher cross-selling of products.

## 3.4. Ecosystem Play

The Bank believes that a comprehensive products and services ecosystem provides frictionless experience driving customer stickiness and enables the Bank in increasing customer wallet share. The Bank intends to combine existing products and services, creating a platform wherever needed and provide ecosystems across customer categories such as 811 ecosystem (digital accounts and loans for technologically savvy millennial population), Cherry by Kotak (artificial intelligence powered multi-asset investment advisory platform launched by Kotak group company) and Lending ecosystem (banking layer on top of business applications for the business banking customers).

## 4. Expanding access to low cost liabilities

The Bank has and will continue to fund its loan growth objectives largely by growing the retail deposit base, in particular savings & current deposits. The Bank has grown its CASA ratio from 38.1% as of 31st March, 2016 to 60.7% as of 31st March, 2022, which is amongst the highest in the Indian banking industry. Retail depositors form an important source of low-cost and stable funding for the Bank. The Bank focuses on leveraging its strengths and expanding the base of retail savings.

The Bank was amongst the first banks to raise interest rates over the prevalent 4% on domestic savings deposits after the RBI deregulated interest rates on savings deposits in 2011, which helped to drive a rise in its savings deposit base. Whilst the Bank has reduced its interest rates in more recent years, its interest rates are still higher than a number of its peers.

It plans to continue expanding its retail banking business by growing its distribution network, increasing its customer base, diversifying its banking product mix, providing banking convenience to customers, optimising digital channels and offering differentiated products and solutions to meet the specific needs of customers.

Further, the Bank aims to expand its current deposits by providing lending solutions, a range of customised products including wealth products targeted at the owners, promoters and directors of corporate customers, salary accounts and cash management and liquidity management solutions.

The Bank believes that its customer-specific orientation will result in an increase in current accounts and retail deposits to the Bank, which will expand its pool of low-cost and stable funding.

## 5. Pursue advances growth ensuring right asset quality additions at risk adjusted pricing and appropriate risk management

## 5.1. Advances

The Bank's strategy is centred on risk adjusted returns with a sharp focus on 'Return of Capital' along with return on capital and sustainable balance sheet growth, led by retail advances and maintaining a high-quality diversified asset portfolio.

The Consumer Banking vertical is expected to remain a key driver of the Bank's overall growth strategy. The Bank aims to strengthen its data and analytics capability, leading to improved actionable customer insights. The Bank believes that such investments in advanced analytics shall improve product holding by anticipating customer needs and up tiering risk analytics on lending (both for smarter lending and portfolio management). The Bank is also focused on a 'Digital Everything' experience by providing end-to-end digital journeys with digital onboarding, straight through approvals with decision engines enabled by integrated core systems, digital disbursement, servicing though digital channels and collections driven by a digital platform. The Bank believes that this strategy will enable it to build relationships in areas far beyond its physical outreach.

The Bank aims to increase its focus on increasing the lending towards RBI defined priority sector lending through providing finance for Tractor, Crop loans, Small Enterprises, allied agricultural activities and microfinance for women borrowers.

The core focus of wholesale business is to acquire guality customers, delivering customised solutions through efficient technology platforms backed by high quality service. The Bank would continually monitor its portfolio diversification through the tracking of industry, group and company specific exposure limits. Additionally, the Bank aims to increase its Environmental, Social and Corporate Governance (ESG) consciousness by considering ESG as one of the metrics while evaluating credit and portfolio composition. The Bank will continue to use Risk Adjusted Return on Capital (RaRoC) model for pricing its advances. RaRoC model ensures that the return earned is appropriately adjusted for expected losses, firm's expenses and taxes and capital deployed.

## 5.2. Risk Management

The Bank strongly believes in doing everything to ensure the safety of its depositors' savings entrusted to it. To meet the same, the Bank has instituted a rigorous process of managing risk and recovery at the heart of its lending practices. The Bank views appropriate credit risk management as the foundation for providing risk-adjusted returns.

The Bank assumes credit risk in areas that are well understood and where there is sufficient expertise, resources and infrastructure to effectively measure and manage the risk and balance risk with reward. A disciplined credit risk management approach has enabled the Bank to build a diversified portfolio of high-quality assets with acceptable levels of credit cost. The Bank will continue to improve its credit risk procedures to keep its credit cost within acceptable levels.

## 6. Executing with discipline - efficiency, productivity and capital

- processes bringing cost-efficiency over the medium to long term.
- people and systems or from external events.
- turnaround time, creating customer wow and increased wallet share and improving operating leverage.
- and will continue to ensure that Credit to Deposit ratio remains within acceptable levels.

## 7. Approaching financial inclusion as an opportunity

The Bank believes that Financial Inclusion is a major step towards inclusive growth. It helps in the overall economic development of the underprivileged population

The Bank focuses on meeting the banking and financial needs of customer segments beyond metro and urban centres and services the priority sector by providing finance for Tractor, Crop loans, Small Enterprises and Allied agricultural activities and microfinance for women borrowers. The Bank intends to increase geographical presence by leveraging its digital ecosystem and tying up with channel partners. With rising rural incomes and strong demand, the Bank believes that there exists a potential for robust growth across product lines.

The Bank aims to deepen access to financial products and services under various Government led initiatives in a sustainable manner. Under its financial inclusion plan, key products and services offered by the Bank include:

- Basic Saving Bank Deposit Accounts offered to customers in the lower income brackets
- Distribution of government sponsored protection schemes

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6.1. Cost efficiency: The Bank will continue to expand its market share across businesses, bringing scale efficiency. Additionally, the Bank will continue to invest in various digital initiatives and technology infrastructure to acquire customers, enhance customer experience, and make internal operations more efficient. A comprehensive digital strategy will allow the Bank to deepen relationship with the customers and automate

6.2. Operational risk management: The objective of operational risk management at the Bank is to manage and control operational risk within targeted levels as defined in the risk appetite laid down by the Board and reduce losses resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes,

6.3. Employee productivity: The Bank works towards continuously improving employee productivity levels and has identified technology, automation and 'do-it-yourself' as critical enablers to achieving the same. Automating repetitive tasks not only helps in reducing costs, but also improves

6.4. Capital: The Bank plans its capital requirements with the objective to meet its regulatory and business requirements striking a balance between risk/reward on the capital to be deployed. The Bank will continue to maintain Tier-I capital in excess of the regulatory required Tier-I capital



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Lending in low income segments through government sponsored schemes and offering services such as Aadhar Enabled Payment Systems through its branch and BC network

The Bank will increase its focus on converting these activities into sustainable opportunities over the long run.

## 8. Attracting, retaining and building a team of talented, engaged and motivated employees in an agile structure

The Bank believes that one of the keys to its success is the ability to recruit, retain, motivate and develop talented and experienced professionals. Bank has been certified as 'One of India's Best Employers Among Nation-Builders' by Great Place to Work® Institute in 2021.

The Bank intends to continue its focus on recruitment and cultivation of a high-quality, professional, and empowered workforce through initiatives such as:

- · training and development programmes for employees to enhance professional knowledge and upskilling of capabilities
- enhancing management and employee incentive programmes to align compensation with performance;
- creating an encouraging work atmosphere
- enhancing employee engagement
- investing in employee wellbeing

The Bank aims to design an organisation for the future by:

- reorganising leadership cadre to bring out higher focus on technology orientation and customer orientation
- creating an agile structure with
  - o younger talented employees on faster growth paths
- o fewer and flatter reporting structures
- improving diversity in the workforce to have a variety of perspectives
- embracing digital workplace driving employee collaboration, productivity and innovation

This will help the Bank in becoming a product, technology and innovation led customer centric organisation.

## 9. Leverage strong standing to pursue inorganic opportunities

The Bank will actively seek inorganic growth opportunities in the Indian financial services space. These opportunities can take various forms, including acquisitions, mergers, joint ventures, strategic investments and asset purchases. The Bank will seek inorganic growth opportunities in businesses or assets that either enable it to expand its market share; allow entry into an industry, customer or geographic segment that it is currently not present in; or provide with new capabilities. In addition, the Bank will also actively seek opportunities of making minority investments in businesses where it would derive financial value from business models which are not managed by it. The Bank will pursue these inorganic growth opportunities where it sees the ability to add value for its stakeholders and customers.

## Outlook

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Some of the key opportunities and threats in the economic and financial environment are as follows:

## Opportunities

- Power a digital growth engine in a fast growing digital economy including in rural India, , by building best in class digital processes and interface at speed
- Leverage talent and implement cutting edge technologies for business transformation
- Differentiate the Kotak Brand by keeping customer at the core in order to provide a positive experience and build long term relationship
- Approaching Financial Inclusion as an opportunity
- Leverage strong standing to pursue inorganic opportunities

## Threats

- A volatile external and global environment, including uncertainty around inflation and interest rates
- Cyber and operational resiliency
- Data infrastructure and technology resilience
- Fintech players specializing in niche areas of banking, including payments and alternative credit, challenging traditional ways of accessing financial products and services
- Increasing level of integration with third parties and risk management thereof
- Talent management and training them for the right culture

Going forward, the Bank will need to move towards the mandated higher capital standards, stricter liquidity and leverage ratios, and a more cautious approach to risk. This implies that Indian banks will need to improve efficiency even as their costs of doing business increase. They will need to refine their risk management skills for enterprise-wide risk management. Also, banks need to have in place a fair and differentiated risk pricing of products and services, since capital comes at a cost. This involves costing, a quantitative assessment of revenue streams from each product and service, and an efficient transfer-pricing mechanism that would determine capital allocation.

## **Outlook for Kotak Group**

Kotak Group's results for the financial year demonstrate the strong fundamental growth in India. However, concerns remain on twin global headwinds of high inflation and increasing interest rates. Federal Reserve increased its benchmark interest rates by 50bps in May 2022, which is the largest rate move since 2000 and is in response to burgeoning inflation pressure. Reserve Bank of India has also raised the repo rates by 90 bps (including 40 bps in an off cycle hike) and is expected to continue to further monetary policy measures to anchor inflation expectations. The Bank will continually evaluate its strategy against the macro-economic realities as they evolve, and will respond with a view to grow its business as a sustainable franchise. The Group believes that with sound risk management and a strong capital adequacy ratio, it is well positioned to capitalise on the growth opportunities offered by India of the future.

The Group aims to expand its market share in Indian financial services by increasing the customer base across the Group, and enhancing the customer experience, which will lead to higher cross-selling of products, thereby contributing to the future growth and profitability.

The Group will actively seek inorganic growth opportunities in the Indian financial services space. The Group will seek inorganic growth opportunities in businesses or assets that either enables it to expand its market share; allows entry into an industry, customer, or geographic segment that the Group is currently not present in; or provides it with new capabilities.

## Safe Harbour

This document contains certain forward-looking statements based on current expectations of Kotak Mahindra management. Actual results may vary significantly from the forward-looking statements contained in this document due to various risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties include the effect of economic and political conditions in India and outside India, volatility in interest rates and in the securities market, new regulations and government policies that may impact the businesses of Kotak Mahindra Group as well as its ability to implement the strategy. Kotak Mahindra does not undertake to update these statements.

This document does not constitute an offer or recommendation to buy or sell any securities of Kotak Mahindra Bank or any of its subsidiaries and associate companies. This document also does not constitute an offer or recommendation to buy or sell any financial products offered by Kotak Mahindra, including but not limited to units of its mutual fund, life insurance policies and general insurance policies.

All investments in mutual funds and securities are subject to market risks and the NAV of the schemes may go up or down depending upon the factors and forces affecting the securities market. The performance of the sponsor, Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited, has no bearing on the expected performance of Kotak Mahindra Mutual Fund or any schemes there under.

Figures for the previous year have been regrouped wherever necessary to conform to current year's presentation.

Change

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**Independent Auditor's Report** 

To the Members of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

## **REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## Opinion

- 1 We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ('the Bank'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022, the Profit and Loss Account and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.
- In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the 2. information required by the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 as well as the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and circulars and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('the RBI'), in the manner so required for banking companies and give a true and fair view, in conformity with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Bank as at 31 March 2022 and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

## **Basis for Opinion**

З. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Key Audit Matters**

- 4 Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.
- We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. 5.

Identification of Non-performing Assets ("NPAs") and provisioning on advances:

Total Loans and Advances (Net of Provision) as at March 31, 2022: ₹ 2,71,254 Crores Provision for NPAs as at March 31, 2022: ₹ 4,733 Crores

Provision Coverage Ratio (including technical write offs) as at March 31, 2022: 79.05%.

Refer Schedule 9, Schedule 17(C)(2), Schedule 18(A) note 9 and note 11

## Key audit matter

## How our audit addressed the key audit matter

The Bank is required to comply with the Master Circular dated 1 October, Our audit procedures included the following:

2021 issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") on "Prudential Norms for Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning pertaining to Advances" (the "IRAC norms") and amendments thereto which prescribes the guidelines for identification and classification of Non-performing Assets ("NPAs") and the minimum provision required for such assets. The Bank is also required to apply its judgement to determine the identification and provision required against NPAs considering various quantitative as well as qualitative factors.

The identification of NPAs is also affected by factors like stress and liquidity concerns in certain sectors

The provision for identified NPAs is estimated based on ageing and classification of NPAs, value of security, recovery estimates etc. and is also subject to the minimum provisioning norms specified by RBI.

In addition, the Bank is also required to implement "Resolution Framework - 2.0: Resolution of COVID-19 related stress of Individuals and Small Businesses" and "Resolution Framework - 2.0: Resolution of COVID-19 \* related stress of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs)" issued by the RBI on 5 May 2021 (collectively "Resolution Framework - 2.0"), and consider the same in identification of NPAs and measurement of provision against advances.

Since the identification of NPAs and provisioning for advances requires considerable level of management estimation, application of various regulatory requirements and its significance to the overall audit, we have . identified this as a key audit matter.

Understood the process and controls, and tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls, including Information Technology based controls, and focused on the following:

- Approval of new lending facilities in accordance with the Bank's credit policies
- \_ Performance of annual review/renewal of loan accounts.
- Monitoring of credit quality which amongst other things includes the monitoring of overdue loan accounts, drawing power limit, pending security creation;
- \_ Identification and classification of NPAs in accordance with IRAC norms, other regulatory guidelines issued by the RBI and consideration of qualitative aspects; and
- Assessment of adequacy of NPA provisions.

Tested the Bank's process for identification of loans with default events and/ or breach of other qualitative factors, and for a sample of performing loans, independently assessed as to whether there was a need to classify such loans as NPAs.

On a test check basis, verified the accounts classified by the Bank as Special Mention Accounts ('SMA') in RBI's Central Repository of Information on Large Credits ('CRILC').

Inquired with the management of the Bank on sectors where there has been stress and the steps taken by the Bank to mitigate such sectorial risks

Key audit matter

## Information Technology ("IT") Systems and Controls impacting Financial Reporting

## Key audit matter

of independent and interdependent IT systems used in the operations of In assessing the controls over the IT systems of the Bank, we involved our As a result, there is a high degree of reliance and dependency on such IT IT infrastructure and IT systems. systems for the financial reporting process of the Bank.

Appropriate IT general controls and IT application controls are required to ensure that such IT systems are able to process the data as required, of the standalone financial statements and financial reporting process of completely, accurately, and consistently for reliable financial reporting.

We have identified certain key IT systems ("in-scope" IT systems) which have an impact on the financial reporting process and the related control testing as a key audit matter because of the high level of automation, significant number of systems being used by the Bank for processing a. financial transactions, the complexity of the IT architecture and its impact on the financial records and financial reporting process of the Bank.

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## How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- With respect to provisions recognised towards NPAs, we • reperformed the provision calculations on a sample basis taking into consideration the value of security, where applicable, the IRAC norms and NPA policy of the Bank, and compared our outcome to that prepared by the management and tested relevant assumptions and judgements which were used by the management.
- Assessed whether the Bank's Board approved policy is in line with the Resolution Framework - 2.0. On a sample basis, tested that restructuring was carried out in accordance with the Resolution Framework - 2.0 and re-computed the provision made in accordance with the said framework.
- With respect to additional provisions held by the Bank on account of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic, we assessed the underlying assumptions and estimates used by the management for such provisions.
- Read the RBI Annual Financial Inspection report and management's response to the extent provided for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 and other communication with regulators and checked whether the observations therein so far as those relate to identification of NPAs and provisions made against advances, have been addressed by the Bank.

## How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- The IT environment of the Bank is complex and involves a large number. Our audit procedures with respect to this matter included the following:
- the Bank for processing and recording a large volume of transactions. technology specialists to obtain an understanding of the IT environment,
  - We evaluated and tested relevant IT general controls and IT application controls of the "in-scope" IT systems identified as relevant for our audit
  - the Bank.
  - On such "in-scope" IT systems, we have tested key IT general controls with respect to the following domains:
  - Program change management, which includes that program changes are moved to production environment as per defined procedures and relevant segregation of environment is ensured.
  - b. User access management, which includes user access provisioning, de-provisioning, access review, password management, sensitive access rights and segregation of duties to ensure that privilege access to applications, operating system and databases in the production environment were granted only to authorized personnel.
  - c. Program development, which comprises IT operations and system development life cycle for relevant in-scope applications, operating systems, and databases, which are relied upon for financial reporting.
  - d. Other areas that were assessed under the IT control environment included backup management, business continuity, disaster recovery, incident management, batch processing and monitoring.

We also evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of key IT application controls within key business processes, which included testing automated calculations, automated accounting procedures, system interfaces, system reconciliation controls and key system generated reports, as applicable.

Where control deficiencies were identified, we tested compensating controls or performed alternative audit procedures, where necessary.

## Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Bank's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual 6 Report including the Pillar 3 Disclosure under the New Capital Adequacy Framework (Basel III disclosures) but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Annual Report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Annual Report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate action as applicable under the relevant laws and regulations.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

- 7. The accompanying standalone financial statements have been approved by the Bank's Board of Directors. The Bank's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, and provisions of section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and circulars and guidelines issued by the RBI from time to time. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Bank and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 8. In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intend to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process. 9.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

- 10. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.
- 11. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
  - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
  - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. • Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Bank has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;
  - . Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
  - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a doing concern
  - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 12. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

- related safeguards.
- benefits of such communication.

## **Other Matter**

report dated 03 May 2021 expressed an unmodified opinion on those standalone financial statements.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

## **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- 16. The Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account have been drawn up in accordance with the provisions of section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and section 133 of the Act.
- 17. As required by sub-section (3) of section 30 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, we report that:
  - a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit and have found them to be satisfactory;
  - b) The transactions of the Bank, which have come to our notice, have been within the powers of the Bank;
  - c) We have visited 120 of branches to examine the books of accounts and other records maintained at the branches for the purpose of our audit. Since the key operations of the Bank are automated with the key applications integrated to the core banking system, the audit is carried out centrally as all the necessary records and data required for the purposes of our audit are available therein.
- 18. With respect to the matter to be included in the auditor's report under section 197(16) of the Act, we report that since the Bank is a Banking Company. as defined under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, Section 197 is not applicable to the Bank by virtue of section 352B(2A) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. Accordingly, the reporting under Section 197(16) in relation to whether the remuneration paid by the Bank is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act and whether any excess remuneration has been paid in accordance with the aforesaid section is not applicable.
- 19. Further, as required by section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying standalone financial statements;
  - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Bank so far as it appears from our examination of those books; h)
  - The Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Account and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of c) account:
  - In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act d) read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021, to the extent they are not inconsistent with the accounting policies prescribed by RRI<sup>.</sup>
  - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
  - With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Bank as on 31 March f) 2022 and operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure A wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion<sup>.</sup> and
  - With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, g) 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - the Bank, as detailed in Schedule 12 (I), Schedule 17C Note 13 and Schedule 18B Note 15(1) to the standalone financial statements, has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position as at 31 March 2022:
    - ii The Bank, as detailed in Schedule 12 (II), 12 (Va) and 12 (Vb), Schedule 17C - Note 10, Note 11 and Note 13 and Schedule 18B - Note 10 and Note 15 to the standalone financial statements, has made provision as at 31 March 2022, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts;
    - There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Bank iii during the year ended 31 March 2022;

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13. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable,

14. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest

15. The standalone financial statements of the Bank for the year ended 31 March 2021, were audited by M/s Walker Chandiok & Co LLP, who vide their

- iv. a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in Schedule 18B - Note 17 to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Bank to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Bank ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in Schedule 18B Note 17to b the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Bank from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Bank shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
  - Based on such audit procedures performed, as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
- The dividend declared and paid during the year ended 31 March 2022 by the Bank is in compliance with Section 123 of the Act. V

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP **Chartered Accountants** Firm Registration Number: 001076N/N500013

## Murad D. Daruwalla

Partner Membership Number: 043334 UDIN: 22043334AIJAKS4902

Place<sup>-</sup> Mumbai Date: 04 May 2022

For Price Waterhouse LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 301112E/E300264

# **Russell I Parera**

Partner Membership Number: 042190 UDIN: 22042190AIJNDL3154

Place<sup>-</sup> Mumbai Date: 04 May 2022

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## ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

## Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

31 March 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Bank as at that date.

## Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

2. under the Act

# Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to the Standalone Financial Statements

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Bank's internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements based on and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 4 statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to the Standalone Financial Statements

unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Bank's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to the Standalone Financial Statements

7 that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Opinion

8. Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

## For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 001076N/N500013

## Murad D. Daruwalla

Partner Membership Number: 043334 UDIN: 22043334AIJAKS4902

Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May 2022 Change

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# Referred to in paragraph 19(f) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

In conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ('the Bank) as at and for the year ended

The Bank's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Bank considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Bank's business, including adherence to Bank's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required

our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing issued by the ICAI and prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements were established and maintained

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Bank's internal

A Bank's internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Bank's internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Bank; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of the standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Bank are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Bank; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or

In our opinion, the Bank has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Bank considering the essential components of internal control stated in the

## For Price Waterhouse LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 301112E/E300264

# **Russell I Parera**

Partner Membership Number: 042190 UDIN: 22042190AIJNDL3154

Place: Mumbai Date: 04 May 2022

# **Balance Sheet** as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022

			(₹ in thousands)
	Schedule	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
CAPITAL AND LIABILITIES			
Capital	1	14,923,309	14,909,178
Employee's Stock Options (Grants) Outstanding		313,063	21,588
Reserves and Surplus	2	709,641,409	622,360,530
Deposits	3	3,116,841,134	2,801,000,452
Borrowings	4	259,671,169	236,506,455
Other Liabilities and Provisions	5	192,893,870	159,903,367
Total		4,294,283,954	3,834,701,570
ASSETS			
Cash and Balances with Reserve Bank of India	6	160,262,201	124,936,069
Balances with Banks and Money at Call and Short Notice	7	268,977,150	271,329,249
Investments	8	1,005,802,168	1,050,991,877
Advances	9	2,712,536,018	2,236,701,553
Fixed Assets	10	16,437,169	15,352,697
Other Assets	11	130,269,248	135,390,125
Total		4,294,283,954	3,834,701,570
Contingent Liabilities	12	2,666,106,322	1,931,069,876
Bills for Collection		387,092,819	412,727,990
Significant accounting policies and notes to accounts forming part of financial statements	17 & 18		

The schedules referred to above form an integral part of this Balance Sheet.

The Balance Sheet has been prepared in conformity with Form 'A' of the Third Schedule to the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

As per our report of even date attached.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 001076N/N500013

Murad D. Daruwalla Partner Membership No. 043334

For Price Waterhouse LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 301112E/E300264

Russell I Parera Partner Membership No. 042190

Mumbai 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022

# Prakash Apte

Chairman

Dipak Gupta Joint Managing Director

Uday Kotak

Uday Khanna

Avan Doomasia

Company Secretary

Senior Executive Vice President and

Director

Managing Director and

Chief Executive Officer

Jaimin Bhatt President and Group Chief Financial Officer

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# Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 2022

					(₹ in thousand
			Schedule	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I.	INCOME				
	Interest Earned		13	270,388,194	268,402,677
	Other Income		14	63,543,537	50,065,125
	Total			333,931,731	318,467,802
II.	EXPENDITURE				
	Interest Expended		15	102,209,122	115,006,207
	Operating Expenses		16	111,213,885	85,841,380
	Provisions and Contingencies (Refer Note 10 -Schedule 18 B)	)		34,781,822	47,971,849
	Total			248,204,829	248,819,436
III.	PROFIT				
	Net Profit for the year (I - II)			85,726,902	69,648,366
	Add: Balance in Profit and Loss Account brought forward from	m previous year		247,497,758	205,118,088
	Total			333,224,660	274,766,454
IV.	APPROPRIATIONS				
	Transfer to Statutory Reserve			21,431,800	17,412,100
	Transfer to Capital Reserve			94,700	145,000
	Transfer to Special Reserve u/s 36(1)(viii) of Income Tax Act,	1961		950,000	1,100,000
	Transfer to Investment Reserve Account (Refer Note 32 - Sch	nedule 18 A)		-	-
	Transfer to Investment Fluctuation Reserve Account			4,000,000	8,206,596
	Transfer to Fraud Provision			-	-
	Dividend			2,189,625	405,000
	Balance carried over to Balance Sheet			304,558,535	247,497,758
	Total			333,224,660	274,766,454
V.	EARNINGS PER SHARE (Face value of ₹ 5/-)				
	Basic			43.02	35.17
	Diluted			43.01	35.14
	(Refer Note 1 - Schedule 18 B)				
	nificant accounting policies and notes to accounts forming part rements	t of financial	17 & 18		
The	schedules referred to above form an integral part of this Profit	and Loss Account.			
The	Profit and Loss Account has been prepared in conformity with	Form 'B' of the Third Sch	nedule to the Bank	ing Regulation Act, 194	9.
As p	per our report of even date attached.	For and on behalt	f of the Board of D	irectors	
For	Walker Chandiok & Co LLP	Prakash Apte		Uday Kotak	
	rtered Accountants n Registration No. 001076N/N500013	Chairman		Managing Director Chief Executive Of	
Part	<b>rad D. Daruwalla</b> tner nbership No. 043334	<b>Dipak Gupta</b> Joint Managing E	Director	<b>Uday Khanna</b> Director	
_					

For Price Waterhouse LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 301112E/E300264

Russell I Parera Partner Membership No. 042190

Mumbai 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022

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Jaimin Bhatt President and Group Chief Financial Officer Avan Doomasia

Senior Executive Vice President and Company Secretary

# Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2022

	(₹ in thousar		
	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit after tax	85,726,902	69,648,366	
Add: Provision for tax	27,886,189	23,381,462	
Net Profit before taxes	113,613,091	93,029,828	
Adjustments for :-			
Employee Stock Options Expense	210,036	17,385	
Depreciation on Bank's Property	3,809,929	3,667,718	
Loss on sale of investments in associates	-	99,054	
Diminution in the value of Investments	(913,713)	(444,033)	
Dividend from Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures	(2,017,565)	(156,221)	
Amortization of Premium on HTM Investments	5,123,616	3,930,477	
Loss on revaluation of Investments (net)	9,339,470	4,526,766	
Provision for Non Performing Assets, Standard Assets and Other Provisions	7,809,346	25,034,420	
Profit on sale of Fixed Assets	(234,285)	(302,666)	
	136,739,925	129,402,728	
Adjustments for :-			
Decrease/(Increase) in Investments (other than Subsidiaries, Joint Ventures, Associates and Other HTM Investments)	42,246,932	(293,254,872)	
(Increase) in Advances	(486,953,955)	(57,599,851)	
Decrease / (Increase) in Other Assets	4,169,306	(28,010,178)	
Increase in Deposits	315,840,682	172,795,253	
Increase in Other Liabilities and Provisions	36,079,837	47,011,504	
	(88,617,198)	(159,058,144)	
Direct Taxes Paid	(26,509,398)	(23,327,620)	
NET CASH FLOW (USED IN) / FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	21,613,329	(52,983,036)	
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Fixed Assets	(5,071,946)	(2,939,204)	
Sale of Fixed Assets	311,767	425,796	
Proceeds from sale of Investment in Associates	-	19,818	
Investments in Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures	(3,434,248)	(250,000)	
(Increase) in Investments in HTM securities	(7,172,348)	(15,103,629)	
Dividend from Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures	2,017,565	156,221	
NET CASH FLOW USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)	(13,349,210)	(17,690,998)	

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# Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2022

CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

(Decrease) in Subordinated Debt Increase/(Decrease) in Refinance

1110		
Inc	rease / (Decrease) in Borrowings [other than Refinance and Sub-ordir	ated o
Mc	oney received on exercise of Stock Options / Issue of Equity Shares	
lss	ue of Perpetual Non Cumulative Preference Shares	
Sh	are Issue Expenses	
Div	vidend paid including Corporate Dividend Tax	
NE	T CASH FLOW (USED IN) / FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)	
(De	ecrease) / Increase in Foreign Currency Translation Reserve (D)	
NE	T (DECREASE) / INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A	+ B + C
CA	SH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR (Re	er No
CA	SH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR (Refer Note	belov
No	te:	
Ba	lance with Banks in India in Fixed Deposit (As per Sch 7 I (i) (b))	
Ba	lance with Banks in India in Current Account (As per Sch 7 I (i) (a))	
Mc	oney at Call and Short Notice in India (as per Sch 7 I (ii))	
Са	sh in hand (including foreign currency notes) (As per Sch 6 I.)	
Ba	lance with RBI in Current Account (As per Sch 6 II.)	
Ba	lance with Banks Outside India:	
(i)	In Current Account (As per Sch 7 II (ï))	
(ii)	In other Deposit Accounts (As per Sch 7 II (ii))	
CA	SH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	
As	per our report of even date attached.	For a
	r Walker Chandiok & Co LLP	Prak
	artered Accountants m Registration No. 001076N/N500013	Chai
	irad D. Daruwalla Irtner	<b>Dipa</b> Join
	embership No. 043334	0011

For Price Waterhouse LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 301112E/E300264

Russell I Parera

Partner Membership No. 042190

Mumbai 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022

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		(₹ in thousands)
	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
	(1,500,000)	-
	23,370,900	(14,503,100)
ated debt]	1,293,814	(128,923,557)
	3,585,635	78,437,487
	-	-
	(2)	(464,794)
	(2,189,626)	(405,000)
	24,560,721	(65,858,964)
	149,193	(124,675)
B + C + D)	32,974,033	(136,657,673)
er Note below)	396,265,318	532,922,991
below)	429,239,351	396,265,318
	11,733	31,732
	3,722,024	2,488,716
	209,996,166	153,000,000
	17,410,650	14,551,667
	142,851,551	110,384,402
	47,743,769	13,089,251
	7,503,458	102,719,550
	429,239,351	396,265,318

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Prakash Apte

Chairman

Uday Kotak

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

Dipak Gupta Joint Managing Director Uday Khanna Director

Jaimin Bhatt President and Group Chief Financial Officer Avan Doomasia Senior Executive Vice President and Company Secretary



# Schedules Forming Part of Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022

# **SCHEDULE 1 - CAPITAL**

		(₹ in thousands)
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Authorised Capital		
2,800,000,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 5/- each		
(31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021: 280,00,000,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 5/- each)	14,000,000	14,000,000
1,000,000,000 (31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021: 1,000,000,000) Perpetual Non Cumulative		
Preference Shares of ₹ 5/- each	5,000,000	5,000,000
	19,000,000	19,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Capital		
1,984,661,760 (31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021: 1,981,835,668) Equity		
Shares of ₹ 5/- each fully paid-up	9,923,309	9,909,178
1,000,000,000 (31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021: 1,000,000,000) Perpetual Non Cumulative		
Preference Shares of ₹ 5/- each fully paid-up	5,000,000	5,000,000
Total	14,923,309	14,909,178

## SCHEDULE 2 - RESERVES AND SURPLUS

SCHEI	DULE 2 - RESERVES AND SURPLUS		(₹ in thousands
		As at	As at
		31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
. S	Statutory Reserve		
0	Opening Balance	99,537,883	82,125,783
A	Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account	21,431,800	17,412,100
Т	Fotal Contract Contract Contract Contract Contract Contract Contract Contract Contract Contract Contract Contra	120,969,683	99,537,883
I. C	Capital Reserve		
0	Dpening Balance	3,427,286	3,282,286
A	Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account	94,700	145,000
Т	Fotal	3,521,986	3,427,286
II. G	General Reserve		
0	Dpening Balance	6,404,249	6,404,249
A	Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account	-	-
Т	Fotal	6,404,249	6,404,249
V. Ir	nvestment Reserve Account		
0	Dpening Balance	-	-
A	Add: Transfer from/(to) Profit and Loss Account (Refer Note 32 - Schedule 18 A)	-	-
Т	lotal	-	-
V. S	Special Reserve u/s 36(1)(viii) of Income Tax Act, 1961		
	Dpening Balance	6,842,000	5,742,000
A	Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account	950,000	1,100,000
Т	Total	7,792,000	6,842,000
VI. S	Securities Premium Account		
0	Dpening Balance	243,430,389	165,776,393
A	Add: Received during the year	3,594,411	78,118,790
	Less: Share Issue Expenses	2	464,794
	Total	247,024,798	243,430,389
VII. A	Amalgamation Reserve		i
	Dpening Balance	1,224,046	1,224,046
	Add: Additions	-	-
Т		1,224,046	1,224,046
VIII. Ir	nvestment Allowance (Utilised) Reserve	, ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Dpening Balance	500	500
	Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account	-	-
	Total	500	500

		As at	As at
		31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
IX.	Investment Fluctuation Reserve		
	Opening Balance	13,746,850	5,540,254
	Add: Transfer from Profit and Loss Account	4,000,000	8,206,596
	Total	17,746,850	13,746,850
Х.	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		
	Opening Balance	249,569	374,244
	Add: (Decrease) / Increase during the year	149,193	(124,675)
	Total	398,762	249,569
XI.	Balance in the Profit and Loss Account		
	Balance in the Profit and Loss Account	304,558,535	247,497,758
	Total	304,558,535	247,497,758
	Total (I to XI)	709,641,409	622,360,530

## **SCHEDULE 3 - DEPOSITS**

			(₹ in thousands
		As at	As at
		31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
A	I. Demand Deposits		
	i. From Banks	3,504,995	3,560,326
	ii. From Others	643,114,802	517,309,480
	Total	646,619,797	520,869,806
	II. Savings Bank Deposits	1,244,721,650	1,172,257,389
	III. Term Deposits		
	i. From Banks	6,492,720	2,697,369
	ii. From Others	1,219,006,967	1,105,175,888
	Total	1,225,499,687	1,107,873,257
	Total Deposits (I to III)	3,116,841,134	2,801,000,452
В.	(i) Deposits of branches in India	3,115,212,753	2,798,729,570
	(ii) Deposits of branches outside India	1,628,381	2,270,882
	Total (i and ii)	3,116,841,134	2,801,000,452

## **SCHEDULE 4 - BORROWINGS**

		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I.	Borrowings in India		
	(i) Reserve Bank of India	-	-
	(ii) Other Banks	104,952,555	89,259,697
	(iii) Other Institutions and Agencies (Refer Note 13 - Schedule 18 B)	102,770,000	90,519,100
	Total	207,722,555	179,778,797
II.	Borrowings outside India		
	Banks & Other Institutions (Refer Note 13 - Schedule 18 B)	51,948,614	56,727,658
	Total	51,948,614	56,727,658
	Total Borrowings (I and II)	259,671,169	236,506,455
	Secured Borrowings other than CBLO and Repo Borrowings included in I above	-	-
	Tier II Bonds included in I (iii) above	3,060,000	4,560,000
	Tier II Bonds included in II above	-	-

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## (₹ in thousands)

## (₹ in thousands)



## SCHEDULE 5 - OTHER LIABILITIES AND PROVISIONS

			(₹ in thousands)
		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Ι.	Bills Payable	33,086,059	23,965,426
11.	Interest Accrued	6,506,285	9,812,235
111.	Provision for tax (net of advance tax and tax deducted at source)	3,034,677	2,709,519
IV.	Standard Asset provision	13,927,544	10,051,303
V.	Others (including provisions) (Refer Note 10 and 11 - Schedule 18 B)	136,339,305	113,364,884
	Total	192,893,870	159,903,367

## SCHEDULE 6 - CASH AND BALANCES WITH RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

			(₹ in thousands)
		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Ι.	Cash in hand (including foreign currency notes)	17,410,650	14,551,667
11.	Balances with RBI in Current Account	142,851,551	110,384,402
	Total	160,262,201	124,936,069

## SCHEDULE 7 - BALANCES WITH BANKS AND MONEY AT CALL AND SHORT NOTICE

			(₹ in thousands)
		As at	As at
		31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I.	In India		
	(i) Balances with Banks		
	(a) In Current Accounts	3,722,024	2,488,716
	(b) In Other Deposit Accounts	11,733	31,732
	Total	3,733,757	2,520,448
	(ii) Money at Call and Short Notice		
	(a) With Banks	9,996,166	-
	(b) With Other Institutions	200,000,000	153,000,000
	Total	209,996,166	153,000,000
	Total (i and ii)	213,729,923	155,520,448
П.	Outside India		
	(i) In Current Accounts	47,743,769	13,089,251
	(ii) In other Deposit Accounts	7,503,458	102,719,550
	(iii) Money at call and short notice	-	-
	Total (i, ii and iii)	55,247,227	115,808,801
	Total (I and II)	268,977,150	271,329,249

## SCHEDULE 8 - INVESTMENTS

			(₹ in thousands)
		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I.	In India		
	(i) Government Securities	747,192,240	850,379,436
	(ii) Other Approved Securities	-	-
	(iii) Shares	12,334,917	12,994,692
	(iv) Debentures and Bonds	168,018,093	113,315,790
	(v) Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures	29,445,894	26,164,237
	<ul><li>(vi) Others [Units, Certificate of Deposits (CD), Commercial Paper (CP), Security Receipts, Pass Through Certificates (PTC)]</li></ul>	25,179,091	37,500,436
	Total	982,170,235	1,040,354,591

		(₹ in thousands)
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Outside India		
(i) Government Securities	4,158,642	3,069,277
(ii) Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures	383,242	231,609
(iii) Other Investments		
(a) Shares	12,460	12,460
(b) Debentures and Bonds	19,077,589	7,323,940
Total	23,631,933	10,637,286
Total Investments (I and II)	1,005,802,168	1,050,991,877
	<ul> <li>(i) Government Securities</li> <li>(ii) Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures</li> <li>(iii) Other Investments <ul> <li>(a) Shares</li> <li>(b) Debentures and Bonds</li> </ul> </li> </ul> Total	Outside India31st March, 2022(i) Government Securities4,158,642(ii) Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures383,242(iii) Other Investments1(a) Shares12,460(b) Debentures and Bonds19,077,589Total23,631,933

## SCHEDULE 9 - ADVANCES

			(₹ in thousands)
		As at	As at
		31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Α.	(i) Bills purchased and discounted#	67,871,000	85,500,483
	(ii) Cash Credits, Overdrafts and loans repayable on demand	856,673,708	708,311,160
	(iii) Term Loans	1,787,991,310	1,442,889,910
	Total	2,712,536,018	2,236,701,553
	# Bills purchased and discounted is net of Bills Rediscounted ₹ 2,792.10 crore (Previous Year ₹ Nil)		
В.	(i) Secured by tangible assets*	1,985,150,813	1,622,913,907
	(ii) Covered by Bank / Government guarantees	111,805,876	121,557,707
	(iii) Unsecured	615,579,329	492,229,939
	Total	2,712,536,018	2,236,701,553
	* including advances against book debts ₹ 3,508.02 crore (Previous year: ₹ 3,013.41 crore)		
C.I.	Advances in India		
	(i) Priority Sector	1,245,186,615	903,508,152
	(ii) Public Sector	1,431,818	3,184,858
	(iii) Banks	18,156	6,597
	(iv) Others	1,421,903,335	1,297,056,233
	Total	2,668,539,924	2,203,755,840
C.II.	Advances outside India		
	(i) Due from banks	-	-
	(ii) Due from others		
	a) Bills purchased and discounted	-	-
	b) Syndicated and term loans	43,996,094	32,945,713
	c) Others	-	-
	Total	43,996,094	32,945,713
	Grand Total (C.I. and C.II.)	2,712,536,018	2,236,701,553

# SCHEDULE 10 - FIXED ASSETS

			(C III thousanus)
		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
۹.	Premises (Including Land)		
	Gross Block		
	At cost on 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	10,584,851	10,705,259
	Additions during the year	4,948	-
	Less: Deductions during the year	18,822	120,408
	Total	10,570,977	10,584,851
	Depreciation		
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	2,025,601	1,881,769
	Add: Charge for the year	174,198	175,042
	Less: Deductions during the year	8,127	31,210
	Depreciation to date	2,191,672	2,025,601
	Net Block	8,379,305	8,559,250

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(₹ in thousands	;)
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			(₹ in thousand
		As at	As a
		31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 202
3.	Other Fixed Assets (including furniture and fixtures)		
	Gross Block		
	At cost on 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	25,735,805	24,517,07
	Additions during the year	4,966,935	2,912,24
	Less: Deductions during the year	1,939,666	1,693,50
	Total	28,763,074	25,735,80
	Depreciation		
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	19,099,342	17,266,23
	Add: Charge for the year	3,635,731	3,492,67
	Less: Deductions during the year	1,872,879	1,659,57
	Depreciation to date	20,862,194	19,099,34
	Net Block (Refer Note 6 - Schedule 18 B)	7,900,880	6,636,46
C.	Leased Fixed Assets		
	Gross Block		
	At cost on 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	1,540,585	1,540,58
	Additions during the year	-	
	Less: Deductions during the year	-	
	Total	1,540,585	1,540,58
	Depreciation		
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	1,383,601	1,383,60
	Add: Charge for the year	-	
	Less: Deductions during the year	-	
	Depreciation to date	1,383,601	1,383,60
	Net Block	156,984	156,98
	Total (A) +(B)+(C)	16,437,169	15,352,69

# SCHEDULE 11 - OTHER ASSETS

			(₹ in thousands)
		As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Ι.	Interest accrued	34,584,948	32,831,520
11.	Advance tax (net of provision for tax)	-	-
.	Stationery and Stamps	32,885	19,254
IV.	Cheques in course of collection	8,060	8,018
V.	Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	-	-
VI.	Others (Refer Note 4 - Schedule 18 B)*	95,643,355	102,531,333
	Total	130,269,248	135,390,125

\* Includes Deferred Tax Asset ₹ 410.95 crore (Previous year ₹ 516.12 crore) and Deposits placed with NABARD/SIDBI ₹ 5,572.40 crore (Previous year ₹ 6,314.51 crore)

# **SCHEDULE 12 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

		(₹ in thousands)
	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I. Claims not acknowledged as debts	4,376,498	13,562,251
II. Liability on account of outstanding Forward Exchange Contracts	1,574,946,334	1,014,375,427
III. Guarantees on behalf of Constituents		
i) In India	226,981,863	227,839,413
ii) Outside India	-	-
IV. Acceptances, Endorsements and other obligations	232,694,713	158,797,456
V. Other Items for which the Bank is contingently liable :		
a. Liability in respect of interest rate and currency swaps and forward rate agreements	588,821,128	464,529,888
b. Liability in respect of Options Contracts	32,319,130	48,246,084
c. Capital commitments not provided	2,936,661	1,114,474
d. Unclaimed Customer balances transferred to RBI DEAF Scheme	3,029,995	2,604,883
Total	2,666,106,322	1,931,069,876

# SCHEDULE 13 - INTEREST EARNED

	Total	270,388,194	268,402,677
IV.	Others	2,474,455	2,430,505
111.	Interest on balances with RBI and other inter-bank funds	7,234,223	11,747,359
11.	Income on Investments	66,892,576	68,334,051
I.	Interest / discount on Advances / Bills (Refer Note 41 - Schedule 18 A)	193,786,940	185,890,762
		Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021

## SCHEDULE 14 - OTHER INCOME

II.Profit / (Loss) on sale of Investments (net)(9,181)2,725,294III.Profit / (Loss) on revaluation of Investments (net)(9,339,470)(4,526,766IV.Profit / (Loss) on sale of building and other assets (net)234,285302,666V.Profit on exchange transactions (net) (including derivatives)18,594,65112,334,100VI.Income earned by way of dividend, etc. from Subsidiaries / Associates and / or Joint Venture in / outside3,195,3321,271,795VII.Profit on recoveries of non-performing assets acquired1,636,7621,720,905VIII.Miscellaneous Income3,683,2552,396,320			Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
III.Profit / (Loss) on revaluation of Investments (net)(9,339,470)(4,526,766)IV.Profit / (Loss) on sale of building and other assets (net)234,285302,666V.Profit on exchange transactions (net) (including derivatives)18,594,65112,334,100VI.Income earned by way of dividend, etc. from Subsidiaries / Associates and / or Joint Venture in / outside3,195,3321,271,798VII.Profit on recoveries of non-performing assets acquired1,636,7621,720,909VIII.Miscellaneous Income3,683,2552,396,320	I.	Commission, exchange and brokerage	45,547,903	33,840,806
IV.Profit / (Loss) on sale of building and other assets (net)234,285302,660V.Profit on exchange transactions (net) (including derivatives)18,594,65112,334,100VI.Income earned by way of dividend, etc. from Subsidiaries / Associates and / or Joint Venture in / outside3,195,3321,271,795VII.Profit on recoveries of non-performing assets acquired1,636,7621,720,905VIII.Miscellaneous Income3,683,2552,396,320	11.	Profit / (Loss) on sale of Investments (net)	(9,181)	2,725,295
V.Profit on exchange transactions (net) (including derivatives)18,594,65112,334,100VI.Income earned by way of dividend, etc. from Subsidiaries / Associates and / or Joint Venture in / outside3,195,3321,271,795VII.Profit on recoveries of non-performing assets acquired1,636,7621,720,905VIII.Miscellaneous Income3,683,2552,396,320	111.	Profit / (Loss) on revaluation of Investments (net)	(9,339,470)	(4,526,766)
VI.Income earned by way of dividend, etc. from Subsidiaries / Associates and / or Joint Venture in / outside3,195,3321,271,795VII.Profit on recoveries of non-performing assets acquired1,636,7621,720,905VIII.Miscellaneous Income3,683,2552,396,320	IV.	Profit / (Loss) on sale of building and other assets (net)	234,285	302,666
IndiaIndiaVII.Profit on recoveries of non-performing assets acquired1,636,762VIII.Miscellaneous Income3,683,2552,396,320	V.	Profit on exchange transactions (net) (including derivatives)	18,594,651	12,334,100
VIII.         Miscellaneous Income         3,683,255         2,396,320	VI.		3,195,332	1,271,795
	VII.	Profit on recoveries of non-performing assets acquired	1,636,762	1,720,909
Total 63,543,537 50,065,129	VIII.	Miscellaneous Income	3,683,255	2,396,320
		Total	63,543,537	50,065,125

## **SCHEDULE 15 - INTEREST EXPENDED**

	Total
III.	Others (Refer Note 13(c) - Schedule 18 B)
II.	Interest on RBI / Inter-Bank Borrowings
I.	Interest on Deposits

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(₹ in thousands)

## (₹ in thousands)

	(₹ in thousands)
Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
93,155,595	101,138,966
5,221,140	8,041,603
3,832,387	5,825,638
102,209,122	115,006,207

## **SCHEDULE 16 - OPERATING EXPENSES**

		(₹ in thousands)
	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
I. Payments to and provision for employees (Refer Note 9 - Schedule 18 B)	46,133,521	37,653,969
II. Rent, taxes and lighting (Refer Note 3 - Schedule 18 B)	7,180,603	6,873,897
III. Printing and Stationery	1,010,675	573,301
IV. Advertisement, Publicity and Promotion	1,748,734	1,046,432
V. Depreciation on Bank's property	3,809,929	3,667,718
VI. Directors' fees, allowances and expenses*	28,245	20,465
VII. Auditors' fees and expenses (Refer Note 14 - Schedule 18 B)	35,472	26,216
VIII. Law Charges	267,859	463,238
IX. Postage, telephone etc.	2,585,003	1,743,286
X. Repairs and maintenance	6,254,278	5,088,565
XI. Insurance	3,560,238	3,236,912
XII. Travel and Conveyance	641,802	522,449
XIII. Professional Charges	11,621,902	7,963,658
XIV. Brokerage	4,858,702	1,934,079
XV. Stamping Expenses	118,965	48,950
XVI. Other Expenditure (Refer Note 12 - Schedule 18 B)	21,860,614	15,550,027
	111,716,542	86,413,162
Less: Reimbursement of Costs from Group Companies	502,657	571,782
Total	111,213,885	85,841,380

\* - Pertains to non-executive directors remuneration.

## SCHEDULE 17 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## A BACKGROUND

In February 2003, Kotak Mahindra Finance Limited was given a license to carry out banking business by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI"). It was the first Non Banking Finance Company (NBFC) in India to be converted into a Bank. Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ("Kotak Mahindra Bank", "Kotak" or "the Bank") provides a full suite of banking services to its customers encompassing Consumer Banking, Commercial Banking, Treasury and Corporate Banking in India and also has a representative office in Dubai. The Bank set up and commenced operations in May 2016, at its International Financial Services Center Banking Unit (IBU) in Gujarat International Finance Tec (GIFT) City, Gujarat. The Bank has commenced operations in October 2019 at its first overseas branch at the Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC), Dubai, UAE.

## B **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with statutory requirements prescribed under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The accounting and reporting policies of Kotak Mahindra Bank used in the preparation of these financial statements is the accrual method of accounting and historical cost convention unless stated otherwise and it conforms with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India ("Indian GAAP"), the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 and the relevant provision of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2021 in so far as they apply to banks and the guidelines issued by RBI.

## Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as of the date of the financial statements and the reported income and expenses during the reporting period. The Bank's Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Any revision to the accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in the current and future periods.

### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES С

## Investments

1

## **Classification:**

In accordance with the RBI guidelines on investment classification and valuation, investments are classified on the date of purchase into "Held for Trading" ('HFT'), "Available for Sale" ('AFS') and "Held to Maturity" ('HTM') categories (hereinafter called "categories"). Subsequent shifting amongst the categories is done in accordance with the RBI guidelines at the lower of the acquisition cost or carrying value and market value on the date of the transfer, and depreciation, if any, on such transfer is fully provided.

Under each of these categories, investments are further classified under six groups (hereinafter called "group/groups") - Government Securities, Other Approved Securities, Shares, Debentures and Bonds, Investments in Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures and Other Investments for the purposes of disclosure in the Balance Sheet.

The Bank follows 'Settlement Date' accounting for recording purchase and sale transactions in securities, except in the case of equity shares where 'Trade Date' accounting is followed.

## Basis of classification:

Investments that are held principally for resale within 90 days from the date of purchase are classified under HFT category. As per the RBI guidelines, HFT securities, which remain unsold for a period of 90 days are reclassified as AFS securities as on that date. Investments which the Bank intends to hold till maturity are classified as HTM securities. The Bank has classified investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates under HTM category. Investments which are not classified in either of the above two categories are classified under AFS category.

## Acquisition Cost:

The cost of investments is determined on weighted average basis. Broken period interest on debt instruments and government securities are considered as a revenue item. The transaction costs including brokerage, commission, etc. paid at the time of acquisition of investments is recognised in Profit and Loss Account.

## **Disposal of investments:**

- Account.

## Short Sale:

The Bank undertakes short sale transactions in Central Government dated securities in accordance with RBI guidelines. The short position is categorised under HFT category and netted off from Investments in the Balance Sheet. The short position is marked to market and loss, if any, is charged to the Profit and Loss Account while gain, if any, is ignored. Gain or loss on settlement of the short position is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

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Investments classified as HFT or AFS - Profit or loss on sale or redemption is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

Investments classified as HTM - Profit on sale or redemption of investments is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account and is appropriated to Capital Reserve after adjustments for tax and transfer to Statutory Reserve. Loss on sale or redemption is recognised in the Profit and Loss



## Valuation:

The valuation of investments is performed in accordance with the RBI guidelines as follows:

- a) Investments classified as HTM These are carried at their acquisition cost. Any premium on acquisition of debt instruments / government securities is amortised over the balance maturity of the security on a straight line basis. Any diminution, other than temporary, in the value of such securities is provided.
- b) Investments classified as HFT or AFS Investments in these categories are marked to market and the net depreciation, if any, within each group is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account. Net appreciation, if any, is ignored. Further, provision other than temporary diminution is made at individual security level. Except in cases where provision other than temporary diminution is made, the book value of the individual securities is not changed as a result of periodic valuations.
- c) The market or fair value of quoted investments included in the 'AFS' and 'HFT' categories is measured with respect to the market price of the scrip as available from the trades or quotes on the stock exchanges, SGL account transactions, price list of RBI or prices declared on Fixed Income Money Market and Derivatives Association of India ('FIMMDA') website by Financial Benchmark India Private Limited (FBIL) as at the year end.
- d) Treasury Bills, Exchange Funded Bills, Commercial Paper and Certificate of Deposits being discounted instruments, are valued at carrying cost.
- e) Market value of units of mutual funds is based on the latest net asset value declared by the mutual fund.
- f) Investments in subsidiaries / joint ventures (as defined by RBI) are categorised as HTM and assessed for impairment to determine other than temporary diminution, if any, in accordance with RBI guidelines.
- g) Market value of investments where current quotations are not available are determined as per the norms prescribed by the RBI as under:
  - In case of unquoted bonds, debentures and preference shares where interest / dividend is received regularly (i.e. not overdue beyond 90 days), the market price is derived based on the Yield to Maturity for Government Securities as published by FIMMDA / FBIL and suitably marked up for credit risk applicable to the credit rating of the instrument. The matrix for credit risk mark-up for each category and credit rating along with residual maturity issued by FIMMDA / FBIL is adopted for this purpose;
  - In case of bonds and debentures (including Pass Through Certificates) where interest is not received regularly (i.e. overdue beyond 90 days), the valuation is in accordance with prudential norms for provisioning as prescribed by the RBI. Interest on such securities is not recognised in the Profit and Loss Account until received;
  - Equity shares, for which current quotations are not available or where the shares are not quoted on the stock exchanges, are valued at break-up value (without considering revaluation reserves, if any) which is ascertained from the company's latest Balance Sheet. In case the latest Balance Sheet is not available, the shares are valued at ₹ 1 per investee company;
  - Units of Venture Capital Funds (VCF) held under AFS category where current valuations are not available are marked to market based on the Net Asset Value (NAV) shown by VCF as per the latest audited financials of the fund. In case the audited financials are not available for a period beyond 18 months, the investments are valued at ₹ 1 per VCF. Investment in unquoted VCF after 23<sup>rd</sup> August, 2006 are categorised under HTM category for the initial period of three years and valued at cost as per RBI guidelines. Such investments are required to be transferred to AFS thereafter;
  - Security receipts are valued as per the Net Asset Value (NAV) obtained from the issuing Asset Reconstruction Company or Securitisation Company or estimated recovery whichever is lower.
- Non-performing investments are identified and depreciation / provision are made thereon based on RBI guidelines. The depreciation / provision on such non-performing investments are not set off against the appreciation in respect of other performing securities. Interest on non-performing investments is not recognized in the Profit & Loss Account until received.
- i) Repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (Repos) and securities purchased under agreements to resell (Reverse Repos) are accounted as collateralised borrowing and lending transactions respectively. The difference between the consideration amount of the first leg and the second leg of the repo is recognised as interest income or interest expense over the period of the transaction.

## 2 Advances

## **Classification**:

Advances are classified as performing and non-performing advances ('NPAs') based on RBI guidelines and are stated net of bills rediscounted, interbank participation with risk, specific provisions, interest in suspense for non-performing advances and claims received from Export Credit Guarantee Corporation, claims received under the emergency credit line guarantee scheme (ECLGS) received from National Credit Guarantee Trustee Company Ltd., provisions for funded interest term loan and provisions in lieu of diminution in the fair value of restructured assets. Also, NPAs are classified into sub-standard, doubtful and loss assets as required by RBI guidelines. Interest on NPAs remaining uncollected is transferred to an interest suspense account and not recognised in the Profit and Loss Account until received.

Amounts paid for acquiring non-performing asset(s) from other banks and NBFCs are considered as advances. Actual collections received on such non-performing asset(s) are compared with the cash flow(s) estimated while purchasing the asset to ascertain overdue(s). If such overdue(s) is/ are in excess of 90 days, then this/these asset(s) are classified into sub-standard, doubtful or loss as required by the RBI guidelines on purchase of non-performing asset(s).

## Provisioning:

Provision for NPAs comprising sub-standard, doubtful and loss assets is made in accordance with RBI guidelines. In addition, the Bank considers accelerated specific provisioning that is based on past experience, evaluation of security and other related factors. Specific loan loss provision in respect of non-performing advances are charged to the Profit and Loss Account. Any recoveries made by the Bank in case of NPAs written off are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

The Bank considers a restructured account as one where the Bank, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, grants to the borrower concessions that the Bank would not otherwise consider. Restructuring would normally involve modification of terms of the advance / securities, which would generally include, among others, alteration of repayment period / repayable amount / the amount of installments / rate of interest (due to reasons other than competitive reasons).

Restructured accounts are classified as such by the Bank only upon approval and implementation of the restructuring package. Necessary provision for diminution in the fair value of a restructured account is made.

Further in accordance with Resolution Framework for COVID-19 and Restructuring of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) sector advances both announced by RBI on 6<sup>th</sup> August, 2020, 5<sup>th</sup> May, 2021 the Bank has implemented one-time restructuring for certain eligible borrowers and such borrowers are classified as Standard in accordance with the above framework at the time of implementation.

In respect of borrowers restructured under the Resolution Framework - 1.0 and Resolution Framework 2.0 for COVID-19 related stress the Bank holds provisions higher than the provisions as required by the RBI guidelines based on the estimates made by the Bank.

In accordance with RBI guidelines the Bank has provided general provision on standard assets including credit exposures computed as per the current marked to market values of interest rate and foreign exchange derivative contracts, and gold at levels stipulated by RBI from time to time. Additional standard asset provision is done for overseas stepdown subsidiaries of Indian corporates. Standard provision is also made at higher than the prescribed rates in respect of advances to stressed sectors as per the framework approved by the Board of Directors. In case of Frauds, the Bank makes provision for amounts it is liable for in accordance with the guidelines issued by RBI. A general provision on the entire amount outstanding from borrowers who had an overdue on 29<sup>th</sup> February, 2020 and to whom moratorium was given is also made.

Further to provisions required as per the asset classification status, provisions are held for individual country exposure (except for home country) as per the RBI guidelines. Exposure is classified in the seven risk categories as mentioned in the Export Credit Guarantee Corporation of India Limited ('ECGC') guidelines and provisioning is done for that country if the net funded exposure is one percent or more of the Bank's total assets based on the rates laid down by the RBI.

Provision for Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure of borrowers is made as per the RBI guidelines.

## 3 Loss on Sale of Advances to Asset Reconstruction Company

Loss on sale of Advances sold to Asset Reconstruction Company are recognised immediately in the Profit and Loss Account.

## 4 Securitisation

The Bank enters into purchase/sale of corporate and retail loans through direct assignment/Special Purpose Vehicle ('SPV'). In most cases, post securitisation, the Bank continues to service the loans transferred to the assignee/ SPV. The Bank also provides credit enhancement in the form of cash collaterals and/or by subordination of cash flows to Senior Pass-Through Certificate holders. In respect of credit enhancements provided or recourse obligations (projected delinquencies, future servicing etc.) accepted by the Bank, appropriate provision/disclosure is made at the time of sale in accordance with AS-29, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets as specified under section 133 and the relevant provision of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules.

In accordance with the RBI guidelines on Securitisation of Standard Assets dated 24<sup>th</sup> September, 2021, the profit, loss or premium on account of securitisation of assets at the time of sale is computed as the difference between the sale consideration and the book value of the securitised asset. Any resultant profit, loss or premium realised on account of securitisation is recognised to the Profit and Loss Account in the period in which the sale is completed.

The Bank invests in instruments of other SPVs which are accounted for at the deal value and are classified under Investments.

## 5 Fixed assets (Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible) and depreciation / amortisation

Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets have been stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortisation and adjusted for impairment, if any. Cost includes cost of purchase inclusive of freight, duties, incidental expenses and all expenditure like site preparation, installation costs and professional fees incurred on the asset before it is ready to put to use. Subsequent expenditure incurred on assets put to use is capitalised only when it increases the future benefit / functioning capability from / of such assets. Gain or loss arising from the retirement or disposal of a Property Plant and Equipment / Intangible asset are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of assets and recognised as income or expense in the Profit and Loss Account. Profit on sale of premises of the Bank, net of taxes and transfer to statutory reserve is appropriated to Capital Reserve as per RBI guidelines.

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**Depreciation / Amortisation -** Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis on a Straight Line Method over the estimated useful life of the assets at rates which are equal to or higher than the rates prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013 in order to reflect the actual usage of the assets. The estimated useful lives of assets based on technical evaluation by management are as follows:

Asset Type	Estimated Useful life in years
Premises	58
Leasehold Land	Over the lease period
Improvement to leasehold premises	Over the period of lease subject to a maximum of 6 years.
Office equipments	
(High capacity chillers, Transformers, UPS, DG set, Fire Suppression, HVAC, PAC & Elevators)	10
Office equipments (other than above)	5
Computers	3
Furniture and Fixtures	6
Motor Vehicles	4
ATMs	5
Software (including development) expenditure	3

Used assets purchased are depreciated over the residual useful life from the date of original purchase.

Items costing less than 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of purchase.

## 6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, balances with Reserve Bank of India and Balances with Other Banks / institutions and money at Call and Short Notice (including the effect of changes in exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents in foreign currency).

## 7 Bullion

The Bank imports bullion including precious metal bars on a consignment basis for selling to its wholesale customers. The difference between the sale price to customers and actual price quoted by supplier is reflected under other income.

The Bank also borrows and lends gold, which is treated as borrowings or lending as the case may be in accordance with the RBI guidelines and the interest paid or received is classified as interest expense or income and is accounted on an accrual basis.

## 8 Revenue recognition

Interest income is recognised on accrual basis.

Interest income in respect of retail advances is accounted for by using the internal rate of return method to provide a constant periodic rate of return.

Interest income on investments in PTCs and loans bought out through the direct assignment route is recognised at their effective interest rate.

Interest income on discounted instruments is recognised over the tenure of the instruments so as to provide a constant periodic rate of return.

Service charges, fees and commission income are recognised when due except for guarantee commission and letter of credit which is recognised over the period of the guarantee / letter of credit. Syndication / arranger fee is recognised as income as per the terms of engagement.

Upon an asset becoming NPA the income accrued gets reversed, and is recognised only on realisation, as per RBI guidelines.

Penal interest is recognised as income on realisation other than on running accounts where it is recognised when due.

Dividend income is accounted on an accrual basis when the Bank's right to receive the dividend is established.

Gain on account of securitisation of assets is amortised over the life of the securities issued in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI. Loss on account of securitisation of assets is recognised immediately in Profit and Loss account.

In respect of non-performing assets acquired from other Banks / FIs and NBFCs, collections in excess of the consideration paid at each asset level or portfolio level is treated as income in accordance with RBI guidelines and clarifications.

Fees received on sale of Priority Sector Lending Certificates is considered as Miscellaneous Income, while fees paid for purchase is recognised as expense under other expenses in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI.

## 9 Employee benefits

## **Defined Contribution Plan**

**Provident Fund** 

Contribution as required by the statute made to the government provident fund or to a fund set up by the Bank and administered by a board of trustees is debited to the Profit and Loss Account when an employee renders the related service. The Bank has no further obligations.

## Superannuation Fund

The Bank makes contributions in respect of eligible employees, subject to a maximum of ₹0.01 crore per employee per annum to a Fund administered by trustees and managed by Life Insurance Companies. The Bank recognises such contributions as an expense in the year when an employee renders the related service. The Bank has no further obligations.

## **New Pension Scheme**

The Bank contributes up to 10% of eligible employees' salary per annum, to the New Pension Fund administered by a Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority (PFRDA) appointed pension fund manager. The Bank recognises such contributions as an expense in the year when an employee renders the related service.

## DIFC Employee Workplace Savings Scheme (DEWS)

The Bank's branch in Dubai International Financial Centre (DIFC) contributes up to 8.33% of eligible branch employees' salary per annum to the DIFC Employee Workplace Savings Scheme (DEWS). The Bank recognises such contributions as an expense in the year when an employee renders the related service. The Bank has no further obligation.

## **Defined Benefit Plan**

## Gratuity

The Bank provides for Gratuity, covering employees in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, service regulations and service awards as the case may be. The Bank's liability is actuarially determined (using Projected Unit Credit Method) at the Balance Sheet date. The Bank makes contribution to Gratuity Funds administered by trustees and managed by Life Insurance Companies.

## **Pension Scheme**

In respect of pension payable to certain erstwhile ING Vysya Bank Limited ("eIVBL") employees under Indian Banks' Association ("IBA") structure, the Bank contributes 10% of basic salary to a pension fund and the difference between the contribution and the amount actuarially determined by an independent actuary is trued up based on actuarial valuation conducted as at the Balance Sheet date. The Pension Fund is administered by the Board of Trustees and managed by Life Insurance Company. The present value of the Bank's defined pension obligation is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method as at the Balance Sheet date.

Employees covered by the pension plan are not eligible for employer's contribution under the provident fund plan.

The contribution made to the Pension fund is recognised as planned assets. The defined benefit obligation recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as reduced by the fair value of the plan assets.

Actuarial gains or losses in respect of all defined benefit plans are recognised immediately in the Profit and Loss Account in the year in which they are incurred.

## Compensated Absences – Other Long-Term Employee Benefits

The Bank accrues the liability for compensated absences based on the actuarial valuation as at the Balance Sheet date conducted by an independent actuary which includes assumptions about demographics, early retirement, salary increases, interest rates and leave utilisation. The net present value of the Banks' obligation is determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method as at the Balance Sheet date. Actuarial gains / losses are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account in the year in which they arise.

## **Other Employee Benefits**

As per the Bank's policy, employees are eligible for an award after completion of a specified number of years of service with the Bank. The obligation is measured at the Balance Sheet date on the basis of an actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognised during the period when the employee renders the service. These benefits include performance incentives.

## Employee share based payments

## Equity-settled scheme:

The Employee Stock Option Schemes (ESOSs) of the Bank are in accordance with SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021. The schemes provide for grant of options to employees of the Group to acquire the equity shares of the Bank that vest in cliff vesting or in a graded manner and that are to be exercised within a specified period.

RBI, vide its clarification dated 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2021 on Guidelines on Compensation of Whole Time Directors / Chief Executive Officers / Material Risk Takers and Control Function Staff, advised Banks that the fair value of share-linked instruments on the date of grant should be recognised as an expense for all instruments granted after the accounting period ending 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021.

In accordance with the SEBI (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 and the Guidance Note on "Accounting for Employee Share-based payments" issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the cost of equity-settled transactions is measured using the intrinsic value method for all options granted on or before 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021. The intrinsic value being the excess, if any, of the fair market price of the share under ESOSs over the exercise price of the option is recognised as deferred employee compensation with a credit to Employee's Stock Option (Grant) Outstanding account.

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The Bank has changed its accounting policy from intrinsic value method to fair value method for all share-linked instruments granted after 31st March, 2021 in accordance with the RBI guidance. The fair value of the option is estimated on the date of grant using Black-Scholes model and is recognised as deferred employee compensation with a credit to Employee's Stock Option (Grant) Outstanding account.

The deferred employee compensation cost is amortised on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of the option. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the number of equity instruments that are outstanding.

The options that do not vest because of failure to satisfy vesting condition are reversed by a credit to employee compensation expense in "Payment to and provision for employee", equal to the amortised portion of the cost of lapsed option and credit to deferred employee compensation equal to the unamortised portion. In respect of the options which expire unexercised the balance standing to the credit of Employee's Stock Option (Grant) Outstanding account is transferred to General Reserve. The fair market price is the latest available closing price, preceding the date of grant of the option, on the stock exchange on which the shares of the Bank are listed.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognised in 'Payments to and provision for employees' is the expense as if the terms had not been modified. An additional expense is recognised for any modification which increases the total intrinsic/ fair value of the share-based payment arrangement, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

In respect of options granted to employees of subsidiaries, the Bank recovers the related compensation cost from the respective subsidiaries.

## Cash-settled scheme:

The cost of cash-settled transactions, stock appreciation rights (SARs) having grant date on or before 31st March, 2021 is measured initially using intrinsic value method at the grant date taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the instruments were granted. Similar to Equity settled options, SARs granted after 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 are measured on fair value basis.

The intrinsic / fair value is amortised on a straight-line basis over the vesting period with a recognition of corresponding liability. This liability is remeasured at each balance sheet date up to and including the vesting date with changes in intrinsic / fair value recognised in the profit and loss account in 'Payments to and provision for employees'. The SARs that do not vest because of failure to satisfy vesting conditions are reversed by a credit to employee compensation expense, equal to the amortised cost in respect of the lapsed portion.

## 10 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency monetary assets and monetary liabilities are translated as at the Balance Sheet date at rates notified by the Foreign Exchange Dealers' Association of India (FEDAI) and the resultant gain or loss is accounted in the Profit and Loss Account.

Income and Expenditure items are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of the transactions except in respect of representative office (which are integral in nature) expenses, which are translated at monthly average exchange rates.

Outstanding forward (other than deposit and placement swaps) and spot foreign exchange contracts outstanding at the Balance Sheet date are revalued at rates notified by FEDAI for specified maturities and at the interpolated rates of interim maturities. In case of forward contracts of greater maturities where exchange rates are not notified by FEDAI, are revalued at the forward exchange rates implied by the swap curves in respective currencies. The forward profit or loss on the forward contracts are discounted using discount rate and the resulting profits or losses are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account as per the regulations stipulated by the RBI.

Foreign exchange swaps "linked" to foreign currency deposits and placements are translated at the prevailing spot rate at the time of swap. The premium or discount on the swap arising out of the difference in the exchange rate of the swap date and the maturity date of the underlying forward contract is amortised over the period of the swap and the same is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

Contingent liabilities on account of letters of credit, bank guarantees and acceptances and endorsements outstanding as at the Balance Sheet date denominated in foreign currencies and other foreign exchange contracts are translated at year-end rates notified by FEDAI.

The financial statements of IBU and DIFC which are in the nature of non-integral overseas operations are translated on the following basis: (a) Income and expenses are converted at the average rate of exchange during the period and (b) All assets and liabilities are translated at closing rate as on Balance Sheet date. The exchange difference arising out of year end translation is debited or credited as "Foreign Currency Translation Reserve" forming part of "Reserves and Surplus".

## 11 Derivative transactions

Notional amounts of derivative transactions comprising of swaps, futures and options are disclosed as off Balance Sheet exposures. The Bank recognises all derivative contracts (other than those designated as hedges) at fair value, on the date on which the derivative contracts are entered into and are re-measured at fair value as at the Balance Sheet or reporting date. Derivatives are classified as assets when the fair value is positive (positive marked to market) or as liabilities when the fair value is negative (negative marked to market). Changes in the fair value of derivatives other than those designated as hedges are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

Outstanding derivative transactions designated as "Hedges" are accounted in accordance with hedging instrument on an accrual basis over the life of the underlying instrument. Option premium paid or received is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account on expiry of the option. Option contracts are marked to market on every reporting date.

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## 12 Lease accounting

Leases where all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs in respect of operating leases such as legal costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognised as expense immediately in the Profit and Loss Account.

## 13 Accounting for provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Bank has assessed its obligations arising in the normal course of business, including pending litigations, proceedings pending with tax authorities and other contracts including derivative and long term contracts. In accordance with Accounting Standard - 29 on 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets', the Bank recognises a provision for material foreseeable losses when it has a present obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are measured based on best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

In cases where the available information indicates that the loss on the contingency is reasonably possible but the amount of loss cannot be reasonably estimated, a disclosure to this effect is made as contingent liabilities in the financial statements. The Bank does not expect the outcome of these contingencies to have a materially adverse effect on its financial results. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

## 14 Impairment

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. Impairment loss, if any, is provided in the Profit and Loss Account to the extent carrying amount of assets exceeds their estimated recoverable amount.

## 15 Taxes on income

The Income Tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid in respect of taxable income for the year in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for the future tax consequences of timing differences being the difference between the taxable income and the accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent period.

Deferred tax assets on account of timing differences are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. In case of carry forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation, under tax laws, all the deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

Deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date, based upon the Management's judgement as to whether realisation is considered as reasonably certain.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date. Changes in deferred tax assets / liabilities on account of changes in enacted tax rates are given effect to in the Profit and Loss Account in the period of the change.

Current tax assets and liabilities and deferred tax assets and liabilities are off-set when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority, when the Bank has a legal right to off-set and when the Bank intends to settle on a net basis.

## 16 Accounting for Dividend

As per AS 4 (Revised), with effect from April 2016, the Bank is not required to provide for dividend proposed / declared after the Balance Sheet date. The same shall be appropriated from next year amount available for appropriation.

## 17 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year is adjusted for events of bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue to existing shareholders, and share split.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year.

### 18 Share issue expenses

Share issue expenses are adjusted from Securities Premium Account as permitted by Section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

## 19 Credit cards reward points

The Bank estimates the liability for credit card reward points and cost per point using actuarial valuation conducted by an independent actuary, which includes assumptions such as mortality, redemption and spends.

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## 20 Segment reporting

In accordance with guidelines issued by RBI and Accounting Standard 17 (AS-17) on "Segment Reporting", the Banks' business has been segregated into the following segments whose principal activities were as under:

Segment		Principal activity
Treasury, BMU and Corporate Centre	Bala	ney market, forex market, derivatives, investments and primary dealership of government securities and ance Sheet Management Unit (BMU) responsible for Asset Liability Management and Corporate Centre ch primarily comprises of support functions.
Corporate / Wholesale Banking		plesale borrowings and lendings and other related services to the corporate sector which are not included er retail banking.
Retail Banking	Incl	udes:
	Ι	Lending
		Commercial vehicle finance, personal loans, home loans, agriculture finance, other loans / services and exposures which fulfill the four criteria for retail exposures laid down in Basel Committee on Banking Supervision document "International Convergence of Capital Measurement and Capital Standards: A Revised Framework".
		Branch Banking
		Retail borrowings covering savings, current, term deposit accounts and Branch Banking network / services including distribution of financial products.
		Credit Cards
		Receivables / loans relating to credit card business.
Other Banking business	Any	other business not classified above.

A transfer pricing mechanism has been established by Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) for allocation of interest cost to the above segments based on borrowing costs, maturity profile of assets / liabilities etc. and which is disclosed as part of segment revenue.

Segment revenues consist of earnings from external customers and inter-segment revenues based on a transfer pricing mechanism. Segment expenses consist of interest expenses including allocated operating expenses and provisions.

Segment results are net of segment revenues and segment expenses.

Segment assets include assets related to segments and exclude tax related assets. Segment liabilities include liabilities related to the segment excluding net worth, employees' stock option (grants outstanding) and proposed dividend and dividend tax thereon.

Since the business operations of the Bank are primarily concentrated in India, the Bank is considered to operate only in the domestic segment.

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## SCHEDULE 18 - NOTES TO ACCOUNTS

## A. DISCLOSURES AS LAID DOWN BY RBI CIRCULARS:

## 1. Capital Adequacy Ratio:

The Bank's Capital Adequacy Ratios as per Basel III guidelines are as follows:

	As	at
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Capital Ratios:		
(i) Common Equity Tier   Capital (CET 1)	66,920.01	58,992.30
(ii) Additional Tier I Capital	500.00	500.00
(iii) Tier I Capital (i + ii)	67,420.01	59,492.30
(iv) Tier II Capital	3,167.44	2,441.02
(v) Total Capital (Tier I+Tier II)	70,587.45	61,933.32
(vi) Total Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs)	311,055.30	278,198.29
(vii) CET 1 Ratio (CET 1 as a percentage of RWAs)	21.51%	21.21%
(viii) Tier I Ratio (Tier I capital as a percentage of RWAs)	21.67%	21.38%
(ix) Tier II Ratio (Tier II capital as a percentage of RWAs)	1.02%	0.88%
(x) Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) (Total Capital as a percentage of RWAs)	22.69%	22.26%
(xi) Leverage Ratio	14.03%	13.93%
(xii) Percentage of the shareholding of the Government of India	Nil	Nil
(xiii)Amount of paid-up equity capital raised during the year#	360.85	7,799.80
(xiv)Amount of non-equity Tier I capital raised during the year of which:		
PNCPS	Nil	Nil
PDI	Nil	Nil
(xv) Amount of Tier II Capital raised during the year of which:		
PNCPS	Nil	Nil
PDI	Nil	Nil

# The Bank on 31st May, 2020, had concluded a Qualified Institutions Placement (QIP) of 65,000,000 equity shares at a price of ₹1,145 per equity share aggregating ₹ 7,442.50 crore. Accordingly, the Share Capital increased by ₹ 32.50 crore and share premium increased by ₹ 7,410.00 crore, net of share issue expenses of ₹ 46.28 crore. Further, the Bank has allotted during the year 2,826,092 (previous year 3,797,330) equity shares consequent to exercise of ESOPs vested. Accordingly, the share capital further increased by ₹ 1.41 crore (previous year ₹ 1.90 crore) and share premium increased by ₹ 359.44 crore (previous year ₹ 401.88 crore), net of share issue expenses of ₹ 0.00 crore (previous year ₹ 0.20 crore).

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(₹ in crore)

(₹ in crore)		Total Total Investments India		38.32 36,923.35	- 10.21	38.32 36,913.14		.60 63,974.94	36.73 1,843.44	.87 62,131.50		- 1,535.58	1	- 1,535.58	102,433.87	36.73 1,853.65	.19 100,580.22	
		Total Investments outside India		38		33		2,361.60		2,324.87					2,399.92		2,363.19	
	utside India	Others		1	I	'		1,945.74	36.73	1,909.01		1	I	•	1,945.74	36.73	1,909.01	ц
	Investments outside India	Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures		38.32	1	38.32		1	1	1			1		38.32	I	38.32	nd with BBI for 1.2
		Government securities (including local authorities)		1	1	1		415.86	1	415.86		1	1		415.86	1	415.86	in requirements a
		Total investments in India		36,885.03	10.21	36,874.82		61,613.34	1,806.71	59,806.63		1,535.58	I	1,535.58	100,033.95	1,816.92	98,217.03	ring facility marg
		Others		I	I	•		2,956.19	438.28	2,517.91		T	I	I	2,956.19	438.28	2,517.91	ar facility clas
	India	Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures		2,954.80	10.21	2,944.59		1	1	•			1	I	2,954.80	10.21	2,944.59	nt of fund transfe
	Investments in India	Debentures and Bonds		I	1	•		15,917.35	152.92	15,764.43		1,037.38	1	1,037.38	16,954.73	152.92	16,801.81	ered for availme
		Shares		1	I	•		1,275.36	41.87	1,233.49		1	I	ı	1,275.36	41.87	1,233.49	Junione pre
		Other Approved Securities		1	1			I	1			1	I	1	1	I	1	crore pledded :
		Government Securities*		33,930.23	1	33,930.23		41,464.44	1,173.64	40,290.80		498.20	I	498.20	75,892.87	1,173.64	74,719.23	a of₹ 13 349 35
		As at 31st March, 2022	Held to Maturity	Gross	Less: Provision for non- performing investments (NPI)	Net	Available for Sale	Gross	Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	Net	Held for Trading	Gross	Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	Net	Total Investments	Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	Net	* Includes countries with face Value of \$ 13.340.35 crons alached and annumbered for availment of fund transfer facility. clearing facility marries and with RRI facil AF

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					2							
As at 31st March, 2021	Government Securities*	Other Approved Securities	Shares	Debentures and Bonds	Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures	Others	Total investments in India	Government securities (including local authorities)	Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures	Others	Total Investments outside India	Total Investments
Held to Maturity												
Gross	33,725.36	1	1	I	2,626.54	I	36,351.90	I	23.16	I	23.16	36,375.06
Less: Provision for non- performing investments (NPI)	1	1	1	I	10.12	1	10.12	1	I	1	I	10.12
Net	33,725.36	•	•	•	2,616.42	•	36,341.78	1	23.16	•	23.16	36,364.94
Available for Sale												
Gross	51,044.13	1	1,419.04	10,680.81		4,113.32	67,257.30	306.93	I	736.32	1,043.25	68,300.55
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	387.51	1	119.57	126.54	1	363.28	996.90	I	I	2.68	2.68	999.58
Net	50,656.62	•	1,299.47	10,554.27	•	3,750.04	66,260.40	306.93	1	733.64	1,040.57	67,300.97
Held for Trading												
Gross	656.73	1		777.41		1	1,434.14	1	1	1	I	1,434.14
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	0.76	1		0.10	1	1	0.86	I	I	1	1	0.86
Net	655.97	•	•	777.31	•	•	1,433.28	•	•	•		1,433.28

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Total Investments	85,426.22	1	1,419.04	11,458.22	2,626.54	4,113.32	105,043.34	306.93	23.16	736.32	1,066.41	106,109.75
Less: Provision for depreciation and NPI	388.27	1	119.57	126.64	10.12	363.28	1,007.88	1	1	2.68	2.68	1,010.56
Net	85,037.95	•	1,299.47	11,331.58	2,616.42	3,750.04	104,035.46	306.93	23.16	733.64	1,063.73	105,099.19
$^{*}$ Includes securities with face Value of ₹ 10,024.63 crore pledged and er	e of ₹ 10,024.63 crore plea	lged an	d encumber	ed for availment c	of fund transfer	facility, cleari	encumbered for availment of fund transfer facility, clearing facility, margin requirements and with RBI for LAF	equirements and v	vith RBI for LAF.			



## 3. Movement of Provisions for Depreciation and Investment Fluctuation Reserve:

			(₹ in crore)
Destinutes		As	at
Particulars	3	81 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
i) Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on inv	restments		
a) Opening balance		1,010.56	602.28
b) Add: Provisions made during the year		938.03	461.36
c) Less: Write-back of provisions during the year		94.94	53.08
d) Closing balance		1,853.65	1,010.56
ii) Movement of Investment Fluctuation Reserve			
a) Opening balance		1,374.69	554.03
b) Add: Amount transferred during the year		400.00	820.66
c) Less: Drawdown		-	-
d) Closing balance		1,774.69	1,374.69
iii) Closing balance in IFR as percentage of closing balance of Category	of investments in AFS and HFT/Current	2.79%	2.00%

## 4. Details of Repo / Reverse Repo (excluding LAF and MSF transactions for the year) deals (in face value terms):

## Year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022:

Particulars	Minimum outstanding	Maximum outstanding	Daily Average outstanding	(₹ in crore) Outstanding as on
	during the year	during the year	during the year	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022
Securities sold under repos				
i. Government securities	-	25,845.85	14,802.48	10,475.60
ii. Corporate debt securities	-	200.00	6.03	-
iii. Any other securities	-	-	-	-
Securities purchased under reverse repos				
i. Government securities	-	7,892.54	326.48	1,000.00
ii. Corporate debt securities	-	-	-	-
iii. Any other securities	-	-	-	-

## Year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021:

				(₹ in crore)
Particulars	Minimum outstanding during the year	Maximum outstanding during the year	Daily Average outstanding during the year	Outstanding as on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Securities sold under repos				
i. Government securities	-	35,413.55	24,282.35	8,835.30
ii. Corporate debt securities	-	200.00	5.21	-
iii. Any other securities	-	-	-	-
Securities purchased under reverse repos				
i. Government securities	-	2,200.00	213.01	-
ii. Corporate debt securities	-	100.00	0.82	-
iii. Any other securities	-	-	-	-

## 5. Disclosure in respect of Non-SLR investments:

(i) Non-performing Non-SLR investments:

	Year ended
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 202
Opening balance	662.49 274.3
Additions during the year	3.08 838.3
Reductions during the year	(511.47) (450.2
Closing balance	154.10 662.4
Total provisions held	152.62 238.4

## (ii) Issuer composition of Non-SLR investments as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022:

lssuer (2) PSUs	Amount (3)	Extent of Private Placement (4)	Extent of 'Below Investment Grade' Securities	Extent of 'Unrated' Securities	Extent of 'Unlisted' Securities
	(3)	(4)			
PSUs			(5)	(6)	(7)
	1,163.23	650.00	-	-	-
Fls	1,487.98	288.39	-	-	-
Banks	1,960.64	407.65	-	397.65	189.48
Private Corporates	16,872.53	12,569.48	129.06	978.29	2,864.27
Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures	2,993.12	1,625.79	-	2,993.12	2,993.12
Others	2,063.49	1,545.98	856.82	158.28	1,647.63
Provision held towards depreciation	(680.00)	-	-	-	-
Total	25,860.99	17,087.29	985.88	4,527.34	7,694.50
	Fls Banks Private Corporates Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures Dthers Provision held towards depreciation	Fis1,487.98Banks1,960.64Private Corporates16,872.53Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures2,993.12Others2,063.49Provision held towards depreciation(680.00)	Fls         1,487.98         288.39           Banks         1,960.64         407.65           Private Corporates         16,872.53         12,569.48           Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures         2,993.12         1,625.79           Dthers         2,063.49         1,545.98           Provision held towards depreciation         (680.00)         -	Fls         1,487.98         288.39	Fls         1,487.98         288.39         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         0.000         <

Issuer also include investments held outside India.

Amounts reported under column (4), (5), (6) and (7) above are not mutually exclusive.

## Issuer composition of Non-SLR investments as at 31st March, 2021:

						(₹ in crore)
No.	lssuer	Amount	Extent of Private Placement	Extent of 'Below Investment Grade' Securities	Extent of 'Unrated' Securities	Extent of 'Unlisted' Securities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	PSUs	1,014.94	255.00	-	-	-
2	Fls	2,131.06	724.24	-	-	446.24
3	Banks	1,396.16	809.99	-	620.74	582.11
4	Private Corporates	10,636.58	8,302.24	14.29	907.22	2,155.94
5	Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures	2,649.70	1,295.08	-	2,649.70	2,649.70
6	Others	2,855.09	2,199.43	773.41	295.48	2,548.16
7	Provision held towards depreciation	(622.29)	-	-	-	-
	Total	20,061.24	13,585.98	787.70	4,473.14	8,382.15

Issuer also include investments held outside India.

Amounts reported under column (4), (5), (6) and (7) above are not mutually exclusive.

Operation auctions/Switch/GSAP) was within 5% of the book value of instruments in HTM category at the beginning of the year.

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(₹ in crore)

(₹ in ororo)

6. During the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 and year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021, the value of sale / transfer of securities to / from HTM category (excluding one-time transfer of securities, permitted sales by RBI consequent to a downward revision in SLR requirements and sales to RBI under Open Market

## 7. Derivatives:

## A. Forward Rate Agreements/ Interest Rate Swaps:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As	at
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
The notional principal of swap agreements	50,448.49	39,777.32
Losses which would be incurred if counterparties failed to fulfill their obligations under the agreements	557.74	376.22
Collateral required by the Bank upon entering into swaps	NA	NA
Concentration of credit risk arising from the swaps	58.20% (Banks)	58.08% (Banks)
The fair value of the swap book	284.15	(42.21)

## B. Exchange Traded Interest Rate Derivatives:

		(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	As at		
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
Notional principal amount of exchange traded interest rate derivatives undertaken during the year	-	-	
Notional principal amount of exchange traded interest rate derivatives outstanding	-	-	
Notional principal amount of exchange traded interest rate derivatives outstanding and not "highly effective"*	NA	NA	
Mark to market value of exchange traded interest rate derivatives outstanding and not "highly effective"*	NA	NA	

\* Being trading positions

## Disclosures on risk exposures in derivatives: C.

## **Qualitative disclosures:**

## a) Structure and organization for management of risk in derivatives trading:

The Board of Directors, the Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO), the Risk Management Committee (RMC), Board Committee for Derivatives products, the Senior Management Committee for Derivatives (SMC) and the Market Risk Management Department are entrusted with the management of risks in derivatives.

The philosophy and framework for the derivative business is laid out in the Board approved Investment and Derivative policies. The ALCO of the Bank is empowered to set the limit-framework for derivatives. It also reviews the market risk exposures of derivatives against the limits. The Risk Management Committee reviews all risks on a consolidated basis.

The Board Committee for Derivatives products and the Senior Management Committee for Derivatives (SMC) oversee the client derivatives business. These committees are responsible for reviewing and approving the derivative products that can be offered to clients (within the regulatory framework provided by the RBI). The Board approved 'Customer Suitability and Appropriateness Policy for Derivatives' lays down the risk management & governance framework for offering derivatives.

The Bank has Back-Office and Risk Management - independent of the dealing function. The Market Risk Management & Counterparty Risk Management Departments are responsible for assessment, monitoring, measurement & reporting of Market & Counterparty risks in derivatives.

## b) Scope and nature of risk measurement, risk reporting and risk monitoring systems:

All significant risks of the derivative portfolio are monitored, measured & reported to the senior management. The Market Risk Management Department, on a daily basis, measures & reports risk-metrics like Value-at-Risk (VaR), PV01, Option Greeks like Delta, Gamma, Vega, Theta, Rho etc. Counterparty Risk exposure of the derivatives portfolio is also reported daily. The Market Risk Management Department independently reports profitability on a daily basis. Rate reasonability tests are performed on the Derivative portfolio to ensure that all trades are entered into at market rates. Stress testing is performed to measure the impact of extreme market shifts on the Bank's portfolio (including derivatives). Suitability and Appropriateness assessment is performed before offering derivatives to clients. The Bank continuously invests in technology to enhance the Risk Management architecture.

## c) Policies for hedging and / or mitigating risk and strategies and processes for monitoring the continuing effectiveness of hedges / mitigants:

The Board Approved 'Hedging Policy' details the hedging strategies, hedging processes, accounting treatment, documentation requirements and effectiveness testing for hedges.

Hedges are monitored for effectiveness periodically, in accordance with the Board Approved Policy.

## d) Accounting policy for recording hedge and non-hedge transactions; recognition of income, premiums and discounts; valuation of outstanding contracts; provisioning, collateral and credit risk mitigation:

Derivative transactions are segregated into trading or hedge transactions. Trading transactions outstanding as at the Balance Sheet dates are marked to market and the resulting profits or losses, are recorded in the Profit and Loss Account.

of the underlying instrument.

Option premium paid / received is accounted for in the Profit and Loss Account on expiry of the option.

Pursuant to the RBI guidelines, any receivables as well positive Mark to Market (MTM) in respect of future receivable under derivative contracts comprising of crystallised receivables which remain overdue for more than 90 days are reversed through the Profit and Loss Account. Limits for Derivative exposures to Corporates are approved by the Credit Committee and for Banks by the ALCO. These exposures are renewable annually and are duly supported by ISDA agreements. MTM breaches are monitored daily and are cash collateralised wherever necessary.

## Quantitative Disclosures:

## 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022:

## Sr. Particulars No.

1

## **Derivatives (Notional Principal Amount)**

- a) For hedging
- b) For trading

### Marked to Market Positions\*\* 2

- a) Asset (+)
- b) Liability (-)

### 3 Credit Exposure

- Likely impact of one percentage change in interest rate ( 4
  - a) On hedging derivatives
  - b) On trading derivatives
- Maximum of 100\*PV01 observed during the year# 5
  - a) On hedging derivatives
  - b) On trading derivatives

## Minimum of 100\*PV01 observed during the year# 6

- a) On hedging derivatives
- b) On trading derivatives

Currency interest rate swaps have been included under currency derivatives. # Excludes PV01 on options.

\*\* The net position has been shown either under asset or liability, as the case may be, for each type of derivatives.

## The nature and terms of the Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 are set out below:

				(₹ in crore)
Nature	No.	Notional Principal	Benchmark	Terms
Trading	38	1,367.54	LIBOR	Receive Fixed Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	135	8,403.37	LIBOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Fixed
Trading	1	151.59	LIBOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	5	363.80	SOFR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Fixed
Trading	254	9,525.00	MIFOR	Receive Fixed Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	68	3,670.00	MIFOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Fixed
Trading	14	625.00	Mod MIFOR	Receive Fixed Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	5	455.00	Mod MIFOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Fixed
Trading	166	8,765.53	MIBOR	Receive Fixed Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	499	17,121.66	MIBOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Fixed
Total	1,185	50,448.49		

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Derivative transactions designated as "Hedges" are accounted in accordance with hedging instruments on an accrual basis over the life

		(₹ in crore)
	Currency Derivatives	Interest rate Derivatives
	NA	NA
	169,160.16	50,448.49
	NA	284.15
	105.25	NA
	5,588.00	834.38
[100*PV01) <sup>#</sup>		
	0.00	0.00
	50.98	248.40
	0.00	0.00
	51.45	352.27
	0.00	0.00
	22.92	226.09

## The nature and terms of the Cross Currency Swaps (CCS) as on 31st March, 2022 are set out below:

				(₹ in crore)
Nature	No.	Notional Principal	Benchmark	Terms
Trading	10	562.06	FIXED	Pay Fixed
Trading	5	511.59	FIXED	Receive Fixed
Trading	66	2,933.42	FIXED	Receive Fixed Vs. Pay Fixed
Trading	2	48.70	EURIBOR Vs. LIBOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	22	2,504.11	LIBOR	Receive Fixed Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	4	1,493.16	LIBOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Fixed
Trading	2	380.58	SOFR	Receive Fixed Vs. Pay Floating
Total	111	8,433.62		

The overnight Net open position as at 31st March, 2022 is ₹ 143.45 crore (previous year ₹ 325.15 crore).

## 31st March 2021:

			(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Particulars	Currency Derivatives	Interest rate Derivatives
1	Derivatives (Notional Principal Amount)		
	a) For hedging	NA	NA
	b) For trading	112,937.82	39,777.32
2	Marked to Market Positions**		
	a) Asset (+)	83.50	NA
	b) Liability (-)	NA	42.20
3	Credit Exposure	3,999.01	524.08
4	Likely impact of one percentage change in interest rate (100*PV01)#		
	a) On hedging derivatives	0.00	0.00
	b) On trading derivatives	47.31	348.37
5	Maximum of 100*PV01 observed during the year <sup>#</sup>		
	a) On hedging derivatives	0.00	0.00
	b) On trading derivatives	47.31	399.75
6	Minimum of 100*PV01 observed during the year#		
	a) On hedging derivatives	0.00	0.00
	b) On trading derivatives	9.83	207.17

Currency interest rate swaps have been included under currency derivatives.

# Excludes PV01 on options.

\*\* MTM has been considered at product level.

## The nature and terms of the Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) as on 31st March, 2021 are set out below:

				(₹ in crore)
Nature	No.*	Notional Principal	Benchmark	Terms
Trading	63	2,324.12	LIBOR	Receive Fixed Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	153	9,284.71	LIBOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Fixed
Trading	1	146.22	LIBOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	262	9,710.00	MIFOR	Receive Fixed Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	78	3,995.00	MIFOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Fixed
Trading	78	2,235.16	MIBOR	Receive Fixed Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	429	12,082.11	MIBOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Fixed
Total	1,064	39,777.32		

## The nature and terms of the Cross Currency Swaps (CCS) as on 31st March, 2021 are set out below:

				((1161616)
Nature	No.*	Notional Principal	Benchmark	Terms
Trading	1	1.67	EURIBOR	Receive Fixed Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	4	177.28	EURIBOR Vs. LIBOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	8	58.47	FIXED	Pay Fixed
Trading	6	236.32	FIXED	Receive Fixed
Trading	53	2,129.57	FIXED	Receive Fixed Vs. Pay Fixed
Trading	21	2,018.20	LIBOR	Receive Fixed Vs. Pay Floating
Trading	3	1,944.84	LIBOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Fixed
Trading	3	109.32	LIBOR Vs. LIBOR	Receive Floating Vs. Pay Floating
Total	99	6,675.67		

\* Above notional principal does not include trades done with GIFT-City branch since it gets zeroed at bank level however, only count of trades done is specified.

## 8. Credit default swaps:

The Bank has not entered into any Credit Default Swap transactions.

## 9. Classification of advances and provisions held:

## As at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022

						(₹ in crore)
	Standard					
Particulars	Total Standard Advances	Sub- Standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non- Performing Advances	Total
Gross Standard Advances and NPAs						
Opening Balance	220,981.31	3,506.61	3,379.30	539.60	7,425.51	228,406.82
Add: Additions during the year					4,316.13	
Less: Reductions during the year (*)					(5,271.90)	
Closing Balance	269,558.47	1,792.01	4,397.42	280.31	6,469.74	276,028.21
(*) Reductions in Gross NPAs due to:						
i) Upgradation					(1,968.80)	(1,968.80)
<ul> <li>Recoveries (excluding recoveries from upgraded accounts)</li> </ul>					(2,073.51)	(2,073.51)
iii) Technical/Prudential Write-offs					(358.98)	(358.98)
iv) Write-offs other than those covered under (iii) above					(870.61)	(870.61)
Provisions (excluding Floating Provisions)						
Opening balance of provisions held	16.33	1,521.36	2,659.38	539.60	4,720.34	4,736.67
Add: Fresh provisions made during the year					3,047.73	
Less: Excess provision reversed/Write-off loans					(3,035.04)	
Closing balance of provisions held	41.57	863.11	3,589.61	280.31	4,733.03	4,774.60
Net NPAs						
Opening Balance		1,985.25	719.92	0.00	2,705.17	
Add: Fresh additions during the year					1,268.40	
Less: Reductions during the year					(2,236.86)	
Closing Balance		928.90	807.81	0.00	1,736.71	
Ratios						
Gross NPA to Gross Advances (%)						2.34%
Net NPA to Net Advances (%)						0.64%

Above numbers do not include standard asset provision on Advances (other than provision for country risk and unhedged foreign currency exposures) amounting to ₹ 1,309.54 crore as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022.

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(₹ in crore)	(₹	in c	rore)
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## As at 31st March, 2021

						(₹ in crore
	Standard		Non-Perf	orming		
Particulars	Total Standard Advances	Sub- Standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non- Performing Advances	Total
Gross Standard Advances and NPAs						
Opening Balance	218,175.66	1,934.24	2,783.36	309.29	5,026.89	223,202.55
Add: Additions during the year					5,488.32	
Less: Reductions during the year (*)					(3,089.70)	
Closing Balance	220,981.31	3,506.61	3,379.30	539.60	7,425.51	228,406.82
(*) Reductions in Gross NPAs due to:						
i) Upgradation					(1,307.10)	(1,307.10)
ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries from upgraded accounts)					(1,154.56)	(1,154.56)
iii) Technical/Prudential Write-offs					(235.38)	(235.38)
iv) Write-offs other than those covered under (iii) above					(392.66)	(392.66)
Provisions (excluding Floating Provisions)						
Opening balance of provisions held	5.51	929.02	2,230.69	309.29	3,469.00	3,474.51
Add: Fresh provisions made during the year					2,803.31	
Less: Excess provision reversed/Write-off loans					(1,551.97)	
Closing balance of provisions held	16.33	1,521.36	2,659.38	539.60	4,720.34	4,736.67
Net NPAs						
Opening Balance		1,005.22	552.67	0.00	1,557.89	
Add: Fresh additions during the year					2,685.01	
Less: Reductions during the year					(1,537.73)	
Closing Balance		1,985.25	719.92	0.00	2,705.17	
Ratios						
Gross NPA to Gross Advances (%)						3.25%
Net NPA to Net Advances (%)						1.21%

Above numbers do not include standard asset provision on Advances (other than provision for country risk and unhedged foreign currency exposures) amounting to ₹ 945.04 crore as at 31st March, 2021.

## 10. Movement of Technical Write-offs and Recoveries:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	Year E	nded
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Opening balance of Technical / Prudential written-off accounts as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April	1,660.35	1,547.25
Add: Technical / Prudential write-offs during the year	358.98	235.38
Less: Recoveries / Reductions made from previously Technical / Prudential written-off accounts during the year	(200.53)	(122.28)
Closing Balance as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March	1,818.80	1,660.35

11. The Provision Coverage Ratio (PCR) of the Bank after considering technical write-off is 79.05% as at 31st March, 2022 (previous year 70.23%).

## 12. Concentration of NPAs:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As	at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Total Exposure to top twenty NPA accounts*	817.02	1,232.82
Percentage of exposures to the twenty largest NPA exposure to total Gross NPAs	12.63%	16.60%

(\*) Above represents Gross NPA

13. RBI vide its circular dated 1st April 2019, has directed banks shall make suitable disclosures, wherever either (a) the additional provisioning requirements assessed by RBI exceed 10 percent of the published net profits before provision and contingency for the reference period or (b) the additional Gross NPAs identified by RBI exceed 15 percent of the published incremental Gross NPAs for the reference period, or both. There has been no divergence observed by RBI for the financial year 2020-21 (previous year Nil) in respect of the Bank's asset classification and provisioning under the extant prudential norms on income recognition asset classification and provisioning (IRACP) which require such disclosures.

## 14. Sector-wise Advances and Gross NPAs

							(₹ in crore)
		Asa	at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 20	22	Asa	at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 20	21
SI. No.	Sector	Outstanding Total Advances*	Gross NPAs	Percentage of Gross NPAs to Total Advances in that Sector	Outstanding Total Advances*	Gross NPAs	Percentage of Gross NPAs to Total Advances in that Sector
Α	Priority Sector						
1	Agricultural and Allied Activities	34,360.83	1,581.30	4.60%	27,499.60	1,348.45	4.90%
2	Advances to Industries Sector eligible as Priority sector lending	47,974.56	312.78	0.65%	33,416.69	424.24	1.27%
3	Services	41,653.20	575.87	1.38%	29,165.84	692.27	2.37%
4	Personal Loans and others	2,090.54	26.44	1.26%	1,377.87	29.40	2.13%
	Sub-Total (A)	126,079.13	2,496.39	1.98%	91,460.00	2,494.36	2.73%
В	Non Priority Sector						
1	Agricultural and Allied Activities	575.50	44.72	7.77%	1,222.15	41.15	3.37%
2	Industry	49,489.06	1,346.77	2.72%	46,998.35	1,534.03	3.26%
3	Services	48,140.47	928.59	1.93%	44,459.00	1,426.09	3.21%
4	Personal loans and others	51,744.05	1,653.27	3.20%	44,267.32	1,929.88	4.36%
	Sub-Total (B)	149,949.08	3,973.35	2.65%	136,946.82	4,931.15	3.60%
	Total (A+B)	276,028.21	6,469.74	2.34%	228,406.82	7,425.51	3.25%

\* Represents Gross Advances

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.

## 15. Priority sector lending certificates

The amount of PSLCs (category wise) Purchased and Sold during the year:

## As at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022:

SI. No.	Type of PSLCs	Purchased	Sold
1	PSLC – Agriculture	-	4,206.00
2	PSLC - SF/MF	11,090.00	-
3	PSLC - Micro Enterprises	1,000.00	11,914.50
4	PSLC – General	-	38,446.50
	TOTAL	12,090.00	54,567.00

## As at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021:

SI. No.	Type of PSLCs	Purchased	Sold
1	PSLC – Agriculture	250.00	-
2	PSLC - SF/MF	11,050.00	1,200.00
3	PSLC - Micro Enterprises	8,630.75	7,700.00
4	PSLC – General	-	15,678.50
	TOTAL	19,930.75	24,578.50

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(₹	in	cror	e)
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(₹ in crore)

## (₹ in crore)

											(₹ IN Crore)
		Agriculture and al activities	and allied ities	Corporates (excluding MSME)	(excluding AE)	Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME)	and Medium s (MSME)	Retail (excluding agriculture and MSME)	ccluding ure and AE)	Total	al
Iculars		As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As on 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Standard	Number of borrowers	2,497	0	-	0	908	381	4,670	4,345	8,076	4,726
	Gross Amount (₹ crore)	20.22	0.00	8.50	00.00	799.96	249.42	392.78	146.44	1,221.46	395.86
	Provision held# (₹ crore)	2.20	0.00	1.26	00.00	95.39	27.82	62.66	17.89	161.51	45.71
standard	Substandard Number of borrowers	797	2	0	0	261	166	8,550	11,811	9,608	11,984
	Gross Amount (₹ crore)	2.60	0.75	0.00	00.00	82.65	105.16	200.28	146.95	285.53	252.86
	Provision held (₹ crore)	0.67	0.11	0.00	00.00	32.19	23.94	79.36	87.64	112.22	111.69
Doubtful	Number of borrowers	56	12	15	13	180	18	24,638	9,789	24,889	9,832
	Gross Amount (₹ crore)	21.62	18.02	302.41	221.77	231.76	127.49	328.76	108.32	884.55	475.60
	Provision held (₹ crore)	14.95	9.82	280.01	191.69	146.39	47.76	296.32	97.54	737.67	346.81
Total	Number of borrowers	3,350	19	16	13	1,349	565	37,858	25,945	42,573	26,542
	Gross Amount (₹ crore)	44.44	18.77	310.91	221.77	1,114.37	482.07	921.82	401.71	2,391.54	1,124.32
	Provision held (₹ crore)	17.82	9.93	281.27	191.69	273.97	99.52	438.34	203.07	1,011.40	504.21

## Disclosure on the scheme for MSME sector - restructuring of advances

As at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022:

	(₹ in crore)
No. of accounts restructured	Amount
1,131*	894.71
<sup>ist</sup> March, 2021:	(₹ in crore)
No. of accounts restructured	Amount
443*	313.45

As at 31st

	(₹ in crore)
No. of accounts restructured	Amount
1,131*	894.71
<sup>st</sup> March, 2021:	(₹ in crore)
No. of accounts restructured	Amount
443*	313.45

\* Disclosure given is at borrower level

## Disclosure on Resolution of stressed assets:

In terms of the RBI circular dated 7<sup>th</sup> June 2019 on Prudential Framework for Resolution of Stressed Assets, during the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, the Bank has implemented Resolution plan (RP) for one borrower, for which Inter Creditor Agreement (ICA) was executed under consortium arrangement. There was some delay in RP implementation for this case. However, additional provision for any delayed implementation of RP is not applicable to this borrower since the banking system exposure was less than ₹ 1,500 crores. Borrowers for whom resolution plan is implemented under sole banking arrangement are not included here as no ICA is required.

In respect of certain borrowers with banking system exposure of ₹ 1,500 crores or more, where RP formulation / implementation was pending, the required additional provision has been made as required by RBI stipulations.

## 17. Overseas Assets, NPAs and Revenue:

Particulars	As	at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Total Assets	7,668.62	4,755.84
Total NPAs	Nil	Nil
Total Revenue	67.62	128.72

## 18. Disclosure of transfer of loan exposures

Details of loans transferred/acquired for the year ended 31st March, 2022 & 31st March, 2021 under the RBI Master Direction on Transfer of Loan Exposures dated 24<sup>th</sup> September, 2021 are given below:

- (i) The Bank has not transferred any Loans not in default, Special Mention Account (SMA) and Non-performing Assets (NPAs).
- (ii) Details of Loans not in default acquired From Eligible Lenders through Assignment:

## Sr. Particulars No

- 1 Aggregate amount of loans acquired
- Aggregate consideration paid 2
- Weighted average residual maturity 3
- 4 Weighted average holding period of originator
- Retention of beneficial economic interest 5
- Coverage of tangible security coverage 6
- Rating-wise distribution of rated loans

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(₹ in crore)

₹ crore except tenor

31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
194.22	-
137.01	-
2.03 years	-
2.78 years	-
Nil	-
100%	-
 Retail Ioans – NA	-

## (iii) Details of Special Mention Accounts (SMAs) acquired:

			₹ crore except tenor
	From	lenders listed in Clau	use 3
Portfolio acquired during the year ended	Aggregate Principal outstanding of Ioans acquired	Aggregate consideration paid	Weighted average residual tenor of Ioans acquired (in Years)
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	28.15	8.80	2.39
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	-	-	-

## (iv) Details of Non-performing Assets (NPAs) acquired:

	₹ crore except tenor
	From lenders listed in Clause 3
Portfolio acquired during the year ended	Aggregate Principal outstanding of Ioans acquired Aggregate consideration paid Weighted average residual tenor of Ioans acquired (in Years)\$
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	693.66         75.53         7.58
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	244.24 55.00 0.83

\$ - Weighted Average residual tenor of loans is excluding limit based facilities

## (v) Details of recovery ratings assigned for Security Receipts as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022:

Recovery Rating^	Anticipated Recovery as per Recovery Rating	Book Value (₹ crore)
NR1/R1+/RR1+	>150%	37.78
NR2/R1/RR1	100% - 150%	347.01
NR3/R2/RR2	75% - 100%	42.51
NR4/R3/RR3	50% - 75%	217.38
NR5/R4/RR4	25%-50%	15.30
NR6/R5/RR5	0% - 25%	264.37
Yet to be rated**	-	46.80
Unrated*	-	111.45
Total		1,082.60

^ - Recovery Rating is as assigned by various external rating agencies

\* - Amount Outstanding for more than 8 years is ₹ 111.44 crs and is fully provided.

\*\* - Recent purchases whose statutory period not yet elapsed.

Details of recovery ratings assigned for Security Receipts as at 31st March, 2021:

Recovery Rating^	Anticipated Recovery as per Recovery Rating	Book Value (₹ crore)
NR1/R1+/RR1+	>150%	9.57
NR2/R1/RR1	100% - 150%	442.06
NR3/R2/RR2	75% - 100%	97.99
NR4/R3/RR3	50% - 75%	6.38
NR5/R4/RR4	25%-50%	264.37
NR6/R5/RR5	0% - 25%	4.51
Yet to be rated**	-	197.99
Unrated*	-	97.45
Total		1,120.32

^ - Recovery Rating is as assigned by various external rating agencies

\* - Amount Outstanding for more than 8 years is ₹ 97.41 crs and is fully provided.

\*\* - Recent purchases whose statutory period not yet elapsed.

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## 19. Unsecured Advances

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021
Total unsecured advances of the bank	61,557.93	49,222.99
Out of the above, amount of advances for which intangible securities such as charge over the rights, licenses, authority, etc. have been taken	-	-
Estimated value of such intangible securities	-	-

## 20. Business ratios / information:

## Particulars

Inte	erest income as a percentage of working funds (A)
No	n-Interest income as a percentage of working funds
Cos	st of deposits
Net	t Interest Margin (E)
Op	erating profit as a percentage of working funds (B) & (F)
Ret	turn on assets (average) (F)
Bus	siness (deposit plus advance) per employee (₹ in crore) (C)
Pro	fit per employee (₹ in crore)
Def	initions:
(A)	Working funds to be reckoned as average of total assets (exclu

(A)	Working funds to be reckoned as average of total assets (	exclud
	X, during the 12 months of the financial year.	

- (B) Operating profit = (Interest Income + Other Income Interest expenses Operating expenses).
- (C) For the purpose of computation of business per employee (deposits plus advances), inter-bank deposits shall be excluded.
- (D) Productivity ratios are based on average number of employees.
- (E) Net Interest Income/ Average Earning Assets. Net Interest Income= Interest Income Interest Expense

## 21. Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities:

## 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022:

												(₹ in crore)
Particulars	Day 1	2 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 to 30 days	31 days to 2 months	Over 2 months & to 3 months	Over 3 months & upto 6 months	Over 6 months & upto 1 year	Over 1 year & upto 3 years	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Advances^	1,739.92	15.32	4,406.90	7,041.15	12,555.68	13,770.67	17,920.47	35,987.87	107,826.16	29,382.72	40,606.74	271,253.60
Investments*	24,713.82	4,346.59	2,085.34	1,893.29	2,146.48	3,861.17	7,793.96	7,101.15	39,053.74	2,805.31	4,333.83	100,134.68
Deposits	17,173.43	21,765.54	9,954.79	5,825.27	11,265.99	15,516.46	35,793.87	29,844.36	161,679.20	2,425.95	439.25	311,684.11
Borrowings	112.42	10,531.99	543.08	209.60	863.40	508.09	2,999.87	2,342.52	7,327.19	528.96	-	25,967.12
Foreign Currency Assets	5,259.61	1,589.64	852.47	1,327.99	1,646.76	2,488.07	3,685.50	2,187.45	2,322.72	603.71	245.10	22,209.02
Foreign Currency Liabilities	768.12	497.16	220.63	569.24	672.95	186.44	967.11	732.81	5,306.52	387.36	318.07	10,626.41

\* Listed equity investments in AFS have been considered at 50% (₹ 445.54 crore) haircut as per RBI directions ^ Funds raised through bills rediscounted amounting ₹ 2,792.10 crore are netted off against advances.

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Year E	Inded
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
6.73%	7.13%
1.58%	1.33%
3.22%	3.85%
4.62%	4.41%
3.00%	3.12%
2.13%	1.85%
8.71	9.70
 0.14	0.14

uding accumulated losses, if any) as reported to Reserve Bank of India in Form

(F) Return on Assets would be with reference to average working funds (i.e., total of assets excluding accumulated losses, if any).

In computing the above information, certain estimates and assumptions have been made by the Bank's Management.

## 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021:

												(₹ in crore)
Particulars	Day 1	2 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 to 30 days	31 days to 2 months	Over 2 months & to 3 months	Over 3 months & upto 6 months	Over 6 months & upto 1 year	Over 1 year & upto 3 years	Over 3 years & upto 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Advances	252.18	2,667.03	3,021.88	6,542.66	11,489.44	11,677.90	14,799.99	28,253.33	89,436.50	28,305.20	27,224.05	223,670.16
Investments*	41,461.98	3,661.55	1,816.05	1,859.60	2,097.97	3,687.27	6,608.83	5,925.54	30,089.62	2,082.47	5,267.00	104,557.88
Deposits	18,571.00	18,236.84	8,101.29	6,914.79	10,150.13	11,224.33	35,443.88	27,415.88	142,668.87	1,069.92	303.12	280,100.05
Borrowings	402.88	9,353.91	460.18	405.37	2,547.67	287.75	1,981.91	3,667.72	4,210.48	182.78	150.00	23,650.65
Foreign Currency Assets	1,646.71	5,338.25	290.68	2,493.00	3,056.15	2,439.47	2,754.81	1,939.91	1,725.90	1,030.71	282.10	22,997.69
Foreign Currency Liabilities	912.51	570.44	226.75	321.06	1,372.95	238.51	1,213.06	1,334.64	3,512.04	192.84	18.59	9,913.39

\* Listed equity investments in AFS have been considered at 50% (₹ 541.31 crore) haircut as per RBI directions.

In computing the above information, certain estimates and assumptions have been made by the Bank's Management.

## 22. Exposures:

## (a) Exposure to Real Estate Sector\*:

				(₹ in crore
<b>-</b> +	icular		As	at
Part	icular	S	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
a)	Dire	ect exposure	58,329.55	39,803.06
	i.	Residential Mortgages – Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented; (Includes Individual housing loans eligible for inclusion in priority sector advances as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022 ₹ 1,449.50 crore and as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021 ₹ 113.33 crore). Exposure also includes non-fund based (NFB) limits	39,002.73	23,006.67
	ii.	Commercial Real Estate - Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates (office buildings, retail space, multi-purpose commercial premises, multi-family residential buildings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.). Exposure also includes non-fund based (NFB) limits	19,326.82	16,796.39
	iii	Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitised exposures-	-	-
		- Residential,	-	-
		- Commercial Real Estate	-	-
)	Indi	rect Exposure	6,488.76	6,495.18
		d based and non-fund based exposures on National Housing Bank (NHB) and Housing ance Companies (HFCs).	6,488.76	6,495.18
ota	al Exp	osure to Real Estate Sector (a+b)	64,818.31	46,298.24

\* On limit basis or outstanding basis whichever is higher

## (b) Exposure to Capital Market\*:

## Particulars

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- Direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convert equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclu debt,#
- Advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other secur individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs / ESOPs), debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds;
- Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary
- iv. Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds / c equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advance
- Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarar stockbrokers and market makers;
- vi. Loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's cont companies in anticipation of raising resources;
- vii. Bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / iss
- viii. Underwriting commitments taken up by the banks in respect convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity
- ix. Financing to stockbrokers for margin trading;
- All exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and up to be on par with equity and hence will be reckoned for complex exposure ceilings (both direct and indirect)
- xi. Others (Financial Guarantees)

## Total Exposure to Capital Market\*

# The above amount excludes shares/convertible bonds aggregating to ₹ 39.63 crore (Previous year ₹ 124.22 crore) acquired due to conversion of debt to equity under restructuring process. As per para 20 of DBR.No.BP.BC.101/21.04.048/2017-18 dated 12<sup>th</sup> February, 2018, the above amount is exempt from regulatory ceilings/restriction on capital market exposure.

\* On limit basis or outstanding basis whichever is higher

## (c) Risk category wise country exposure:

As per extant RBI guidelines, the country exposure of the Bank is categorized into various risk categories listed in following table.

Risk Category	Exposure (net) as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Provision held as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Exposure (net) as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	Provision held as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Insignificant	8,901.77	4.79	8,991.83	-
Low	383.90	-	332.54	-
Moderately Low	-	-	9.14	-
Moderate	-	-	-	-
Moderately High	-	-	-	-
High	-	-	-	-
Very High	-	-	-	-
Total	9,285.67	4.79	9,333.51	-

Exposure is given as net exposure basis the definition given in circular dated 19th February, 2003

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(₹ in or

		(₹ in crore)
	As	at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
rtible debentures and units of usively invested in corporate	1,231.34	1,298.39
irities or on clean basis to ), convertible bonds, convertible	667.96	432.17
e bonds or convertible debentures / security;	-	-
e collateral security of shares or y oriented mutual funds i.e. where convertible debentures / units of ses;	2,439.83	846.72
antees issued on behalf of	2,438.98	3,214.37
es / bonds / debentures or ntribution to the equity of new	-	-
ssues;	-	-
t of primary issue of shares or y oriented mutual funds;	-	-
	300.00	-
unregistered) will be deemed bliance with the capital market	0.03	0.03
	16.59	26.13
	7,094.73	5,817.81

## 23. Concentration of deposits:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	A	s at
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Total deposits of twenty largest depositors	27,596.09	27,551.70
Percentage of deposits of twenty largest depositors to total deposits of the Bank	8.85%	9.84%

## 24. Concentration of advances\*:

		(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	As at		
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
Total advances to twenty largest borrowers	38,737.34	33,748.40	
Percentage of advances to twenty largest borrowers to total advances of the bank	7.96%	8.31%	

\* Advances have been computed based on credit exposure i.e. funded and non-funded limits including derivative exposures where applicable. The sanctioned limits or outstanding, whichever are higher, have been reckoned. However, in the case of fully drawn term loans, where there is no scope for re-drawal of any portion of the sanctioned limit, bank has reckoned the outstanding as the credit exposure.

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.

## 25. Concentration of exposures\*\*:

		(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	As at		
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
Total exposure to twenty largest borrowers/customers	45,190.68	39,935.94	
Percentage of exposures to twenty largest borrowers/customers to total exposure of the bank on borrowers/customers	8.81%	9.36%	

\*\* Exposures represents credit, derivatives and investment exposure as prescribed in Master Circular on Exposure Norms

DBR.No.Dir.BC. 12/13.03.00/2015-16 dated 1st July, 2015.

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.

## 26. Disclosure on Resolution Framework for COVID-19 related stress:

In accordance with Resolution Framework for COVID-19 announced by RBI on 6th August, 2020 and 5th May, 2021, the Bank has implemented onetime restructuring for certain eligible borrowers and such borrowers are classified as Standard in accordance with the above framework.

The disclosure requirements as required by RBI circular dated 6<sup>th</sup> August, 2020 (Resolution Framework 1.0) and 5<sup>th</sup> May 2021 (Resolution Framework 2.0) as at 31st March 2022 is given below:

Type of borrower	Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan– Position as at the end of the previous half - year (A)**	Of (A), aggregate debt that slipped into NPA during the half-year '&'	Of (A) amount written off during the half - year#	Of (A) amount paid by the borrowers during the half-year^	Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan– Position as at the end of this half – year
Personal Loans	230.33	18.44	0.66	16.60	195.29
Corporate persons*	144.46	78.52	-	8.65	57.29
Of which, MSMEs	49.20	12.04	-	6.12	31.04
Others	146.86	13.86	0.08	7.46	125.54
Total	521.65	110.82	0.74	32.71	378.12

\* As defined in section 3(7) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

\*\* Includes cases where requests received till 30th September, 2021 and implemented subsequently

# represents debt that slipped into NPA and was subsequently written off during the half-year

^ includes change in balances on account of interest and net of increase in exposure during the period

There were no borrower accounts, where resolution plans had been implemented and now modified under Resolution Framework 2.0 announced by RBI on 5th May, 2021

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- 27. The factoring exposure of the Bank as at 31st March, 2022 is ₹ 1,838.31 crore (previous year: ₹ 984.56 crore).
- 28. During the year, the Reserve Bank of India has levied a penalty of ₹ Nil (previous year ₹ Nil) on the Bank.
- 29. There are no Off-Balance Sheet SPVs sponsored (which are required to be consolidated as per accounting norms) (previous year ₹ Nil).
- 30. Bancassurance Business:

Sr. No.	Mature of Income	Year I	Ended
	Nature of Income	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
1.	For selling life insurance policies	290.71	250.13
2.	For selling non life insurance policies	15.34	15.78
З.	For selling mutual fund products	224.62	151.68
4.	Others	-	-

31. Floating Provisions:

## Particulars

- (a) Opening balance in the floating provisions account
- (b) The quantum of floating provisions made in the accounting year
- Amount of draw down made during the accounting year (c)
- Closing Balance in floating provisions account (d)

## 32. Draw Down from Reserves:

In accordance with the RBI requirement on creation and utilisation of Investment reserve in respect of HFT and AFS investments, no amount has been utilised during the year (previous year Nil).

## 33. a) Status of Shareholder Complaints:

## Sr. Particulars No.

- (a) No. of complaints pending at the beginning of the year
- (b) No. of complaints received during the year
- No. of complaints redressed during the year (c)
- (d) No. of complaints pending at the end of the year

# The Pending investor grievances have been resolved as on 30th April, 2021.

## The Pending investor grievances have been resolved as on 19th April, 2022.

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(₹ in crore)

Year E	nded
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Nil	Nil
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022 Nil Nil Nil

(₹ in crore)

Year Ended		
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
6	3	
49	35	
53	32	
2##	6#	

## Summary information on complaints received by the bank from customers and from the Offices of the Banking Ombudsman (OBOs): b)

Sr. No		Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Compl	laints	received by the bank from its customers(*)		
1.		Number of complaints pending at beginning of the year	9,462	4,323
2.		Number of complaints received during the year	198,146	297,272
3.		Number of complaints disposed during the year	199,413	292,133
	3.1	Of which, number of complaints rejected by the bank	85,347	66,141
4.		Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	8,195	9,462
* No of	comp	laints reported for FY 21-22 are excluding complaints redressed in 0 & 1 day.		
Mainta	ainab	le complaints received by the bank from OBOs		
5.		Number of maintainable complaints received by the bank from OBOs	5,737	8,893
	5.1.	Of 5, number of complaints resolved in favour of the bank by BOs	3,027	4,743
	5.2	Of 5, number of complaints resolved through conciliation/mediation/advisories issued by BOs	426	839
	5.3	Of 5, number of complaints resolved after passing of Awards by BOs against the bank	Nil	2
5.		Number of Awards unimplemented within the stipulated time (other than those appealed)	Nil	1

Note: Maintainable complaints refer to complaints on the grounds specifically mentioned in BO Scheme 2021 (Previously BO Scheme 2006) and covered within the ambit of the Scheme.

## Top five grounds of complaints received by the bank from customers

Grounds of complaints, (i.e. complaints relating to)	Number of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Number of complaints received during the year	% increase/ decrease in the number of complaints received over the previous year	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	Of 5, number of complaints pending beyond 30 days
1	2	3	4	5	6
31 <sup>st</sup> March,2022					
ATM/Debit Cards	3,476	71,703	-9%	3,088	1,727
Internet Banking /Mobile Banking/E-Banking	3,857	50,670	-5%	3,501	517
Account opening/difficulty in operation of accounts	292	14,818	-40%	297	10
Credit Cards	644	11,736	-38%	302	13
Mis-selling/Para-banking	50	7,443	608%	18	0
Others	1,143	41,776	-65%	989	163
Total	9,462	198,146	-33%	8,195	2,430
31 <sup>st</sup> March,2021					
ATM/Debit Cards	993	78,431	-37%	3,476	1,216
Internet Banking /Mobile Banking/E-Banking	917	53,071	-47%	3,857	851
Levy of charges without prior notice/ excessive charges/ foreclosure charges	169	33,679	235%	163	9
Account opening/difficulty in operation of accounts	176	24,862	-2%	292	14
Credit Cards	1,087	18,983	-40%	644	53
Others	981	88,246	-29%	1,030	250
Total	4,323	297,272	-29%	9,462	2,393

Note: The master list for identifying the grounds of complaints is provided in Appendix 1 as prescribed in Master Circular on Strengthening of Grievance Redress Mechanism in Bank (CEPD.CO.PRD.Cir.No.01/13.01.013/2020-21; dtd 27th January, 2021.)

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system.

## 34. Marketing and Distribution (excluding Bancassurance business)

Sr. No.	Niekuwa of Income	Year Ended	
	Nature of Income	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 202	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
1	Referral Fees	300.36	193.80
2	Arrangers Fees	261.62	162.35
3	Income on distribution of Sovereign Gold Bond	2.91	4.79
4	Other Income	6.62	3.34

Above has been reflected under Commission, exchange and brokerage under Other Income

## 35. Disclosures on Remuneration

## A. Qualitative Disclosures:

## a) Information relating to the composition and mandate of the Remuneration Committee:

The Nomination & Remuneration committee comprises of independent directors of the Bank. Key mandate of the Nomination & Remuneration committee is to oversee the overall design and operation of the compensation policy of the Bank and work in coordination with the Risk Management Committee to achieve alignment between risks and remuneration.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) will be, inter alia, reviewing and tracking the implementation of the Compensation Policy of the Bank. The NRC comprises of atleast 3 Non-executive Directors, out of which not less than one-half should be independent directors and should include at least one member from the Bank's Risk Management Committee of the Board. (RMC)

## b) Information relating to the design and structure of remuneration processes and the key features and objectives of remuneration policy:

Objective of Banks' Compensation Policy is:

- goals;

The remuneration process is aligned to the Bank's Compensation Policy objectives.

## c) Description of the ways in which current and future risks are taken into account in the remuneration processes. It should include the nature and type of the key measures used to take account of these risks:

In order to manage current and future risk and allow a fair amount of time to measure and review both quality and quantity of the delivered outcomes, a significant portion of senior and middle management compensation is variable. Further reasonable portion variable compensation is non- cash and deferred, over a period of 3 years or longer.

In case the employee is retiring within next 2 years, cash to non-cash ratio may change in favor of more cash (including deferred cash) and the vesting schedule may be shorter.

In addition, remuneration process provides for 'malus' and 'clawback' option to take care of any disciplinary issue or future drop in performance of individual/ business/ company.

## d) Description of the ways in which the bank seeks to link performance during a performance measurement period with levels of remuneration:

Individual performances are assessed in line with business/individual delivery of the Key Result Areas (KRAs), top priorities of business, budgets etc. KRAs of Line roles are linked to financials, people, service and process (Quality) and compliance parameters and KRAs of non-Line Roles have linkage to functional deliveries needed to achieve the top business priorities.

Further remuneration process is also linked to market salaries / job levels, business budgets and achievement of individual KRAs.

## A discussion of the banks' policy on deferral and vesting of variable remuneration and a discussion of the bank's policy and e) criteria for adjusting deferred remuneration before vesting and after vesting: A discussion on Policy on Deferral of Remuneration revised effective 1st April, 2020 and further amendments thereafter (Last amendment in Aug'21)

Employees have been broadly classified into following categories:

Category I – Comprising MD & CEO and Whole Time Directors (WTDs).

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To maintain fair, consistent and equitable compensation practices in alignment with Bank's core values and strategic business

To ensure effective governance of compensation and alignment of compensation practices with prudent risk taking;

To have mechanisms in place for effective supervisory oversight and Board engagement in compensation

To ensure that the Compensation practices are within the regulatory framework stipulated from time to time by RBI.



- Category II Material Risk Takers (MRTs). These include employees whose actions may have material impact on the risk exposures of the bank and who satisfy both - qualitative and quantitative criteria, as given below:
- o Qualitative Criteria: Employees in the grade M10 and above
- Quantitative Criteria: Fixed Cost to Company (FCTC) is ₹ 1 Crore p.a. and above. 0
- This excludes employees under Category III.
- Category III Risk control and compliance employees comprising staff in grade M9 and above in the following Control functions;
- 0 Risk & Policy function
- Financial Control including group consolidation; 0
- Compliance; 0
- Internal Audit: 0
- 0 Back-office Operations
- Vigilance 0
- Legal 0
- 0 Secretarial
- HR 0
- Investor Relations 0
- CSB 0
- Category IV: Other employees This includes all employees, not explicitly covered in the first three categories.

Following principles are applied for deferral / vesting of variable remuneration in accordance with RBI guidelines and Bank's compensation policy:

#### Category I & II

- . At least 50% of fixed pay, should be variable for arriving at the total compensation for the year
- The Cash component of the Variable Pay will not exceed 50% of the Fixed Pay
- The total variable payout shall be limited to a maximum of 300% of the fixed pay
- In case variable pay is up to 200% of the fixed pay, a minimum of 50% of the variable pay; and in case variable pay is above 200%, . a minimum of 67% of the variable pay should be via non-cash instruments.
- Regardless of the quantum of pay, a minimum of 60% of the total variable pay must invariably be under deferral arrangements. . Further, if cash component is part of variable pay, at least 50% of the cash bonus should also be deferred.
- However, in cases where the cash component of variable pay is under ₹ 25 lakh for a year, deferral requirements would not be necessary
- The deferral period should be a minimum of three years. This would be applicable to both, the cash and non-cash components of the variable pay.

The compensation will be approved by the Nomination and Remuneration committee and RBI.

#### Category II

- The total variable payout shall be limited to a maximum of 300% of the fixed pay.
- However, in cases where the cash component of variable pay is under ₹ 25 lakh for a year, deferral requirements would not be necessarv.
- The deferral period should be a minimum of three years. This would be applicable to both, the cash and non-cash components of the variable pay

Approval authority: MD & CEO or as delegated by MD & CEO, will approve the variable pay.

#### For adjusting deferred remuneration before & after vesting:

Malus: Payment of all or part of amount of deferred variable pay can be prevented

**Clawback:** Previously paid or already vested deferred variable pay can also be recovered under this clause.

Malus and clawback may be applied for following circumstances:

- Fraud, misfeasance, breach of trust, dishonesty, or wrongful disclosure by the employee of any confidential information pertaining . to the bank or any of its affiliates;
- Willful misinterpretation / misreporting of financial performance of the bank;

## whether directly or indirectly;

- or criminal nature;
- Non-disclosure of material conflict of interest by the employee or any misuse of official powers;
- affiliates, monetarily or otherwise;

Besides the above there can be other circumstances when malus may be applied. In deciding the application of malus / clawback to any part or all of variable pay or incentives (whether paid, vested or unvested), the NRC will follow due process and adhere to the principles of natural justice and proportionality.

#### Description of the different forms of variable remuneration (i.e. cash, shares, ESOPs and other forms) that the bank utilizes and the rationale for using these different forms:

Depending on the nature of the business/function/ role, the risk involved, the time horizon for review, various forms of Variable Pay may be applicable

The components of such variable pay will include:

- payable within one year of grant.
- granted from time to time with the objective of retaining employees.
  - 0
  - 0 any other model with the approval of NRC within the regulatory framework.
  - guidelines.
  - Deferred Cash may paid over a period of 3 to 5 years. 0

#### Quantitative Disclosures: Β.

#### Number of meetings held by the Remuneration Committee during the financial year and remuneration paid to its members. a)

During year ended 31st March, 2022, 6 meetings (previous year 7 meetings) of Nomination and Remuneration committee was held. Non-Executive Director of the Nomination and Remuneration committee is paid a sitting fee of ₹ 40,000 per meeting (previous year ₹ 40,000 per meeting).

#### b) Number of employees having received a variable remuneration award during the financial year.

#### As per FY22 policy for the year ended 31st March 2022 ("FY2022 policy"):

Quantitative disclosure restricted to CEO & three Whole Time Directors as Category I employees and Seventy Nine Category II employees as Material Risk Takers. For employees who have moved to a group company or retired or separated as well as new joiner awards up to the date in the Bank are included.

#### As per FY21 policy for the year ended 31st March 2021 ("FY2021 policy"):

Quantitative disclosure restricted to CEO & three Whole Time Directors as Category I employees and Sixty One Category II employees as Material Risk Takers. For employees who have moved to a group company or retired or separated as well as new joiner awards up to the date in the Bank are included.

All quantitative disclosures are as per FY2022 policy which is applicable from 1st April 2021

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Material failure in risk management controls or material losses due to negligent risk-taking which are attributable to the employee,

Any misconduct pertaining to moral turpitude, theft, misappropriation, corruption, forgery, embezzlement or an act of a felonious

An act of willful, reckless or grossly negligent conduct which is detrimental to the interest or reputation of the bank or any of its

Material breach of Code of Conduct, any Non-Disclosure Agreement, regulatory procedures, internal rules and regulations or any other such instance for which the NRC, in its discretion, deems it necessary to apply malus or / and clawback provisions;

Cash (Cash and Short term deferred cash) - this may be paid at intervals ranging from Monthly, Quarterly, half-yearly and annual. The Monthly/ Quarterly / Half Yearly VP will be under the role and preapproved business specific incentive schemes. This may be

Long Term Incentive Pay (LTIP): This shall be granted to employees, in the form of Employee Stock Options (ESOPs) and / or Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs) and / or Deferred Cash. This shall be granted on a discretionary and reasonable basis, to motivate employees, create shareholder value by aligning interest of employees with the long-term interests of the Bank. LTIP may also be

ESOPs/ SARs will be linked to Kotak Mahindra Bank Stock price and will vest over a period of time.

Black Scholes Model will generally be applied for arriving at the value of the units to be granted. However, Bank may choose

ESOPs / SARs will be approved by the NRC. The quantum of ESOPs / SARs will be reasonable and the formulation of the ESOP series, the coverage, the vesting period and their pricing schedule, etc. will also be decided by the NRC as per SEBI

#### Number of employees and total amount of sign-on/joining bonus made during the financial year. c)

	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
No of employees	1	1
Cash (Cr)	Nil	0.33
ESOPs (equity shares)	Nil	15,970
SARs (rights)	2,560	9,160

#### Details of severance pay, in addition to accrued benefits, if any. d)

Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Nil	Nil

#### e) Total amount of outstanding deferred remuneration, split into cash, types of share-linked instruments and other forms.

	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Cash (Deferred)	₹ 30.52 crore	₹ 11.99 crore
Outstanding SARs	357,767 rights	362,967 rights
Outstanding ESOPs*	1,097,291 equity shares	1,458,079 equity shares

 $^{*}$  Outstanding ESOPs include those granted in previous financial years also.

#### f) Total amount of deferred remuneration paid out in the financial year.

	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Cash (Deferred)	₹ 3.27 crore	₹ 0.50 crore
Payment towards SARs	₹ 32.01 crore	₹ 32.87 crore

Breakdown of amount of remuneration awards for the financial year to show fixed and variable, deferred and non-deferred. g)

#### **Fixed Pay**

	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Total fixed salary	₹ 114.93 crore	₹ 86.32 crore

### Variable Pay

	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Deferred Variable Pay <sup>\$</sup>		
Cash (Deferred)	₹ 24.00 crore	₹ 11.99 crore
SARs	117,170 rights	171,480 rights
ESOPs	430,580 equity shares	460,930 equity shares
Non Deferred variable pay <sup>\$</sup>	₹ 21.15 crore	₹ 19.32 crore

<sup>\$</sup> Details relating to variable pay pertains to remuneration awards for the financial year 2020-21 awarded in FY2022. Remuneration award for the year ended 31st March, 2022 are yet to be reviewed and approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

#### Total amount of outstanding deferred remuneration and retained remuneration exposed to exposit explicit and / or implicit h) adjustments.

Nil (previous year Nil)

- i) Total amount of reductions during the financial year due to ex- post explicit adjustments. Nil (previous year Nil)
- j) Total amount of reductions during the financial year due to ex- post implicit adjustments. Nil (previous year Nil)

- k) Number of MRT identified 83 (previous year 61)
- I) Number of cases where malus has been exercised. Nil (previous year Nil)
- Number of cases where clawback has been exercised. m) Nil (previous year Nil)
- n) Number of cases where both malus and clawback have been exercised Nil (previous year Nil)
- o) crore (previous year ₹ 0.09 crore).

Ratio of pay of each WTD to the mean pay for the bank as a whole

	Ra	tio
Director	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Mr Uday Kotak	0.04X	16.94X
Mr Dipak Gupta	35.38X	42.91X
Mr K.V.S. Manian	42.61X	44.46X
Mr Gaurang Shah	41.02X	44.38X

#### Notes:

- 1. of Stock Options)
- 2. the Bank's stock on specified dates. Cash paid out during the year is included for the purposes of remuneration.
- З. which have been received post 31st March, 2022.

#### 36. Intra – Group Exposures

#### E

			(( 11 01010)
Des	ticulars	As	at
Par		31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
(a)	Total amount of intra-group exposures	6,758.22	6,639.83
(b)	Total amount of top-20 intra-group exposures	6,757.10	6,639.73
(c)	Percentage of intra-group exposures to total exposure of the bank on borrowers / customers	1.32%	1.54%
(d)	Details of breach of limits on intra-group exposures and regulatory action thereon, if any.	NA	NA

The Bank has compiled the data for the purpose of this disclosure from its internal MIS system

### 37. Transfers to Depositor Education and Awareness Fund (DEA Fund)

#### Particulars

Opening balance of amounts transferred to DEA Fund Add: Amounts transferred to DEA Fund during the year Less: Amounts reimbursed by DEA Fund towards claim Closing balance of amounts transferred to DEA Fund

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### The mean pay for the bank as a whole (excluding sub-staff) and the deviation of the pay of each of its WTDs from the mean pay.

Mean pay for the Bank as a whole for all employees who were in employment for the whole of FY2020-21 and FY2021-22 was ₹ 0.09

Pay includes Fixed pay + variable pay paid during the year + perquisite value as calculated under the Income Tax Act, 1961, (excluding perquisite value

Stock Appreciation Rights are awarded as variable pay. These are settled in cash and are linked to the average market price/closing market price of

Pay for Mr. Dipak Gupta, Mr. K.V.S. Manian and Mr. Gaurang Shah for the year ended 31st March, 2022 does not include increments, approvals for

(₹ in crore)

(₹ in ororo)

Year E	inded
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
260.49	226.25
44.00	35.27
1.49	1.03
 303.00	260.49



### 38. Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure of borrowers:

The Bank recognises the importance of the risk of adverse fluctuation of foreign exchange rates on the profitability and financial position of borrowers who are exposed to currency risk. Currency induced credit risk refers to the risk of inability of borrowers to service their debt obligations due to adverse movement in the exchange rates and corresponding increase / decrease in their book values of trade payables, loan payables, trade receivables, etc. thereby exposing the Bank to risk of default by the borrower. In this regard, the Bank had put in place requisite policies & processes for monitoring and mitigation of currency induced credit risk of borrowers. These include the following:

- a) Currency risk of borrowers on account of un-hedged foreign currency exposures ("UFCE") is duly considered and analysed in credit appraisal notes.
- b) Periodic monitoring of un-hedged foreign currency exposures of borrowers.
- c) Risk classification of borrowers having un-hedged foreign currency exposures, into Low / Medium / High, as per internal norms, based on likely loss / EBID ratio. Likely loss means the potential loss which can be caused over a one year horizon by adverse movement of exchange rates.
- d) Incremental provisioning (over and above provision applicable for standard assets) is made in Bank's Profit and Loss Account, on borrower counter parties having UFCE, depending on the likely loss / EBID ratio, in line with stipulations by RBI. Incremental capital is maintained in respect of borrower counter parties in the highest risk category, in line with stipulations by RBI. These requirements are given below:

Likely Loss / EBID ratio	Incremental Provisioning Requirement (computed on the total credit exposures reckoned for standard asset provisioning)	Incremental Capital Requirement
Up to 15%	Nil	Nil
More than 15% to 30%	20 bps	Nil
More than 30% to 50%	40 bps	Nil
More than 50% to 75%	60 bps	Nil
More than 75% (Most risky)	80 bps	25 per cent increase in the risk weight

- e) In case of borrowers exposed to currency risk where declarations for foreign currency payables / receivables (UFCE declarations) are not submitted, provision for currency induced credit risk is made as per RBI stipulated rates mentioned below:
  - 10 bps in cases where limits with banking system are less than ₹ 25 crore;
  - 80 bps in cases where limits with banking system are ₹ 25 crore or more.
- f) Further, where annual certification from statutory auditors of UFCE data is not submitted, such borrowers are treated as UFCE declaration not submitted cases and provision is computed as per point (e) above.
- g) Borrowers where the credit exposure is backed by other bank Letter of Credit, Bank guarantee or Standby Letter of Credit or Fixed Deposits are exempted from the above requirements. Exposures on other Banks and Public Financial Institutions like SIDBI, EXIM Bank, NABARD, NHB are also exempted from the above requirements.
- h) Management of foreign exchange risk is considered as a parameter for internal risk rating of borrowers.

Provision held for currency induced credit risk as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 is ₹ 73.94 crore. (Previous year ₹ 54.48 crore). Incremental Risk weighted Assets value considered for the purpose of CRAR calculation in respect of currency induced credit risk as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 is ₹ 1,897.25 crore (Previous year ₹ 2,113.26 crore)

		Average Q4 2021-2022	2021-2022	Average Q3 2021-2022	2021-2022	Average Q2 2021-2022	2021-2022	Average Q1 2021-2022	:021-2022
Part	Particulars	Total Unweighted Value (average)	Total Weighted Value (average)	Total Unweighted Value (average)	Total Weighted Value (average)	Total Unweighted Value (average)	Total Weighted Value (average)	Total Unweighted Value (average)	Total Weighted Value (average)
	High Quality Liquid Assets								
-	Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		86,081		97,786		95,031		89,062
	Cash Outflows								
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:								
	(i) Stable deposits	27,937	1,397	27,142	1,357	27,434	1,372	60,382	3,019
	(ii) Less stable deposits	1,61,261	16,126	1,59,257	15,926	1,54,750	15,475	1,17,101	11,710
ю	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which								
	(i) Operational deposits (all counterparties)	I	T	I	1	1	1	I	1
	(ii) Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	92,215	53,352	99,715	60,123	95,989	57,616	87,643	50,285
	(iii) Unsecured debt	1,215	1,215	577	577	575	575	1,177	1,177
4	Secured wholesale funding		I		1		L		
2	Additional requirements, of which								
	<ul> <li>Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements</li> </ul>	19,047	19,047	21,770	21,770	18,679	18,679	18,531	18,531
	(ii) Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	I	I	I	1	1	I	I	1
	(iii) Credit and liquidity facilities	2,683	226	2,145	197	1,682	158	1,732	168
9	Other contractual funding obligations	5,749	5,749	5,742	5,742	4,675	4,675	4,350	4,350
7	Other contingent funding obligations	1,43,693	6,378	1,31,573	5,765	1,24,178	5,452	1,17,589	5,158
00	Total Cash Outflows		1,03,490		1,11,457		1,04,003		94,399
	Cash Inflows								
б	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	17,943	I	21,784	1	23,338	I	16,568	1
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	40,925	33,489	48,580	41,510	47,269	41,082	45,939	40,149
11	Other cash inflows	1,806	902	2,053	1,026	1,661	831	2,126	1,063
12	Total Cash Inflows		34,391		42,536		41,913		41,212
			Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value		Total Adjusted Value
13	ΤΟΤΑΙ ΗΩΙΑ		86,081		97,786		95,031		89,062
14	Total Net Cash Outflows		660'69		68,921		62,090		53,187
15	Linuidity Coverane Batio (%)		124.58%		141.88%		153 05%		167 45%

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Par		Average Q4 2021-2022	021-2022	Average Q3 2021-2022	2021-2022	Average Q2 2021-2022	2021-2022	Average Q1 2021-2022	021-2022
	Particulars	Total Unweighted Value (average)	Total Weighted Value (average)	Total Unweighted Value (average)	Total Weighted Value (average)	Total Unweighted Value (average)	Total Weighted Value (average)	Total Unweighted Value (average)	Total Weighted Value (average)
	High Quality Liquid Assets								
-	Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		97,950		101,577		100,930		94,527
	Cash Outflows								
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:								
	(i) Stable deposits	58,695	2,935	58,071	2,904	47,475	2,374	46,629	2,331
	(ii) Less stable deposits	118,116	11,812	118,441	11,844	125,718	12,572	119,257	11,926
m	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which								
	(i) Operational deposits (all counterparties)	1	1	1	I	1	1	1	T
	(ii) Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	84,775	48,527	72,885	41,141	74,037	41,227	80,743	44,230
	(iii) Unsecured debt	948	948	1,765	1,765	1,041	1,041	1,098	1,098
4	Secured wholesale funding		1		I		T		I
2	Additional requirements, of which								
	<ul> <li>Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements</li> </ul>	15,260	15,260	12,013	12,013	10,762	10,762	9,618	9,618
	(ii) Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	I	I	1	I	I	T	I	1
	(iii) Credit and liquidity facilities	1,848	189	1,977	196	2,122	206	1,979	192
9	Other contractual funding obligations	4,967	4,967	3,526	3,526	2,843	2,843	2,520	2,520
7	Other contingent funding obligations	112,850	4,921	112,242	4,919	112,591	5,003	110,879	4,926
00	Total Cash Outflows		89,559		78,308		76,028		76,841
	Cash Inflows								
б	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	27,893	0	35,033	0	30,496	0	41,549	4
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	37,836	32,084	28,729	23,309	21,347	18,879	17,249	15,693
11	Other cash inflows	1,914	957	1,827	913	1,789	894	1,947	974
12	Total Cash Inflows		33,041		24,222		19,773		16,671
			Total		Total		Total		Total
			Aujusteu Value		Aujusteu Value		Aujusteu Value		Aujusteu Value
13	ΤΟΤΑΓ Η ΩΓΑ		97,950		101,577		100,930		94,527
14	Total Net Cash Outflows		56,518		54,086		56,255		60,170
15	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		173.31%		187.81%		179.42%		157.10%

#### b) Qualitative disclosure around LCR

The Reserve Bank of India has prescribed monitoring of sufficiency of Bank's liquid assets using Basel III – Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR). The LCR is aimed at measuring and promoting short-term resilience of Banks to potential liquidity disruptions by ensuring maintenance of sufficient high quality liquid assets (HQLAs) to survive an acute stress scenario lasting for 30 days.

The ratio comprises of high quality liquid assets (HQLAs) as numerator and net cash outflows in 30 days as denominator. HQLA has been divided into two parts i.e. Level 1 HQLA which comprises of primarily cash, excess CRR, SLR securities in excess of minimum SLR requirement and a portion of mandatory SLR as permitted by RBI (under MSF and FALLCR) and Level 2 HQLA which comprises of investments in highly rated non-financial corporate bonds and listed equity investments considered at prescribed haircuts. Cash outflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories or types of liabilities by the outflow run-off rates and cash inflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories of contractual receivables by the rates at which they are expected to flow in.

The Bank has implemented the LCR framework and has consistently maintained LCR well above the regulatory threshold. The average LCR for the quarter ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 was 124.58% which is above the regulatory requirement of 100%. For the quarter ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 average Level 1 HQLA stood at 90.32% (77,748 crore.) of the total HQLA.

Apart from LCR, Bank uses various stock liquidity indicators to measure and monitor the liquidity risk in terms of funding stability, concentration risk, dependence on market borrowings, liquidity transformation, etc. The Bank maintains a diversified source of funding in terms of depositors, lenders and various funding instruments. This is evident through low depositor and lender concentration with top 20 depositors contributing 8.85% of Bank's total deposits and top 10 lenders contributing 3.45% of Bank's total liabilities.

Asset Liability Committee (ALCO) of the Bank is the primary governing body for Liquidity Risk Management supported by Balance Sheet Management Unit (BMU), Risk Management Department (RMD), Finance and ALCO Support Group. BMU is the central repository of funds within the Bank and is vested with the responsibility of managing liquidity risk within the risk appetite of the Bank. Bank has incorporated Basel III Liquidity Standards - LCR and NSFR as part of its risk appetite statement for liquidity risk.

#### 40. Frauds

The Bank has reported 899 (Previous year 894 cases) fraud cases involving fraud amount of one lakh and above during the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 amounting to ₹ 169.55 crore (Previous year ₹ 656.44 crore). The Bank has recovered / expensed off / provided the entire amount where necessary.

#### Details of fraud provisioning made in more than one financial year:

			(₹ in crore)
Number of fraud reported	Amount involve in Fraud	Provision made during the year	Quantum of unamortised provision debited from 'other reserve'
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

41. RBI circular dated 7<sup>th</sup> April, 2021 required banks to refund/adjust the 'interest on interest' charged to the borrowers during the moratorium period, i.e. 1<sup>st</sup> March, 2020 to 31<sup>st</sup> August, 2020 in conformity to the Honourable Supreme Court of India judgement on 23<sup>rd</sup> March 2021. Pursuant to the said order and as per the RBI circular, the methodology for calculation of the amount of such 'interest on interest' was finalised by the Indian Banks Association (IBA). The Bank had created a liability towards the estimated interest relief of ₹ 110 crore and had reduced the same from interest earned for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021. Amount no longer required on crystallisation of such liability was credited to interest earned in the current financial year.

### 42. Dividend

The Board of Directors of the Bank have a proposed a dividend of ₹ 1.10 per share having a face value ₹ 5 for the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 (Previous Year ₹ 0.90 per share). The Bank is obliged to pay dividend to those shareholders whose names are appearing in the register of members as on the book closure date. Dividend will be paid after the approval of the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

### 43. Payment of DICGC Insurance Premium

Sr. No.	Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
i)	Payment of DICGC Insurance Premium	343.84	313.50
ii)	Arrears in payment of DICGC Premium	-	-

### 44. Implementation of IFRS converged Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

The Ministry of Finance, Government of India, had vide its press release dated 18<sup>th</sup> January, 2016 outlined the roadmap for implementation of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") converged Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") for Scheduled Commercial Bank (excluding RRBs), Non-Banking Financial Companies and Insurance companies. The Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") vide its circular dated 22<sup>nd</sup> March, 2019, deferred the implementation of Ind AS for Scheduled Commercial Banks ("SCB") till further notice pending the consideration of some recommended legislative amendments by the Government of India. The RBI has not issued any further notification on implementation of Ind AS for SCBs.

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The Bank has so far taken following steps for Ind AS implementation:

- I. Formed Steering Committee for Ind AS implementation. The Steering Committee headed by the Joint Managing Director ('JMD') comprises representatives from Finance, Risk, Information Technology and Treasury. The Committee closely reviews progress of Ind AS implementation in the Bank and provides guidance on critical aspects of the implementation.
- П. The Bank has identified changes required to its IT systems for automation of Ind AS reporting. The Bank has identified an IT solution for Ind AS reporting and is currently in the process of implementing the solution.

#### 45. Disclosure on amortisation of expenditure on account of enhancement in family pension of employees of banks

Pursuant to the revision in family pension payable to employees of the Bank covered under 11th Bi-Partite settlement and Joint Note dated 11th November, 2020, the Bank has recognised the entire additional liability of ₹ 115.15 crore in the Profit and Loss Account during the year ended 31st March, 2022. There is no unamortised expenditure in the Balance Sheet on account of Family Pension.

#### OTHER DISCLOSURES: Β.

#### 1. Earnings per Equity Share:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	Year Ended	
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Reconciliation between weighted shares used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share		
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computation of basic earnings per share	1,983,099,747	1,969,046,454
Effect of potential equity shares for stock options outstanding	8,52,749	1,391,770
Weighted average number of equity shares used in computation of diluted earnings per share	1,983,952,496	1,970,438,224
Following is the reconciliation between basic and diluted earnings per share		
Nominal value per share	5.00	5.00
Basic earnings per share	43.02	35.17
Effect of potential equity shares for stock options	0.01	0.03
Diluted earnings per share	43.01	35.14
Profit for the year after tax ( in crore)	8,572.69	6,964.84
Less : Preference dividend including tax ( in crore)	40.50	40.50
Earnings used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share ( in crore)	8,532.19	6,924.34

#### 2. Segment Reporting:

The Summary of the operating segments of the Bank for the year ended 31st March, 2022 are as given below:

			(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
1.	Segment Revenue		
	a. Treasury, BMU and Corporate Centre	8,479.37	9,095.89
	b. Corporate / Wholesale Banking	13,583.44	12,947.06
	c. Retail Banking	15,262.93	13,815.48
	d. Other Banking business	-	-
	Sub-total	37,325.74	35,858.43
	Less : Inter-segmental revenue	3,932.57	4,011.64
	Total	33,393.17	31,846.79
2.	Segment Results		
	a. Treasury, BMU and Corporate Centre	4,135.64	3,026.72
	b. Corporate / Wholesale Banking	6,379.46	5,698.86
	c. Retail Banking	846.21	577.41
	d. Other Banking business	-	-
	Sub-total	11,361.31	9,302.99
	Total Profit Before Tax	11,361.31	9,302.99
	Provision for Tax	2,788.62	2,338.15
	Total Profit After Tax	8,572.69	6,964.84

Sr. No.	Pa	rticulars
3.	Se	gment Assets
	а.	Treasury, BMU and Corporate Centre
	b.	Corporate / Wholesale Banking
	C.	Retail Banking
	d.	Other Banking business
	Su	b-total
	Les	ss : Inter-segmental Assets
	Tot	
	7.10	d : Unallocated Assets
		tal Assets as per Balance Sheet
4.	Se	gment Liabilities
	а.	Treasury, BMU and Corporate Centre
	b.	Corporate / Wholesale Banking
	C.	Retail Banking
	d.	Other Banking business
		b-total
		ss : Inter-segmental Liabilities
	To	
	7.104	d : Unallocated liabilities
		d : Share Capital & Reserves & surplus
		tal Capital & Liabilities as per Balance Sheet
5.		pital Expenditure
	а.	Treasury, BMU and Corporate Centre
	b.	Corporate / Wholesale Banking
	C.	
	d.	Other Banking business
	To	
6.	-	preciation / Amortisation
	а.	Treasury, BMU and Corporate Centre
	b.	Corporate / Wholesale Banking
	C.	Retail Banking
	d.	Other Banking business
	To	tal

Segmental Information is provided as per the MIS available for internal reporting purposes, which includes certain estimates and assumptions.

#### 3. Lease Disclosures:

- year ₹ 7.45 crore).
- b. crore (previous year ₹ 892.30 crore).

The lease terms include renewal option after expiry of primary lease period. There are no restrictions imposed by lease arrangements. There are escalation clauses in the lease agreements.

#### 4. Deferred Taxes:

"Others" in Other Assets (Schedule 11 (VI)) includes deferred tax asset (net) of ₹ 410.95 crore (previous year ₹ 516.12 crore). The components of the same are as follows:

#### Particulars of Asset/ (Liability)

Net Deferred Tax Asset
Deduction u/s. 36(1)(viii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961
Depreciation
Expenditure allowed on payment basis
Provision for NPA and General provisions

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(₹	in	crore
( •		0.0.0

(र in crore)		
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
136,339.52	145,793.98	
188,132.89	162,450.23	
269,857.05	240,488.37	
 -		
 594,329.46	548,732.58	
 165,312.01	165,778.54	
 429,017.45	382,954.04	
 410.95	516.12	
 429,428.40	383,470.16	
98,943.19	113,306.32	
169,595.03	145,580.04	
253,410.95	226,362.26	
 -	-	
 521,949.17	485,248.62	
 165,312.01	165,778.54	
 356,637.16	319,470.08	
334.77	273.11	
 72,456.47	63,726.97	
 429,428.40	383,470.16	
67.80	52.04	
37.23	22.07	
392.15	217.11	
 497.18	291.22	
 451.10		
81.30	85.42	
28.39	27.40	
271.30	253.95	
-		
 380.99	366.77	

a. The Bank has taken various premises and equipment under operating lease. The lease payments recognised in the Profit and Loss Account are ₹ 599.68 crore (previous year ₹ 562.07 crore). The sub-lease income recognised in the Profit and Loss Account is ₹ 8.61 crore (previous

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease – not later than one year is ₹ 502.95 crore (previous year ₹ 495.16 crore), later than one year but not later than five years is ₹ 1,452.28 crore (previous year ₹ 1,486.50 crore) and later than five years ₹ 752.95

	(₹ in crore)
Year Ended	
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
446.68	533.36
125.76	117.06
25.90	29.18
(187.39)	(163.48)
410.95	516.12
	<b>31</b> st March, 2022 446.68 125.76 25.90 (187.39)



#### 5. Provisions:

Given below is the movement in provisions recognised by the Bank:

### a) Credit card reward points:

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, movement in actuarially determined provision for credit card account reward points:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	Year Ended	
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Opening provision for reward points	19.78	17.97
Provision for reward points made during the year	78.10	35.19
Utilisation/write-back of provision for reward points	(69.37)	(33.38)
Closing provision for reward points*	28.51	19.78

\* This amount will be utilised towards redemption of the credit card accounts reward points.

#### b) Legal:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 20	22 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Opening Provision	30.	80 34.01
Add: Addition during the year	13.	23 1.32
Less: Reduction during the year	(0.2	(4.53)
Closing Provision	43.	78 30.80

#### c) Fraud and Other Provisions:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Opening Provision	44.46	27.53
Add: Addition during the year	1.66	24.66
Less: Reduction during the year	(3.93)	(7.73)
Closing Provision	42.19	44.46

### 6. Fixed Assets as per Schedule 10 B include intangible assets relating to purchased software and system development expenditure which are as follows:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	Year E	Inded
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Gross Block		
At cost on 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	590.37	546.87
Additions during the year	145.27	75.90
Deductions during the year	22.21	32.40*
Total	713.43	590.37
Depreciation / Amortisation		
As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March of the preceding year	474.75	407.28
Charge for the year	97.27	99.47
Deductions during the year	22.22	32.00
Depreciation to date	549.80	474.75
Net Block	163.63	115.62

Capital commitments for purchase of software and system development expenditure are ₹ 111.82 crore (Previous year ₹ 53.95 crore).

(\*) Deductions include reclassification

### 7. Related Party Disclosures:

As per Accounting Standard -18, Related Party Disclosure, the Bank's related parties are disclosed below:

#### A. Parties where control exists:

Nature of relationship	Related Party
Subsidiary Companies	Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited
	Kotak Securities Limited
	Kotak Mahindra Capital Comp
	Kotak Mahindra Life Insuranc
	Kotak Mahindra Investments
	Kotak Mahindra Asset Manag
	Kotak Mahindra Trustee Com
	Kotak Mahindra (International
	Kotak Mahindra (UK) Limited
	Kotak Mahindra Inc.
	Kotak Investment Advisors Lir
	Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship S
	Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fun
	Kotak Mahindra Pension Func
	Kotak Mahindra Financial Ser
	Kotak Mahindra Asset Manag
	Kotak Mahindra General Insur
	IVY Product Intermediaries Li
	BSS Microfinance Limited

#### B. Other Related Parties:

Nature of Relationship	Related Party					
Individual having significant influence over the enterprise	Mr. Uday S. Kotak along with his relatives and enterprises in which he has beneficial interest h of the equity share capital and 17.27% of the paid-up share capital of Kotak Mahindra Bank L 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022.					
Associates / Others	ECA Trading Services Limited (formerly known as ACE Derivatives & Commodity Exchange (upto 18 <sup>th</sup> December, 2021)					
	Infina Finance Private Limited					
	Phoenix ARC Private Limited					
	ING Vysya Foundation					
Key Management Personnel	Mr. Uday S. Kotak - Managing Director and CEO					
(KMP)	Mr. Dipak Gupta - Joint Managing Director					
	Mr. KVS Manian - Whole-time Director					
	Mr. Gaurang Shah - Whole-time Director					
Enterprises over which KMP /	Aero Agencies Private Limited (formerly known as Aero Agencies Limited)					
relatives of KMP have control / significant influence	Kotak and Company Private Limited					
Significant influence	Komaf Financial Services Private Limited					
	Asian Machinery & Equipment Private Limited					
	Insurekot Sports Private Limited					
	Kotak Trustee Company Private Limited					
	Cumulus Trading Company Private Limited					
	Palko Properties Private Limited					
	Kotak Chemicals Limited					
	Kotak Ginning & Pressing Industries Private Limited (upto 28th December, 2020)					
	Kotak Commodities Services Private Limited					
	Harisiddha Trading and Finance Private Limited					
	Puma Properties Private Limited					
	Business Standard Private Limited					
	Business Standard Online Private Limited					
	Allied Auto Accessories Private Limited					

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Nature of Relationship	Related Party
	Uday S Kotak HUF
	Suresh A Kotak HUF
	KF Trust (formerly known as USK Benefit Trust II)
	Kotak Family Foundation
	Helena Realty Private Limited
	Doreen Realty Private Limited
	Renato Realty Private Limited
	Pine Tree Estates Private Limited
	Meluha Developers Private Limited
	Quantyco Realty Private Limited
	Xanadu Properties Private Limited
	Laburnum Adarsh Trust
	True North Enterprises
	Manian Family Trust
	Brij Disa Arnav Trust
	Brij Disa Parthav Trust
	Brij Disa Foundation (w.e.f 6 <sup>th</sup> January, 2021)
	Kotak Mahindra Group Employee Welfare Trust
	Amrit Lila Enterprises Private Limited (w.e.f. 29 <sup>th</sup> September, 2021)
	Manians Family Trust II (w.e.f. 10 <sup>th</sup> February, 2022)
	USK Benefit Trust III (w.e.f. 14 <sup>th</sup> October, 2021)
Relatives of KMP	Ms. Pallavi Kotak
	Mr. Suresh Kotak
	Ms. Indira Kotak
	Mr. Jay Kotak
	Mr. Dhawal Kotak
	Ms. Aarti Chandaria
	Ms. Anita Gupta
	Ms. Urmila Gupta
	Mr. Arnav Gupta
	Mr. Parthav Gupta
	Mr. Prabhat Gupta
	Ms. Jyoti Banga
	Ms. Seetha Krishnan
	Ms. Lalitha Mohan
	Ms. Shruti Manian
	Mr. Shashank Manian
	Ms. Asha Shah
	Ms. Divya Shah
	Ms. Manasi Shah
	Ms. Mahima Shah
	Mr. Chetan Shah
	Ms. Chetna Shah

Items/Related Party	Subsidiary Companies	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprise over which KMP/ Relative of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
Liabilities						
Deposits	1,597.22	100.57	2,459.75	21.55	202.43	4,381.52
	(1,228.63)	(89.57)	(3,501.12)	(81.91)	(208.60)	(5,109.83)
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Interest Payable	1.13	0.30	0.01	0.07	0.13	1.64
	(1.07)	(0.21)	(0.55)	(0.56)	(0.02)	(2.41)
Other Liabilities	54.71	-	-	#	-	54.71
	(131.71)	(-)	(-)	(#)	-	(131.71)
Assets						-
Advances	547.96	55.31	4.62	2.45	3.73	614.07
	(828.57)	(-)	(5.07)	(2.88)	(4.86)	(841.38)
Investments-Gross	4,625.31	-	-	#	-	4,625.31
	(4,030.91)	(11.89)	(-)	(#)	(-)	(4,042.80)
Diminution on Investments	-	-		#	-	-
	(-)	(10.12)	(-)	(#)	(-)	(10.12)
Commission Receivable	63.50		-	-	-	63.50
	(50.72)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(50.72)
Others	92.86	0.38	0.02	0.01	0.01	93.28
	(118.77)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(118.84)
Non Funded Commitments						
Bank Guarantees	0.27	-	-	1.13	-	1.40
	(11.55)	(-)	(-)	(1.00)	(-)	(12.55)
Swaps/Forward contracts (Notional)	550.00	-	-	-	3.72	553.72
	(550.00)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1.88)	(551.88)
Expenses						
Salaries/fees (Include ESOP)	-		21.15		0.30	21.45
	(-)	(-)	(15.90)	(-)	(0.29)	(16.19)
Interest Paid	38.90	2.53	120.18	1.05	7.34	170.00
	(28.54)	(2.57)	(154.38)	(5.10)	(8.05)	(198.64)
Others	258.49	0.21		0.61		259.31
	(200.54)	(-)	(-)	(0.46)	(-)	(201.00)
Income						
Dividend	201.76		-	-		201.76
	(15.62)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(15.62)
Interest Received	104.14	1.38	0.33	0.20	0.33	106.38
	(76.13)	(-)	(0.46)	(0.25)	(0.44)	(77.28)
Others	649.04	0.10	#	0.02	0.01	649.17
04h T	(565.01)	(0.10)	(#)	(0.02)	(#)	(565.13)
Other Transactions	07.50					07.50
Sale of Investment	37.52	-	- ( )		- ( )	37.52
Durchase of Investment	(251.66)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(251.66)
Purchase of Investment	1,074.24	-	- ( )	-	- ( )	1,074.24
Lean Dishurand During the Many	(1,424.11)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1,424.11)
Loan Disbursed During the Year	4,435.00	60.00		-		4,495.00
	(3,375.00)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(3,375.00)
Loan Repaid During the Year	4,735.00	4.69				4,739.69
Dividend a sid	(2,525.00)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(2,525.00)
Dividend paid	-	-	46.16	0.07	0.32	46.55
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)

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### (₹ in crore)

						(₹ in crore)
Items/Related Party	Subsidiary Companies	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprise over which KMP/ Relative of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
Reimbursement to companies	21.36	-				21.36
	(21.20)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(21.20)
Reimbursement from companies	110.89	#	-	-		(100.45)
Purchase of Fixed assets	(100.45)	(#)		(-)	(-)	(100.45)
Purchase of Fixed assets	(0.13)	(-)	(-)	(-)		(0.13)
Sale of Fixed assets	0.94	(-)				0.94
	(0.64)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.64)
Swaps/Forward contracts (Notional)	233.17				3.72	236.89
	(3,382.71)					(3,382.71)
Guarantees/Lines of credit	25.17			0.13		25.30
	(76.20)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(76.20)
QIP Issuance Expense adjusted against Share Premium	-	-	-		-	-
	(9.00)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(9.00)
I. Liabilities:						
Other liabilities						
Other Payable						
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	1.35	-	-	-	-	1.35
	(0.68)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.68)
BSS Microfinance Limited	29.17	-		-	-	29.17
	(17.75)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(17.75)
Kotak Securities Limited	(100.07)	-	-	-	- ()	(100.07)
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company	(100.87)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(100.87)
Limited	22.10	-	-	-	-	22.10
	(12.20)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(12.20)
Others	0.55	-	-	#	-	0.55
	(0.21)	(-)	(-)	(#)	(-)	(0.21)
II. Assets:						-
Investments						-
Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited	1,557.20	-	-	-	-	1,557.20
	(1,557.20)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1,557.20)
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	994.88	-	-	-	-	994.88
	(994.88)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(994.88)
BSS Microfinance Limited	138.56	-	-	-	-	138.56
Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	(138.56) 587.33	(-)				(138.56) 587.33
Kotak Mannua investments Limited	(338.03)					(338.03)
Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Limited	455.00	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	455.00
	(330.00)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(330.00)
Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited	492.19		-			492.19
	(492.19)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(492.19)
ECA Trading Services Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(11.89)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(11.89)
Others	400.15			#		400.15
	(180.05)	(-)	(-)	(#)	(-)	(180.05)

						(₹ in croi
s/Related Party	Subsidiary Companies	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprise over which KMP/ Relative of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Tota
Diminution on investments						
ECA Trading Services Limited		-	-	-	-	
	(-)	(10.12)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(10.12
Business Standard Private Ltd	-	-	-	#		Ŧ
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(#)	(-)	(#
Commission Receivable						
Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited	62.06	-	-	-	-	62.0
	(49.89)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(49.89
Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Limited	1.44	-	-	-	-	1.4
	(0.83)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.83
Others Receivable						
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	31.53	-	-			31.5
	(44.79)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(44.79
Kotak Securities Limited	7.13	-				7.1
	(11.72)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(11.7)
Kotak Investment Advisors Ltd	6.48	-	-	-	-	6.4
	(0.79)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.7
Kotak Mahindra Investments Ltd	7.05	-	-		-	7.0
	(2.30)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(2.3
Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited	7.86	-	-	-	-	7.8
	(6.73)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(6.7
Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited	11.19	-	-	-	-	11.1
	(10.05)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(10.0
BSS Microfinance Limited	7.38	-	-	-	-	7.3
	(33.32)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(33.3
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited	9.54	-	-	-	-	9.5
	(4.23)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(4.2
Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Limited	3.58	-	-	-	-	3.5
	(4.61)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(4.6
Phoenix ARC Private Limited	-	0.37	-	-	-	0.3
	(-)	(#)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(.
Others	1.12	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	1.1
	(0.23)	(0.01)	(0.03)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.30
Non Funded Commitments						
Bank Guarantees						
Kotak Investment Advisors Limited	-	-	-			
	(11.10)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(11.10
Kotak Securities Limited	0.02	-				0.0
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(
Aero Agencies Private Limited		-		1.00	-	1.0
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1.00)	(-)	(1.00
Others	0.25	-	-	0.13		0.3
	(0.45)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.4

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							(₹ in crore
ltem	ns/Related Party	Subsidiary Companies	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprise over which KMP/ Relative of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
	Swaps/Forward contracts (Notional)						
	Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	550.00	-	-	-		550.00
	Others	(550.00)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-) 3.72	(550.00) 3.72
	Others	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1.88)	(1.88)
III.	Expenses:		()	()	()	(1.00)	(1.00)
	Salaries/fees (Include ESOP)						
	Mr. Uday Kotak	-	-	#	-	-	#
		(-)	(-)	(1.55)	(-)	(-)	(1.55)
	Mr. Gaurang Shah	-	-	6.85	-	-	6.85
		(-)	(-)	(4.29)	(-)	(-)	(4.29)
	Mr. KVS Manian	-	-	6.78	-		6.78
		(-)	(-)	(4.29)	(-)	(-)	(4.29)
	Mr. Dipak Gupta		-	7.52	-		7.52
		(-)	(-)	(5.76)	(-)	(-)	(5.76)
	Mr. Jay Kotak	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	0.30 (0.29)	0.30 (0.29)
	Other Expenses	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.29)	(0.29)
	Brokerage						
	Kotak Securities Limited	1.05	-				1.05
		(0.80)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.80)
	Premium						. ,
	Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited	11.02	-	-	-	-	11.02
		(5.06)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(5.06)
	Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Limited	3.58	-	-	-	-	3.58
		(3.86)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(3.86)
	Other Expenses: Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	0.68					0.68
	Kotak Manindra Prime Limited	(#)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)		(#)
	Aero Agencies Private Limited	(#) 	(-)		0.54		0.54
	Acto Agencies Finale Limited	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.24)	(-)	(0.24)
	Business Standard Private Limited				0.07		0.07
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.21)	(-)	(0.21)
	BSS Microfinance Limited	242.11	-	-	-	-	242.11
		(190.78)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(190.78)
	Kotak Mahindra (UK) Limited	0.05	-	-	-	-	0.05
		(0.04)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.04)
	Infina Finance Private Limited	-	0.21	-	-		0.21
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	Others	#	-	-	-		#
V.	Income:	(#)	(-)	(-)	(-)		(#)
	Dividend	40.11					40.11
	Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited	48.11	-	-	-	-	48.11
		(15.46)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(15.46)
	Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited	62.87	-				62.87
		(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited	0.05	-	-	-	-	0.05
		(0.05)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.05)

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						(₹ in crore)
ms/Related Party	Subsidiary Companies	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprise over which KMP/ Relative of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited	59.60	-	-	-	-	59.60
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	7.13	-			-	7.13
-	(0.11)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.11)
Kotak Securities Limited	(-)	- (-)	- (-)	(-)	- (-)	(-)
Other Income	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance	322.01	-	-	-	-	322.01
	(278.24)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(278.24)
Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited	18.65	-	-	-	-	18.65
	(18.86)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(18.86)
Kotak Securities Limited	204.23 (177.84)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)		204.23 (177.84)
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company	8.59				(-)	8.59
-	(9.31)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(9.31)
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited	22.66	-	-	-	-	22.66
	(21.46)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(21.46)
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	48.20	-	-	-		48.20
Kotak Investment Advisors Limited	(38.17) 14.78	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(38.17)
Kotak investment Advisors Limited	(9.90)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(9.90)
Others	9.92	0.10	#	0.02	0.01	10.05
-	(11.23)	(0.10)	(#)	(0.02)	(#)	(11.35)
Other Transactions:						
Sale of Investment						
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	-	-			-	-
-	(205.00)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(205.00)
Kotak Mahindra (UK) Limited	37.52 (40.67)	-	- (-)	- (-)	- ( )	(40.67)
Kotak Securities Limited	(40.07)	(-)			(-)	(40.07)
	(5.99)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(5.99)
Purchase of Investments	(0.00)		()		()	(0.00)
Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited	16.32	-	-	-	-	16.32
_	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	200.00	-	-		-	200.00
	(995.09)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(995.09)
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited	12.71	-	-	-	-	12.71
Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	(-) 250.99	(-)			(-)	(-) 250.99
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Kotak Investment Advisors Ltd	175.91	-				175.91
-	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Limited	125.00	-	-	-	-	125.00
	(25.00)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(25.00)
Kotak Mahindra (UK) Limited	278.15	-	-	-	- ( )	278.15
Kotak Mahindra, Inc	(404.03)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(404.03)
	(-)	(-)	(-)		(-)	(-)
		()	()	()		()

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is/Related Party	Subsidiary Companies	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprise over which KMP/ Relative of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	To
Loan Disbursed During the Year	4,135.00					4,135.
	(2,520.00)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(2,520.0
Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	300.00	-				300.
	(855.00)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(855.0
Phoenix ARC Private Limited	-	60.00	-	-	-	60.
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
Loan Repaid During the Year						
Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	600.00	-	-			600.
Phoenix ARC Private Limited	(555.00)	(-) 4.69		(-)	(-)	(555.0
Phoenix ARC Phyate Limited	(-)	(-)	(-)			4.
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	4,135.00					4,135
	(1,970.00)					(1,970.0
Dividend Paid	( ) * * * * )					( / · · ·
Mr. Uday Kotak	-	-	45.98			45
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
Mr. Dipak Gupta	-	-	0.08		-	0
_	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
Gaurang Shah	-	-	0.08		-	0
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
KVS Manian	- (-)	-	0.02	- (-)		0
Ms. Pallavi Kotak	(-)	(-)				0
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	0
Ms. Indira Kotak	-	-			0.18	0
-	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
Others	-	-	-	0.07	0.04	0
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
Reimbursements to companies						
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited	-	-	-	-	-	
	(0.05)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	6.23	-	-	- ( )		6
Kotak Securities Limited	(5.52) 10.97	(-)				(5. 10
Rotak Scounties Einnied	(9.56)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(9.
Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance	1.29	-	-		-	1
	(0.45)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.
Kotak Investment Advisors Limited	1.30	-	-		-	1
	(4.87)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(4.
Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	0.83	-	-	-		0
Othera	(0.65)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.
Others	0.74	-	-			0
Reimbursements from companies	(0.10)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Ltd	4.83	-				4
	(6.58)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(6.
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	24.13	-				24
	(19.74)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(19.
Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited	18.46		-			18
-	(16.42)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(16

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						(₹ in crore)	
ns/Related Party	Subsidiary Companies	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprise over which KMP/ Relative of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total	
Kotak Securities Limited	26.09	-	-	-	-	26.09	
	(20.24)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(20.24)	
Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	7.28	-	-			7.28	
Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	(12.14)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(12.14)	
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited	8.88	-	-	-	-	8.88	
_	(7.23)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(7.23)	
Kotak Investment Advisors Limited	8.17	-	-	-		8.17	
_	(6.95)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(6.95)	
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management (Singapore) Pte Limited	3.63	-	-	-	-	3.63	
_	(3.03)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(3.03)	
Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Limited	2.91	-	-	-	-	2.91	
-	(3.05)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(3.05)	
Others	6.51	-	-	-		6.51	
	(5.07)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(5.07)	
Purchase of Fixed Assets							
Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	#	-	-	-		#	
	(0.05)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.05)	
Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	0.14	-	-	-		0.14	
_	(0.08)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.08)	
Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited	0.27	-		-	-	0.27	
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
Kotak Investment Advisors Limited	#	-		-		#	
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited	#	-	-	-		#	
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
Sale of Fixed Assets Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited	#					#	
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
Kotak Investment Advisors Ltd	0.12	-	-			0.12	
-	(0.42)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.42)	
Kotak Mahindra Asset Management	0.17	-	-			0.17	
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited	0.07	-	-	-	-	0.07	
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited	0.07	- (-)	(-) - (-)	(-) - (-)	(-)	0.07	
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services	0.07 (-) 0.17	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-)	0.07 (-) 0.17	
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05)	- (-)	-	-	- (-)	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05)	
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19	- (-) (-) -	- (-) (-) -	- (-) - (-)	- (-) (-)	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19	
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17)	- (-)	- (-)	- (-) - (-)	- (-)	0.07 (-) (0.05) 0.19 (0.17)	
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17) 0.22	- (-) (-) - (-) -	- (-) - (-) - (-)	- (-) - (-) - (-) -	- (-) - (-) - (-) -	(-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17) 0.22	
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited Swaps/Forwards/Options Contracts	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17)	- (-) (-) -	- (-) (-) -	- (-) - (-)	- (-) (-)	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17)	
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17) 0.22 (-)	- (-) (-) - (-) -	- (-) - (-) - (-)	- (-) - (-) - (-) -	- (-) - (-) - (-) -	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17) 0.22	
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited Swaps/Forwards/Options Contracts (Notional)	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17) 0.22 (-) 233.17	- (-) - (-) - (-) -	- 	- 	- (-) - (-) - (-) - (-) - - - - - - - - - - - - -	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17) 0.22 (-) 233.17	
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited Swaps/Forwards/Options Contracts (Notional) Kotak Mahindra International Ltd	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17) 0.22 (-)	- (-) - (-) - - - - -	- (-) - (-) - - - - - -	- 	- (-) - (-) - - (-)	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17) 0.22 (-)	
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited Swaps/Forwards/Options Contracts (Notional)	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17) 0.22 (-) 233.17 (2,832.71)	- (-) - (-) - (-) - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- (-) - (-) - (-) - (-) - (-) - - - - - - - - - - - - -	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17) 0.22 (-) 233.17 (2,832.71)	
Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited Swaps/Forwards/Options Contracts (Notional) Kotak Mahindra International Ltd	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17) 0.22 (-) 233.17	- (-) (-) - (-) - (-) -	- (-) - (-) - (-) - (-) - - - - - - - -		- (-) - (-) - (-) - (-) - (-) - (-) - (-)	0.07 (-) 0.17 (0.05) 0.19 (0.17) 0.22 (-) 233.17	

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### (₹ in crore)

						(₹ in crore)
Items/Related Party	Subsidiary Companies	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprise over which KMP/ Relative of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel	Total
Guarantees/Lines of Credits						-
Kotak Investment Advisors Limited	25.15	-	-	-	-	25.15
	(76.10)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(76.10)
Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(0.10)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(0.10)
Kotak Securities Limited	0.02	-	-	-	-	0.02
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
KF Trust	-	-	-	0.13	-	0.13
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
QIP Expense - debited to Share Premium A/c						
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Ltd	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(9.00)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(9.00)

#### Note:

Figures in brackets represent previous year's figures.

The above does not include any transactions in relation to listed securities done on recognised stock exchange during the year. However above includes transactions done 2 on NDS with known related parties

# in the above table denotes amounts less than ₹ 50,000 3.

Remuneration paid to KMPs is pursuant to approval from RBI 4.

#### Maximum Balance outstanding during the year

					(₹ in crore)
Items/Related Party	Subsidiary Companies	Associates/ Others	Key Management Personnel	Enterprise over which KMP/ Relative of KMP have control / significant influence	Relatives of Key Management Personnel
Liabilities					
Deposits	7,758.22	492.07	3,514.64	340.69	221.36
	(5,191.13)	(360.60)	(7,506.70)	(271.90)	(234.36)
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Other Liabilities	97.40	0.30	0.01	0.24	0.13
	(138.62)	(0.57)	(0.71)	(1.88)	(0.40)
Assets					
Advances	1,496.60	59.06	5.07	2.88	4.89
	(1,639.56)	(-)	(7.14)	(3.27)	(5.78)
Investments-Gross	4,825.31	11.89	-	#	-
	(4,030.91)	(23.77)	(-)	(#)	(-)
Commission Receivable	63.50	-	-	-	-
	(50.72)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Other Assets	359.80	0.39	0.02	0.01	0.02
	(180.57)	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.02)	(0.02)
Non Funded Commitments					
Bank Guarantees	38.70	-	-	1.13	-
	(68.55)	(-)	(-)	(1.00)	(-)
Swaps/Forwards	618.62	-	-	-	3.72
	(1,277.37)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1.88)

#### Note:

Figures in brackets represent previous year's figures. 1.

# in the above table denotes amounts less than ₹ 50,000 2.

#### 8. Employee Share Based Payments:

At the General Meetings, the shareholders of the Bank had passed Special Resolutions on 28th July, 2000, 26th July, 2004, 26th July, 2005, 5th July, 2007, 21st August, 2007 and 29th June, 2015, to grant options to the eligible employees of the Bank and its subsidiaries and associate companies. Pursuant to these resolutions, the following Employees Stock Option Schemes had been formulated and adopted:

- (a) Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2001-02;
- (b) Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2002-03;
- (c) Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2005;
- (d) Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2007; and
- (e) Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2015.

Further, pursuant to the Scheme of Amalgamation of ING Vysya Bank Limited with the Bank, the Bank has renamed and adopted the Employees Stock Option Scheme of the eIVBL, as given below:

- Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited (IVBL) Employees Stock Option Scheme 2005; •
- Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited (IVBL) Employees Stock Option Scheme 2007; •
- Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited (IVBL) Employee Stock Option Scheme 2010; and •
- Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited (IVBL) Employees Stock Option Scheme 2013. •

In pursuance of the above referred Employee Stock Option Schemes, the Bank has granted, in aggregate 158,807,703 options as at 31st March, 2022. (Previous year 157,606,163) to the eligible employees of the Group.

Of the above referred Employee Stock Option Schemes, only the Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2015 is in force presently and, in aggregate, 4,270,658 options are outstanding as at 31st March, 2022 (Previous year 6,159,212) under the Kotak Mahindra Equity Option Scheme 2015. Except this, no options are outstanding under any other Employee Stock Option Schemes of the Bank.

#### Equity-settled options

The Bank has granted options to employees of the Group vide various employee stock option schemes. During the year ended 31st March, 2022, the following schemes were in operation:

Particulars	Plan 2015
Date of grant	Various Dates
Date of Board Approval	Various Dates
Date of Shareholder's approval	29 <sup>th</sup> June, 2015
Number of options granted	18,494,049
Method of Settlement (Cash / Equity)	Equity
Vesting Period	0.01 - 4.09 years
Exercise Period	0.03 - 1 year
Vesting Conditions	Graded / Cliff vesting
Particulars	KMBL (IVBL) Plan 2013
Number of options granted (addition on amalgamation)	4,642,198

Method of Settlement (Cash / Equity)

The details of activity under Plan 2015 have been summarised below:

	Year ended 31s	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022		Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
Particulars	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price(₹)	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price(₹)	
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	6,159,212	1,321.54	8,278,402	1,236.30	
Granted during the year	1,201,540	1,801.00	1,698,840	1,307.48	
Forfeited during the year	217,852	1,443.90	259,074	1,300.95	
Exercised during the year	2,826,092	1,268.76	3,488,720	1,116.54	
Expired during the year	46,150	1,300.21	70,236	1,193.09	
Outstanding at the end of the year	4,270,658	1,485.35	6,159,212	1,321.54	
Out of the above exercisable at the end of the year	1,011,709	1,349.27	960,009	1,145.12	
Weighted average remaining contractual life (in years)		1.30		1.36	
Weighted average fair value of options granted		495.45		378.71	

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The details of activity under KMBL (IVBL) Plan 2013 have been summarised below:

	Year ended 31 <sup>s</sup>	Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022		Year ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
Particulars	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price(₹)	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price(₹)	
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	308,610	379.72	
Forfeited during the year	-	-	-	-	
Exercised during the year	-	-	308,610	379.72	
Expired during the year	-	-	-	-	
Outstanding at the end of the year	-	-	-	-	
Out of the above exercisable at the end of the year	-	-	-	-	
Weighted average remaining contractual life (in years)		-		-	

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for stock options exercised during the year was ₹1,819.07 (Previous year ₹1,638.05).

The details of exercise price for stock options outstanding at the end of the year are:

#### 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022

Range of exercise prices (₹)	Number of options outstanding	Weighted average remaining contractual life of options (in years)	Weighted average exercise price (₹)
801-900	8,764	0.25	900.00
901-1,000	152,280	1.30	1,000.00
1,001-1,100	24,728	1.00	1,050.00
1,201-1,300	496,361	0.34	1,268.41
1,301-1,400	913,422	1.60	1,341.00
1,401-1,500	1,510,393	0.74	1,460.00
1,801-1,900	1,164,710	2.20	1,801.00

#### 31st March, 2021

Range of exercise prices (₹)	Number of options outstanding	Weighted average remaining contractual life of options (in years)	Weighted average exercise price (₹)
601-700	1,000	0.25	700.00
801-900	23,528	1.00	900.00
901-1,000	540,181	0.82	967.69
1,001-1,100	63,674	1.28	1,057.99
1,201-1,300	1,977,359	0.79	1,269.91
1,301-1,400	1,440,640	2.04	1,341.00
1,401-1,500	2,112,830	1.57	1,460.00

#### Stock appreciation rights

At the General Meeting on 29th June, 2015, the shareholders of the Bank had passed Special Resolution to grant SARs to the eligible employees of the Bank, its subsidiaries and associate companies. Pursuant to this resolution, Kotak Mahindra Stock Appreciation Rights Scheme 2015 had been formulated and adopted. Subsequently, the SARs have been granted under this scheme.

The SARs are settled in cash and vest on the respective due dates in a graded manner as per the terms and conditions of grant. The contractual life of the SARs outstanding range from 1.04 to 4.13 years.

Detail of activity under SARs is summarised below:

Particulars	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	Year Ended 31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	697,615	783,160
Granted during the year	234,170	353,370
Additions/(Reduction) due to transfer of employees	(3,199)	(24,752)
Settled during the year	278,435	397,233
Forfeited during the year	26,296	16,930
Outstanding at the end of the year	623,855	697,615

#### Fair value of Employee stock options

The fair value of the equity-settled options is estimated on the date of grant using Black-Scholes options pricing model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The fair value of the cash-settled options is remeasured at each Balance Sheet date. The following table lists the inputs to the model used for equity-settled and cash-settled options:

Year ended 31st March,	2022		2021	
	Equity-settled	Cash-settled	Equity-settled	Cash-settled
Exercise Price ₹	1,341-1,801	0-1,801	1,000-1,341	0-1,460
Weighted Average Share Price ₹	1,797.38	1,541.15	1,375.80	1,372.05
Expected Volatility	27.79%-43.76%	26.92%-37.68%	27.95%-43.21%	21.40%-43.26%
Historical Volatility	27.79%-43.76%	26.92%-37.68%	27.95%-43.21%	21.40%-43.26%
Life of the options granted (Vesting and exercise period)				
- At the grant date	0.51-4.34		1.25-3.87	
- As at 31 <sup>st</sup> March		0.25-3.71		0.06-3.46
Risk-free interest rate	3.58%-5.94%	3.97%-6.04%	3.61%-5.22%	3.32%-5.51%
Expected dividend rate	0.05%	0.05%	0.05%-0.07%	0.04%

The expected volatility was determined based on historical volatility data and the Bank expects the volatility of its share price may not differ from historical volatility. The measure of volatility used in the Black-Scholes options pricing model is the annualised standard deviation of the continuously compounded rates of return on the stock over a period of time. For calculating volatility, the daily volatility of the stock prices on the National Stock Exchange, over a period prior to the date of grant for equity settled options and remeasurement date for the cash settled options, corresponding with the expected / residual life of the share-linked instruments has been considered.

Effect of the employee share-based payment plans on the Profit and Loss Account and on the financial position:

#### Year ended 31st March,

Total Employee compensation cost pertaining to share-based payment Compensation cost pertaining to equity-settled employee share-based

Liability for employee stock options outstanding as at year end

Deferred Compensation Cost

Closing balance of liability for cash-settled options

Expense arising from increase in intrinsic value of liability for cash stock

RBI, vide its clarification dated 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2021 on Guidelines on Compensation of Whole Time Directors / Chief Executive Officers / Material Risk Takers and Control Function Staff, advised Banks that the fair value of share-linked instruments on the date of grant should be recognised as an expense for all instruments granted after the accounting period ending 31st March, 2021. Accordingly, the Bank have changed its accounting policy from intrinsic value method to fair value method for all share-linked instruments granted after 31st March, 2021 and accordingly, additional cost of ₹ 12.76 crore has been recognised in the financial statements under the head "Employee cost" for the year ended 31st March, 2022.

Had the Bank recorded the compensation cost for all share-linked instruments granted on or before 31st March, 2021 computed on the basis of fair valuation method instead of intrinsic value method, employee compensation cost would have been higher by ₹ 20.52 crore (Previous year ₹ 42.93 crore) and the profit after tax would have been lower by ₹ 15.35 crore (Previous year ₹ 32.13 crore). Consequently the basic and diluted EPS would have been ₹ 42.95 (Previous year ₹ 35.00) and ₹ 42.93 (Previous year ₹ 34.98) respectively.

#### 9. Employee Benefits

#### Particulars

Provident Fund Superannuation Fund New Pension Fund DIFC Employee Workplace Savings Scheme (DEWS) Financial Highlights

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		(₹ in crore)
	2022	2021
t plans	65.48	67.13
l payment plan included above	21.00	1.74
	71.28	14.92
	39.97	12.76
	56.00	63.13
k appreciation plan	45.47	77.90

i. The Bank has recognised the following amounts in the Profit and Loss Account towards contributions to Provident Fund and Other Funds:

	(₹ in crore)
Year Ended	
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
184.73	142.86
1.45	1.48
7.23	5.33
0.67	0.61

#### ii. Gratuity

The gratuity plan provides a lumpsum payment to vested domestic employees at retirement or on termination of employment based on respective employee's salary and years of employment with the Bank subject to a maximum of ₹ 0.20 crore. There is no ceiling on gratuity payable to directors and certain categories of employees subject to service regulations and service awards.

Reconciliation of opening and closing balance of present value of defined benefit obligation for gratuity benefits is given below.

		(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	As	As at	
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
Change in benefit obligations			
Liability at the beginning of the year	497.48	455.85	
Current Service cost	61.84	57.68	
Interest cost	31.55	29.82	
Actuarial Losses / (Gain)	20.75	20.66	
Past Service Cost	-	-	
Liability assumed on acquisition / (Settled on divestiture)	(0.83)	(0.88)	
Benefits paid	(95.59)	(65.65)	
Liability at the end of the year	515.20	497.48	
Change in plan assets			
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	546.65	412.45	
Expected return on plan assets	34.84	30.97	
Actuarial Gain / (Losses)	34.10	60.28	
Benefits paid	(95.59)	(65.65)	
Employer contributions	52.43	108.60	
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	572.43	546.65	

		(₹ in crore)	
Descendibion of present value of the obligation and the fair value of the plan assets	As	As at	
Reconciliation of present value of the obligation and the fair value of the plan assets	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	572.43	546.65	
Liability at the end of the year	515.20	497.48	
Net Asset included in "Others" under "Other Assets"	57.23	49.17	
Expense recognised for the year			
Current Service cost	61.84	57.68	
Interest cost	31.55	29.82	
Expected return on plan assets	(34.84)	(30.97)	
Actuarial (Gain) / Loss	(13.35)	(39.62)	
Past Service Cost	-	-	
Net gratuity expense recognised in Schedule 16.I	45.20	16.91	
Actual return on plan assets	68.94	91.25	

		(₹ in crore)
	As	at
Reconciliation of the Liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Net (Asset) / Liability at the beginning of the year	(49.17)	43.40
Expense recognized	45.20	16.91
Liability assumed on acquisition / (Settled on divestiture)	(0.83)	(0.88)
Employer contributions	(52.43)	(108.60)
Net (Asset) / Liability	(57.23)	(49.17)

### Investment details of plan assets

The plan assets are invested in insurer managed funds. Major categories of plan assets as a percentage of fair value of total plan assets are as follows:

## LIC managed funds# Government securities

Bonds, debentures and other fixed income instruments

Money market instruments

Equity shares Total

## plan assets, the percentage or amount for each category to the fair value of plan assets has not been disclosed.

Actuarial assumptions used	
Discount rate	6.70% - 6.79% p.a
Salary escalation rate	5.50% - IBA, 12% i (IBA) and 7.00% (o
Expected return on plan assets	7.00% - 7.25% p.a.

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled.

#### Experience adjustments

Amounts for the current and previous four years are as follows:

Oratuity		Ye	ar ended 31 <sup>st</sup> Marc	:h	
Gratuity	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Defined benefit obligation	515.20	497.48	455.85	400.06	373.13
Plan assets	572.43	546.65	412.45	401.99	289.56
Surplus / (Deficit)	57.23	49.17	(43.40)	1.93	(83.57)
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	22.61	12.62	41.19	20.46	10.20
Experience adjustments on plan assets	34.10	60.28	(36.81)	9.63	(0.83)

The Bank expects to contribute ₹ 36.21 crore to gratuity fund in financial year 2022-2023.

The above information is as certified by the actuary and relied upon by the auditors.

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31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022 %	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021 %
0.23%	7.89%
30.58%	35.58%
8.49%	7.95%
10.41%	3.49%
 50.29%	45.09%
100.00%	100.00%

# In the absence of detailed information regarding plan assets which is funded with Life Insurance Corporation of India, the composition of each major category of

.a. (Previous Year 6.20% - 6.37% p.a.) in year 1 inclusive and 7% thereafter – (others) p.a. (Previous Year 5.50% (others) p.a.)

. (Previous Year 6.50% - 7.00% p.a.)

(₹ in crore)

#### iii. Pension

Pension liability relates to employees of eIVBL

Reconciliation of opening and closing balance of the present value of the defined benefit obligation for pension benefits is given below.

		(₹ in crore)
	А	s at
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
	Funded	Funded
Change in benefit obligations		
Liability at the beginning of the year	1,891.94	1,600.48
Transfer of liabilities funded during the year	-	-
Current Service cost	69.14	58.49
Interest cost	109.56	98.39
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations	182.71	349.45
Past Service cost	-	-
Benefits paid	(344.04)	(214.87)
Liability at the end of the year	1,909.31	1,891.94
Change in plan assets		
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	1,872.49	1,514.35
Expected return on plan assets	119.35	130.32
Actuarial Gain / (loss)	34.13	(1.52)
Benefits paid	(344.04)	(214.87)
Employer contributions	271.50	444.21
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	1,953.43	1,872.49

		(₹ in crore)
	As	at
Reconciliation of present value of the obligation and the fair value of the plan Assets	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
	Funded	Funded
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	1,953.43	1,872.49
Liability at the end of the year	1,909.31	1,891.94
Net Asset / (Liability) included in "Others" under "Other Assets" / "Other Liabilities"	44.12	(19.45)
Expenses recognised for the year		
Current service cost	69.14	58.49
Interest cost	109.56	98.39
Expected return on plan assets	(119.35)	(130.32)
Actuarial (gain) / loss	148.58	350.97
Effect of the limit in Para 59(b)	-	-
Net pension expense recognized in Schedule 16.I	207.93	377.53
Actual return on plan assets	153.48	128.80

		(₹ in crore)	
Particulars	As	As at	
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021	
Reconciliation of the Liability recognised in the Balance Sheet	Funded	Funded	
Net (Asset) / Liability at the beginning of the year	19.45	86.13	
Expense recognized	207.93	377.53	
Employer contributions	(271.50)	(444.21)	
Effect of the limit in Para 59(b)	-	-	
Net (Asset) / Liability is included in "Others" under "Other Assets" / "Other Liabilities"	(44.12)	19.45	

#### Investment details of plan assets

The plan assets are invested in a fund managed by Life Insurance Corporation of India. In the absence of detailed information regarding plan assets of the fund, the composition of each major category of plan assets, the percentage or amount for each category to the fair value of plan assets has not been disclosed.

#### Actuarial assumptions used

Particulars	As at			
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021		
Discount rate	6.79% p.a.	6.37% p.a.		
Salary escalation rate	5.50% p.a.	5.50% p.a.		
Expected rate of return on plan assets	7.25% p.a.	6.50% p.a.		
Inflation	10.00% p.a.	10.00% p.a.		
The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors like settlement with employee unions.				

The overall expected rate of return on assets is determined based on the market prices prevailing on that date, applicable to the period over which the obligation is to be settled.

#### Experience adjustments

Amounts for the current year are as follows:

					(₹ in crore)
Dension		Ye	ar ended 31 <sup>st</sup> Marc	:h,	
Pension	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Defined benefit obligation	1,909.31	1,891.94	1,600.48	1,156.33	1,057.85
Plan assets	1,953.43	1,872.49	1,514.35	1,159.16	1,063.69
Surplus / (deficit)	44.12	(19.45)	(86.13)	2.83	5.84
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	248.33	199.72	440.57	102.64	208.24
Experience adjustments on plan assets	34.13	(1.52)	(7.85)	(6.46)	(0.72)

The Bank expects to contribute ₹ 248.38 crore to pension fund in financial year 2022-2023.

#### iv. Compensated absences

The actuarially determined liability for compensated absences of accumulated leaves of the employees of the Bank is given below:

Particulars
-------------

Total actuarial liability

### Assumptions:

Discount rate

Salary escalation rate

### v. Long Service Award

The actuarially determined liability in respect of Long Service Award of the employees of the Bank is given below:

Particulars

Total actuarial liability

Assumptions:

Discount rate

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	(₹ in crore)
As at	
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
227.61	236.42
6.70% - 6.79% - 2.45% (DIFC) p.a.	6.20% - 6.37% - 1.72% (DIFC) p.a.
5.50% (IBA), 12.00% until year 1 and 7.00% thereafter (Others) and 3% (DIFC) p.a.	5.50% (IBA), 7.00% (others) and 3% (DIFC) p.a.

	(( 11000)
As at	
31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
12.81	13.44
 6.70%-6.79% p.a.	6.20% p.a.
0.10%-0.19% p.a.	0.20% p.a.

(₹ in crore)

### 10. Provisions and Contingencies

As per the Master Direction on Financial Statements - Presentation and Disclosures issued by the RBI dated 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2021 (updated as on 15th November, 2021), the Bank is classifying provision / (write-back) of mark-to-market depreciation on investments under Other Income from the year ended 31st March, 2022. Prior to that, the same was being classified under Provisions and Contingencies. Figures for the previous year have been regrouped to conform to current year presentation.

Breakup of "Provisions and Contingencies" (including write-offs; net of write-backs) shown under the head Expenditure in Profit and Loss Account:

		(₹ in crore)
Destinutes	Year	Ended
Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Provisions for Investments (including NPI)	(91.37)	(44.40)
Provision towards NPA	1,111.95	1,817.87
Provision towards Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure	19.46	3.14
Provision towards Standard Assets	363.37	54.96
General Provision – Covid-19 Deferment Cases	(732.00)	629.00
Provision for country risk exposure	4.79	-
Provision for Current Tax	2,893.79	2,536.93
Provision for Deferred Tax	(105.17)	(198.78)
Other Provision and Contingencies	13.36	(1.52)
Total Provisions and Contingencies	3,478.18	4,797.20

11. COVID-19 pandemic has had an extraordinary impact on macroeconomic conditions in India and around the world during the previous financial year. The impact of COVID-19, including changes in customer behaviour and pandemic fears, as well as restrictions on business and individual activities, has led to volatility in global and Indian financial markets and a decrease in global and local economic activities. The revival of economic activity has since improved supported by relaxation of restrictions due to administration of the COVID vaccines to a large population in the country. The extent to which any new wave of COVID-19 pandemic will impact the Bank results will depend on ongoing as well as future developments, including, among other things, any new information concerning the severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, and any action to contain its spread or mitigate its impact whether government-mandated or elected by us.

The Bank held an aggregate COVID-19 related provision of ₹ 1,279 crore as of 1st April, 2021. Based on the improved outlook, the Bank has reversed provisions amounting ₹ 732 crore during the year ended 31st March, 2022 respectively. On a prudent basis, the Bank continue to hold provisions aggregating to ₹ 547 crore as at 31st March, 2022 against the potential impact of COVID-19.

#### 12. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited ("Bank") recognises its responsibility to bring about a positive change in the lives of the communities through its business operations and Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") initiatives.

#### Disclosures in relation to corporate social responsibility expenditure:

		(₹ in crore)
Details of CSR Expenditure	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March 2021
Amount of expenditure incurred		
Contribution to Kotak Education Foundation	16.41	21.00
Contribution to Other Initiatives	49.53**	58.40**
Accrual towards unspent obligations (Shortfall) in relation to:		
Ongoing project	96.06	63.59*
Other than ongoing project	Nil	Nil
Total	162.00	142.99
Amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Act	161.83	142.27
Amount of cumulative unspent at the end of the year	119.63	63.59
Amount spent during the year on		
(i) Construction / acquisition of any asset	6.84#	22.63#
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	59.10**	56.77**

\* Includes ₹ 3.63 crore (previous year ₹ 9 crore) contributed to Kotak Education Foundation for Ongoing CSR projects.

\*\* Includes Administrative expenses incurred of ₹ 3.87 crore (previous year ₹ 2.48 crore).

# For funding Capital assets which are held in the books of the implementing partner organisations / beneficiaries/public authorities..

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### Details of ongoing CSR projects under Section 135(6) of the Act:

							(₹ in crore)		
	Balance as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April		Amount	Amount Amount spent during the year			Balance as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March		
Financial Year	With the Company	In Separate CSR Unspent account	required to be spent during the year	From the Company's Bank account	From Separate CSR Unspent account	With Company	In Separate CSR Unspent account		
FY 21-22	-	-	130.07	34.02	-	96.06#	-		
FY 20-21	63.59*	-	-	-	40.02	-	23.57**		

\* The amount was transferred to Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited Unspent Account FY 2020-21 in April 2021

\*\* Includes adjustment of ₹ 3.59 crore of unutilised CSR payment, which was returned by an implementation partner after 31st March, 2022.

<sup>#</sup> The amount was transferred to Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited Unspent CSR Account FY2021-22 on 27<sup>th</sup> April, 2022.

### Details of CSR expenditure under Section 135(5) of the Act in respect of other than ongoing projects:

				(₹ in crore)
Balance unspent as at 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2021	Amount deposited in Specified Fund of Schedule VII of the Act within 6 months	Amount required to be spent during the year	Amount spent during the year	Balance unspent as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022
-	-	28.05*	28.05*	Nil

#### Note

1. The amount required to be spent is Board approved CSR Project Budget for Annual CSR Projects for FY2021-22 2. The amount spent does not include CSR Administrative Overheads Expenditure of ₹3.87 crore.

#### Details of excess CSR expenditure under Section 135(5) of the Act:

Balance excess spent as at Amount required to be spent 1 <sup>st</sup> April 2021 during the year		Amount spent during the year	Balance excess spent as at 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	
0.72	161.83	162.00*	0.89	

\* includes unutilised CSR amount transferred to Kotak Mahindra Bank Unspent CSR Account for FY 2021-22

#### 13. Tier II Bonds

a) Lower Tier II Bonds outstanding as at 31st March, 2022 ₹ 306.00 crore (previous year ₹ 456.00 crore).

During the current year and previous year, the Bank had not issued any lower Tier II bonds. In accordance with the RBI requirements lower Tier II bonds of ₹ Nil (previous year ₹ 394.80 crore) are not considered as Tier II capital for the purposes of capital adequacy computation under Basel III guidelines.

- Upper Tier II Bonds outstanding as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 and as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 is ₹ Nil. b)
- c) ₹ 44.20 crore).

#### 14. Details of payments of audit fees

		(₹ in crore)
articulars		Year Ended
	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Statutory Audit fees	3.25*	2.26
Other Matters	0.29	0.36**
Total	3.54	2.62
* ₹0.20 crore is subject to shareholder's approval at AGM		

\*\* Above amount does not include ₹0.72 crore pertaining to QIP issue expenses, adjusted against Share Premium Account.

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#### (₹ in crore)

Interest Expended-Others (Schedule 15(III)) includes interest on subordinated debt (Lower and Upper Tier II) ₹ 30.52 crore (previous year



#### 15. Description of Contingent Liabilities:

Sr.	Contingent Liability*	Brief Description
1.	Claims not acknowledged as debts	This includes liability on account of income tax, sales tax, property tax demands and legal cases filed against the Bank.
		The Bank is a party to various legal proceedings in the normal course of business. The Bank does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a material adverse effect on the Bank's financial conditions, result of operations or cash flows. In respect of appeals filed by the Income Tax department with higher authorities, where the matter was settled in favour of the Bank at the first appellate stage, and where in view of the Management, if gives rise to an item of timing difference, no contingent liability is envisaged by the Bank.
2.	Liability on account of outstanding forward exchange contracts	The Bank enters into foreign exchange contracts with inter Bank participants and with its customers. Forward exchange contracts are commitments to buy or sell foreign currency at a future date at the contracted rate.
3.	Guarantees on behalf of constituents	As a part of its Banking activities, the Bank issues guarantees on behalf of its customers. Guarantees generall represent irrevocable assurances that the Bank will make payments in the event of customer failing to fulfill it financial or performance obligations.
4.	Acceptances, endorsements and other obligations	These includes: • Documentary credit such as letters of obligations, enhance the credit standing of the customers of the Bank
		bootimentary of earl such as letters of obligations, emanded the orean standing of the easterners of the bank
		• Bills re-discounted by the Bank and cash collateral provided by the Bank on assets which have been securitised
		<ul> <li>Underwriting commitments in respect of Debt Syndication.</li> </ul>
5.	Other items for which the	These include:
	Bank is contingently liable	<ul> <li>Liabilities in respect of interest rate swaps, currency swaps, forward rate agreements, futures and option contracts. The Bank enters into these transactions with inter Bank participants and its customers. Currenc Swaps are commitments to exchange cash flows by way of interest/principal in one currency against anothe based on predetermined rates. Interest rate swaps are commitments to exchange fixed and floating interest rate cash flows. The notional amounts that are recorded as contingent liabilities are amounts used as benchmark for the calculation of interest component of the contracts.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Liability in respect of Capital commitments relating to fixed assets and undrawn commitments in respect o investments.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Amount Transferred to RBI under the Depositor Education and Awareness Fund ('DEA Fund').</li> </ul>

\* Also refer Schedule 12 – Contingent Liability

16. The Bank has received few intimations from "suppliers" regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 and there is no outstanding against those suppliers as on 31st March, 2022, hence disclosures, if any, relating to amounts unpaid as at the year-end together with interest paid/payable as required under the said Act have not been given.

17. The Bank, as part of its normal banking business that is conducted ensuring adherence to all regulatory requirements, grants loans and advances, makes investment, provides guarantees to and accept deposits and borrowings from its customers, other entities and persons.

Other than the transactions described above which are carried out in the normal course of business, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or deposits or any other sources or kinds of funds) by the Bank to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Bank ("Ultimate Beneficiaries"). The Bank has also not received any funds from any parties (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Bank shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

Dipak Gupta

**Jaimin Bhatt** 

President and

Joint Managing Director

18. Figures for the previous year have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to conform to current years' presentation.

As per our report of even date attached.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 001076N/N500013

Murad D. Daruwalla Partner Membership No. 043334

For Price Waterhouse LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 301112E/E300264

Russell | Parera Partner Membership No. 042190

Mumbai 4<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 349

BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY & SUSTAINABILITY REPORT

## SECTION A: GENERAL DISCLOSURES DETAILS OF THE LISTED ENTITY

- Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Listed Entity 1
- 2 Name of the Listed Entity -
- 3 Year of incorporation
- Registered office address -4

Corporate address 5

- e-mail
- Telephone
- Website 8
- 9 Financial year for which reporting is being done
- 10 Name of the Stock Exchange(s) where shares are listed
- 11 Paid-up Capital -
- 12 Name and contact details (telephone, email address) of the person who be contacted in case of any queries on the BRSR report
- Reporting boundary Are the disclosures under this report made on a 13 standalone basis (i.e. only for the entity) or on a consolidated basis (i.e. the entity and all the entities which form a part of its consolidated finan statements, taken together).

#### **PRODUCTS/SERVICES**

#### Details of business activities (accounting for 90% of the turnover):

Details of segmental revenues are found in schedule 18, part B under other disclosures.

### PRODUCTS/SERVICES SOLD BY THE ENTITY (ACCOUNTING FOR 90% OF THE ENTITY'S TURNOVER):

#### Product or Service

Monetary intermediation of commercial banks, saving banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal savings banks, postal saving and discount houses.

#### **OPERATIONS**

### Number of locations where plants and/or operations/offices of the entity are situated:

Location	Number of offices	Number of branches	Total
National	24 large offices and 123 small offices	1,700	1,847
International	2*	0	2

\*Located in DIFC, Dubai and GIFT City, Guirat

### MARKETS SERVED BY THE ENTITY:

Number of locations				
Locations	Number			
National (No. of States)	27 states			
International (No. of Countries)	1			

What is the contribution of exports as a percentage of the total turnover of the entity? Kotak Mahindra Bank does not export any products/services. Thus, this question is not applicable.

Uday Khanna Director

Group Chief Financial Officer

Avan Doomasia Senior Executive Vice President and Company Secretary

**Prakash Apte** Chairman

Uday Kotak

Managing Director and

Chief Executive Officer

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	L65110MH1985PLC038137
	Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited
	21 <sup>st</sup> November, 1985
	27BKC, C-27, G-Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra East, Mumbai 400051
	27BKC, C-27, G-Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra East, Mumbai 400051
	esg.connect@kotak.com
	(022)-61661615
	https://www.kotak.com
	FY 2021-22
	Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) and National Stock Exchange (NSE)
	₹1,492.33 crore
io may	Ms. Chaitanya Kommukuri esg.connect@kotak.com
e. for ncial	The reporting boundary for BRSR is Bank on a standalone basis.

	NIC Code	Percentage of total turnover	contributed
bank	64191	100%	

### TRANSPARENCY AND DISCLOSURES COMPLIANCES

### Complaints/Grievances on any of the principles (Principles 1 to 9) under the National Guidelines on Responsible Business Conduct:\*

#### A brief on type of customers

Please find details on the Bank's customers in the business overview section on page 10-17

### **EMPLOYEES**

Employees and workers (including differently abled):

Details as at the end of Financial Year:

#### Employees and workers (including differently abled):

S. No. Particulars	Total (A)	Male		Female		
5. NO.	5. NO. Particulars	Total (A)	No. (B)	% (B / A)	No. (C)	% (C / A)
EMPLO	)YEES					
1.	Permanent (D)	48,842	36,201	74%	12,641	26%
2.	Other than Permanent (E)	17,582	12,345	70%	5,237	30%
3.	Total employees (D + E)	66,424	48,546	73%	17,878	27%

\*Note: All on-roll contractual employees are classified as other than permanent. The data covers employees in the Bank's offices in India only. Hence the data excludes 49 employees based out of international locations.

#### Differently abled Employees and workers:

S. No.	Particulars	Total (A)	Ma	le	Female		
5. NO.	Particulars	Total (A)	No. (B)	% (B / A)	No. (C)	% (C / A)	
DIFFE	RENTLY ABLED EMPLOYEES						
1.	Permanent (D)*	14	14	100%	-	-	
2.	Other than Permanent (E)		-	-		-	
3.	Total differently abled employees (D + E)	14	14	100%	-	-	

\*The data is recorded based on the claims made by employees under section 80U of the Income Tax Act, wherein they declare their disability.

#### Participation/Inclusion/Representation of women

Particulars		No. and percentage of Females		
Particulars	Total (A)	No. (B)	% (B / A)	
Board of Directors	12	2	17%	
Key Management Personnel* (excluding Board members)	2	1	50%	

\*The bank has 6 KMPs of which 4 members are also executive Board members covered in Board of directors in the above table and hence excluded from KMPs

### Turnover rate for permanent employees and workers (Disclose trends for the past 3 years)

	FY 2021-22				FY2020-21		FY 2019-20		
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total
Permanent Employees	Please refer to the turnover data in the ESG data tables section.								

### HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES (INCLUDING JOINT VENTURES)

### (a) Names of holding / subsidiary / associate companies / joint ventures

Details of subsidiary holding can be found in schedule 17- significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements, 1A (basis of consolidation) under other disclosures of the consolidated financial statement.

CSR Details	Response					
<ul> <li>Whether CSR is applicable as per section 135 of Companies Act, 2013: (Yes/No)</li> </ul>	Yes, we are eligible and further details related to CSR can be found in the Director's report.					

	Grievance	Cur	rent Financial	Year (FY 2021-22)	Pre	vious Financial	Year (FY 2020-21)
Stakeholder group from whom complaint is received	Redressal Mechanism in Place (Yes/No) (If Yes, then provide link of grievance redress policy)	Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks	Number of complaints filed during the year	Number of complaints pending resolution at close of the year	Remarks
Communities	Yes	-	-	Community grievances are received through our NGO partners, in this reporting period no community grievances were reported to us by the NGO partners.	-	-	-
Shareholders and investors	Yes	49	2	The 2 pending investor grievances have been resolved as on 19 <sup>th</sup> April 2022	35	6	The 6 pending investor grievances have been resolved as on 30 <sup>th</sup> April, 2021.
Employees and workers <sup>#</sup>	Yes	40	8	The cases include POSH and discrimination cases reported during the year. Out of 8 pending cases, 4 cases were closed in April 2022	25	8	The cases include POSH violations reported during the year. 8 pending cases of FY 20-21 resolved in FY 21-22.
Customers	Yes	1,98,146	8,195	The number of complaints reported for FY 21-22 exclude complaints redressed in 0 and 1 day.	2,97,272	9,462	
Value Chain Partners	Yes	-	-	Vendors route their grievances through the business team that they engage with, there have been no substantial grievances reported in this reporting period	-	-	-
Other (please specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	

#### Overview of the entity's material responsible business conduct issues

opportunity to your business, rationale for identifying the same, approach to adapt or mitigate the risk along-with its financial implications, as per the following format

Please refer to the stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment section on page 50-53 for details of our material topics. The risks, opportunities and management of the topics have been discussed at length in the respective chapters wherein the material topics have been covered. Please refer to the ESG overview section of the Report for further details.

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## Please indicate material responsible business conduct and sustainability issues pertaining to environmental and social matters that present a risk or an

## SECTION B: MANAGEMENT AND PROCESS DISCLOSURES

<ul> <li>D</li> <li>D</li> <li>D</li> <li>is</li> <li>0. De</li> <li>Subject</li> <li>Perfor</li> <li>ollow</li> <li>Comp</li> <li>eleva</li> </ul>	etails of Review of NGRBCs by the Co etails of Review of NGRBCs by the Co ct for Review rmance against above policies and v up action bliance with statutory requirements of ance to the principles, and rectification y non-compliances	Indicate whether Committee o P P P 1 2 3 Yes, annually		Mr. D	pak Gupta	a (Joint I		equency (	Annually	/ Half year please spe P P 5 6	cify) P	erly/ P 8
<ul> <li>Diagonal diagonal /li></ul>	etails of Review of NGRBCs by the Co ct for Review rmance against above policies and y up action	Indicate whether Committee o P P P 1 2 3	f the Board P P	Mr. D s undertal /Any othe P	pak Gupta cen by Dire r Committ P P	ector / ee P	Fre	equency ( Any P P	Annually, v other – j P	please spe P P	cify) P	P
9. D D is 0. De	etails of Review of NGRBCs by the Co	ompany: Indicate whether Committee o P P P	f the Board P P	Mr. D s undertal /Any othe P	pak Gupta cen by Dire r Committ P P	ector / ee P	Fre	equency ( Any P P	Annually, v other – j P	please spe P P	cify) P	P
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9. D D is	etails of Review of NGRBCs by the Co	ompany: Indicate whether Committee o	f the Board	Mr. D s undertal /Any othe	pak Gupta ken by Dire r Committ	ector /	Fre	equency ( Any	Annually, v other – j	please spe	cify)	
). D D is					,	<pre></pre>	Managir	ng Directo	or)			
). D D	ssues? (Yes / No). If yes, provide det	alis.			,	<pre></pre>	Managir	ng Directo	or)			
). D	Pirector responsible for decision mak		ty related					/e Chairm Director)	ian, indep	endent)		
	oes the entity have a specified Com	nittee of the Board	1/	Yes. E	Yes. Board level ESG and CSR Committee Mr. Prakash Apte (Non-Executive Chairman, Independent)							
	etails of the highest authority responed of the highest authority responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Responed of the Business Respo			ESG and CSR Board committee								
7. Si re	tatement by director responsible for eport, highlighting ESG related challe chievements:		onsibility	Pleas	e find deta	ails in th	e MD ar	d CEO's r	nessage	on page 6-	9 of this	repor
	rnance, leadership and oversight			-	opilouoio							
g	Performance of the entity against the oals and targets along-with reasons net.	Not a	oplicable									
	pecific commitments, goals and targ efined timelines, if any.		e in the pr mance m		of setting	g targets a	across ke	y environn	nental ar	nd soc		
4. Name of the national and international codes/certifications/ labels/ standards (e.g. Forest Stewardship Council, Fairtrade, Rainforest Alliance, Trust) standards (e.g. SA 8000, OHSAS, ISO, BIS) adopted by your entity and mapped to each principle.					5001 and	ISO 270	01					
	o the enlisted policies extend to you Yes/No)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		
	Vhether the entity has translated the Yes / No)	policy into proced	ures.	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
c.	. Web Link of the Policies, if availal	ble			licies are a ailable in					s intranet a	and seled	t poli
b.	. Has the policy been approved by	he Board? (Yes/N	o)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y
	. Whether your entity's policy/polic and its core elements of the NGR		nciple	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
l. a.	y and management processes											
Policy	tions			P 1	P 2	3	. 4	5	6	7	8	F

	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
<ol> <li>Has the entity carried out independent assessment/ evaluation of the working of its policies by an external agency? (Yes/No). If yes, provide name of the agency.</li> </ol>					No				

### 12. If answer to question (1) above is 'No' i.e. not all Principles are covered by

Quest	tions									
The e (Yes/	ntity does not consider the Principles material to its business No)									
	ntity is not at a stage where it is in a position to formulate and ment the policies on specified principles (Yes/No)									
	The entity does not have the financial or/human and technical resources available for the task (Yes/No)									
lt is p	It is planned to be done in the next financial year (Yes/No)									
Any o	ther reason (please specify)									
Sr. No.	Principle No. and Definition	L								
1	Principle 1: Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with integrity in a manner that is ethical, transparent and accountable	E C F C T								
2	Principle 2: Businesses should provide goods and services in a manner that is sustainable and safe	F T								
3	Principle 3: Businesses should respect and promote the well- being of all employees, including those in their value chains	C E N T								
4	Principle 4: Businesses should respect the interests of and be responsive towards all its stakeholders	E								
5	Principle 5: Businesses should respect and promote human rights	L F V								
6	Principle 6: Businesses should respect, protect and make efforts to restore the environment	E								

- Principle 7: Businesses when engaging in influencing public and ESG Policy Framework; Compliance Policy 7 regulatory policy, should do so in a manner that is responsible and transparent
- 8 Principle 8: Businesses should promote inclusive growth and equitable development
- Principle 9: Businesses should engage with and provide value to Collection of Dues and Repossession of Security Policy; Code of Conduct 9 their consumers in a responsible manner

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						Change					
BRSR						Financial Hig	ghlights				
Sectior	n B: Manag	jement an	es	Consolidated Financial Stateme							
						Bank Report	s and State	ments			
by a po	licy, reas	ons to b	e stated:								
Ρ	Р	Р	Р	Р	Ρ	Р	Р	Р			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9			

Not Applicable

#### List of Policies

Business Responsibility Policy; Code of Bank's Commitment to Customers; Code of Conduct (Directors); Code of Conduct (Employees); Code of Fair Disclosure of UPSI; Compliance Policy; KYC and Anti-Money Laundering (AML) Policy, ESG Policy Framework; Enterprise-wide Risk Management Framework; Fraud Risk Management Policy; Policy for Determination of Materiality of Events or Information; Policy on Dealing with Related Party Transactions; Stress Testing Policy; Whistle Blower Policy; Vigilance Policy; Compensation Policy; Compensation Policy for Executive Directors

Privacy Policy; Information Security and Cyber Security Policy; Apex Information Technology Policy; Operational Risk Management Policy;

Code of Conduct (Employees); Diversity Inclusion and Equity Statement; Employee Volunteering Policy; Health, Safety and Welfare at Work-Place Policy; New Mother Benefit Policy; Pandemic Benevolent Policy; Whistle Blower Policy; Training Policy

Board Diversity Policy; Corporate Responsibility Policy; Diversity Inclusion and Equity Statement; Grievance Redressal Policy; Whistle Blower Policy

Diversity, Inclusion and Equity Statement; Equal Employment Opportunity Policy; Human Rights and Anti-discrimination Policy; Policy on Sexual Harassment of Women

ESG Management Systems Plan (EMSP); ESG Policy Framework; Environment Policy

Corporate Social Responsibility Policy; ESG Policy Framework; Employee Volunteering Policy

for Conduct for Collection of Dues - Credit Cards; Fair Practice Code (Bank); Fair Practice Code for Credit Card Operations; Fair Practice Code for Lenders; Fair Practice Code - Microfinance Loans; Customer's Compensation Policy; Information Security and Cyber Security Policy

## SECTION C: PRINCIPLE WISE PERFORMANCE

### **PRINCIPLE 1:**

Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with integrity, and in a manner that is Ethical, Transparent and Accountable.

#### **Essential Indicators**

### 1. Percentage coverage by training and awareness programmes on any of the principles during the financial year:

Segment	Total number of training and awareness programmes held	Topics / principles covered under the training and its impact	% of persons in respective category covered by the awareness programme
Board of Directors	20	Sessions on Strategy, Human Resource, Risk Management, Compliance, Consumer Banking Business, Wholesale Banking Business, Financial Inclusion, ESG, Corporate Social Responsibility, Customer protection, Financial Outlook and Cyber Security Awareness	99%
Key Managerial Personnel (excluding Board members)	2	Sessions on Strategy, Human Resource, Risk Management, Compliance, Consumer Banking Business, Wholesale Banking Business, ESG, Financial Inclusion, Corporate Social Responsibility, Customer protection, Financial Outlook and Cyber Security Awareness	100%
Employees other than BoD and KMPs*	36	AML and KYC Norms, Code of Conduct, Human Rights, Kotak DNA (Culture), InfoSec Awareness, Human Rights, Workplace safety, Well-being, business continuity planning, inclusivity, diversity, ethics and integrity among others	90.28%

\*Only the pan bank programmes have been considered which are applicable to all the bank employees, employees undergo numerous role specific training programmes in addition to these programmes.

Details of fines / penalties /punishment/ award/ compounding fees/ settlement amount paid in proceedings (by the entity or by directors / KMPs) with 2. regulators/ law enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions, in the financial year, in the following format (Note: the entity shall make disclosures on the basis of materiality as specified in Regulation 30 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Obligations) Regulations, 2015 and as disclosed on the entity's website):

There have been no such cases during the reporting period.

Of the instances disclosed in Question 2 above, details of the Appeal/ Revision preferred in cases where monetary or non-monetary action has been 3. appealed.

Not applicable as there have been no such cases.

Does the entity have an anti-corruption or anti-bribery policy? If yes, provide details in brief and if available, provide a web-link to the policy. 4.

Yes. Kotak Mahindra Bank has instituted an employees' Code of Conduct that outlines its anti-corruption and anti-bribery guidelines. The Code of Conduct is applicable to all employees (including overseas bank, representative offices and overseas branches), whole-time Directors of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited and its subsidiaries and affiliate companies, whether permanent, part-time and on fixed term contract. The anti-corruption and anti-bribery guidelines cover aspects related to cash or gifts to an individual or relatives or associates. non-monetary favours, false political or charitable donations amongst others.

Please find further details at: Employee Code of Conduct

5. Number of Directors/KMPs/employees/workers against whom disciplinary action was taken by any law enforcement agency for the charges of briberv/ corruption

No such cases have been reported in the current and past reporting period.

Details of complaints with regard to conflict of interest: 6.

No such cases have been reported in the current and past reporting period.

7. Provide details of any corrective action taken or underway on issues related to fines / penalties / action taken by regulators/ law enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions, on cases of corruption and conflicts of interest.

As there have been no cases, this is not applicable. Further, we have well defined processes to ensure compliance with corruption and conflict of interest linked policies and regulations.

#### Leadership Indicators

1. Awareness programmes conducted for value chain partners on any of the Principles during the financial year

We have not conducted any dedicated awareness building programmes for our value chain partners. However, we strive to engage with them periodically on ESG linked issues and are in the process of incorporating ESG linked commitments into vendor contracts undergoing renewal.

2.

We have put in place adequate measures and procedures to ensure that no conflict of interest arises involving members of the Board.

- i from any change in the disclosure previously given by such Director.
- the discussion and passing of the resolution thereon.
- its members.
- iv before the shareholders for their consideration and approval.
- v the Bank, whether party to a particular transaction or not, votes to approve such transaction.
- Banking Regulation Act, 1949), or any individual in respect of whom a Director of the Bank is a partner or guarantor.

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#### Does the entity have processes in place to avoid/ manage conflict of interests involving members of the Board? (Yes/No) If Yes, provide details of the

Every Director on the Board is required to make disclosure of his / her interest or concern in other entities (under Section 184 of the Companies Act, 2013 as also the parties to which such Director is related to (as under Section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013 and other laws applicable to the Bank). Such disclosure is required to be made as and when a Director attends first Board Meeting after his/her appointment on the Board and thereafter at every first Board Meeting held in a financial year as well as within 30 days

Director, if interested or concerned in any transaction(s) or arrangement(s) to be entered into by the Bank, does not participate in

iii. The Bank has also put in place necessary mechanism and has formulated a Policy on Dealing with Related Party Transactions, keeping in view the requirements under Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Reguirements) Regulations, 2015 and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. This Policy provides a framework to ensure proper identification, approval and reporting of Related Party Transactions. Such transactions would be appropriate only if they are in the best interest of the Bank and

All transactions with Related Parties of the Bank are previously approved by the Audit Committee of the Bank. The Audit Committee also grants Omnibus Approval for Related Party Transactions of a recurring nature. Related Party Transactions, if not in the ordinary course or not at arm's length, are placed before the Board (based on the Audit Committee's recommendation) for its consideration and approval. If such transactions (which are placed before the Board of Directors) breach the threshold limits prescribed under Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 or if any transaction with a Related Party is material in nature as prescribed under Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, such transactions are also put up

At the Audit Committee, only the Independent Directors who are members of the Audit Committee, consider and approve the transactions with related parties. At the Board, only those Directors who are not parties to the transaction(s) or arrangement(s) in subject or those who are not interested or concerned therein, participate to consider them. The interested Directors neither remain present nor do they vote on the resolution of Related Party Transaction. While seeking Shareholders' approval, no Related Party of

vi. In terms of Regulation 20 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949, the Bank does not extend any loans or advances on the security of its own shares, or commit to grant any loan or advance to or on behalf of its Directors, any firm in which a Director is interested as partner, manager, employee or guarantor, or any company or its subsidiary or holding company where Director of the Bank is a Director, Managing agent, manager, employee or guarantor or in which he holds substantial interest (as defined in Section 20 of the



### **PRINCIPLE 2:**

Businesses should provide goods and services in a manner that is sustainable and safe

#### Essential Indicators

Percentage of R&D and capital expenditure (capex) investments in specific technologies to improve the environmental and social impacts of product 1. and processes to total R&D and capex investments made by the entity, respectively.

As Kotak Mahindra Bank is a financial services company, capital expenditure and R&D expenses are not directed towards technologies that improve environmental and social impacts. However, the organisation has begun to proactively look for opportunities to direct its capital to finance assets that may have positive impact on the environment and communities.

#### 2. a. Does the entity have procedures in place for sustainable sourcing?

Kotak Mahindra Bank's Code of Conduct covers aspects on Human Rights, Health and Safety, Operational Eco-efficiency etc., and indicates applicability to the Bank's vendors.

#### If yes, what percentage of inputs were sourced sustainably? b.

As a financial services organisation, our direct consumption of consumables and input materials is limited. We strive to improve energy efficiency, use cleaner sources of energy, and reduce paper consumption to a minimum. We expect our vendors to comply with our Code of Conduct which includes aspects on Human Rights, Health and Safety, Operational Eco-efficiency etc. Service contracts undergoing renewal in FY 2022-23 are proposed to include the Vendor Code of Conduct as an annexure.

#### 3. Describe the processes in place to safely reclaim your products for reusing, recycling and disposing at the end of life, for (a) Plastics (including packaging) (b) E-waste (c) Hazardous waste and (d) other waste.

E-waste is recycled through authorised waste management vendors. Organic Waste Composters (OWCs) have been installed at six of our large offices to convert this wet waste to manure. This manure is utilised for captive use as well as for donation to our employees and surrounding housing societies. Please find further details of our approach to waste management of page 61 of the 'Managing our environmental footprint' section.

Whether Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is applicable to the entity's activities (Yes / No). If yes, whether the waste collection plan is in line 4. with the Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) plan submitted to Pollution Control Boards? If not, provide steps taken to address the same.

No. As we are a financial services company, Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) is not applicable to our activities.

#### Leadership Indicators

1. Has the entity conducted Life Cycle Perspective / Assessments (LCA) for any of its products (for manufacturing industry) or for its services (for service industry)? If yes, provide details in the following format?

Since we operate in the services sector, this is not applicable to us.

2. If there are any significant social or environmental concerns and/or risks arising from production or disposal of your products / services, as identified in the Life Cycle Perspective / Assessments (LCA) or through any other means, briefly describe the same along-with action taken to mitigate the same

Not Applicable

3. Percentage of recycled or reused input material to total material (by value) used in production (for manufacturing industry) or providing services (for service industry).

Not Applicable

4. Of the products and packaging reclaimed at end of life of products, amount (in metric tonnes) reused, recycled, and safely disposed, as per the following format:

Not Applicable

5. Reclaimed products and their packaging materials (as percentage of products sold) for each product category.

Not Applicable

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#### **PRINCIPLE 3:**

Businesses should respect and promote the well-being of all employees, including those in their value chains

#### **Essential Indicators**

#### 1. a. Details of measures for the well-being of employees:#

	% of employees covered by												
Category	Total (A)	Health Insurance		Accident Ir	Accident Insurance		Maternity Benefits		Paternity Benefits		Day Care facilities		
		Number (B)	% (B/A)	Number (C)	% (C/A)	Number (D)	% (D/A)	Number (E)	% (E/A)	Number (F)	% (F/A)		
Permanent	Employees												
Male	36,201	36,201	100%	36,201	100%	-	-	36,201	100%	-	-		
Female	12,641	12,641	100%	12,641	100%	12,641	100%	-	-	-	-		
Total	48,842	48,842	100%	48,842	100%	12,641	26%	36,201	74%	-	-		
Other than F	Permanent e	mployees											
Male	12,345	-	0%	12,345	100%	-	-	12,345	100%	-	-		
Female	5,237	-	0%	5,237	100%	5,237	100%	-	-	-	-		
Total	17,582	-	0%	17,582	100%	5,237	30%	12,345	70%	-	-		

#### 2. Details of retirement benefits, for Current FY and Previous Financial Year.\*

	Cur	FY 2021-22 rent Financial Year		FY 2020-21 Previous Financial Year				
Benefits	No. of employees covered as a % of total employees	No. of workers covered as a % of total workers	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/N.A.)	No. of employees covered as a % of total employees	No. of workers covered as a % of total workers	Deducted and deposited with the authority (Y/N/N.A.)		
PF	99.6%	-	Y	96.2%	-	Y		
Gratuity*	72.1%	-	Y	74.8%	-	Y		
ESI	-	-	Ν	-	-	Ν		
Others – please specify	-	-	-	-	-	-		

\*Employees under fixed-term contract are excluded from Gratuity, if their employment is for the fixed period below the gratuity eligibility limits.

#### 3. Accessibility of workplaces

Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If not, whether any steps are being taken by the entity in this regard.

Three of our largest offices, which have a combined capacity to house more than 8,000 employees, are equipped with disabled friendly infrastructure. Along with this, nearly 900 of our branches and ATMs are equipped with ramps to enable customers who are Persons with Disability (PwD). This helps facilitate access to differently abled employees, workers and visitors.

#### Does the entity have an equal opportunity policy as per the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? If so, provide a web-link to the policy. 4.

Yes, we have an Equal Employment Opportunity Policy which is aligned to the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016. Our commitment to equal opportunity is also articulated in the Code of Conduct.

#### Return to work and Retention rates of permanent employees and workers that took parental leave. 5.

Gender	Permanent Employees					
Gender	Return to work rate	Retention rate				
Male	99.9%	70.2%				
Female	97.5%	62.3%				
Total	99.3%	68.1%				

6. mechanism in brief.

Gender	Yes/No (If Yes, then give details of the mechanism in brief)
Permanent Employees	Yes
Other than Permanent Employees	Yes

Please find further details on page 71 of the empowering our employees section of this report.

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## Are the premises / offices of the entity accessible to differently abled employees and workers, as per the requirements of the Rights of

#### Is there a mechanism available to receive and redress grievances for the following categories of employees and worker? If yes, give details of the

#### 7. Membership of employees and worker in association(s) or Unions recognised by the listed entity:

	(Cu	FY 2021-22 rent Financial Year)		(Pre	FY 2020-21 vious Financial Year)	
Category	Total employees / workers in respective category (A)	No. of employees / workers in respective category, who are part of association(s) or Union (B)#	% (B / A)	Total employee / workers in respective category (C)	No. of employees / workers in respective category, who are part of association(s) or Union (D)#	% (D / C)
Total Permanent Employees	48,842	1,694	3.47%	41,566	1,907	4.59%
Male	36,201	1,266	3.50%	31,127	1,442	4.63%
Female	12,641	428	3.39%	10,439	465	4.45%*

\* In FY21 this number was calculated as a percentage of all full-time employees (including contractual employees)

<sup>#</sup> These employees refer to the employees that are part of the Indian Banks Association.

#### 8. Details of training given to employees and workers:#

	FY 2021-22 Current Financial Year				FY 2020-21 Previous Financial Year					
Category	Total (A)	On healt safety me		On skill upgradation		Total (D)	On health and al (D) safety measures		On skill upgradation	
	No. (	No. (B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)		No. (E)	% (E/D)	No. (F)	% (F/D)
Employees										
Male	48,406	9,865	20%	48,401	99.99%	38,731	6,376	16%	32,757	85%
Female	17,148	3,530	21%	17,104	99.74%	12,192	2,082	17%	9,990	82%
Total	65,554	13,395	20%	65,505	99.93%	50,923	8,458	17%	42,747	84%

Please find further details on page 63-64 of the employees section of this report. This dataset includes training provided to employees who left the firm during FY 2021-22.

#### 9. Details of performance and career development reviews of employees and worker:

Category	FY 2021-22 Current Financial Year			FY 2020-21 Previous Financial Year		
	Total (A)	No. (B)	% (B/A)	Total (C)	No. (D)	% (D/C)
Employees						
Male	36,201	27,876	77%	31,159	24,677	79%
Female	12,641	9,320	74%	10,450	7,828	75%
Total	48,842	37,196	76%	41,609	32,505	78%

Find further details on page 63 of the 'Empowering our employees' section of this report. All employees who are eligible for performance appraisal underwent career development reviews. Newly joined employees on probation are not eligible for performance review.

#### 10. Health and safety management system:

- Whether an occupational health and safety management system has been implemented by the entity? (Yes/ No). If yes, the coverage such system? a. Yes, we have a health and safety management system which has been detailed on page 65 of the 'Empowering our employees' section.
- b. What are the processes used to identify work-related hazards and assess risks on a routine and non-routine basis by the entity? Yes, we have processes in place to identify work-related hazards and assess risks on a routine and non-routine basis which has been detailed on page 65 of the 'Empowering our employees' section.
- c. Whether you have processes for workers to report the work related hazards and to remove themselves from such risks. (Y/N) Yes, we have a process for employees to report work related hazards and to remove themselves from such risks. This has been detailed on page 65 of the 'Empowering our employees' section.
- d. Do the employees/ worker of the entity have access to non-occupational medical and healthcare services? (Yes/ No) Yes, our employees are provided with periodic health checkups, proactive sessions focused on all round well-being and other initiatives which have been detailed on page 65 of the 'Empowering our employees' section.

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#### 11. Details of safety related incidents, in the following format:#

Safety Incident/Number#	Category	FY 2021-22 Current FY 2020-21 Financial Year Finan	Previous Icial Year
Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR) (per one million-person hours worked)	Employees	NA	NA
Total recordable work-related injuries	Employees	15*	NA
No. of fatalities	Employees	6*	
High consequence work-related injury or ill-health (excluding fatalities)	Employee	NA	NA

\*The cause of all the fatalities and injuries were road accidents while travelling to work.

12. Describe the measures taken by the entity to ensure a safe and healthy work place.

The Bank has a holistic approach to safeguarding the health and well-being of its employees as detailed on page 65 of the 'Empowering our employees' section

- 13. Number of Complaints on the following made by employees and workers:
  - Nil. No complaints concerning health and safety or working condition have been reported.
- 14. Assessments for the year:

	% of you or third p
Health and safety practices	25% of o
Working Conditions	and work

#### Provide details of any corrective action taken or underway to address safety-related incidents (if any) and on significant risks / concerns arising from 15. assessments of health and safety practices and working conditions.

We have a health and safety management system which has been detailed on page 65 of the 'Empowering our employees' section. The approach is based on the concept of continuous improvement. Consequently, health hazards are catalogued and addressed by the health and safety team.

#### Leadership Indicators

- 1. Does the entity extend any life insurance or any compensatory package in the event of death of (A) Employees (Y/N) (B) Workers (Y/N). Yes, we have implemented a Pandemic Benevolent Policy. This policy outlines our initiatives to financially support the families of the Further details can be found in 'Empowering our employees' section of this report.
- 2. Provide the measures undertaken by the entity to ensure that statutory dues have been deducted and deposited by the value chain partners.

As part of the service agreements we sign with the vendors, we communicate our expectation that all our business associates including vendors need to be in compliance with all relevant regulations.

3 Provide the number of employees / workers having suffered high consequence work-related injury / ill-health / fatalities (as reported in Q11 of Essential Indicators above), who have been are rehabilitated and placed in suitable employment or whose family members have been placed in suitable employment:

The fatalities and injuries reported in Q11 are all road accidents while travelling to work. We have extended required support for medical expenses to these employees.

4. retirement or termination of employment? (Yes/ No)

Yes. Please refer to Page 63-64 of the 'Empowering our employees' chapter for further details.

Details on assessment of value chain partners: 5.

> We expect all our value chain partners to comply with our Code of Conduct, applicable human rights standards and maintain sound health and safety practices. As per the Bank's ESG Management Systems Plan, we undertake ESG evaluations of our customers as part of the credit procedures, for some eligible transactions. Further details can be found under 'ESG overview' section.

6. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks / concerns arising from assessments of health and safety practices and working conditions of value chain partners.

No corrective actions were required on these parameters.

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#### Ir plants and offices that were assessed (by entity or statutory authorities parties)

our large offices underwent assessment on health and safety practices rking conditions.

deceased employees. We also provide term life insurance, health insurance and group personal accident insurance to all our employees.

### Does the entity provide transition assistance programmes to facilitate continued employability and the management of career endings resulting from



### **PRINCIPLE 4**:

Businesses should respect the interests of and be responsive to all its stakeholders

### Essential Indicators

- 1. Describe the processes for identifying key stakeholder groups of the entity. Please refer page 50-51 of the stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment section of this Report for further details.
- 2. List stakeholder groups identified as key for your entity and the frequency of engagement with each stakeholder group. Please refer page 50-51 of the stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment section of this Report for further details

### Leadership Indicators

1. Provide the processes for consultation between stakeholders and the Board on economic, environmental, and social topics or if consultation is delegated, how is feedback from such consultations provided to the Board.

Please refer page 50-53 of the stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment section of this Report for further details

- 2. Whether stakeholder consultation is used to support the identification and management of environmental, and social topics (Yes / No). If so, provide details of instances as to how the inputs received from stakeholders on these topics were incorporated into policies and activities of the entity. Please refer page 50-53 of the stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment section of this Report for further details
- Provide details of instances of engagement with, and actions taken to, address the concerns of vulnerable/ marginalized stakeholder groups. 3. Our CSR activities contribute towards the economic, environmental, and social well-being of vulnerable communities. In addition, our financial inclusion focused products and services enable last mile financial access to vulnerable/ marginalised stakeholder groups. Please refer to the 'Supporting our Communities' section of the Report for further details.

### PRINCIPLE 5

Businesses should respect and promote human rights

#### **Essential Indicators**

1. Employees and workers who have been provided training on human rights issues and policy(ies) of the entity, in the following format:\*

Catagory*	С	FY 2021-22 urrent Financial Year		P	FY 2020-21 revious Financial Year	
Category*	Total (A)**	No. of employees/ workers covered (B)	% (B / A)	Total (C)	No. of employees/ workers covered (D)	% (D / C)
Employees						
Permanent	48,866	40,424	83%	41,610	29,940	72%
Other than permanent	17,584	14,135	80%	10,124	699	7%
Total Employees	66,450	54,559	82%	51,734	30,639	59%

\*Our Code of Conduct consists of elements on human rights. Hence, Code of Conduct and PoSH training coverage has been considered in the above table, which includes the employees who have exited the Bank in FY 21-22

#### 2. Details of minimum wages paid to employees and workers, in the following format:

		FY 2021-22					FY 2020-21				
Category	Equal to Total (A) Minimum Wage			More than Minimum Wage		Total (D)	Equal to Minimum Wage		More than Minimum Wage		
		No. (B)	% (B/A)	No. (C)	% (C/A)		No. (E)	% (E/D)	No. (F)	% (F/D)	
Employees											
Permanent	47,148	6,928	15%	40,220	85%	41,562	5,437	13%	36,125	87%	
Male	34,935	4,869	14%	30,066	86%	31,128	3,866	12%	27,262	88%	
Female	12,213	2,059	17%	10,154	83%	10,434	1,571	15%	8,863	85%	
Other than Permanent	17,582	8,651	49%	8,931	51%	10,147	4,707	46%	5,440	54%	
Male	12,345	5,536	45%	6,809	55%	7,503	3,168	42%	4,335	58%	
Female	5,237	3,115	59%	2,122	41%	2,644	1,539	58%	1,105	42%	

3. Details of remuneration/salary/wages, in the following format:

		Male	Female		
	Number	Median remuneration/ salary/ wages of respective category	Number	Median remuneration/ salary/ wages of respective category	
Board of Directors (BoD)	4	₹3.04 crore	-	-	
Key Managerial Personnel	1	₹3.20 crore	1	₹1.4 crore	
Employees other than BoD and KMP	36,196	₹4.69 lakh	12,640	₹3.72 lakh	

Do you have a focal point (Individual/ Committee) responsible for addressing human rights impacts or issues caused or contributed to by the 4. business?

The Human Resources function is responsible for the oversight of human rights issues as articulated in the Human Rights and Antidiscrimination Policy.

Describe the internal mechanisms in place to redress grievances related to human rights issues. 5. The mechanism for grievance redressal has been detailed on page 71 of the 'Empowering our employees' section.

#### Number of Complaints on the following made by employees and workers:# 6.

Cotorowit	FY 2021-22 Current Financial Year			FY 2020-21 Previous Financial Year			
Category*	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks	Filed during the year	Pending resolution at the end of year	Remarks	
Sexual Harassment	33	7	8 pending cases of FY 20-21 resolved in FY 21-22	25	8	Pending cases resolved	
Discrimination at workplace	7	1	Six cases were resolved in FY 21-22	-	-	-	
Child Labour	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Forced Labour/ Involuntary Labour	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wages	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other human rights related issues	-	-	-	-	-	-	

- 7. Mechanisms to prevent adverse consequences to the complainant in discrimination and harassment cases. The mechanism for preventing retaliation has been detailed on page 71 of the 'Empowering our employees' section.
- 8. Do human rights requirements form part of your business agreements and contracts?

We are in the process of incorporating ESG linked commitments which also include human rights into vendor contracts above a certain value. This would be applicable for agreements that would undergo renewal in FY 2022-23.

Assessments for the year: 9.

> As we are a financial services company, we undertake proactive measures to safeguard human rights, we have however not undertaken a dedicated human rights assessment.

Not applicable

#### Leadership Indicators

1. Details of a business process being modified / introduced as a result of addressing human rights grievances/complaints.

Kotak Mahindra Bank respects human rights of all its stakeholders and ensures adherence with laws safeguarding these universal rights. It has instituted a Human Rights and Anti-Discrimination policy that outlines its commitment to the national and international laws. For further details, kindly refer to Page 71 of the 'Empowering our employees' section.

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10. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks / concerns arising from the assessments at Question 9 above.



#### 2. Details of the scope and coverage of any Human rights due-diligence conducted

We have not conducted any Human rights due diligence.

- 3. Is the premise/office of the entity accessible to differently abled visitors, as per the requirements of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016? Yes, three of our largest offices are equipped with disabled friendly infrastructure, details of which can be found in 'Empowering our employees' section.
- 4. Details on assessment of value chain partners.

We have not undertaken an assessment of value chain partners

5. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks / concerns arising from the assessments at Question 4 above. Not Applicable

#### **PRINCIPLE 6:**

Businesses should respect and make efforts to protect and restore the environment

#### Essential Indicators

1. Details of total energy consumption (in Joules or multiples) and energy intensity, in the following format:

All data given below is in Giga Joules (GJ)

Parameter	FY 2021-22 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2020-21 (Previous Financial Year)
Total electricity consumption (A)	288,932*	249,328.80
Total fuel consumption (B)	4,025*	873.28
Energy consumption through other sources (C)	12,994*	12,013
Total energy consumption (A+B+C)	305,952*	262,215.26
Energy intensity per rupee of turnover (Total energy consumption per ₹ Cr. turnover in rupees) in GJ/₹ Cr.	9.16	8.23
Energy intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity - GJ/FTE	4.6*	5.07

FTEs are full-time employees including on-roll contractual employees. This data also includes energy consumed at Bank premises shared with a few subsidiaries.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

Yes, assurance undertaken by Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP, for the indicators marked by \*.

2. Does the entity have any sites / facilities identified as designated consumers (DCs) under the Performance, Achieve and Trade (PAT) Scheme of the Government of India? (Y/N) If yes, disclose whether targets set under the PAT scheme have been achieved. In case targets have not been achieved, provide the remedial action taken, if any.

This is not applicable to us as we do not have any sites or facilities identified as designated consumers (DCs).

#### 3. Provide details of the following disclosures related to water, in the following format:<sup>#</sup>

Parameter	FY 2021-22 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2020-21 (Previous Financial Year)
Water withdrawal by source (in kiloliters)		
(i) Surface water	-	-
(ii) Groundwater	12,115.4	667.57
(iii) Third party water	43,605.37	67,839.71
(iv) Seawater / desalinated water	-	-
(v) Others (drinking water)	297,181	2,175.42
Total volume of water withdrawal (in kiloliters) (i + ii + iii + iv + v)	352,902	70,682.7
Total volume of water consumption (in kiloliters)#	352,902*	70,682.7
Water intensity per rupee of turnover (Water consumed / turnover) in kL/₹ Cr.	10.57	2.21

\*The coverage of water consumption has been enhanced to include drinking water across the Bank's branches resulting in a steep increase in the water consumption data being reported. This data also includes water consumed at Bank premises that are shared with a few subsidiaries.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

#### Yes, assurance undertaken by Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP for indicator marked as #

- 4. Has the entity implemented a mechanism for Zero Liquid Discharge? If yes, provide details of its coverage and implementation. for flushing purposes in three of our largest corporate offices. Please find further details on our approach to water management on page 61 of the 'Managing our environmental footprint' section.
- 5. Please provide details of air emissions (other than GHG emissions) by the entity, in the following format: disclosed in this Report.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. Not applicable for other air emissions

### 6. Provide details of greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions) and its intensity, in the following format:

Parameter	Unit	FY 2021-22 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2020-21 (Previous Financial Year)
Total Scope 1 emissions (Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)	Metric tonnes of $\rm{CO}_2$ equivalent	7,308*#	1,214
Total Scope 2 emissions (Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)	Metric tonnes of $\rm{CO}_2$ equivalent	63,405#	57,484
Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions per Turnover in tCO2e/₹ Cr.	Metric tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> per ₹ Cr.	2.1	1.8
<b>Total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emission intensity</b> (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	Metric tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent per FTE	1.06#	1.13

\* Our scope 1 coverage expanded to include the chemicals used to fill fire extinguishers. These emissions also cover Bank premises that are shared with a few subsidiaries.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. Yes, assurance undertaken by Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP for indicators marked with  $^{\#}$ 

- - Please refer to 'Managing our environmental footprint' section on page 61 of Integrated Annual Report
- 8. Provide details related to waste management by the entity, in the following format:#

Parameter	FY 2021-22 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2020-21 (Previous Financial Year)
Total Waste generated (in metric tonnes)		
Plastic waste (A)	0.53	-
E-waste (B)	4.81	-
Bio-medical waste (C)	-	-
Constructionand demolition waste (D)	24	-
Battery waste <b>(E)</b>	1.35	-
Radioactive waste (F)	-	-
Other Hazardous waste. Please specify, if any. (G)	2.07	-
Other Non-hazardous waste generated <b>(H)</b> . Please specify, if any. (Break-up by composition i.e. by materials relevant to the sector)	71.98	83.99
Total (A+B + C + D + E + F + G + H)	104.75	83.99
Details of total waste recovered through recycling, re-using or other recovery operations (in metric tonnes)		
(i) Recycled	68.55	-
(ii) Re-used	9.74	-
(iii) Other recovery operations	-	-
Total	78.29	-

#GRI 303-3, GRI 303-5

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We do not have a zero liquid discharge policy but have taken initiatives to minimise water discharge. For instance, recycled water is used

As a financial services company, air emissions from our operations are not significant. We monitor our GHG emissions which have been

### 7. Does the entity have any project related to reducing Green House Gas emission? If Yes, then provide details.

Parameter	FY 2021-22 (Current Financial Year)	FY 2020-21 (Previous Financial Year)
Details of total waste disposed by nature of disposal method (in metric tonnes)		
(i) Incineration	1.45	-
(ii) Landfilling	25.01	-
(iii) Other disposal operations	-	-
Total	26.46	-

This data also includes waste generated/ disposed at Bank premises that are shared with a few subsidiaries.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. Yes, assurance undertaken by Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Briefly describe the waste management practices adopted in your establishments. Describe the strategy adopted by your company to reduce usage of 9. hazardous and toxic chemicals in your products and processes and the practices adopted to manage such wastes.

Please refer to page 61 of the 'Managing our environmental footprint' section. that covers waste management

If the entity has operations/offices in/around ecologically sensitive areas (such as national parks, wildlife sanctuaries, biosphere reserves, wetlands, 10. biodiversity hotspots, forests, coastal regulation zones etc.) where environmental approvals / clearances are required, please specify details in the following format:

	S. No.	Location of operations/offices	Type of Operations	Whether the conditions of environmental approval / clearance are being complied with? (Y/N) If no, the reasons thereof and corrective action taken, if any.
We do not have any operations or offices in or around ecologically sensitive areas.				

11. Details of environmental impact assessments of projects undertaken by the entity based on applicable laws, in the current financial year:

Name and brief details of project	EIA Notification No.	Date	Whether conducted by independent external agency (Yes / No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes / No)	Relevant Web link
We did not undertake any projects that required an EIA					

12. Is the entity compliant with the applicable environmental law/ regulations/ guidelines in India; such as the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, Environment protection act and rules thereunder (Y/N). If not, provide details of all such noncompliances, in the following format:#

Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited is in compliance with all applicable environmental law/ regulations/ guidelines in India

#### Leadership Indicators

1. Provide break-up of the total energy consumed (in Joules or multiples) from renewable and non-renewable sources, in the following format:

Parameter	FY 2021-22 (Current Financial Year)	(Previous Financial
From Renewable Sources (in GJ)		
Total electricity consumption (A)	12,994.18	12,013.20
Total fuel consumption (B)	-	-
Energy consumption throughother sources (C)	-	-
Total energy consumed from renewable sources (A+B+C)	12,994.18	12,013.20
From Non-Renewable Sources		
Total electricity consumption (D)	2,88,932	249,328.80
Total fuel consumption (E)	4,024.44	873.28
Energy consumption through other sources (F)	-	-
Total energy consumed from non-renewable sources (D+E+F)	292,956	250,202

This data also includes energy consumed at Bank premises that are shared with a few subsidiaries.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

Yes, undertaken by Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

### 2. Provide the following details related to water discharged:

facilities across geographies.

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. Not applicable

- Water withdrawal, consumption and discharge in areas of water stress (in kilolitres): 3. For each facility / plant located in areas of water stress, provide the following information:
  - (i) Name of the area
  - (ii) Nature of operations
  - (iii) Water withdrawal, consumption and discharge in the following format:

Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency. Not applicable

#### 4. Please provide details of total Scope 3 emissions and its intensity, in the following format:

Parameter	Unit	FY 2021-22	FY 2020-21
Total Scope 3 emissions (Break-up of the GHG into CO2, CH4, N2O, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, NF3, if available)	tCO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	51,570.12*#	224.20
Total Scope 3 emissions per rupee of turnover	tCO <sub>2</sub> equivalent per Cr. rupee of turnover	1.7	0.007
Total Scope 3 emission intensity (optional) – the relevant metric may be selected by the entity	$tCO_2$ equivalent per FTE	0.78	0.004

\*The increase in scope 3 emissions in FY 2021-22 is primarily on account of inclusion of new sources of emissions and expansion of coverage in the GHG inventory, details of which are found in page 60 of 'Managing our environmental footprint' section. These emissions also cover Bank premises that are shared with a few subsidiaries.

#### Note: Indicate if any independent assessment/ evaluation/assurance has been carried out by an external agency? (Y/N) If yes, name of the external agency.

Yes, assurance undertaken by Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP for the indicator marked by #

- 5. impact of the entity on biodiversity in such areas along-with prevention and remediation activities. Not Applicable
- 6. format:

Sr. No	Initiative undertaken	Details of the initiative (Web-I with summary)
Please refer	to 'Managing our environmental foc	otprint' chapter on page 61 for o

#### 7. Does the entity have a business continuity and disaster management plan?

We have a Business Continuity Management Systems Policy that provides guidance for proactively identifying and mitigating risks that may cause disruption, to minimise the impact of disruption, and to ensure continuity of key products and services at acceptable levels. It is reviewed annually for its continual improvement. Critical Units in the Bank have a Business Continuity Plan (BCP) which prescribes procedures to ensure continuity and recovery of processes at agreed time limits. BCP of Critical Units is tested half yearly and the results are communicated periodically. These results are also submitted to the regulator.

8. been taken by the entity in this regard?

We have instituted an EMSP to review, monitor and mitigate adverse impacts to the environment arising from our borrower's business activities. Further details of the same have been provided in the ESG Overview section of this Report. We are also working to ensure that our vendors/ suppliers comply with our Code of Conduct (encompassing environmental standards) and do not impose any adverse negative impact to the environment.

9. Percentage of value chain partners (by value of business done with such partners) that were assessed for environmental impacts.

Currently, we do not assess environmental impacts for our value chain partners.

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### We currently do not monitor the amount of water discharged. The water discharged is treated through the respective municipal treatment

## With respect to the ecologically sensitive areas reported at Question 10 of Essential Indicators above, provide details of significant direct and indirect

#### If the entity has undertaken any specific initiatives or used innovative technology or solutions to improve resource efficiency, or reduce impact due to emissions / effluent discharge / waste generated, please provide details of the same as well as outcome of such initiatives, as per the following

link, if any, may be provided along-	Outcome of the initiative
details on energy efficiency initiatives	

#### Disclose any significant adverse impact to the environment, arising from the value chain of the entity. What mitigation or adaptation measures have



### **PRINCIPLE 7:**#

Businesses, when engaging in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a manner that is responsible and transparent

#### Essential Indicators

- 1. a. Number of affiliations with trade and industry chambers/ associations. 6
  - b. List the top 10 trade and industry chambers/ associations (determined based on the total members of such body) the entity is a member of/ affiliated to

Sr. No.	Name of the trade and industry chambers/ associations	Reach of trade and industry chambers/ associations (State/National)
1	The Advertising Standards Council of India	National
2	Council for Fair Business Practices	National
3	Bombay Chamber of Commerce and Industry	State
4	Confederation of Indian Industry	National
5	Data Security Council of India	National
6	Indian Institute of Banking and Finance	National
7	Institute of International Finance	International
8	Indian Banks' Association	National
9	BSE Brokers' Forum	State
10	Association of National Exchanges Member of India	National
11	General Insurance Council	National

2. Provide details of corrective action taken or underway on any issues related to anti- competitive conduct by the entity, based on adverse orders from regulatory authorities.

No issues related to anti-competitive conduct were identified during FY2021-22, hence, no corrective action undertaken.

#### Leadership Indicators

1. Details of public policy positions advocated by the entity:

S. No.	Public policy advocated	Method resorted for such advocacy	Whether information available in public domain? (Yes/No)	Web Link, if available
1.	Mobilizing private capital for Climate solutions	Climate finance leadership Initiative (CFLI)	Yes	https://www.bloomberg.com/cfli/?utm_medium=dotcom&utm_ campaign=mktg&utm_source=Annoucement&utm_ content=CFLIAnnouncement&mpam=21297

### **PRINCIPLE 8:**

Businesses should promote inclusive growth and equitable development

#### **Essential Indicators**

1. Details of Social Impact Assessments (SIA) of projects undertaken by the entity based on applicable laws, in the current financial year.

Name and brief details of project	SIA Notification No.	Date of notification	Whether conducted by independent external agency (Yes/No)	Results communicated in public domain (Yes/No)	Relevant web link
Not conducted in F	Not conducted in FY 2021-22, this is planned for the upcoming financial year.				

#### Provide information on project(s) for which ongoing Rehabilitation and Resettlement (R&R) is being undertaken by your entity, in the following format: 2.

Name of project for which R&R in ongoing	State	District	No. of Project Affected Families (PAF)	% of PAFs covered by R&R	Amounts No. paid to PAFs in the FY (in ₹)			
Kotak Mahindra Bank did not undertake any projects that require Rehabilitation and Resettlement.								

- 3. Describe the mechanisms to receive and redress grievances of the community.
  - To report any grievances with respect to the CSR projects implemented by our CSR partners, concerned individuals or groups can basis.
- 4. Percentage of input material (inputs to total inputs by value) sourced from suppliers:

Directly sourced from MSMEs/small producers Sourced directly from within the district and neighboring districts

#### Leadership Indicators

- 1. Provide details of actions taken to mitigate any negative social impacts identified in the Social Impact Assessments We plan to undertake Social Impact Assessments in the coming years.
- 2. Provide the following information on CSR projects undertaken by your entity in designated aspirational districts as identified by government bodies: Please refer to the Directors' report for details on our CSR projects.
- 3. (a) groups? (Yes/No)
  - (b) From which marginalized /vulnerable groups do you procure?
  - (c) What percentage of total procurement (by value) does it constitute? suppliers/ vendors from marginalised/ vendor groups to fulfil our requirements wherever feasible.
- 4. Details of the benefits derived and shared from the intellectual properties owned or acquired by your entity (in the current financial year), based on traditional knowledge: Not Applicable
- Details of corrective actions taken or underway, based on any adverse order in intellectual property related disputes wherein usage of traditional 5. knowledge is involved. Not Applicable
- 6. Details of beneficiaries of CSR Projects:

Please refer to the Directors' report for details on our CSR projects.

### **PRINCIPLE 9:**

Businesses should engage with and provide value to their consumers in a responsible manner

#### **Essential Indicators**

1. Describe the mechanisms in place to receive and respond to consumer complaints and feedback

#### 2. Turnover of products and/ services as a percentage of turnover from all products/service that carry information about

	As a percentage to total
Environmental and social parameters relevant to the product	Not applicable, we are co services and strive to ma community and developi financing decisions.
Safe and responsible usage	100% Financial institutio to mitigate potential repu selling financial products
Recycling and/or safe disposal	Not Applicable

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approach the respective NGO partner, who will either redress the queries/grievances/complaints or route it to the Bank on a case-to-case

FY 2021-22 Current Financial Year	FY 2020-21 Previous Financial Year		
As a financial services organisation we not require substantial input materials f business. We strive to source materials MSMEs and local vendors, wherever fer			

Do you have a preferential procurement policy where you give preference to purchase from suppliers comprising marginalized /vulnerable

As a financial services organisation we do not require substantial input materials for our business. We strive to appoint local

Please find details of consumer complaints management process on page 82 of the 'Generating value for our customers' section.

#### l turnover

conscious of the environmental and social impacts of our products and naximise value for all our stakeholders by making positive contributions to ping systems to maximise positive societal and environmental impacts of our

ions are evaluated on product stewardship and transparency, including efforts putational and regulatory risks arising from unethical lending practices or mists to consumers

#### 3. Number of consumer complaints in respect of the following:

	FY 2021-22 (Curren	t Financial Year)		FY 2020-21 (Previou		
	Received during the year	Pending resolution at end of year	Remarks	Received during the year	Pending resolution at end of year	Remarks
Data privacy	-	-	-	-	-	-
Advertising	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cyber-security	-	-	-	-	-	-
Delivery of essential services	2,501*	18		10,536	58	-
Restrictive Trade Practices	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unfair Trade Practices	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other -Consumer Complaints on Food Products, adulteration, short weight etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-

\*The number of complaints reported for FY 21-22 exclude complaints redressed in 0 and 1 day.

#### Details of instances of product recalls on account of safety issues: 4.

This is not applicable to our products and services.

- 5. Does the entity have a framework/ policy on cyber security and risks related to data privacy? (Yes/No) If available, provide a web-link of the policy Yes, details of our policy and approach to cybersecurity are detailed in the governance section of the report available on page 86-87.
- 6. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway on issues relating to advertising, and delivery of essential services; cyber security and data privacy of customers; re-occurrence of instances of product recalls; penalty / action taken by regulatory authorities on safety of products / services.

There have been no breaches in any of the above stated areas.

#### Leadership Indicators

- Channels / platforms where information on products and services of the entity can be accessed (provide web link, if available). 1. Information about Kotak Mahindra Bank's products and services are available on our website https://www.kotak.com/en/home.html
- 2. Steps taken to inform and educate consumers about safe and responsible usage of products and/or services.

Detailed information on initiatives taken towards promoting customers' financial literacy can be found on Page 77 of the Financial Literacy and Investor Education section in this Report

Mechanisms in place to inform consumers of any risk of disruption or discontinuation of essential services. 3.

Details of potential and ongoing disruption to essential services are proactively communicated through e-mail, SMS, WhatsApp, website, push notifications, Mobile app. Detailed information on customer communication and engagement can be found on Page 81-82 of 'Generating value for our customers' section in this Report.

Does the entity display product information on the product over and above what is mandated as per local laws? (Yes/No/Not Applicable) If yes, provide 4. details in brief. Did your entity carry out any survey with regard to consumer satisfaction relating to the major products / services of the entity, significant locations of operation of the entity or the entity as a whole? (Yes/No)

We recognise the significance of provision of adequate, clear and transparent information to customers to enable informed decisionmaking. We train employees to practice ethical lending practices and refrain from mis-selling of financial products to consumers. Detailed information on customer satisfaction surveys can be found on Page 81-82 of 'Generating value for our customers' section in this Report.

- 5. Provide the following information relating to data breaches:
  - a. Number of instances of data breaches along-with impact
    - Zero substantiated instances of data breaches
  - b. Percentage of data breaches involving personally identifiable information of customers

- Not Applicable

#### ESG DATA TABLES

### **WORKFORCE BREAK DOWN<sup>1</sup>**

#### KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK - Workforce breakdown for FY2021-22

	Nur	nber	Percentage		
Employee Category	Men	Women	Men	Women	
Senior Management	254	34	88.2%	11.8%	
Middle Management	4,544	990	82.1%	17.9%	
Junior Employees	30,131	11,188	72.9%	27.1%	
Fixed-term contractual employees	12,345	5,237	70.2%	29.8%	
Other employees	1,272	428	74.8%	25.2%	
Part-time employees	0	1	-	100.0%	
Total	48,546	17,878	73.1%	26.9%	

\*The boundary for the data has been considered as India. It hence excludes 49 employees based out of international locations.

#### KOTAK MAHINDRA GROUP - Workforce breakdown for FY2021-22\*

English October	Nu	mber	Percentage	
Employee Category	Men	Women	Men	Women
Senior Management	417	49	89.5%	10.5%
Middle Management	7,899	1,586	83.3%	16.7%
Junior Employees	41,519	14,289	74.4%	25.6%
Fixed-term contractual employees	16,052	5,737	73.7%	26.3%
Other employees	2,604	441	85.5%	14.5%
Total full-time employees*	68,491	22,102	75.6%	24.4%
Part-time employees of Insurance companies	18,592	12,296	60.2%	39.8%
Other part-time employees	-	1	-	100.0%
Total employees	87,083	34,399	71.7%	28.3%

\*The boundary for HR data is India and hence excludes 114 employees based out of international locations, of these employees, 49 are Bank employees. The consolidated employee headcount figure reported in the Director's report is a summation of total full-time employees and the 114 employees based out of the international locations.

\*\*The data does not include one part-time employees of one of our insurance companies who identifies as LGBTQ+

#### KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK - Age-Wise Composition of Employees for FY 2021-22

Employee Ontenent	Number			Percentage		
Employee Category	<30 years	30 - 50 years	> 50 years	<30 years	30 - 50 years	> 50 years
Senior Management	0	182	106	-	63.2%	36.8%
Middle Management	102	5,228	204	1.8%	94.5%	3.7%
Junior Employees	22,618	18,619	82	54.7%	45.1%	0.2%
Fixed-term contractual employees	12,845	4,705	32	73.1%	26.8%	0.2%
Other employees	22	488	1,190	1.3%	28.7%	70.0%
Full-time employees	35,587	29,222	1,614	53.6%	44.0%	2.4%
Part-time employees	0	1	0	-	100.0%	-
Total employees	35,587	29,223	1,614	53.6%	44.0%	2.4%

\*The boundary for the data has been considered as India and hence excludes 49 employees based out of international locations.

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#### KOTAK MAHINDRA GROUP - Age-Wise Composition of Employees for FY 2021-22

Employee Category		Number			Percentage			
Employee Category	<30 years	30 - 50 years	> 50 years	<30 years	30 - 50 years	> 50 years		
Senior Management	0	311	155	0.0%	66.7%	33.3%		
Middle Management	421	8,674	390	4.4%	91.5%	4.1%		
Junior Employees	29,771	25,873	164	53.3%	46.4%	0.3%		
Fixed-term contractual employees	15,670	6,077	42	71.9%	27.9%	0.2%		
Other employees	1,318	536	1,191	43.3%	17.6%	39.1%		
Total full-time employees*	47,180	41,471	1,942	52.1%	45.8%	2.1%		
Part-time employees of Insurance companies	4,660	14,586	11,643	15.1%	47.2%	37.7%		
Other part-time employees	0	1	0	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%		
Total employees	51,840	56,058	13,585	42.7%	46.1%	11.2%		

\*The boundary for HR data is India and hence excludes 114 employees based out of international locations, of these employees, 49 are Bank employees. The consolidated employee headcount figure reported in the Director's report is a summation of total full-time employees and the 114 employees based out of the international locations.

#### **NEW JOINEES<sup>2</sup>**

### KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK - New Joinees by gender for FY 2021-22

Frankrige Cotegory	Nur	nber	Percentage	
Employee Category	Men	Women	Men	Women
Senior Management	23	0	9.3%	0.0%
Middle Management	1,147	313	28.1%	37.6%
Junior Employees	17,248	6,466	61.7%	63.2%
Fixed-term contractual employees	11,152	5,693	112.4%	144.7%
Other employees	13	2	1.0%	0.5%
Part-time employees	0	2	0.0%	400.0%
Total	29,583	12,476	67.9%	80.6%

#### KOTAK MAHINDRA GROUP - New Joinees by gender for FY 2021- 22

Employee Cotegory	Nu	nber	Percentage	
Employee Category	Men	Women	Men	Women
Senior Management	43	2	10.7%	3.4%
Middle Management	2,049	470	28.5%	34.0%
Junior Employees	22,968	8,205	59.4%	62.6%
Fixed-term contractual employees	14,224	6,125	108.8%	140.6%
Other employees	1,996	15	78.2%	3.3%
Part-time employees	0	2	0.0%	400.0%
Total	41,280	14,819	66.7%	76.5%

#### KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK - New Joinees by age\* for FY 2021-22

Employee Category		Number			Percentage		
Employee Category	<30 years	30 - 50 years	> 50 years	<30 years	30 - 50 years	> 50 years	
Senior Management	0	20	3	0.0%	11.0%	2.8%	
Middle Management	87	1,371	2	85.3%	26.2%	1.0%	
Junior Employees	15,995	7,711	8	70.7%	41.4%	9.8%	
Fixed-term contractual employees	13,537	3,302	6	105.4%	70.2%	18.8%	
Other employees	11	4	0	50.0%	0.8%	0.0%	
Part-time employees	0	2	0	0.0%	200.0%	0.0%	
Total	29,630	12,410	19	83.3%	42.5%	1.2%	

\* The hire rates have been calculated with the formula: No. of persons who joined the organisation in the FY \*100 / Total number of headcount as on 31st March, 2022.

#### KOTAK MAHINDRA GROUP - New Joinees by age for FY 2021- 22<sup>3</sup>

Employee Opto your		Number		Percentage			
Employee Category	<30 years	30 - 50 years	> 50 years	<30 years	30 - 50 years	> 50 years	
Senior Management	0	38	7	0.0%	12.2%	4.5%	
Middle Management	203	2,292	24	48.2%	26.4%	6.2%	
Junior Employees	20,569	10,581	23	69.1%	40.9%	14.0%	
Fixed-term contractual employees	16,051	4,289	9	102.4%	70.6%	21.4%	
Other employees	1,950	61	0	148.0%	11.4%	0.0%	
Part-time employees	0	2	0	0.0%	200.0%	0.0%	
Total	38,773	17,263	63	82.2%	41.6%	3.2%	

\* The hire rates have been calculated with the formula: No. of persons who joined the organisation in the FY \*100 / Total number of headcount as on 31st March, 2022.

### WORKFORCE TURNOVER DATA#\*

#### KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK - Permanent Employee Turnover\*

		FY 2019-20			FY 2020-21			FY 2021-22				
Employee Category	Men (No.)	Men (%)	Women (No.)	Women (%)	Men (No.)	Men (%)	Women (No.)	Women (%)	Men (No.)	Men (%)	Women (No.)	Women (%)
Senior Management	16	6.9%	3	8.0%	16	6.7%	3	8.1%	32	12.9%	4	11.3%
Middle Management	492	15.3%	91	15.9%	330	9.5%	72	11.3%	758	18.6%	147	17.6%
Junior Employees	12,179	47.7%	3,943	47.0%	8,559	32.6%	2,879	31.3%	12,074	43.2%	4,429	43.3%
Other employees	178	10.3%	44	8.5%	200	12.9%	35	7.3%	178	13.1%	40	9.0%

\*Turnover also includes attrition on account of death, superannuation, disciplinary action and non-regrettable exits by employees with low performance

Turneyer	Numbers			Rate			
Turnover	<30 years	30 - 50 years	> 50 years	<30 years	30 - 50 years	> 50 years	
Permanent Employees	10,472	6,930	261	49.7%	30.8%	16.2%	

#### KOTAK MAHINDRA GROUP - Permanent Employee Turnover\*

		FY 20	019-20			FY 20	20-21			FY 20	)21-22	
Employee Category	Men (No.)	Men (%)	Women (No.)	Women (%)	Men (No.)	Men (%)	Women (No.)	Women (%)	Men (No.)	Men (%)	Women (No.)	Women (%)
Senior Management	26	7.2%	4	6.0%	21	5.5%	3	4.4%	49	12.2%	5	8.6%
Middle Management	986	16.8%	169	17.1%	760	12.1%	128	11.5%	1,514	21.0%	289	20.9%
Junior Employees	15,797	45.2%	4,861	44.2%	11,728	32.1%	3,657	30.7%	16,795	43.4%	5,670	43.2%
Other employees	1,258	55.6%	44	7.8%	820	31.8%	37	7.2%	1,121	43.8%	50	10.8%

\*Turnover also includes attrition on account of death, superannuation, disciplinary action and non-regrettable exits by employees with low performance

Dermenent Employeest	<30 y	ears	30 - 50	years	> 50 y	ears
Permanent Employees*	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
Permanent Employees*	15,124	51.7%	10,074	31.9%	296	9.9%
*Includes part-time employees						

\* The turnover rates have been calculated with the formula: No. of persons who have left the employment of the entity in the FY \*100) / Average no. of persons employed in the category. In line with the BRSR guidance, Average number of persons employed in a category has been calculated as (Persons employed in the category at the beginning of FY + Persons employed in the category at the end of FY) / 2.
\* GRI 401-1

BRSR ESG Data Tables Change

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### LIST OF POLICIES

Sr. No	Name of the Policy	Description/link to publicly
1.	Board Diversity Policy	https://www.kotak.com/con policy.pdf
2.	Code of Bank's Commitment to Customers	https://www.kotak.com/con Banking-Codes-Standards-B
3.	Code of Conduct (Directors)	https://www.kotak.com/con directors.pdf
4.	Code of Conduct (Employees)	https://www.kotak.com/con employee-2972021.pdf
5.	Code of Conduct for Conduct for Collection of Dues - Credit Cards	https://www.kotak.com/con of-Conduct/code-of-conduct
б.	Code of Fair Disclosure of UPSI	https://www.kotak.com/con disclosure_of_UPSI.pdf_
7.	Collection of Dues and Repossession of Security Policy	
8.	Compliance Policy	The policy describes the cor compliance. The Chief Comp the effectiveness and integri adherence to the Policy.
9.	Compensation Policy	https://www.kotak.com/con policy-kmbl.pdf
10.	Compensation Policy for Non-Executive Directors	https://www.kotak.com/com policy-ned-final.pdf_
11.	Corporate Social Responsibility Policy	https://www.kotak.com/en/a
12.	Customer's Compensation Policy	https://www.kotak.com/con Banking-Policies/customer-c
13.	Diversity, Inclusion and Equity Statement	
14.	ESG Management Systems Plan (EMSP)	Please find details on page 5
15.	ESG Policy Framework	https://www.kotak.com/con framework-2022.pdf
16.	Employee Volunteering Policy	This policy provides a frame in socially impactful volunted opportunities available on th
17.	Enterprise-wide Risk Management (ERM)Framework	Details of our ERM framewo analysis section of this repo
18.	Environment Policy	Our Environment Policy eluc national and local environme impact through resource effi a low carbon economy. The environmental management
19.	Equal Employment Opportunity Policy	This policy is aligned to the F (current and prospective em and persons with disability h providing equal opportunitie disability, gender, marriage a nationality, colour, religion or basis prohibited by law.
20.	Fair Practice Code (Bank)	https://www.kotak.com/com of-Conduct/fair-practice-cod
21.	Fair Practice Code for Credit Card Operations	https://www.kotak.com/com of-Conduct/fair-practice-cod
22.	Fair Practice Code for Lenders	https://www.kotak.com/com of-Conduct/fair-practice-cod
23.	Fair Practice Code – Microfinance Loans	https://www.kotak.com/com of-Conduct/Fair-Practice-Co
24.	Fraud Risk Management Policy	The aim of this policy is to h would make the supervision defines the fraud-prone area reporting of fraud cases, inve

### WORKFORCE TRAINING

### KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK - Average hours of training per year per employee for FY 2021-22<sup>4</sup>

Employee Category	Total Hours
Senior Management	35.5
Middle Management	20.3
Junior Employees	45.1
Other employees	3.8

#### KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK - Average hours of training per year per employee for FY 2021-22<sup>5</sup>

Employee Category and Gender	Total Hours
Permanent Employees	
Men Employees	28.2
Women Employees	38.1
Temporary/ Contractual Workers	3.3

#### PARENTAL LEAVE<sup>6</sup>

#### KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK - Parental Leaves availed by Permanent employees during FY 2021-22

Employee Gender	Employees that took parental leave	Employees that returned to work after parental leaves	Number of employees who returned to work after parental leave ended that were still employed 12 months after their return
Men	1,254	1,242	737
Women	511	436	238

#### KOTAK MAHINDRA BANK - Gender Pay Ratio<sup>7</sup>

	FY	21	FY 22		
Employee Category	Ratio of CTC Women: Men (Average CTC)	Ratio of Basic Women: Men (Average Basic)	Ratio of CTC Women: Men (Average CTC)	Ratio of Basic Women: Men (Average Basic)	
Leadership Team	1.05	0.97	1.02	0.97	
Senior Management	1.16	1.16	1.18	1.18	
Middle Management	0.93	0.93	0.94	0.94	
Junior Management	0.89	0.93	0.90	0.93	

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#### y available policies

ntent/dam/Kotak/investor-relation/governance/Policies/board-diversity-

- ntent/dam/Kotak/Customer-Service/Important-Customer-Information/ Board-of-India/Individuals-Customers/english.pdf\_
- ntent/dam/Kotak/investor-relation/governance/Policies/code\_of\_conduct\_
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- ntent/dam/Kotak/investor-relation/governance/Policies/code\_of\_fair\_
- ntent/dam/Kotak/Customer-Service/Important-Customer-Information/ -collection-of-dues-and-repossession-of-Security.pdf\_
- Impliance culture, function, risk and elucidates our approach to ensuring apliance Officer and the compliance team have the responsibility to ensure rity of the compliance process with appropriate and robust monitoring of the
- ntent/dam/Kotak/investor-relation/governance/Policies/compensation-
- ntent/dam/Kotak/investor-relation/governance/Policies/compensation-
- /about-us/corporate-responsibility.html
- ntent/dam/Kotak/Customer-Service/Important-Customer-Information/ r-compensation-policy.pdf
- e 66 of the 'Empowering our employees' section of this report
- e 55 of the 'ESG overview' section of this report
- ntent/dam/Kotak/investor-relation/governance/Policies/ESG-
- nework that enables and inspires our employees to utilise their time and skills eering activities. Our employees can enroll with social sector organisations or the Kotak Work Life Mobile App or Portal.
- vork have been elucidated on page 259 of the Management discussion and port.
- icidates our commitment to sound environmental management in line with nental regulations. It also covers our approach to manage our environmental fficiency measures, waste management and transitioning our operations to ne policy also focuses on creating employee and stakeholder awareness on nt.
- e Rights of Persons with Disabilities Act, 2016 and covers all our employees mployees) including persons with disability, persons with benchmark disability having high support needs. The policy articulates our commitment to ies to all in employment, without any discrimination on the grounds of age, and civil partnership, maternity, race, ethnic, social, and indigenous origin, or belief, sexual orientation, socioeconomic status of an individual or other
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- ntent/dam/Kotak/Customer-Service/Important-Customer-Information/Codeode-for-credit-card-operations.pdf\_
- ntent/dam/Kotak/Customer-Service/Important-Customer-Information/Codeide-for-lenders.pdf\_
- ntent/dam/Kotak/Customer-Service/Important-Customer-Information/Codeode-Microfinance-Loans.pdf
- The aim of this policy is to help the field functionaries strengthen their precautionary measures, which would make the supervision and internal control mechanism more focused and effective. The policy defines the fraud-prone areas of the business, fraud risk control measures, and the classification and reporting of fraud cases, investigation, follow-up and closure mechanism.



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### GRI CONTENT INDEX#

No	Name of the Policy	Description/link to publicly available policies		
	Grievance Redressal Policy	https://www.kotak.com/content/dam/Kotak/Customer-Service/Important-Customer-Information/ Banking-Policies/policy-for-grievance-redressal.pdf.	GRI Standard	Disclosure
	Health, Safety and Welfare at Work-	This policy governs health and safety practices in the workplace and documents our commitment	GRI 102: General Dis	closures 2016
	Place Policy	to comply with laws concerning occupational health and safety. The scope of the policy covers all	Organisational profil	e
		employees and partners working at our premises. We also have an Occupational, Health and Safety Management System Manual detailed on page 65 of the 'Empowering our employees' section of this	102-1	Name of the organisation
		report.	102-2	Activities, brands, products, and services
	Human Rights and Anti-discrimination	This policy communicates our commitment towards respecting human rights and condemning any	102-3	Location of headquarters
	Policy	violations in this regard. The policy supports freedom of association, right to collective bargaining,	102-4	Location of operations
		equal remuneration, no discrimination, and other related human rights. This policy conforms to the requirements set forth in the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights and complements	102-5	Ownership and legal form
		Kotak's Code of Conduct for employees. The policy expects all our value chain partners including	102-6	Markets served
		business partners, suppliers, vendors, and contractors to reciprocate our commitment to human rights. This policy is applicable at every level of the organisation and to every aspect of the workplace	102-7	Scale of the organisation
		environment and employment relationship, including recruitment, selection, promotion, transfers, training,	102-8	Information on employees and other workers
		salaries, benefits, and termination. It also covers fair wages, decent working hours, and performance	102-9	Supply chain
		evaluations.	102-10	Significant changes to the organisation and its su
	Information Security and Cyber Security Policy	This policy institutes the Cyber Security Framework based on industry best practices and regulatory guidelines. As a part of the cyber resilience framework, a Cyber Crisis Management Plan (CCMP) has been established to effectively respond to a cyber-crisis. The policy details the Cyber Crisis	102-11	Precautionary Principle or approach
		Management Task Force structure, Cyber Crisis Management Life Cycle, protocol to activate the CCMP, incident classification, containment, investigation and recovery. The policy also stipulates Cyber Crisis	102-12	External initiatives
		Management Awareness programs to be undertaken for employees.	102-12	
	Apex Information Technology Policy	This Information Technology Policy provides guidelines for effective management of the Bank's		Membership of associations
		Information Technology systems. The policy is based on The international standard & Framework ISO IEC 20000, ITIL V-3, COBIT 4.1 and ISO 27001 and Indian regulations. The policy ensures integrity,	Strategy	
		reliability and availability of the IT systems along with IT Change Management. It specifically articulates	102-14	Statement from senior decision-maker
		process to identify, record, perform impact analysis, prioritise, classify, resolve, escalate and close all	102-15	Key impacts, risks, and opportunities
		incidents. The policy also specifies training of employees of IT security and requires all employees and third-parties to comply with the policy.	Ethics and integrity	
	KYC and Anti-Money Laundering (AML)	The objective of this Board approved policy is to have in place adequate policies, practices and	102-16	Values, principles, standards, and norms of behav
	Policy	procedures that promote high ethical and professional standards and prevent us from being used, intentionally or unintentionally by criminal elements. The KYC standards and AML measures enable us to understand our customers or beneficial owners and their financial dealings, which in turn helps us to manage our risks prudently. The policy lists guidelines to conduct our customer due diligence process (CDD), Non-face-to-face CDD, risk assessments to identify, assess and take effective measures to avoid	102-17	Mechanisms for advice and concerns about ethic
			Governance	
			102-18	Governance structure
			102-19	Delegating authority
		terrorist financing and identify, review and monitor politically exposed persons.	102-20	Executive-level responsibility for economic, enviro
	New Mother Benefit Policy	Please find details on page 68 of the 'Empowering our employees' section of this report	102-21	Consulting stakeholders on economic, environme
	Operational Risk Management Policy	The policy guides governance and reporting structure for operational risk management. It establishes a proactive operational risk management culture, which includes identifying, preventing, reducing, avoiding	102-22	Composition of the highest governance body and
		or transferring operational risk inherent to the business.	102-23	Chair of the highest governance body
	Pandemic Benevolent Policy	Please find details on page 65 of the 'Empowering our employees' section of this report	102-24	Nominating and selecting the highest governance
	Policy for Determination of Materiality	https://www.kotak.com/content/dam/Kotak/investor-relation/governance/Policies/KMBL_materiality_	102-25	Conflicts of interest
	of Events or Information	policy1.pdf.	102-26	Role of highest governance body in setting purpor
	Policy on Dealing with Related Party Transactions	https://www.kotak.com/content/dam/Kotak/investor-relation/governance/Policies/dealing_with_related_	102-27	Collective knowledge of highest governance body
		<u>party_transactions.pdf</u> n Please find details on page 71 of the 'Empowering our employees' section of this report	102-28	Evaluating the highest governance body's perform
	(POSH)	Thease find details on page 71 of the Empowering our employees section of this report	102-29	Identifying and managing economic, environment
	Privacy Notice (for EU Users)	https://www.kotak.com/en/privacy-policy/privacy-notice.html_	102-30	Effectiveness of risk management processes
	Privacy Policy	https://www.kotak.com/en/privacy-policy.html	102-31	Review of economic, environmental, and social to
	Stress Testing Policy	Details of our stress testing policy have been elucidated on page 265 of the Management discussion and	102-32	Highest governance body's role in sustainability re
		analysis section of this report.	102-33	Communicating critical concerns
	Whistle Blower Policy	https://www.kotak.com/content/dam/Kotak/investor-relation/governance/Policies/whistle_blower_	102-34	Nature and total number of critical concerns
	Vigilance Deliev	policy.pdf The college covers primerily two types of visilance – proventive and detective visilance. The Visilance	102-35	Remuneration policies
	Vigilance Policy	The policy covers primarily two types of vigilance – preventive and detective vigilance. The Vigilance Committee is responsible for instituting the anti-corruption measures.	102-36	Process for determining remuneration
	Training Policy	This policy articulates our philosophy on learning with the objective of assimilating and upskilling our	102-30	Stakeholders' involvement in remuneration
		employees and creating future talent pipeline. The policy covers training and processes related to cost of	102-37	
		training, categories of training, nomination procedure, process of approval, booking of training expense, settlement of expense and process of cancellation. The policy also describes the process enabling		Annual total compensation ratio
		employees to undertake external learning and certification programs.	102-39	Percentage increase in annual total compensation

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nce body's role in sustainability reporting	55, 213
critical concerns	71, 207-211, 214
number of critical concerns	207-211, 214, 351
blicies	205
rmining remuneration	205
volvement in remuneration	172-173
npensation ratio	189
ease in annual total compensation ratio	189-190
· · ·	

GRI Standard	Disclosure	Page Number/ Direct Respons	
Stakeholder engagement			
02-40 List of stakeholder groups		50-51	
102-41	Collective bargaining agreements	71	
102-42	Identifying and selecting stakeholders	50-51	
102-43	Approach to stakeholder engagement	50-51	
102-44	Key topics and concerns raised	50-53	
Reporting practice			
102-45	Entities included in the consolidated financial statements	Refer to Consolidated Financia Statements	
102-46	Defining report content and topic Boundaries	54	
102-47	List of material topics	53	
102-48	Restatements of information	54	
102-49	Changes in reporting	54	
102-50	Reporting period		
102-51			
102-52	Reporting cycle	54	
102-53	Contact point for questions regarding the report	l	
102-54	Claims of reporting in accordance with the GRI Standards		
102-55	GRI content index	375-379	
102-56	External assurance	381-385	
Topic-Specific Standard Disc	losures		
GRI 201: Economic Performa	nce 2016		
GRI 103: Management	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	53	
Approach 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	235-271	
	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	235-271	
GRI 201: Economic	201-1 Direct economic value generated and distributed	2	
Performance 2016	201-2 Financial implications and other risks and opportunities due to climate change	48-49	
	201-3 Defined benefit plan obligations and other retirement plans	357	
GRI 205: Anti-corruption 201	6		
GRI 103:	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	53	
Management	103-2 The management approach and its components	85	
Approach 2016	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	85	
GRI 205: Anti-corruption 2016	205-2 Communication and training about anti-corruption policies and procedures	85	
GRI 206: Anti-Competitive Be			
GRI 103: Management	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	53	
Approach 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	85	
	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	85	
GRI 206: Anti-Competitive Behavior 2016	206-1 Legal actions for anti-competitive behavior, anti-trust, and monopoly practices	There were no legal actions pending or completed during the reporting period regarding anti-competitive behavior and violations of anti-trust and monopoly legislation in which Kotak has been identified as a participant.	

GRI Standard	Disclosure	Page Number/ Direct Response
GRI 302: Energy 2016		
GRI 103: Management	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	53
Approach 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	54-55, 59
	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	54-55, 59
GRI 302: Energy 2016	302-1 Energy consumption within the organisation	60
	302-3 Energy intensity	60
	302-4 Reduction of energy consumption	60-61
GRI 303: Water and Effluents	2018	
GRI 303: Water and Effluents	303-1 Interactions with water as a shared resource	61
2018 (Management Approach Disclosures)	303-2 Management of water discharge-related impacts	61
GRI 303: Water and Effluents	303-3 Water withdrawal	362
2018 (Topic-specific Disclosures)	303-5 Water consumption	362
GRI 305: Emissions 2016		
GRI 103: Management	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	53
Approach 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	54-55, 59
	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	54-55, 59
GRI 305: Emissions 2016	305-1 Direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions	59
	305-2 Energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions	59
	305-3 Other indirect (Scope 3) GHG emissions	60
	305-4 GHG emissions intensity	60
GRI 306: Waste 2020		
GRI 306: Waste 2020	306-1 Waste generation and significant waste-related impacts	61
(Management Approach Disclosures)	306-2 Management of significant waste-related impacts	61
GRI 306: Waste 2020 (Topic-	306-3 Waste generated	363-364
specific Disclosures)	306-4 Waste diverted from disposal	363-364
	306-5 Waste directed to disposal	363-364
GRI 307: Environmental Com	pliance 2016	
GRI 103: Management	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	53
Approach 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	54-55, 59
	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	54-55, 59
GRI 307: Environmental Compliance 2016	307-1 Non-compliance with environmental laws and regulations	364
GRI 401: Employment 2016		
GRI 103: Management	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	53
Approach 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	63-64
	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	63-64
GRI 401: Employment 2016	401-1 New employee hires and employee turnover	370-371
	401-2 Benefits provided to full-time employees that are not provided to temporary or part-time employees	357
	401-3 Parental leave	372

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GRI Standard	Disclosure	Page Number/ Direct Response
GRI 403: Occupational Health	and Safety 2018	
GRI 403: Occupational	403-1 Occupational health and safety management system	65
Health and Safety 2018 (Management Approach	403-2 Hazard identification, risk assessment, and incident investigation	65
Disclosures)	403-3 Occupational health services	65
	403-4 Worker participation, consultation, and communication on occupational health and safety	65
	403-5 Worker training on occupational health and safety	358
	403-6 Promotion of worker health	65
	403-7 Prevention and mitigation of occupational health and safety impacts directly linked by business relationships	65
GRI 403: Occupational Health	403-8 Workers covered by an occupational health and safety management system	65
and Safety 2018 (Topic- specific Disclosures)	403-9 Work-related injuries	359
GRI 404: Training and Educati	ion 2016	
GRI 103: Management	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	53
Approach 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	63-64
	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	63-64
GRI 404: Training and	404-1 Average hours of training per year per employee	372
Education 2016	404-2 Programmes for upgrading employee skills and transition assistance programmes	63-64
	404-3 Percentage of employees receiving regular performance and career development reviews	63
GRI 405: Diversity and Equal (	Opportunity 2016	
GRI 103: Management	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	53
Approach 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	66-68
	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	66-68
GRI 405: Diversity and Equal	405-1 Diversity of governance bodies and employees	202, 369-370
Opportunity 2016	405-2 Ratio of basic salary and remuneration of women to men	372
GRI 406: Non-discrimination	2016	
GRI 103: Management	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	53
Approach 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	66-68, 71
	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	66-68, 71
GRI 406: Non-discrimination 2016	406-1 Incidents of discrimination and corrective actions taken	71, 351, 361
GRI 412: Human Rights Asses	ssment 2016	
GRI 412: Human Rights Assessment 2016	412-2 Employee training on human rights policies or procedures	360
GRI 413: Local Communities	2016	
GRI 103: Management	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	53
Approach 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	73
	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	73
GRI 413: Local Communities 2016	413-1 Operations with local community engagement, impact assessments, and development programmes	73-77
	413-2 Operations with significant actual and potential negative impacts on local communities	73-77

GRI Standard	Disclosure	Page Number/ Direct Response	
GRI 418: Customer Privacy	2016		
GRI 103: Management	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	53	
Approach 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	86-87	
	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	86-87	
GRI 418: Customer Privacy 2016	418-1 Substantiated complaints concerning breaches of customer privacy and losses of 86 customer data		
GRI 419: Socioeconomic Co	mpliance 2016		
GRI 103: Management	103-1 Explanation of the material topic and its Boundary	53	
Approach 2016	103-2 The management approach and its components	85	
	103-3 Evaluation of the management approach	85	
GRI 419: Socioeconomic Compliance 2016	419-1 Non-compliance with laws and regulations in the social and economic area	During FY 2021-22, there were no fines or non-monetary sanctions due to non-compliance with laws and regulations in the social and economic areas.	

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### ALIGNMENT WITH THE TCFD RECOMMENDATIONS

TCFD Pillar	Recommended Pillar	Section	Page
	Board's oversight of climate-related risks and opportunities	ESG Overview (Governance)	54-55
Governance	Management's role in assessing and managing climate- related risks and opportunities	ESG Overview (Governance)	54-55
	Climate-related risks and opportunities the organisation has identified over the short, medium, and long term	Managing Risks and Uncertainties (Climate Risks)	48-49
Ctratage	Impact of climate-related risks and opportunities on the organisation's businesses, strategy, and financial planning.	Managing Risks and Uncertainties (Climate Risks)	48-49
Strategy	Resilience of the organisation's strategy, taking into consideration different climate-related scenarios.	Managing Risks and Uncertainties (Climate Risks)	54-55         54-55         te       48-49         te       48-49         te       48-49         te       48-49         te       48-49         te       48-49         te       46-49         te       46-49         te       46-49         te       46-49         te       46-49         te       46-57         te       46-49         te       54-57         te       46-649         59-60       59-60         page       59-60         te       59-60         te       59-60
Governance Strategy Risk Management Metrics and Targets	including a 2-degree or lower scenario	Managing our Environmental Footprint (Energy Conservation Initiatives)	61
	Organisation's processes for identifying and assessing climate-related risks.	Managing Risks and Uncertainties (Climate Risks)	46-49
	Organisation's processes for managing	Managing Risks and Uncertainties (Climate Risks)	46-49
	climate-related risks	ESG Overview (Integration of ESG in Core business)	54-57
	Processes for identifying, assessing, and managing	Managing Risks and Uncertainties (Climate Risks)	46-49
Metrics and       Organisation's processes for identifying and assessing climate-related risks.       Managing Risks and Unc Risks)         Risk       Organisation's processes for managing climate-related risks.       Managing Risks and Unc Risks)         Risk       Corganisation's processes for managing climate-related risks       Managing Risks and Unc Risks)         Processes for identifying, assessing, and managing climate-related risks are integrated into the organisation's overall risk management       Managing Risks and Unc Risks)         Metrics used by the organisation to assess climate-related risks and opportunities in line with its strategy and risk management process       Managing Risks and Unc Risks)         Metrics and       Scope 1, Scope 2, and, if appropriate, Scope 3 greenhouse       Managing our Environme	ESG Overview (Integration of ESG in Core Business, KMAMC's Approach to ESG)	54-57	
		Managing Risks and Uncertainties (Climate Risks)	48
		Managing our Environmental Footprint	59-60
	Scope 1, Scope 2, and, if appropriate, Scope 3 greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, and the related risks.	Managing our Environmental Footprint	59-60
	Targets used by the organization to manage climate- related risks and opportunities and performance against targets.	We are currently in the process of developing climate-related targets for our operations as well as formulating group-wide low carbon transition plan	-

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## Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

#### Independent practitioner's limited assurance report on Identified Sustainability Indicators in Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited's Integrated Report

#### To the Board of Directors of Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

We have undertaken to perform limited assurance engagement for Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited (KMBL or the 'Company') vide Engagement Letter dated June 23, 2022 and subsequent changes dated July 13, 2022 in respect of the agreed indicators/parameters listed below (the "Identified Sustainability Indicators"). These indicators/parameters are as included in the "GRI Content Index" in the Integrated Annual Report of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022 ('the Integrated Report').

#### Identified Sustainability Indicators

The Identified Sustainability Indicators are summarised in Appendix 1 to this report.

Our limited assurance engagement was with respect to the year ended March 31, 2022 information only and we have not performed any procedures with respect to earlier periods or any other elements included in the Integrated Annual Report and, therefore, do not express any conclusion thereon.

#### Criteria

The criteria used by KMBL are:

Criteria 1: Global Reporting Initiatives Standards ("GRI Standards"), as set out under Appendix 1 to this report, to prepare Identified Sustainability Indicators for inclusion in the Integrated Annual Report,

Criteria 2: AA1000 Accountability Principles, 2018 for adherence to principles of inclusivity, materiality, responsiveness and impact.

#### Management's Responsibility

The Company's Management is responsible for identification of key aspects, engagement with stakeholders, content and presentation of the Integrated Annual Report in accordance with the Criteria mentioned above and International Integrated Reporting Council (IIRC) Framework and Sustainability Reporting Standards Board (SASB) Standards. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation of the Integrated Annual Report and measurement of Identified Sustainability Indicators, which are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Inherent limitations

The absence of a significant body of established practice on which to draw to evaluate and measure nonfinancial indicators allows for different, but acceptable, measures and measurement techniques and can affect comparability between entities. In addition, greenhouse gas ("GHG") quantification is subject to inherent uncertainty because of incomplete scientific knowledge used to determine emissions factors and the values needed to combine emissions of different gases.



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Price Waternouse (a Partnership Firm) converted into Frice Waternouse Chartered Accountants LLP (a Limited Liabotty Partnership with LLP Identity nor LLPIN AAC 5001) with effect from July 25, 2014. Post its conversion to Price Waternouse Chartered Accountants LLP, its ICAI registration number is 012754/N/N500016 (ICAI registration number is 012754/N/N500016 (ICAI registration number)

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Financial Highlights

Consolidated Financial Statements



#### **Our Independence and Quality Control**

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code), which is founded on fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behavior.

Our firm applies International Standard on Quality Control 1 and accordingly maintains a comprehensive system of quality control including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

#### **Our Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express a limited assurance conclusion on the Identified Sustainability Indicators and moderate assurance conclusion on adherence to AA1000 Accountability Principles, based on the procedures we have performed and evidence we have obtained. We conducted our limited assurance engagement in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) 'Assurance Engagements other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information' and Type 1 "Moderate Level" assurance requirements of AA1000 Assurance Standards (AA1000AS V3) issued by Accountability and the Guidance on applying the AA1000 AS V3 for Assurance Providers (2020). These standards require that we plan and perform this engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the Identified Sustainability Indicators are free from material misstatement.

A limited assurance engagement involves assessing the suitability in the circumstances of the Company's use of the Criteria as the basis for the preparation of the Identified Sustainability Indicators, assessing the risks of material misstatement of the Identified Sustainability Indicators whether due to fraud or error, responding to the assessed risks as necessary in the circumstances, and evaluating the overall presentation of the Identified Sustainability Indicators.

A limited assurance engagement is substantially less in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement in relation to both the risk assessment procedures, including an understanding of internal control, and the procedures performed in response to the assessed risks.

The procedures we performed were based on our professional judgment and included inquiries, observation of processes performed, inspection of documents, evaluating the appropriateness of quantification methods and reporting policies, and agreeing or reconciling with underlying records.

Given the circumstances of the engagement, in performing the procedures listed above, we:

- Made enquiries of Company's management, including the various teams such as Sustainability. team, Environment Social Governance (ESG) team etc., and those with responsibility for managing Company's Annual Integrated Report
- · Performed understanding and evaluation the design of the key structures, systems, processes and controls for managing, recording and reporting on the Identified Sustainability Indicators including at the branch offices visited.
- Performed understanding of the processes used for adherence to the AA1000 Accountability Principles, 2018
- Checked the consolidation for entities under the reporting boundary for ensuring the completeness of data being reported
- Performed limited substantive testing on a selective basis of the Identified Sustainability Indicators at corporate head office, and in relation to a sample of branch offices, to check that data had been appropriately measured with underlying document, recorded, collated and reported
- Reviewed the level of adherence to GRI Standards followed by the Company in preparing the Annual Integrated Report
- Obtained representations from Company's Management



The procedures performed in a limited assurance engagement vary in nature and timing from, and are less in extent than for, a reasonable assurance engagement. Consequently, the level of assurance obtained in a limited assurance engagement is substantially lower than the assurance that would have been obtained had we performed a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a reasonable assurance opinion about whether the Identified Sustainability Indicators have been prepared. in all material respects, in accordance with the Criteria.

### Exclusions

Our limited assurance scope excludes the following and therefore we do not express a conclusion on the same:

- Operations of the Company other than those mentioned in the "Scope of Examination"
- . to March 2022
- intentions provided by the Company
- Testing or assessing any forward looking assertions and/or data

#### Limited Assurance Conclusion

Based on the procedures we have performed and the evidence we have obtained, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that:

(a) KMBL's Identified Sustainability Indicators included in the Integrated Annual Report for the year ended March 31, 2022 are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the GRI Standards.

(b) KMBL does not have systems and processes in place to comply with the AA 1000 Accountability Principles of inclusivity, materiality, responsiveness and impact.

#### **Restriction on Use**

Our limited assurance report has been prepared and addressed to the Board of Directors of the Company at the request of the company solely to assist the company in reporting on the Company's Sustainability performance and activities. Accordingly, we accept no liability to anyone, other than the Company, Our deliverables should not be used for any other purpose or by any person other than the addressees of our deliverables. The Firm neither accepts nor assumes any duty of care or liability for any other purpose or to any other party to whom our Deliverables are shown or into whose hands it may come without our prior consent in writing.

Place: Gurgaon Date: July 13, 2022 Partner

Integrated Annual Report 2021-22

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Bank Reports and Statements

Aspects of the Report and the data/information (qualitative or quantitative) other than the agreed indicators/ parameters. Data and information outside the defined reporting period i.e. April 2021

· The statements that describe expression of opinion, belief, aspiration, expectation, aim or future

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration No: 012754N/500016 Chartered Accountants

Alabhaena

Heman Sabharwal Membership Number: 093263 UDIN: 22093263AMTGQE1630

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### Appendix 1

### **Identified Sustainability Indicators**

S. No.	GRI Indicator Reference	Indicator Description		
1	205-2	Communication and training about anti-corruption policies and procedures*		
2	206-1	Legal actions for anti-competitive behaviour, anti-trust, and monopoly practices*		
3	302-1	Energy consumption within the organization* #		
4	302-3	Energy intensity* #		
5	303-5	Water consumption*		
6	305-4	GHG emissions intensity##		
7	306-1	Waste generation and significant waste-related impacts*		
8	306-2	Management of significant waste-related impacts*		
9	305-3	Waste generated*		
10	306-4	Waste diverted from disposal*		
11	306-5	Waste directed to disposal*		
12	307-1	Non-compliance with environmental laws and regulations*		
13	401-1	New employee hires and employee turnover*#		
14	401-2	Benefits provided to full-time employees that are not provided to temporary or part-time employees		
15	401-3	Parental leave*		
16	403-1	Occupational health and safety management system*		
17	403-2	Hazard identification, risk assessment, and incident investigation*		
18	403-3	Occupational health services		
19	403-4	Worker participation, consultation, and communication on occupational health and safety		
20	403-5	Worker training on occupational health and safety		
21	403-6	Promotion of worker health*		
22	403-8	Workers covered by an occupational health and safety management system		
23	403-9	Work-related injuries*		
24	404-1	Average hours of training per year per employee		
25	404-2	Programs for upgrading employee skills and transition assistance programs		
26	404-3	Percentage of employees receiving regular performance and career development reviews*		
27	405-1	Diversity of governance bodies and employees#		
28	405-2	Ratio of basic salary and remuneration of women to men		
29	406-1	Incidents of discrimination and corrective actions taken*		
30	412-2	Employee training on human rights policies or procedures*		
31	413-1	Operations with local community engagement, impact assessments, and development programs#		
32	413-2	Operations with significant actual and potential negative impacts on local communities#		



S. No.	GRI Indicator Reference	Indicator Description			
33	418-1	Substantiated complaints concerning brea privacy and losses of customer data*	aches o	f customer	

### Notes:

- a) \* These indicators are also in line with Business Responsibility and Sustainability Report (BRSR) requirements.
- b) The reporting boundary for indicators marked with "#" is KMBL and its 14 subsidiaries in India namely Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited, Kotak Investment Advisors Limited, Kotak Securities Limited, Kotak Mahindra Prime Limited, Kotak Mahindra Asset Management Company Limited, Kotak Mahindra Trustee Company Limited, Kotak Mahindra Investments Limited, Kotak Mahindra Pension Fund Limited, Kotak Infrastructure Debt Fund Limited, Kotak Mahindra Trusteeship Services Limited, Kotak Mahindra Life Insurance Company Limited, Kotak Mahindra General Insurance Company Limited, IVY Product Intermediaries Limited and BSS Microfinance Limited. For the remaining indicators, the reporting boundary is KMBL offices & branches, which are shared with certain subsidiaries.



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## **Corporate Information**

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited 27BKC, C 27, G Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400 051 Tel.: +91 22 61660001 Website: www.kotak.com

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Avan Doomasia Senior Executive Vice President and Company Secretary

### JOINT STATUTORY AUDITORS

Walker Chandiok & Co LLP 11<sup>th</sup> Floor, Tower II, One International Centre, S B Marg, Prabhadevi (W), Mumbai - 400 013 Maharashtra, India

### Price Waterhouse LLP

252, Veer Savarkar Marg, Shivaji Park, Dadar (W), Mumbai - 400 028 Maharashtra, India

### **REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT**

**KFin Technologies Private Limited** Selenium Tower B, Plot 31 & 32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally, Hyderabad - 500 032, Telangana E-mail: einward.ris@kfintech.com

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